The PICO Bubble Chamber Program

PICO

Special thanks to Colin Moore, Derek Cranshaw, and Eric Vazquez-Jauregui

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Presented at the 2024 McDonald Institute National Meeting on behalf of the PICO Collaboration August 9, 2024



### Overview

- Introduction to the PICO Collaboration
- Basic Principles of Bubble Chambers
- The PICO-40L Experiment: Operations and Projections
- The PICO-500 Experiment: The Near Future
- Conclusions and Outlook





### **THE COLLABORATION**





**‡** Fermilab

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R. Neilson

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A. Acevedo-Rentería. A. García-Viltres. E. Vázguez-Jáuregui



J. Basu, M. Das, V. Kumar





### EDI committee formed in August 2023

- 6 inaugural members, elected its own chair. 2 external advisors (Alex Pedersen and Erica Caden)
- reports to Science Board • with member(s) on the board and is empowered with a budget
- conducting activities (e.g., mental health workshop)
- finalizing its own self-• governance document
- working toward a climate survey as a baseline

R. Castilloux, R. Fournier, C. Gaudreau, P. Grvlls, A. Mathewson, I. Lawson, M. Ralph, S. Sekula



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Pacific Northwest NATIONAL LABORATORY









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J. Farine, A. Le Blanc, C. Licciardi, U. Wichoski



### **BASIC PRINCIPLES AND OPERATION**

## **COMPRESSED STATE**



### **EXPANSION**



### **EXPANDED STATE**



# NUCLEATION AND TRIGGER



### RECOMPRESSION



PICO

845

800

## **COMPRESSED STATE**





- Energy depositions from electron recoils insufficiently localized to form a bubble.
- Chamber is effectively blind to electron recoil interactions.



### PICO-40L and the Right-Side-Up (RSU) Design





- World-leading spin-dependent WIMP-proton crosssection limits in 2019. (<u>https://arxiv.org/abs/1902.04031</u>)
- Bellows above the active fluid, separated by a buffer fluid (water).
- Excess of background events at buffer-target interface.
- Geometry inverted relative to PICO-60, buffer fluid removed.
- Thermal gradient suppresses bubbles near bellows.
- Additionally validates the RSU design in anticipation of larger detectors. 13





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### PICO-40L



- Detector fully assembled and operational, water shielding in place.
- Stable long term event rates.
- Exquisite thermal stability and control during operation.





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### Wall Events and Bulk Events



- DM expected to scatter in target bulk, but imperfections in vessel can trigger bubble nucleation on the walls.
  - Distinguishable by eye from bulk events can "handscan" to remove wall events.

### Wall Events and Bulk Events





- PICO is instrumented with "Dytran" pressure sensors at top and bottom of pressure vessel – records <u>fast pressure change</u> during event.
- Dytran traces can be used to **distinguish wall from bulk** events.

### Neutron Suppression and Rejection





- Single scatter neutrons indistinguishable from WIMPs.
  - Large water shielding tank and careful material selection minimizes neutron background from external and internal sources, respectively.
- Neutrons likely to scatter multiple times in PICO-40L, leading to a multi-bubble event.
  - Ratio of multiples to singles (3:1) allows estimate of neutron contribution to signal.
  - Less than 1.0 single bubble event from neutrons per year expected.



Dytran sensors can also distinguish between single and multiple scattering events.

### **Background Rejection – Alphas**



- 10 piezoelectric sensors provide acoustic data during bubble formation.
- Alpha-induced bubbles several times louder than neutron-induced bubbles.
- Discrimination achieved using Acoustic Parameter (AP) a measure of acoustic power.
  - α's from different parts of the <sup>222</sup>Rn decay chain are distinguishable in AP

### **Position Reconstruction**





- Position reconstruction achieved by calculating intersection of light rays from the cameras through the detector
  - Obtained from detailed ray-tracing simulation using full detector geometry.

### **Projected Sensitivity**



- Factor of 5 improved sensitivity vs. PICO-60 despite similar mass, due to expected reduction in background (assuming 1 live-year of running).
  - Right-side-up design removed buffer fluid and therefore excess events at buffer-target interface.
  - > Larger pressure vessel provides better neutron shielding.



### **PICO-500**

### **PICO-500: The Near Future**

- Tonne-scale right-side-up bubble chamber. Scaling up the PICO-40L concept  $\geq$  PICO-40L validates and informs the design of PICO-500
- To be constructed in Cube Hall at SNOLAB parts have already begun to arrive!
- Scheduled to begin operations in late 2025.



### **The Cryopit**

Future home of tonne-scale neutrinoless double beta decay experiment

> Current home to staging and assembly area for PICO-500 and the Xenon Still Project





Cube Hall: Final Installation Area for PICO-500 next to DEAP-3600 and NEWS-G Cryopit: "Dishwasher" and Inner Vessel Assembly Facility

WET FLOOP





PICO-500 bellows, illustrated by Lily Hines (MI/Queen's)

### Summary

- PICO-40L physics program underway while validating right-side-up design.
- PICO-40L has completed a period of stable running → detailed analysis of the data is underway.
- PICO-500 construction ramping up
- This is a busy and exciting time for the PICO collaboration!





### APPENDIX

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- Discrimination achieved using Acoustic Parameter (AP) a measure of acoustic power.
  - $\alpha$ 's from different parts of the <sup>222</sup>Rn decay chain are distinguishable in AP

### **Stable Bubble Nucleation Threshold**



$$r_{c} = \frac{2\sigma}{P_{b} - P_{\ell}}$$

$$Q_{Seitz} = \underbrace{4\pi r_{c}^{2} \left(\sigma - T\frac{\partial\sigma}{\partial T}\right)}_{Surfacetension} + \underbrace{\frac{4\pi}{3} r_{c}^{3} \rho_{b} \left(h_{b} - h_{\ell}\right)}_{Convertingliquidtogas} - \underbrace{\frac{4\pi}{3} r_{c}^{3} \left(P_{b} - P_{\ell}\right)}_{Gasexpansion}$$

$$E_i on = 4\pi r_c^2 \left( \sigma - T \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial T} \right) + \frac{4\pi}{3} r_c^3 P_\ell$$

### Efficiency Curves: Carbon and Fluorine SNoLAB

