

# PERLE Status Report

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*on behalf of PERLE Collaboration*



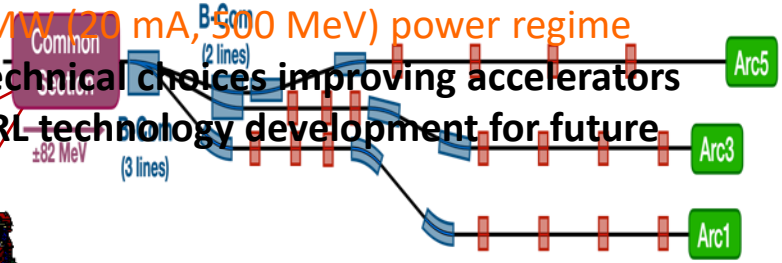
*European Laboratory Directors Group Meeting and Accelerator R&D Workshop*  
*6-7 June 2024 - **LBL** Brookhaven National Laboratory*

PERLE: first multi-turn ERL, based on SRF technology, designed to operate at 10MW (20 mA, 500 MeV) power regime

→ A hub to explore a broad range of accelerator phenomena and to validate technical choices improving accelerators efficiency in an unexplored operational power regime on the pathway of the ERL technology development for future energy and intensity frontier machines.



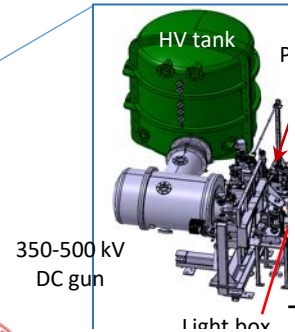
- Total gradient 82 MeV
- 3 acc & 3 decch beams at different energies travelling in the CM.

