

Readout of Straw Tube Tracker for Neutrino Physics

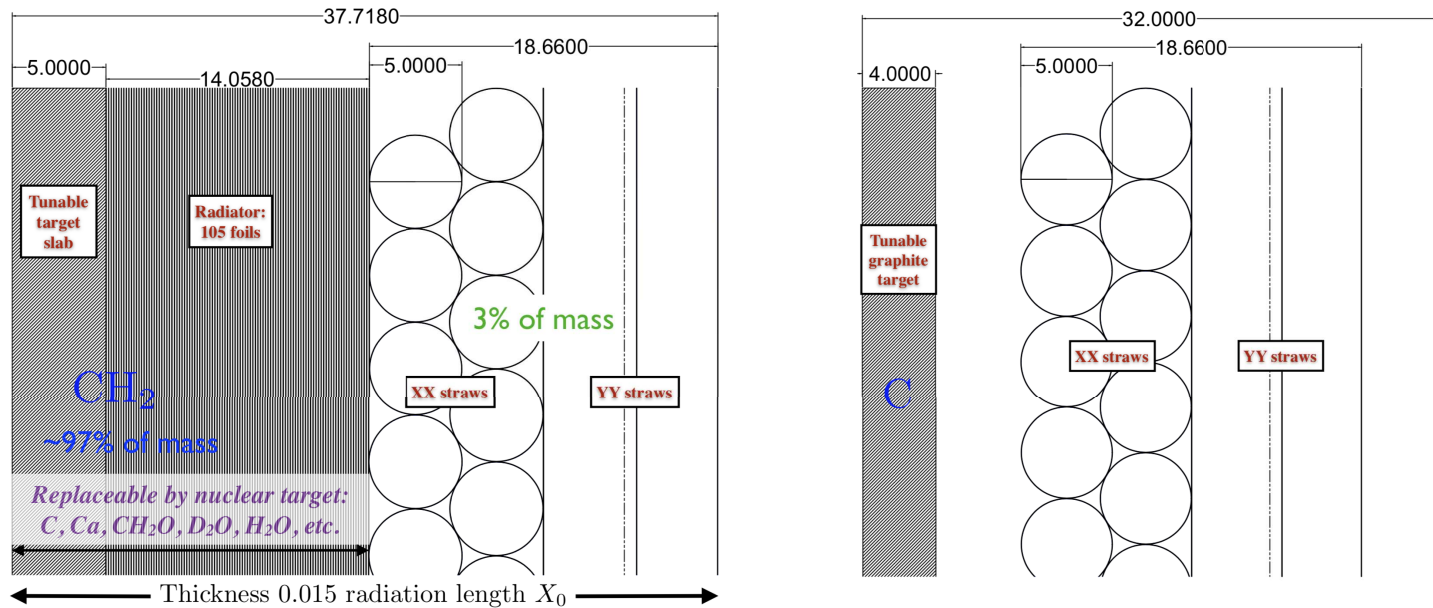
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for the WP3 Project D

*DRD1 collaboration meeting
Topical workshop on electronics for gaseous detectors
June 19th 2024, CERN*

STRAW TUBE TRACKER FOR NEUTRINO PHYSICS



- ◆ Many (~80-100) thin (~1.5% X_0) passive targets separated from active detector (straw layers);
- ◆ Targets of high chemical purity (~ 97% of mass) keeping average density $\rho \leq 0.17 \text{ g/cm}^3$
- ◆ High track sampling: 0.15 (0.36)% $X_0 \perp (\parallel)$ with total detector dimensions $\sim 1X_0$;
- ◆ "Solid" hydrogen target from a subtraction of CH_2 & C targets;
- ◆ Common tracking modules with 4 XXYY straw layers across entire detector.

⇒ Individual targets can be replaced with planar targets of desired material of varying thickness

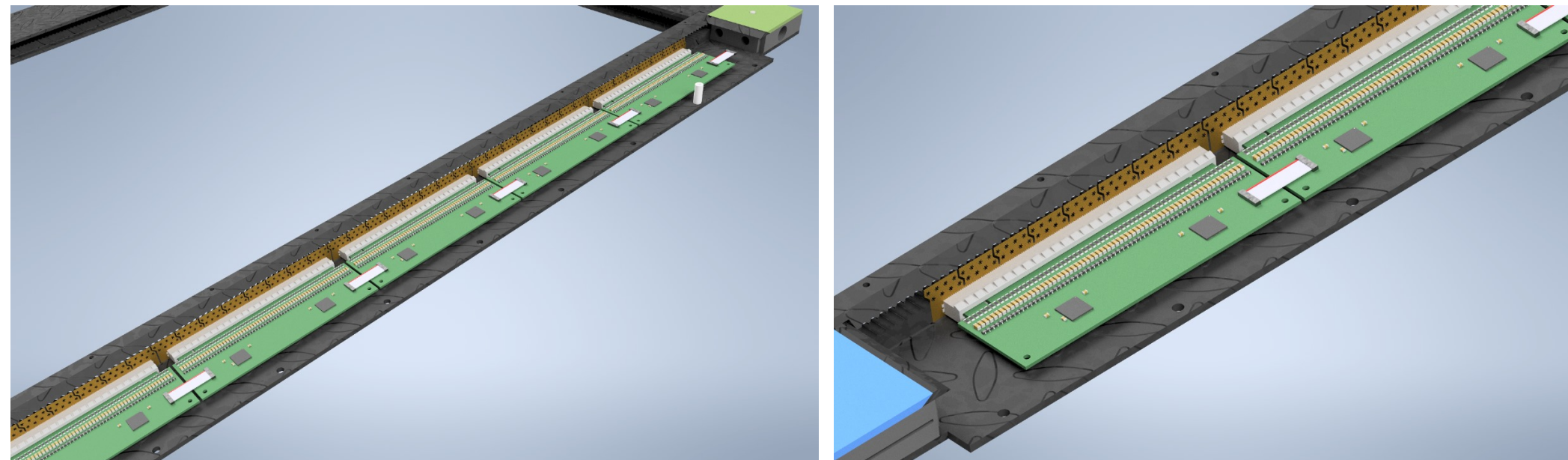
REQUIRED PERFORMANCE

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- ◆ *STT designed to offer a control of ν -target(s) similar to e^\pm fixed-target experiments*
⇒ *Detector fully tunable/configurable during data taking*
- ◆ *Low-density design & target mass allow accurate in-situ calibrations:*
 - $\Delta p < 0.2\%$ momentum scale uncertainty from $K_0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ in STT volume ($\sim 300k$);
 - p reconstruction and identification, vertex, etc. from $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ in STT volume ($\sim 500k$);
 - e^\pm reconstruction and identification from $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$ in STT volume ($\sim 10^7$).
- ◆ *Combined particle ID & tracking over the entire STT volume:*
 - *Electron ID with Transition Radiation (TR) and $dE/dx \Rightarrow \pi/e \sim 10^{-3}$* ;
 - 4π detection of π^0 from γ conversions ($\sim 49\%$) within the STT volume;
 - $p/\pi/K$ ID with dE/dx , range, and time-of-flight with surrounding calorimeter.⇒ *Readout of both drift time and charge with 10^3 dynamic range for $\mathcal{O}(100k)$ straws*
- ◆ *Accurate reconstruction of transverse plane kinematics from particle 4-momenta:*
 - “Transparent” target/tracker system with dimensions $\sim 1X_0$ and 4π acceptance;
 - Momentum resolution $\delta p/p \sim 3\%$, angular resolution $\sim 1-2$ mrad.

