

# Jet definition and event selection for $Vts$

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# Outline



## Context:

- $t \rightarrow Ws$  decay is a clean and direct measurement of  $|V_{ts}|$
- Requires excellent s-tagging performance and calibration
- Initial study at <https://indico.cern.ch/event/1390113/#31-top-couplings-and-vts>, with a lot of open questions on jet definition and tagging

This update tries to address the following questions

- How well can we assign “true flavor” to jets in  $t\bar{t}$  events?
- Which is the better jet definition/selection for this case?
- What are the background composition and yields?

**REMARK:** this work is far from optimal. The following results provide ideas for next steps, but do not represent the final sensitivity.

# Common labels in following slides



jet reconstruction:

( $e$  or  $\mu$  with  $p_t > 15$  GeV are removed)

- **kt2**: exclusive jet reco with exactly 2 jets in the event
- **R5**: inclusive jet reco with radius  $R=0.5$  (and  $p_t > 1$  GeV)
- **R8, R10**: inclusive jet reco with radius  $R=0.8$ , or  $1.0$  (and  $p_t > 1$  GeV)

jet selection:

**jet sel**: default selection is  
 $m(j) < 50$  GeV and  $E(j) > 15$  GeV

Event labels:

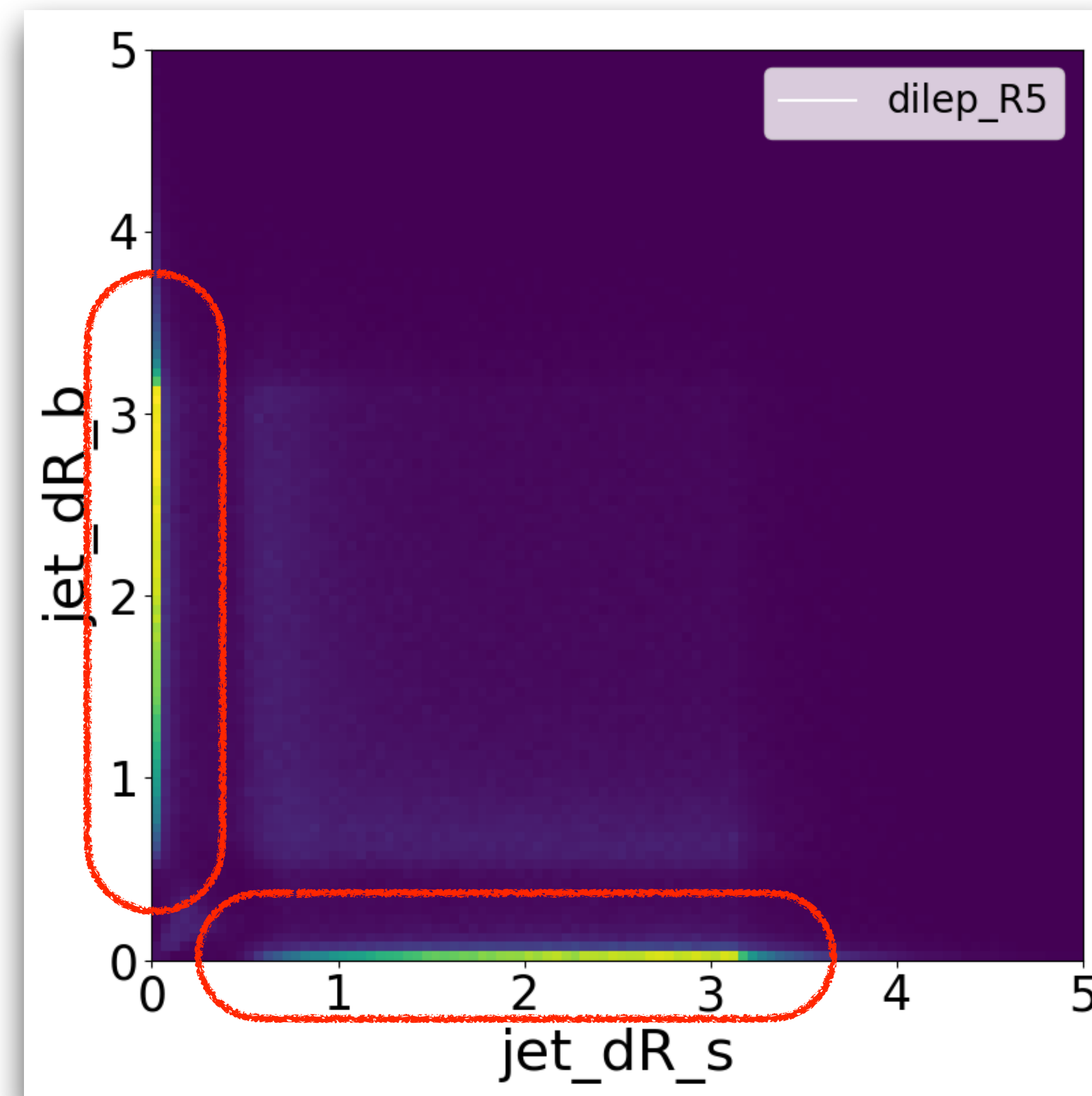
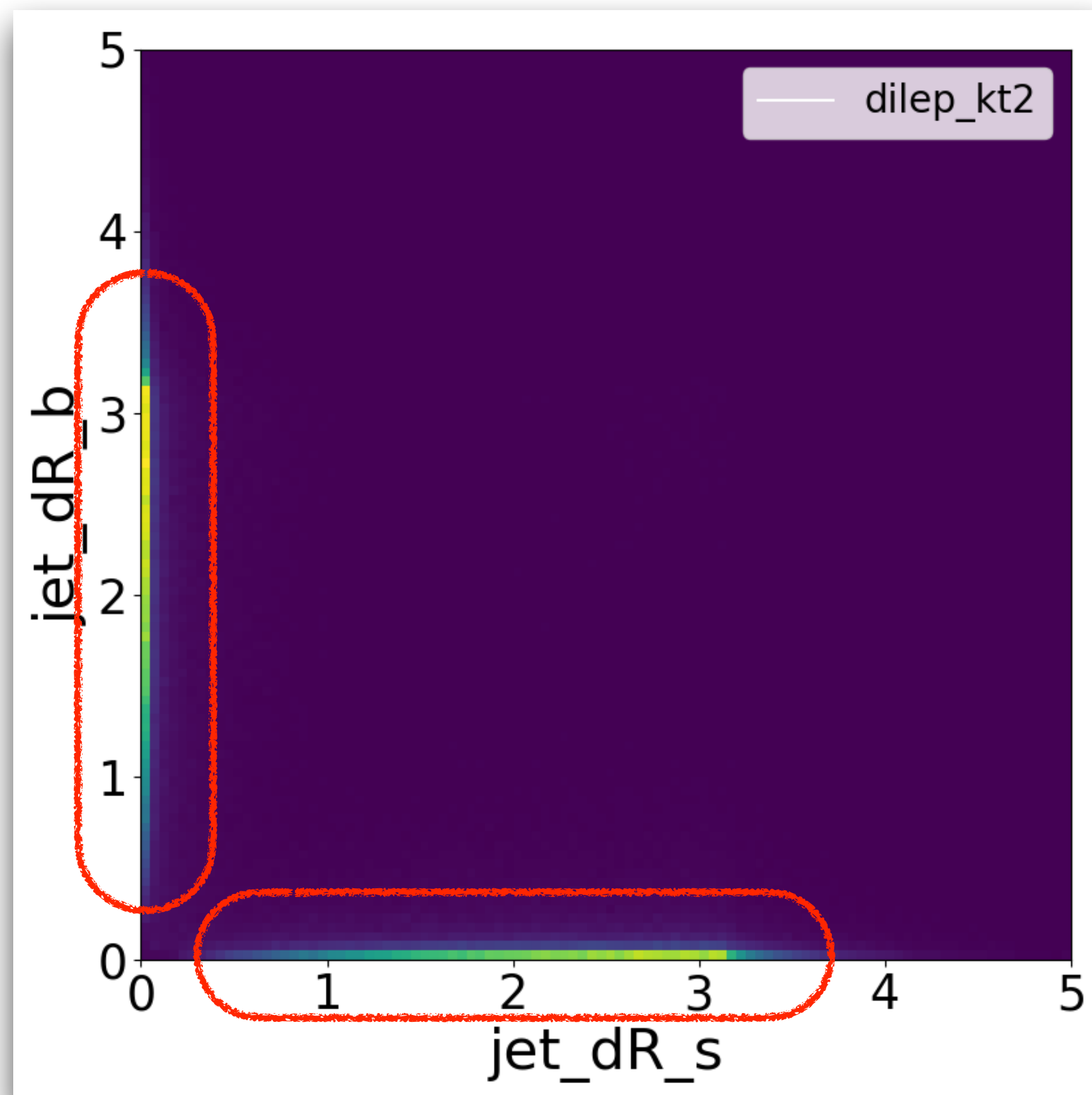
- **dilep**:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W_s W_b$  decays, with both  $W \rightarrow \ell \nu$  ( $e$  or  $\mu$ )
- **semilep Wud**:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W_s W_b$  decays, with one  $W \rightarrow ud$
- **semilep Wcs**:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W_s W_b$  decays, with one  $W \rightarrow cs$
- **dihad**:  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W_s W_b$  decays, with both  $W \rightarrow qq$

# Jet “true flavor” assignment

- Can we get a clean collection of b- and s- jets?
- What about other jets with other flavors?

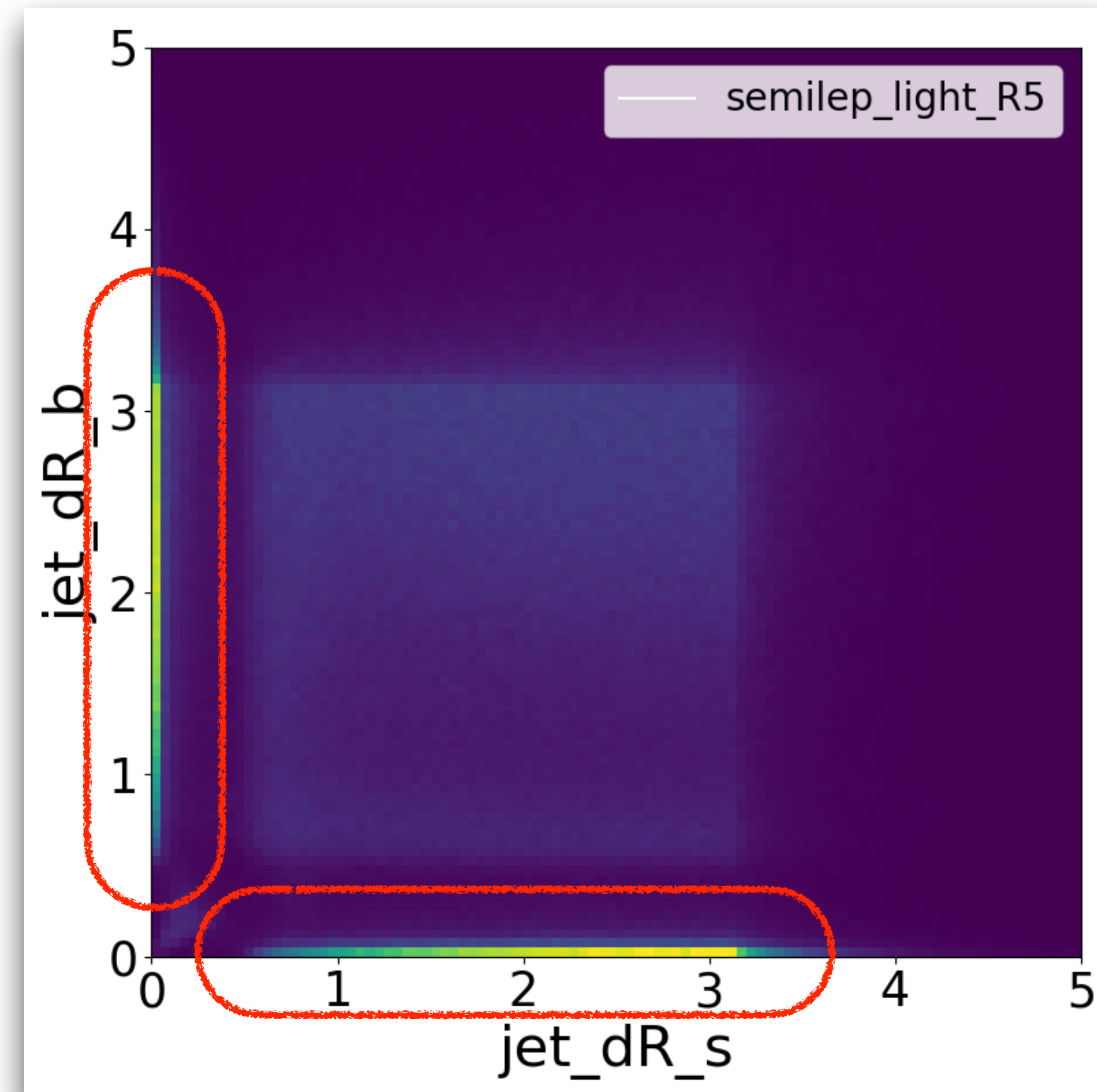
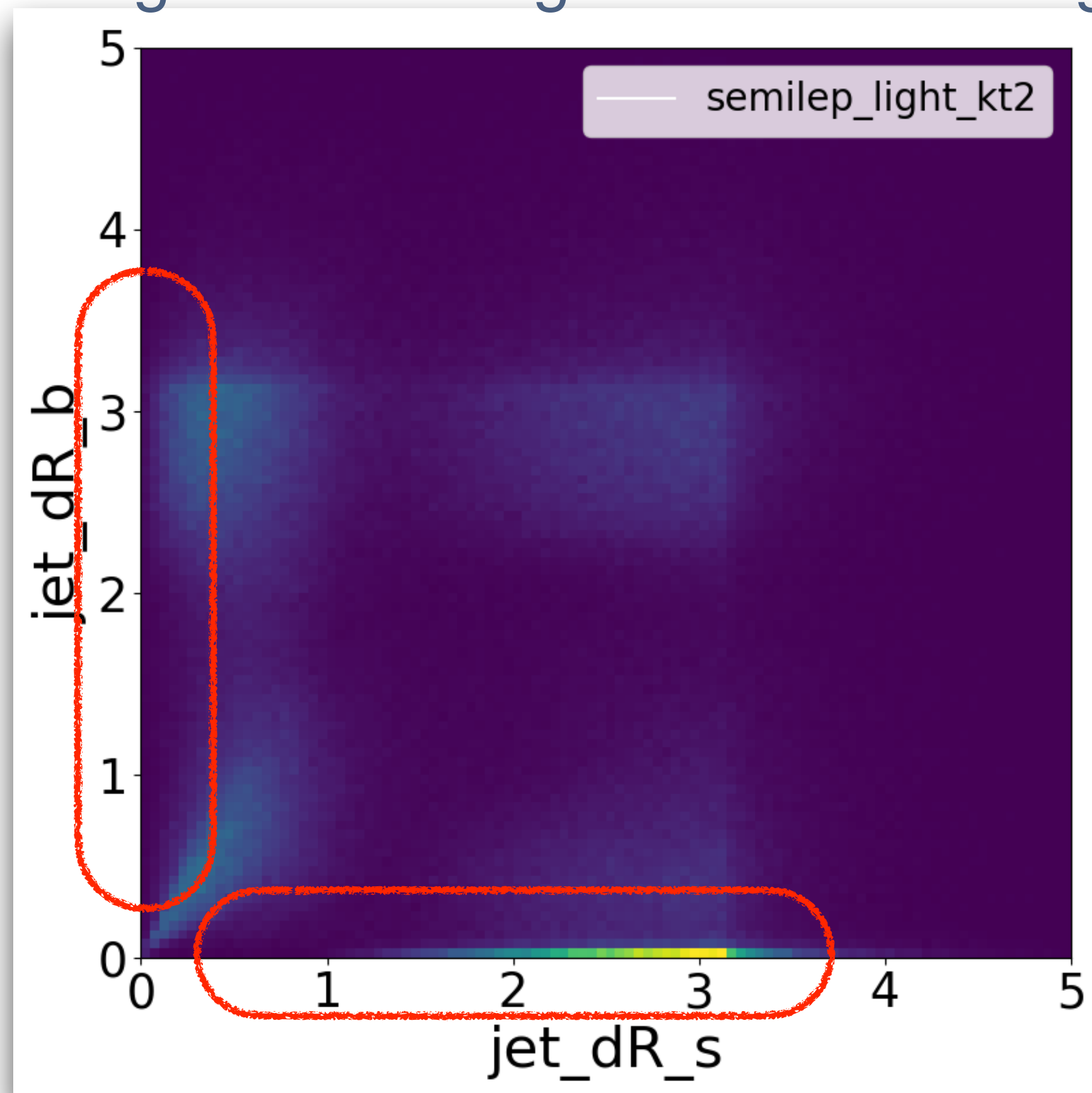
# Spatial separation of flavored jets

