

## Antihydrogen Laser Physics Apparatus





University of Brescia, **Italy** 















Pisa and Pavia **Italy** 



University of Manchester,  $\mathsf{UK}^{\mbox{\footnotesize NRCN}}$  - Nuclear



Res.

Center Negev,

**Israel** 

**Purdue University, USA** 



**Federal** University of Rio de Janeiro, **Brazil** 



Stockholm University, Sweden



Simon Fraser University, Canada `



TRIUMF. Canada





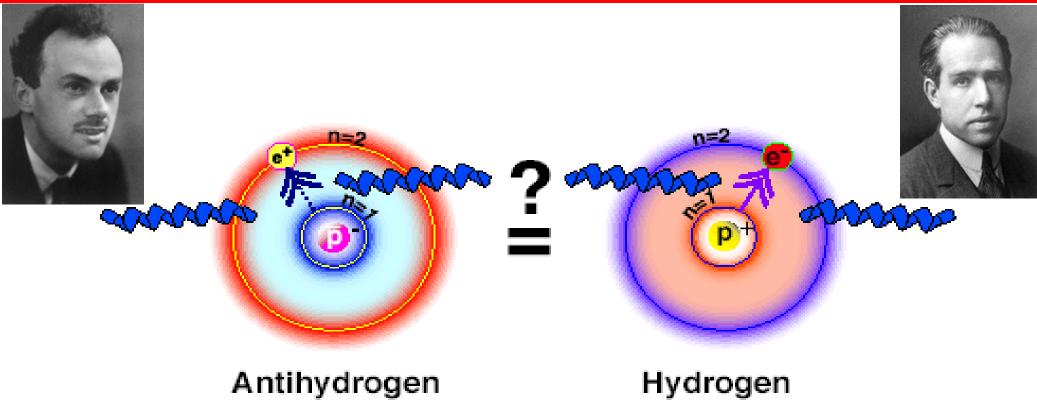
Cockcroft Institute, UK



York University, Canada



### The Physics Question



How could you possibly work in Denmark and *not* want to know the answer to this?



#### **Motivations in Brief**

- •Tests of fundamental symmetries by applying *precision* atomic physics techniques to anti-atoms:
  - •CPT violation?
  - •Lorentz invariance violation?
    Physics beyond the Standard Model?

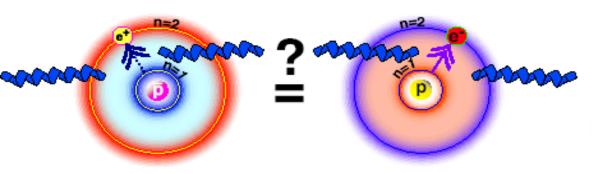
The initial physics goal of ALPHA was to TRAP antihydrogen atoms, so that they can be studied in detail.

- •(Anti)-Gravity three approved experiments at CERN; AEGIS Gbar, ALPHA-g first measurement published in 2023
- •... of course this is all partially motivated by the apparent baryon asymmetry in the universe

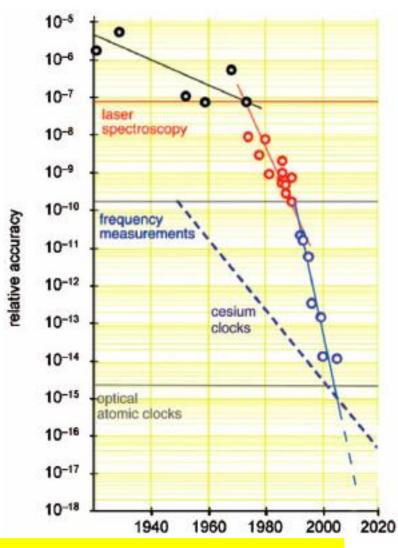


## The dream - Antihydrogen Spectroscopy

#### 1s-2s two-photon spectroscopy



- Doppler effect cancels
- High precision in matter sector
- test of CPT theorem



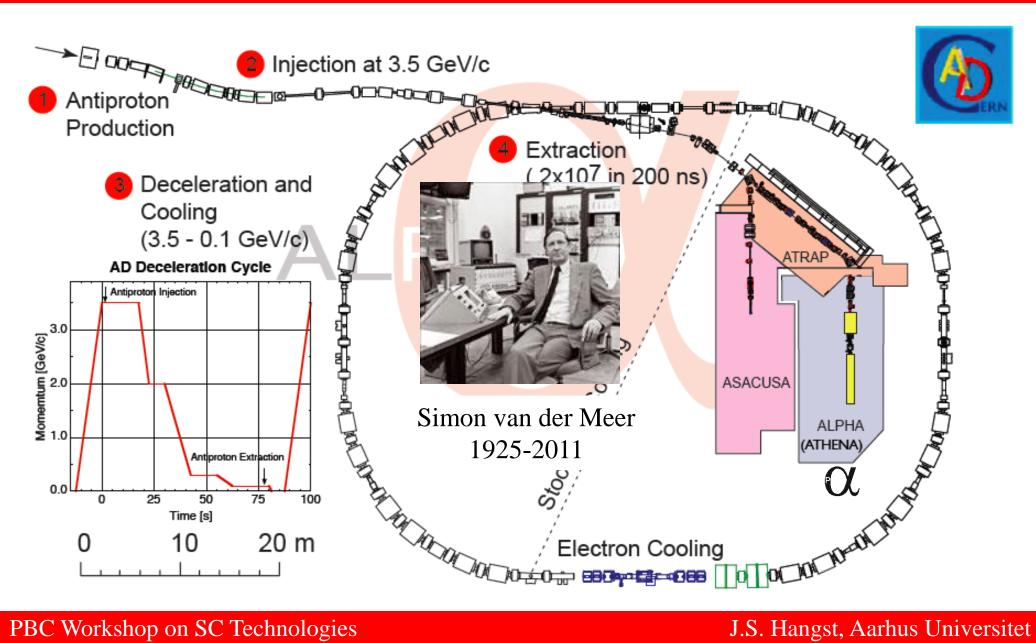
f(1S-2S) = 2 466 061 413 187 035 (10) Hz - Hänsch group (2011)

Hydrogen

Antihydrogen

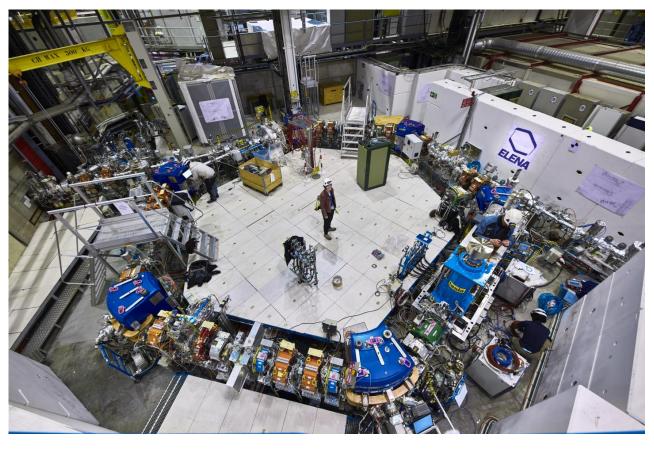


#### The CERN AD





#### **ELENA Ring**



Reduce pbar energy from 5 MeV to 100 keV

Up to 10 times more pbars captured

Electrostatic switching allows delivery to multiple experiments; 24 hour operation

Sent first pbars to Gbar in 2018

Operation for other experiments in August 2021

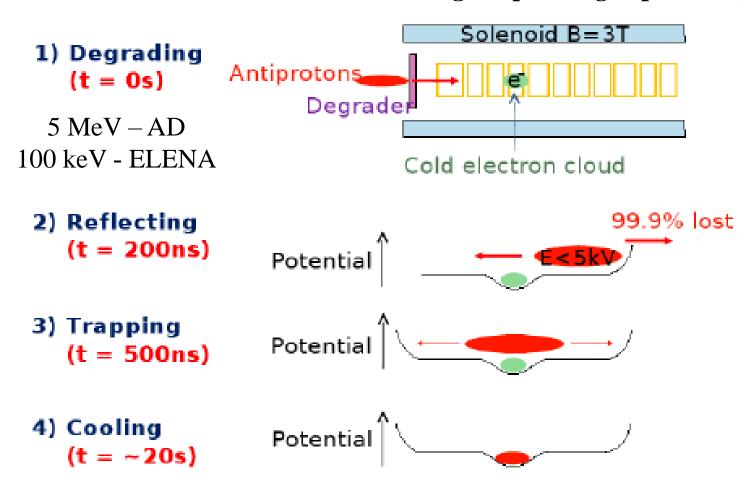
Worked on the very first shot to ALPHA in 2021!

Total paradigm shift: 24 hour pbars!



