



PHENIX Overview

PIC 2024

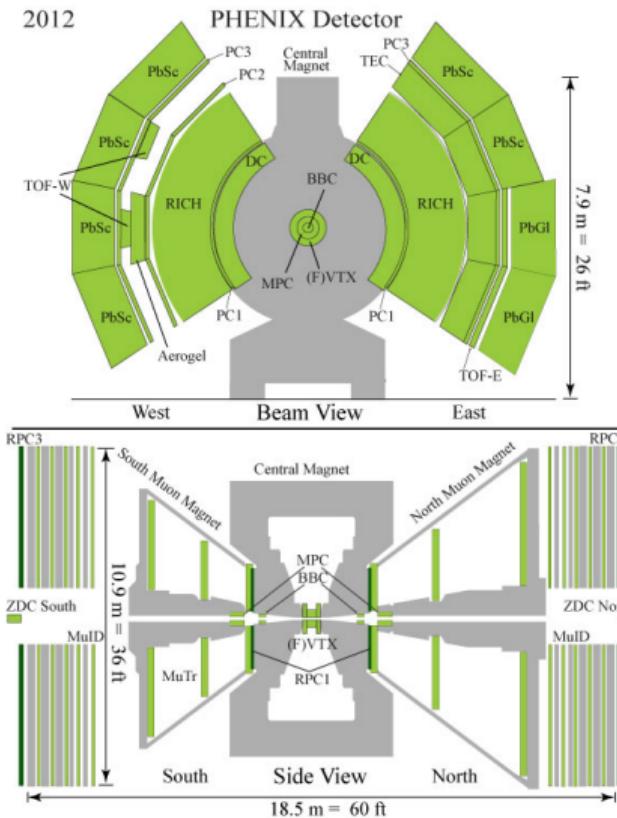
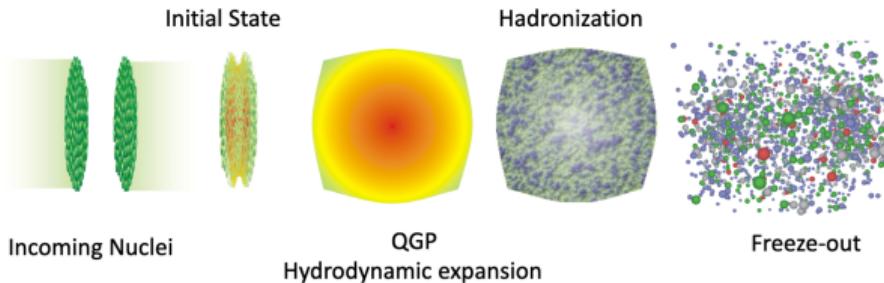
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UNIVERSITY OF DEBRECEN



1. PHENIX stopped data taking after 2016
2. Ongoing analyses of large data sets taken in 2014, 2015, and 2016
3. Data and Analysis Preservation

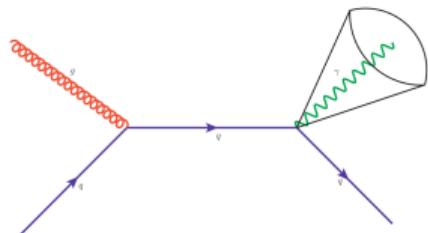


- Polarized p+p
 $\sqrt{S_{NN}}=510$ GeV
- Small systems
p+Al, p+Au, d+Au, $^3\text{He}+\text{Au}$
 $\sqrt{S_{NN}}=200$ GeV
- Large system Au+Au
 $\sqrt{S_{NN}}=200$ GeV

$\sqrt{S_{NN}}$ [GeV]	2p	Al	Au (d)	Au (d)	Au (d)	Au (d)	Cu	Cu	Cu	Au	Au	Au	U	U
510	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>													
200	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>						
130													<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
62.4	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
39						<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>							<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
27													<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
20							<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
14.5													<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
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9 collision species and 9 collision energies

The quark-gluon Compton process sensitive to polarized gluon distribution



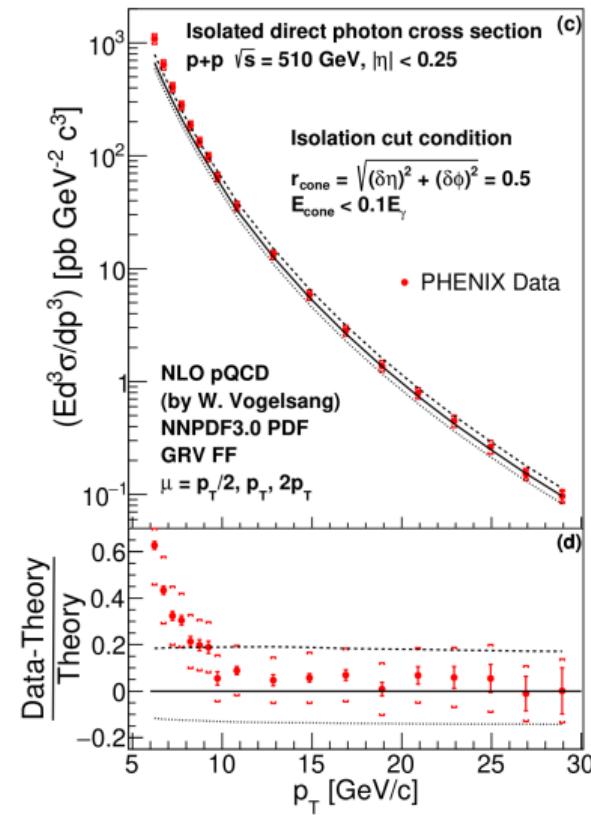
$$r_{\text{cone}} = \sqrt{(\delta\eta)^2 + (\delta\phi)^2} = 0.5$$

Isolation cut requirement:
 $\sum E_{\text{neutral}} + \sum E_{\text{charged}} < 0.1E_\gamma$

in proton-proton collisions at RHIC is the dominant contributor to the **direct photons** with $p_T > 5$ GeV.

The cross sections were measured for the same and opposite helicity proton-proton collisions.