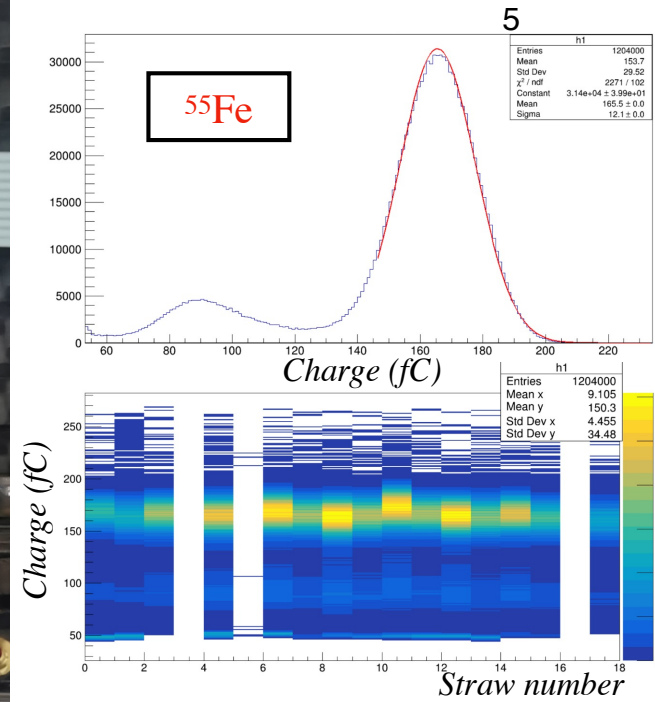
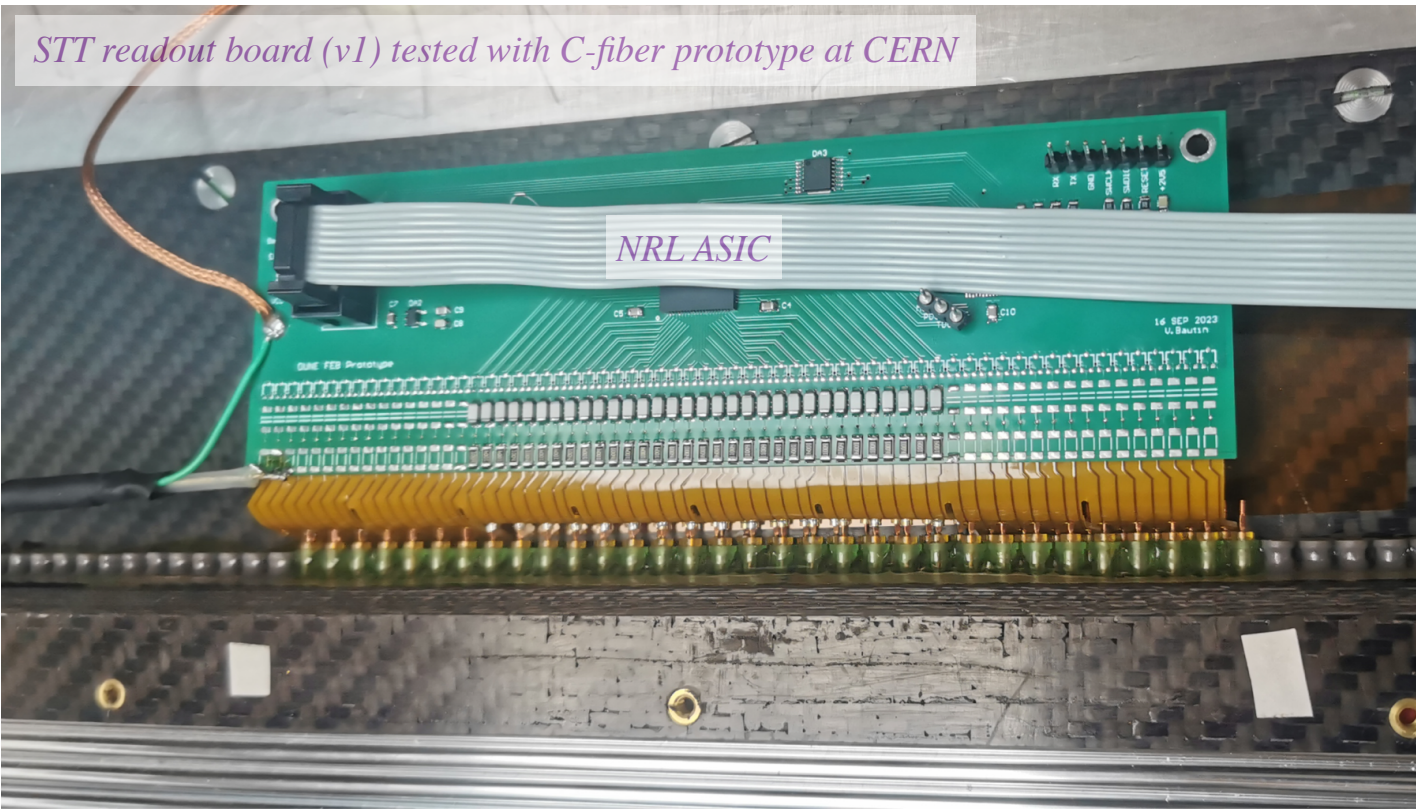
INTEGRATED STT READOUT BOARDS

