

Advancement and Innovation for Detectors at Accelerators

Second Project Review meeting

Thursday 20 June 2024 CERN

WP 10

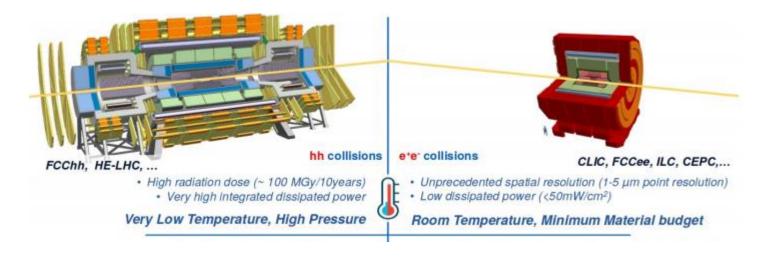
Advanced Mechanics for Tracking and Vertex Detectors
P. Petagna & M. Vos



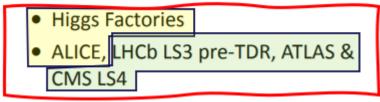


Objectives

 WP10 aims at the development of technologies that can be implemented by the detector community for designs launched in the next 5-10 years



Targeted applications





Objectives

- a. Bring to maturity **CMOS-compatible** Si-µ-channel fab processes
- b. Exploit additive manufacturing for

T10.2

- Ultra-thin <u>metal</u> cooling devices
- <u>Ceramic</u> (composites?) cooling devices
- c. Develop ultra-light structures integrating cooling features
- Develop engineered solutions for hydraulic connections and interconnections (in particular introducing 3D printing)
- New approach to (natural) refrigerant fluids for warm and cold applications (extension to cold after submission thanks to synergies with external programmes)
- T10.5 Develop instrumentation for accurate absolute position measurements on very small devices



Partnership composition

Research institutes



















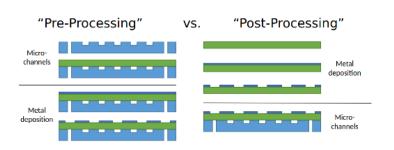




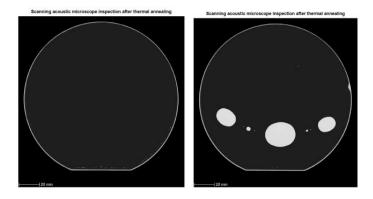




Task 10.2: Engineering of optimised cooling substrates 10.2 a - Sculpting in silicon: Integrated micro-channels in silicon sensors



- **CMOS-compatible** process for wafer-level μ-channel integration via anodic bonding **successfully integrated** in both "pre-processing" and "post-processing"
- **Now extending** to Si-Si bonding via interposition of a thin metal layer (**eutectic or thermocompression**)



- CMOS-compatible plasma-activated / low temperature direct Silicon bonding successfully demonstrated at unstructured wafer level
- Encouraging preliminary results on structured wafers, but the move of the HLL semi-conductor laboratory to a new clean room and the complex tendering procedure for the new bonding machine are sensibly delaying the progress

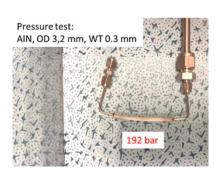


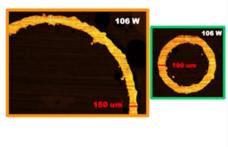
Task 10.2: Engineering of optimised cooling substrates 10.2 b - Ultra-light 3D-printed cold plates

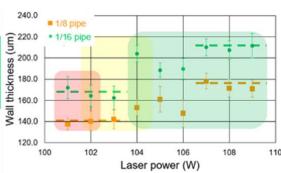
- Definition of the attainable limits for thin-wall fluidic components produced by Additive Manufacturing in well-mastered materials (Al₂O₃ and AlSi12) via process optimization:
 COMPLETED
- Exploring how the known techniques can be extended to materials that exhibit particularly interesting properties for detectors, but for which experience with 3D-printing is much less mature or basically inexistent (AIN and Kovar):

GOOD PROGRESS (in-schedule)





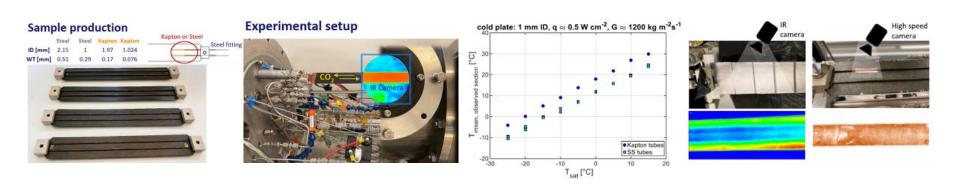






Task 10.2: Engineering of optimised cooling substrates 10.2 c - Ultra-light composite structures with fully integrated cooling