## **Capture and Cooling of Antiprotons**

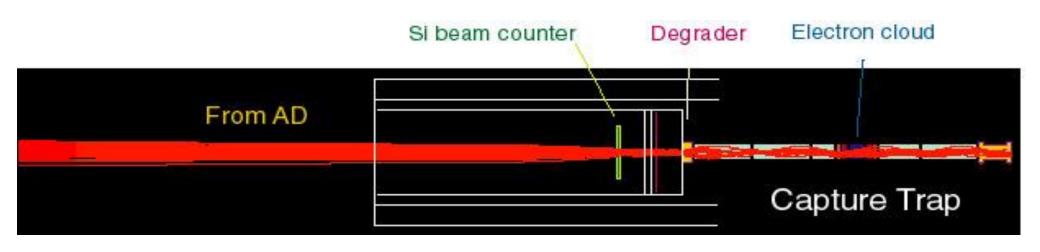
#### **Penning Trap (charged particles)**

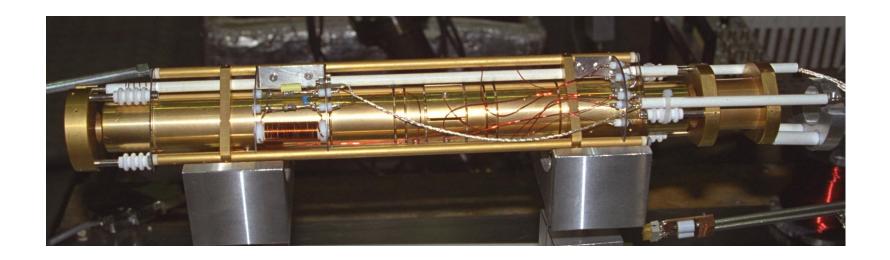


Technique developed by the TRAP collaboration at LEAR



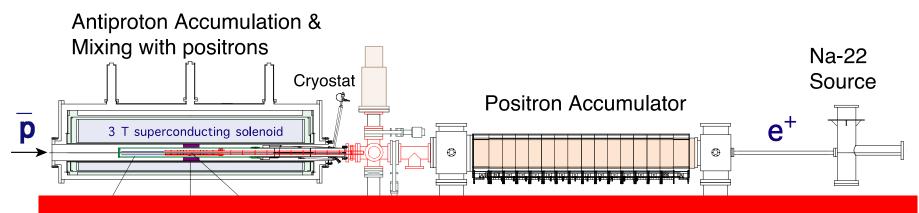
## **Antiproton Slowing and Catching**



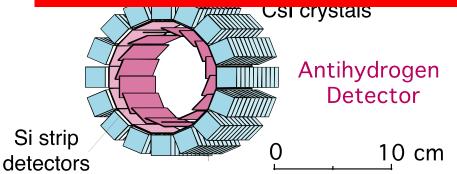


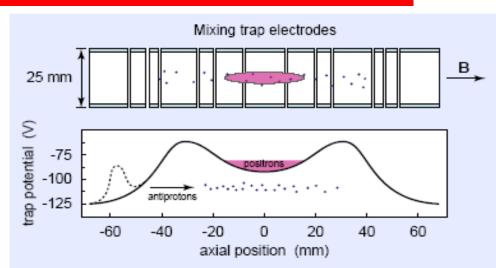


#### How do you make a lot of antihydrogen? - ATHENA 2002



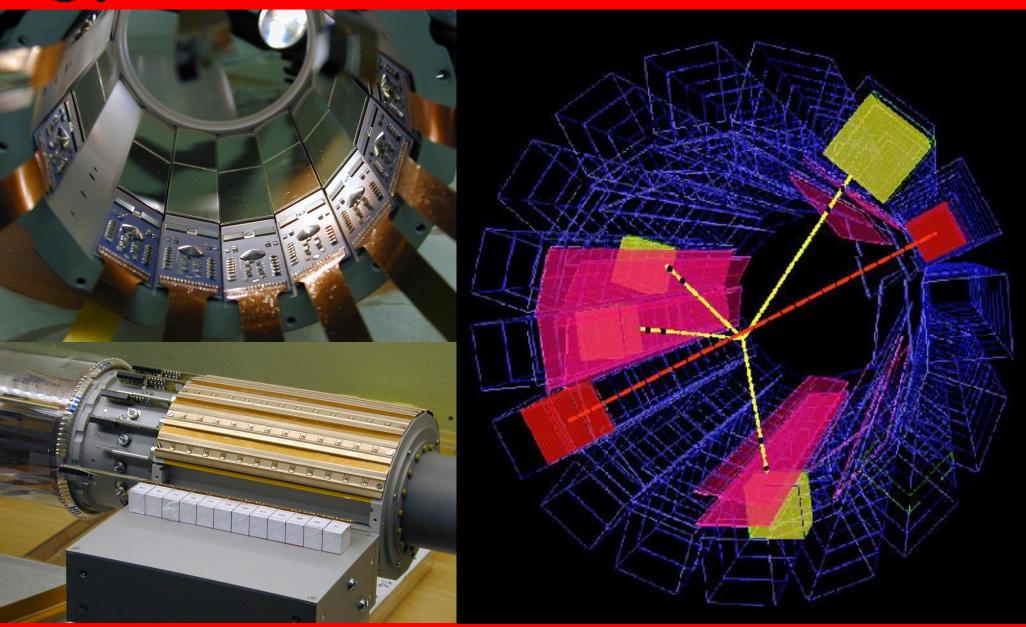
# BTW: this is the experiment that inspired Dan Brown's: *Angels and Demons*







## **ATHENA Detector**

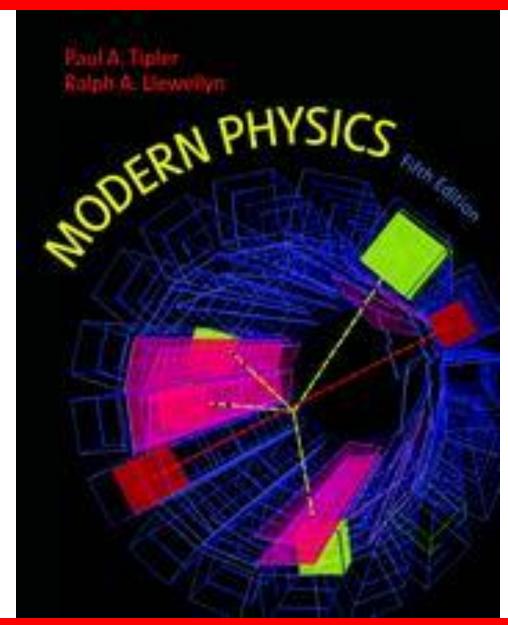




#### ATHENA 2002



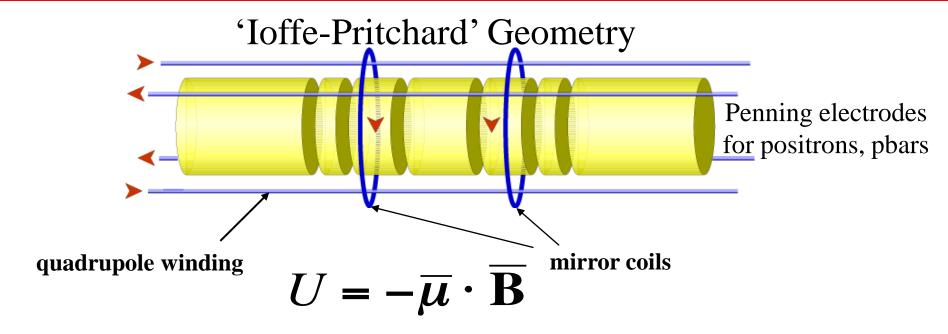








## **Trapping Neutral Anti-atoms?**



Atoms are polarised at these fields, so this is a scalar potential proportional to  $|\mathbf{B}|$ 

Well depth for ground state hydrogen ~ 0.7 K/T

#### Need to produce the atoms so they are born trapped

Broken rotational symmetry: Can we superpose this on a Penning trap?



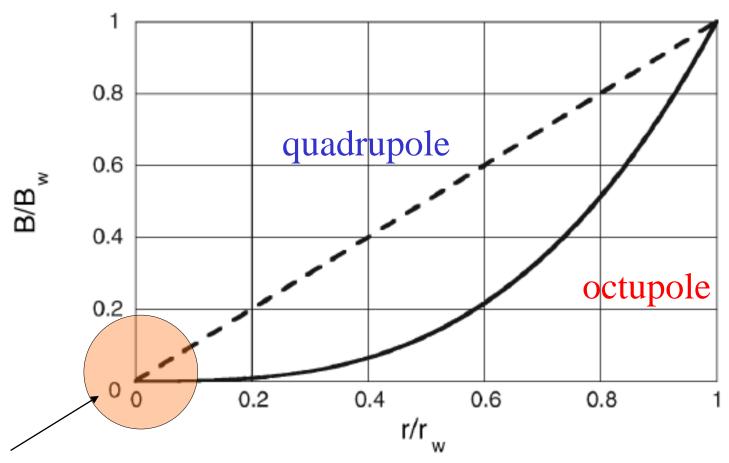
## Why is this difficult?

- •Keep in mind: 1eV of kinetic energy is about 12000 K
- •The antiprotons are captured at 5 keV (60MK)
- •Typical spacecharge energies of plasmas are a few eV at zero temperature
- •A trap for neutral antihydrogen can be about 0.5 K deep
- •Need large B-fields for catching pbars, cooling, etc. but need a large delta-B for trapping

One-component plasmas in equilibrium rotate at a constant angular frequency. The velocities associated with this rotation are of just as much concern as thermal velocities, as far as trapping is concerned. Not obvious that high positron number and density are desirable - sometimes less is more.



#### Broken symmetry: use a higher-order multipole

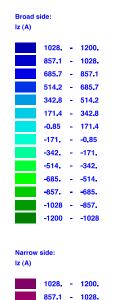


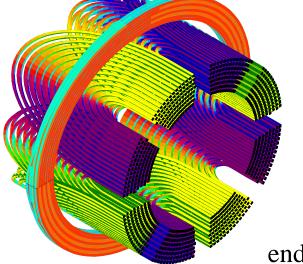
keep your plasmas at small radius



#### Field calculations with Roxie

Jeff\_oct250\_3d\_8layers





ALPHA was really made possible due to help from Stephan Russenschuck!

