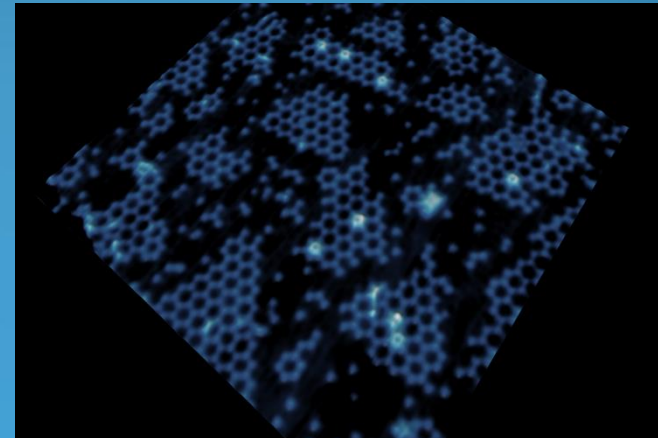
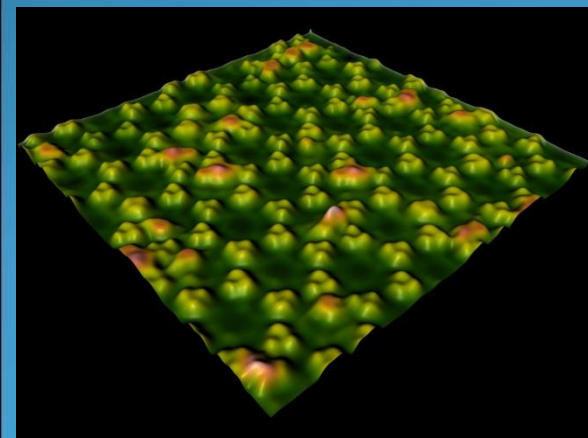


Nanotechnology : Changing the World at the Nanoscale

Dr. Esmeralda Yitamben

*African School of Fundamental Physics (ASP 2024)
Marrakech, Morocco
16 July 2024*





UNDER THE HIGH PATRONAGE OF HIS MAJESTY KING MOHAMMED VI

THE EIGHTH BIENNIAL AFRICAN SCHOOL OF FUNDAMENTAL PHYSICS AND APPLICATIONS (ASP2024)



Co-organized by Cadi Ayyad University and Mohammed V University at Faculty of Science Semlalia, Marrakesh, Morocco

April 15th-19th and July 7th-21st, 2024

ASP MISSION

To increase capacity development in fundamental physics and related applications in Africa. The ASP has evolved to be much more than a school. It is a program of actions with directed ethos toward physics as an engine for development in Africa

SCIENTIFIC PROGRAM

TOPICS

- Nuclear & Particle Physics
- Medical and Radiation Physics
- Applied and Industrial Physics
- Theoretical and Computational Physics
- Space Physics, Astrophysics & Cosmology
- Physics for Sustainable Development
- Condensed and Materials Physics Biophysics
- Capacity Development and Retention Discussion
- Physics Education, Outreach and Communication

ACTIVITIES

- Outreach for Secondary Schools April 15th-19th, and July 15th-19th, 2024
- Physics lectures, tutorials and hands-on experimentation for students, July 7th-21st, 2024
- Workshop for High School Teachers, July 8-12, 2024
- ASP Forum, July 13th, 2024

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (IOC)

B. Acharya (ICTP and King's College London), K. Assamagan (BNL), C. Darve (ESS), F. Ferroni (INFN), M. Laassiri (BNL)

INTERNATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE (IAC)

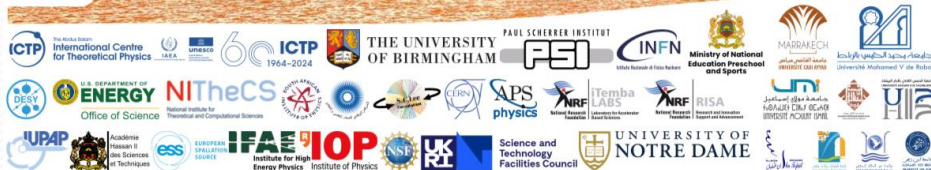
N. Blackburn (BNL), M. Campanelli (UCL), D. Charlton (University of Birmingham), S. Connell (University of Johannesburg), A. Dabrowski (CERN), T. Ekelof (Uppsala University), J. Ellis (King's College London), L. Elouadrhiri (TJNAF), E. G. Ferreira (USC), H. Gao (BNL), J. Govaerts (UCL), J. Gray (ASP), B. Heinemann (DESY), H. Holtkamp (SLAC), J. Huston (MSU), O. Ka (UCAD), Y. K. Kim (Chicago), D. Kobor (UASZ), S. C. Lee (Academia Sinica), B. Masara (SAIP), H. Montgomery (TJNAF), S. Muanza (CNRS-IN2P3), R. Nemutudi (iThemba LABS), M. Nsumalo (NRF), F. Quvedo (University of Cambridge), L. Rivkin (PSI & EPFL), L. Serafini (INFN), H. Severini (Oklahoma), P. Skands (Monash), E. Tsesmelis (CERN), L. Vacavant (CNRS-IN2P3), Z. Vilakazi (Witwatersrand), H. B. White Jr. (Fermilab), J. Yu (UTA)

LOCAL ORGANIZING COMMITTEE (LOC)

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CHAIRS

Mohamed Chabab (UCA)
Farida Fassi (UM5)



<https://www.africanschoolofphysics.org/asp2024/>



A little about me ...



**Sandia
National
Laboratories**



Western Digital®



Outline



- What is nanotechnology?
- What is its current impact?
- What is its future impact?
- Nanotechnology in Africa



What is Nanotechnology?

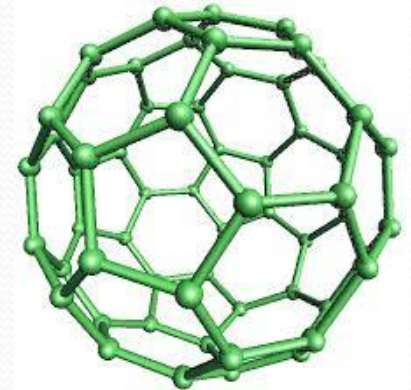
- Exploring and exploiting unique phenomena occurring at the atomic, molecular, and supra-molecular scale to create materials, devices, and systems with new and useful properties and function.
- Scale → 1 – 100 nm
- Highly interdisciplinary
- Potentially disruptive technology



10^7 meters



10^{-1} meters



10^{-9} meters



The Scale of Things – Nanometers and More



Things Natural



Dust mite
↔
200 μm

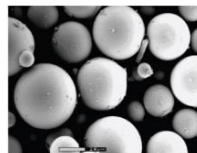


Human hair
~ 60-120 μm wide

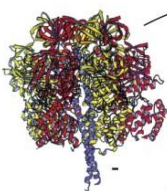
Red blood cells
(~7-8 μm)



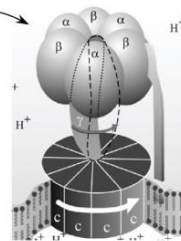
Ant
~ 5 mm



Fly ash
~ 10-20 μm



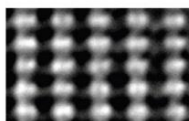
~10 nm diameter



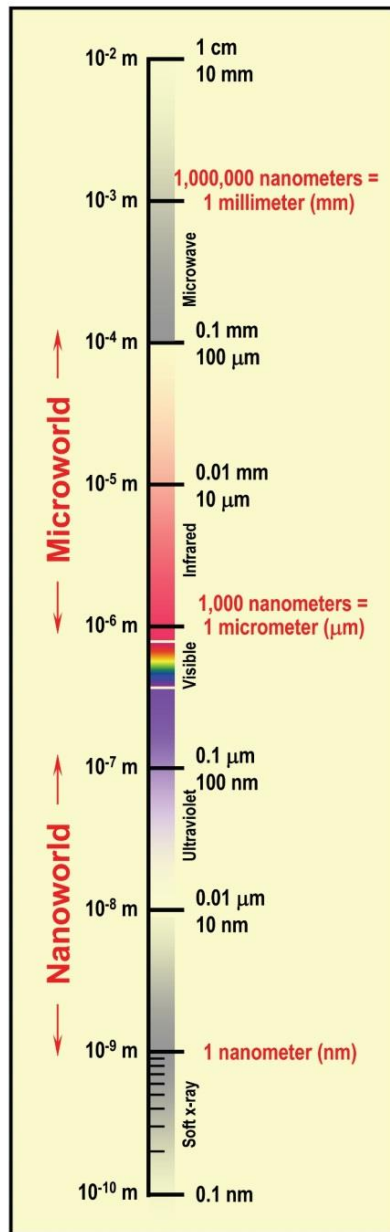
ATP synthase



DNA
~2-1/2 nm diameter



Atoms of silicon
spacing 0.078 nm



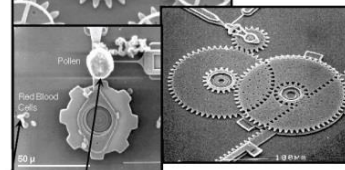
Things Manmade



Head of a pin
1-2 mm

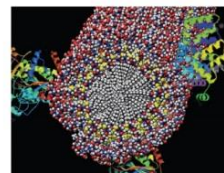


MicroElectroMechanical (MEMS) devices
10 -100 μm wide

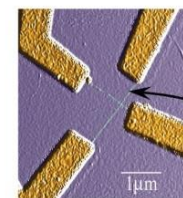


Pollen grain
Red blood cells

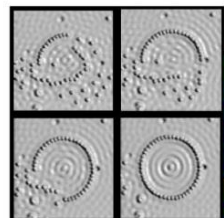
Zone plate x-ray "lens"
Outer ring spacing ~35 nm



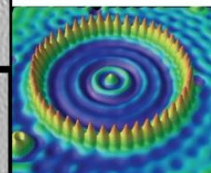
Self-assembled,
Nature-inspired structure
Many 10s of nm



Nanotube electrode

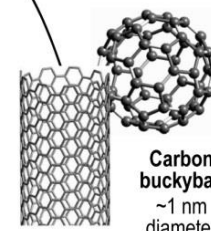


Quantum corral of 48 iron atoms on copper surface
positioned one at a time with an STM tip
Corral diameter 14 nm



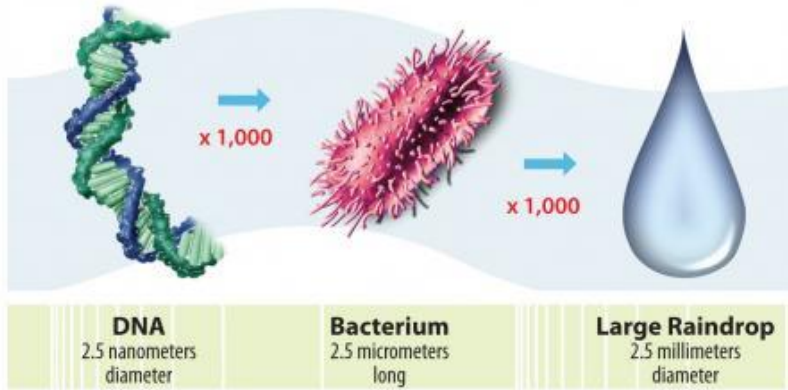
The Challenge

Fabricate and combine nanoscale building blocks to make useful devices, e.g., a photosynthetic reaction center with integral semiconductor storage.

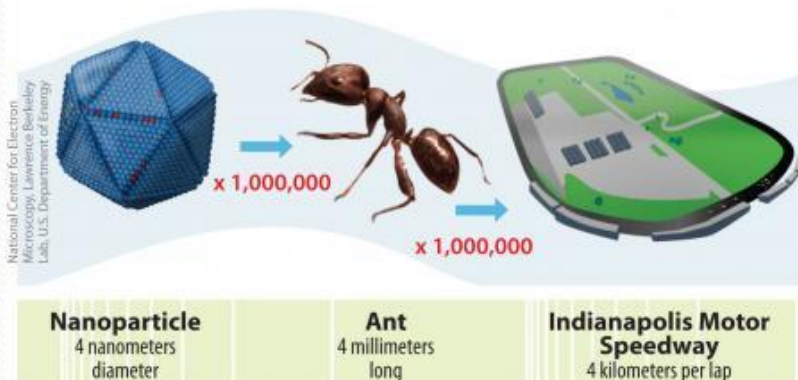


Carbon buckyball
~1 nm diameter
Carbon nanotube
~1.3 nm diameter

A Little More on the Scale of Things



- A sheet of paper is ~ 100,000 nm thick;
- A human hair is ~ 80,000 – 100,000 nm wide;
- Hemoglobin, which carries oxygen through the bloodstream is 5 nm in diameter;
- A strand of human DNA is ~ 2.5 nm in diameter;
- A single gold atom is ~ 1/3 nm;
- 1 nm is approximately as long as your fingernail grows in 1s.



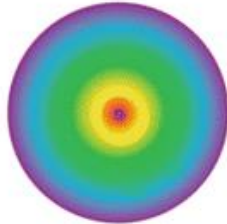
National Nanotechnology Initiative
<http://www.nano.gov/nanotech-101/what/nano-size>



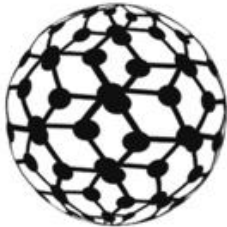
NMs classification based on dimensionality

0D

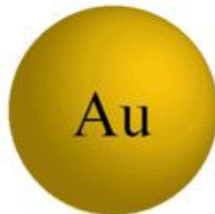
Nanospheres,
clusters



Quantum dots



Fullerenes



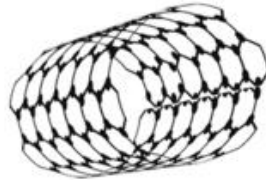
Gold nanoparticles

1D

Nanotubes,
wires, rods



Metal nanorods,
Ceramic crystals



Carbon nanotubes,
Metallic nanotubes



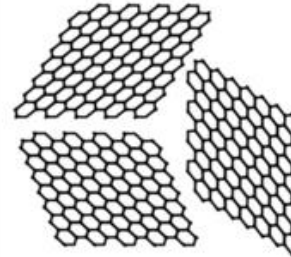
Gold nanowires,
Polymeric nanofibers,
Self assembled structures

2D

Thin films, plates,
layered structures



Carbon coated
nanoplates



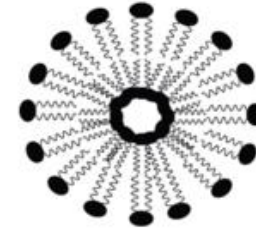
Graphene sheets



Layered nanomaterials

3D

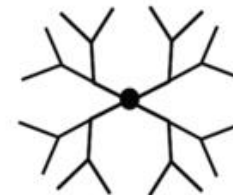
Bulk NMs,
polycrystals



Liposome



Polycrystalline



Dendrimer



Pre-modern Examples of Nanotechnology



The Lycurgus cup (Rome) at the British Museum, 4th century



Polychrome lustreware bowl (Iraq) at the British Museum, 9th Century



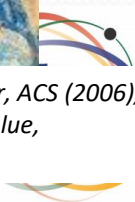
Stained glass window in a church in Europe in the 11th century



Maya warrior, The Cleveland Museum of Art, 250 – 900 AD



(A) Egyptians produced dye for hair, ACS (2006); (B) Egyptians produced Egyptian blue, ACS(2013)





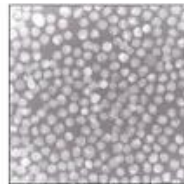
Ancient stained-glass makers knew that by putting varying, tiny amounts of gold and silver in the glass, they could produce the red and yellow found in stained-glass windows. Similarly, today's scientists and engineers have found that it takes only small amounts of a nanoparticle, precisely placed, to change a material's physical properties.