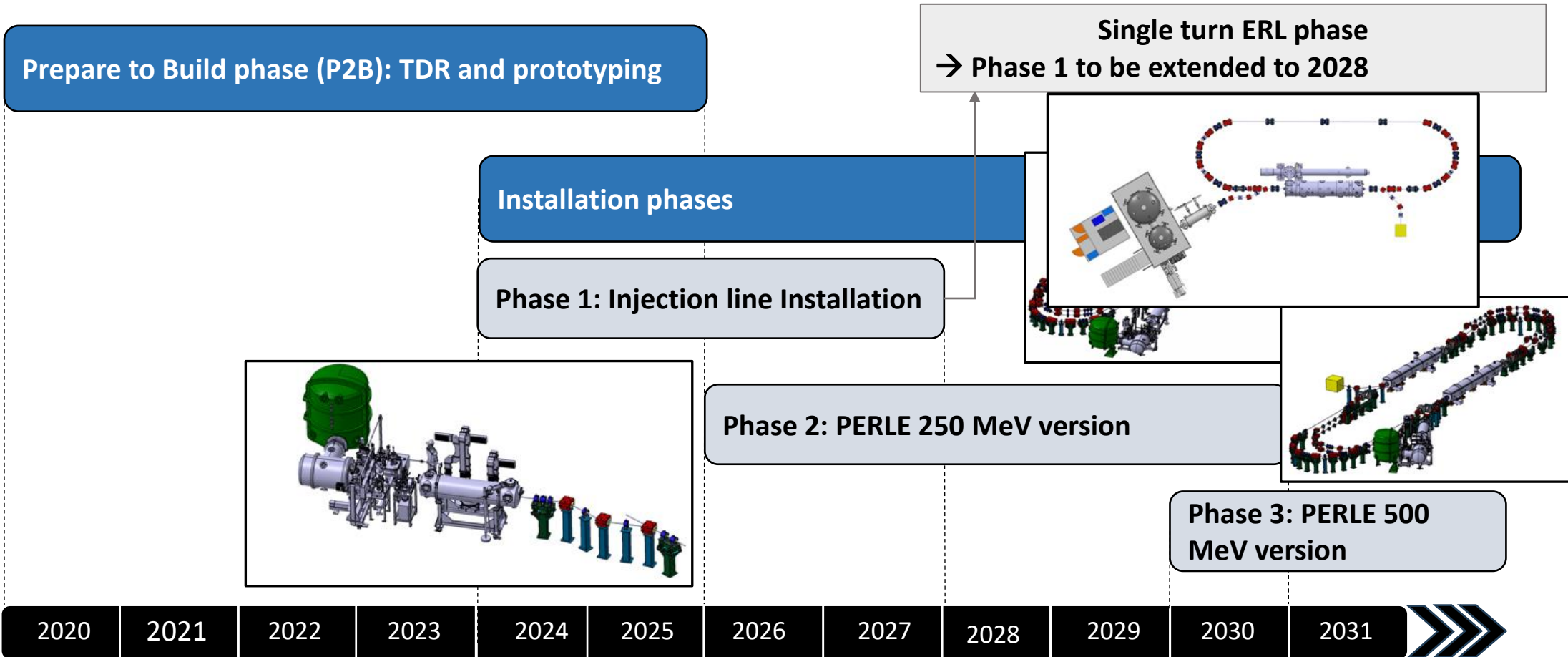


Switchyard: vertical separation/recombination of beams at different energies

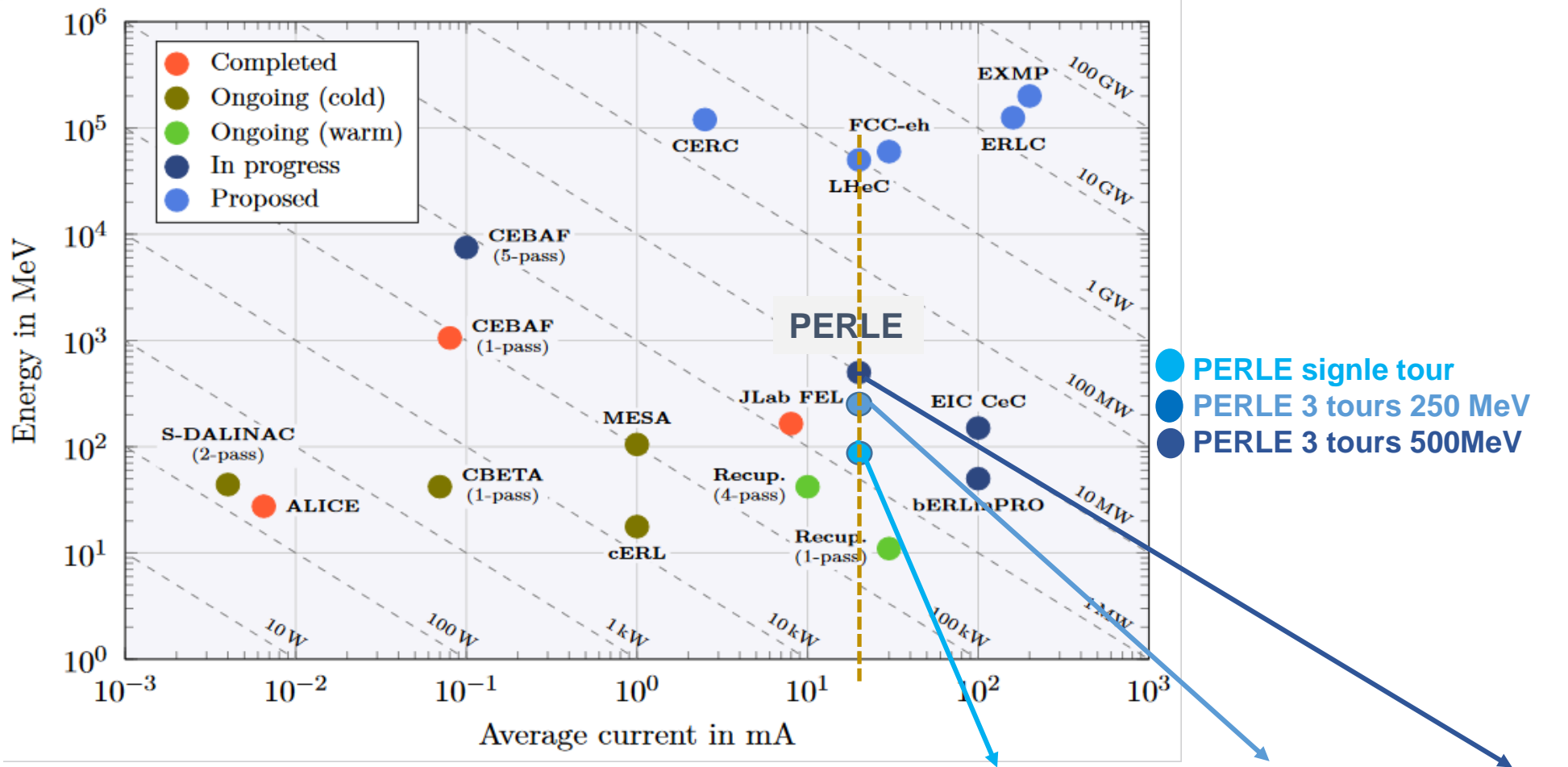
Target Parameter	Unit	Value
Injection energy	MeV	7
Electron beam energy	MeV	500
Normalised Emittance $\gamma\epsilon_{x,y}$	mm mrad	6
Average beam current	mA	20
Bunch charge	pC	500
Bunch length	mm	3
Bunch spacing	ns	25
RF frequency	MHz	801.58
Duty factor		CW

Beam dump  
Interaction Points





# PERLE Timeline (macroscopic view)



PHYSICAL REVIEW ACCELERATORS AND BEAMS 27, 031603 (2024)

Editors' Suggestion

## Beam dynamics driven design of powerful energy recovery linac for experiments

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Powerful ERL for experiments (PERLE) is a novel energy recovery linac (ERL) test facility [1], designed to validate choices for a 50 GeV ERL foreseen in the design of the Large Hadron Electron Collider and the Future Circular Collider and to host dedicated nuclear and particle physics experiments. Its main goal is to demonstrate the high current, continuous wave, multipass operation with superconducting cavities at 802 MHz. With very high beam power (10 MW), PERLE offers an opportunity for controllable study of every beam dynamic effect of interest in the next generation of ERLs and becomes a “stepping stone” between the present state-of-the-art 1 MW ERLs and the future 100 MW scale applications.

DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevAccelBeams.27.031603

The first paper on Beam Dynamics and PERLE Design has been published in Physical Review Accelerators and Beams (PRAB) and was also selected as a « PRAB Editors Suggestion » on the journal homepage alongside other highlighted articles:

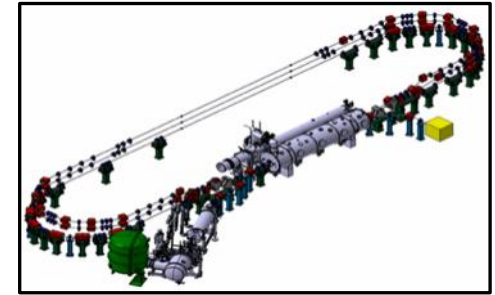
<https://journals.aps.org/prab>

The following studies was reported in this paper for the 500 MeV version of PERLE:

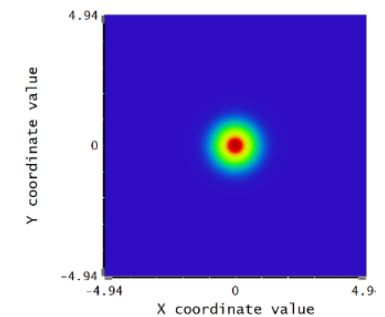
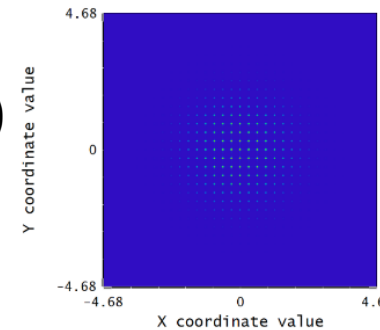
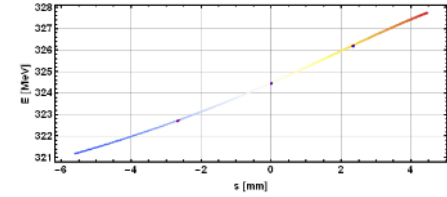
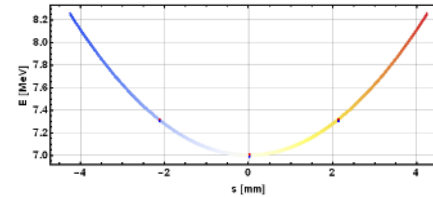
- Lattice architecture and optics
- Staging construction
- Injector and merger, space charge study
- Longitudinal matching
- Filling pattern and bunch timing options
- Start to end simulations with CSR and Wakefield
- BBU study

The effort is currently focused on the 250 MeV version of PERLE with a phase with a single tour.

The following beam dynamics studies are ongoing or done:

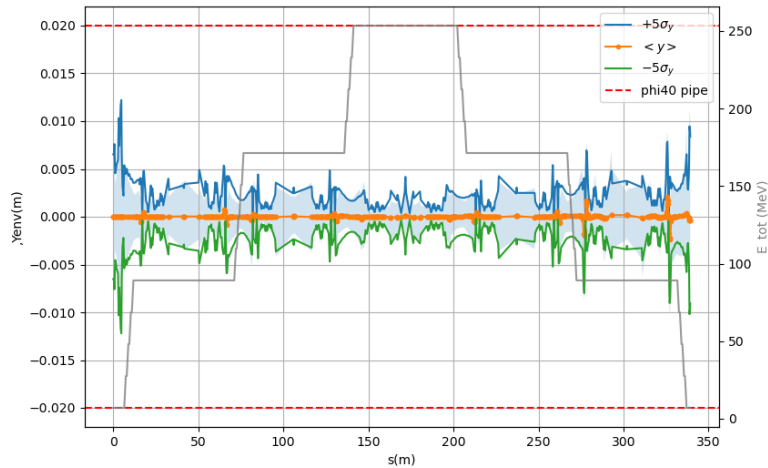


- Matching with collective effects
- Longitudinal phase space tuning and linearization
  - Linacs phases
  - Arc length correction
  - Focal conditions at IRs
- Diagnostics
  - Non destructive emittance measurement (DMD, MLA)
  - Beam losses and halo formation
  - 6D beam qualification