V. Bautin

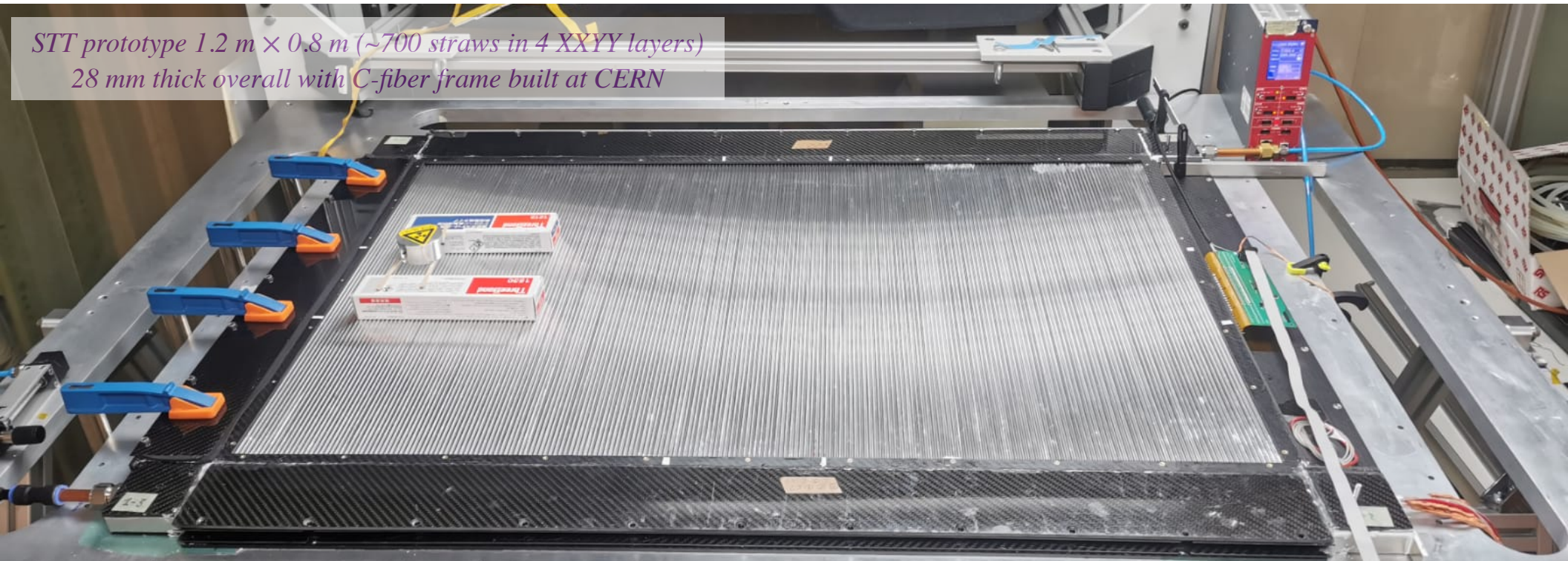


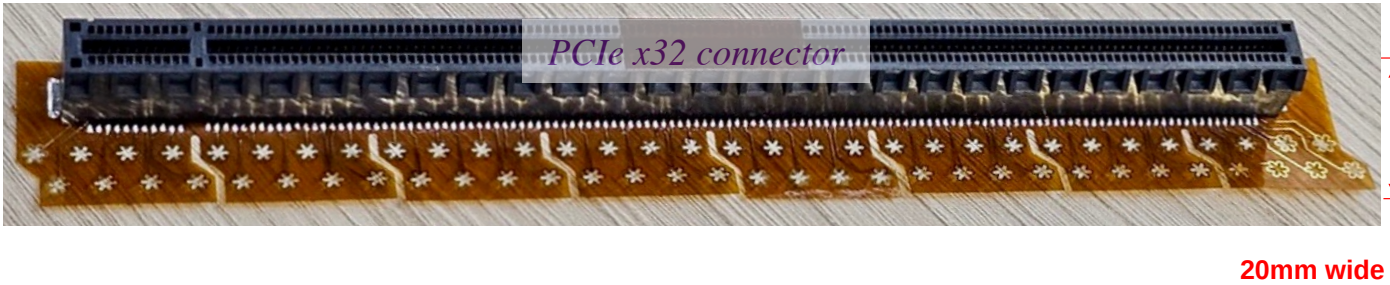
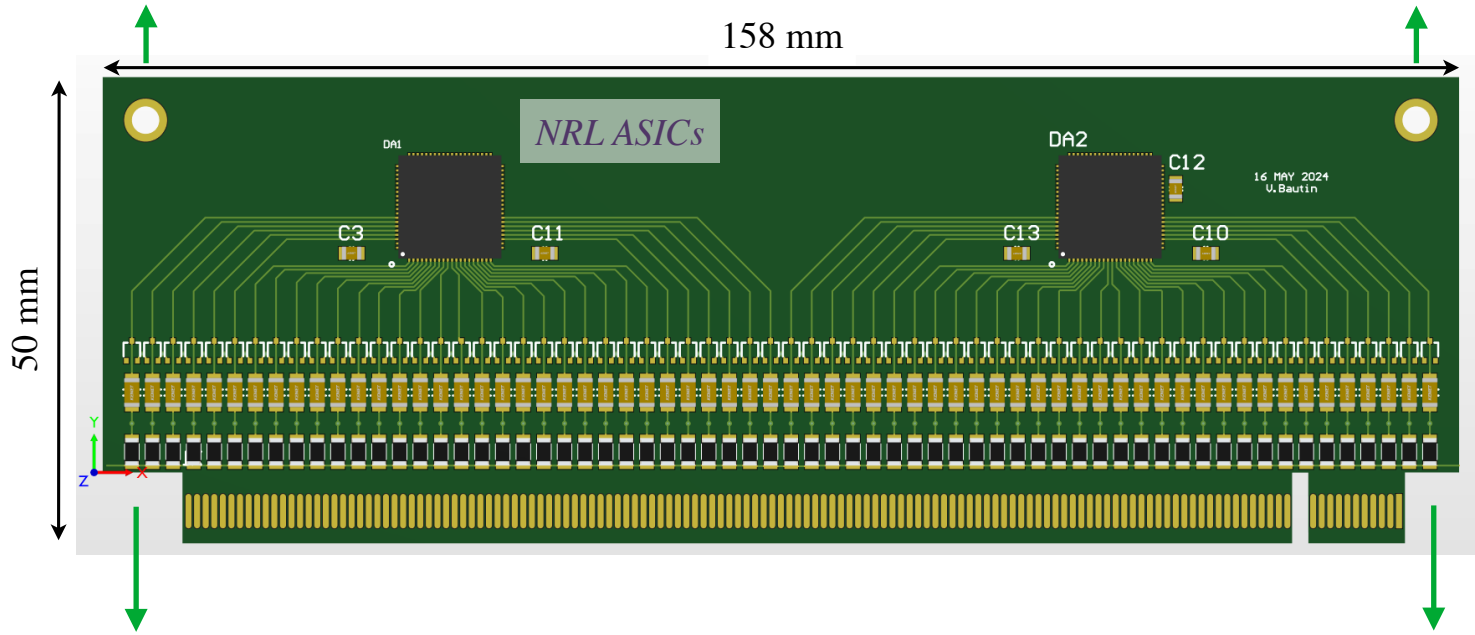
- ◆ *Integrated boards reading up to 64 straws each with ASIC + micro-controller (MCU):*
 - *Connection with straw pins via flexible kapton PCBs with PCIe connector for easy upgradability/replacement;*
 - *Design variants with different ASICs: NRL analog (G. De Geronimo), VMM3a, custom ASIC;*
 - *Surge protections, LV fuses, and Solid State Relay (SSR) for HV connect/disconnect.*
- ◆ *Low-power boards (~0.65 W for 64 channels with NRL ASIC) minimizing signal path*
 ⇒ *First version (v1) successfully tested, prototypes of revised version (v2) in preparation*