Gold particles in glass

Size*: 25 nm
Shape: sphere
Color reflected:

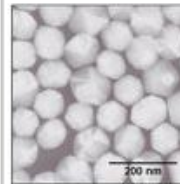


100 nanometers =
0.0001 millimeter



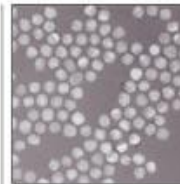
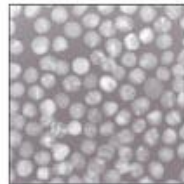
Silver particles in glass

Size*: 100 nm
Shape: sphere
Color reflected:



Had medieval artists been able to control the size and shape of the nanoparticles, they would have been able to use the two metals to produce other colors. Examples:

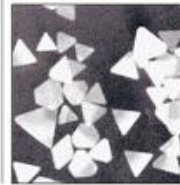
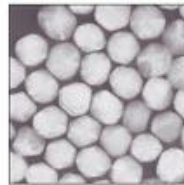
Size*: 50 nm
Shape: sphere
Color reflected:



Size*: 40 nm
Shape: sphere
Color reflected:



Size*: 100 nm
Shape: sphere
Color reflected:



Size*: 100 nm
Shape: prism
Color reflected:

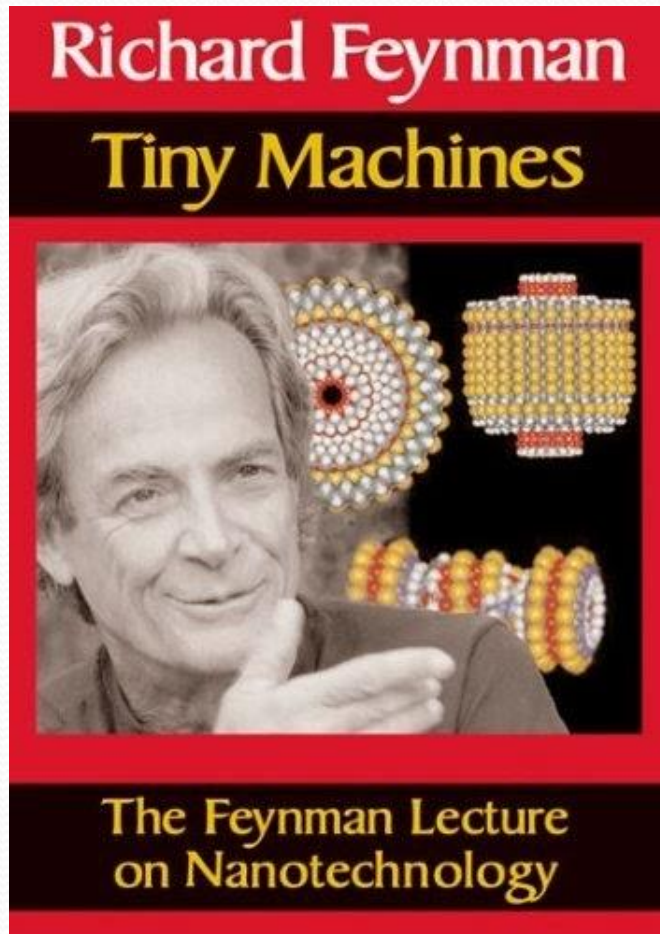


Source: Dr. Chad A. Mirkin, Institute of Nanotechnology, Northwestern University

*Approximate



Where it all started: "There's plenty of room at the bottom."



On the Basic Concept of 'Nano-Technology'

Norio TANIGUCHI
Tokyo Science University
Noda-shi, Chiba-ken, 272 Japan

Abstract

'Nano-technology' is the production technology to get the extra high accuracy and ultra fine dimensions, i.e. the preciseness and fineness of the order of 1 nm (nanometer), 10^{-9} m in length. The name of 'Nano-technology' originates from this nanometer. In the processing of materials, the smallest bit size of stock removal, accretion or flow of materials is probably of one atom or one molecule, namely 0.1~0.2 nm in length. Therefore, the expected limit size of fineness would be of the order of 1 nm. Accordingly, 'Nano-technology' mainly consists of the processing of separation, consolidation and deformation of materials by one atom or one molecule. Needless to say, the measurement and control techniques to assure the preciseness and fineness of 1 nm play very important role in this technology.

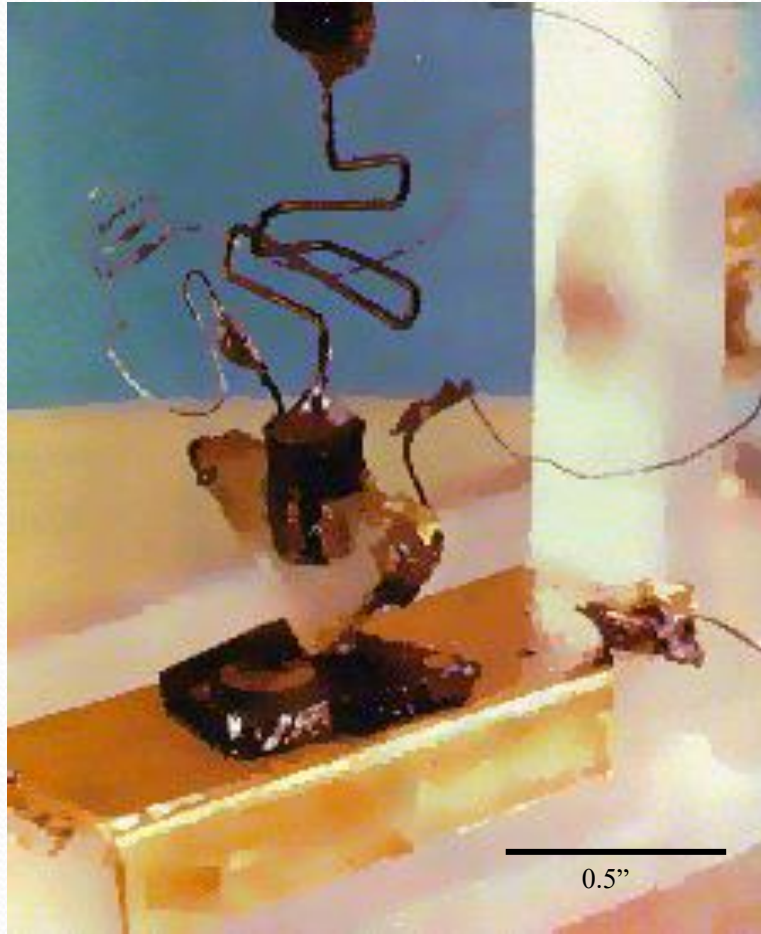
In the present paper, the basic concept of 'Nano-technology' in materials processing is discussed on the basis of microscopic behaviour of materials and as a result the ion sputter-machining is introduced as the most promising process for the technology.

Norio Taniguchi first termed the word "Nanotechnology" in 1974, in his paper on ion sputtering: *N. Taniguchi, Proc. Intl. Conf. Prod. Eng. Tokyo Part II, Japan Society of Precision Engineering, 1974, pp 18-23.*

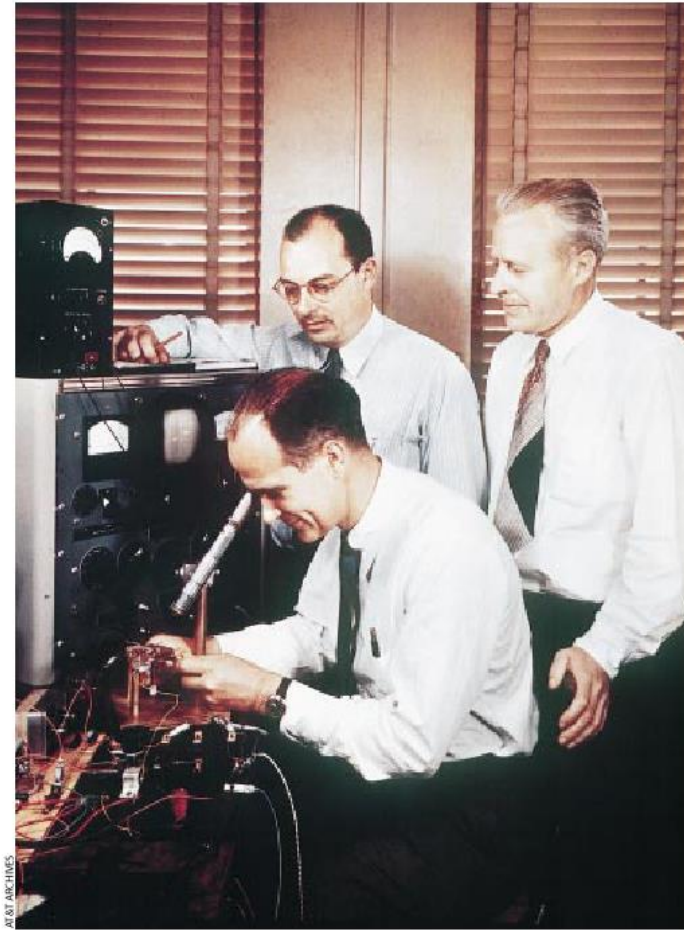
"There's Plenty of Room at the Bottom" was a lecture given by physicist Richard Feynman at an American Physical Society (APS) meeting at Caltech on December 29, 1959. This talk inspired the conceptual beginnings of the field decades later.



The Beginning: at Bell Labs in 1947



the first transistor made of Germanium



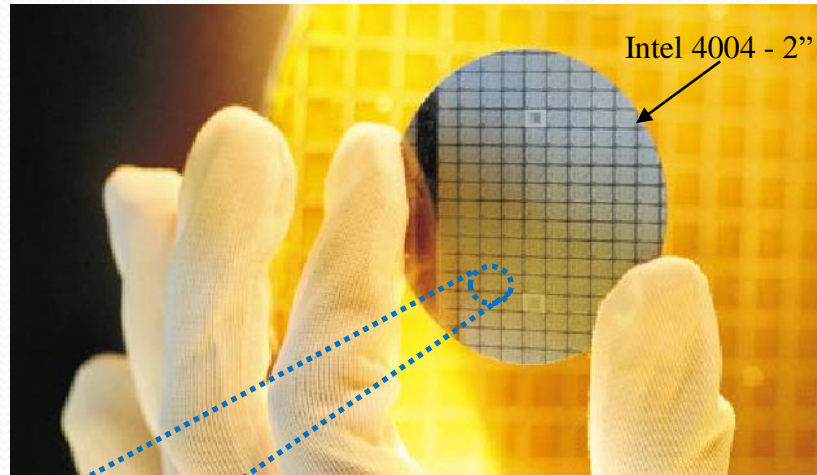
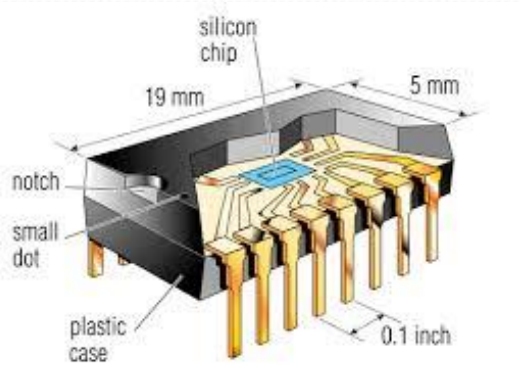
INVENTORS Shockley (*seated*), Bardeen (*left*) and Brattain (*right*) were the first to demonstrate a solid-state amplifier (*opposite page*).

AT&T Archives

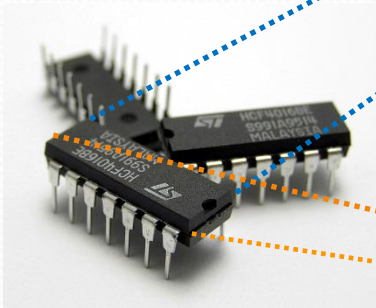
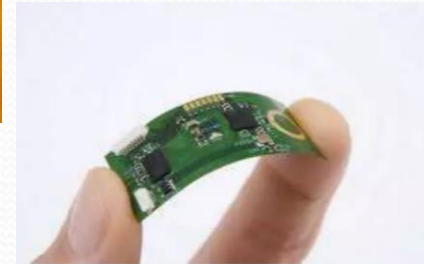
In 1956, Schockley, Bardeen, and Brattain were awarded the Nobel Prize in Physics, "for their researches on semiconductors and their discovery of the transistor effect"



Integrated circuits: The heart of the computer

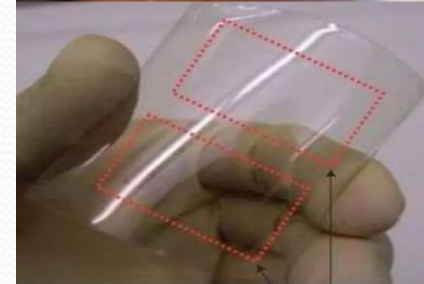
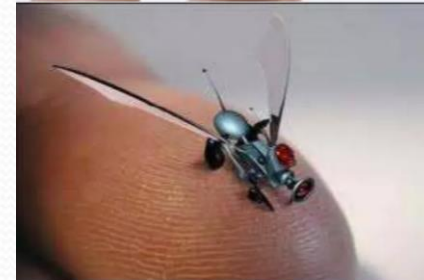


Intel.com
today's wafers-12''



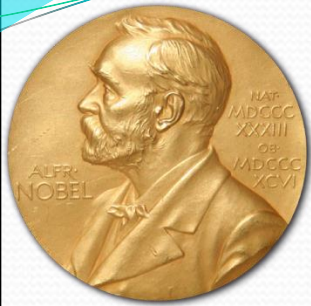
Three 14-pin (DIP14) plastic dual in-line packages containing IC chips packaged chip

Wikipedia.org



Transistor array regions

Visualization? : Nobel Prize in Physics 1986



"for his fundamental work in electron optics, and for the design of the first **electron microscope**"



Ernst Ruska

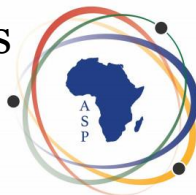


Gerd Binnig

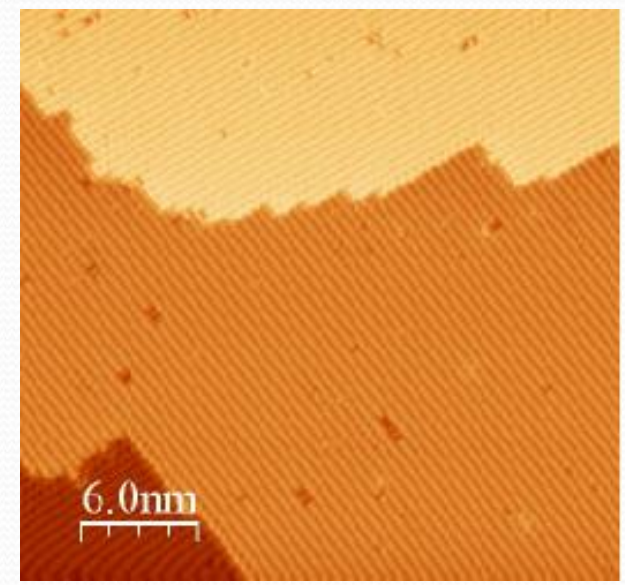
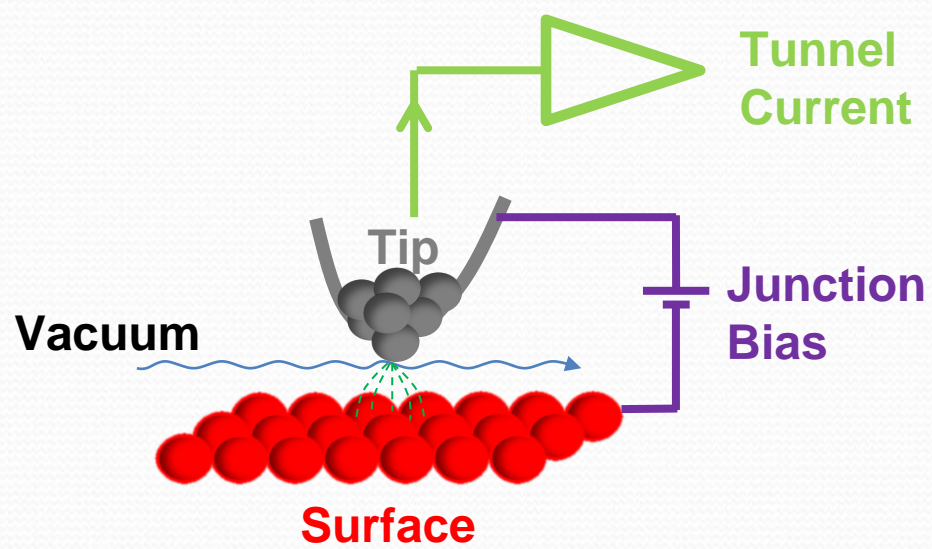


Heinrich Rohrer

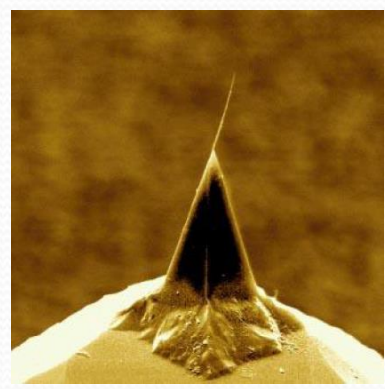
Their work helped visualize individual atoms through the probing of surfaces



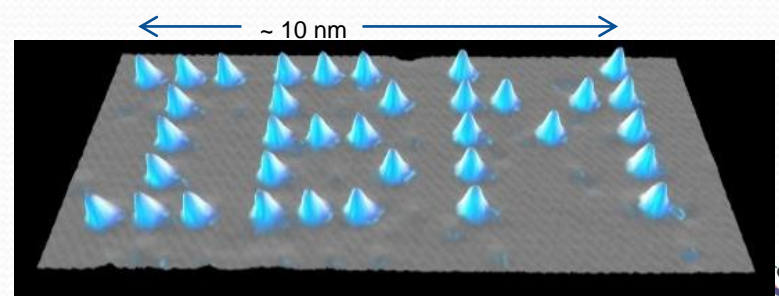
Scanning Tunneling Microscopy: A Revolution for Tunneling