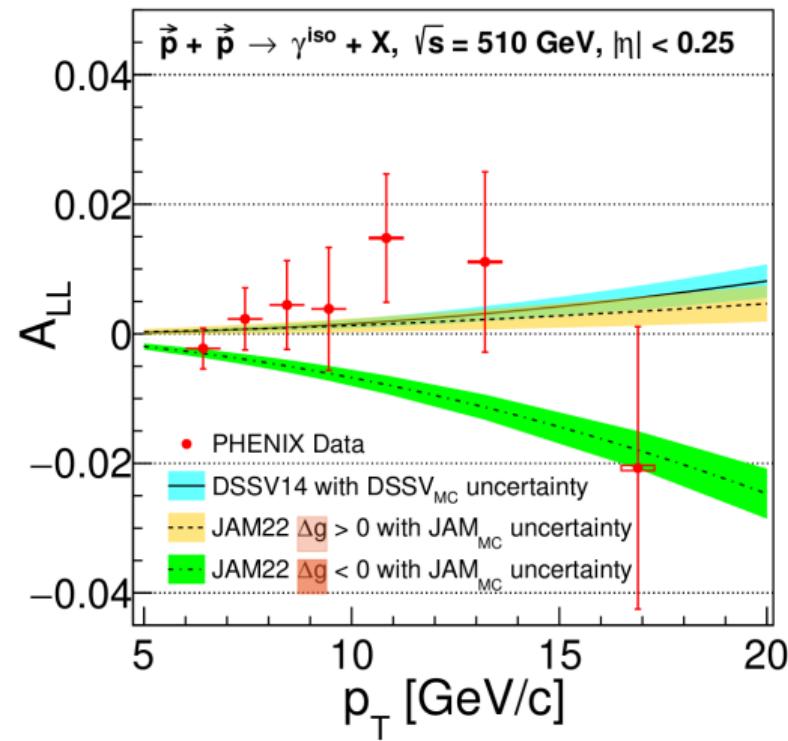
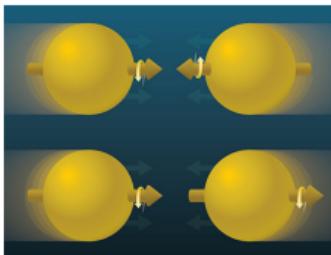
PHENIX, PRL 130, 251901 (2023)

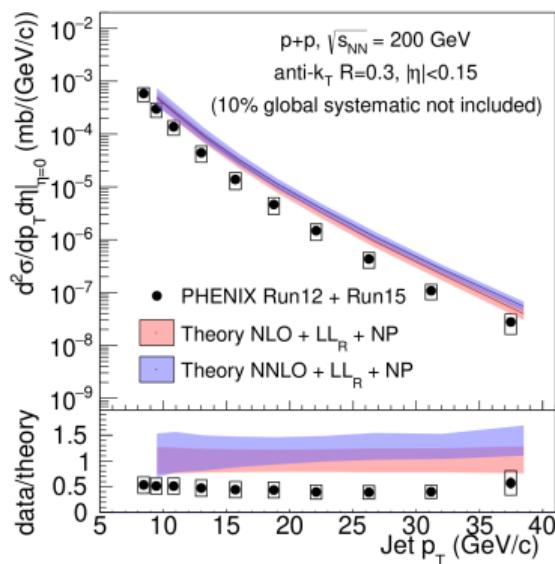


Golden channel to access the gluon spin, the double-helicity asymmetry is defined as:

$$A_{LL} = \frac{\sigma_{++} - \sigma_{+-}}{\sigma_{++} + \sigma_{+-}}$$

Our data are well consistent with the **positive gluon-spin contributions** and strongly disfavor the negative gluon-spin scenario, that the previously published data were unable to resolve.

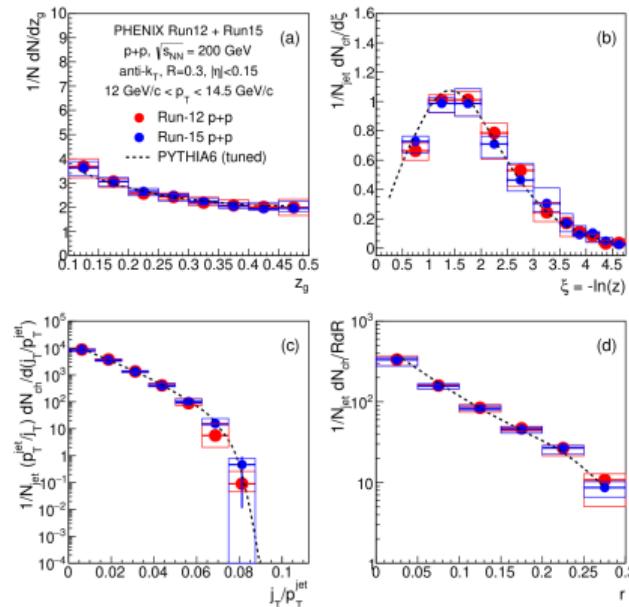


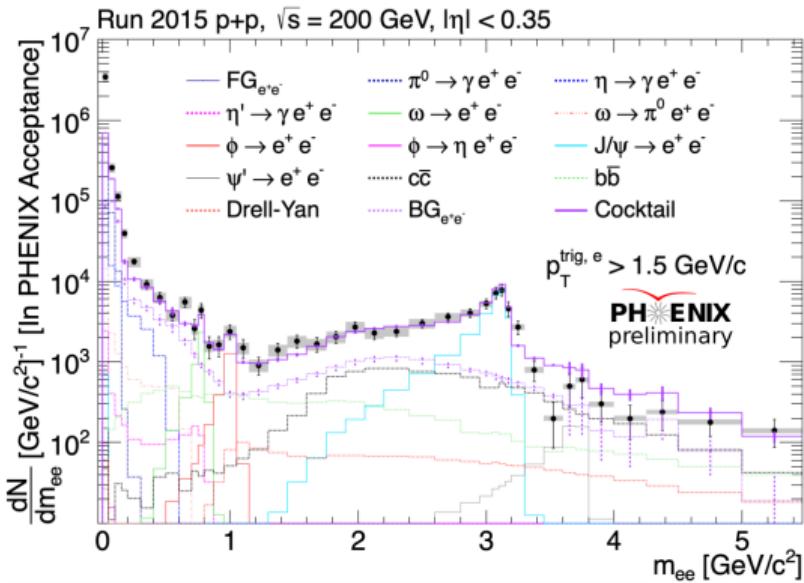


arXiv:2408.11144

Jets are reconstructed from charged-particle tracks and electromagnetic calorimeter clusters, NLO/NNLO predictions are higher than the measured jet cross section at RHIC.