STT readout board (v1) tested with C-fiber prototype at CERN

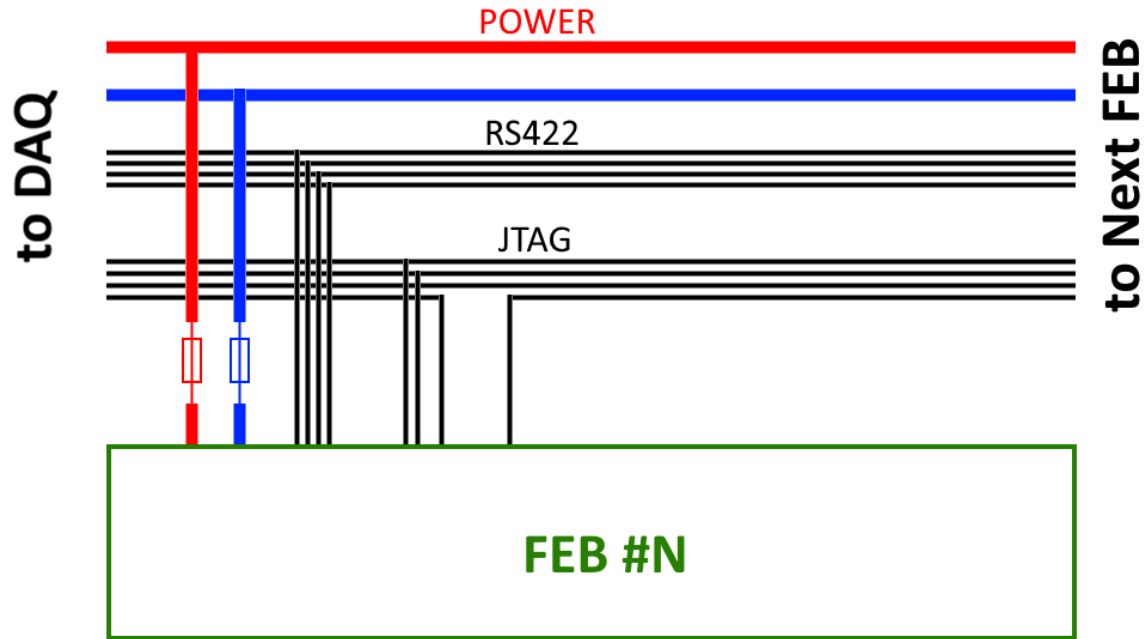


STT prototype 1.2 m \times 0.8 m (~700 straws in 4 XXYY layers)
28 mm thick overall with C-fiber frame built at CERN

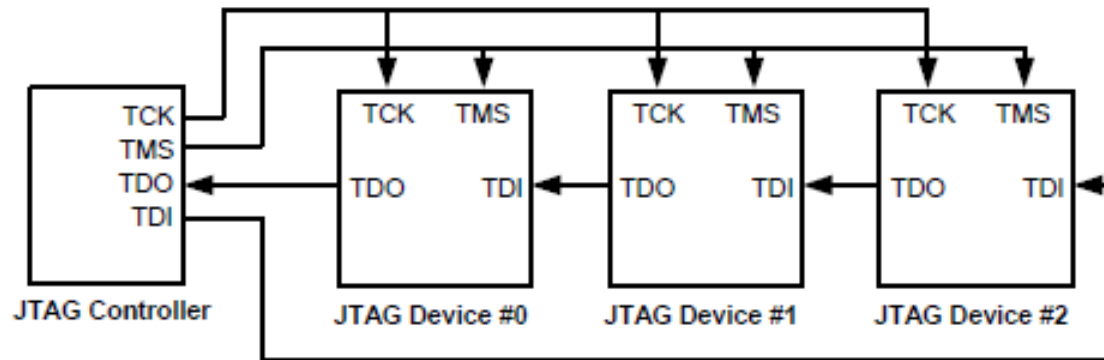




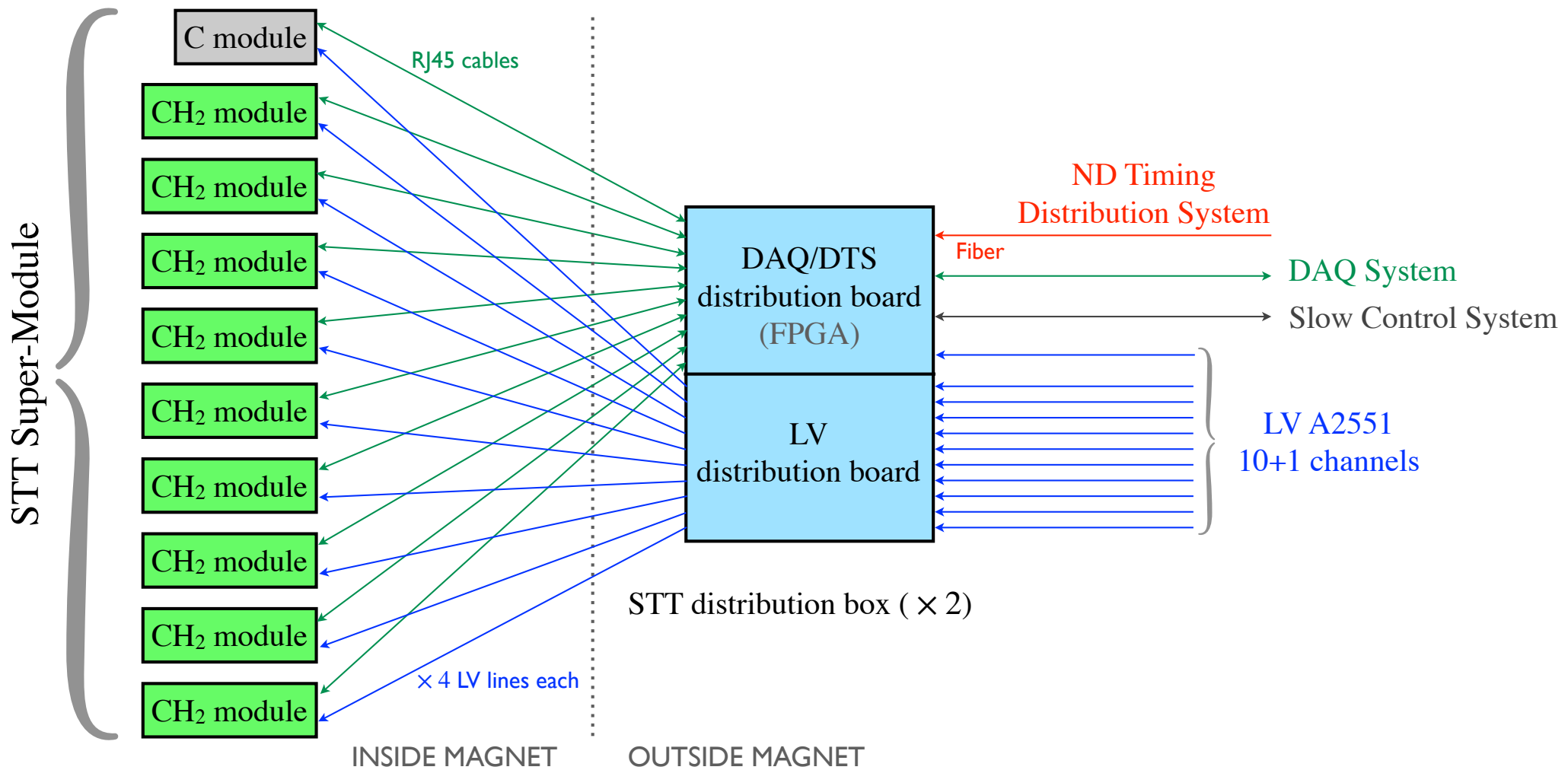
Revised design (v2) of the readout board and of the connecting flexible kapton board



*BUS interface connecting in parallel all readout boards
(failure of a FEB does not affect others)*