Imaging



STM tip



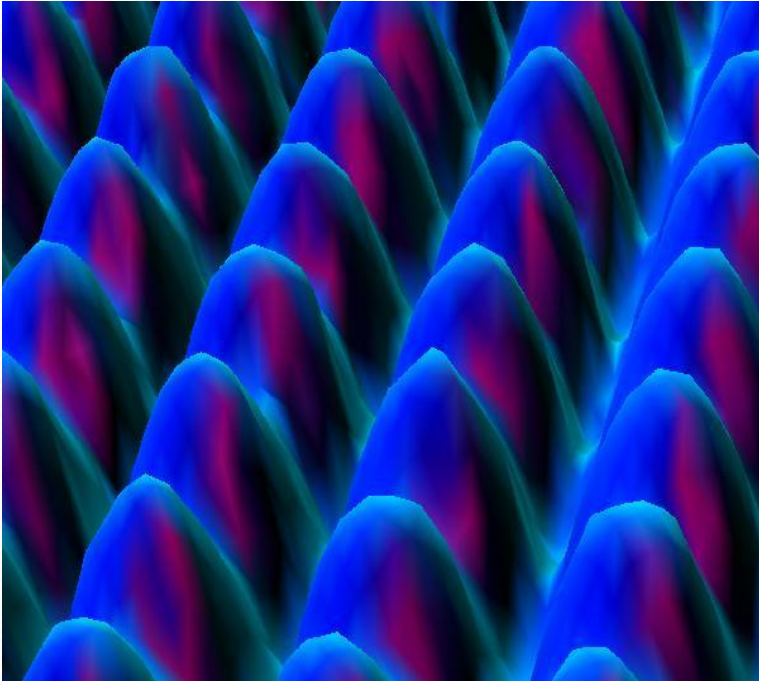
Eigler, D., Nature 344, 524 (1990)

Atomic manipulation



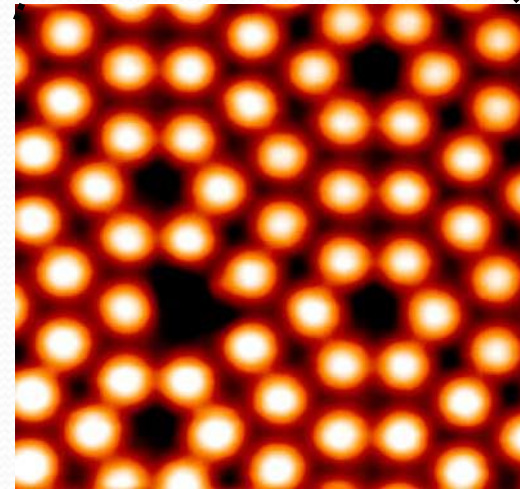
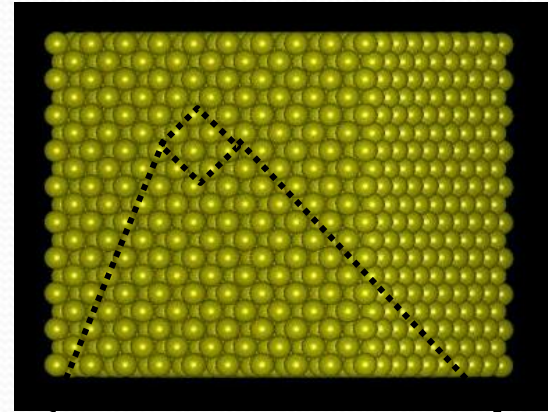
STM observing surfaces

Nickel



↔
3 Angstroms = 0.3 nm

Silicon



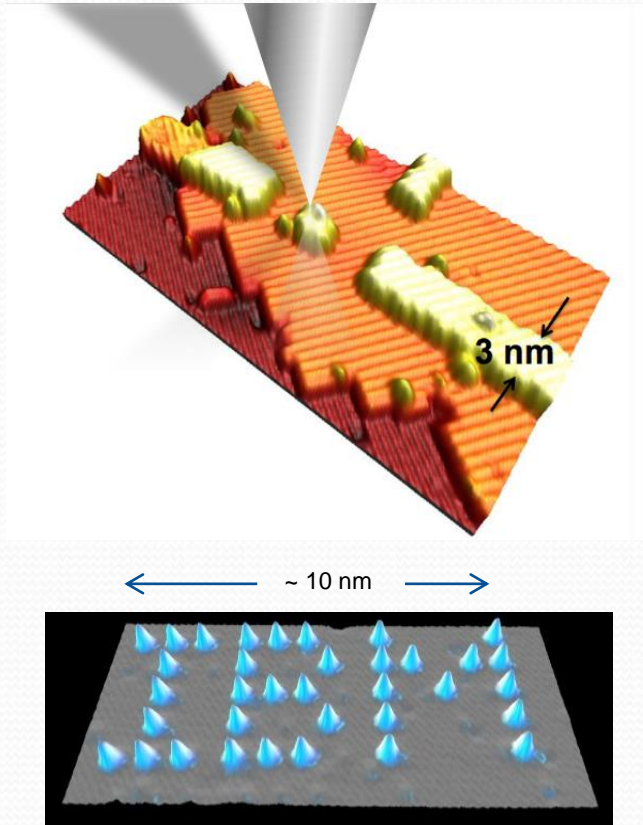
STM of Si(111) 7 x 7 reconstruction



Nanofabrication: Writing Devices

Pick and Place

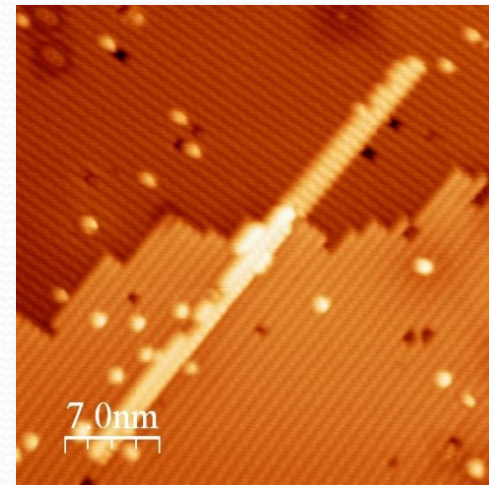
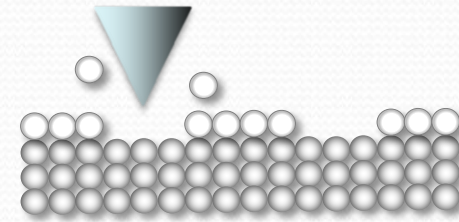
STM assisted nanofabrication



Eigler, D., Nature 344, 524 (1990)

Atomic manipulation

Write ...



The World's Smallest Map

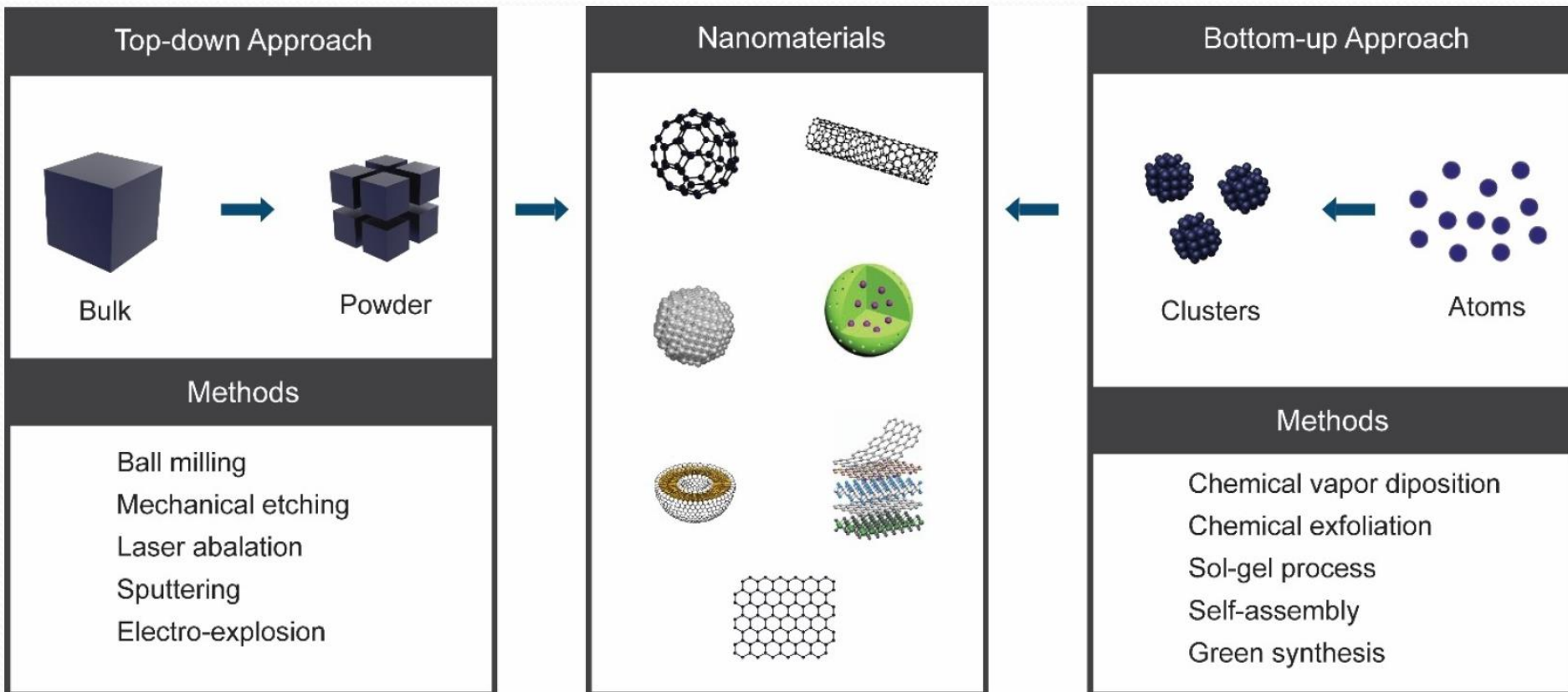


22 μm \times 11 μm 3D map written on a polymer
IBM, 2012



Approaches

- **Top-Down:** Starting from larger structures and breaking them down into smaller components
- **Bottom-Up:** Building from individual atoms and molecules to create functional systems



Nanotechnology – Tools & Technology

- There are several important modern developments
 - Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM)
 - Scanning Tunneling Microscopy (STM)
- Advances in nanolithography
 - X-ray lithography
 - Dip-pen nanolithography
 - Electron beam lithography (inkjet printer)
- Advances in deposition techniques
 - PVD, ALD, ALE, ASD, CVD, PLD



Nano → New Shapes and New Properties = Good

- Optical properties
- Magnetic properties
- Mechanical properties
- Surface reactivity
- Melting point
- Specific heat
- Conductivity
- Biocompatibility



Stained glass window in a church



Evident Technologies

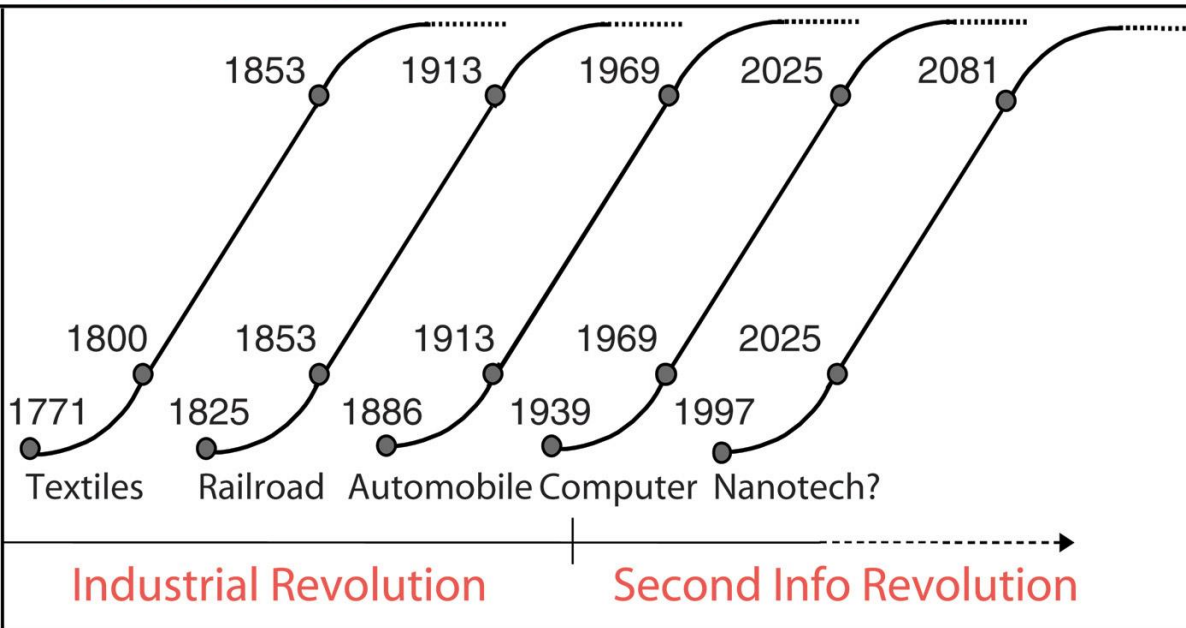


Maya warrior, The Cleveland Museum of Art, 250 – 900 AD

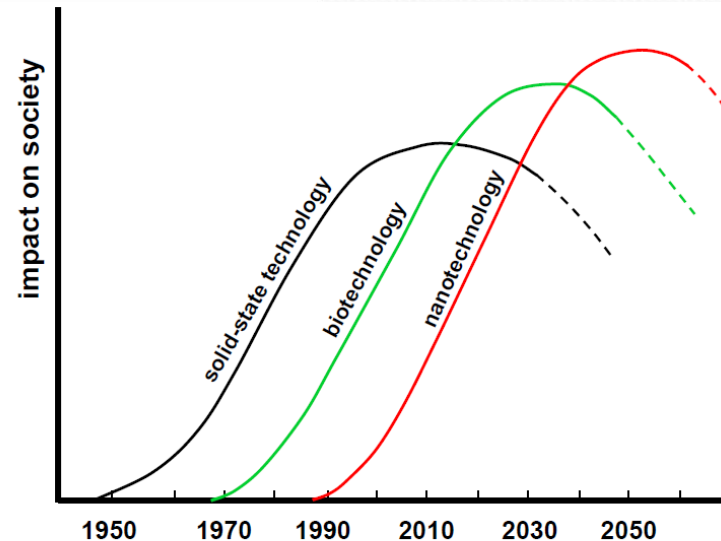


Nanotechnology Growth

Growth Innovations



Sources: Norman Poire, Merrill Lynch



A. ten Wolde: "Nanotechnology; towards a molecular construction kit", Netherlands Study Centre for Technology Trends (STT), 1988



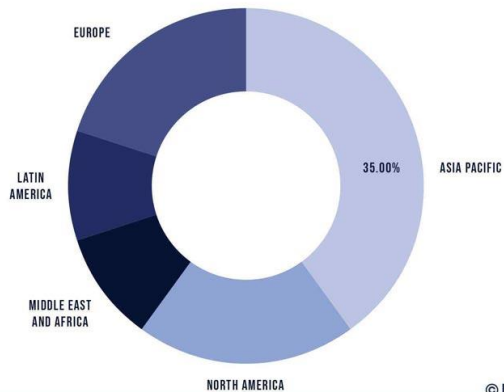
Predicted Global Market Growth

PRECEDENCE
RESEARCH

NANOTECHNOLOGY MARKET SIZE, 2021 TO 2030 (USD BILLION)



NANOTECHNOLOGY MARKET SHARE, BY REGION, 2022 (%)