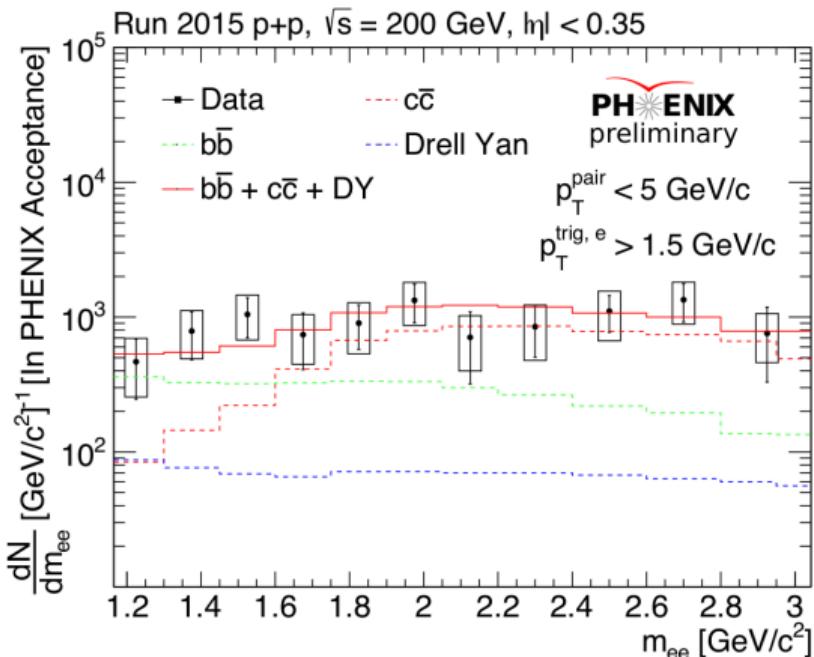
Jet substructure in Run12 and 15.



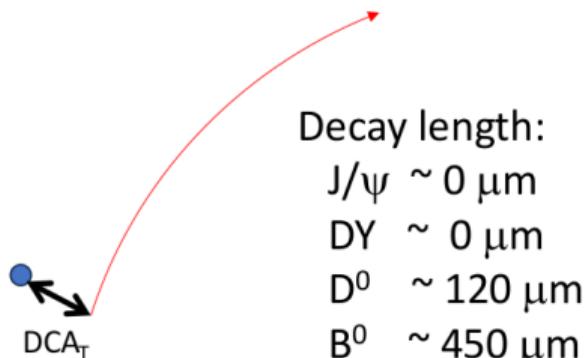


- Large statistics proof of principle study for the measurement of prompt and non-prompt $e^+ e^-$ pair production in pp 2015

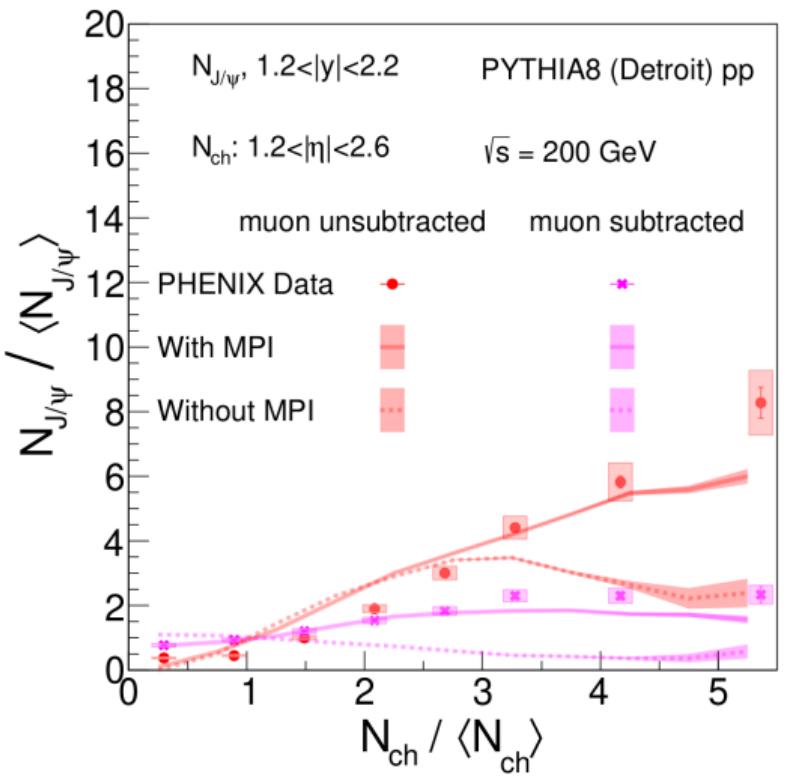
- Extend this measurement to large AuAu data, to isolate the prompt thermal dileptons (thermometer) in the intermediate mass region from non-prompt pairs from heavy flavor decays.
- Main physics signal originates from semileptonic decays of charm and bottom $q\bar{q}$ pairs
- Non-prompt component is identified by distance of closest approach (DCA) method with the VTX.
- Good agreement of the cocktail calculation



- IMR ($m_\phi < m_{ee} < m_{J/\Psi}$) pp 2015
- PYTHIA8 simulation of $c\bar{c}$, $b\bar{b}$ and Drell-Yan contributions for PHENIX acceptance

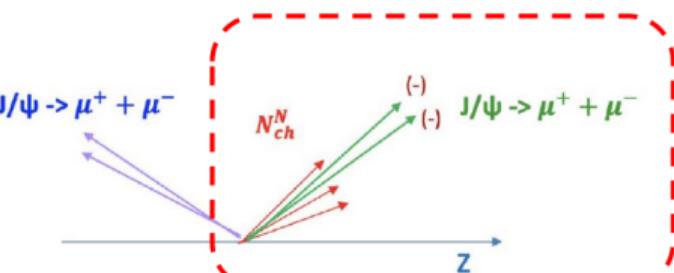


Next step: separate open HF from others using DCA



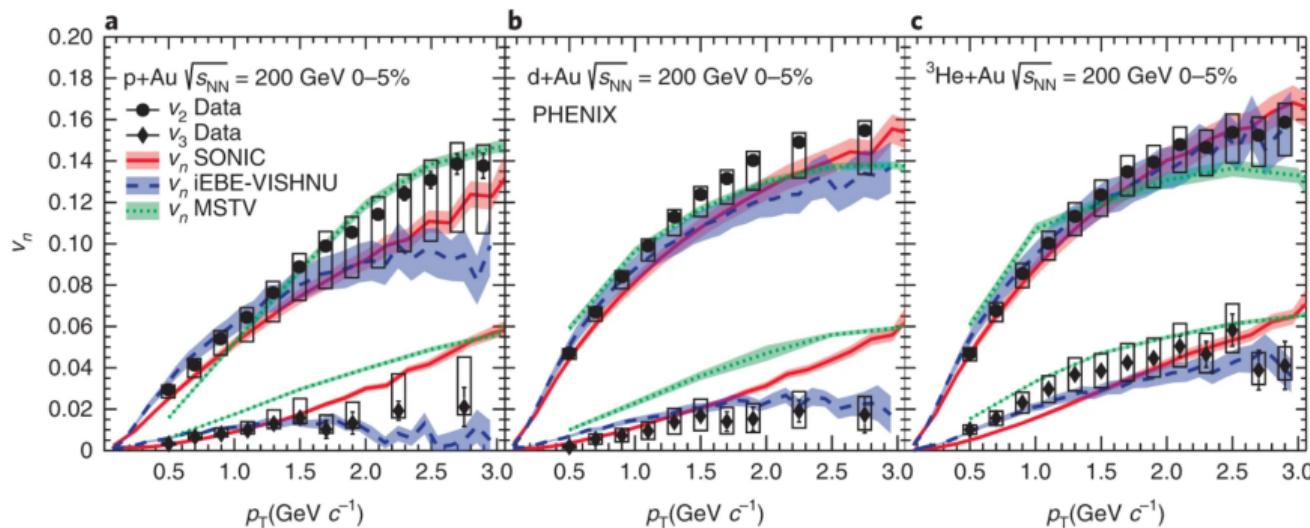
- J/Ψ and charged particles going to the same rapidity window – J/Ψ inside Jet
- J/Ψ yield increasing with multiplicity
- less increasing by removing the $\mu^+ + \mu^-$ from the multiplicity
- data described by PYTHIA with MPI

