### **ZH** angular focus topic introduction

#### 4 ZHang — Zh angular distributions and CP studies

Expert Team: Cheng Li, Chris Hays, Gudrid Moortgat-Pick, Ivanka Bozovic, Ken Mimasu, Markus Klute, Sandra Kortner

Angular distributions in Zh production can be used to increase sensitivity to both CP-even and CP-odd interactions of the Higgs boson. The Higgs self-coupling vertex appears at next-to-leading order in Zh production, and a global analysis of CP-even interactions including angular distributions from this process can improve the sensitivity to the self-coupling. The presence of a CP-odd component in Higgs-boson interactions can be probed by reconstructing the Higgs and Z boson decay planes, or by measuring and utilizing the polarizations of the Higgs-boson decay particles. These CP-odd interactions could provide an ingredient to explain the observed matter-antimatter asymmetry in the universe. Prior analyses of Zh production have found good sensitivity to CP-odd interactions, and a further understanding of this sensitivity is a primary goal of this topic.

Chris Hays, Oxford University for the focus topic expert team

### ECFA ZH angular measurements meeting 18 June 2024

# **ZH** angular distributions and **CP** studies

Areas of study for the "ZHang" focus topic:

- 1 CP-odd HZZ interactions
  - using fully simulated samples
  - in an asymmetric colllider
  - with polarized beams
  - joint constraints with CP-even interactions
- 2 Connecting CP-odd constraints to specific models
- 3 CP-odd  $H\tau\tau$  interactions
- 4 Higgs self-coupling from angular distributions
- 5 Global SMEFT analysis extended to NLO, dimension-8 operators
- 6 Quantum entanglement observables

### **European strategy update and ECFA input**

Deadline for input to the next European Particle Physics Strategy Update (EPPSU) is March 31, 2025

ECFA aims to provide a report summarizing results since Snowmass to the community by mid-December Details to be worked out soon

Anyone wishing to provide input should provide an overview by the October 9-11 workshop in Paris https://indico.in2p3.fr/event/32629/overview

# **Higgs/Top/EW presentations**

#### 2 Four-fermion interactions

a Charged-lepton and quark constraints from ILC b Nonstandard neutrino interactions

#### 3 ZH production and angular studies

#### A CP-odd coupling sensitivity

a CP violation in the Higgs sector b CP at LHC c HZZ CP at FCC d CP at CEPC e HVV CP at 1 TeV ILC f Polarized beams for CP tests g CP in H->tau-tau

#### **B CP-even coupling sensitivity**

a Models with CP-even interactions i. H->Zy in the 3HDM ii. Additional Higgs bosons b Coupling measurements at the LHC c HZZ coupling at the ILC d HZZ coupling sensitivity to angular observables

#### **C** Entanglement sensitivity

a Entanglement in H->VV b Entanglement in H->tau-tau

#### 4 Rare Higgs couplings

#### A Hss

- a Modelling parton shower and hadronization
- i. The challenge of fragmentation modelling
- ii. LHC constraints on hadronization models
- iii. ALICE charm fragmentation measurements
- iv. ATLAS b fragmentation measurements
- v. Constraining parton shower models in e+e-

#### b Strange tagging

- i. Flavour tagging at the LHC
- ii. Flavour tagging at e+e- colliders
- 1. Detector design
- 2. PID reconstruction
- c Sensitivity
- ii. H->ss branching fractionsii. Obstacles in Higgs-strange-coupling interpretation
- ii. Obstacles in Higgs-strange-coupling interpretati
- iii. Higgs-strange-coupling projections

#### B Hee

a FCC sensitivity b Energy recovery Linacs

#### C Invisible Higgs decays

a ILC

#### D Flavour-violating Higgs decays

- a Quark flavour violating SUSY
- b Flavour changing H decays at the FCC

#### 5 Higgs self coupling

#### A Theory & models

- a Self-coupling in the 2HDM at ILC
- b BSM self-coupling at the ILC
- c Self-couping predictions in arbitrary models

#### **B** Experiment

a Polarization for self-coupling b ILC and C^3 prospects

#### 6 Top-quark interactions

a FCNC in top-quark interactions b CP sensitivity in top decays

#### 1 Electroweak interactions

#### A Photon interactions

a Spin asymmetry with transversely polarized beams b Neutrino anomalous magnetic moment