- In **dileptonic** events, compare the proximity between jets and ME quarks (before showering)
  - The true quark origin is well-defined for almost all jets



# Spatial separation of flavored jets

- In **semilep**  $W \rightarrow ud$  events, compare the proximity between jets and ME quarks (before showering)
  - kt2 is no longer valid. R5 is rather stable.
  - True origin can be vague for non-leading jets



# Jet definition

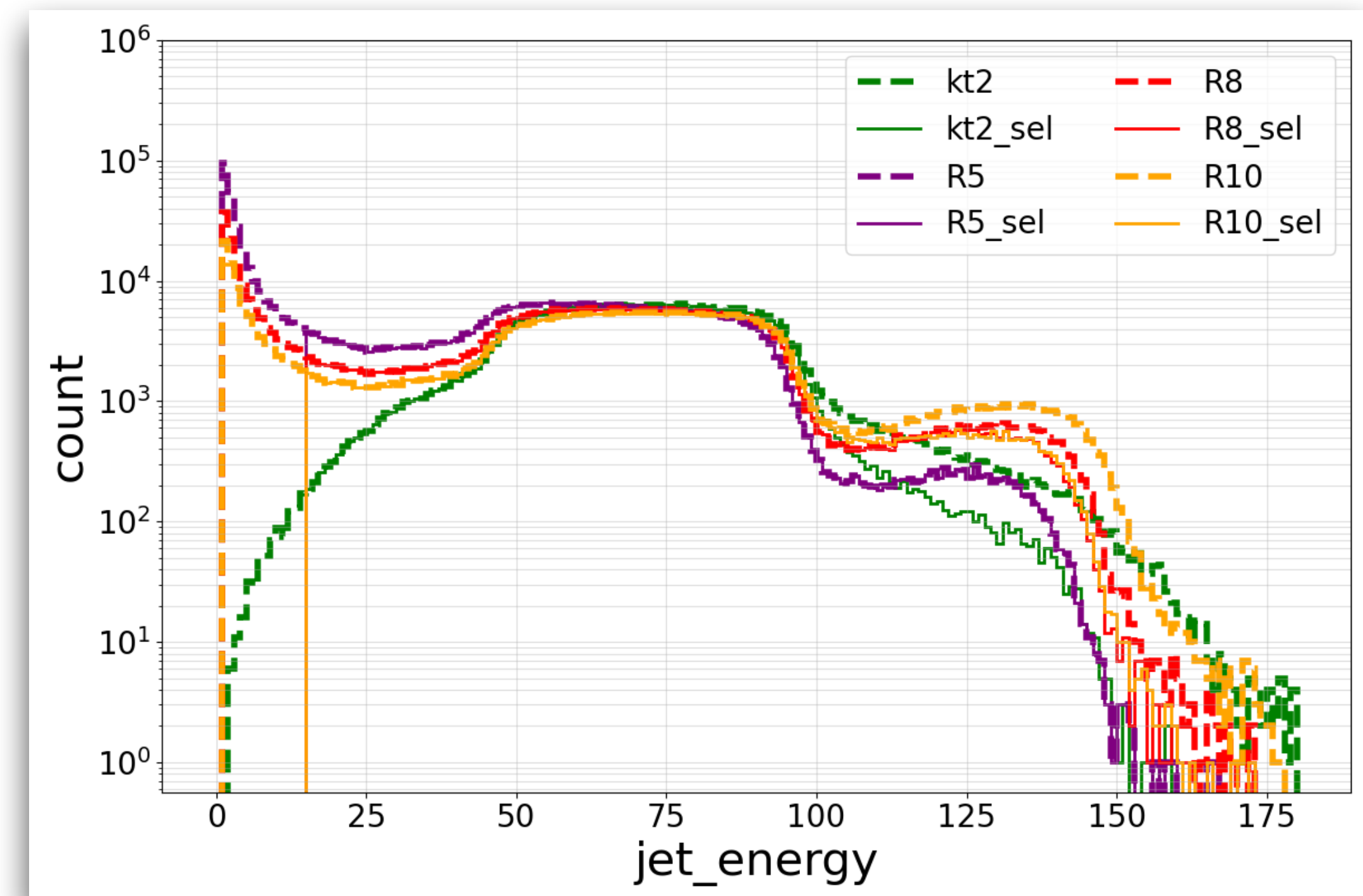
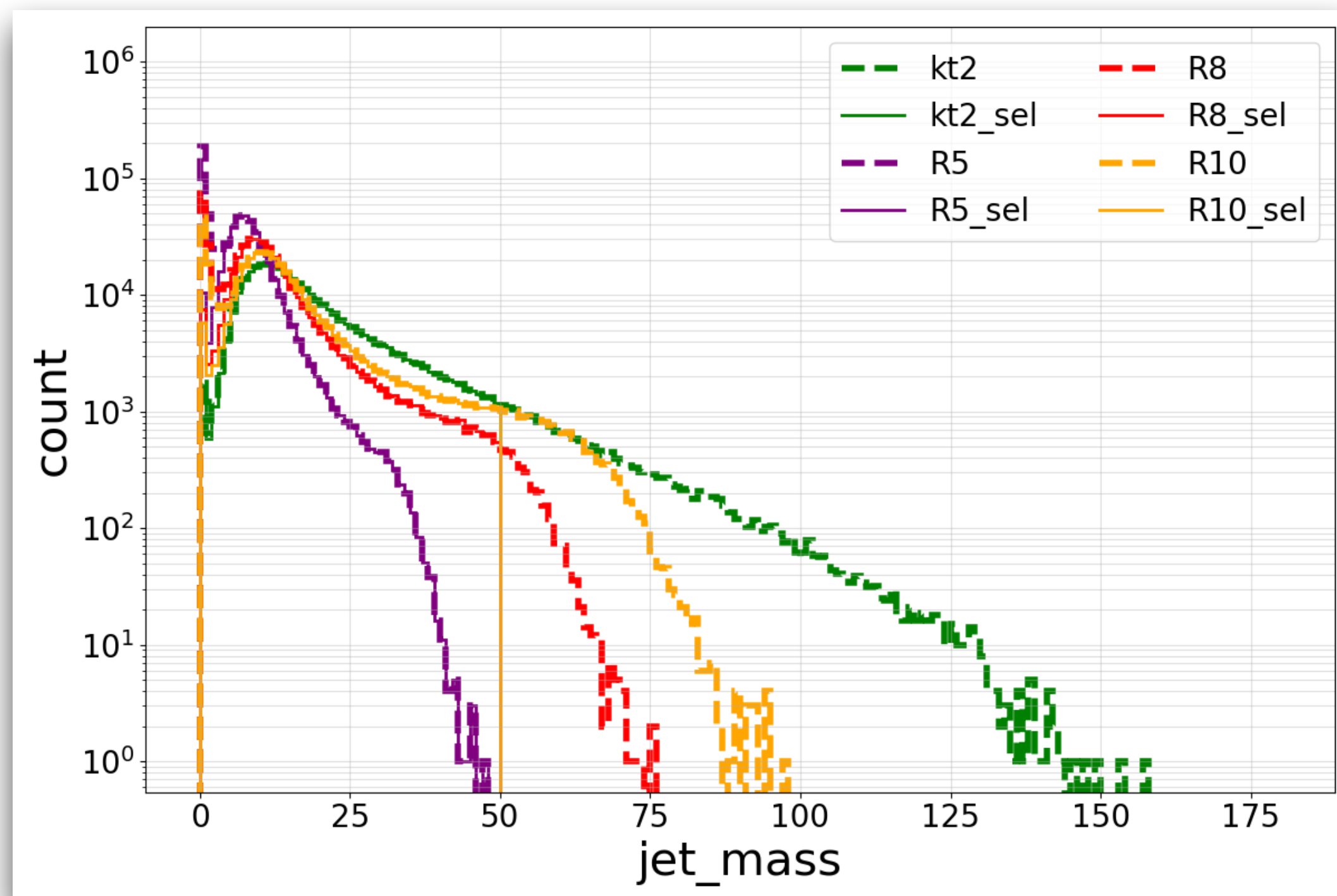
- In this study, flavor tagging is more important than the jet energy calibration  
—> prefer inclusive jet reco over exclusive
- What jet radius and energy threshold to use?

# Jet selection

- In **dileptonic** events, the kt2 is the most correct
- A lot of low energy jets in the inclusive jet collections
- After jet selection, profiles of the inclusive jets look similar to the kt2 jets

jet sel:

$$m(j) < 50 \text{ GeV and} \\ E(j) > 15 \text{ GeV}$$



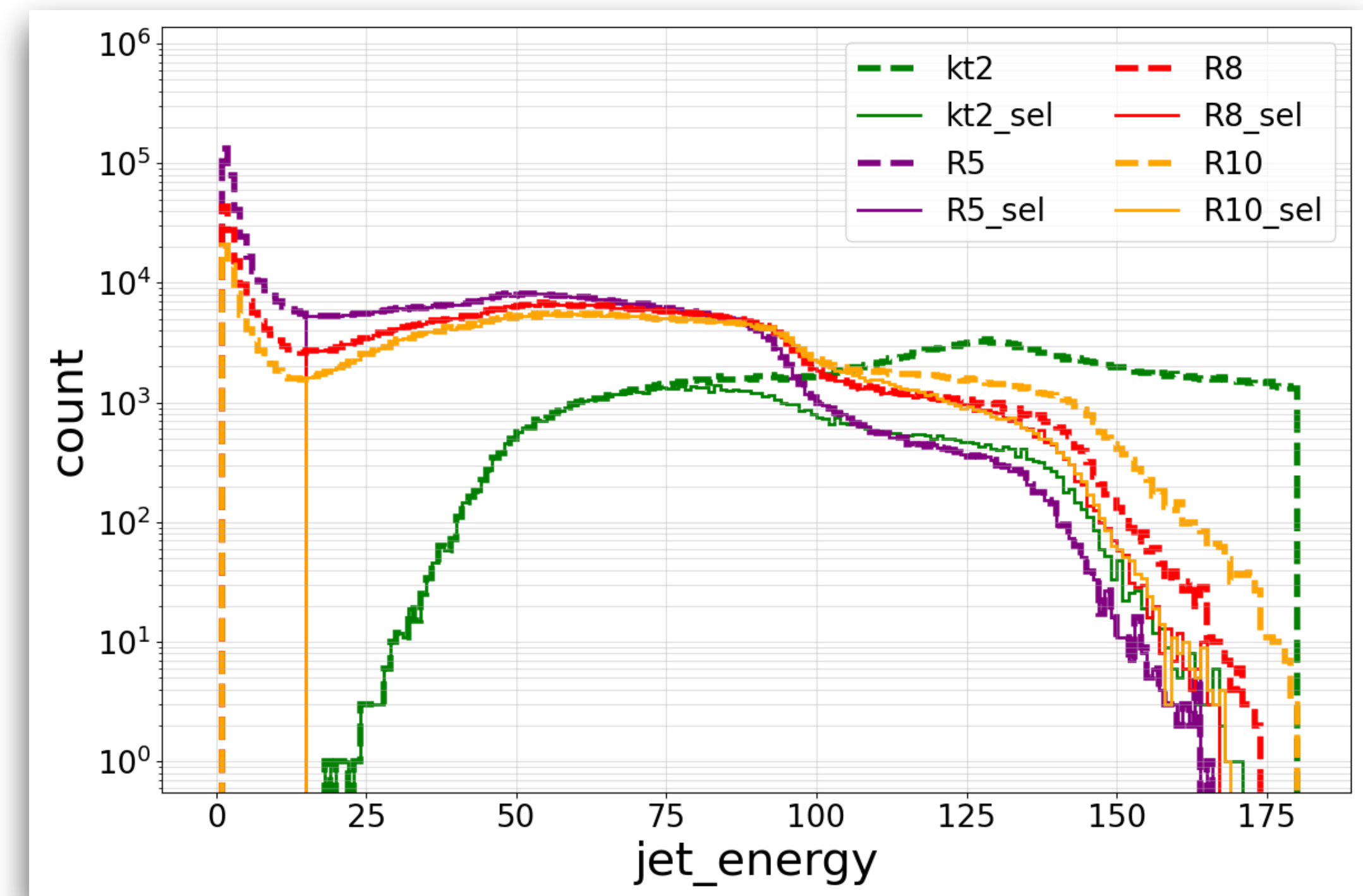
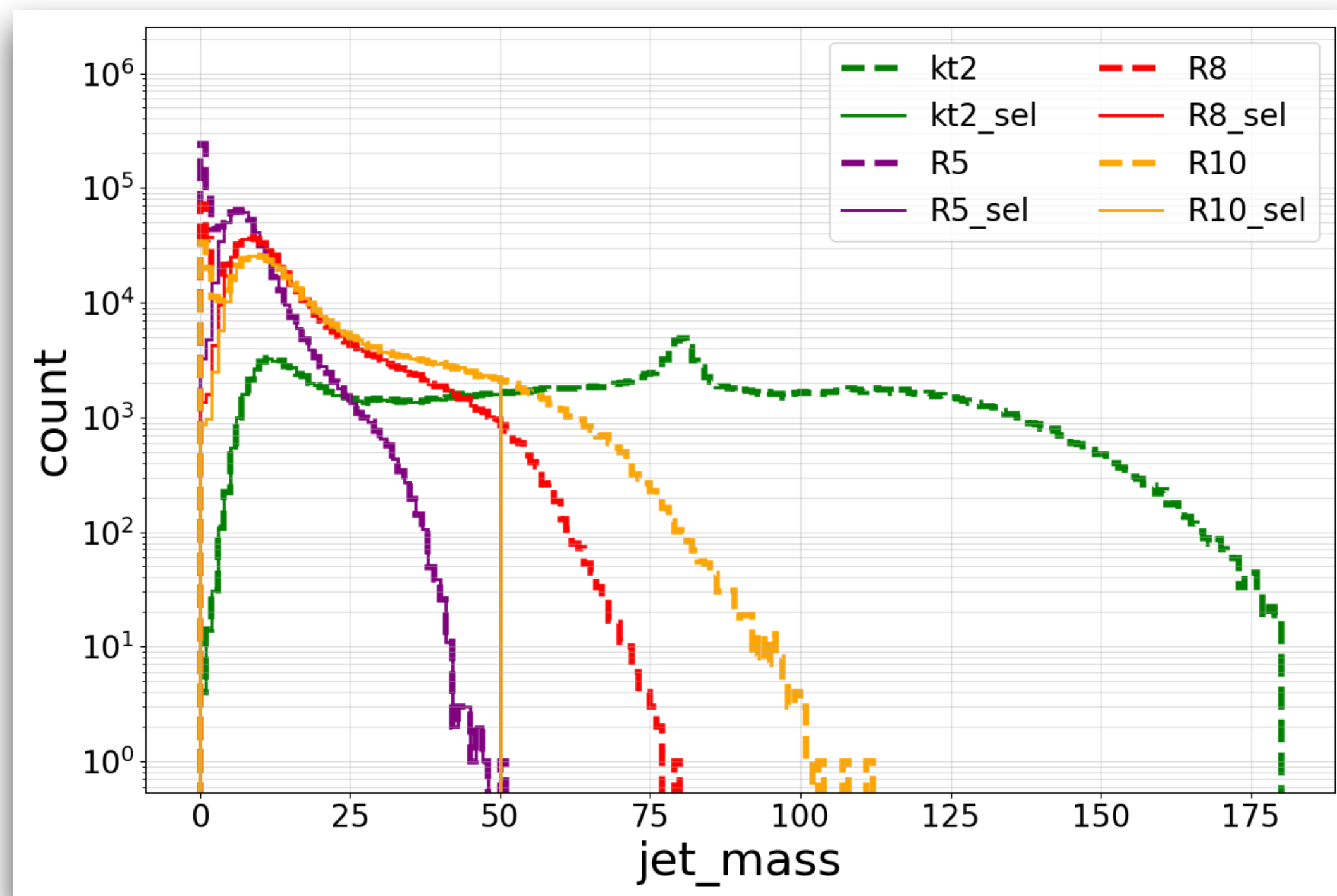