arXiv:2409.03728



$v_2: p + Au < d + Au \sim {}^3He + Au$

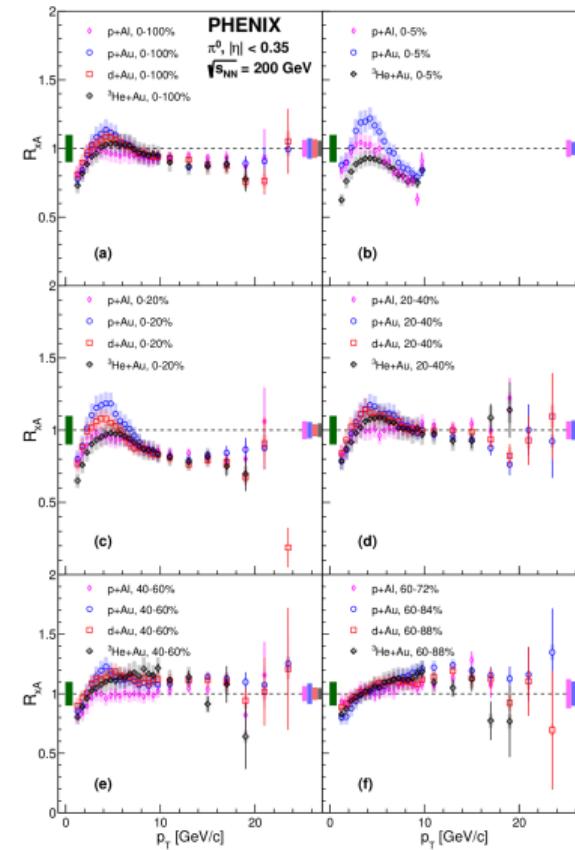
$v_3: p + Au \sim d + Au < {}^3He + Au$

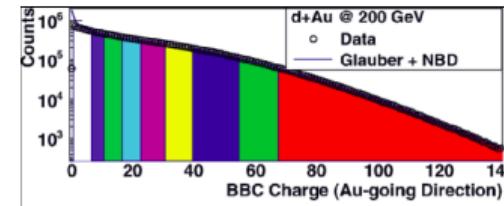
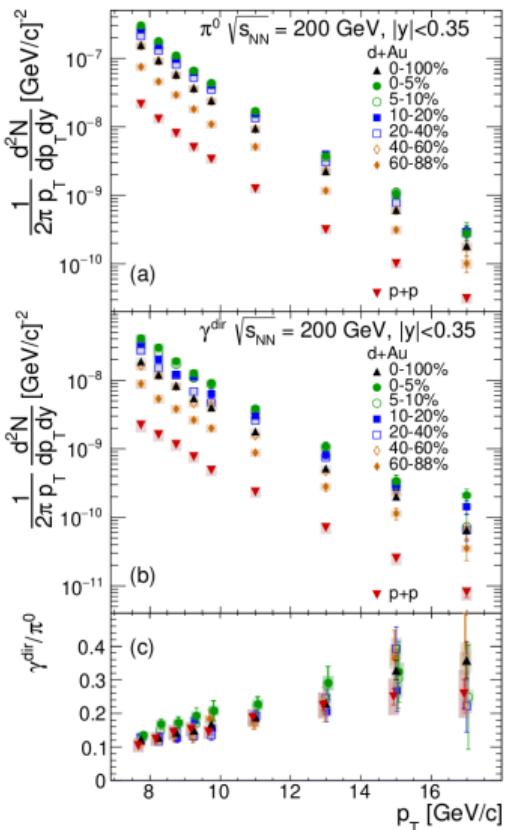


Anisotropy of charged particle production **consistent with hydrodynamic expansion**.
Nature Phys. 15 (2019) 214 – QGP droplets even in small systems?

1. **$p_T > 8 \text{ GeV}/c$** constant for the same centrality selection from different collision systems
2. **Central** the Cronin peaks height value shows a clear system size dependence
 $p \rightarrow d \rightarrow {}^3\text{He}$
 $\text{Al} \leftrightarrow \text{Au}$
3. **Peripheral** 15 % enhancement - unexplained.
Potential bias in centrality determination?

PRC 105 (2022) 064902

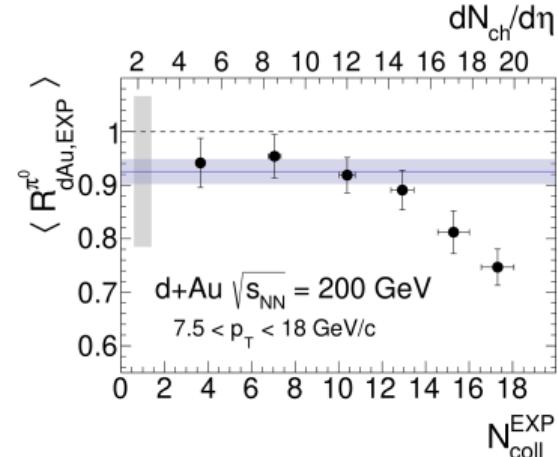
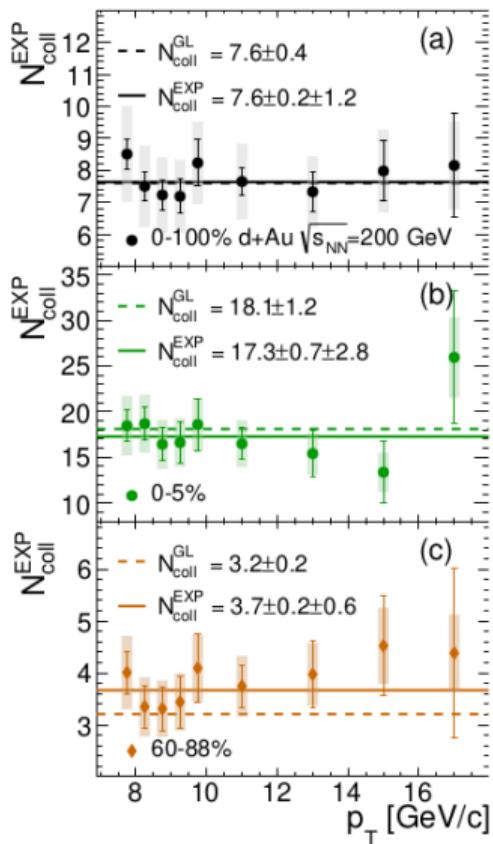