#### **B** Z boson interactions

a AFB of quarks at the ILC b AFB of b-quarks at the FCC c Flavour changing Z & H decays d Other exotic Z boson decays

#### C Gauge boson self-couplings

- a Theory b LHC c Optimal observables at e+e- colliders
- d Polarization and CP

### **Today's meeting**

ECFA n	neeting on e+e- to ZH angular measurements / 18 Jun 2024, 14:00 → 17:30 Europe/Zurich	2 -
Videoconferer	ECFA meeting on e+e- to ZH angular measurements	🕨 Join 🛛 🗸
<b>14:00</b> → 14:05	Introduction Speaker: Chris Hays (University of Oxford (GB))	🕲 5m 🗷 👻
<b>14:10</b> → 14:30	CP violation in the Higgs sector Speaker: Henning Bahl	© 20m 🗷 ▾
<b>14:35</b> → 14:55	CP and entanglement in H to VV decays Speaker: Juan Antonio Aguilar Saavedra (Consejo Superior de Investigaciones Científicas (ES))	© 20m 🖉 ▾
<b>15:00</b> → 15:20	Polarized beams for CP tests Speaker: Cheng Li	© 20m 🖉 ▾
<b>15:25</b> → 15:45	Beam polarization at CEPC Speaker: Duan,Zhe duanz	© 20m 🖉 ▾
<b>15:50</b> → 16:10	CP at CEPC Speaker: Qiyu Sha (Chinese Academy of Sciences (CN))	© 20m 🖉 ▾
<b>16:15</b> → 16:35	FCC-ee ZH CP studies Speaker: Valdis Slokenbergs (Johns Hopkins University (US))	© 20m 🖉 ▾
<b>16:40</b> → 17:00	Higgs self-coupling sensitivity at the ILC Speaker: Bryan Bliewert (Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron (DE))	© 20m 🕑 ▼

### **First meeting**

ECFA meeting on e+e- to ZH angular measurements									
Videoconferen	Ce ZHAng focus topic	► Join 🐦							
<b>14:00</b> → 14:10	Introduction Speaker: Chris Hays (University of Oxford (GB))	©10m 🕑 ▾							
<b>14:20</b> → 14:40	Probing the Higgs with angular observables at future e+e- colliders Speakers: Jiayin Gu (IHEP, CAS), Jiayin Gu (Fudan University)	© 20m 🖻 ▾							
<b>14:50</b> → 15:10	FCC-ee ZH CP studies         Speaker: Nicholas Pinto (Johns Hopkins University)         FCC-ee CP Studies         FCC-ee CP Studies	© 20m 🗷 ▾							
<b>15:20</b> → 15:40	Sensitivity to CP-odd HVV interactions at the 1 TeV ILC Speaker: Ivanka Bozovic-Jelisavcic (University of Belgrade (RS))	© 20m 🖻 ▾							
<b>15:50</b> → 16:10	Higgs self-coupling sensitivity in ZH production (theory) Speaker: Johannes Braathen (DESY)	© 20m 🕑 ▾							

### **Second meeting**

ECFA meeting on e+e- to ZH angular measurements Monday 18 Mar 2024, 14:00 → 17:00 Europe/Zurich									
Videoconferer	CE ECFA meeting on e+e- to ZH angular measurements	🕨 Join 🛛 👽							
<b>14:00</b> → 14:05	Introduction Speaker: Chris Hays (University of Oxford (GB))	© 5m 🕑 ▼							
<b>14:10</b> → 14:30	ZH polarisation for self-coupling Speakers: BALBEER SINGH (Physical Research Laboratory), Balbeer Singh (University of South Dakota)	3 20m 🕑 🕶							
<b>14:40</b> → 15:00	Entanglement with e+e- sqrt(s)=240/250 GeV collisions Speaker: Alan Barr (University of Oxford (GB))	© 20m 🗷 ▾							
<b>15:10</b> → 15:30	FCC-ee ZH CP studies Speaker: Nicholas Pinto (Johns Hopkins University)	③ 20m 🖉 ▾							
<b>15:40</b> → 16:00	LHC CP prospects Speaker: Sandra Kortner (Max Planck Society (DE))	© 20m 🗷 ▾							