# Jet selection

- In **semileptonic Wcs** events, the kt2 biased
- Inclusive clustering gives stable performance
- Kinematic profiles with different jet radius definitions are somewhat consistent

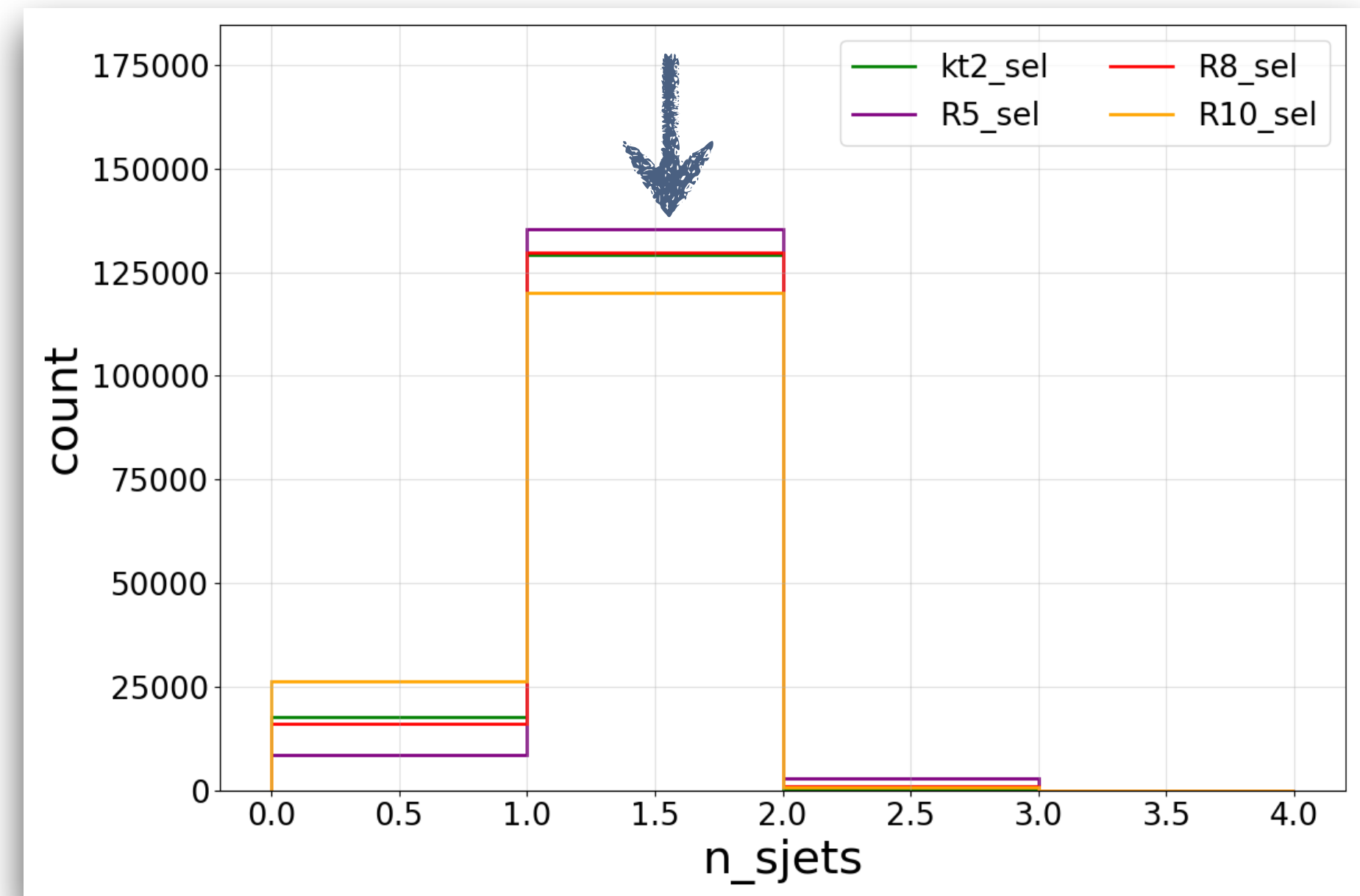
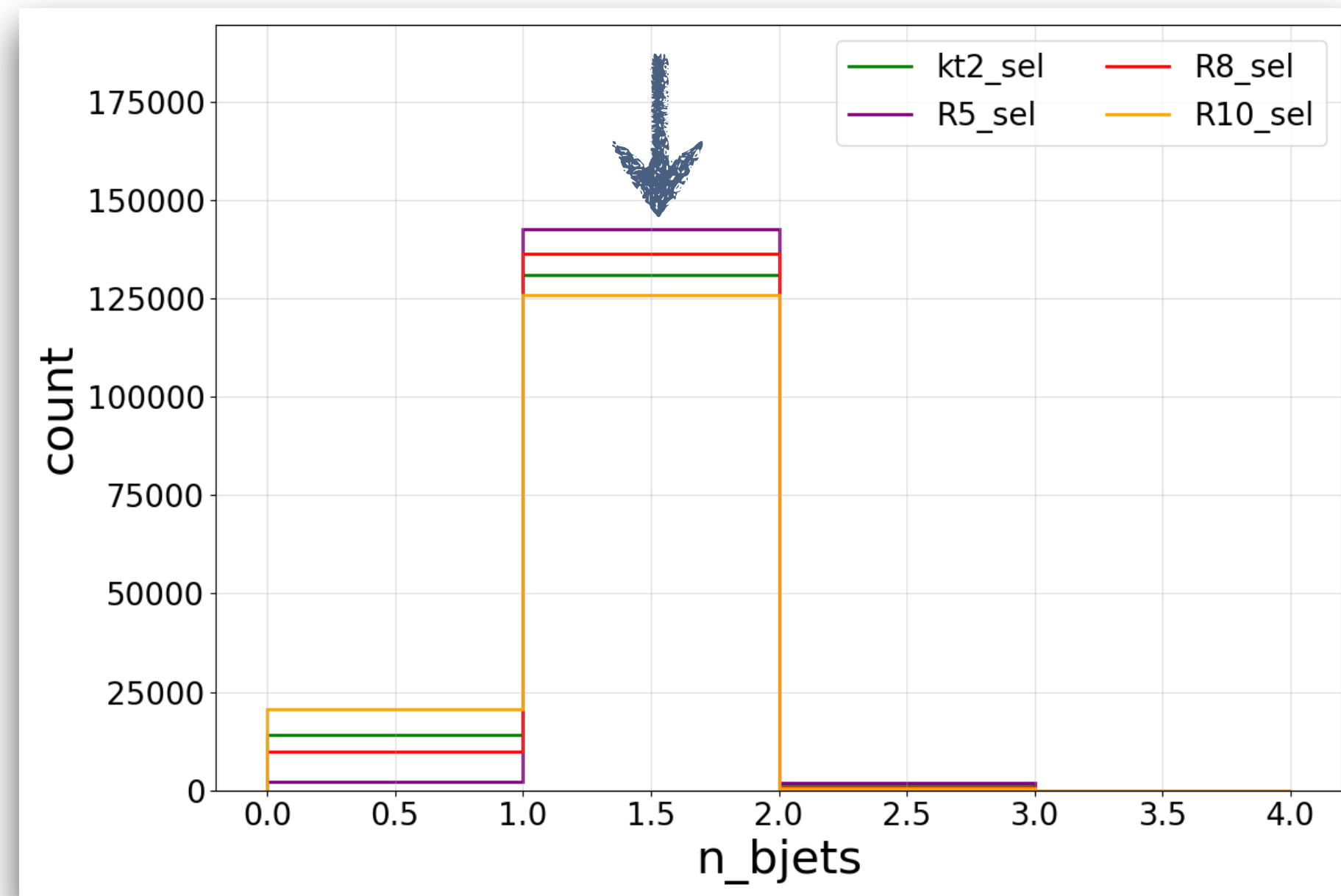
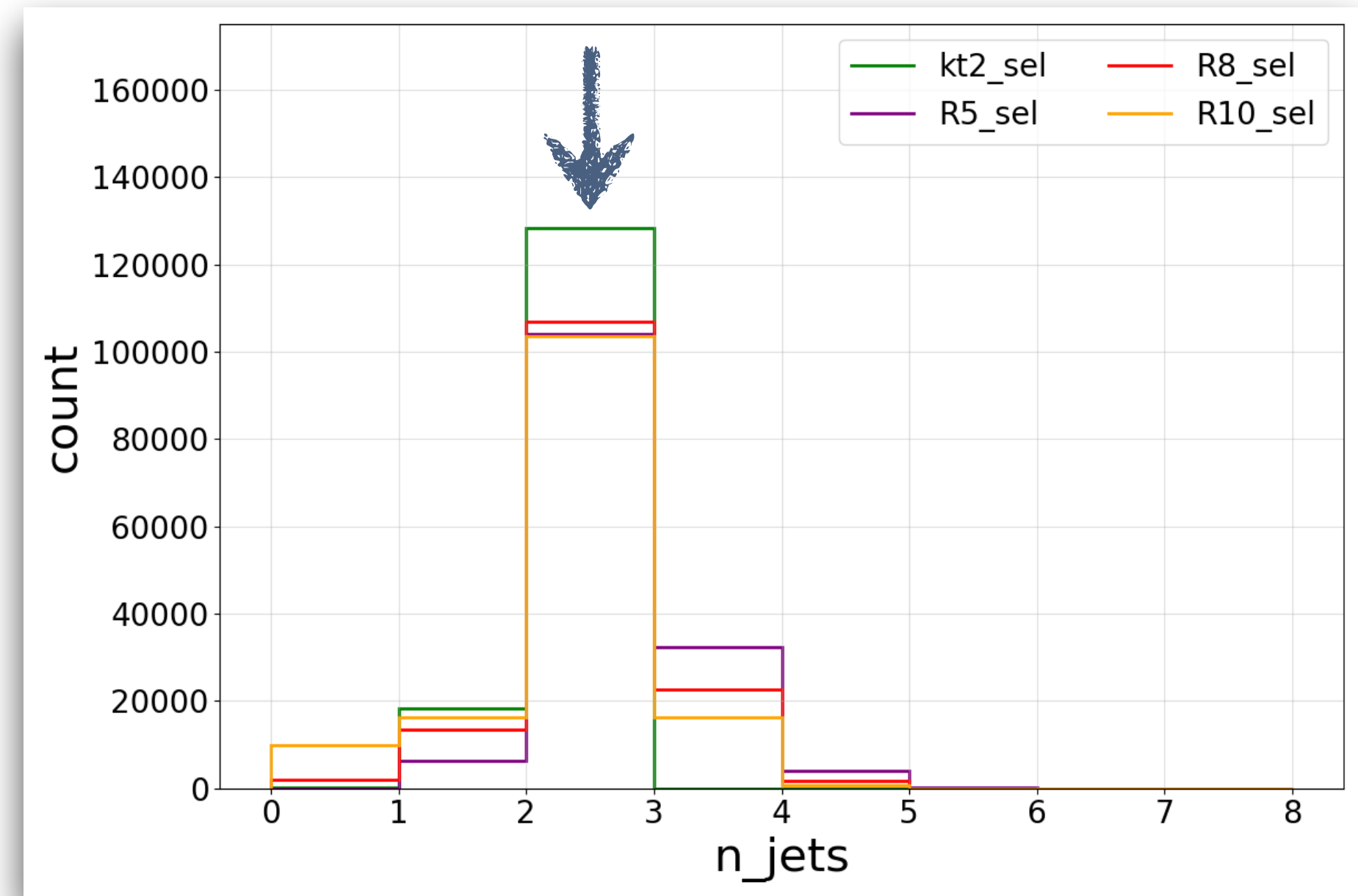
jet sel:

$$m(j) < 50 \text{ GeV and } E(j) > 15 \text{ GeV}$$



# Clustering perf - dileptonic

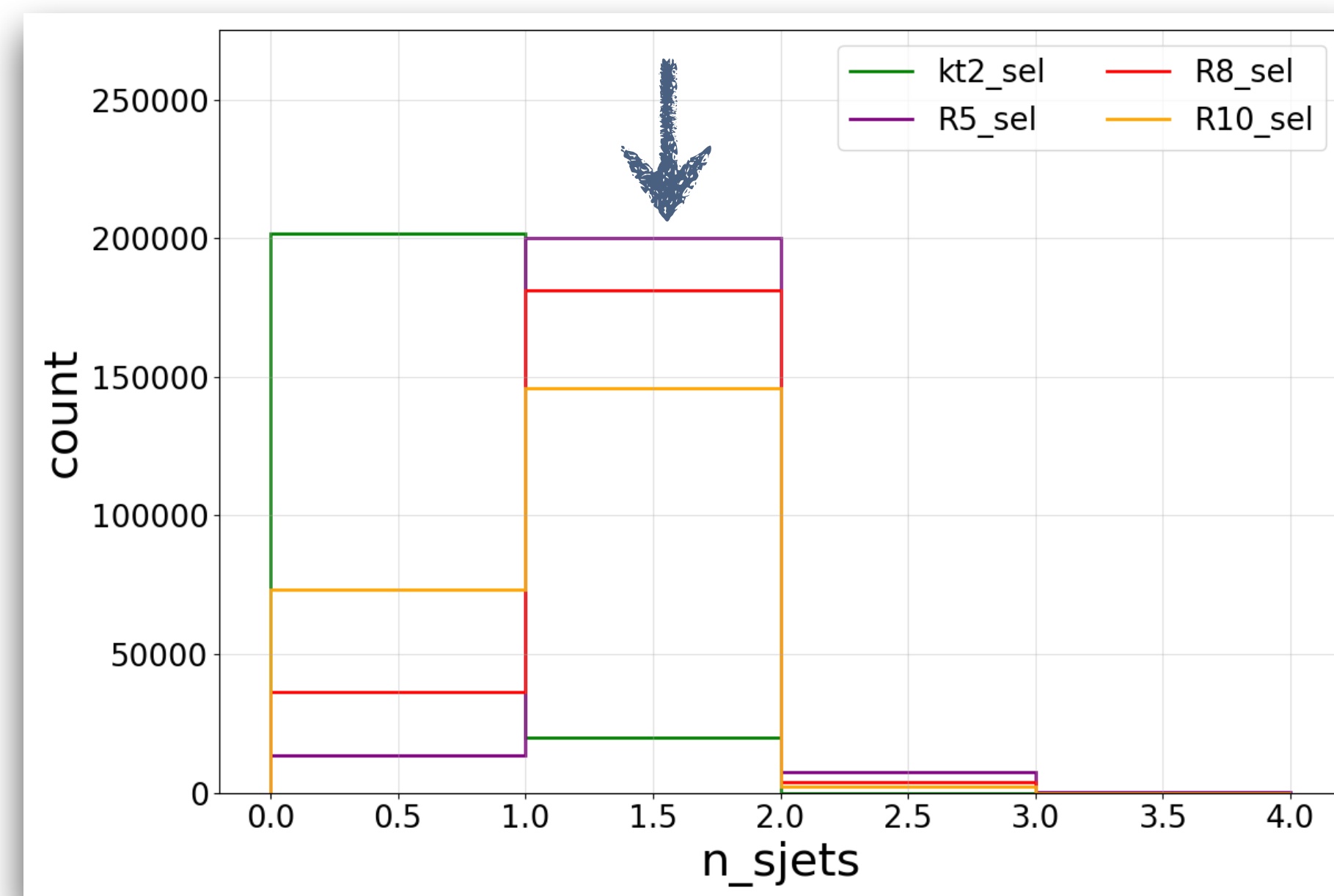
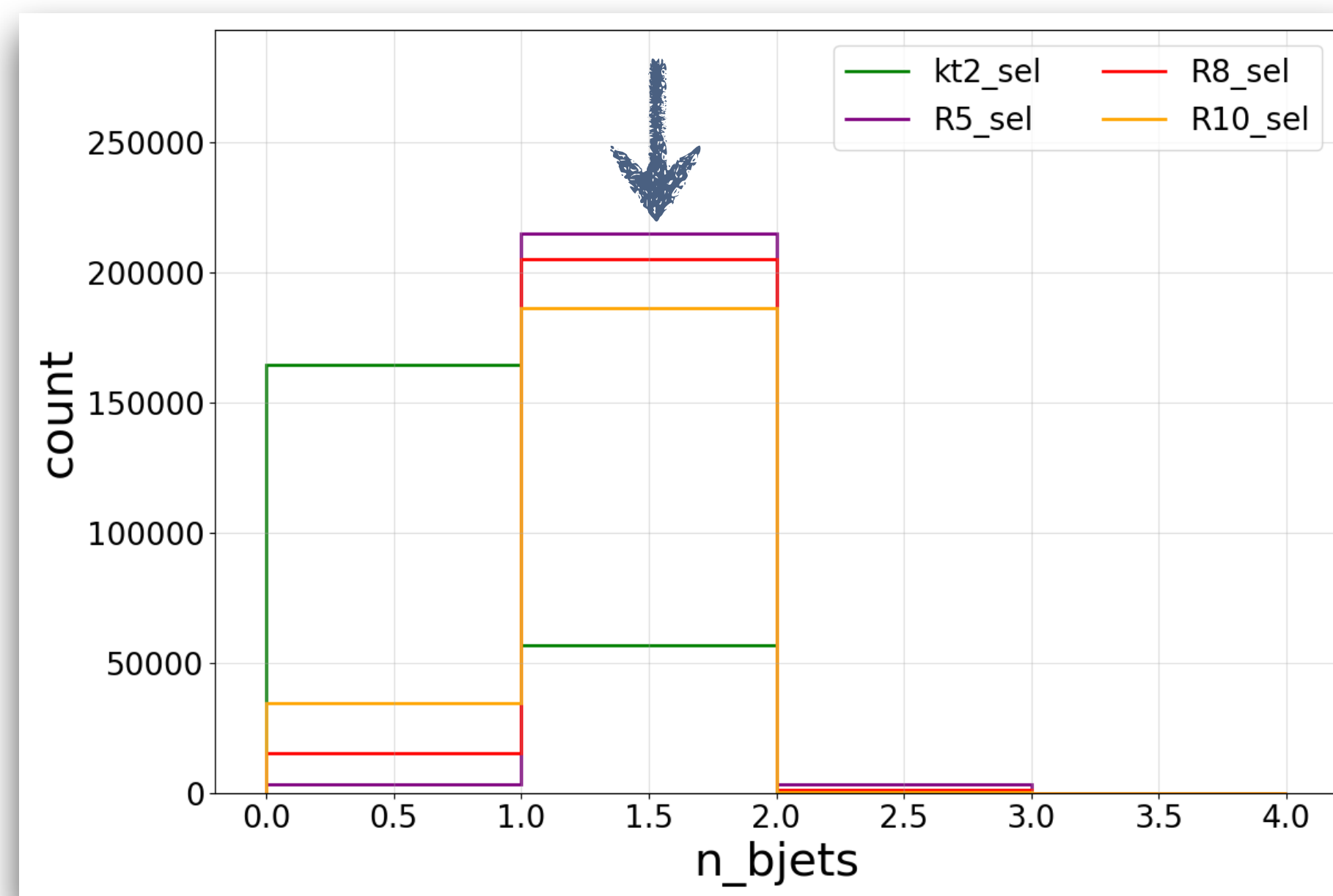
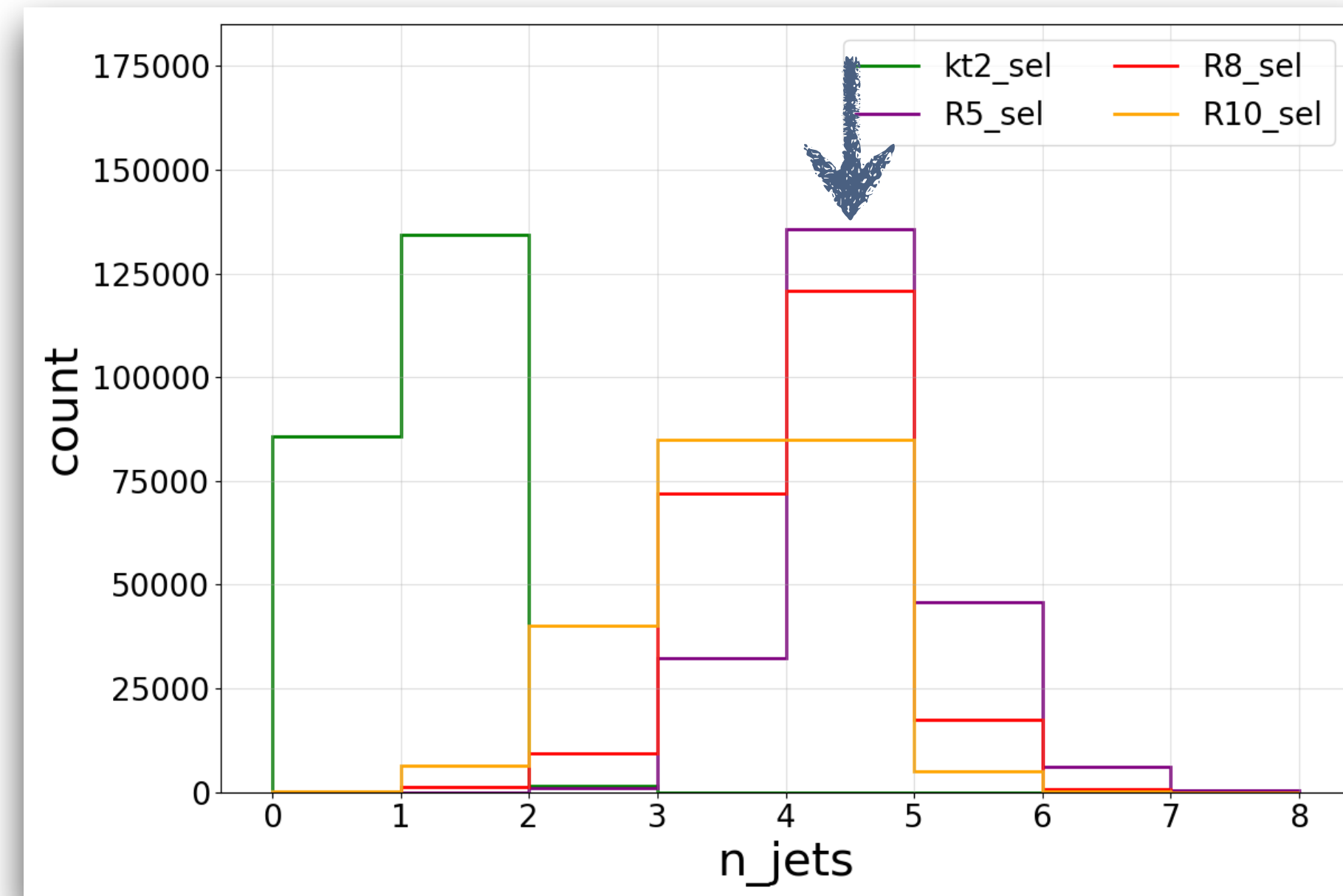
- Check how well the reco jets reflects the true parton number and flavor (prior to any tagging algo)
  - “true flavor” is assigned as the heaviest parton (after showering) flavor within  $R=0.3$  cone of the jet.
- With **dileptonic** events,
  - expect  $n_{\text{jets}} = 2$ ,  $n_{\text{bjets}}=1$ ,  $n_{\text{sjets}} = 1$