© PRECEDENCE RESEARCH



Nanotechnology → Multidisciplinary

Chemical
engineering

Biology

Industrial
engineering

Physics

Electrical
engineering

Medicine

Chemistry

Materials Science

Forestry

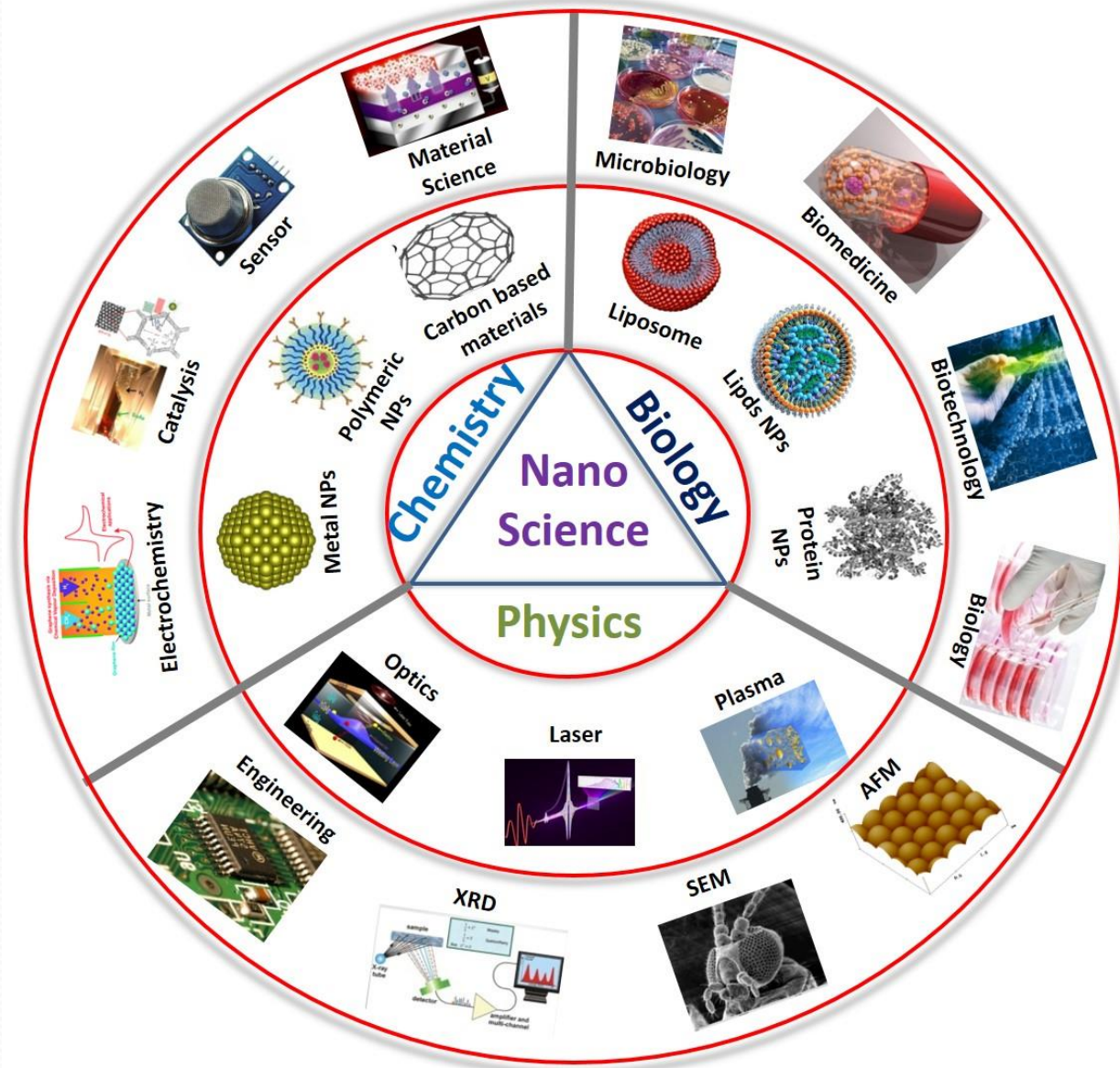
Mathematics

Food Science

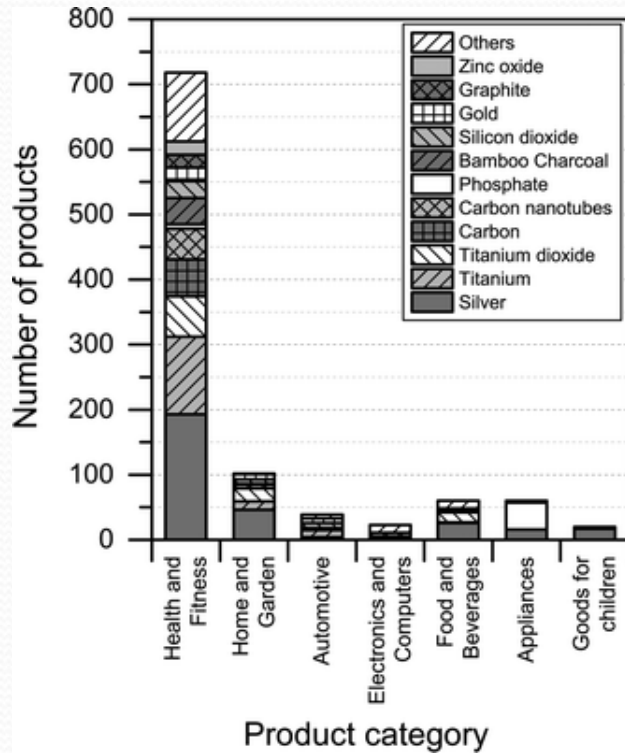
Mechanical
Engineering



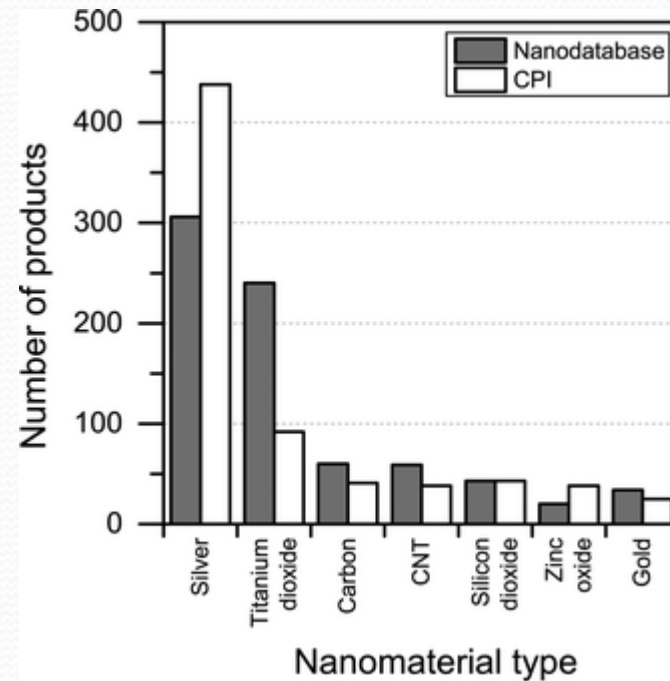
Nanotechnology → Multidisciplinary



Materials in Use



Identity of nanomaterials claimed to be used in different product categories



Silver is a powerful anti-microbial agent and more than 300 products use nanoscale silver to make anti-bacterial surfaces, cosmetics, and clothing.

Hansen, S., et al., *Environ. Sci. Nano*, 2016, 3, 169-180



Examples of the Use of NanoSilver: Almost Everywhere ...



Nano silver beauty soap



Nano silver hair shampoo



Nano silver body cleanser



Nano silver toothpaste



Nano silver hand sanitizer



Nano silver facial mask sheet



Nano silver skin care line



Nano silver makeup line



Nano silver wet wipes



Nano silver disinfectant spray



Nano silver toothbrush



Nanosilver hair conditioner



Nano silver wash dish & laundry detergent



Nano silver colloid



Nano silver antimicrobial masterbatch

Some Uses of Nanotechnology



1. Organic light emitting diodes (OLEDs) for displays;
2. Photovoltaic film that converts light into electricity;
3. Scratch proof coated windows that clean themselves with UV;
4. Fabrics coated to resist stains and control temperature;
5. Intelligent clothing measures pulse and respiration;
6. Bucky-tubeframe is light, but very strong;
7. Hipjoint made from biocompatible materials;
8. Nano-particle paint to prevent corrosion;
9. Thermo-chromic glass to regulate light;
10. Magnetic layers for compact data memory;
11. Carbon nanotube fuel cells to power electronics and vehicles;
12. Nano-engineered cochlear implant.

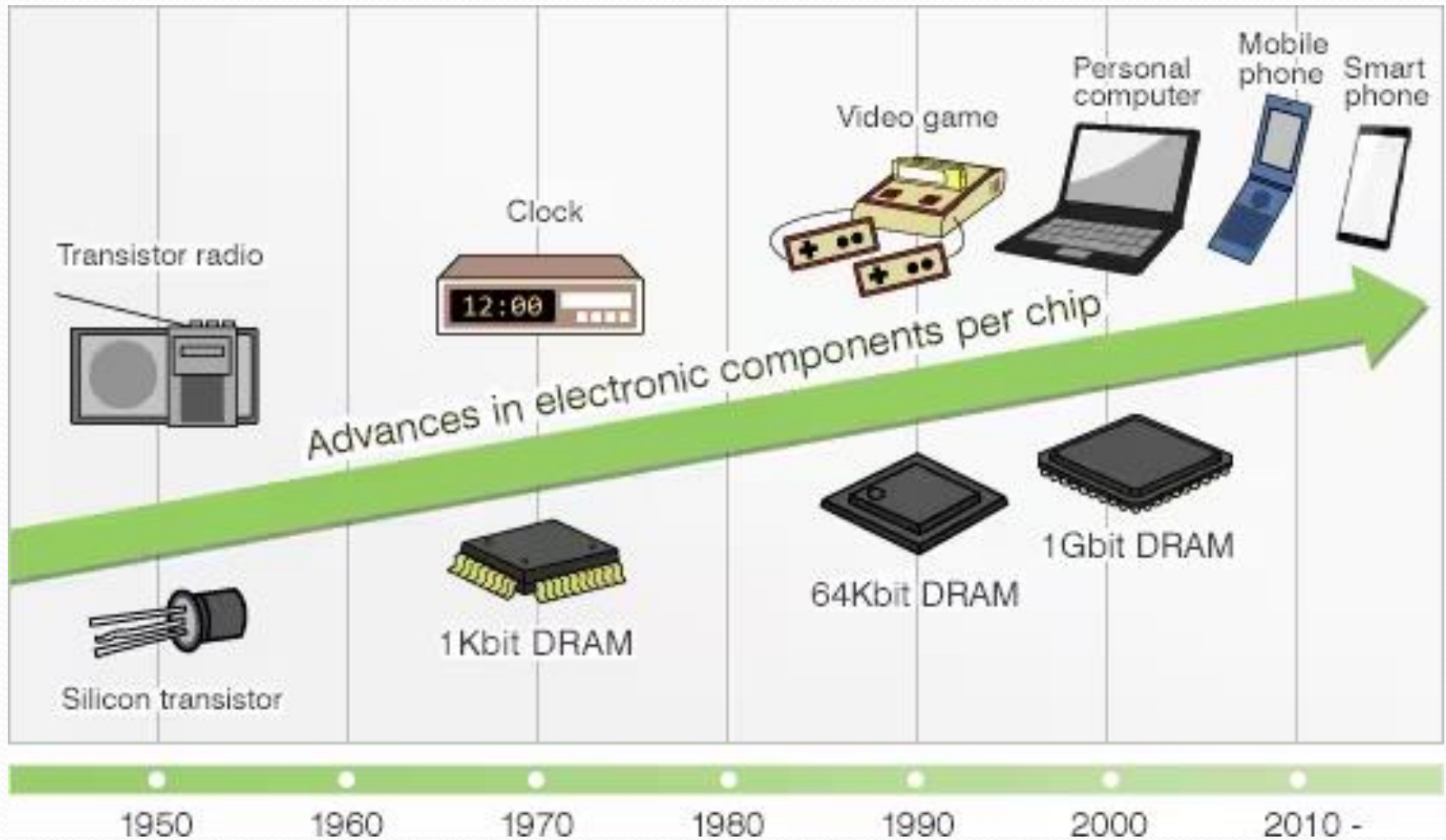


Consumer Products



- **Nanoelectronics** → XBOX One by Microsoft; Intel hard drives.
- **Nano air filters** → NanoBreeze Car Air Purifier by NanoTwin Technologies Inc.
- **Cosmetics** → TiO₂ or ZnO nanoparticles are used in sunscreens.
- **Clothing** → Swimsuits, rain jackets, body armor, stain-repellant fabric.
- **Nanochocolate** → Nanoceticals Slim Shake Chocolate by RBC Life Sciences, Inc.
- **Nanocomposites** → BMC Racing Fourstroke FS01 (BMC Cycling); light tennis rackets; artificial muscles.
- **Targeted imaging probes** → CellTracks [Immunicon Corporation].





History of semiconductors : Hitachi High-Tech Corporation (hitachi-hightech.com)



Applications of Nanotechnology in Medicine

Nanotechnology in Medicine

Prevention and
Control of Cancer

Multifunctional
Therapeutics

Imaging
Diagnostics

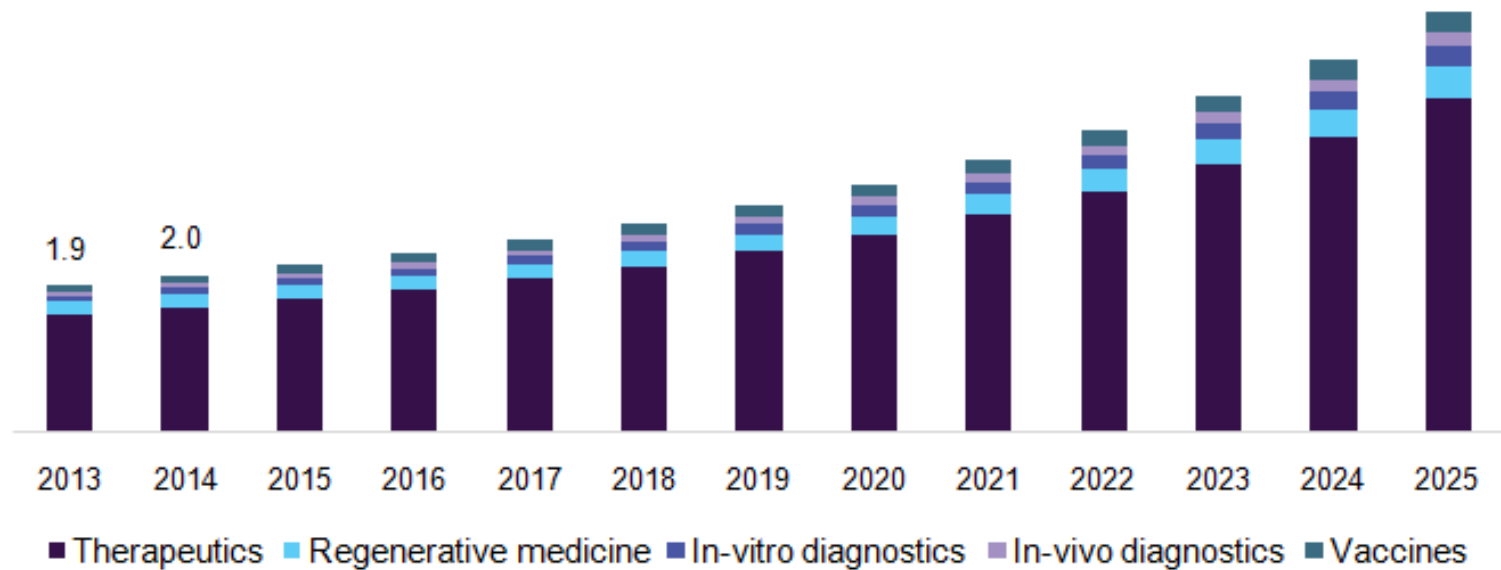
Early Detection
and Proteomics

Interdisciplinary
Training



Growth of Nanomedicine

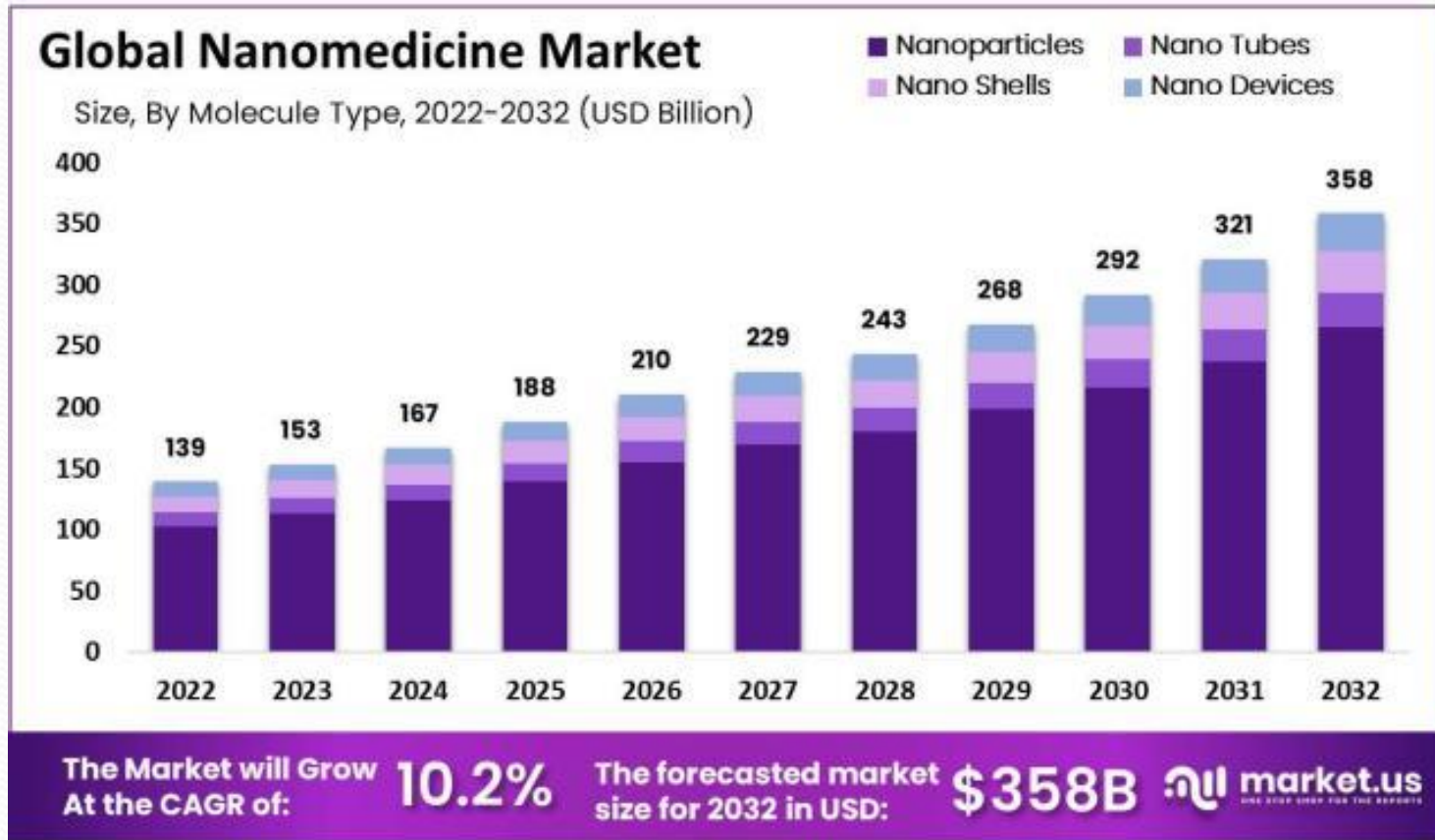
U.S. Nanomedicine market by products 2013 – 2025 (\$Billions)