### **CP-odd interactions: hVV status**

Snowmass 2021 quantified sensitivity in terms of the CP-odd fraction fCP

$$A(hV_1V_2) = \frac{1}{v} \Big[ a_1^{hVV} m_{V_1}^2 \epsilon_{V_1}^* \epsilon_{V_2}^* + a_2^{hVV} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} f^{*(2),\mu\nu} + \frac{1}{2} a_3^{hVV} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} f_{\mu\nu}^{*(1)} f^{*(2)}_{\rho\sigma} \Big] \qquad \qquad f_{\rm CP}^{hVV} = \frac{|a_3^{hVV}|^2}{\sum_i |a_i^{hVV}|^2 (\sigma_i/\sigma_3)}$$

Target of  $f_{CP} < 10^{-5}$  based on a benchmark model point of the 2HDM

Collider	pp	pp	pp	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^-p$	$\gamma\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	target
E (GeV)	14,000	14,000	100,000	250	350	500	1,000	1300	125	125	3000	(theory)
$\mathcal{L}$ (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	300	$3,\!000$	30,000	250	350	500	1,000	1000	250	20	1000	
hZZ/hWW	$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$\checkmark$	$3.9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$3.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$< 10^{-5}$

e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> expectations use leptonic Z decays and assume equivalent sensitivity with quarks

pp expectations based on CMS projections using VBF production

2209.07510

## **CP-odd interactions: hVV possibilities**

Joint analysis of SMEFT constraints on SU(2), U(1), and mixing operators (CHW, CHB, CHWB) Complementarity with LHC VBF, Wh, Zh measurements Include hZZ\* and hWW\* decays

Joint analysis of CP-odd and CP-even constraints

Collider	pp	pp	pp	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^-p$	$\gamma\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	target
E (GeV)	14,000	14,000	100,000	250	350	500	1,000	1300	125	125	3000	(theory)
$\mathcal{L}$ (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	300	3,000	30,000	250	350	500	1,000	1000	250	20	1000	
hZZ/hWW	$4 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.5 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$\checkmark$	$3.9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$2.9 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$1.3 \cdot 10^{-5}$	$3.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$< 10^{-5}$

Experimental sensitivity at FCC-ee with 5/ab per experiment including backgrounds

Experimental sensitivity at ILC including beam polarization scenarios including backgrounds

Sensitivity at proposed HALHF collider

Potential gains from optimal observables or other multivariate methods

### **CP-odd interactions: Polarization for hVV**

Decay-lepton correlations as probes of anomalous *ZZH* and  $\gamma$ *ZH* interactions in  $e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ$  with polarized beams

Saurabh D. Rindani\*, Pankaj Sharma

### PLB 693, 134 (2010)

#### **2.** Polarization effects in the process $e^+e^- \rightarrow HZ$

We consider the process

$$e^{-}(p_1) + e^{+}(p_2) \rightarrow Z^{\alpha}(q) + H(k)$$
  
 $\rightarrow \ell^{+}(p_{l^+}) + \ell^{-}(p_{l^-}) + H(k),$  (2)

#### Table 1

The 95% CL limits on the anomalous ZZH and  $\gamma$ ZH couplings, chosen nonzero one at a time, from various observables with unpolarized and longitudinally polarized beams.