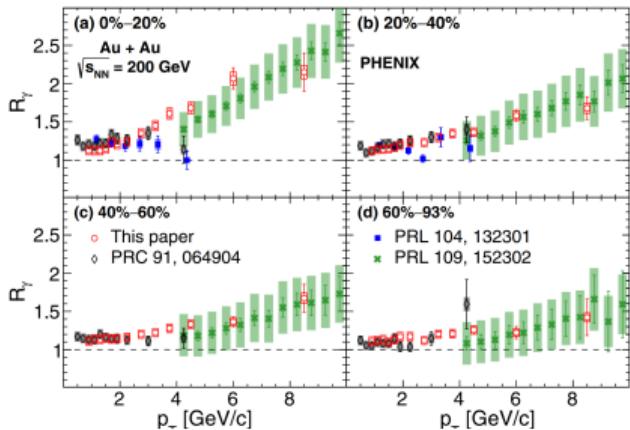
Since γ^{dir} produced by initial hard scattering, N_{coll} can be redefined by γ^{dir} ratio of $d+Au$ to $p+p$:

$$N_{coll}^{EXP}(p_T) = \frac{Y_{dAU}^{\gamma^{dir}}(p_T)}{Y_{pp}^{\gamma^{dir}}(p_T)}$$

High p_T direct photons are used to experimentally estimate the number of binary collisions.



Further studies of the system size dependence with p+Au, d+Au, and 3He+Au collisions: droplets of QGP in small systems or system size effect.
arXiv:2303.12899 accepted to PRL



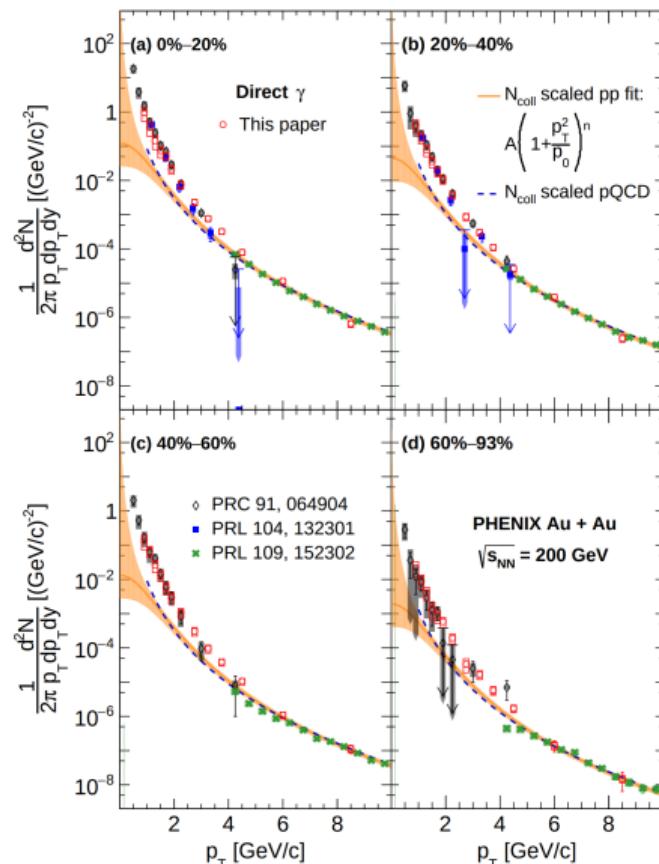
Internal PRL 104 132301

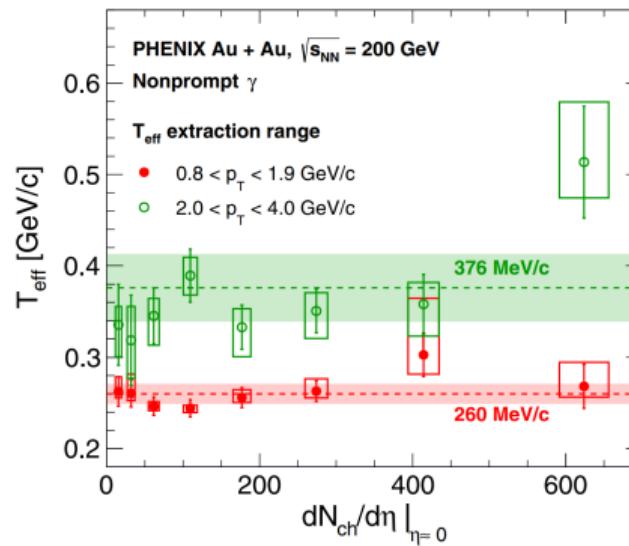
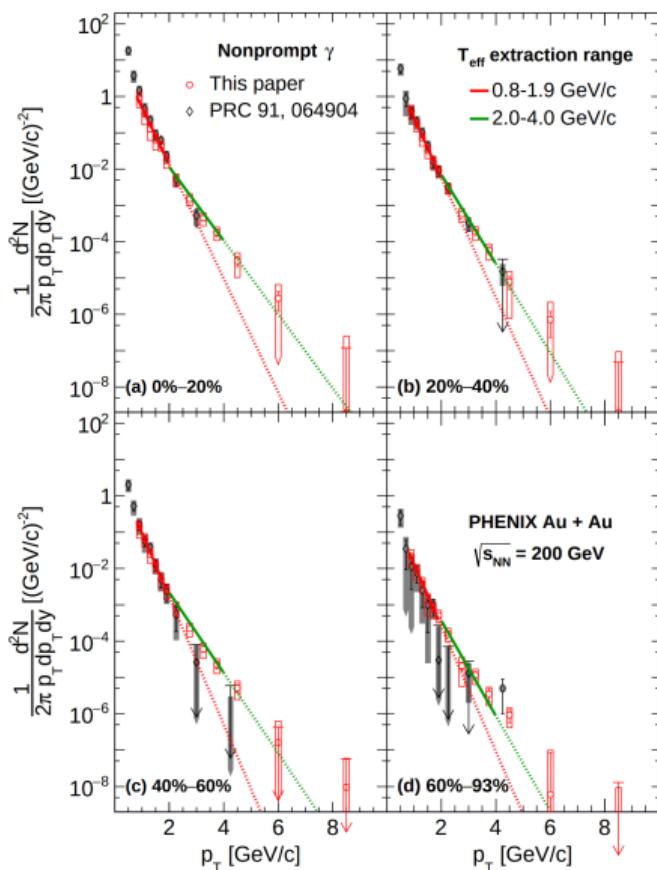
External HBD PRL 91 064904