Note the cancellation of the solenoidal end field due to staggered windings – B. Parker (BNL)

ROXIE<sub>9.0</sub>



## **BNL Direct-Wind Technology**



- •Magnets wound directly on vacuum chamber (1.25 mm wall)
- •No metals in support structure: epoxy/fiber
- •Cu:SC ratio 0.9:1
- •Can wind solenoids on top of finished multipoles

- J. Escalier
- B. Parker
- A. Marone
- M. Anerella
- M. Harrison
- P. Wanderer
- A. Ghosh



#### NbTi cable from Supercon

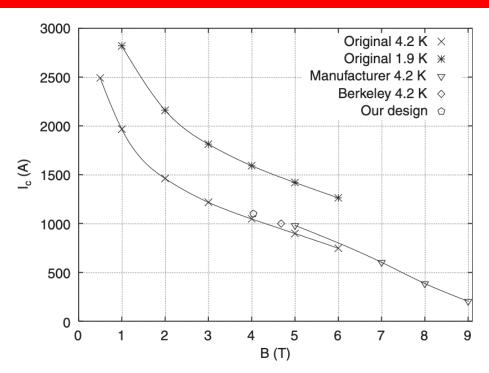


Fig. 2. Critical current at various magnetic fields for the 0.9:1 seven stranded Supercon wire cable bundle. The points marked "Berkeley" and "Our design" were taken with 0.33 mm wire; the remaining points were taken with very similar 0.303 mm wire. The two "Original" data sets were taken at the Brookhaven National Laboratory, while the "Manufacturer" data set was taken by Supercon. These three sets were taken with short wire samples, and set likely upper bounds on the performance of the wire when incorporated into a magnet. The "Berkeley" point comes from measurements of the prototype magnet at U.C. Berkeley, and is very close to the short sample performance when adjusted for the increased radius. The "Our design" point is located at ALPHA's intended operation point.

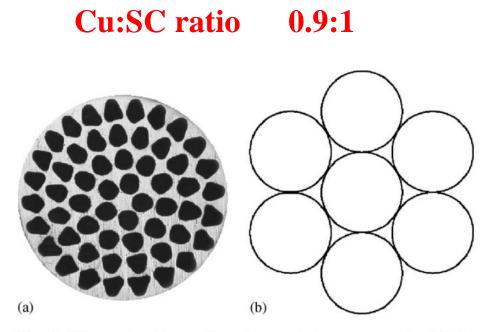


Fig. 3. Wire and cable configuration used in our magnets: (a) the superconducting wire showing the NbTi embedded in the copper matrix (photograph strand 56S53, courtesy of Supercon) [31] and (b) seven stranded cable configuration. The overall diameter of the cable, including insulation and *B*-stage epoxy, is 1.156 mm.

#### A magnetic trap for antihydrogen confinement

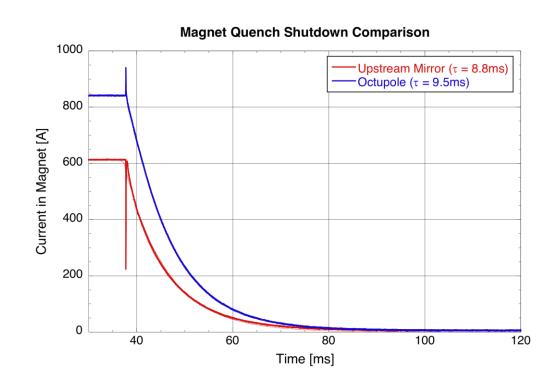
W. Bertsche<sup>a</sup>, A. Boston<sup>b</sup>, P.D. Bowe<sup>c</sup>, C.L. Cesar<sup>d</sup>, S. Chapman<sup>a</sup>, M. Charlton<sup>e</sup>, M. Chartier<sup>b</sup>, A. Deutsch<sup>a,f</sup>, J. Fajans<sup>a,f</sup>, M.C. Fujiwara<sup>g</sup>, R. Funakoshi<sup>h</sup>, K. Gomberoff<sup>a,f</sup>, J.S. Hangst<sup>c</sup>, R.S. Hayano<sup>h</sup>, M.J. Jenkins<sup>e</sup>, L.V. Jørgensen<sup>e</sup>, P. Ko<sup>a</sup>, N. Madsen<sup>e</sup>, P. Nolan<sup>b</sup>, R.D. Page<sup>b</sup>, L.G.C. Posada<sup>h</sup>, A. Povilus<sup>a</sup>, E. Sarid<sup>i</sup>, D.M. Silveira<sup>d</sup>, D.P. van der Werf<sup>e,\*</sup>, Y. Yamazaki<sup>j</sup> (ALPHA Collaboration), B.Parker<sup>k</sup>, J.Escallier<sup>k</sup>, A.Ghosh<sup>k</sup>



#### Detection of trapped antihydrogen: Rapid Shutdown

- •Hardware patterned after G. Ganetis IGBT switch to dump resistors
- •Signal conditioning hardware from CERN LHC test chain
- •Home-made FPGA QPS
- •Taps on magnets, vapor cooled leads, and SC leads
- •Magnets quench when shutting down have survived several 10<sup>4</sup> cycles of this

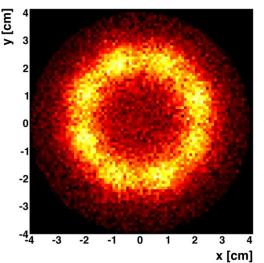


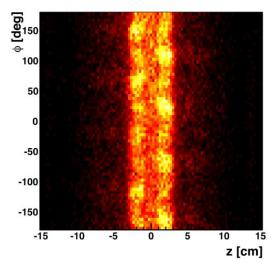




#### **ALPHA Silicon Vertex Detector**



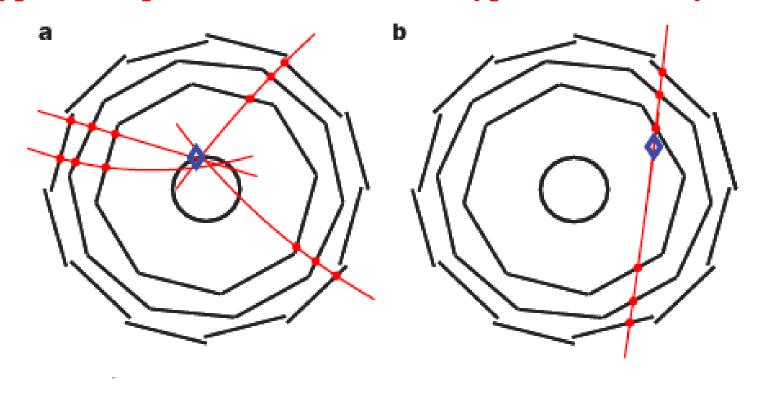




3-layer, double-sided modules Detect antiproton anihilation (not e<sup>+</sup>) Fabricated by U. Liverpool



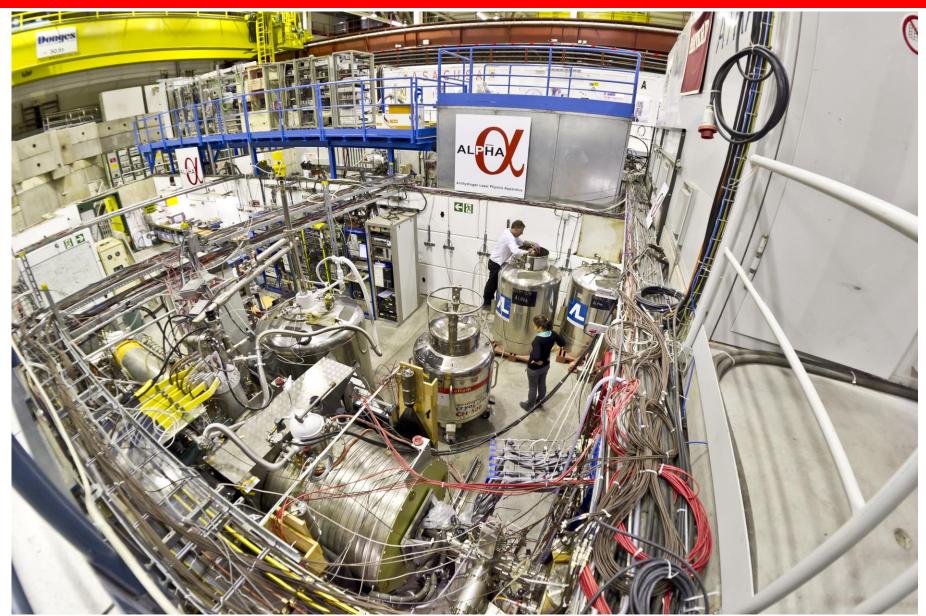
### **Event Topology**



... not much going on here

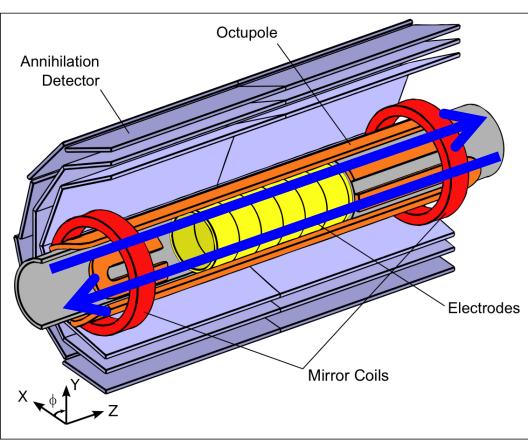


## The Original ALPHA - 2006

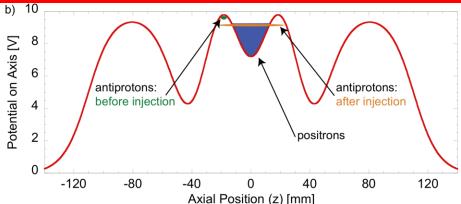




#### The Experiment -2010



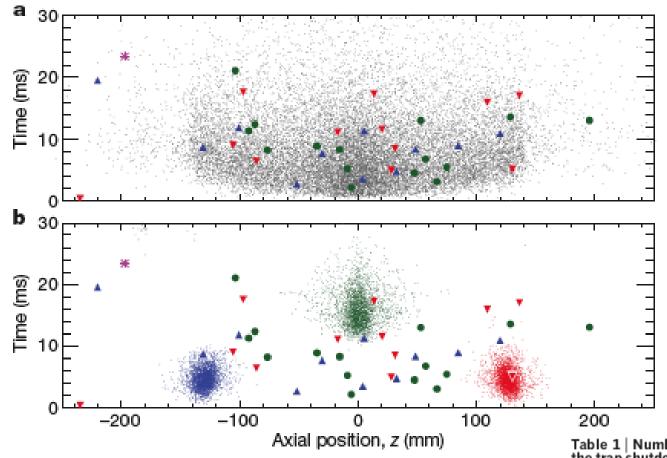
Trap antihydrogen in magnetic minimum trap Trap depth ~ 0.5 K



- •30000 antiprotons at 200 K
- •2 M positrons at 40 K, evaporatively cooled
- •Inject antiprotons autoresonantly
- •Mix for 1 s
- •Eject trapped charged particles
- •Pulsed fields to clear any mirrortrapped pbars
- •Fast shutdown of trap magnets (9 ms)
- •Look for annihilating pbar from hbar
- •Was it really a neutral? Apply bias electric fields during shutdown.