Clustering with **R5** is more correct than **R8** and **R10**

# Clustering perf - semilep Wud

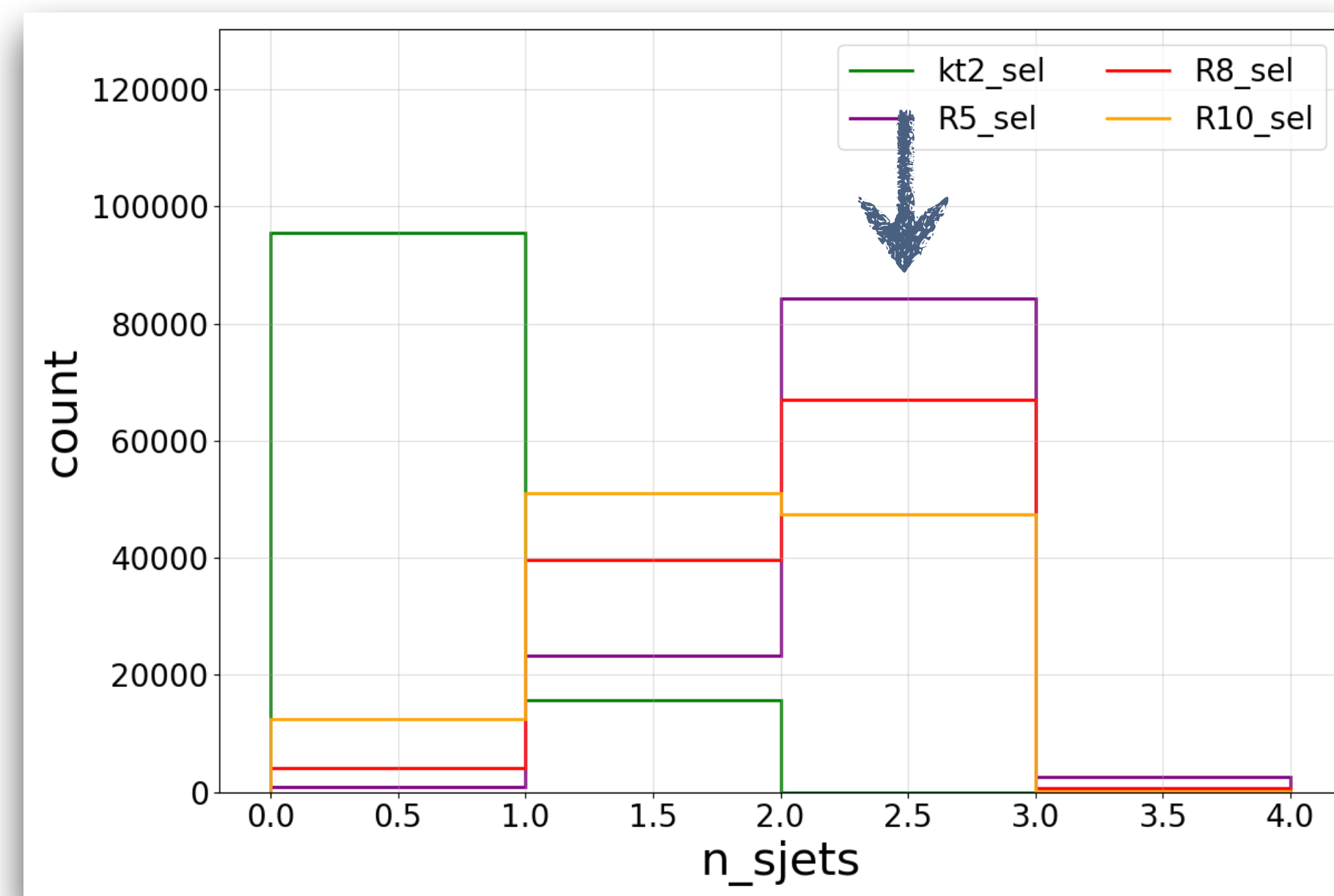
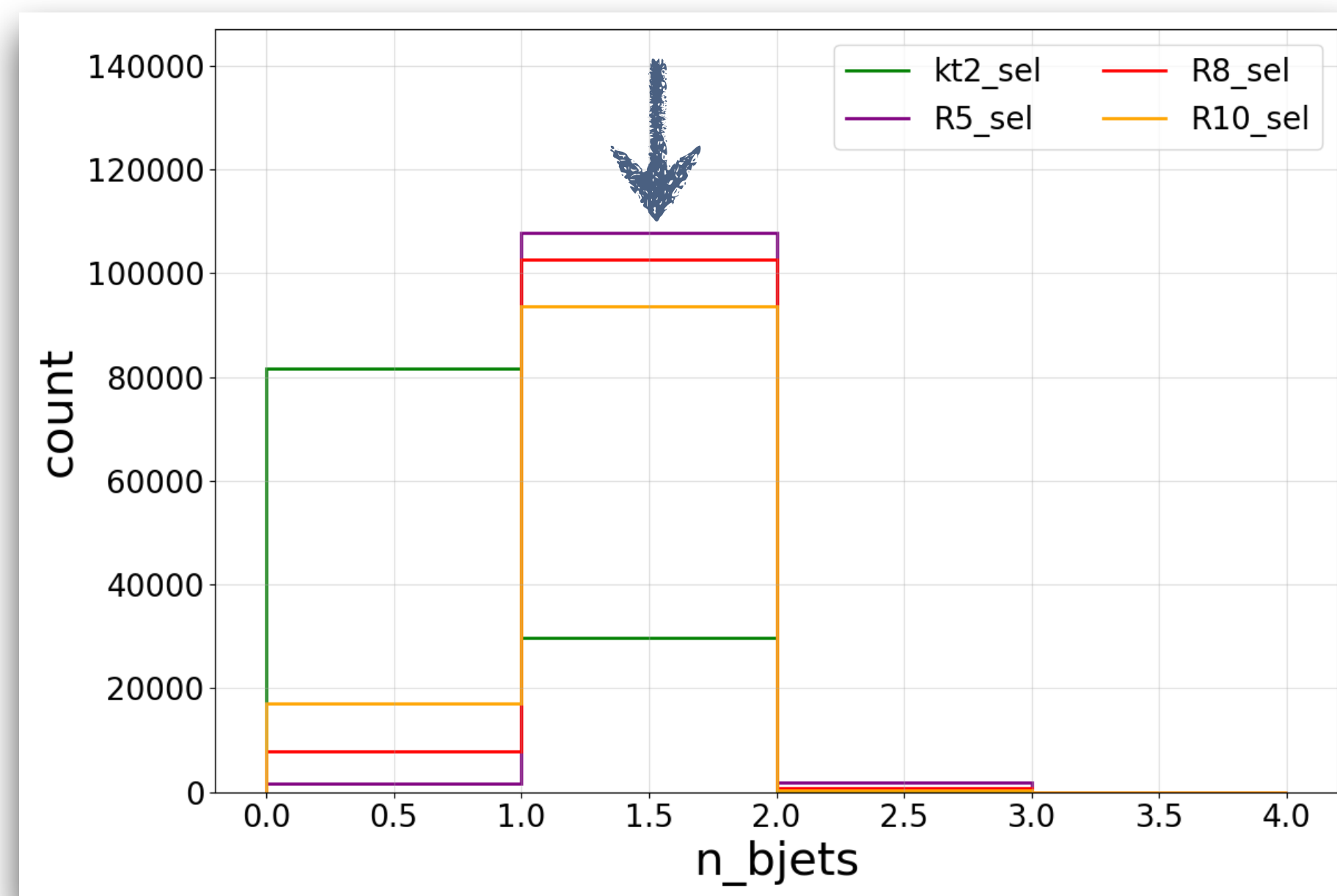
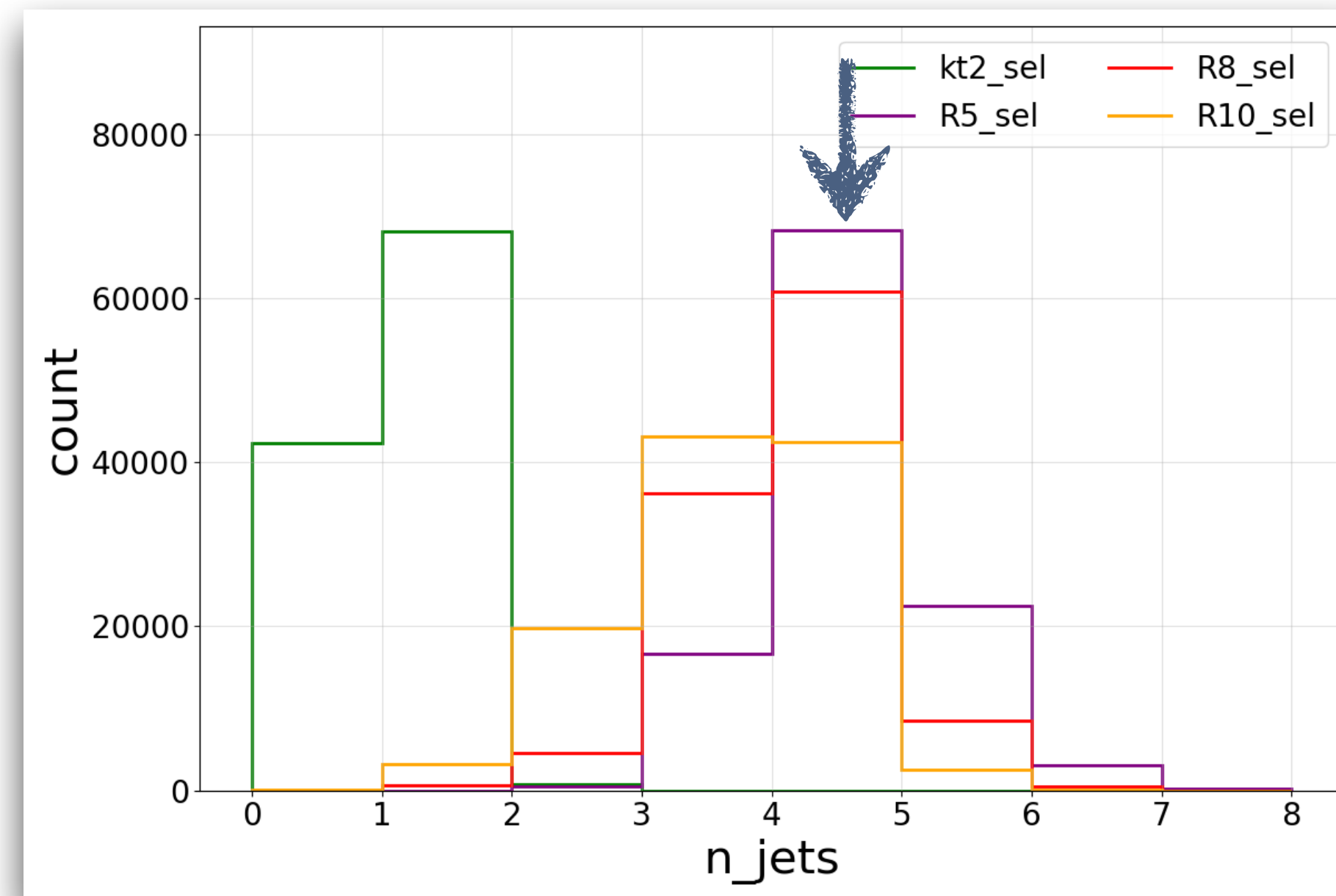
- Check how well the reco jets reflects the true parton number and flavor (prior to any tagging algo)
  - “true flavor” is assigned as the heaviest parton (after showering) flavor within  $R=0.3$  cone of the jet.
- With **semileptonic Wud** events,
  - expect  $n_{\text{jets}} = 4$ ,  $n_{\text{bjets}}=1$ ,  $n_{\text{sjets}} = 1$



Clustering with **R5** is more correct than **R8** and **R10**

# Clustering perf - semilep Wcs

- Check how well the reco jets reflects the true parton number and flavor (prior to any tagging algo)
  - “true flavor” is assigned as the heaviest parton (after showering) flavor within  $R=0.3$  cone of the jet.
- With **semileptonic Wcs** events,
  - expect  $n_{\text{jets}} = 4$ ,  $n_{\text{bjets}}=1$ ,  $n_{\text{sjets}} = 2$



Clustering with **R5** is more correct than **R8** and **R10**

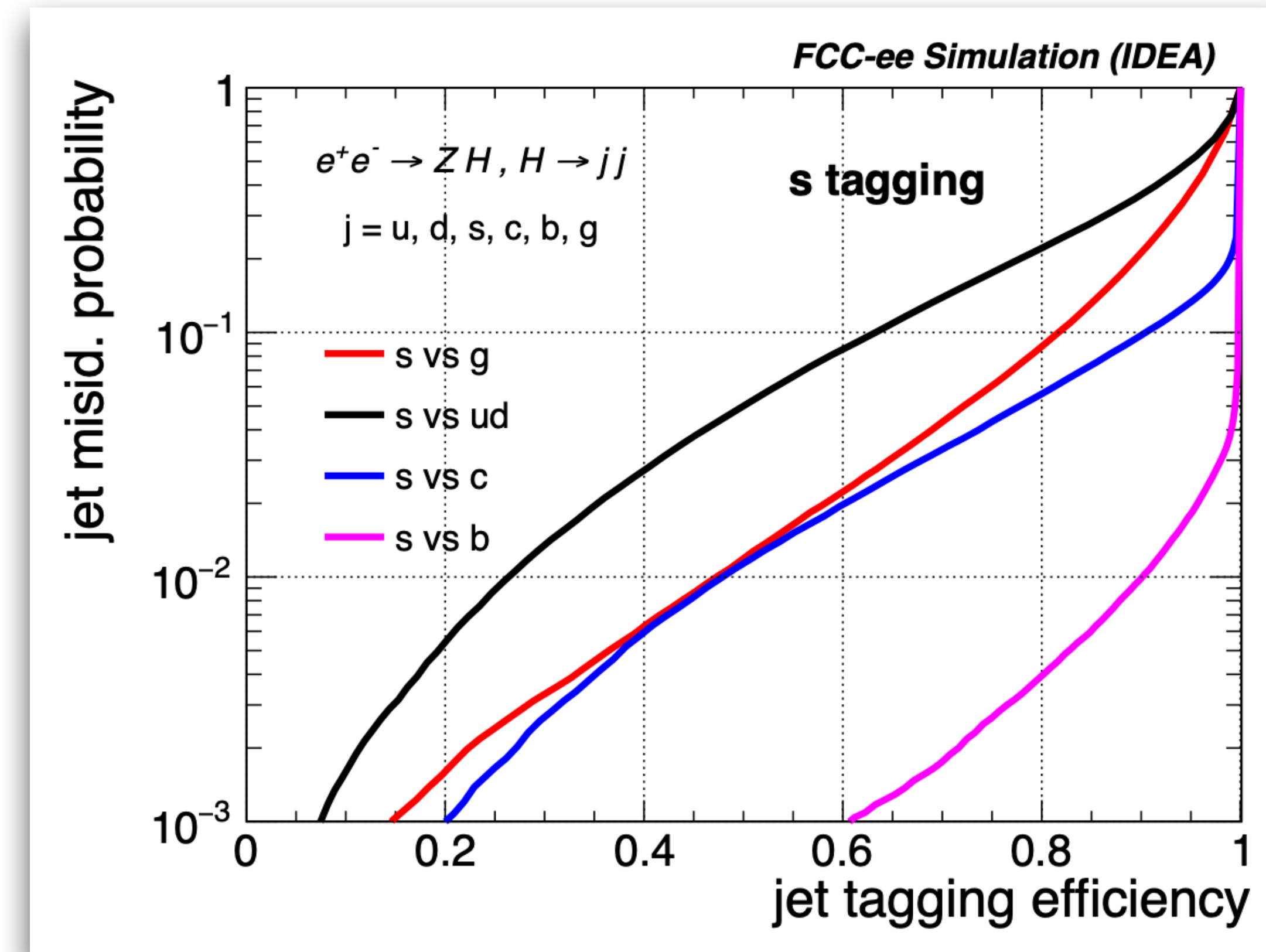
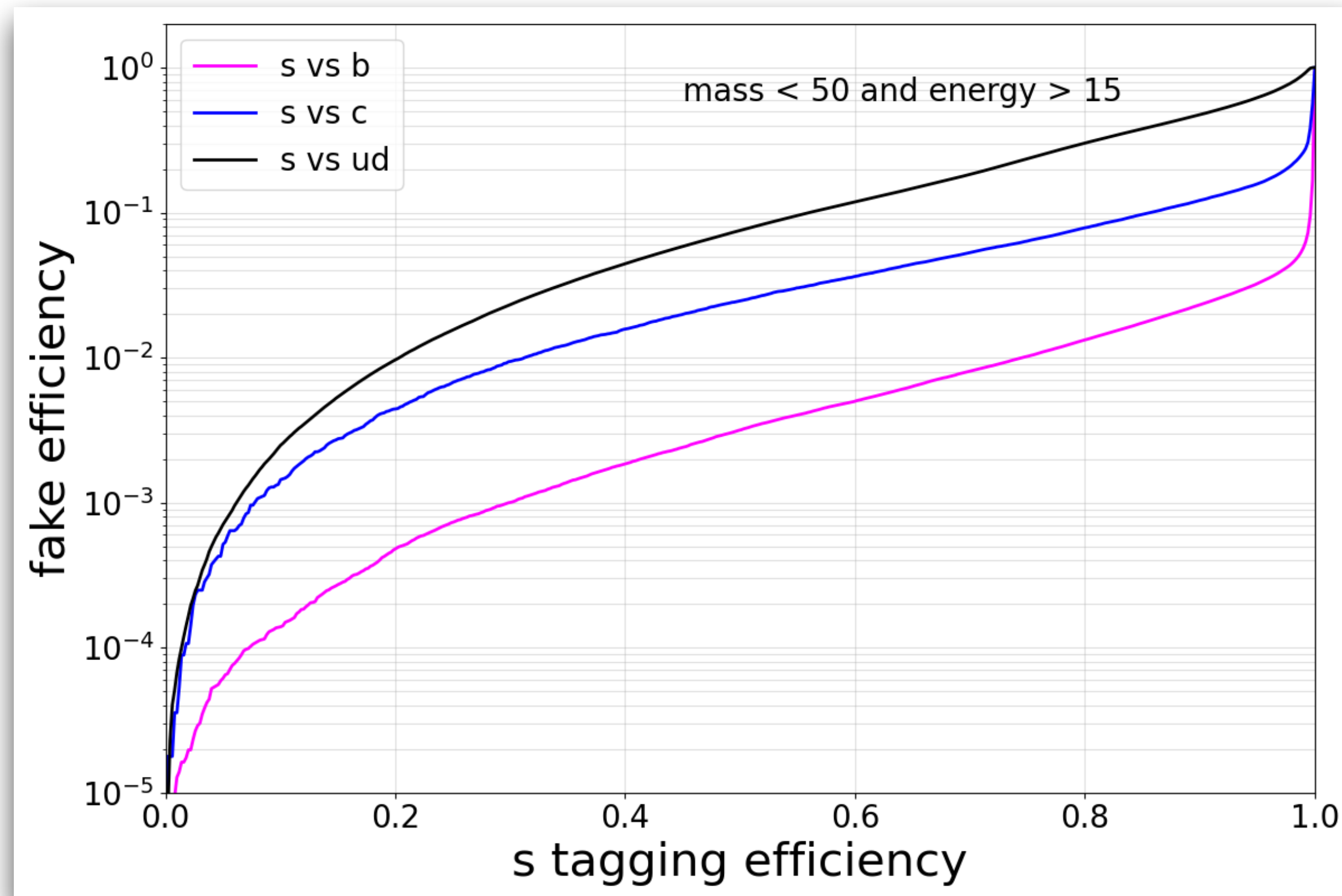
# tWs event selection