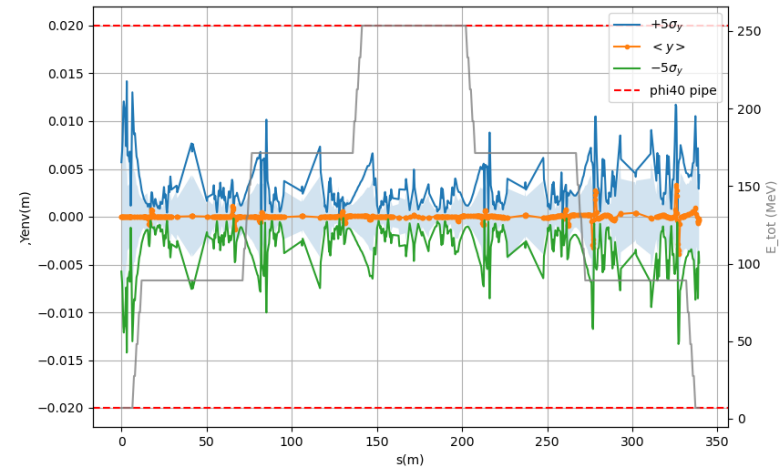


IJCLab, LPSC, CERN, Jlab, Liverpool, STFC, Lancaster, An-Najah

## Beam Losses study: Vertical $5\sigma$ beam envelop through PERLE (with space charge and CSR)



*Matched injector's distribution*



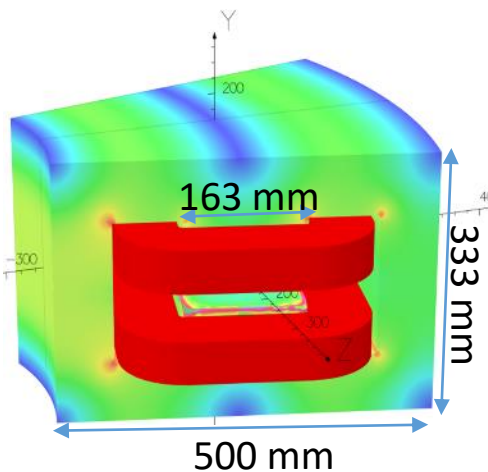
*Unmatched injector's distribution*

Beam pipe of  $\phi 40$  mm should be sufficient

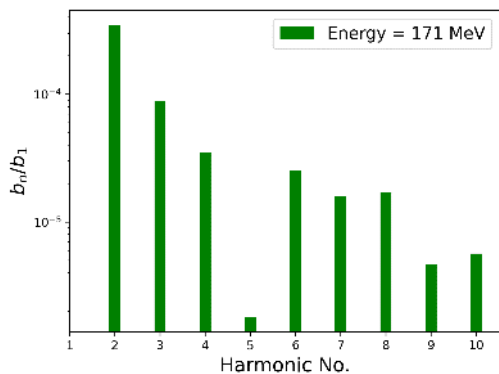
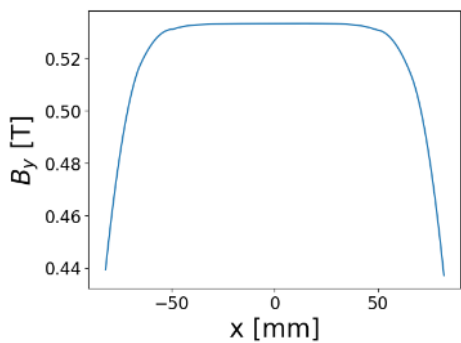
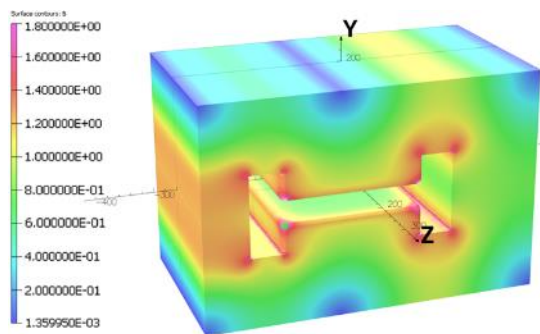
	X (mm)	px (mrad)	Y (mm)	py (mrad)	delta (%)
Max value tolerable	2.5	2	7	5	1
Min value tolerable	-2	-2	-9	-5	-1

Table 2: Tolerances of PERLE for shifts in the phase space of the initial distribution (Connor).

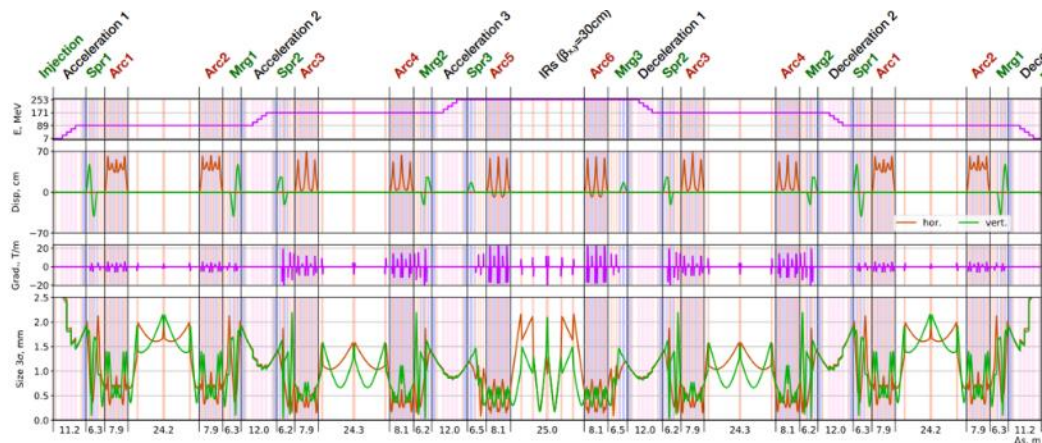
### S-bend in Arcs



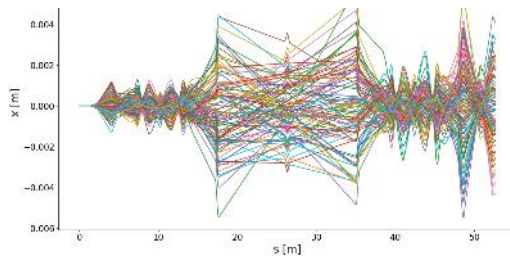
### B-com in Spreader



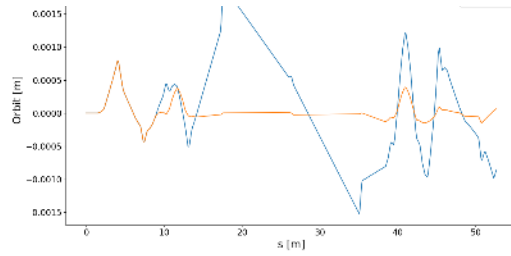
IJCLab, LPSC, Jlab, An-Najah



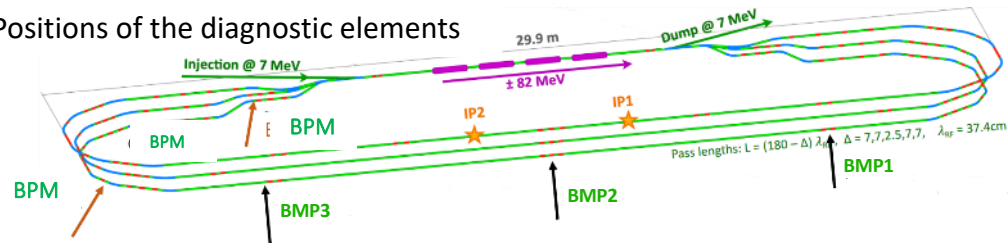
### Effect of quads misalignments on x-orbit