Grand View Research, Market Research Report (2017)



Global Nanomedicine Market



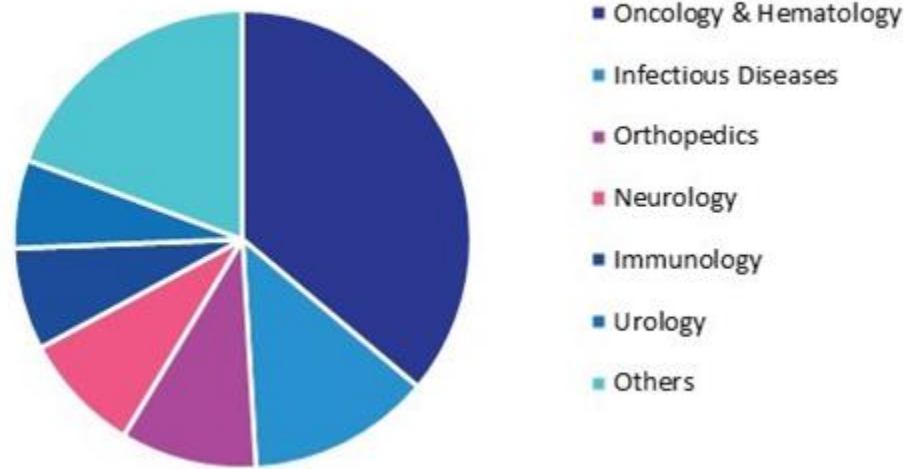
Yahoo Finance (2022)



Global Nanotechnology Drug Delivery Market

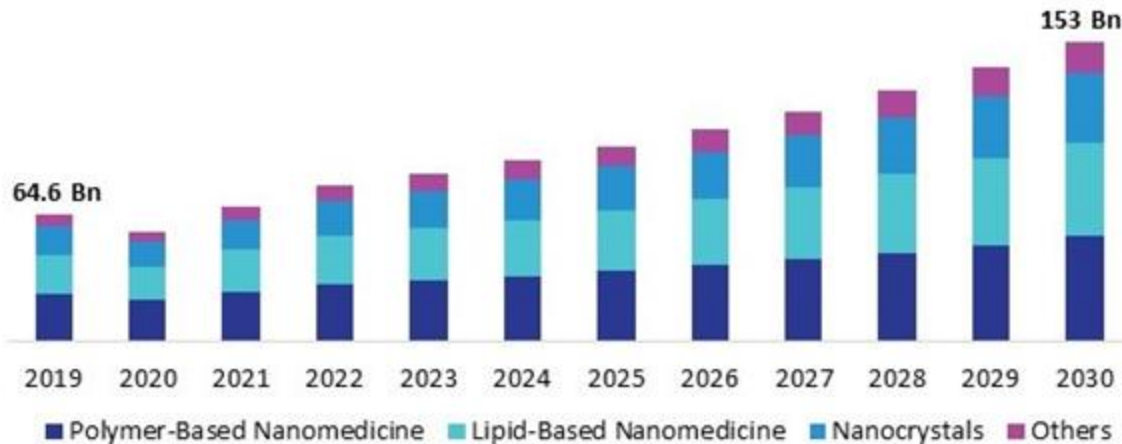
Global Nanotechnology Drug Delivery Market

Share, by Application, 2022, (%)

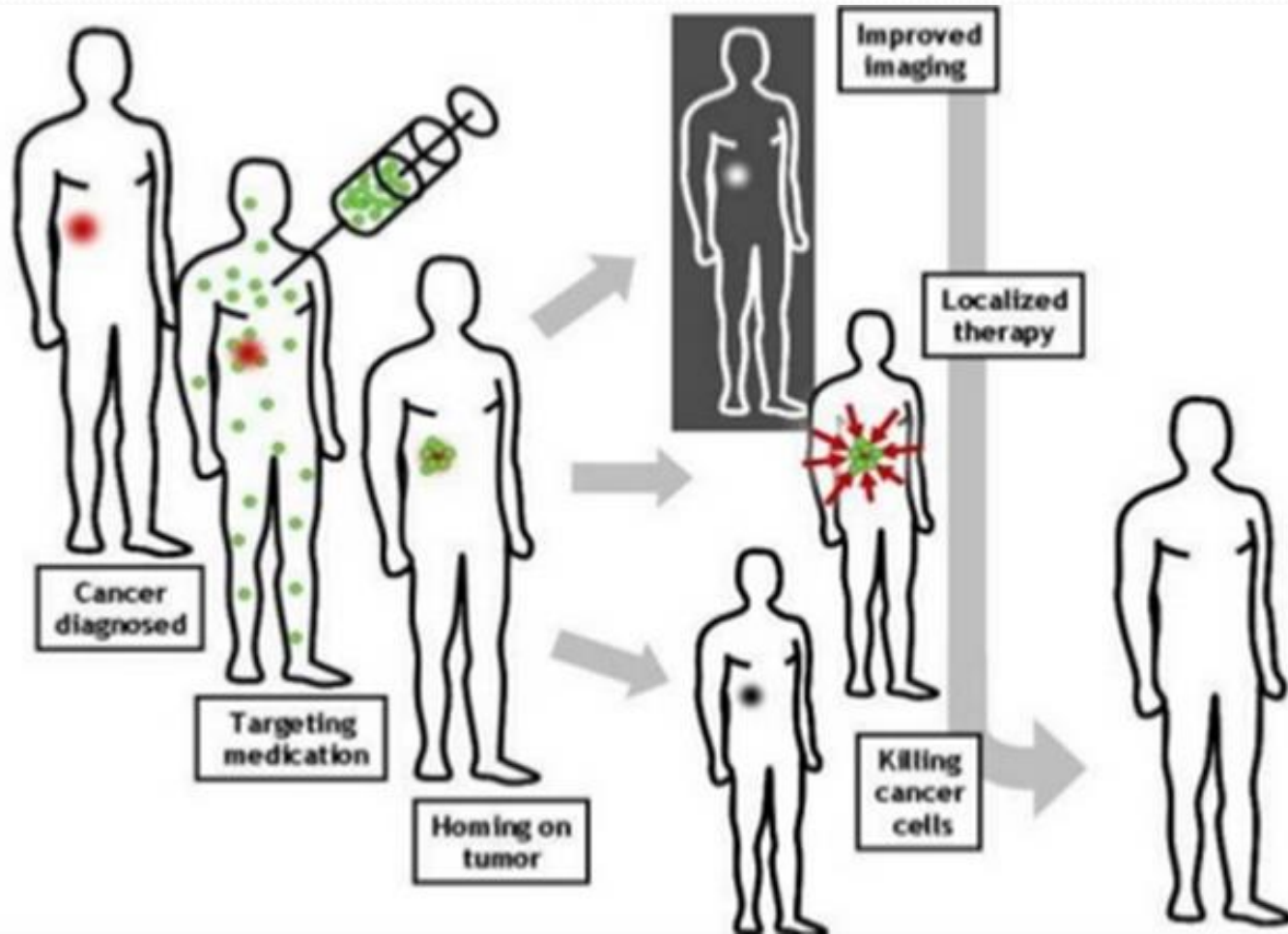


Global Nanotechnology Drug Delivery Market

Size, by Formulation, 2019 - 2030, (USD Billion)



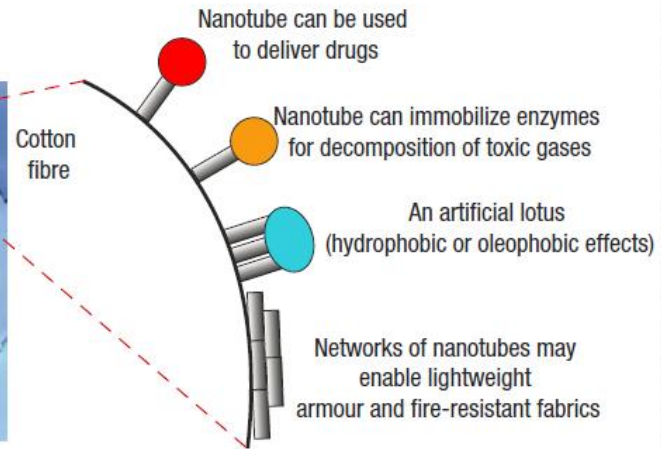
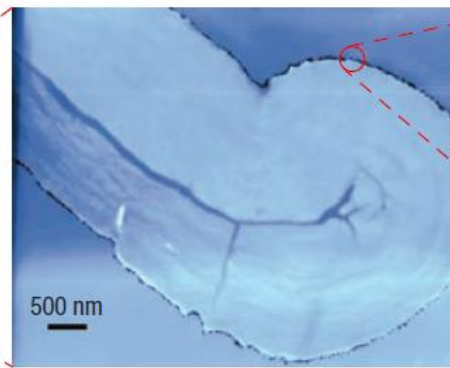
Example of Medical Application: Molecular Imaging and Therapy



Wikipedia



Nanotechnology in Textiles

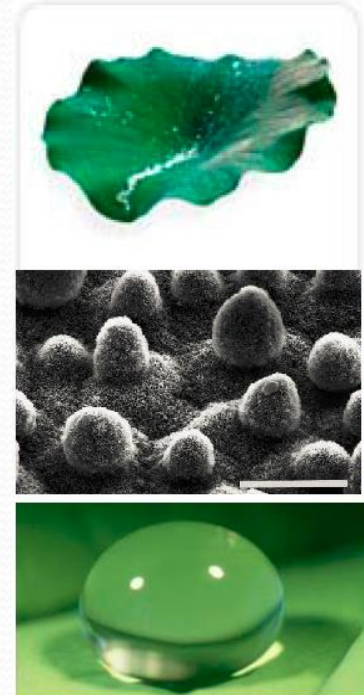


A. Avila et al., *Nature Nanotechnology* 3, 458 (2008)



Yetisen, A.K., *ACS Nano* (2016) 10, 3, 3042

Lotus Effect



<http://www.nanoprotect.co.nz/>

In Essence, Nanotechnology in Textiles ...





Toyota Center, home of the NBA Houston Rockets, nanotechnology-treated upholstery for stain-resistance and easy cleaning

M. Gurian, Upholstery Journal Feb/Mar(2009)



The intelligent knee sleeve is a bio-feedback device monitoring the knee joint

S. Coyle et al. MRS Bulletin 32, 434 (2007)



Lumalive textile from Philips features flexible arrays of colored LED fully integrated to the clothes



Nanotechnology in Sports



AP photo 1 July 2024

Tennis /
Badminton

Golf

Kayaking

Archery

Skiing

Cycling

Fly-fishing

Carbon
nanotubes

Silica
nanoparticles

Fullerenes

Carbon
nanofibers

Nano clay

Enhance stiffness
and durability

Reduce the
vibration impact

Reduce weight

Improve crack
resistance

Better vibration
control in arrows

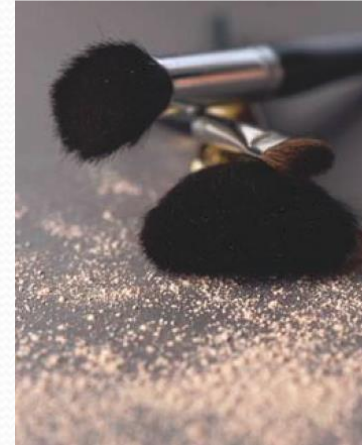
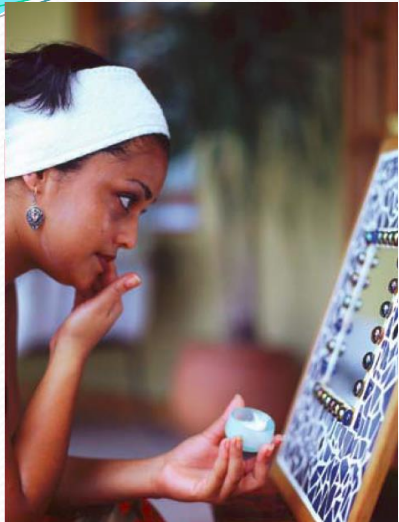
Enhance hoop &
strength

Improve
flexibility

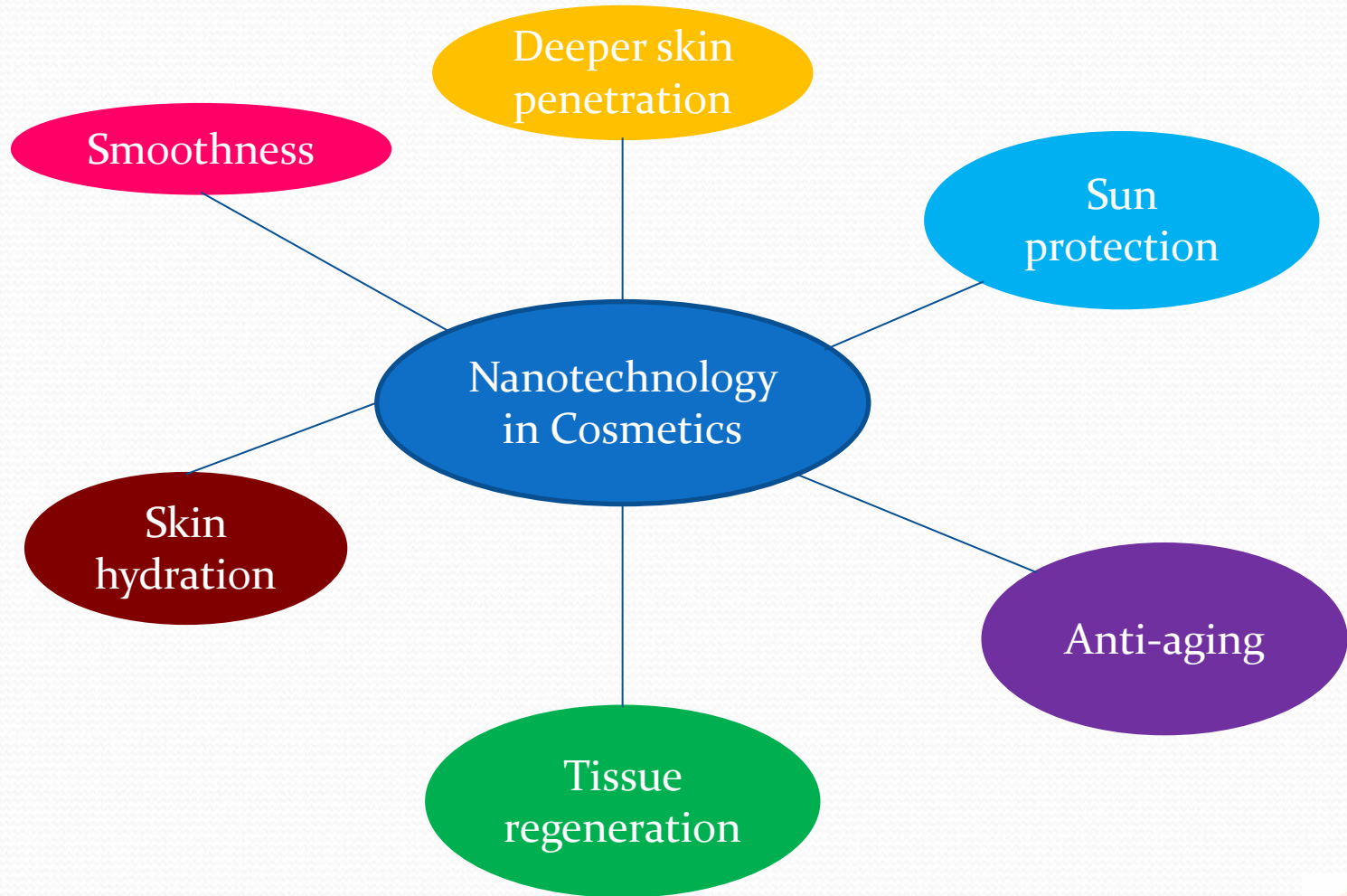
Increase
bouncing of balls



Nanotechnology in Cosmetics



Nanotechnology in Cosmetics

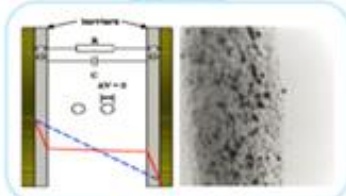
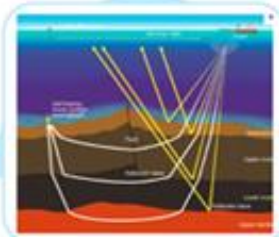