- Proceed with R5 jets (mass  $< 50$  GeV, energy  $> 15$  GeV) for the analysis
- Simple selections to get a sense of the signal yield and background composition

# s-tagging performance

- As a reference, below is the tagging performance by applying the standard training to the R5 jets defined and selected as described in previous slides

[arxiv 2202.03285](https://arxiv.org/abs/2202.03285)



# Event selection



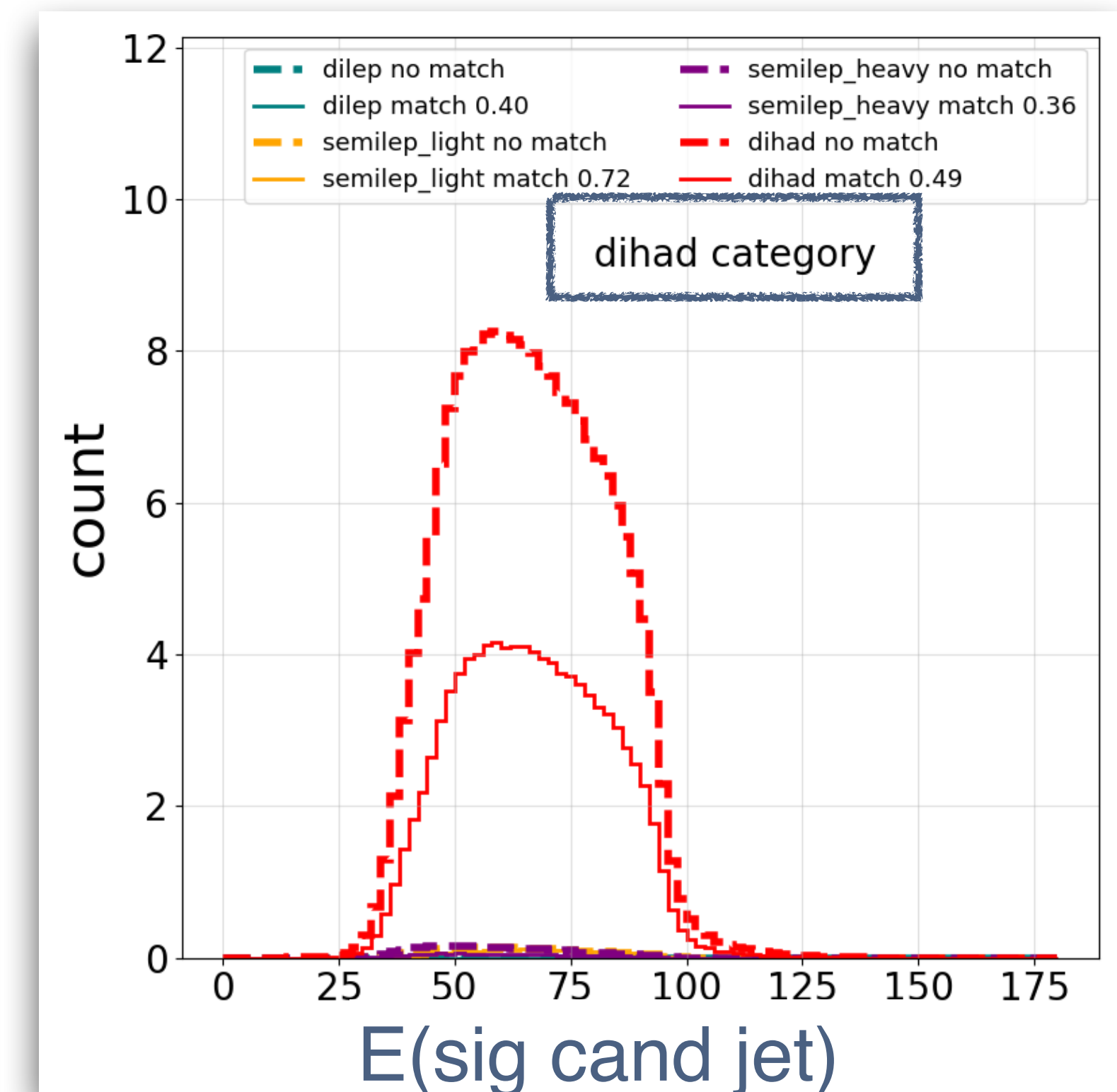
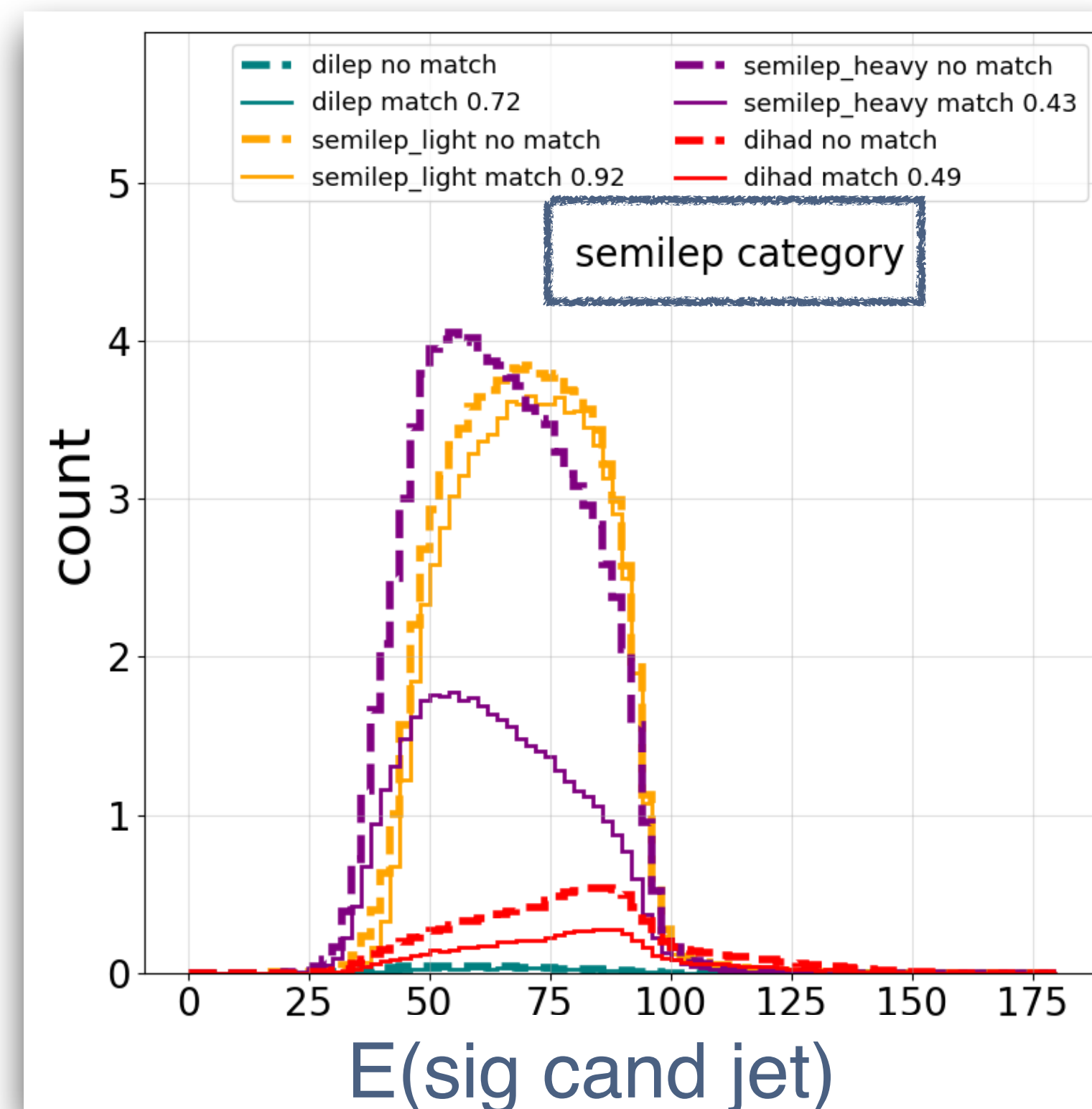
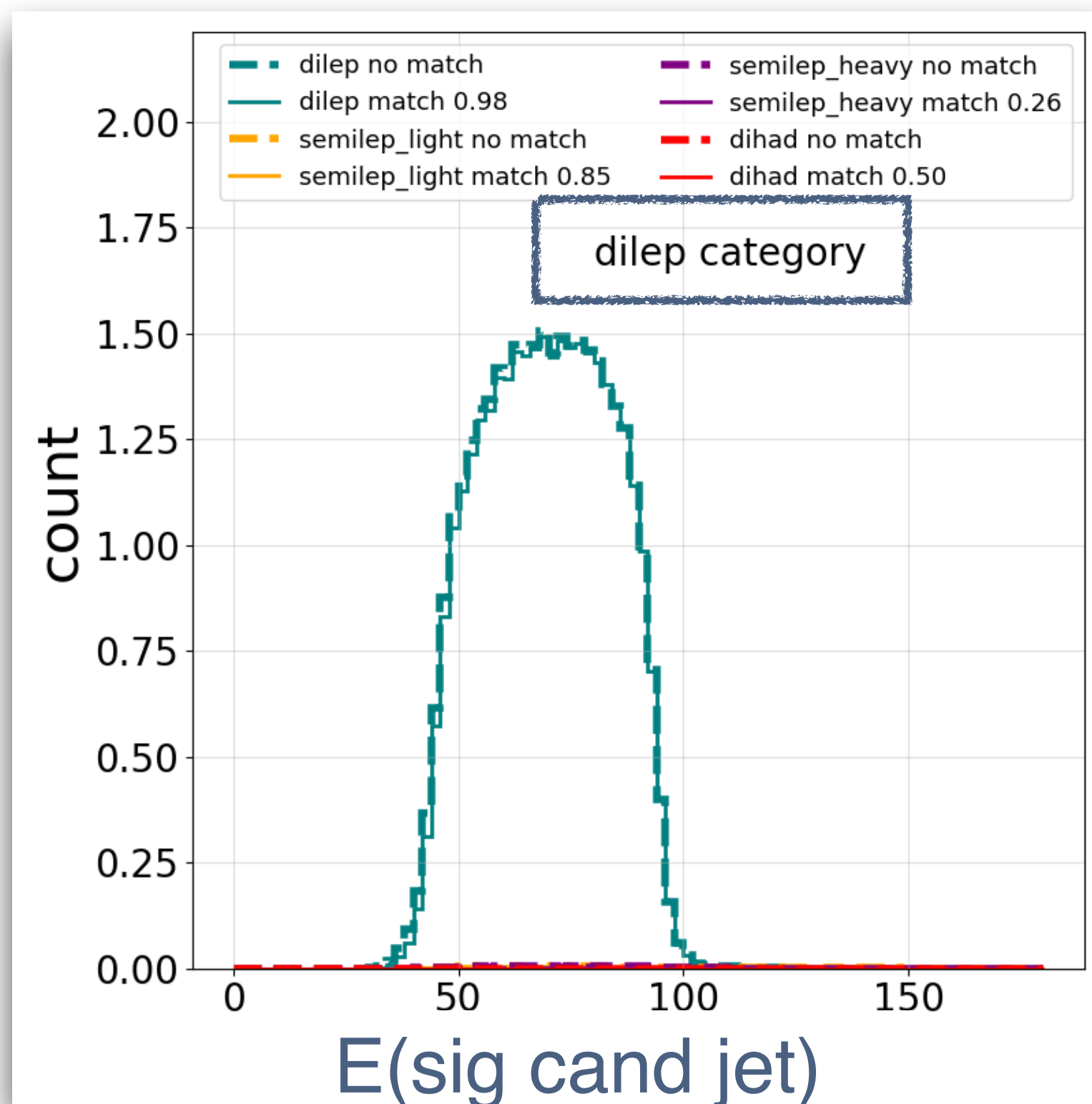
- Exactly 1 b-tagged jet (b score  $> 0.5$ )
- At least 1 “tightly” s-tagged jet (s score  $> 0.9$ )
  - roughly,  $\epsilon(\text{s-jet}) \sim 0.2$ ,  $\epsilon(\text{b-jet}) \sim 5\text{E-}4$ ,  $\epsilon(\text{c-jet}) \sim 4\text{E-}3$ ,  $\epsilon(\text{ud-jet}) \sim 1\text{E-}2$
- Events further classified into “dilep” ( $n_J = 2$ ), “semilep” ( $n_J = 4$ ), “dihad” ( $n_J = 6$ ) categories purely based on the number of selected jets.
  - Even without lepton information, the category assignment is quite accurate.