### Before/after correction (with kickers)



### Positions of the diagnostic elements





## Collaboration IJCLab-LPSC & RI GmbH

Within a Collaboration Agreement for photoinjector R&D between IJCLab (IN2P3) and Research Instruments GmbH (RI), Hardware of lighthouse project (terminated) transferred to IJCLab for PERLE. The gun was commissioned and tested at high rep rate, at a limited bunch charge. It includes:



A DC Gun, Cornell design (400 pC, 50 MHz demonstrated), fully equipped (all pumps) in load-lock version



HV power supply suited for high bunch charge (designed for 40 mA, 450 kV)

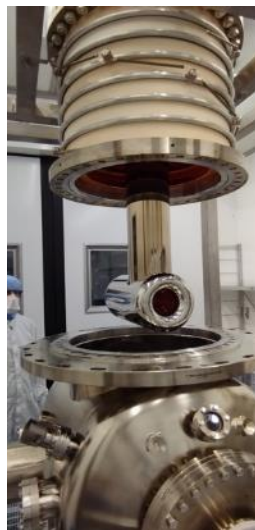


A Photocathode Preparation Facility (PPF)

Dismantling of the PPF (**September 2023**)



Gun status : dismantling of the gun in clean room (**January 2024**)

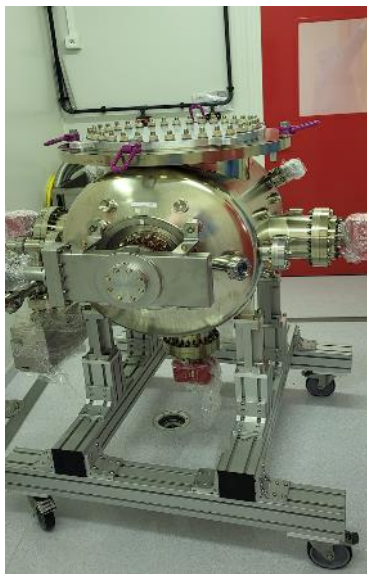


Dismantling of the HV Columns tanks  
Dismantling of the platform done by  
Baumann (**November 2023**)





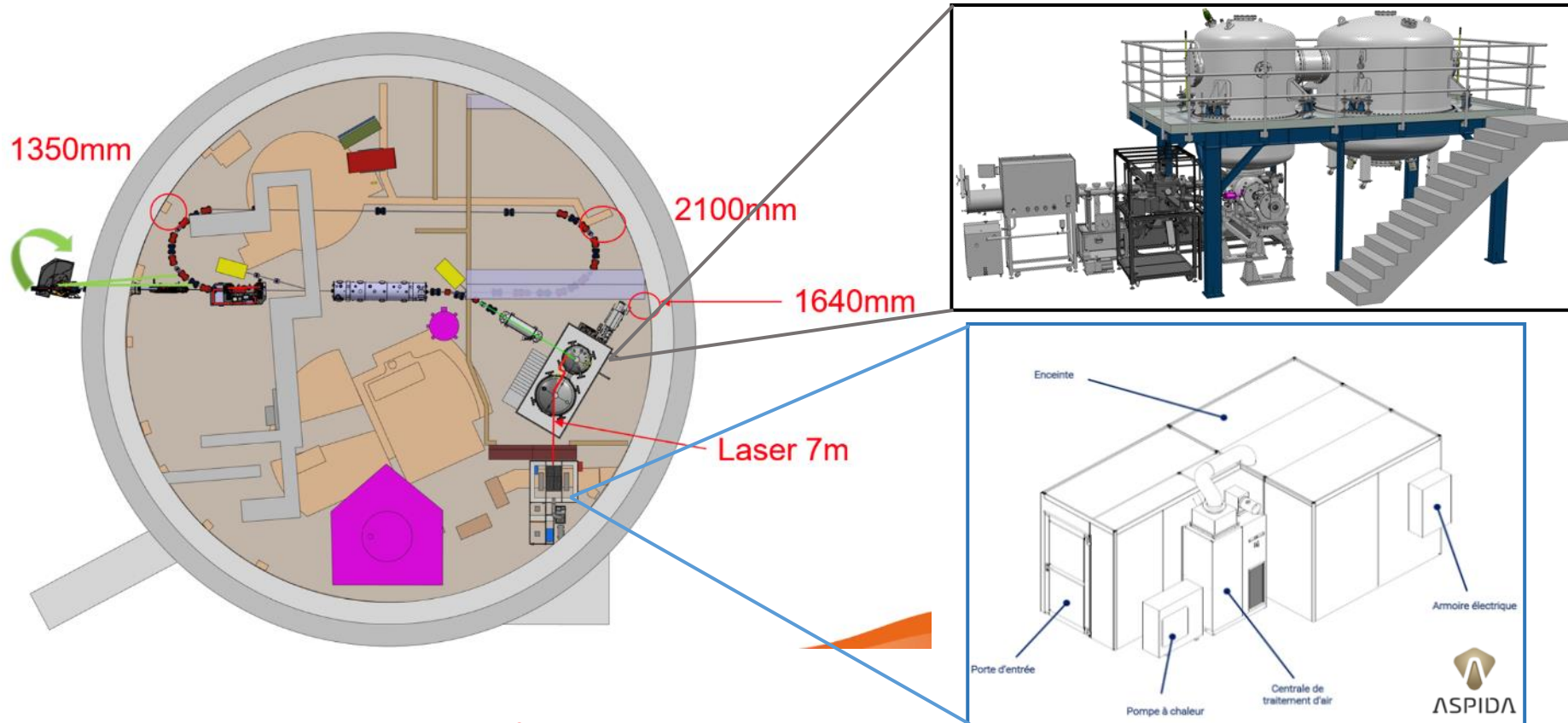
The equipment were received at Orsay end of January



The installation at IJCLab well advanced in the IGLOO

After site studies of the the two possible locations to host PERLE (Super ACO hall and Igloo):

**The IGLOO was the preferred solution.** Progress on Infrastructure and safety issues



**Implantation in igloo being finalized**

**Laser clean room: delivered in June 2024**

- PERLE buncher cERL-type design
  - cERL-type buncher heating and cooling

Collaboration IJCLab-ESS Bilbao

(some summary highlights...)