Calorimeter PRL 109 152302

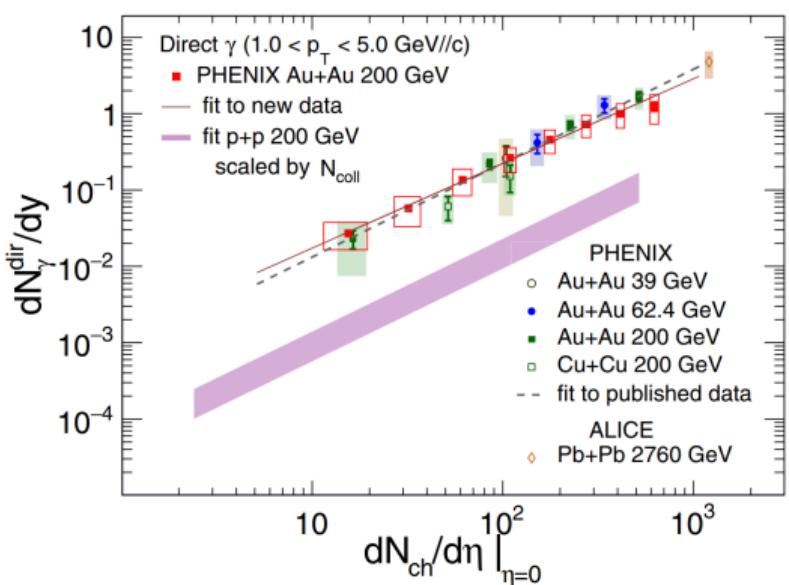
External VTX PRC 109, 044912

AuAu follows the N_{coll} scaled pp above 4 GeV, pp consistent with QCD.





T_{eff} from the p_T inverse slope, no dependence on centrality (8 bins!).



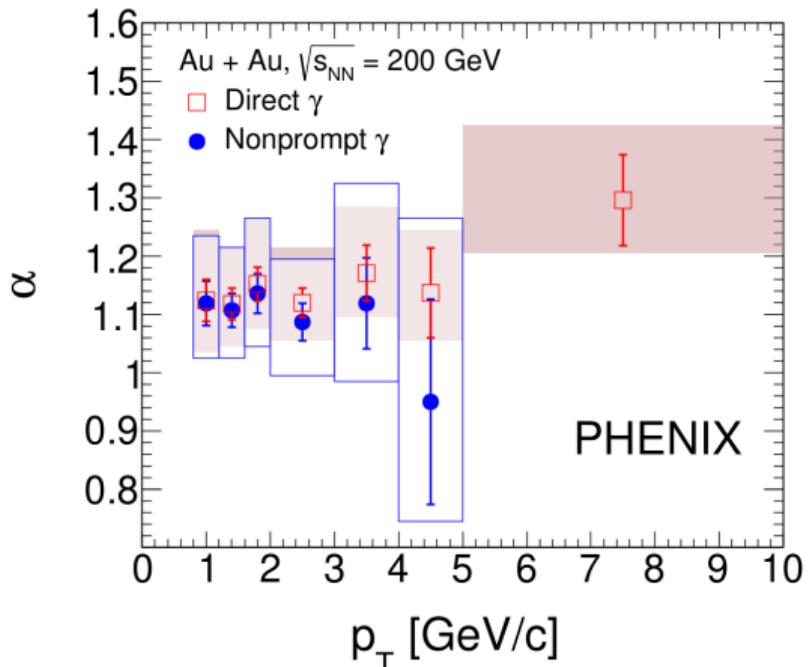
$$\frac{dN_{\gamma}}{dy} = A \times \left(\frac{dN_{\text{ch}}}{dy} \right)^{\alpha}$$

Integrated direct-photon yield ($1\text{--}5 \text{ GeV}/c$) versus charged-particle multiplicity at midrapidity.

Dashed line is from fitting previously published PHENIX data ($\alpha = 1.23$), solid line is the new fit (1.11).

HG phase scale with α close to 1.2, QGP phase exhibit closer to 2

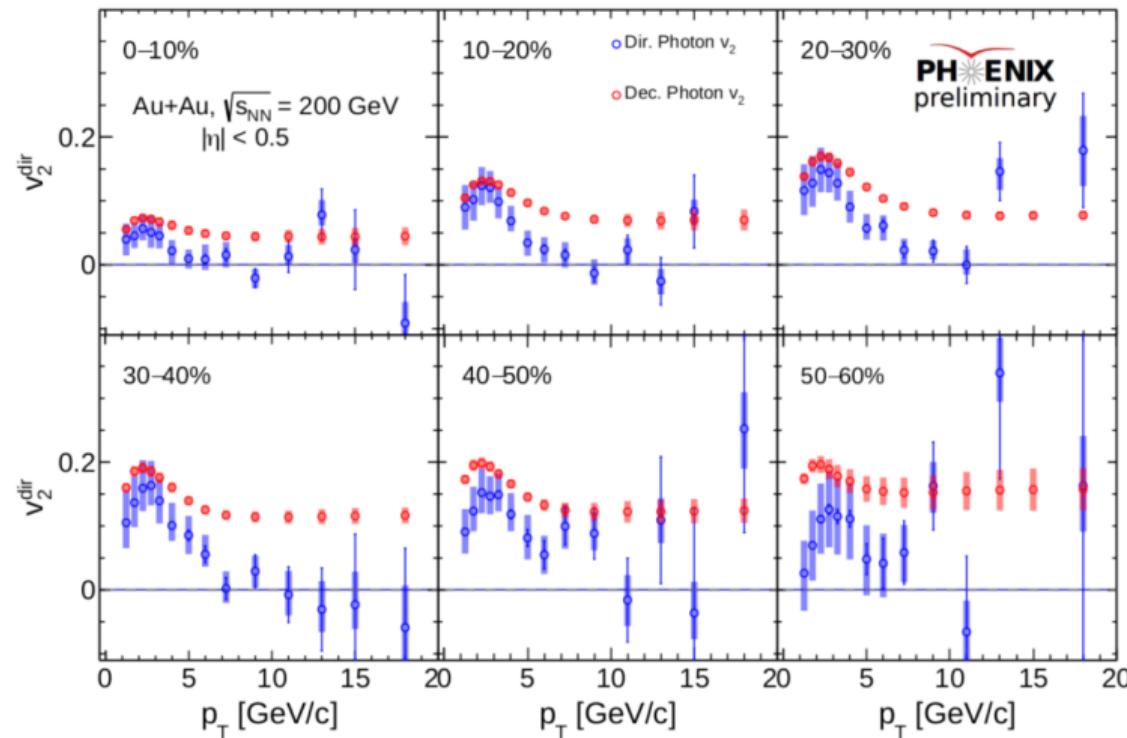
- PRC 109, 044912 (2024)
PRC 107 024914 (2023)
PLB 754 235-248 (2016) Alice