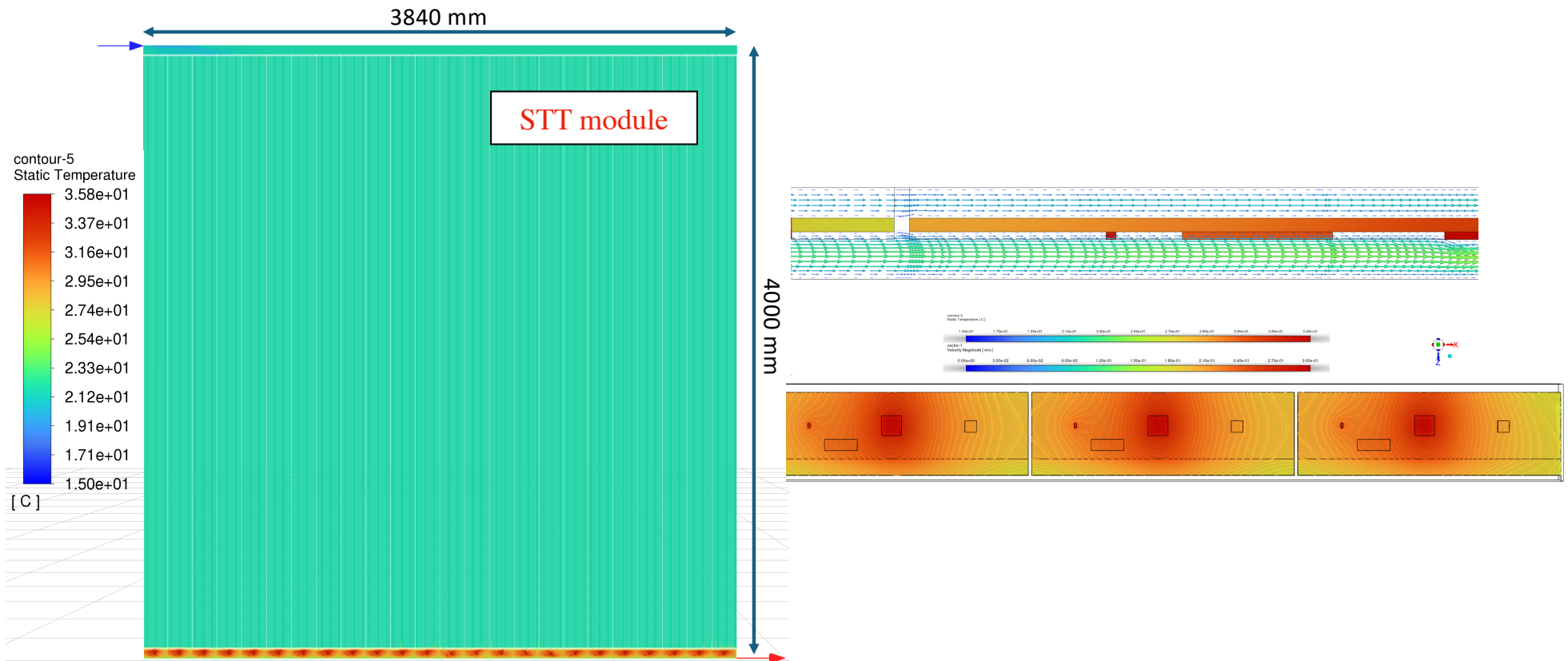


JTAG chain to update firmware across all readout boards

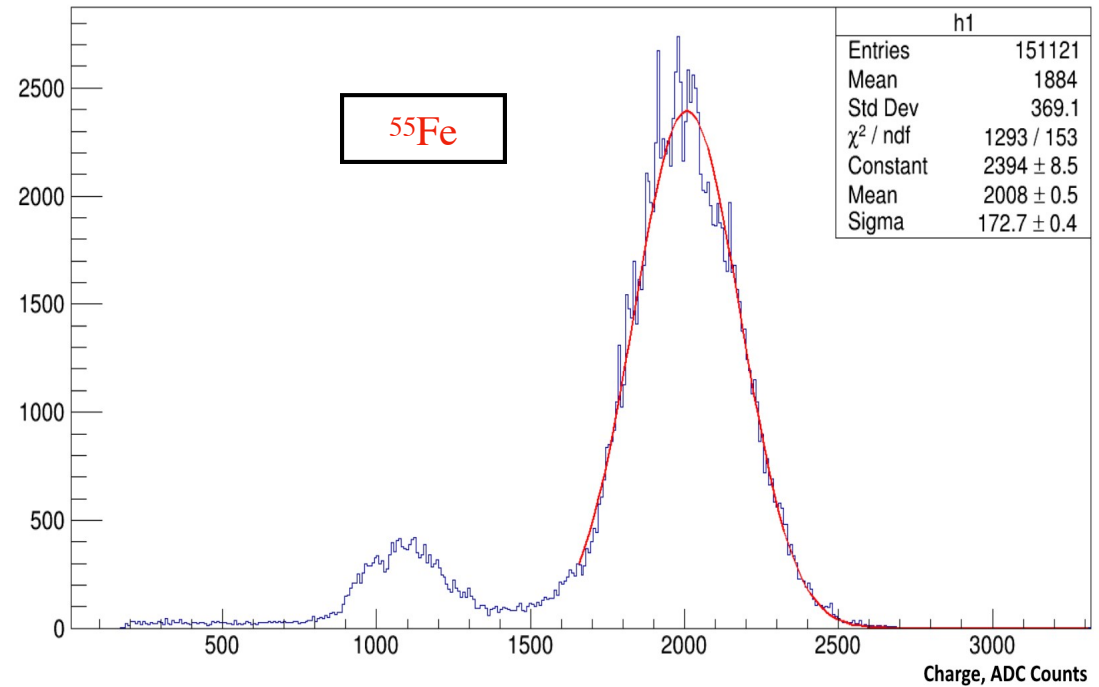
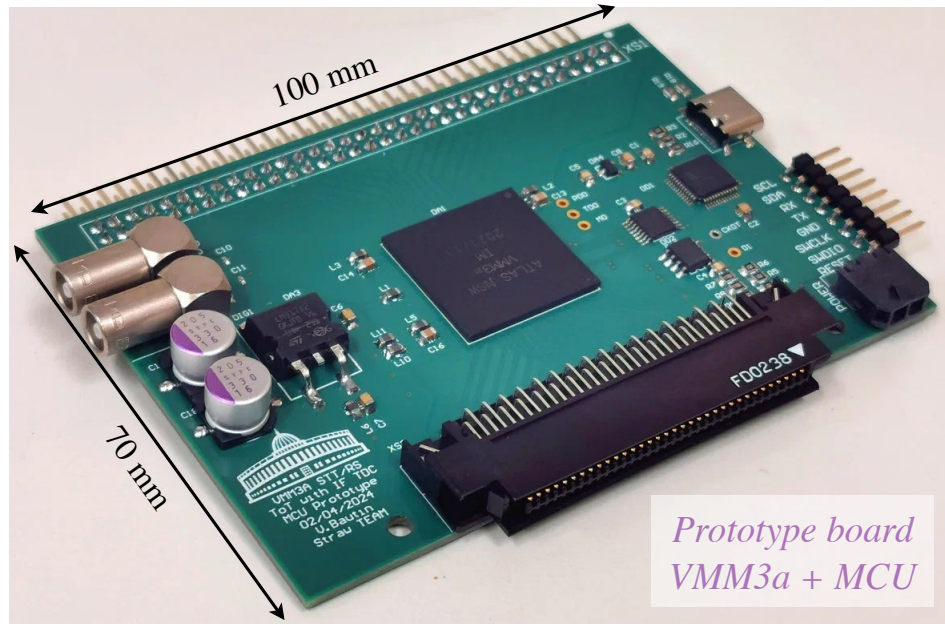