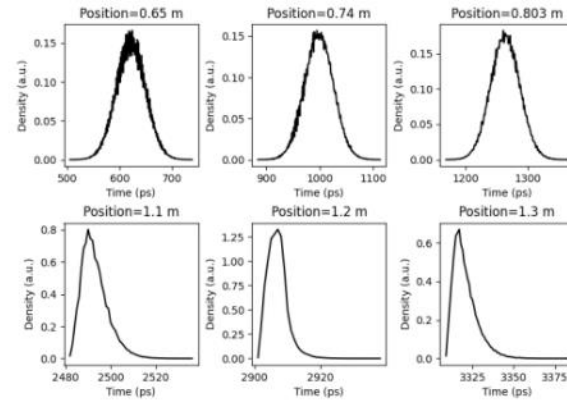
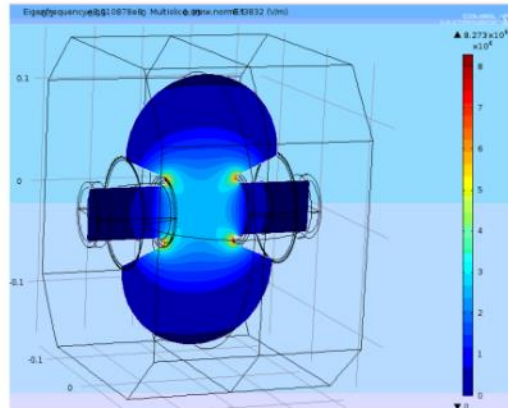
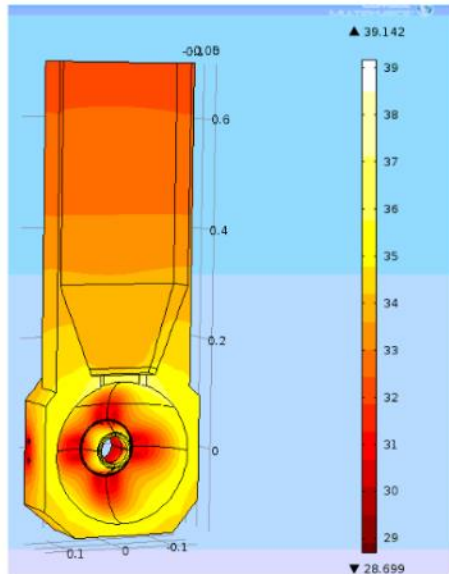
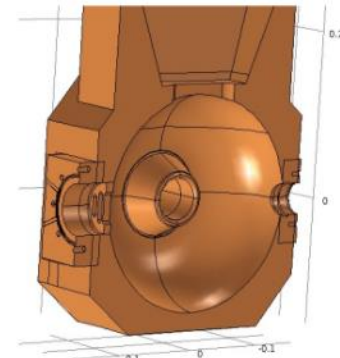
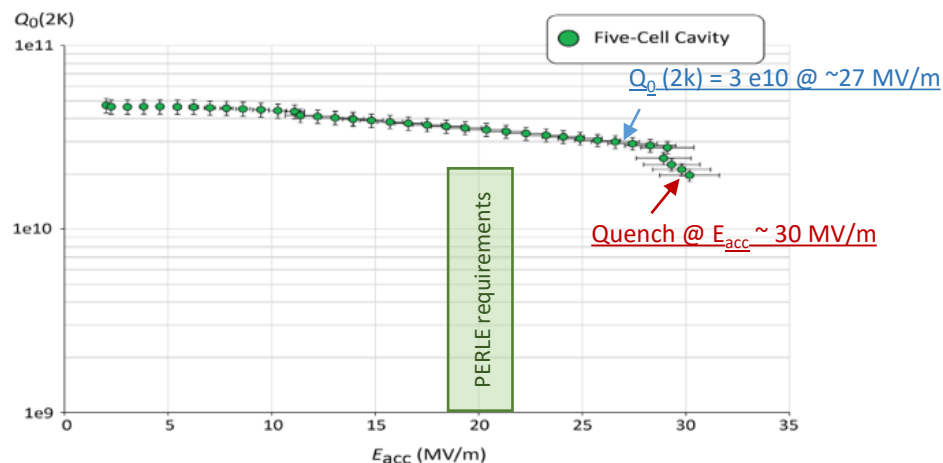
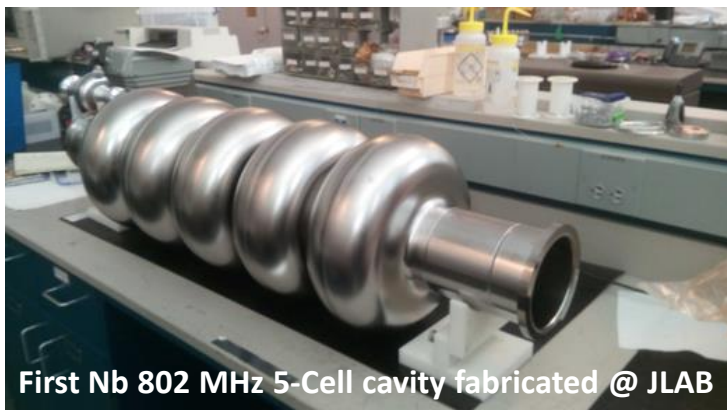


Figure of merit	PERLE buncher cERL-like optimized	Figure of merit	PERLE buncher cERL-like optimized
Input power	5 kW	Iris a	0.070 m
$V_0$	0.21 MV	Iris b	0.020 m
TTF	0.84	Wave guide	WR-975 (274.65 mm, 123.80 mm). Taper=0.5
Gradient ( $V_c/T/L_{acc}$ )	1.392 MV/m	S11dB	-35.81 dB
Power loss	4972 W	ZTT	49.7 M $\Omega$ /m
$R_sTT = (V_0T)^2 / P_{loss}$	6.26 M $\Omega$	Esurf_max	8.21 MV/m

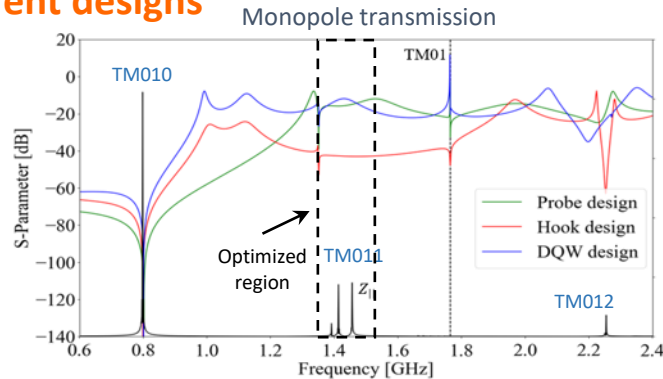
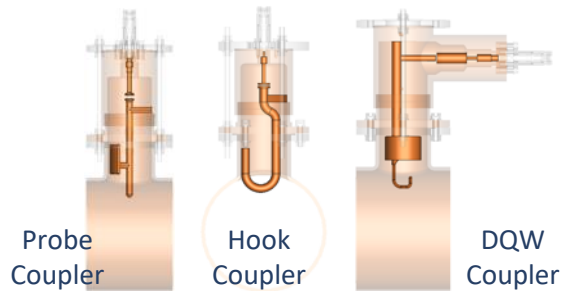


Important progress in the RF design, thermal and beam dynamics simulations of a buncher cavity for PERLE by colleagues from ESS-Bilbao.