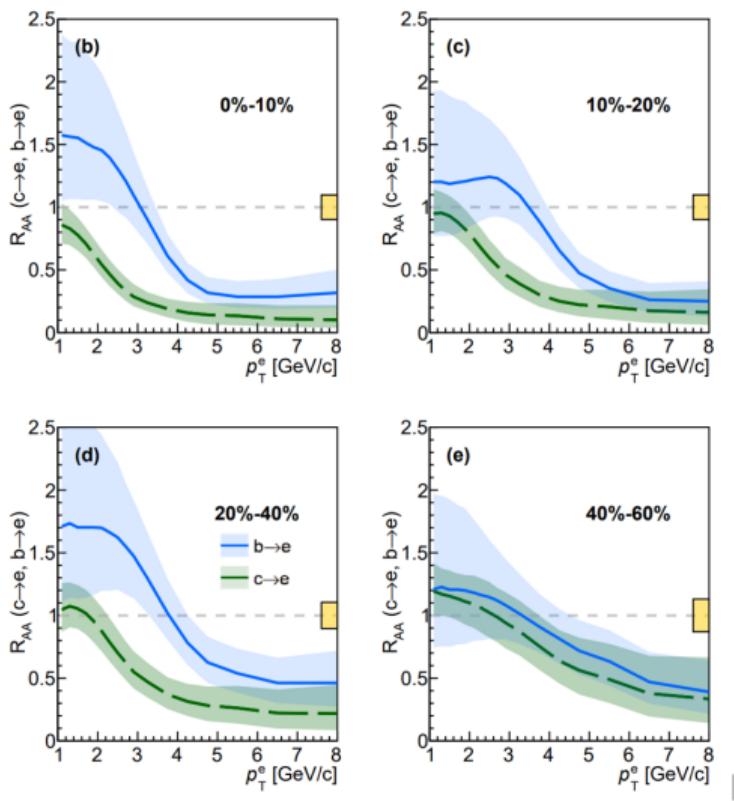
$$\frac{dN_\gamma}{dy} = A \times \left(\frac{dN_{ch}}{dy} \right)^\alpha$$

needs further theoretical understanding:

- yield
- α p_T dependence
- source: pre-equilibrium, QGP, HG

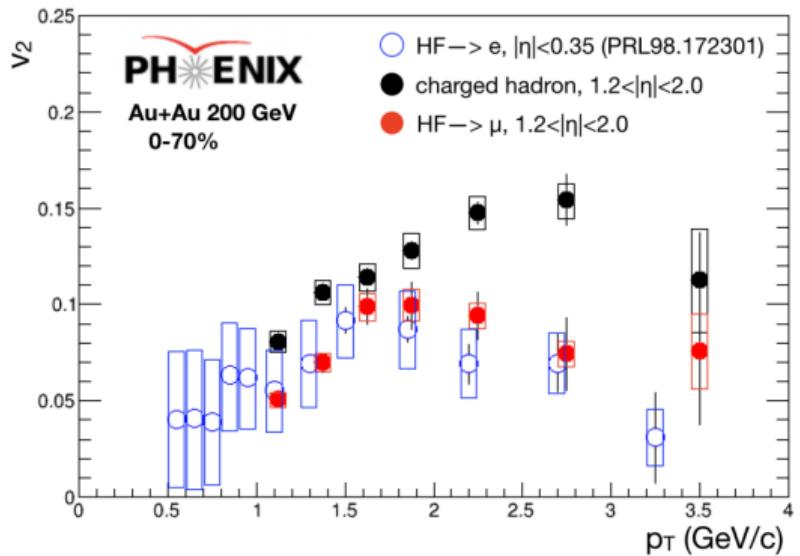


Significant flow for low p_T , clear centrality dependence.



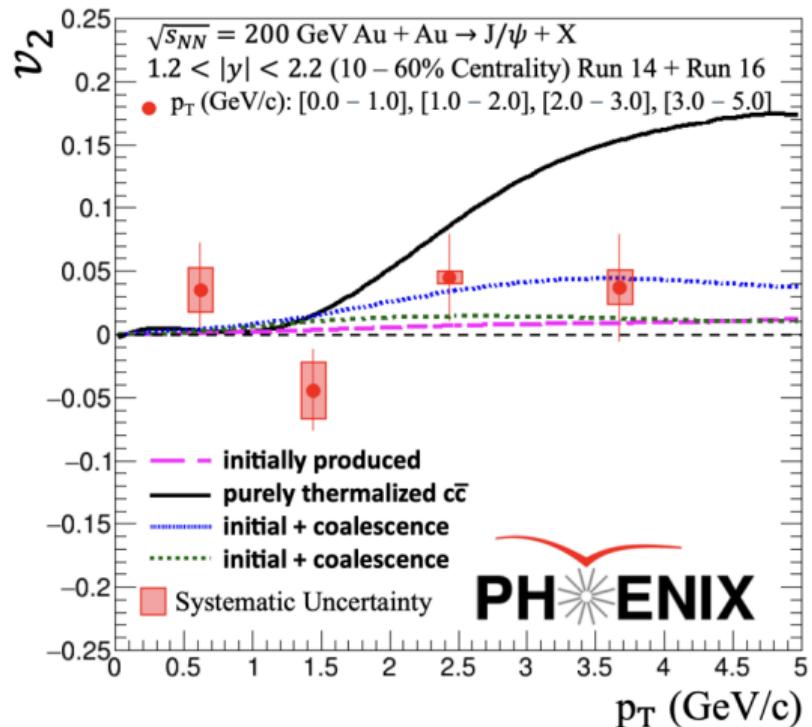
HF quarks early production, interact with the QGP → probe the medium
AuAu 200GeV

- Significant suppression at high p_T in all centrality classes
- Charm electrons show a stronger suppression than bottom electrons for $2 < p_T < 5$ GeV/c from 0 to 40%.
- In 40-60%, bottom and charm are similar