#### **The First Trapping Result**



**HBAR** simulation

left bias right bias no bias

**PBAR** simulations

1 event with heated positrons

Table 1 | Number of annihilations identified in the 30 ms following the trap shutdown

Number of attempts	Antiproton annihilation events
137	15
101	11
97	12
132	1
60	0
54	0
	137 101 97 132 60



#### **Trapped Antihydrogen 2010**

## LETTER

doi:10.1038/nature09610

#### Trapped antihydrogen

G. B. Andresen<sup>1</sup>, M. D. Ashkezari<sup>2</sup>, M. Baquero-Ruiz<sup>3</sup>, W. Bertsche<sup>4</sup>, P. D. Bowe<sup>1</sup>, E. Butler<sup>4</sup>, C. L. Cesar<sup>5</sup>, S. Chapman<sup>3</sup>, M. Charlton<sup>4</sup>, A. Deller<sup>4</sup>, S. Eriksson<sup>4</sup>, J. Fajans<sup>3,6</sup>, T. Friesen<sup>7</sup>, M. C. Fujiwara<sup>8,7</sup>, D. R. Gill<sup>8</sup>, A. Gutierrez<sup>9</sup>, J. S. Hangst<sup>1</sup>, W. N. Hardy<sup>9</sup>, M. E. Hayden<sup>2</sup>, A. J. Humphries<sup>4</sup>, R. Hydomako<sup>7</sup>, M. J. Jenkins<sup>4</sup>, S. Jonsell<sup>10</sup>, L. V. Jørgensen<sup>4</sup>, L. Kurchaninov<sup>8</sup>, N. Madsen<sup>4</sup>, S. Menary<sup>11</sup>, P. Nolan<sup>12</sup>, K. Olchanski<sup>8</sup>, A. Olin<sup>8</sup>, A. Povilus<sup>3</sup>, P. Pusa<sup>12</sup>, F. Robicheaux<sup>13</sup>, E. Sarid<sup>14</sup>, S. Seif el Nasr<sup>9</sup>, D. M. Silveira<sup>15</sup>, C. So<sup>3</sup>, J. W. Storey<sup>8</sup>†, R. I. Thompson<sup>7</sup>, D. P. van der Werf<sup>4</sup>, J. S. Wurtele<sup>3,6</sup> & Y. Yamazaki<sup>15,16</sup>

Published online in *Nature*, 17 November 2010

Physics Breakthrough of the Year - with ASACUSA group, 2010 Physics World (UK)

One of the top ten physics stories of 2010 - American Institute of Physics

Most clicked-on story on *Nature* website for all of 2010

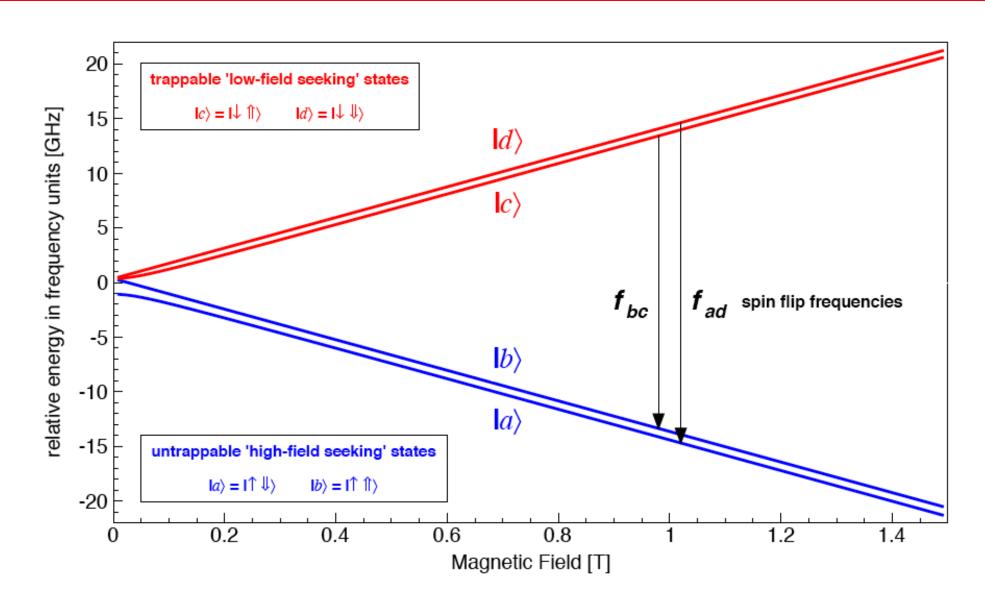


#### **Nature Referee:**

"The very fact of a proof-ofprinciple demonstration of wallfree confinement of even a small number of antimatter atoms has an intrinsic philosophical value."



#### Breit-Rabi Diagram (assumed)





# LETTER

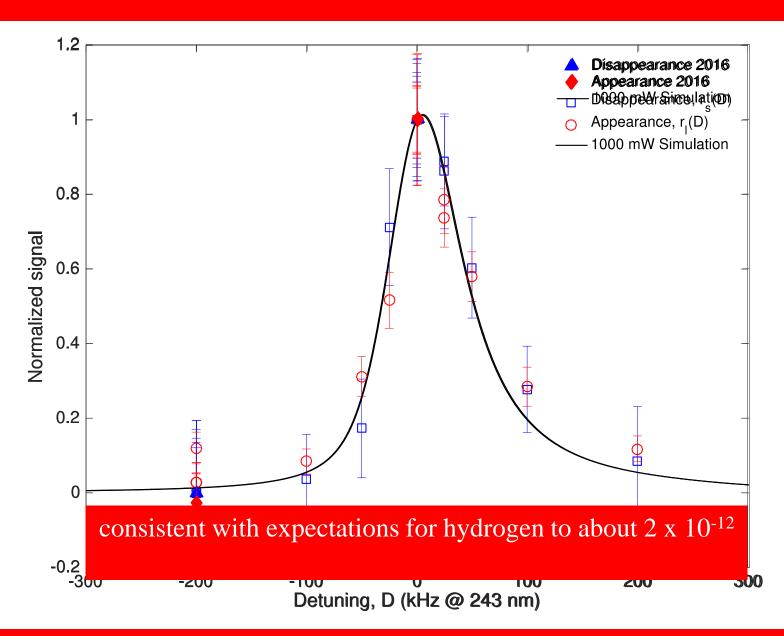
# Resonant quantum transitions in trapped antihydrogen atoms

C. Amole<sup>1</sup>, M. D. Ashkezari<sup>2</sup>, M. Baquero-Ruiz<sup>3</sup>, W. Bertsche<sup>4,5,6</sup>, P. D. Bowe<sup>7</sup>, E. Butler<sup>8</sup>, A. Capra<sup>1</sup>, C. L. Cesar<sup>9</sup>, M. Charlton<sup>4</sup>, A. Deller<sup>4</sup>, P. H. Donnan<sup>10</sup>, S. Eriksson<sup>4</sup>, J. Fajans<sup>3,11</sup>, T. Friesen<sup>12</sup>, M. C. Fujiwara<sup>12,13</sup>, D. R. Gill<sup>13</sup>, A. Gutierrez<sup>14</sup>, J. S. Hangst<sup>7</sup>, W. N. Hardy<sup>14,15</sup>, M. E. Hayden<sup>2</sup>, A. J. Humphries<sup>4</sup>, C. A. Isaac<sup>4</sup>, S. Jonsell<sup>16</sup>, L. Kurchaninov<sup>13</sup>, A. Little<sup>3</sup>, N. Madsen<sup>4</sup>, J. T. K. McKenna<sup>17</sup>, S. Menary<sup>1</sup>, S. C. Napoli<sup>4</sup>, P. Nolan<sup>17</sup>, K. Olchanski<sup>13</sup>, A. Olin<sup>13,18</sup>, P. Pusa<sup>17</sup>, C. Ø. Rasmussen<sup>7</sup>, F. Robicheaux<sup>10</sup>, E. Sarid<sup>19</sup>, C. R. Shields<sup>4</sup>, D. M. Silveira<sup>20</sup>†, S. Stracka<sup>13</sup>, C. So<sup>3</sup>, R. I. Thompson<sup>12</sup>, D. P. van der Werf<sup>4</sup> & J. S. Wurtele<sup>3,11</sup>

- •Published in *nature* online 7 March, 2012
- •First measurement on an antimatter atom precision: few parts in  $10^3$
- •Shows that it is possible to do physics with few atoms