Nanotechnology in the Oil Industry

Nanotechnology for enhanced oil recovery

SEISMIC SURVEYING

- New seismic survey that provides information about the fracturing of the oil reservoir
- Development of impulsive source elements for marine seismic surveying



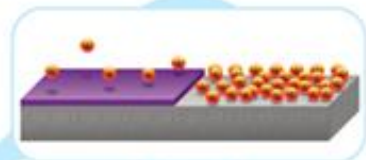
ELECTROCOALESCENCE

- Water/Oil separation by electric field



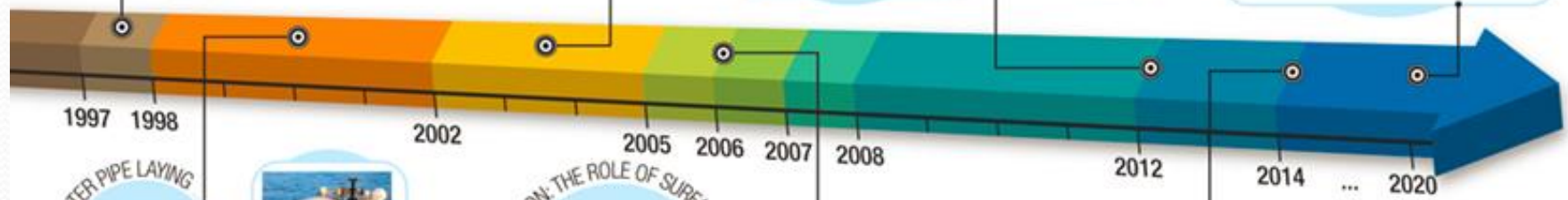
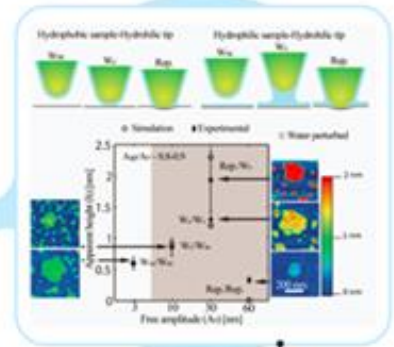
NANO-COATING

- Anti-fouling coatings
- Thermal coatings
- Lubricant coatings
- Anticorrosion coatings



CAPILLARY INTERACTIONS

- Microwave excitation of the oil reservoir for EOR



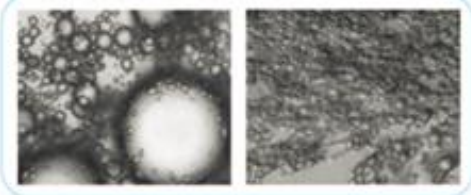
DEEP WATER PIPE LAYING

- Linking advanced fracture model to structural analysis



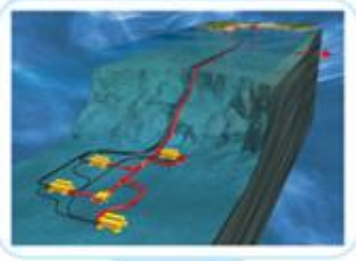
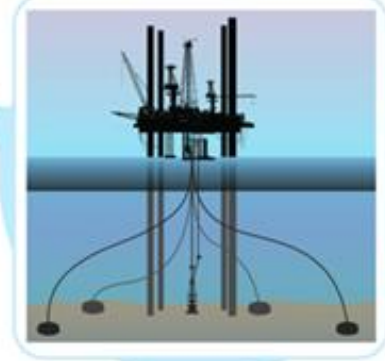
WATER/OIL SEPARATION: THE ROLE OF SURFACE SCIENCE

- Understanding surface chemistry of oil and water, knowledge inherited to LENS from previous industrial experience

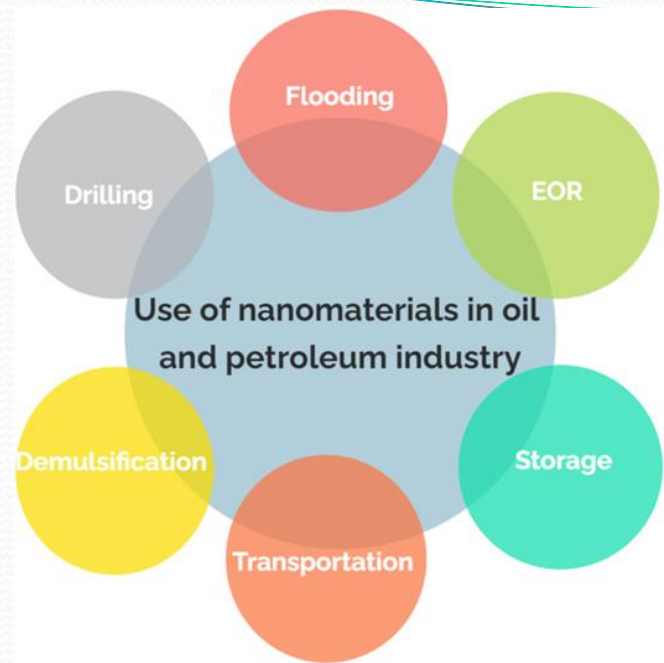


RESERVOIR SURVEILLANCE

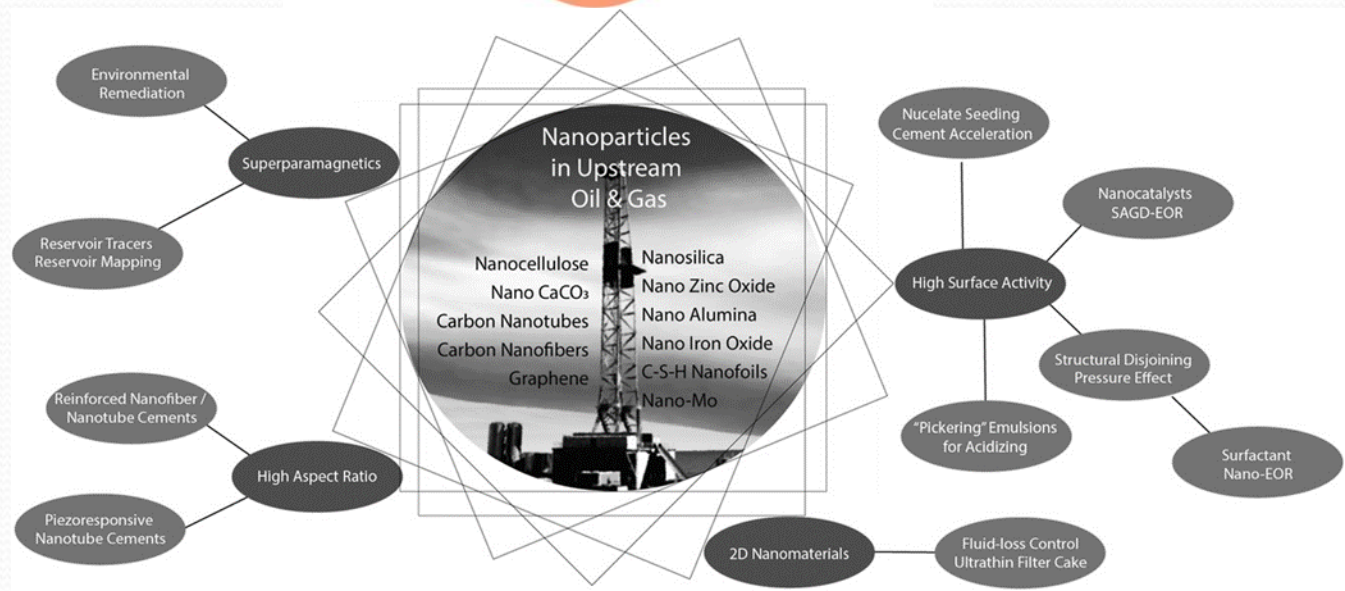
- Nanoparticle injection to monitor water breakthrough



Use of Nanomaterials in the Oil & Petroleum Industry



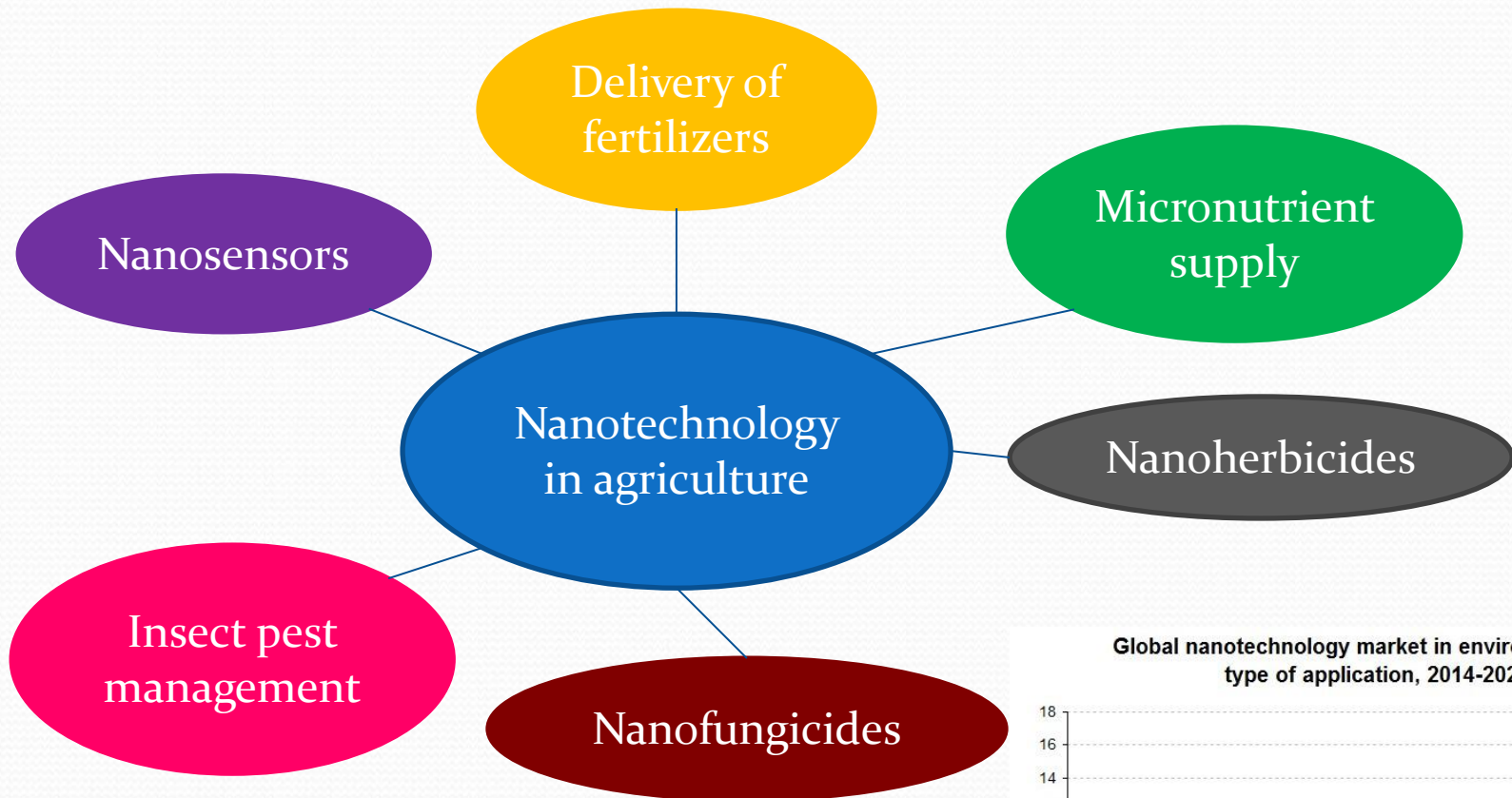
Roy, A., et al Nano Ex. 4, 022002 (2023)



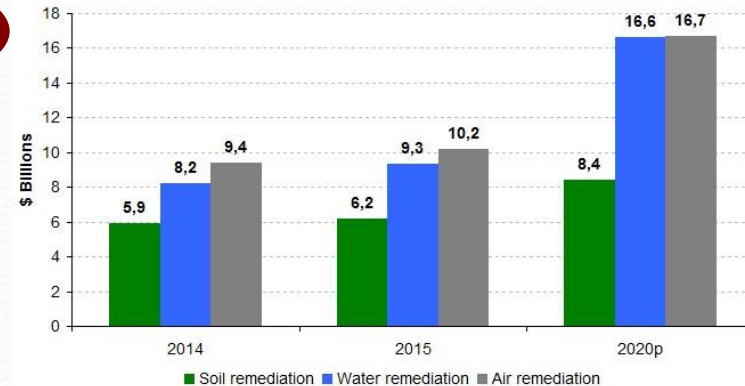
Boul, P.J., et al., Energy Tech, 8, 1, (2019)



Nanotechnology in Agriculture



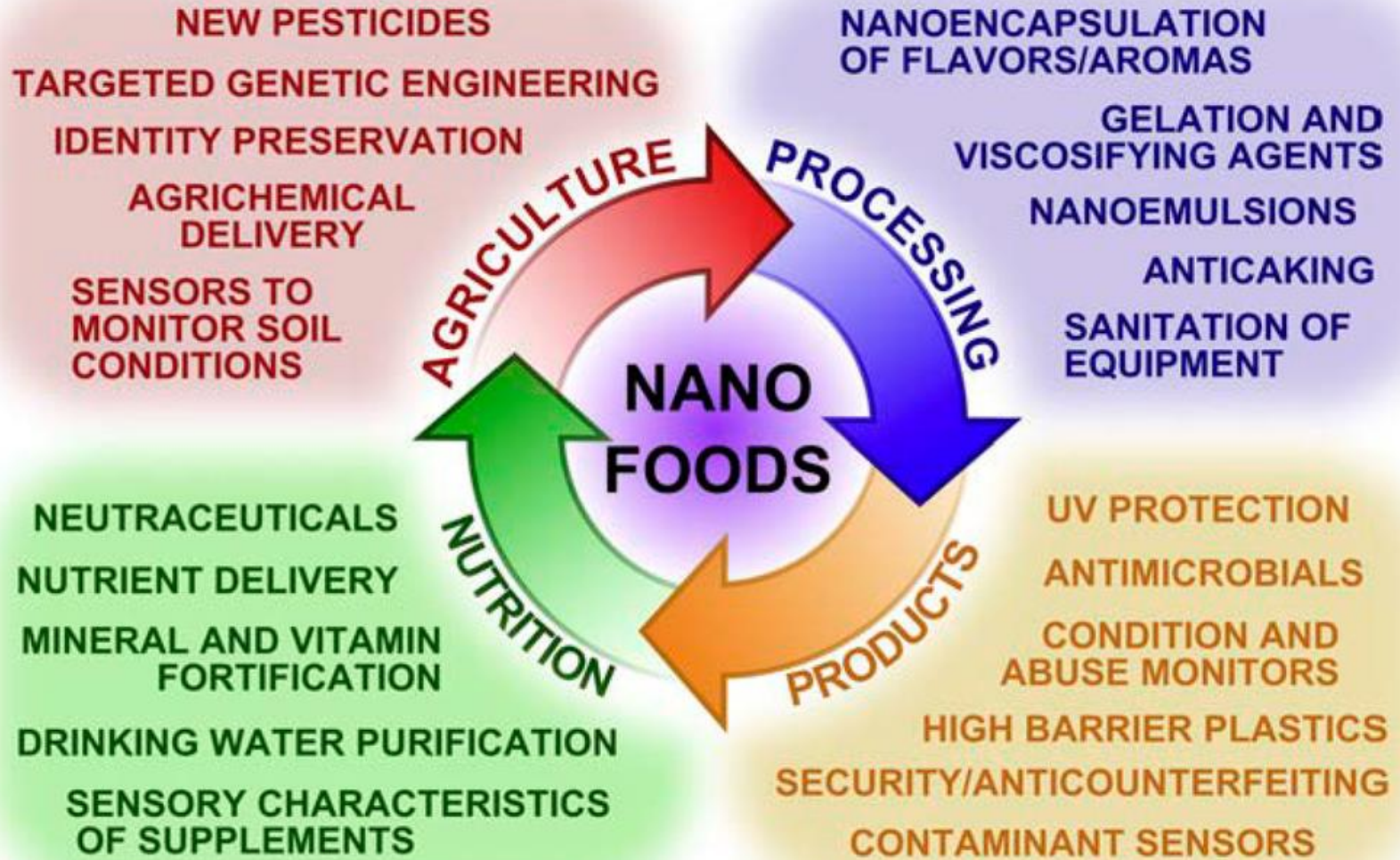
Global nanotechnology market in environmental, by type of application, 2014-2020



p = projections

Sources : BCC Research, July 2009 and November 2015.