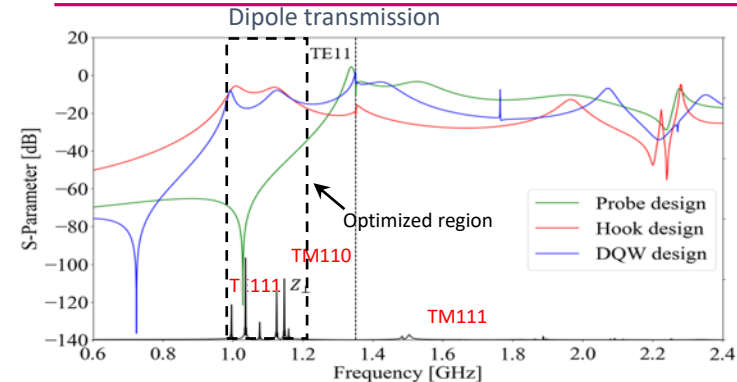
PERLE Requirements	Impacts	Challenges	Possible Solutions
CW operation (RF)	High dynamic losses	The highest cavity $Q_0$	Cavity post-treatment (Doping, infusion...)
High current operation	High HOMs excitation	Efficient HOMs extraction & damping	Act on cavity design: low frequency cavity choice (< 1GHz), larger cavity aperture, fewer cells for the a given gradient, optimisation of end-cell design.
Muti-bunches operation	Increase beam instabilities	The highest BBU threshold	Regular spacing of bunches: optimisation of the bunch filling pattern during Lattice design + BBU study after HOM optimisation (including collective effects).



## HOM coupler optimization of 3 different designs

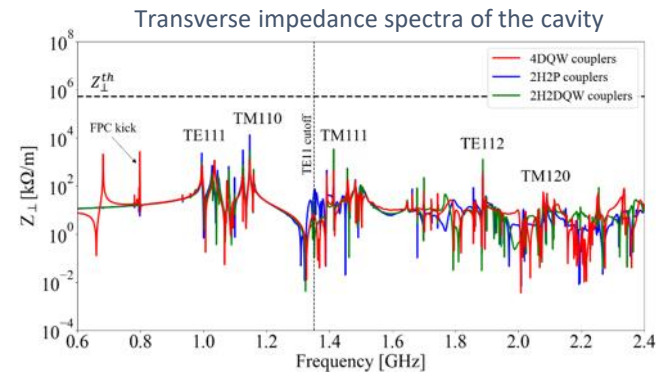
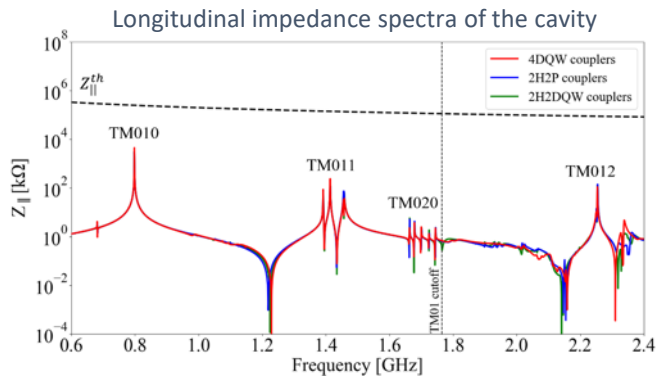
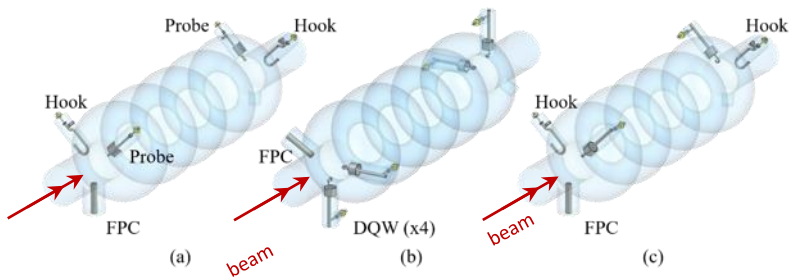


## Collaboration IJCLab-Jlab and CERN



- Couplers were geometrically optimized according to HOM spectrum ( $Z_{||}$  and  $Z_{\perp}$ ) & S-parameters btw port 1 (beam pipe) & port 2 (coupler output) were studied.
- The hook coupler provides higher damping of the first two dipole passbands (TE111 and TM110)
- The DQW coupler exhibits a better monopole coupling for TM010 mode than the probe design.

## Study of 2 damping schemes with 4 HOM couplers (Especially for dipole HOM extraction)

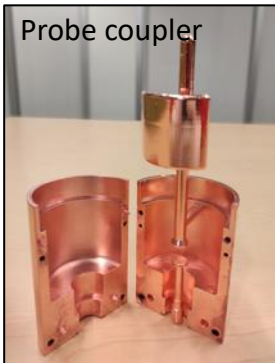


→ Promising results of the 4 DQW scheme: It allows damping both monopole and dipole HOMs below the analytically-computed beam-stability limits

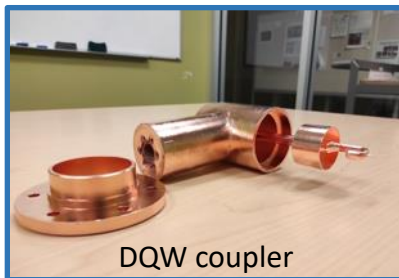
From RF design to performance measurements: **Successful collaborative effort between IJCLab, Jefferson Lab & CERN**



Hook coupler

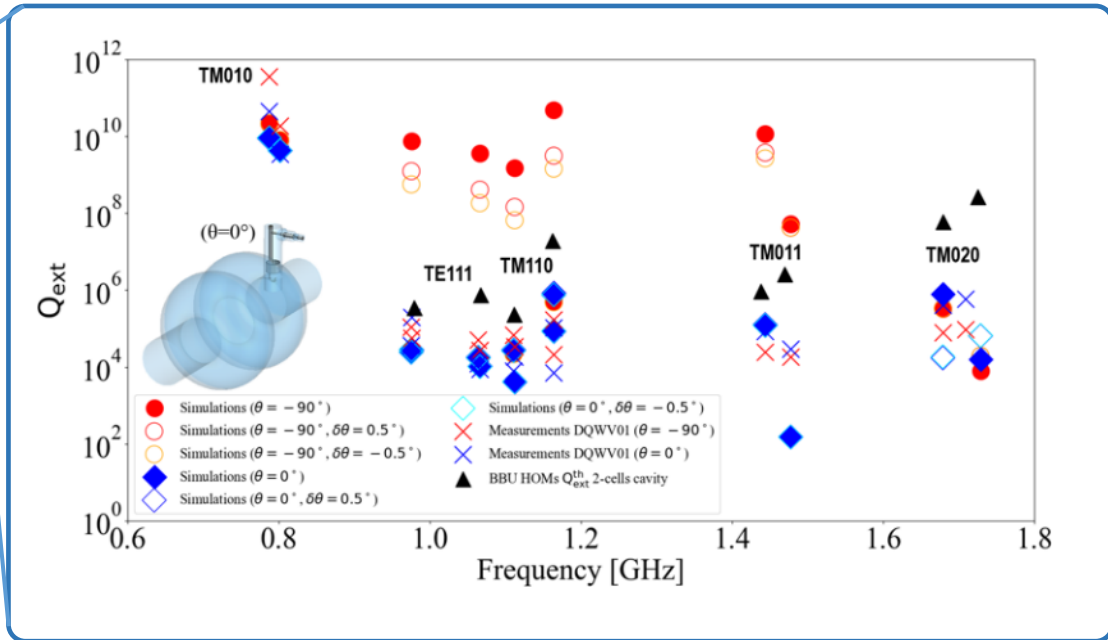
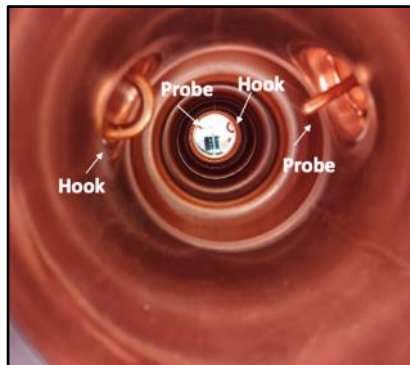