	Observable	Coupling		Limits for polarizations					
			$\overline{P_L = 0.0}\\ \overline{P_L} = 0.0$	$\begin{array}{c} P_L = 0.8\\ \bar{P}_L = 0.6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} P_L = 0.8\\ \bar{P}_L = -0.6 \end{array}$				
<i>X</i> <sub>1</sub>	$(p_1 - p_2).q$	$\operatorname{Im} \tilde{b}_Z$	$4.11\times 10^{-2}$	$8.69 \times 10^{-2}$	$9.94 \times 10^{-3}$				
		$\operatorname{Im} \tilde{b}_{\gamma}$	$1.49 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.06 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.22\times10^{-2}$				
<i>X</i> <sub>2</sub>	$P.(p_{l^-} - p_{l^+})$	$\operatorname{Im} \tilde{b}_Z$	$4.12 \times 10^{-2}$	$5.99 \times 10^{-2}$	$3.84 \times 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Im} \tilde{b}_{\gamma}$	$5.23 \times 10^{-1}$	$3.12 \times 10^{-1}$	$5.52  imes 10^{-2}$				
<i>X</i> <sub>3</sub>	$(\vec{p}_{l^-} \times \vec{p}_{l^+})_z$	$\operatorname{Re}\tilde{b}_Z$	$1.41 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.97  imes 10^{-1}$	$3.40  imes 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Re} \tilde{b}_{\gamma}$	$5.09 \times 10^{-2}$	$7.05 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.15\times10^{-2}$				
$X_4$	$(p_1 - p_2).(p_{l^-} - p_{l^+}) \times (\vec{p}_{l^-} \times \vec{p}_{l^+})_z$	$\operatorname{Re}\tilde{b}_{Z}$	$2.95 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.29 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.75\times10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Re} \tilde{b}_{\gamma}$	$3.81 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.24 \times 10^{-1}$	$3.95\times10^{-2}$				
$X_5$	$(p_1 - p_2).q(\vec{p}_{l^-} \times \vec{p}_{l^+})_z$	$\operatorname{Im} b_Z$	$7.12 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.04 \times 10^{-1}$	$6.64  imes 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Im} b_{\gamma}$	$9.10 \times 10^{-1}$	$5.42 \times 10^{-1}$	$9.53  imes 10^{-2}$				
<i>X</i> <sub>6</sub>	$P.(p_{l^-} - p_{l^+})(\vec{p}_{l^-} \times \vec{p}_{l^+})_z$	$\operatorname{Im} b_Z$	$7.12 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.50 \times 10^{-1}$	$1.72 \times 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Im} b_{\gamma}$	$2.58 \times 10^{-2}$	$3.57 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.10 \times 10^{-2}$				
X <sub>7</sub>	$[(p_1 - p_2).q]^2$	$\operatorname{Re} b_Z$	$1.75 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.54 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.63  imes 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Re} b_{\gamma}$	$2.23 \times 10^{-1}$	$1.34 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.35\times10^{-2}$				
<i>X</i> <sub>8</sub>	$[(p_1 - p_2).(p_{l^-} - p_{l^+})]^2$	$\operatorname{Re} b_Z$	$1.53 \times 10^{-2}$	$2.22 \times 10^{-2}$	$1.42  imes 10^{-2}$				
		$\operatorname{Re} b_{\gamma}$	$1.94 \times 10^{-1}$	$1.16 \times 10^{-1}$	$2.04 \times 10^{-2}$				

## **CP-odd interactions: hff & loop-induced**

### Target of $f_{CP} < 10^{-2}$ based on a benchmark model point of the 2HDM

Collider	pp	pp	pp	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^+e^-$	$e^-p$	$\gamma\gamma$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	$\mu^+\mu^-$	target
E (GeV)	14,000	14,000	100,000	250	350	500	1,000	1300	125	125	3000	(theory)
$\mathcal{L}$ (fb <sup>-1</sup> )	300	3,000	30,000	250	350	500	1,000	1000	250	20	1000	
$h\gamma\gamma$	_	0.50	$\checkmark$	_	_	_	_	_	0.06	_	_	$< 10^{-2}$
$hZ\gamma$	_	$\sim 1$	$\checkmark$	_	_	_	$\sim 1$	_	_	_	_	$< 10^{-2}$
hgg	0.12	0.011	$\checkmark$	—	_	—	_	_	_	_	—	$< 10^{-2}$
$htar{t}$	0.24	0.05	$\checkmark$	_	_	0.29	0.08	$\checkmark$	_	_	$\checkmark$	$< 10^{-2}$
$h\tau\tau$	0.07	0.008	$\checkmark$	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.06	_	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	$< 10^{-2}$
$h\mu\mu$	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	$\checkmark$	_	$< 10^{-2}$

### **Possibilities:**

Complete experimental analysis of  $h \rightarrow \tau \tau$  including uncertainties

 $hZ\gamma$  and  $h\gamma\gamma$  sensitivity Joint SMEFT CP-even + CP-odd analysis Extend benchmark models