Nano-Foods



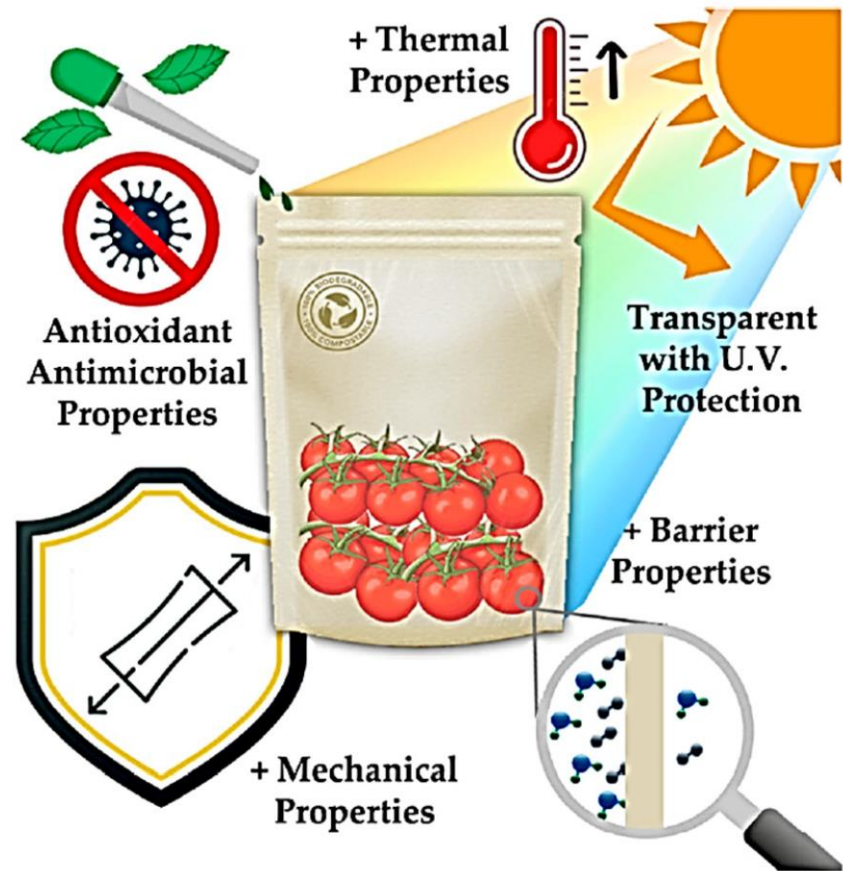
Nanotechnology – Enhancing Food Packaging Solutions



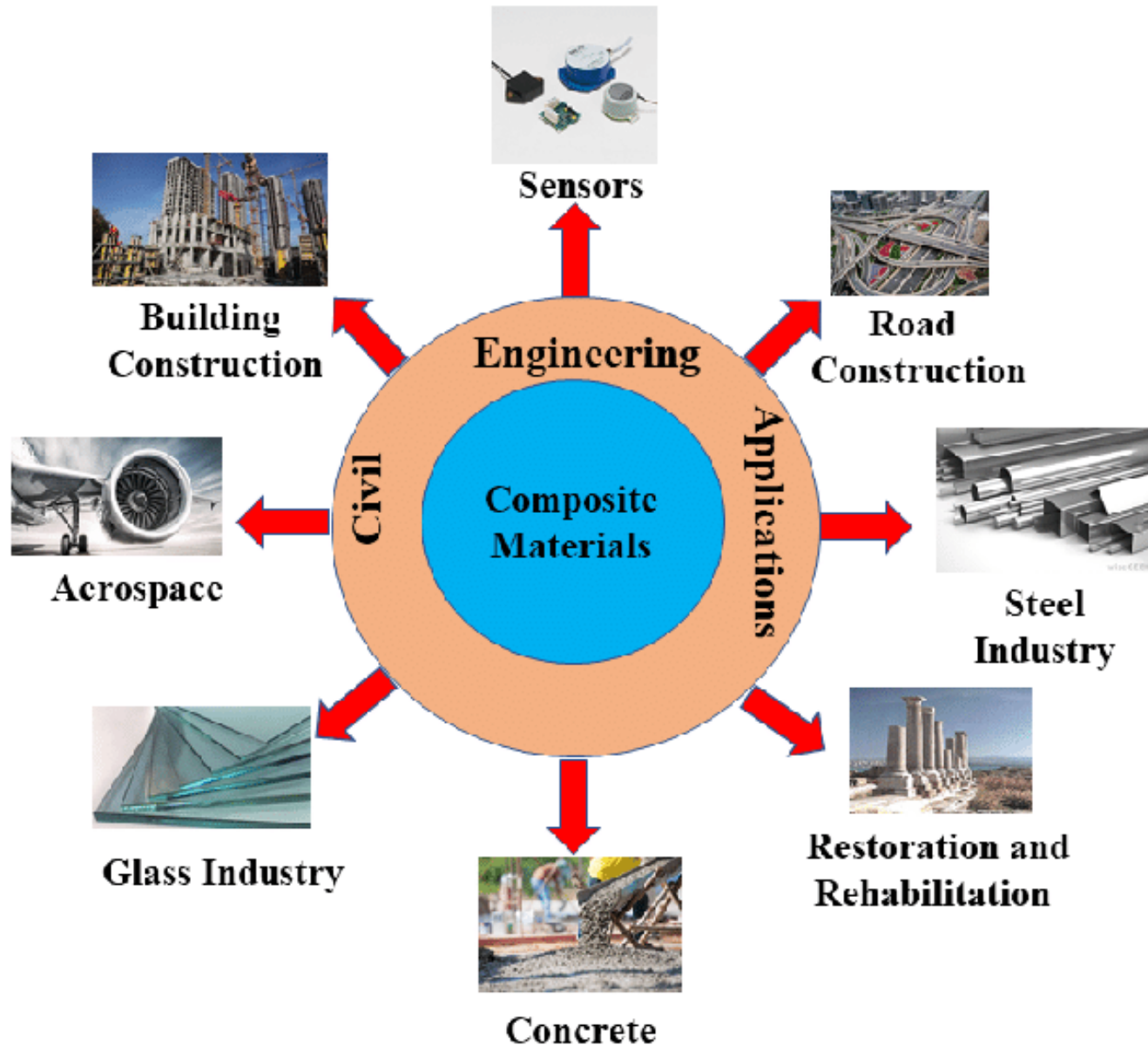
**Traditional
Plastic Packaging**



**Bionanocomposite
Packaging**



Nanotechnology in Construction



Nanotechnology in Construction

Self-healing
concrete

Nano-fiber
reinforced
concrete

Improved
durability

Energy
efficient
buildings

Fire resistance

Smart
windows

Lightweight
materials

Structural
health
monitoring

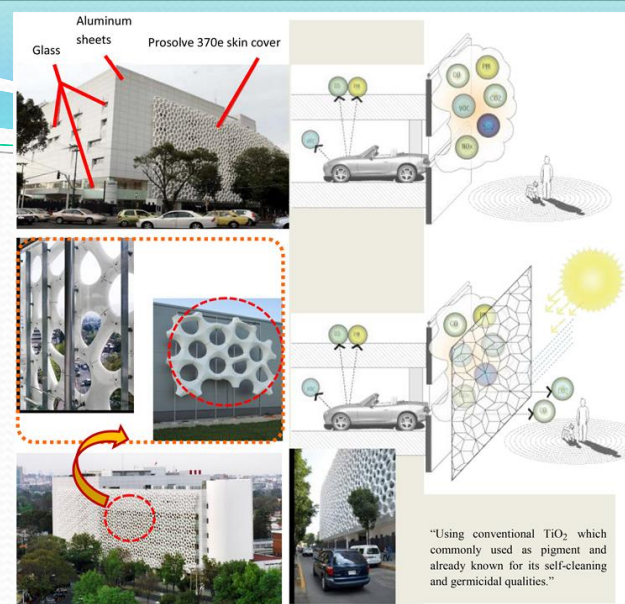
Seismic &
tsunami proof

Air
purification

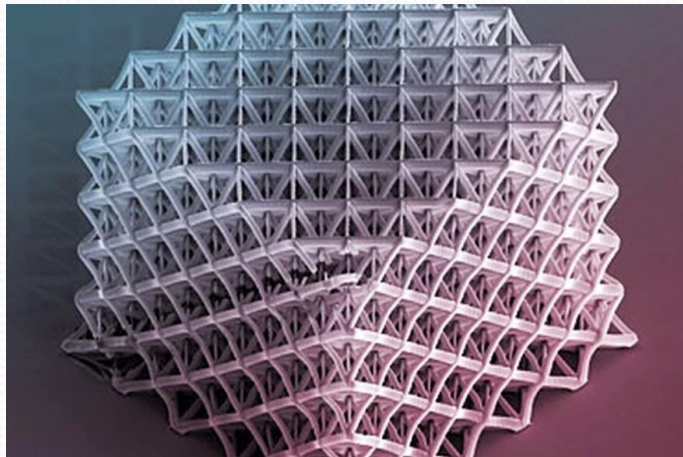




The Jubilee Church in Rome,
quartiermagazin.com/quartier08/der-weise-riese



Manuel Gea Gonzalez Hospital using conventional TiO_2 —CNN



A nanotruss structure fabricated by Caltech Prof. Julia Greer



MIT Scientists Create Smart Window that Can Shut Out Light (futurism.com)



Inside Ethiopian airlines flight – Boeing

NanoProducts

Where is it used?



Future use?



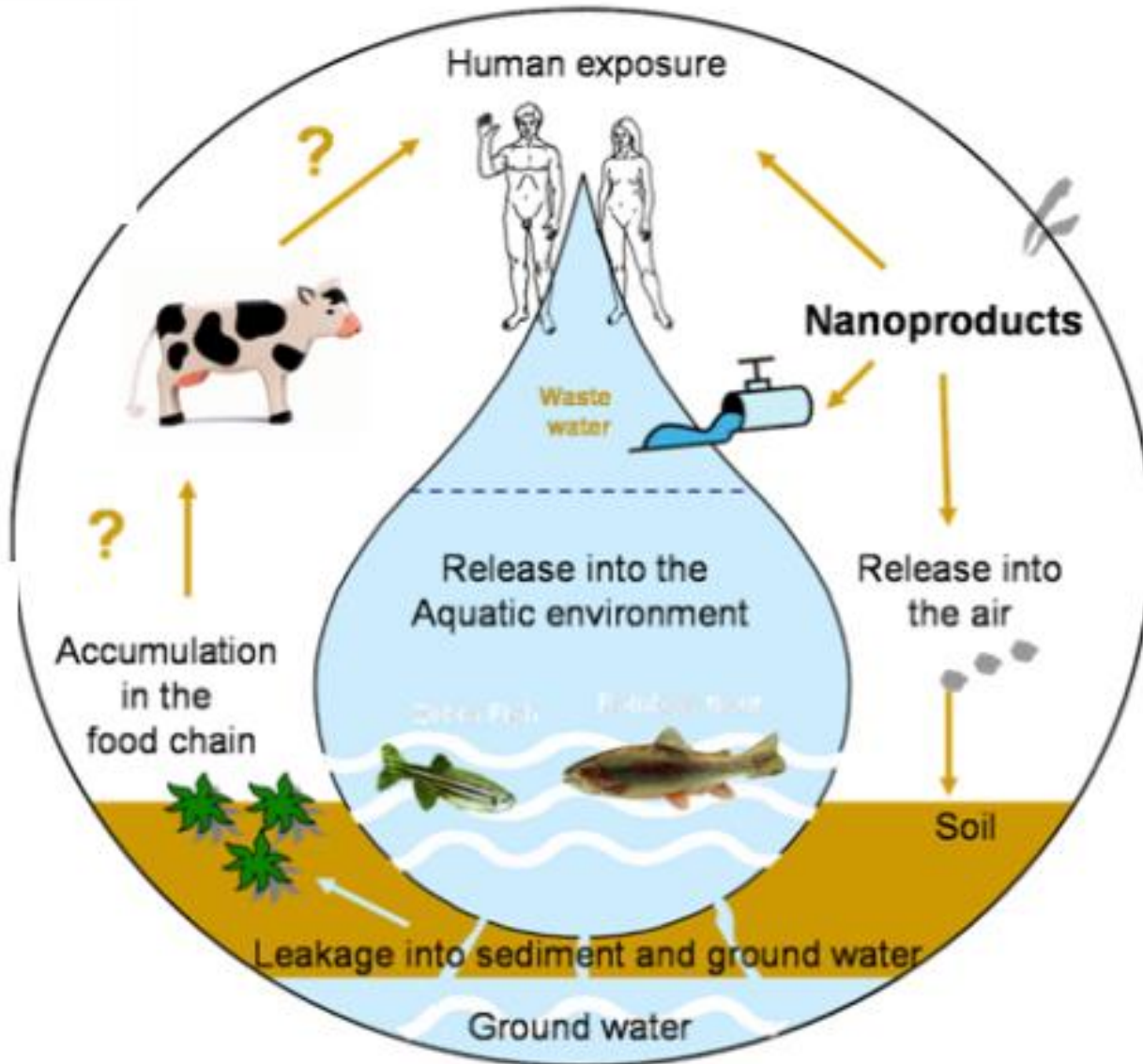
How do you dispose of it?



A user's guide to Nanotechnology
<http://www.theguardian.com/nanotechnology-world/a-user-s-guide-to-nanotechnology>



Risks: Toxicity, Assessment, Exposure



Exposure routes in humans?

Reaction with the environment?

Primary issues

Detection techniques

Solutions



Nanotechnology in Africa

The African Union recognizes nanotechnology as a compelling imperative and identifies nanotechnology as one of six priority areas in its Science, Technology and Innovation Strategy for Africa 2024.



Nanotechnology in Africa

Synthesis of nanoparticles

Nanophase catalysts
and electro-catalysts

Synthesis of
quantum dots

Development of better and
cheaper solar cells

Fuel cell
development

Synthesis of
nanotubes

Composites
development

Human and
animal health

Nanotechnology
and occupational
health

Water purification

Nutrition



Nanotechnology in Africa



Egypt

Top nanotechnology research country in Africa – Big collaboration with IBM (health, oil, photovoltaics,...)