Probe coupler



DQW coupler

3D-printed prototype (Epoxy Accura 48) copper-coated @CERN



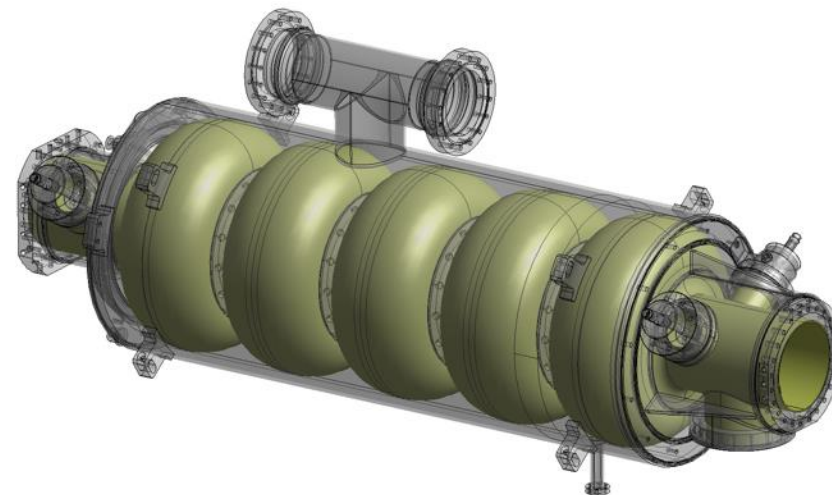
Ultimately, we aim to produce Nb HOM couplers with optimised design and to install them on a new Nb 5-cell PERLE cavity with optimised end groups. **The Production of 4 cavity scheduled within the ISAS program (Starting from 2024).**

C. Barbagallo et al. "First RF measurements of coaxial HOM coupler prototypes in a copper cavity for the PERLE project"- IPAC'23- MOPA025



## Current work:

- Specifications of the 5-Cell 800 MHz cavity is under finalisation.
- A review meeting on the cavity post-production processes recipes (EP, BCP, Mid-T baking...) was organised end of March with international experts.



## Within iSAS program:

- The Nb procurement procedure will be lunched before summer (for single and multi-cell cavities).
- It is foreseen to lunch the procurement procedure of 4 cavities also before summer.

IJCLab, JLab, CERN and including now LASA-Milano

Discussions/work with **Jlab & CERN** to pursue the R&D on 802 MHz cavities (Synergy with FCCee):

- Optimisation surface treatment recipe (Mid-T baking, EP/PCB) and cold tests.
- **A CERN single-cell cavity fabricated by Jlab was received at IJLab end of May.**
- A common single-cell shape will be adopted for FCCee R&D and PERLE booster.

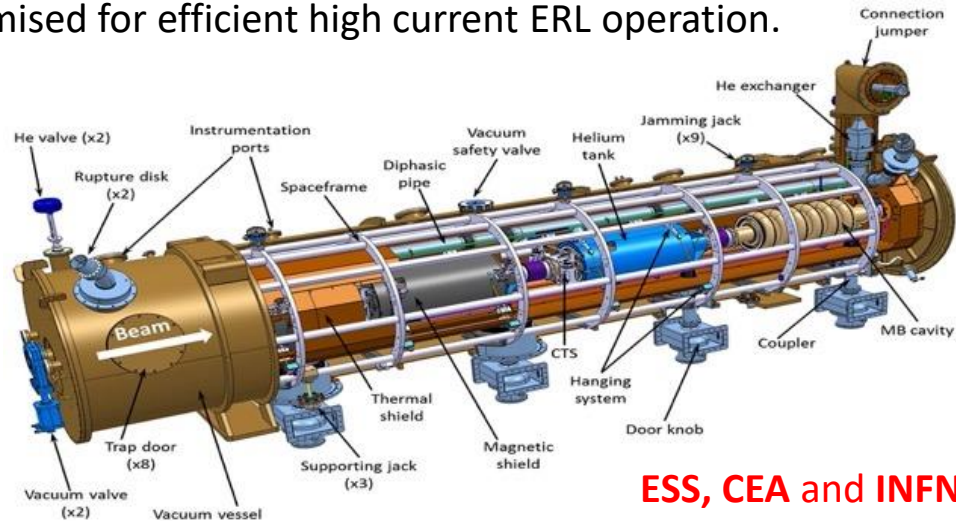
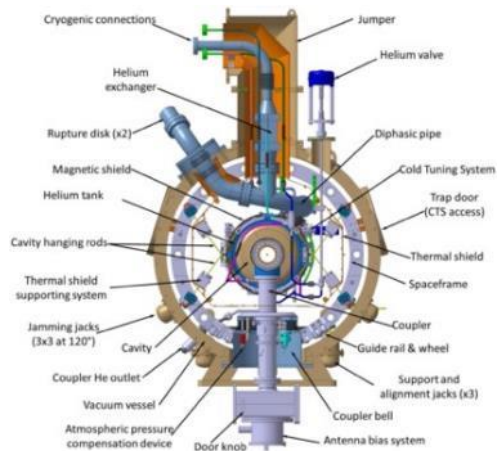




April 15-16, 2024: Kick-off of the European project ISAS (Innovate for Sustainable Accelerating Systems)  
<https://indico.ijclab.in2p3.fr/event/9521/>

**WP6: Integration of RF systems (SRF Cavities, HOM couplers & absorbers, Fundamental Power Couplers) optimized and developed within ISAS project into the 1<sup>st</sup> Cryomodule for PERLE- Foreseen for 2027**

The cryomodule adapted from ESS design, will be optimised for efficient high current ERL operation.



**ESS, CEA and INFN-LASA**  
involved in this work

○ **The 2<sup>nd</sup> Cryomodule of PERLE: Foreseen after 2030**

May include some/all the technologies studied within iSAS program to improve the efficiency of Cryomodules: Ferro-electric Fast Reactive Tuner (FE-FRT) for microphonics mitigation, LLRF managed by AI and 4.2 K Cavities operating.