Schematic diagram of the DAQ/DTS and LV connections for one STT Super-Module

THERMAL ANALYSIS



- ◆ *Thermal analysis of full scale STT module with 24 integrated readout boards;*
 - ◆ *Self-cooling design with expected total power dissipation about 0.65 W per board (mostly ASIC)*
- ⇒ *Maximal temperatures obtained below 40° C allow extended board lifetime*

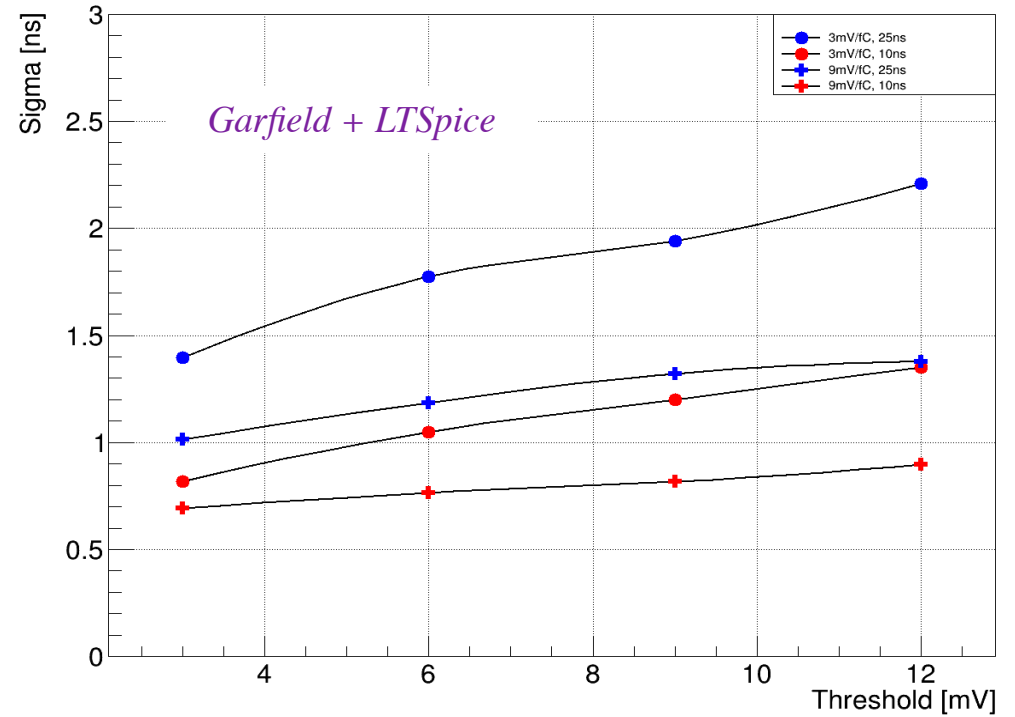
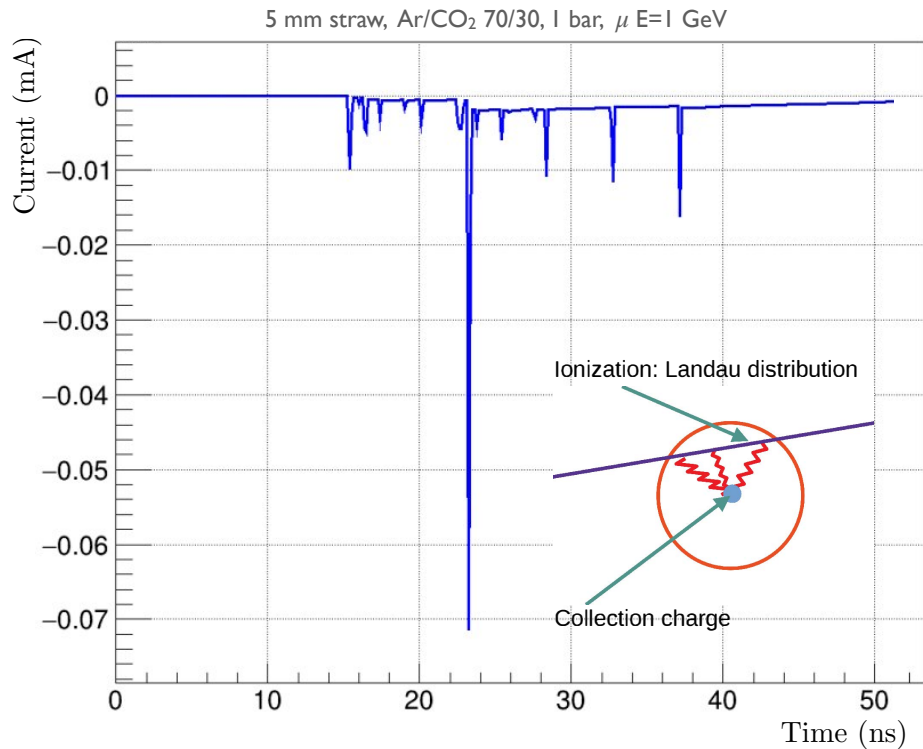


- ◆ *Prototype board with VMM3a in “external” ADC mode and 12-bit 4MSPS ADC in MCU;*
 - ◆ *Successful test of charge readout from a straw tracker prototype with ^{55}Fe source;*
 - ◆ *External ADC mode fixes known bad ADC/TDC performance in VMM3a continuous mode.*
- \implies *Prototype with the form factor and connections of STT readout boards in preparation*

PRELIMINARY ASIC REQUIREMENTS

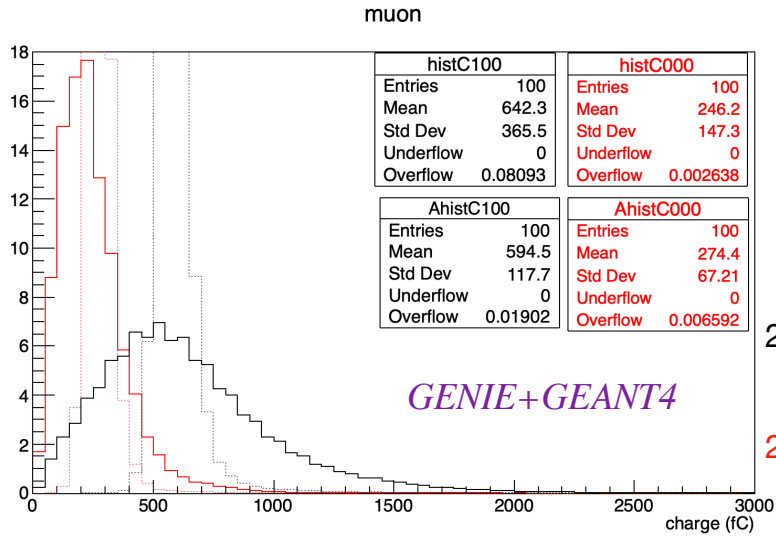
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- ◆ Modularity: 64 channels
- ◆ Input capacitance: 10-40 pF (optimize for 40 pF)
- ◆ Flat cable: ~1 cm traces + PCIe connector (capacitance < 1 pF)
- ◆ Architecture: dual sub-channel with independent gain and shaper
 - (i) fast shaper & high gain for time measurement
 - (ii) slow shaper & low gain for energy measurement
- ◆ Minimum charge: 4 fC (time measurement), 20 fC (energy measurement)
- ◆ Maximal charge: 10 pC (energy measurement)
- ◆ Dynamic range: 1,000 (energy measurement)
- ◆ Timing resolution: < 1 ns
- ◆ Gain settings: (i) 6, 9, 12 mV/fC for time measurement
 - (ii) ≤ 0.5 mV/fC for energy measurement
- ◆ Peaking times: (i) 10, 25 ns fast shaper
 - (ii) 50, 100 ns slow shaper
- ◆ Power consumption: < 10 mW/channel
- ◆ Expected rates: $\ll 1$ kHz