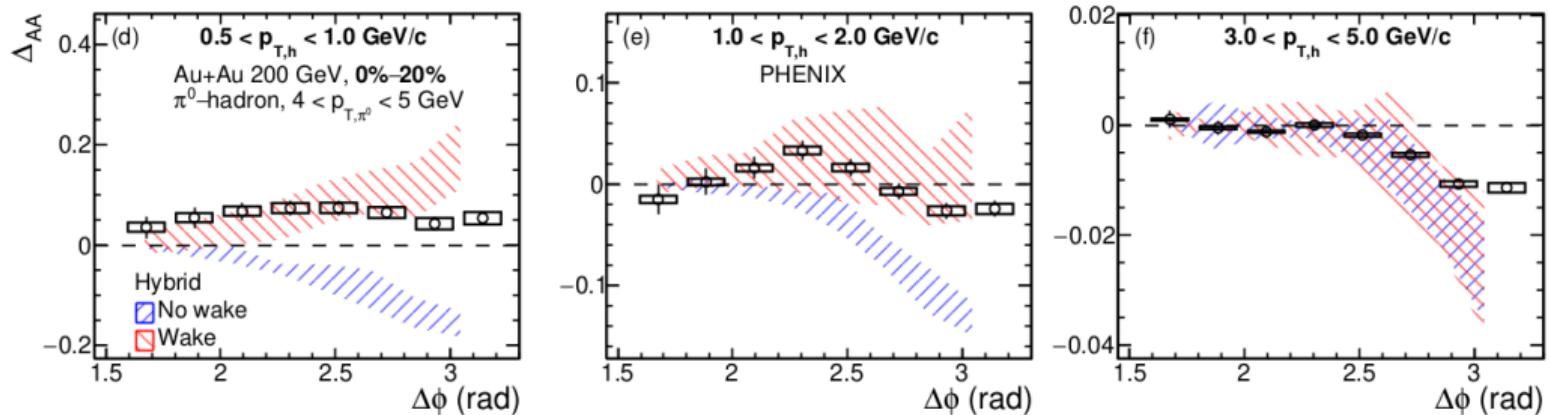


- Largest Au+Au data set collected by PHENIX
- heavy-flavor decay \leftrightarrow light-hadron decay
- First observation of significant heavy flavor v_2 at the forward rapidity
- Despite the shift, the heavy-flavor electron and muon v_2 have similar magnitude and shape
- Smaller than charged hadron $v_2 \rightarrow$ HF particles flow with the QGP, but less than charged hadrons

arXiv:2409.12715



- Forward J/Ψ v_2 at RHIC is consistent with zero
- Our data exclude a scenario in which J/Ψ are produced entirely from coalescence of thermalized charm quarks
- Both initial production (high p_T) and coalescence (low p_T) must be included.

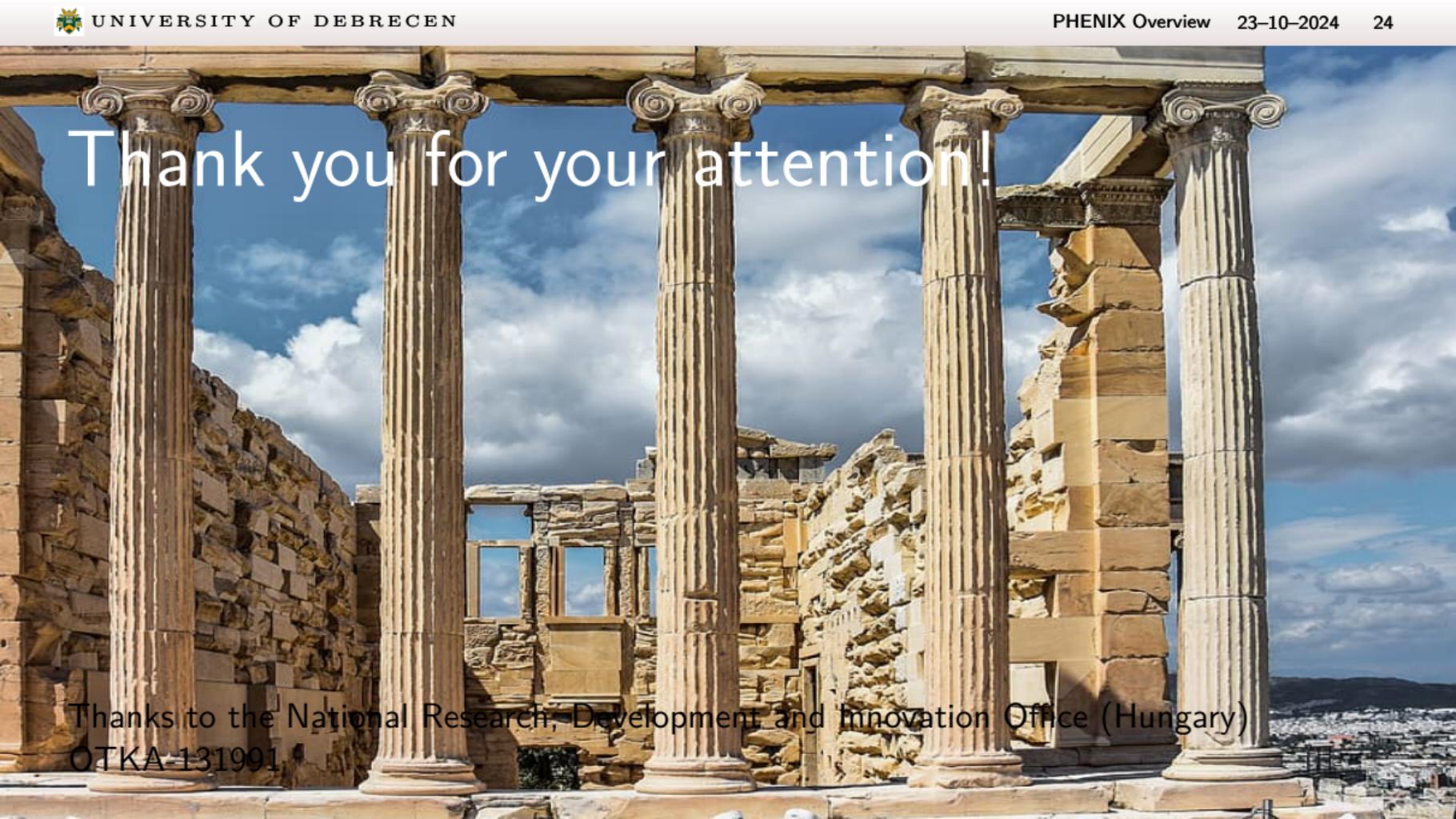


arXiv:2406.08301

- High-transverse-momentum neutral pions used as jet proxies, angular correlations between the π^0 and charged hadrons in the event (2014)
- $\Delta_{AA}(\Delta\Phi)$ difference between the yields in Au+Au and p+p
- Enhancement at low p_T + jet broadening and suppression for high p_T
- Hybrid model with medium response (Wake) consistent with PHENIX results

Summary

- Direct photon production: gluon spin likely to be positive
- Jet cross section and substructure
- New dilepton measurement with large statistics pp
- Forward J/Ψ multiplicity dependence, MPI
- System size dependence in $R_{p/d/{}^3\text{He}Au}$, v_2 and v_3
- $R_{pAuEXP}^{\pi^0}$, in small systems
- Direct photon R_γ , T_{eff} , α
- $R_{AA}(c \rightarrow e, b \rightarrow e)$
- HF, J/Ψ v_2
- Jet modification



Thank you for your attention.

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