- ❖ **PERLE@Orsay : International collaboration formed**  
Recently extended within iSAS for cryomodule work



+ Contributions through iSAS of

- ❖ **PERLE@Orsay proceed by phases :**

- **Phase 1:** Injection line Installation + **Single turn** (2028)
- **Phase 2:** PERLE 250 MeV version (2030)
- **Phase 3:** PERLE 500 MeV version (> 2030)

*Still opened to new comers*

- ❖ **PERLE@Orsay : Recent achievements**

- **The site is chosen :** IGLOO. Progresses on Infrastructure and Safety issues
- **Installation of the DC gun started** – will be finalised by end 2024, commissioning in 2025.
- Significant **progresses in buncher design**.
- A common single-cell shape cavity will be adopted for **FCCee R&D and PERLE booster**.
- Progresses on **magnet design** and orbit corrections / diagnostic
- Specifications of the **5-Cell 800 MHz cavity is under finalisation**. Procurement of 4 cavities before summer 2024
- The **cryomodule adapted from ESS design**. Significant progress → in phase with the 2027 delivery (iSAS)

- ❖ **PERLE@Orsay**

- ❖ **Human resources significantly increased** (permanent researchers, technical staff, Post-Doc & PhD)
- ❖ **Financial support for Phase 1** (single tour) well on the way to completion.



# Backup



# Challenges toward PERLE realisation

## Development of high current electron sources:

- **DC gun:** high charge production at high repetition rate, high cathode field & high vacuum
- **New photocathode materials** with high quantum efficiency and long life time (CsKSb, GaAS...)

## Beam dynamics & instrumentation:

- Specific simulation tools for ERL adapted to high-power beams at different energies and currents
- Development of **high dynamic range instrumentation** allowing high beam control at different functioning phases (commissioning, ramping-up and operation), and also to discern beams from “undesired” one (halo):
  - **Non-invasive** diagnostics: optical system for beam imaging
  - BPMs and BAMs **adapted to multi-turn**
  - Sensitive BLMs for the **monitoring of beam loss and beam halo**

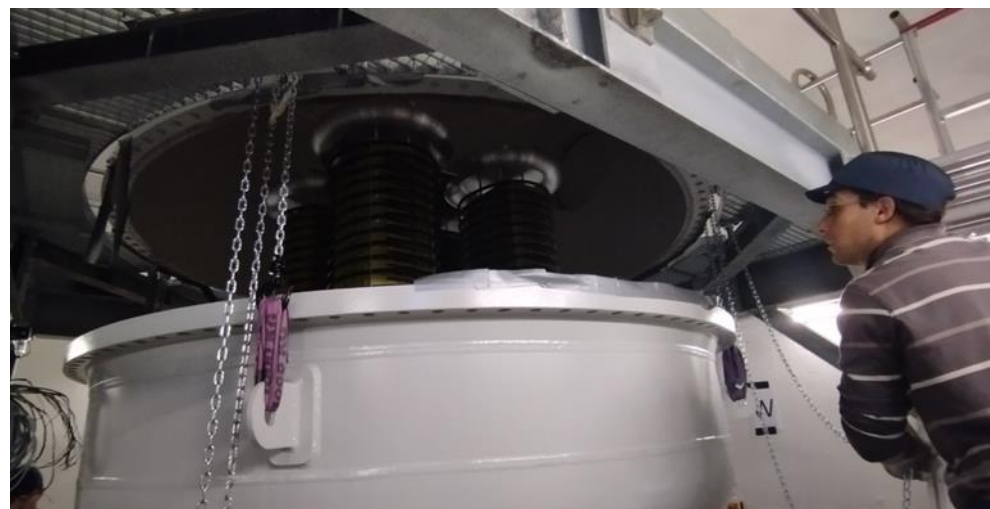
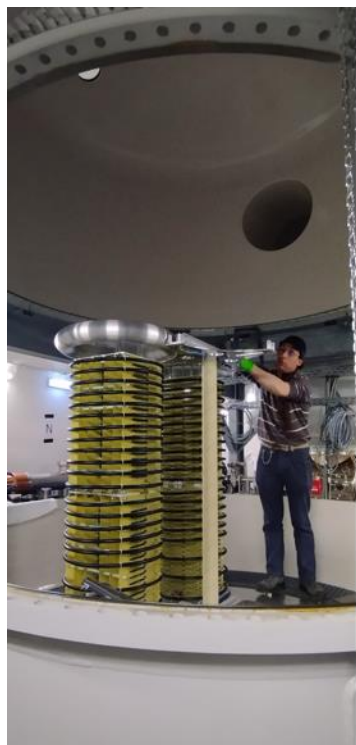
## SRF Cavity and High Order Mode (HOM) damping:

- For operation in CW mode with the **minimum dynamic loss**, cavity should have the **highest  $Q_0$** : **Thermal treatment** (Doping, infusion, medium temperature annealing) or R&D on SRF material for 4,2K operation (Nb3Sn or others...)
- Development of **Fast Reactive Tuners (FRTs)** adapted to cavity and cryomodule to mitigate cavity detuning by microphonics.
- Efficient HOM extraction w/o increasing cryoload, to preserve beam quality & avoid its disruption by wakefields
  - **Cavity design choices** should integrate the HOM extraction issue: frequency optimisation, large aperture, few cells, optimised end group)
  - Design of **specific HOM couplers** & optimisation of the damping scheme
  - Study the need of **additional absorber** in the beam line

## Dismantling of the PPF (September 2023)

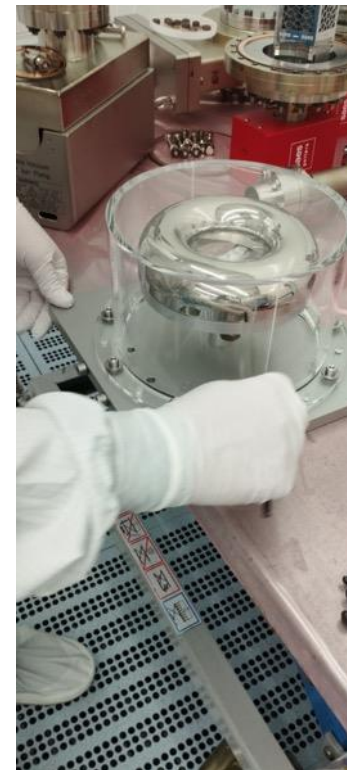
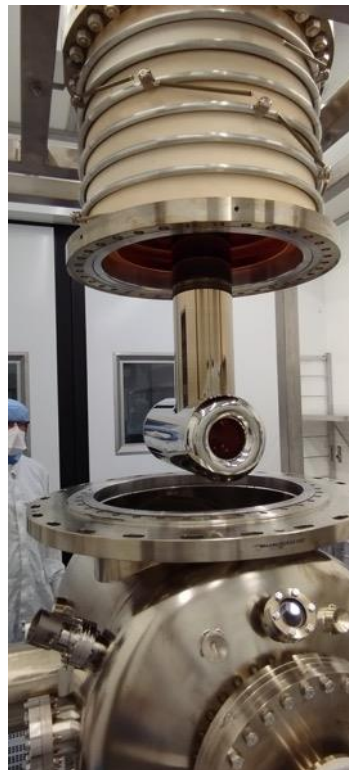


## Dismantling of the HV Columns tanks Dismantling of the platform done by Baumann (November 2023)





## Gun status : dismantling of the gun in clean room (January 2024)





The equipment were received at Orsay in 2 lots, end of December and end of January. The installation at IJCLab already started



The equipment were received at Orsay end of January



The installation at IJCLab already started