South Africa

African country with the most patents, nanotech emerging companies & institutions, SANi

Nigeria

Nanotechnology in medicine, nutrition, electronics, catalysis

Kenya

Efforts focus in medicine, agricultural productivity, water treatment, purification

Ethiopia

Water purification, nanomaterials, solar energy and single-walled carbon nanotubes

Senegal

Synthesis, characterization, & application of nanomaterials

Tanzania

Nanotechnology for human and animal health and in biotechnology

Sudan

Synthesis & characterization of nanomaterials, and drug delivery

Cameroon

Synthesis & characterization of nanomaterials, water purification and treatment

African Newsletter on Occupational Health and Safety, 22, 3 (2012)

All African Nanoscience-Nanotechnology Initiative (2014)

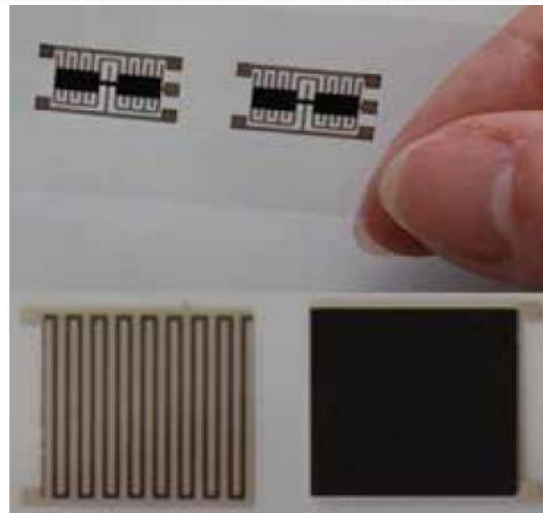
Towards an African nanotechnology future, United Nations, Economic Commission for Africa (2020)



Nanotechnology in Africa: Some Examples



Water purification plant in Tanzania

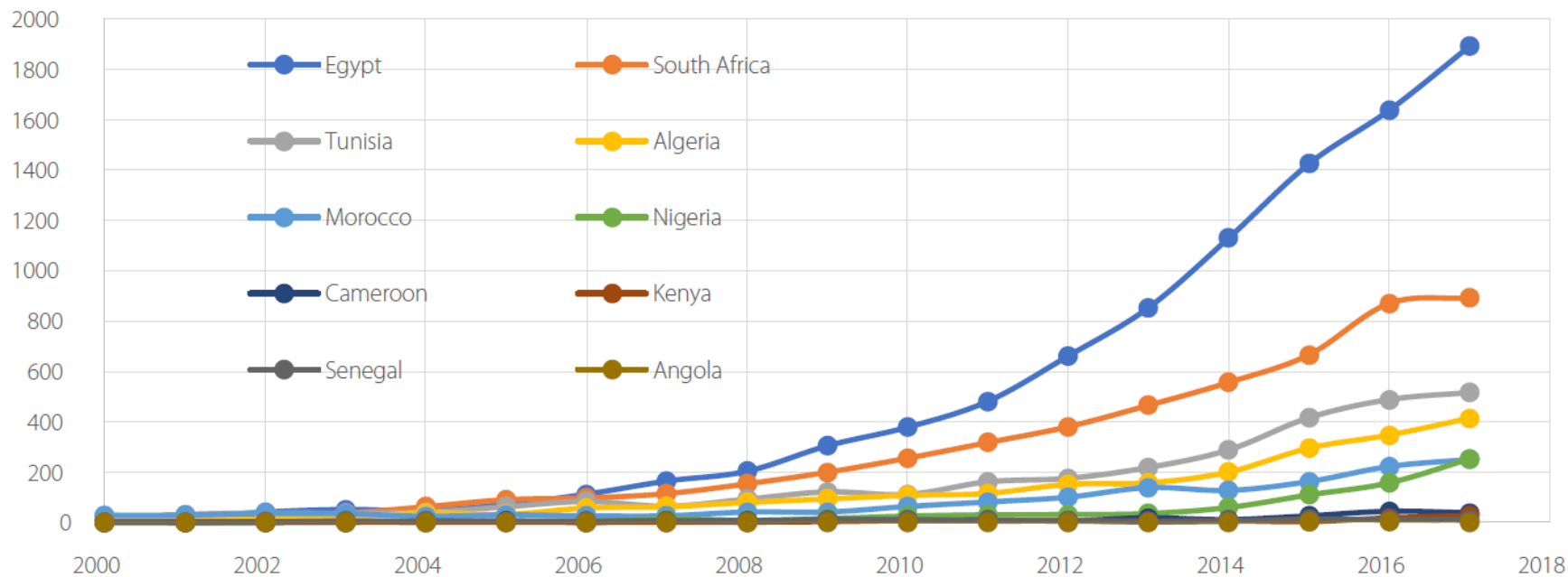


Heat sensors using innovative technology in South Africa



NanoTech in Egypt manufacture custom-tailored nanomaterials

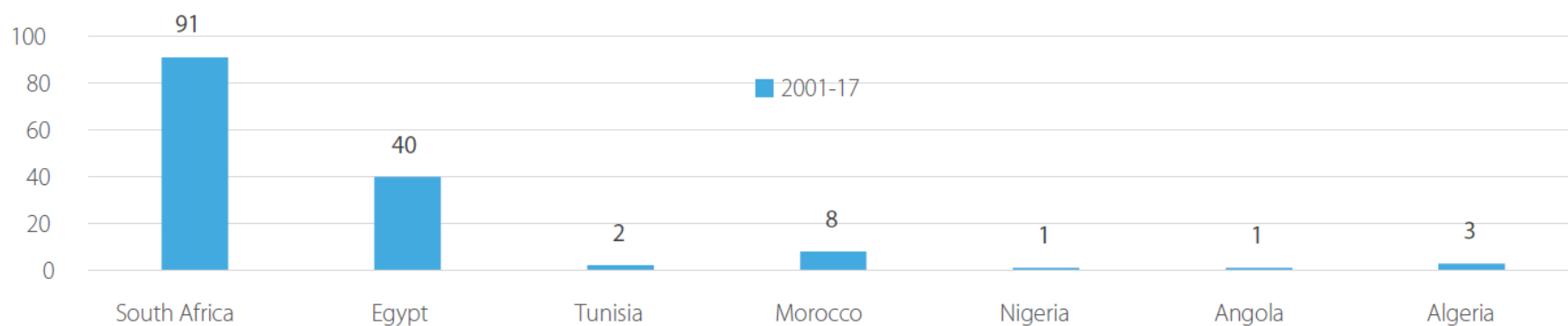
Nanotechnology Publications in Top 10 African Countries



Source: NanoStat database.



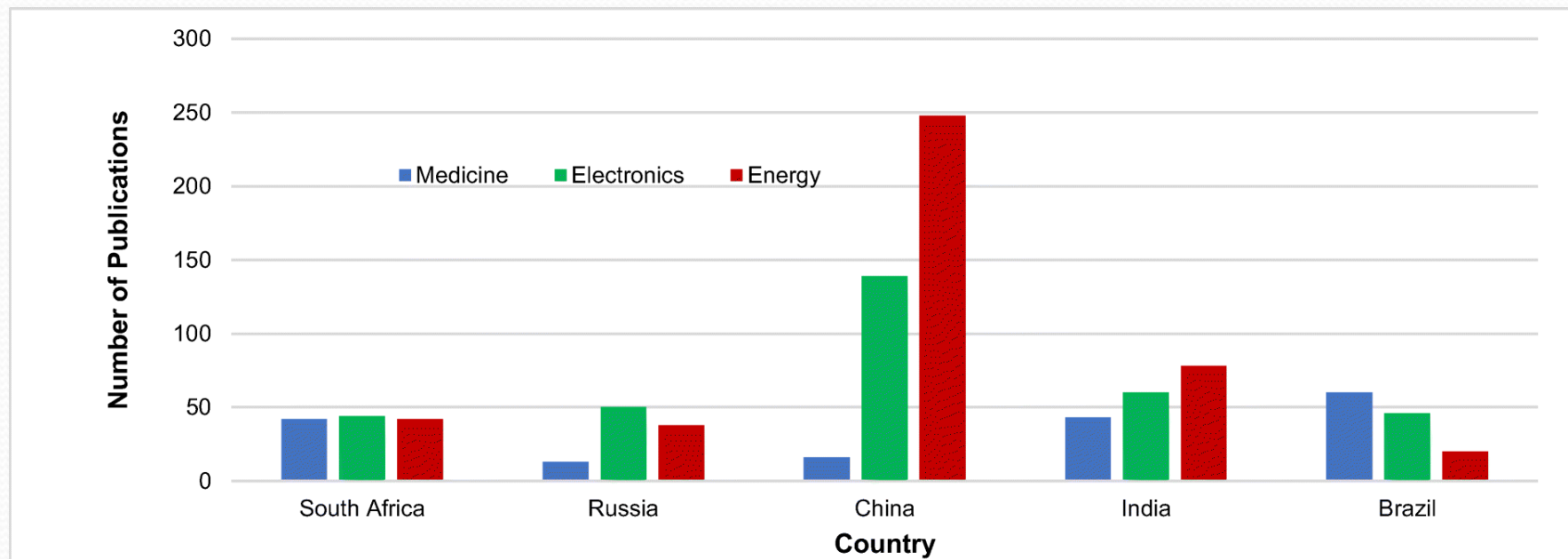
Patent Applications per Selected African Countries (2001 – 2017)



Source: NanoStat database.



Number of Publications Nano-related in the BRICS (2021)



South Africa publications reporting on nano-enabled products relative to BRICS countries, Masara, B., *J. of Nanoparticle Res.*, Vol. 23, 92 (2021)



Strategy for Nanotechnology Innovation in Africa



Jhurry, D., Univ. World News, Africa Edition (2022)



Water Purification

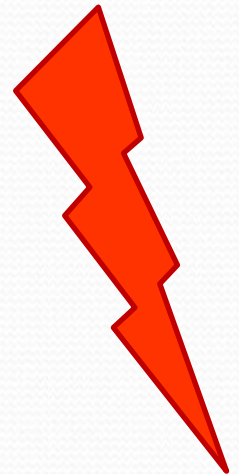


Mining



wikipedia.

Effects on population



Nanofiltration membranes

Nanocatalysts and magnetic nanoparticles

Nanosensors



How Nanotechnology saved a Contaminated Lake in Peru

El Cascajo Wetlands in Peru were cleaned using micro nano bubbling system and a biofilter



Marino Morikawa

<http://www.tea-after-twelve.com/all-issues/issue-02/issue-02-overview/chapter3/the-nanotechnology-miracle/#>

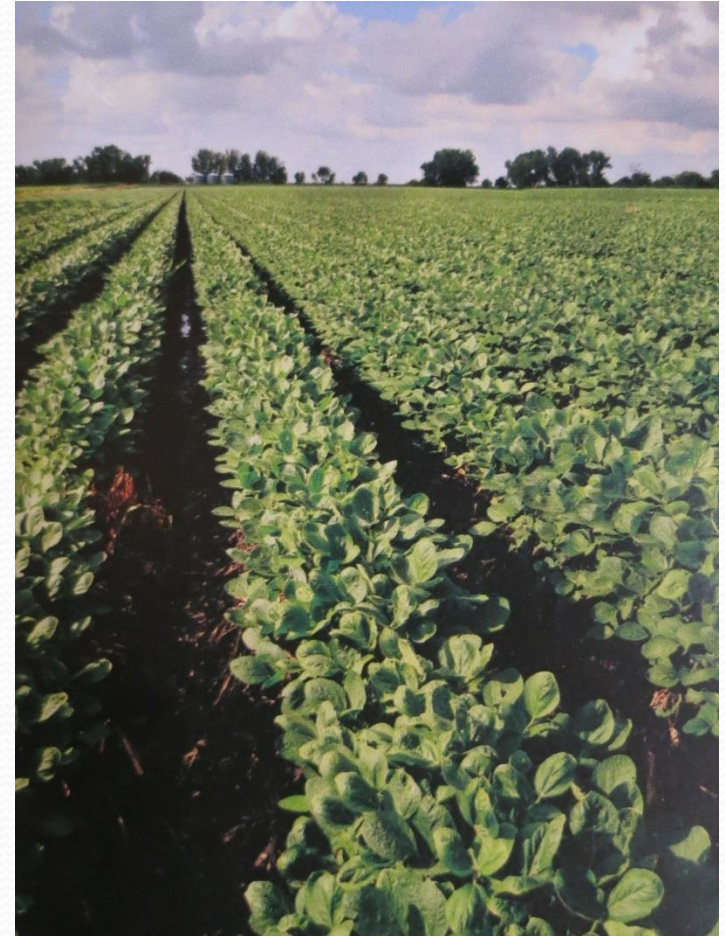


Agriculture & Forestry



Plant
treatment

Tracking &
Conservation



Preservation &
Prevention



Natural Extracts

Using green chemistry only → no harsh acids / no harsh bases

Pr. Malik Maaza, South Africa



Hibiscus flowers



Callistemon viminalis



Agathosma betulina



Alfalfa



Tamarind



Other Plants?



Eucalyptus



Lantana



Calendula

Moringa oleifera



What if I am a Theorist?

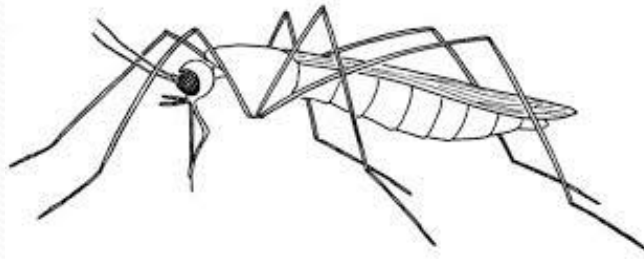
Paper battery



Air quality



TB or malaria detection?



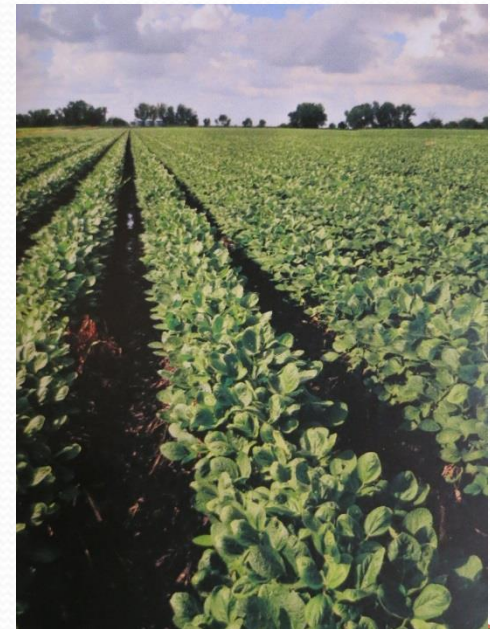
Solar energy



AI



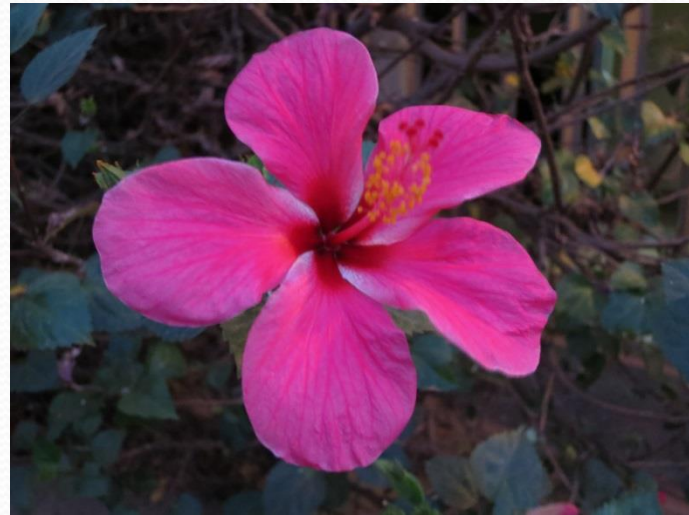
Lengau - Africa's fastest computer



Precision farming



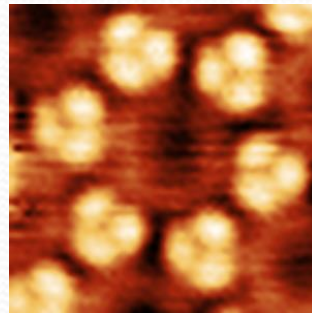
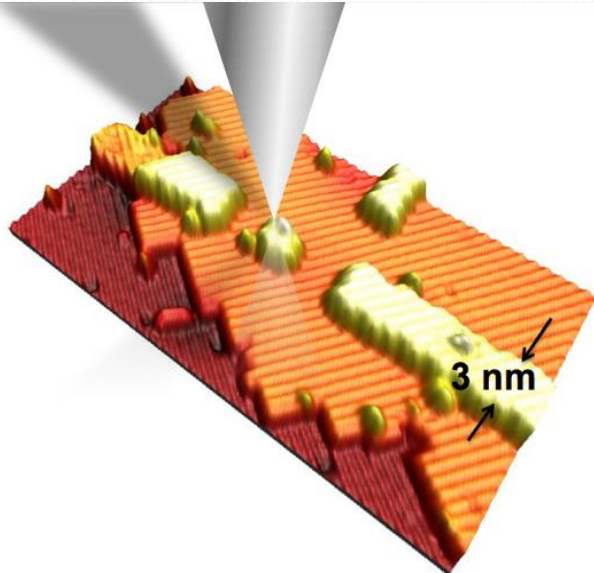
Thank you for your attention



شكراً



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- Statnano database
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- *South Africa publications reporting on nano-enabled products relative to BRICS countries, Masara, B., J. of Nanoparticle Res., Vol. 23, 92 (2021)*
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