#### 2016 Restate 28 line





## LETTER

OPEN

doi:10.1038/nature21040

# Observation of the 1S-2S transition in trapped antihydrogen

M. Ahmadi<sup>1</sup>, B. X. R. Alves<sup>2</sup>, C. J. Baker<sup>3</sup>, W. Bertsche<sup>4,5</sup>, E. Butler<sup>6</sup>, A. Capra<sup>7</sup>, C. Carruth<sup>8</sup>, C. L. Cesar<sup>9</sup>, M. Charlton<sup>3</sup>, S. Cohen<sup>10</sup>, R. Collister<sup>7</sup>, S. Eriksson<sup>3</sup>, A. Evans<sup>11</sup>, N. Evetts<sup>12</sup>, J. Fajans<sup>8</sup>, T. Friesen<sup>2</sup>, M. C. Fujiwara<sup>7</sup>, D. R. Gill<sup>7</sup>, A. Gutierrez<sup>13</sup>, J. S. Hangst<sup>2</sup>, W. N. Hardy<sup>12</sup>, M. E. Hayden<sup>14</sup>, C. A. Isaac<sup>3</sup>, A. Ishida<sup>15</sup>, M. A. Johnson<sup>4,5</sup>, S. A. Jones<sup>3</sup>, S. Jonsell<sup>16</sup>, L. Kurchaninov<sup>7</sup>, N. Madsen<sup>3</sup>, M. Mathers<sup>17</sup>, D. Maxwell<sup>3</sup>, J. T. K. McKenna<sup>7</sup>, S. Menary<sup>17</sup>, J. M. Michan<sup>7,18</sup>, T. Momose<sup>12</sup>, J. J. Munich<sup>14</sup>, P. Nolan<sup>1</sup>, K. Olchanski<sup>7</sup>, A. Olin<sup>7,19</sup>, P. Pusa<sup>1</sup>, C. Ø. Rasmussen<sup>2</sup>, F. Robicheaux<sup>20</sup>, R. L. Sacramento<sup>9</sup>, M. Sameed<sup>3</sup>, E. Sarid<sup>21</sup>, D. M. Silveira<sup>9</sup>, S. Stracka<sup>22</sup>, G. Stutter<sup>2</sup>, C. So<sup>11</sup>, T. D. Tharp<sup>23</sup>, J. E. Thompson<sup>17</sup>, R. I. Thompson<sup>11</sup>, D. P. van der Werf<sup>3,24</sup> & J. S. Wurtele<sup>8</sup>

Published online 19 December 2016; print version 26 January 2017

CPT tested to 2 x 10<sup>-10</sup>

~15 atoms trapped at a time

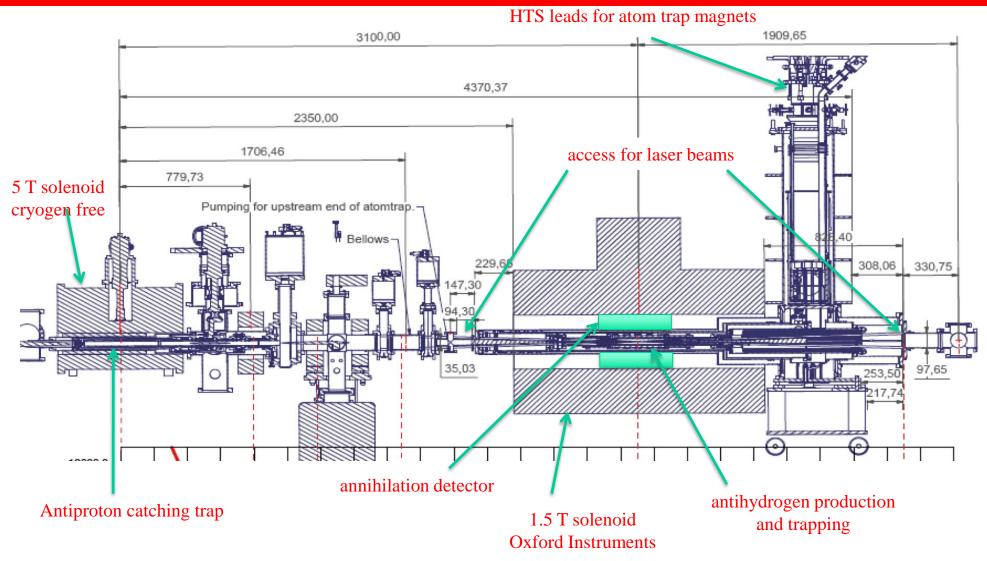


### 2016 – 1s-2s spectroscopy

There is no doubt that this result is of high originality and of highest relevance to a broad scientific community, and thus, merits publication in any journal the authors have selected. I congratulate the editors that the ALPHA collaboration has selected Nature to publish this ground-breaking work.