- Backgrounds: consider all decay channels of  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WbWb$
- Signals: consider all decay channels of  $t\bar{t} \rightarrow WsWb$ , except  $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$

# Signal candidate efficiency

Check whether the signal candidate can be matched to the s quark from  $t \rightarrow Ws$  decay

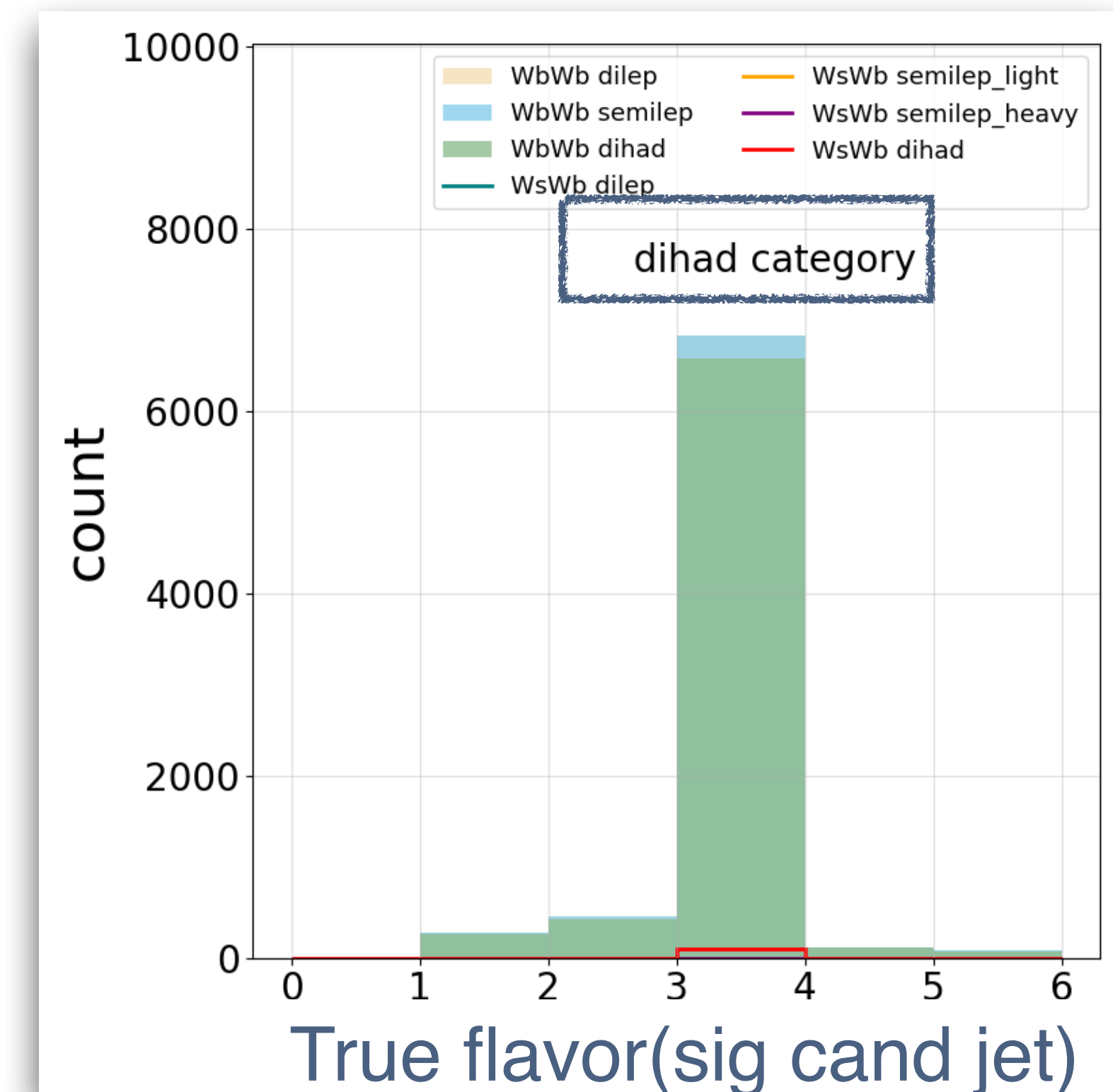
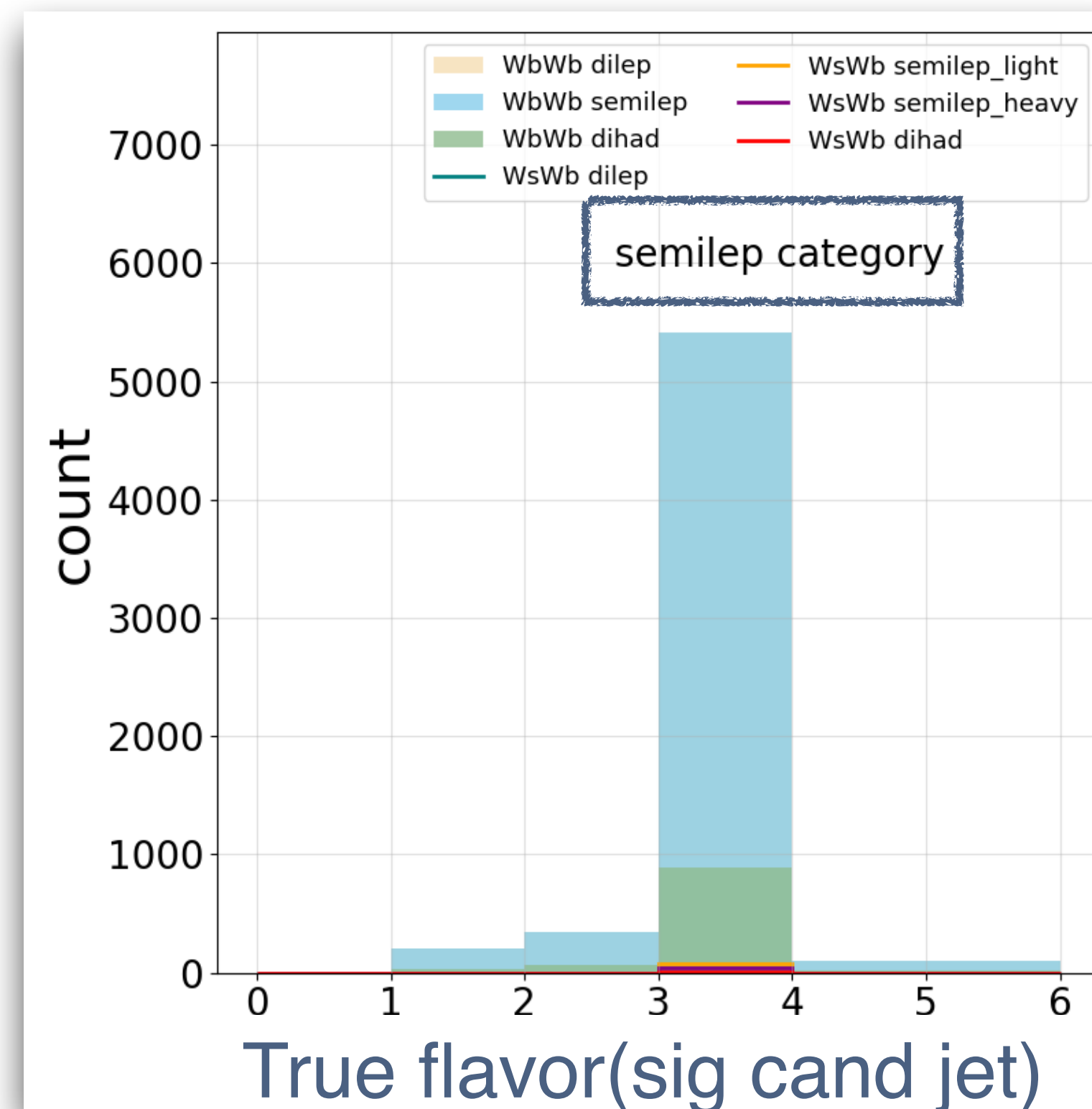
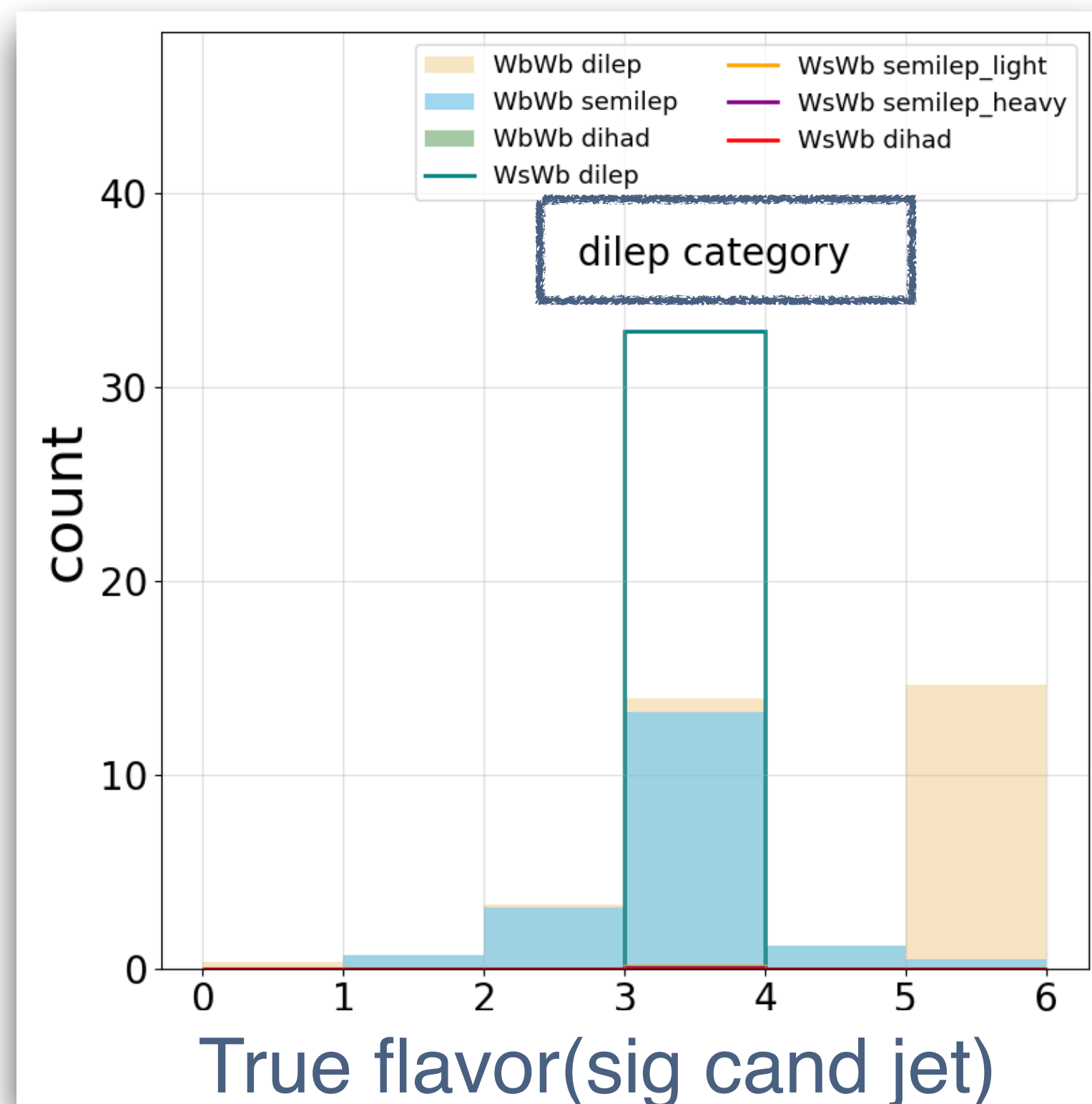
- In **dilep** and **semilep Wud** events, signal is correctly chosen most of the time
- In **semilep Wcs** and **dihad** events, the s quark from W decay is a serious contamination





# Event yields

- It is possible to reduce the b-jet background yield to the same level as the signal
- The main source of background in hadronic events is  $W \rightarrow cs$  decay.
  - Handles in c-tagging and W reconstruction. Need further studies.



# Summary



- $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W_s W b$  dileptonic events can be a good candle for profiling jet clustering and tagging performance (or for training)
  - Not so straightforward to define a clean collection of u,d,c jets in  $t\bar{t}$  events
- For the case of  $|V_{ts}|$  measurement, inclusive jet clustering with small jet radius gives better jet flavor assignment
- With simple selections, can achieve S/B  $\sim 1$  against b-jet background
  - Dilep channel is clean  $\rightarrow$  potential for measurement
  - $W \rightarrow cs$  is the dominant background  $\rightarrow$  More studies to reduce it
- Caveats: jet tagging uncertainty, and WW and ZZ background
- Another open question: from theory side, what is the potential range of modifications? How much precision is needed for this study to be relevant/interesting?