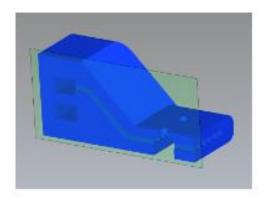
- Achieved first demonstration of polyimide pipes integrated in ultra-light structure circulating (cold) boiling CO2 (publication being submitted)
- **Technology transfer** of the technology to the industrial partner (possible large-scale production) almost completed
- Alternative production technique by waterjet cut being investigated as well





Task 10.3: Micro-connectivity

- Basic idea: engineer a 3D-printed prototype of "macro-to-micro" fluidic connector
- Important delays suffered due to hiring difficulties
- PEEK targeted as ideal material, but very difficult in 3D-printing for leak tightness
- Few in-house and outsourced trials provided negative results
- Positive contacts established with a very promising company could not be finalized
- Exploring now alternative (e.g. ceramic materials?)



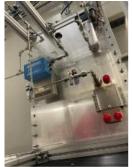




Task 10.4: Supercritical CO₂ as refrigerant

Addition: Super- and subcritical Kr as refrigerant

sCO2 test rig @CERN











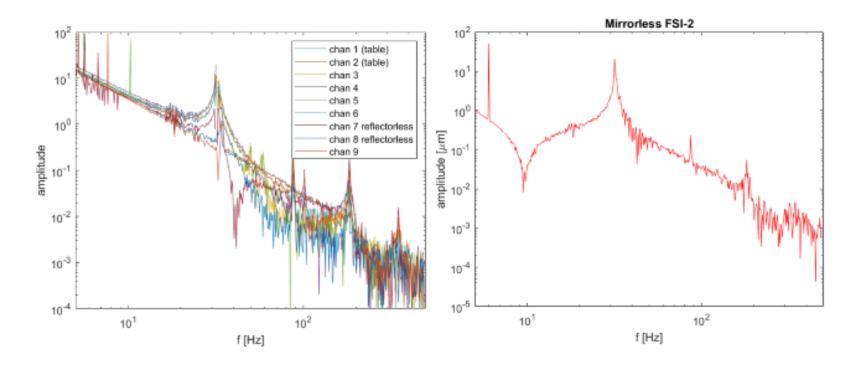


- 2PhD active
- Theoretical analysis completed
- Test rigs and DAQ almost completed
- Commissioning ongoing
- Tests start in summer
- Publications being produced



Task 10.5: Characterisation of ultra-light structures

First demonstration of mirrorless operation of the frequency scanning interferometry (FSI) system successfully achieved





Deliverables/Milestones

List of deliverables

Deliverable Number ¹⁴	Deliverable Title	Lead beneficiary	Type ¹⁵	Dissemination level ¹⁶	Due Date (in months) ¹⁷
D10.1	Cooling device demonstrators	31 - CSIC	Report	Public	46
D10.2	Hydraulic interconnection technologies	8 - CNRS	Report	Public	43
D10.3	Supercritical CO2 as a refrigerant	26 - NTNU	Report	Public	44
D10.4	Upgraded FSI	42 - UOXF	Report	Public	45

Description of deliverables

D10.1: Cooling device demonstrators [46]

Set of at least three demonstrators, one per technology developed, accompanied by a report (Task 10.2)

D10.2: Hydraulic interconnection technologies [43]

Report on validated technologies and their applications (Task 10.3)

D10.3: Supercritical CO2 as a refrigerant [44]

Publication (submitted) on the use and properties of sCO2 as refrigerant (Task 10.4)

D10.4: Upgraded FSI [45]

Feasibility study of new mirrorless FSI (Task 10.5)



Deliverables/Milestones

- WP10 is globally well on track
- Four deliverables are due between M43 and M46
- Minor delays with the completion of the related reports are to be foreseen due to high workload on LHC experiment upgrades
- All planned deliverables are expected to be fulfilled
- The T10.2a part on (plasma-activated / low temperature) Si-Si bonding will probably be completed only beyond the nominal duration of the AIDAinnova project, as a consequence of the move of the HLL semi-conductor laboratory to a new clean room in Garching
- T10.3 will be probably forced to descope a bit the final results, due to difficulties experienced in hiring and to faced technical difficulties
- T10.4 will deliver much more than originally planned thanks to synergy with other programmes and injection of additional funds