*Timing resolution depends on the peaking time and gain used in the FE readout:
study impact of time-walk corrections and noise*

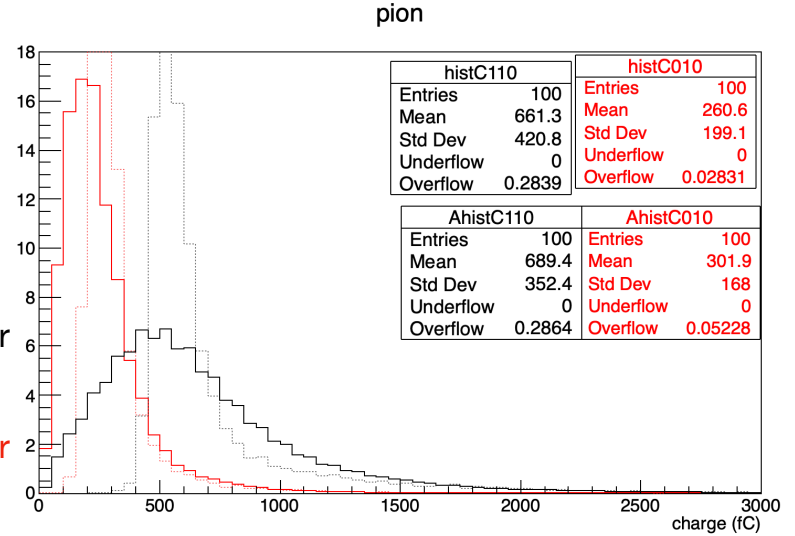
⇒ Peaking time ~ 10 ns with high gain can give resolutions around 1 ns



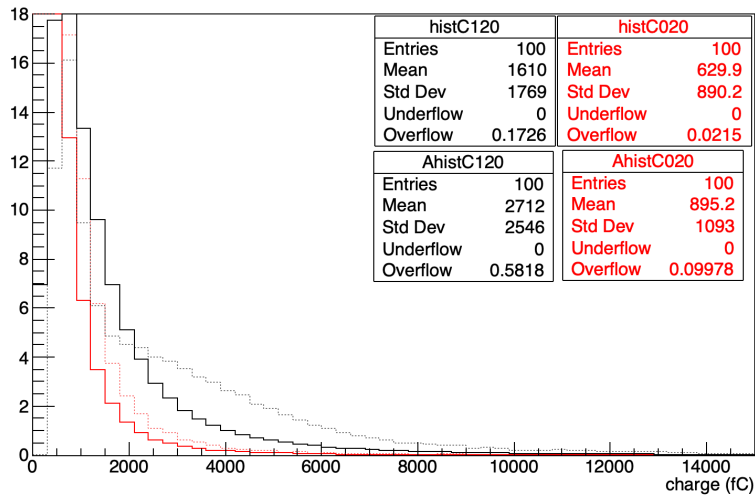
Gas gain
25,000

Xe/CO₂
25.6 eV/pair

Ar/CO₂
28.4 eV/pair

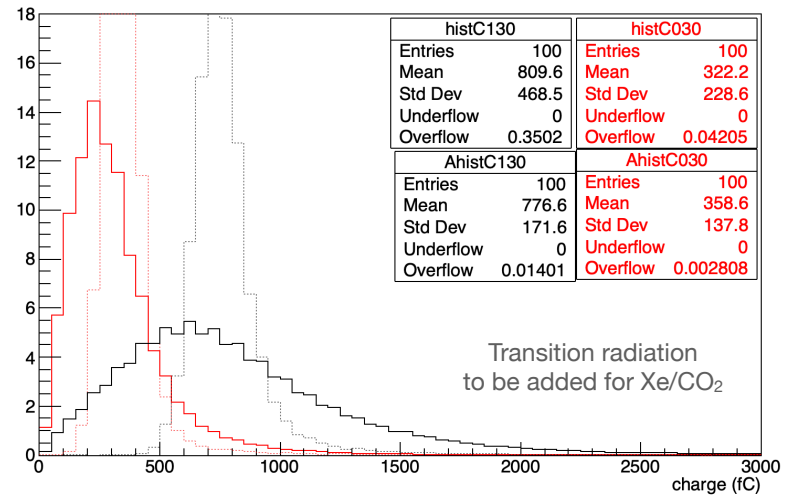


proton



Dashed - averaged for the track
Solid - individual straws

e⁺



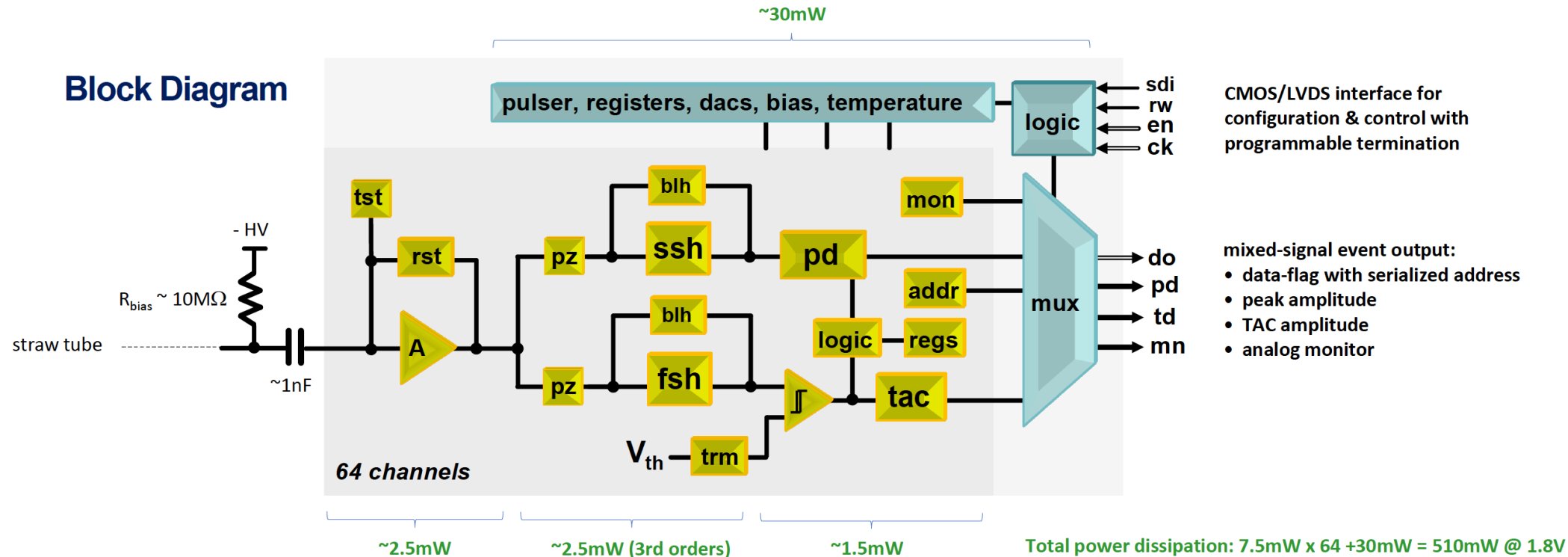
⇒ *Dynamic range ~1,000 with charge <10 pC and peaking times ~50 ns*