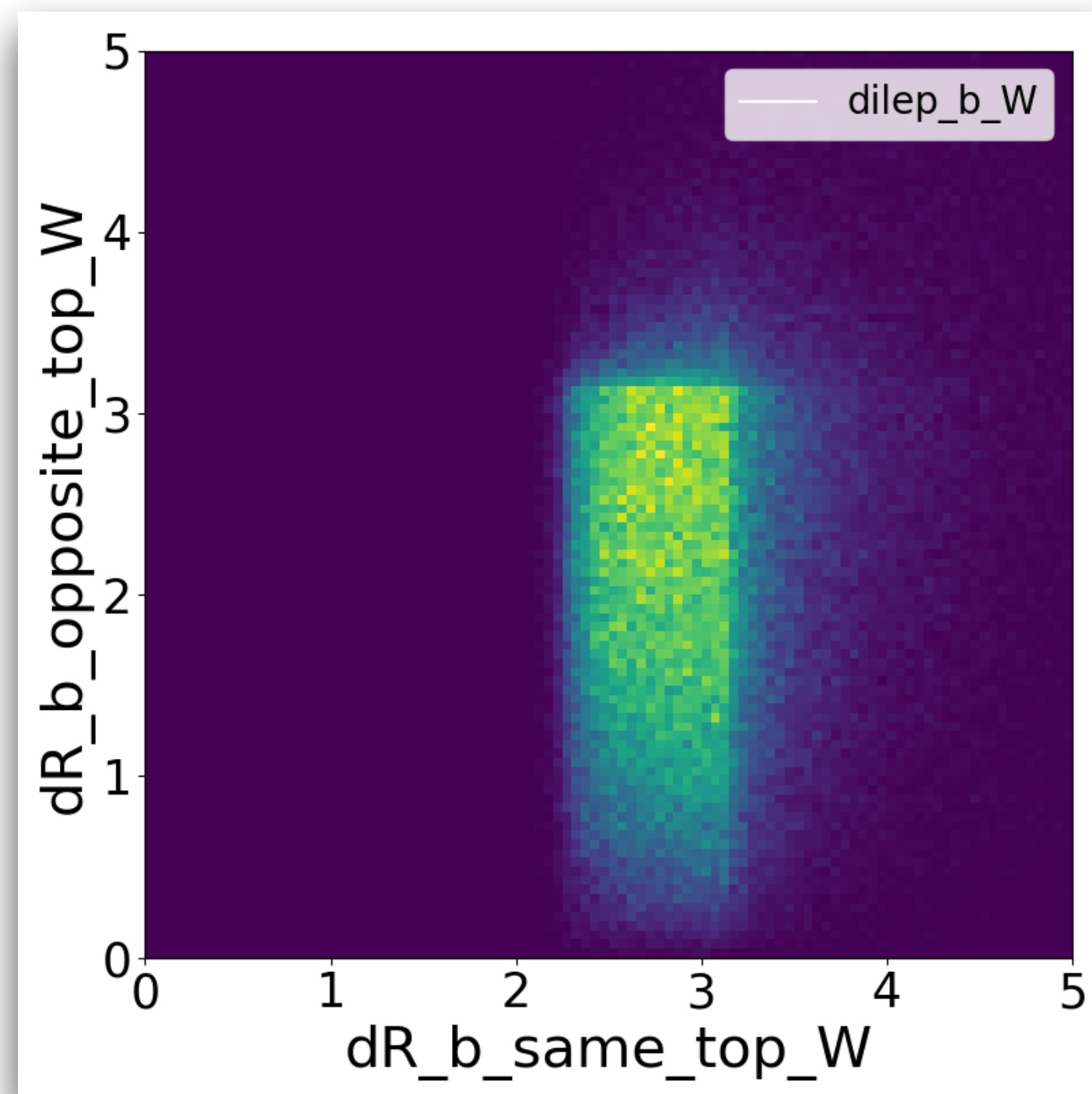


# Backups

# Spatial separation of quarks

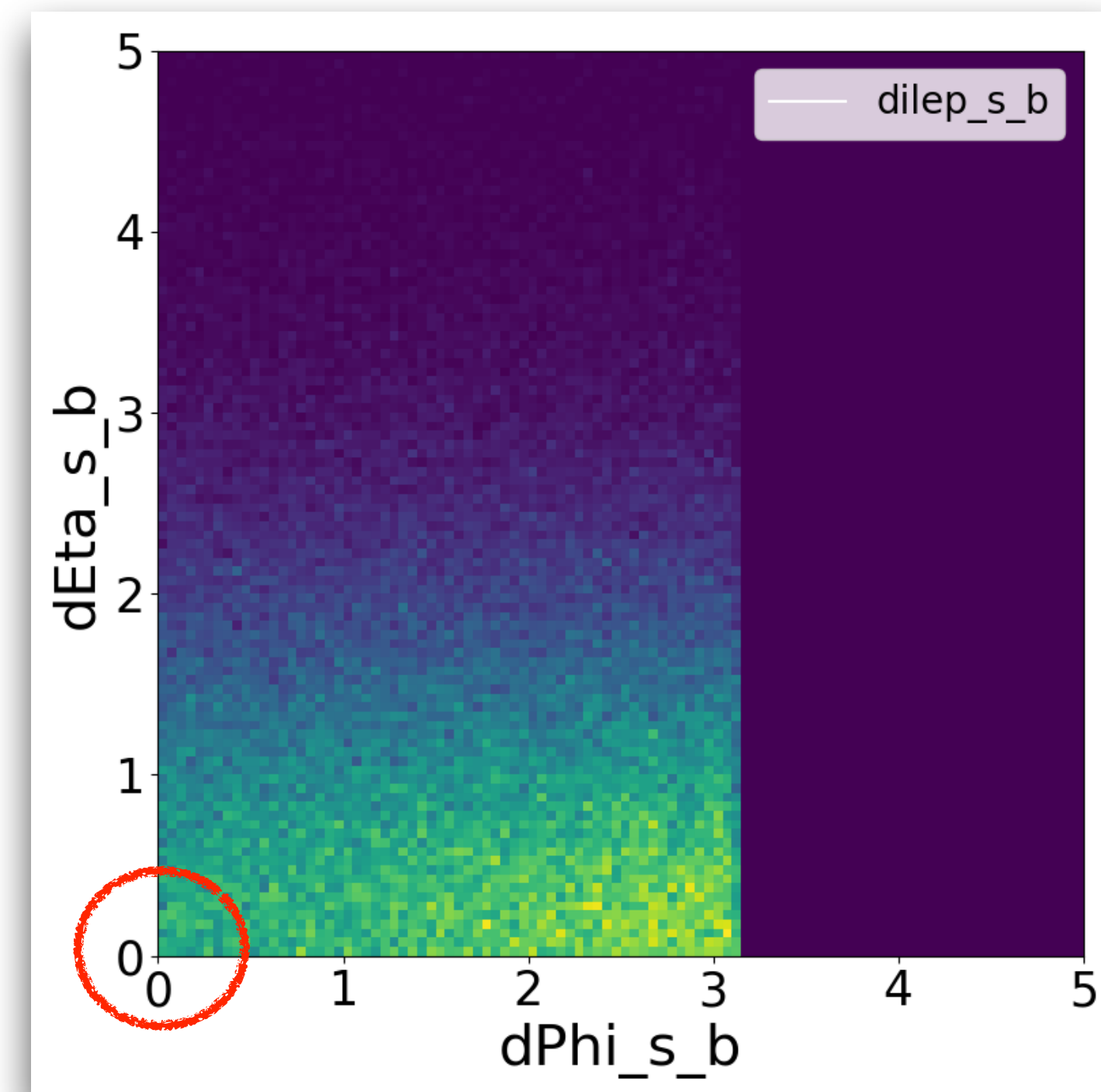
- Using **dileptonic** events, with exactly 1 b quark and 1 s quark and no other quark (or tau).
- Looking at distances between quark momenta at ME level (b and s from top decays, before showering)
- In a small fraction of events, the b and s quarks may be too close and be mixing in one jet

$\Delta R(b, W)$  from different top decays



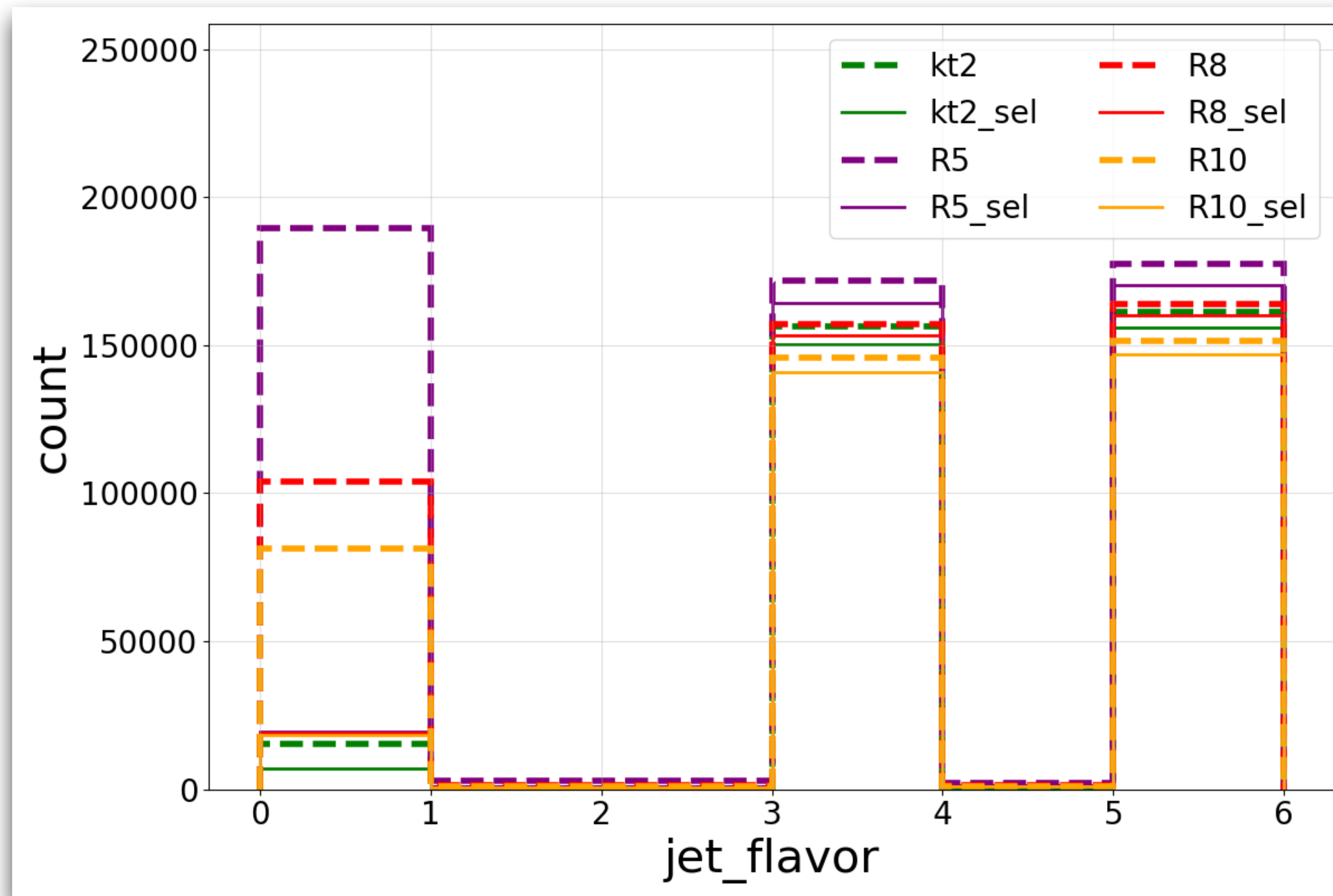
$\Delta R(b, W)$  from the same top decay

$\Delta\eta(b, s)$

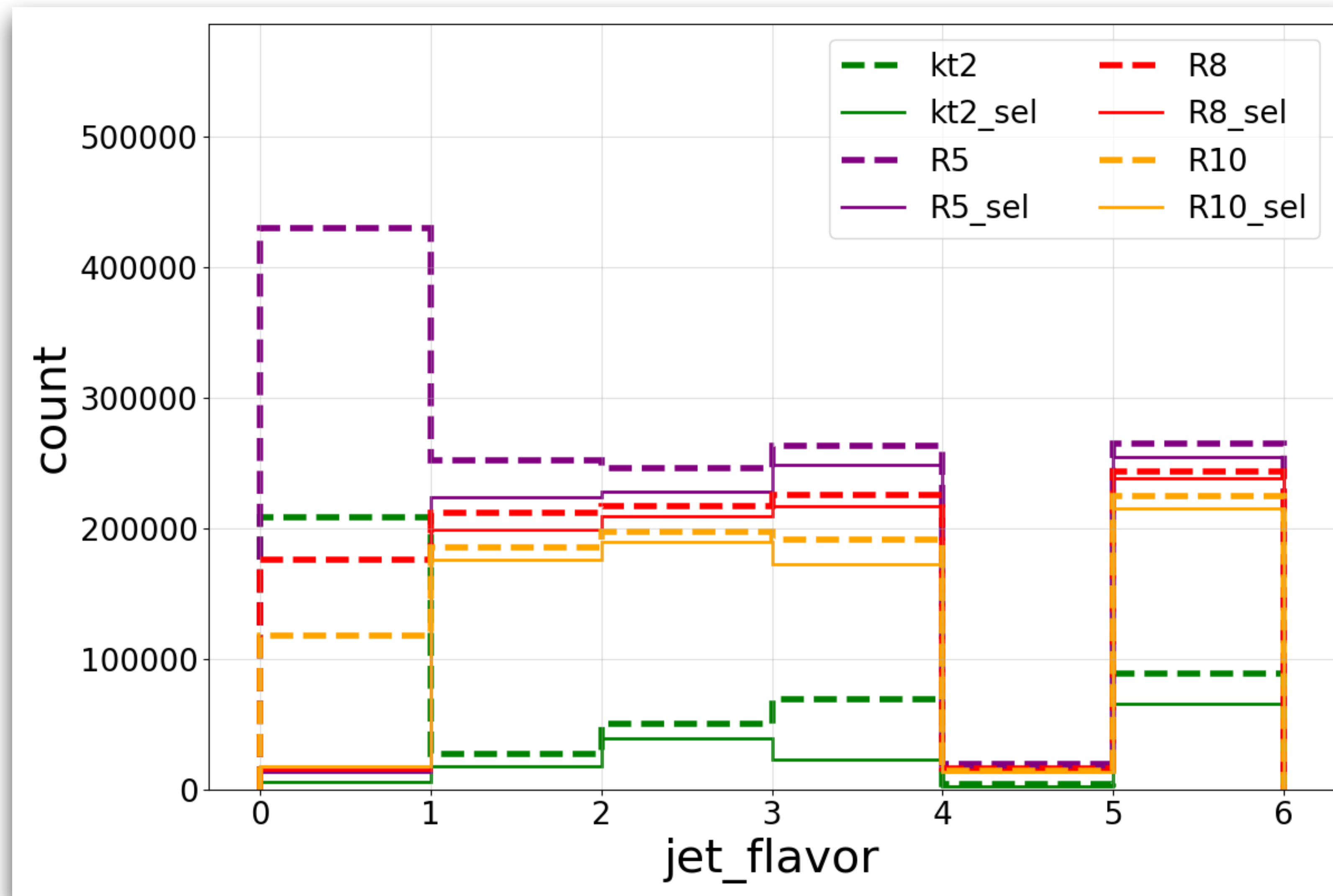


$\Delta\phi(b, s)$

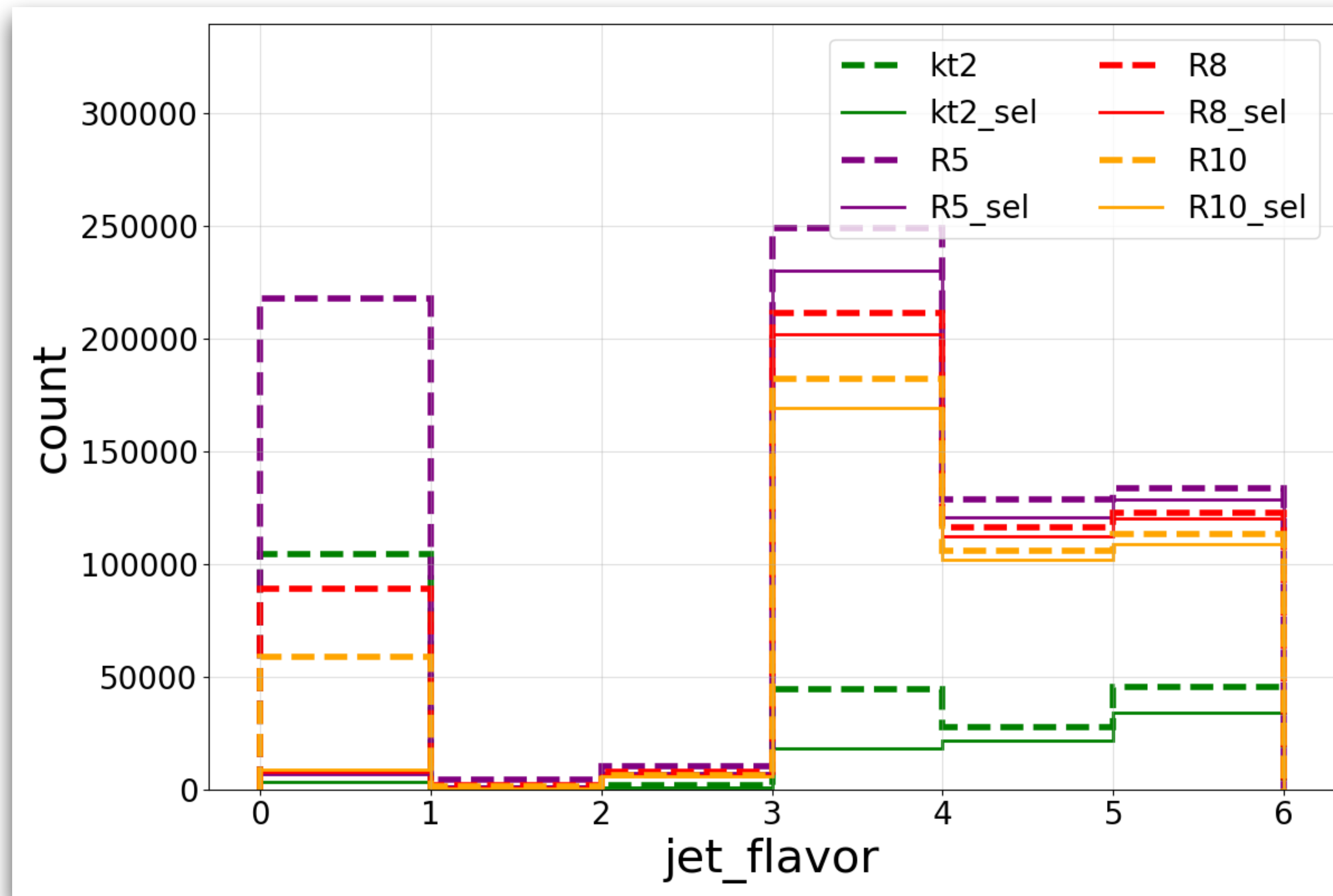
# Clustering perf - dileptonic



# Clustering perf - semilep Wud



# Clustering perf - semilep Wcs



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