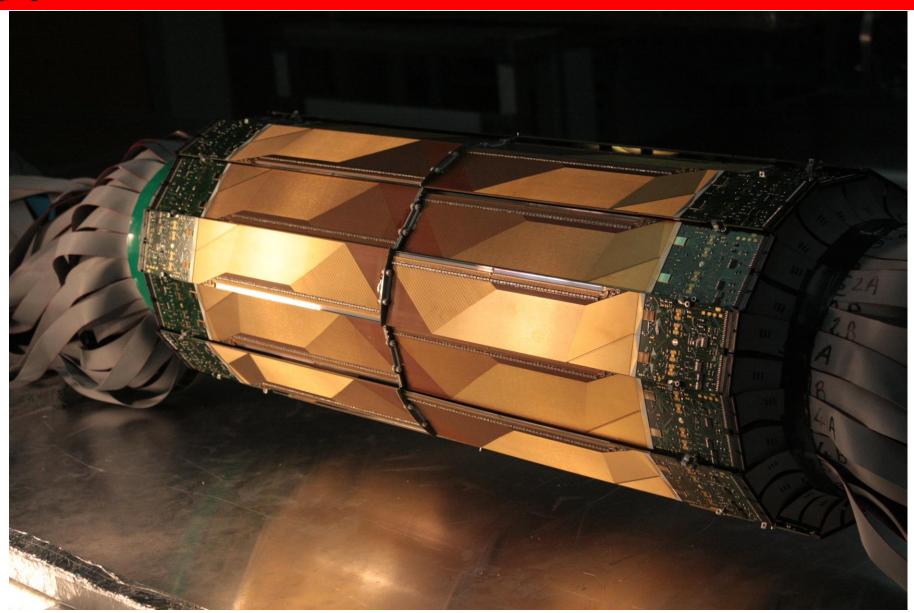


#### **ALPHA-2**



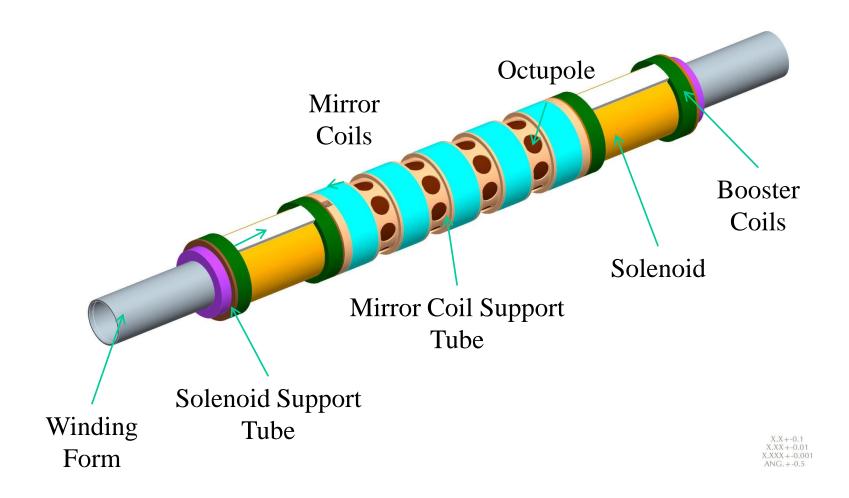


#### **ALPHA-2 Silicon Detector**





#### The ALPHA-2 Atom Trap (2013)



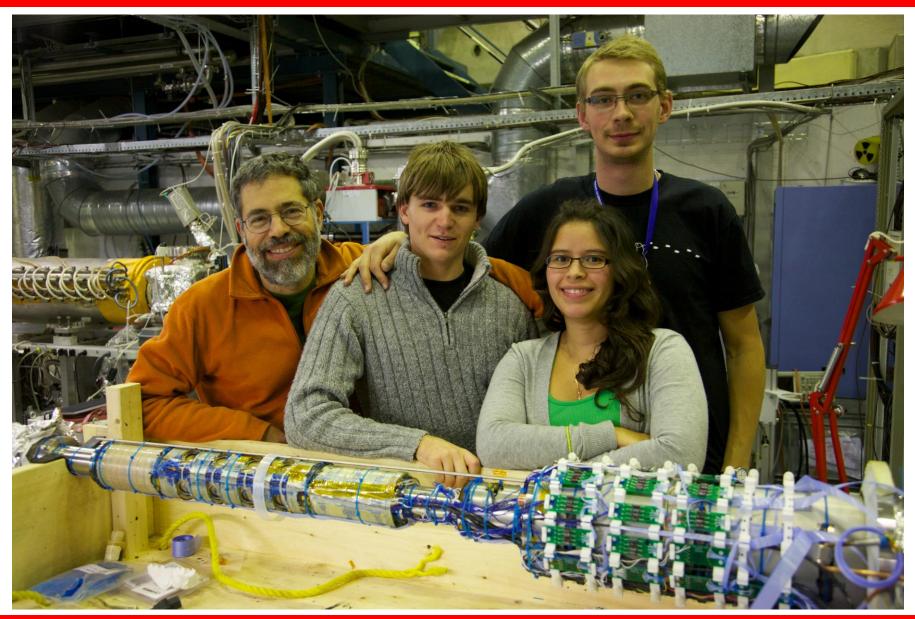


## **Penning Trap – ALPHA-2**





#### **ALPHA-2 Magnet Package**





### 'Carlsberg' Magnet

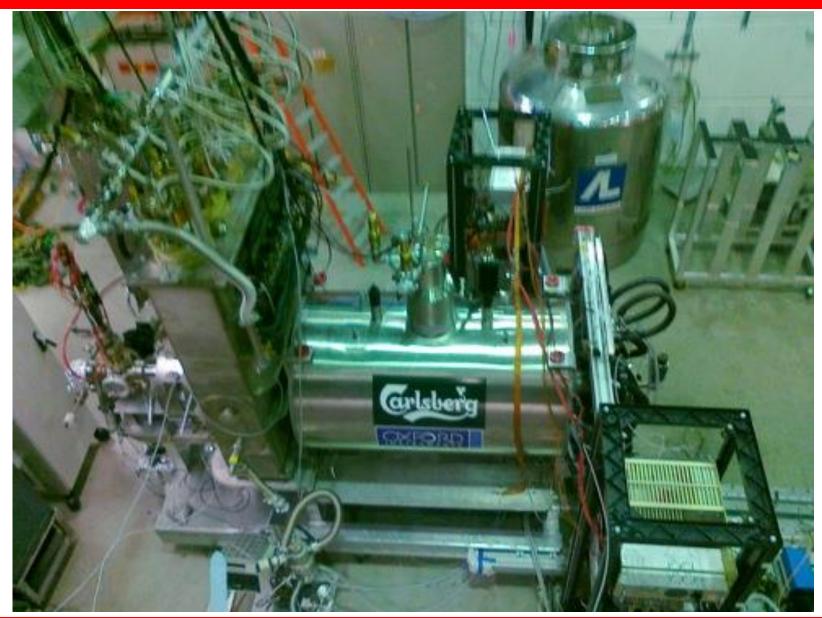




- •350 mm warm bore, 1.5 m long
- •1.5 T
- •10 ppm uniformity over 30 cm (z) x 1 cm (r)

- •10 s ramp from 1 T to 0.65 T
- •480,000 €
- •Fabricated by Oxford Instruments







### **ALPHA-2** Cryostat and Current Leads

Thanks to Amalia! 4 x 4 LHC HTS leads (600A)

They work fine at 1000 A!





### Antihydrogen in ALPHA - highlights

#### Prior to LS1

Trapped antihydrogen.

Nature **468**, 673–676 (2010). https://doi.org/10.1038/nature09610

Confinement of antihydrogen for 1,000 seconds.

Nature Phys 7, 558–564 (2011). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nphys2025">https://doi.org/10.1038/nphys2025</a>

Resonant quantum transitions in trapped antihydrogen atoms.

Nature **483**, 439–443 (2012). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nature10942">https://doi.org/10.1038/nature10942</a>



Description and first application of a new technique to measure the gravitational mass of antihydrogen.

Nat Commun 4, 1785 (2013). https://doi.org/10.1038/ncomms2787

An experimental limit on the charge of antihydrogen.

Nat Commun 5, 3955 (2014). https://doi.org/10.1038/ncomms4955

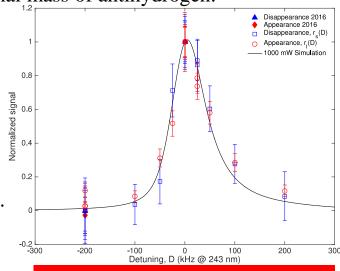
#### **ALPHA-2 constructed (2012)**

An improved limit on the charge of antihydrogen from stochastic acceleration.

Nature **529**, 373–376 (2016). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nature16491">https://doi.org/10.1038/nature16491</a>

Observation of the 1S–2S transition in trapped antihydrogen.

Nature **541**, 506–510 (2017). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nature21040">https://doi.org/10.1038/nature21040</a>



consistent with expectations for hydrogen to about 2 x 10<sup>-12</sup>



### Antihydrogen in ALPHA - highlights II

#### • since LS1 (continued)

Observation of the hyperfine spectrum of antihydrogen.

Nature **548**, 66–69 (2017). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/nature23446">https://doi.org/10.1038/nature23446</a>

Antihydrogen accumulation for fundamental symmetry tests.

Nat Commun **8**, 681 (2017). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038">https://doi.org/10.1038</a>

Characterization of the 1S–2S transition in antihydrogen.

*Nature* **557**, 71–75 (2018). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-018-0017-2

Observation of the 1S–2P Lyman- $\alpha$  transition in antihydrogen.

Nature **561**, 211–215 (2018). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-018-0435-1">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-018-0435-1</a>

#### **ALPHA-g installed (2018)**

Investigation of the fine structure of antihydrogen.

Nature **578**, 375–380 (2020). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2006-5">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2006-5</a>

Laser cooling of antihydrogen atoms.

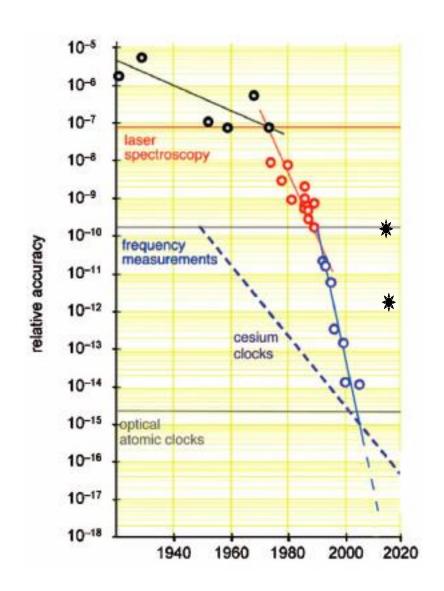
Nature **592**, 35–42 (2021). <a href="https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-021-03289-6">https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-021-03289-6</a>

Sympathetic cooling of positrons to cryogenic temperatures for antihydrogen production.

Nat Commun 12, 6139 (2021). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41467-021-26086-1



### **State of the Art (published)**





Theodor Hänsch



### Finally on the cover - 2021!



#### nature

Explore content > About the journal > Publish with us >

nature > articles > article

Article | Open Access | Published: 31 March 2021

#### **Laser cooling of antihydrogen atoms**

C. J. Baker, W. Bertsche, ... J. S. Wurtele + Show authors

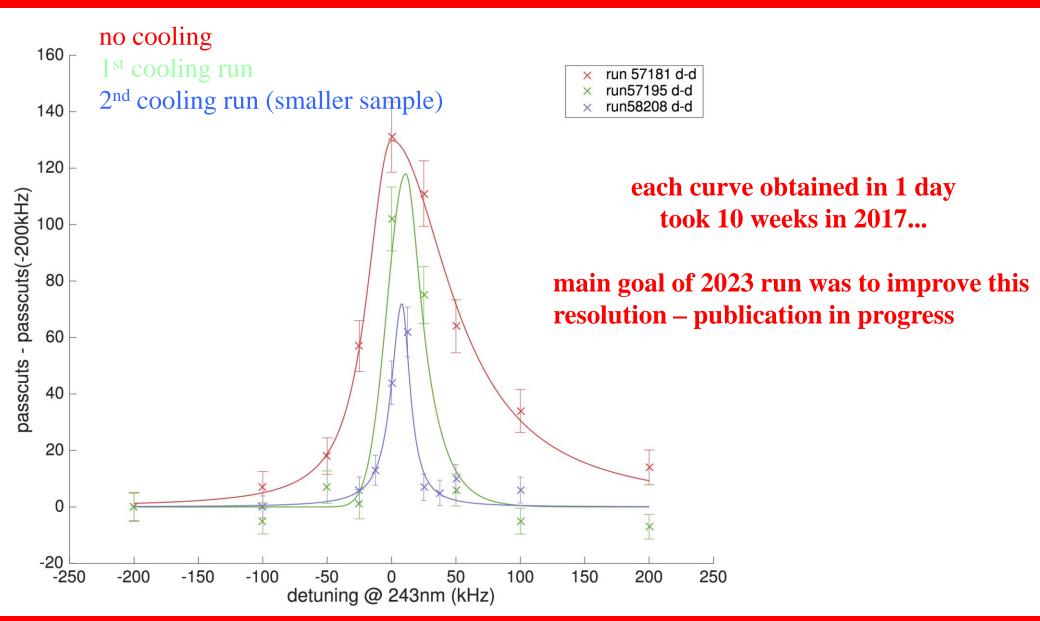
Nature **592**, 35–42 (2021) Cite this article

35k Accesses | 8 Citations | 655 Altmetric | Metrics

in 2024: cooled to <10 mK  $(8x10^{-7}) \text{ eV}$ 



### 1S-2S Lineshape with Laser Cooling

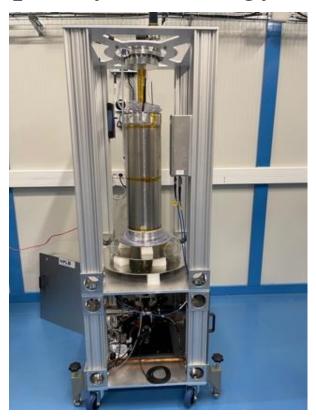




### 1S-2S transition with laser cooling

### Frequency Metrology Lab





Cesium fountain clock from NPL "primary time standard"