CUSTOM ASIC FOR STT

G. De Geronimo

- programmable test pulse generator
- programmable event threshold
- temperature sensor
- 1.8V analog supply/ground with self-biasing circuits
- 1.8V digital supply/ground

Block Diagram



CMOS/LVDS interface for configuration & control with programmable termination

mixed-signal event output:

- data-flag with serialized address
- peak amplitude
- TAC amplitude
- analog monitor

- optimized for 50pF
- charge amplifier linear to 10pC
- dedicated front-end supply
- programmable gain
- programmable test capacitor
- continuous adaptive reset

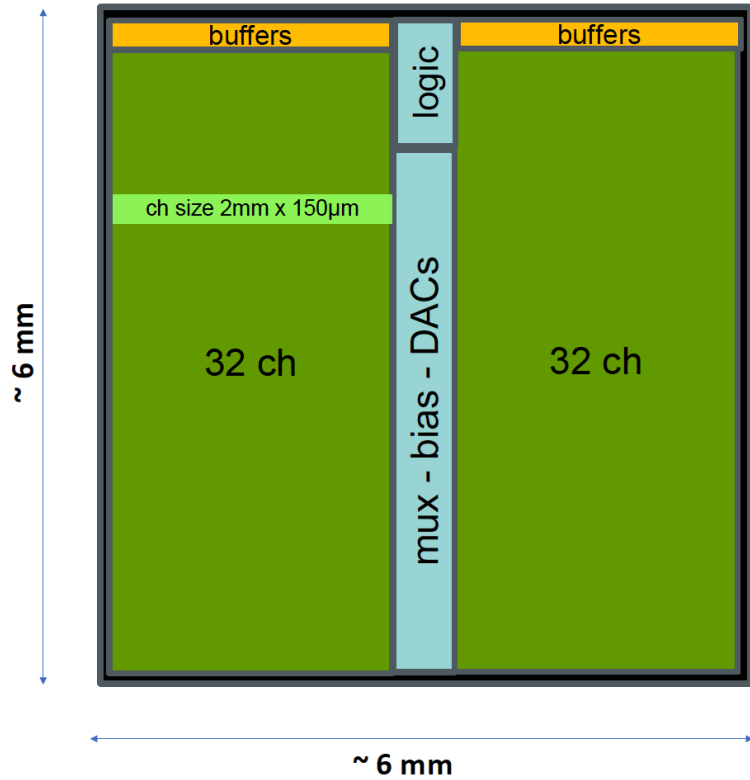
- programmable fast shaper for timing measurement
- programmable slow shaper for charge measurement to 10pC
- high-speed low-hysteresis discriminator with trimmer
- leading-edge timing detection on fast shaper
- timing resolution < 1ns at 4fC
- programmable low-noise time-to-amplitude converter (TAC)
- peak detection on slow shaper

- event flag with programmable delay
- sparse readout with event multiplexing
- programmable analog monitoring
- local registers
- channel power-down

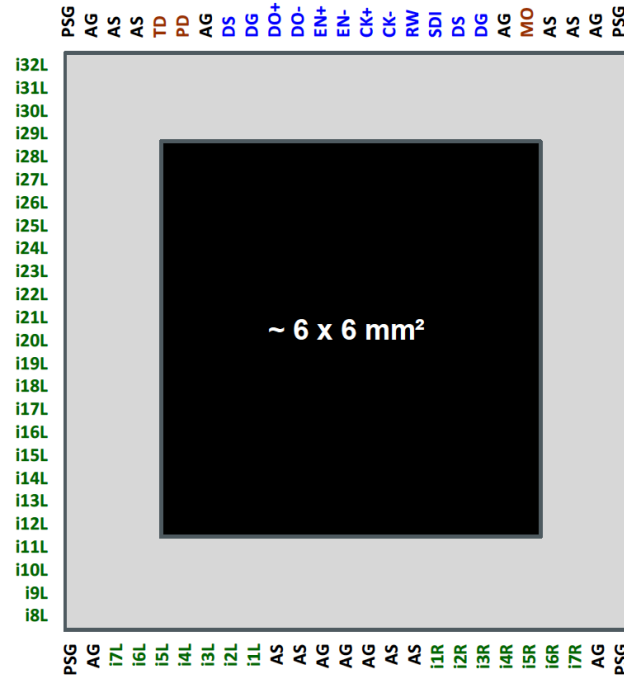
sub-circuits and functions largely inherited from well established NRL and VMM

Floorplan, Pinout, Packaging

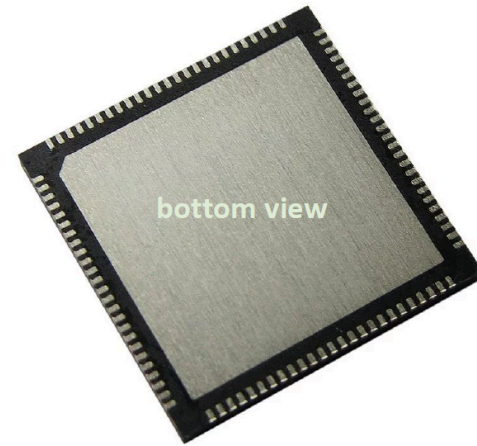
Technology: 180nm, 1.8V (~1.5V linear swing)



Fabrication MPW for prototypes



Packaging QFN100 12x12 mm²



Estimated yield ~ 90%

- ◆ *Straw Tube Tracker for neutrino physics applications characterized by compact tracking modules with 4 XXYY straw layers and high level of detector integration*
- ◆ *Developed integrated boards reading 64 straws with ASIC + micro-controller:*
 - *Design variants with different ASICs: NRL analog, VMM3a, custom ASIC;*
 - *Low-power boards (0.65 W for 64 channels with NRL ASIC) minimizing signal path.*

⇒ *Flexible design allows easy upgrade/exchange of individual readout boards*
- ◆ *Prototypes of STT readout boards equipped with NRL and VMM3a ASICs tested with straw tracker prototypes*
- ◆ *Preliminary studies for the development of custom ASIC for STT*

⇒ *ASIC requirements and overall architecture based on VMM3a and NRL*

Backup slides