Hydrogen maser

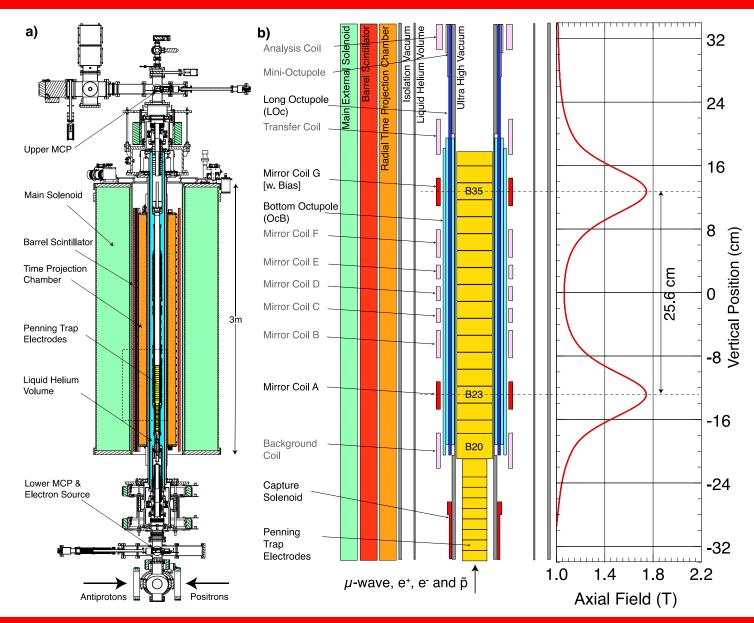


# **ALPHA-g**



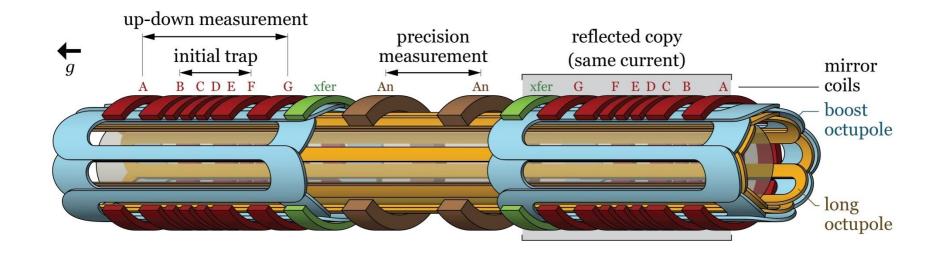


### **ALPHA-g Schematic**





### **ALPHA-g Coil Package**



the gravitational potential change over the length of the bottom trap is equivalent to 4.5 Gauss



### **ALPHA-g**







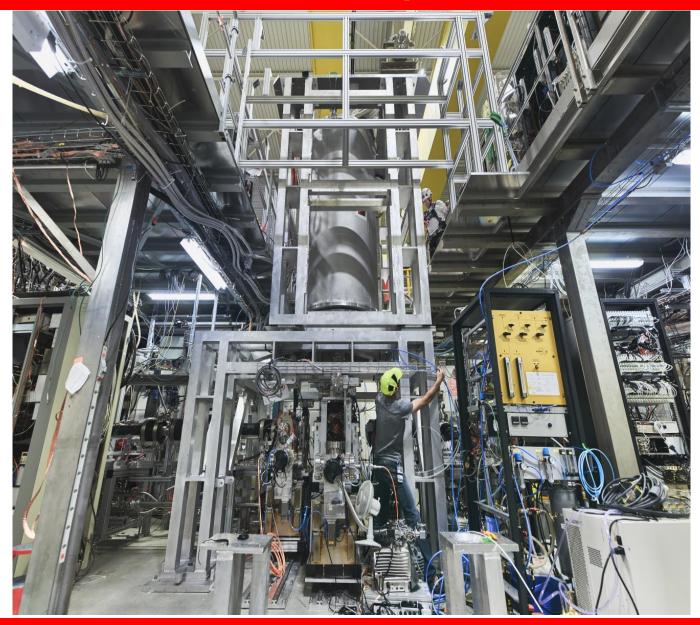
1 T 50 cm bore, 3m solenoid from Bilfinger Sumitomo cryocoolers

vertical cryostat

BNL magnets
3 separate trapping regions
27 SC coils
34 HTS leads



# ALPHA-g





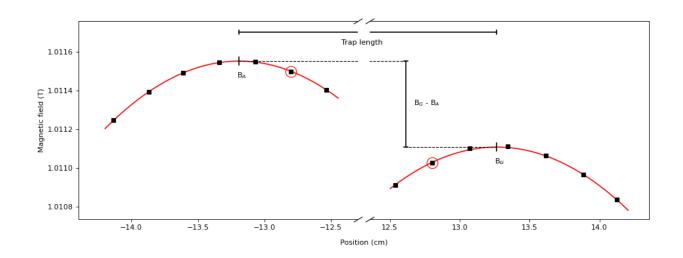




### Magnetic bias concept (J. Fajans)

Add a differential current to one of the mirror coils

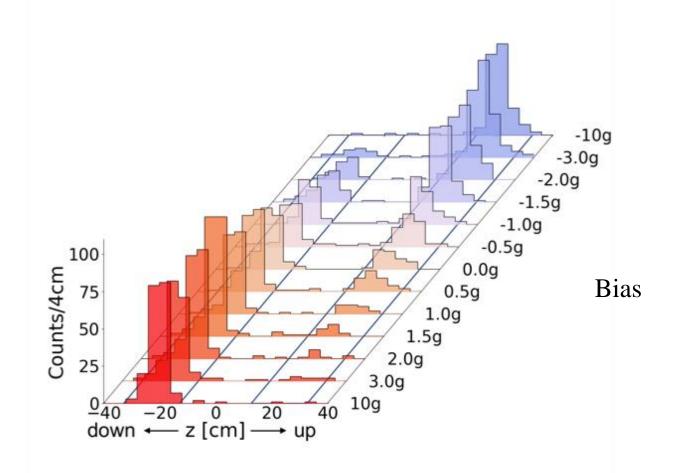
$$\frac{\mu_B(B_G - B_A)}{m_H(z_G - z_A)}$$
 we call this the bias – units of acceleration



in a real experiment – ramp both mirror currents down while maintaining this difference

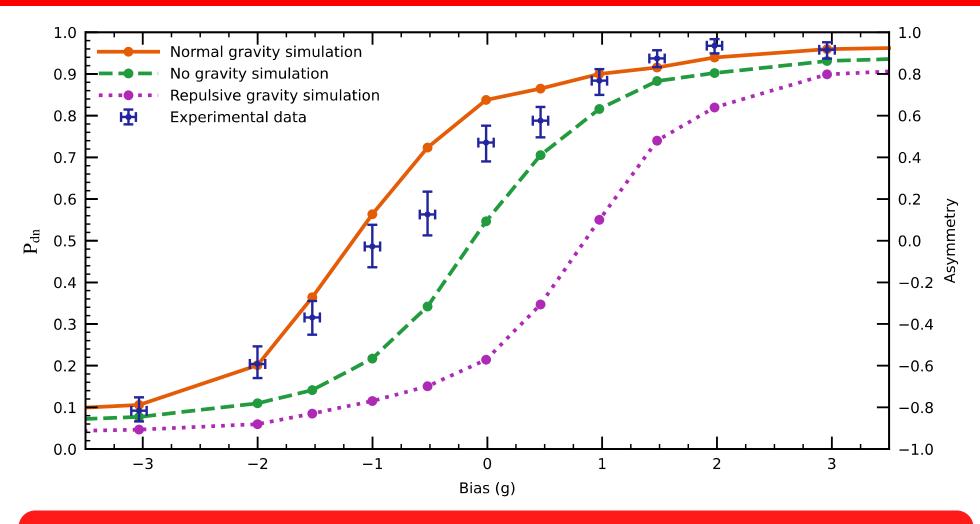


### Raw data from 2022 run





### The Result



$$a_{\bar{g}} = (0.75 \pm 0.13 \text{ (stat. + syst.)} \pm 0.16 \text{ (simulation)}) \cdot g \text{ where } g = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$$



### nature

Explore content > About the journal > Publish with us >

nature > articles > article

Article Open access Published: 27 September 2023

# Observation of the effect of gravity on the motion of antimatter

E. K. Anderson, C. J. Baker, W. Bertsche <sup>™</sup>, N. M. Bhatt, G. Bonomi, A. Capra, I. Carli, C. L. Cesar, M.

Charlton, A. Christensen, R. Collister, A. Cridland Mathad, D. Duque Quiceno, S. Eriksson, A. Evans, N.

Evetts, S. Fabbri, J. Fajans <sup>™</sup>, A. Ferwerda, T. Friesen, M. C. Fujiwara, D. R. Gill, L. M. Golino, M. B.

Gomes Gonçalves, ... J. S. Wurtele + Show authors

Nature 621, 716–722 (2023) Cite this article

77k Accesses | 1632 Altmetric | Metrics





No 10 backs

threat to leave rights convention



#### PLANÈTE & SCIENCES | 17

#### L'antimatière ne « tombe » pas vers le haut

Une équipe internationale a observé, pour la première fois, le comportement d'antiatomes en chute libre

B B C Sign in **NEWS** 

Scientists get closer to solving mystery of antimatter



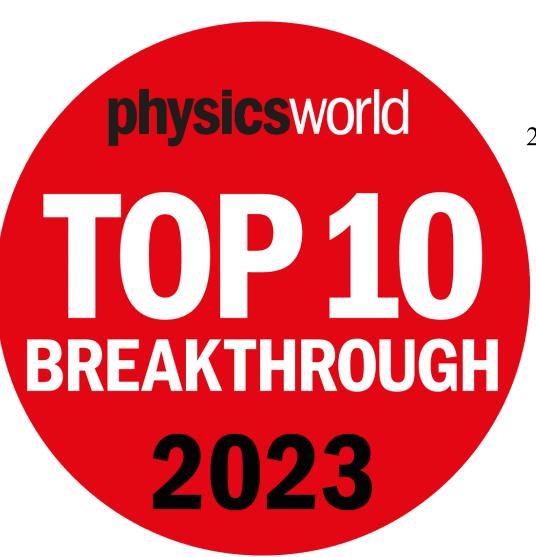
By Pallab Ghosh Science correspondent

Scientists have made a key discovery about antimatter - a mysterious

#### Feu vert pour l'exploitation d'un champ pétrolier en mer du Nord

PBC Workshop on SC Technologies





third time ALPHA has been nominated

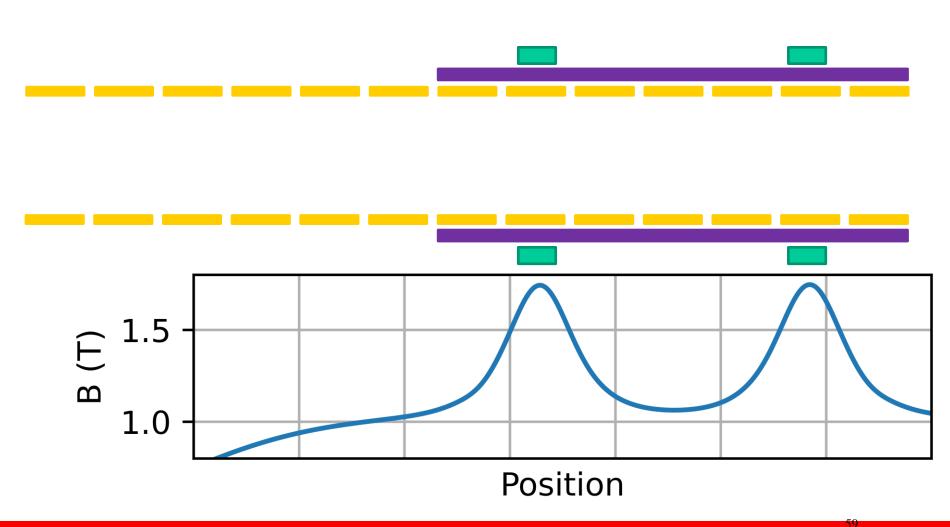
2010: trapping of antihydrogen (won)

2021: laser cooling of antihydrogen (didn't win

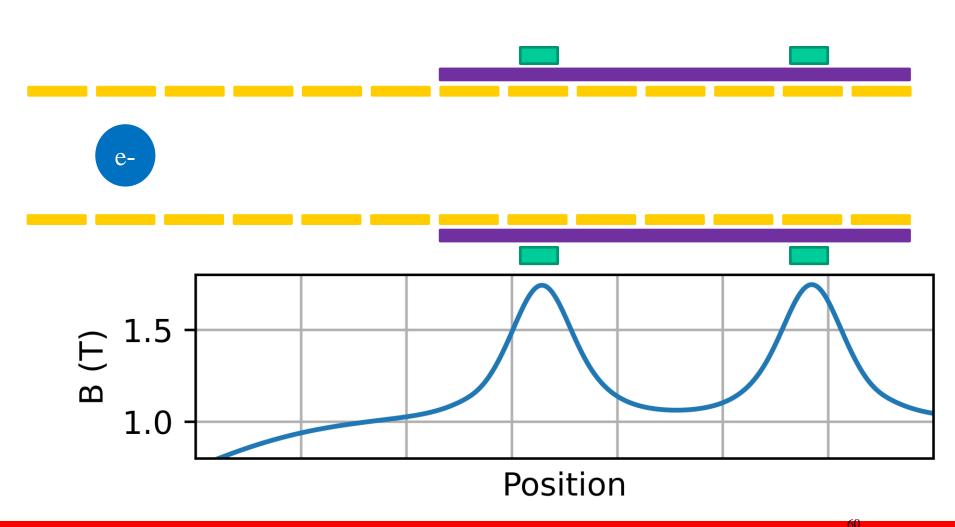
2023: gravity experiment (didn't win again)

### What is Electron cyclotron resonance (ECR) magnetometry?

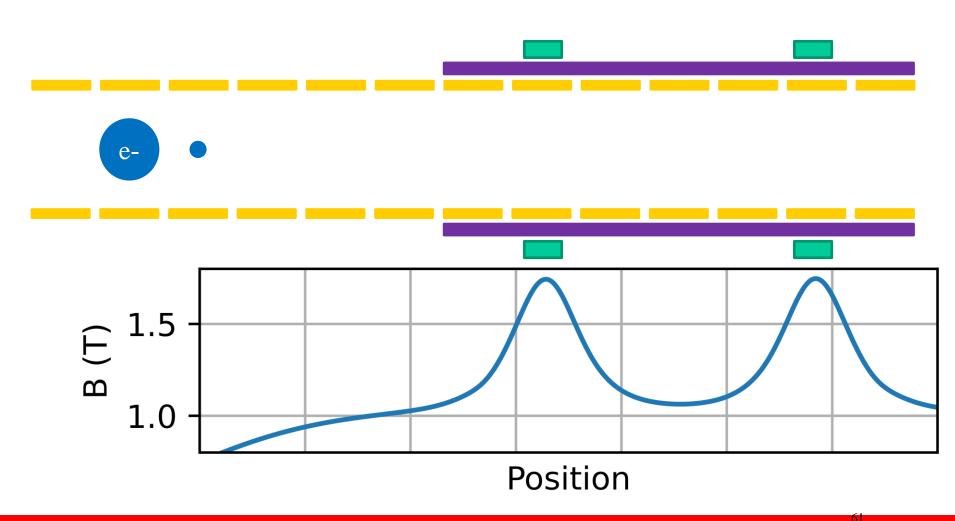




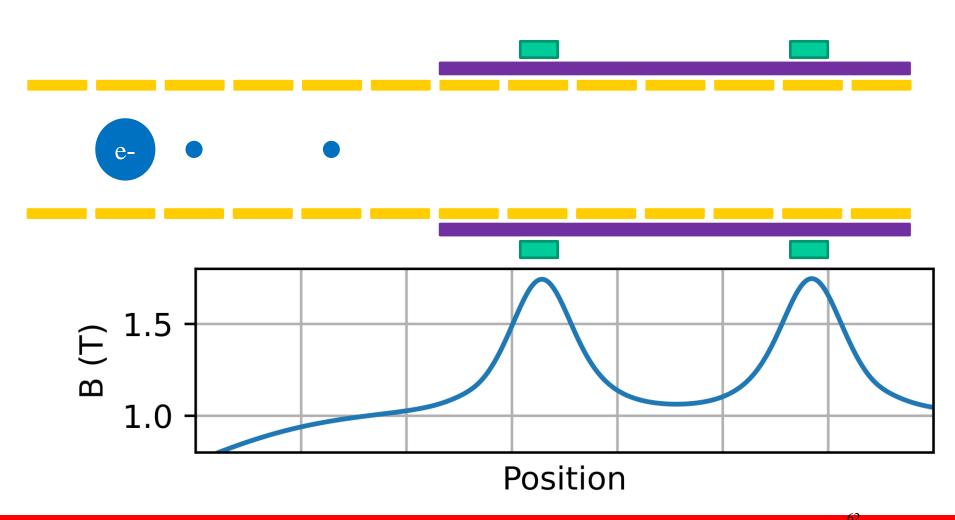
# Get an electron plasma



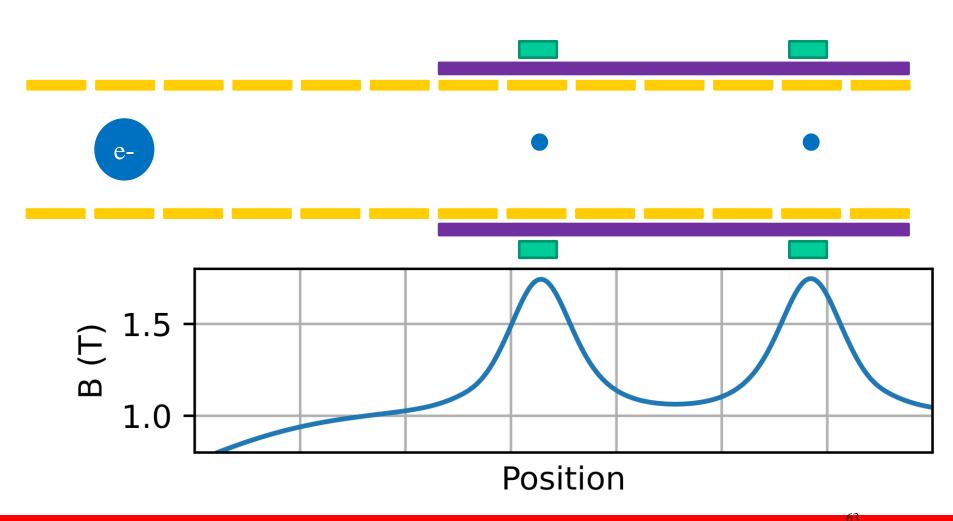
# Remove a small "scoop" of electrons



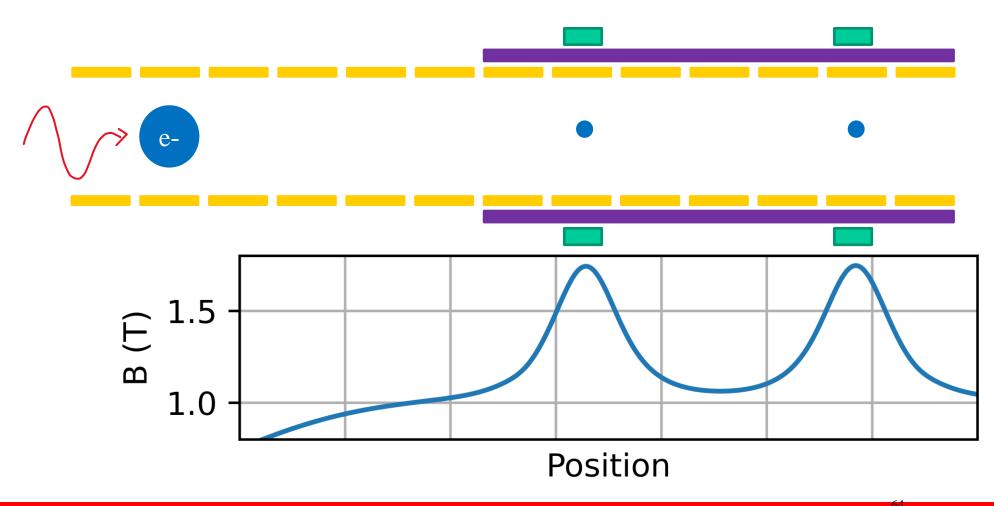
# And another



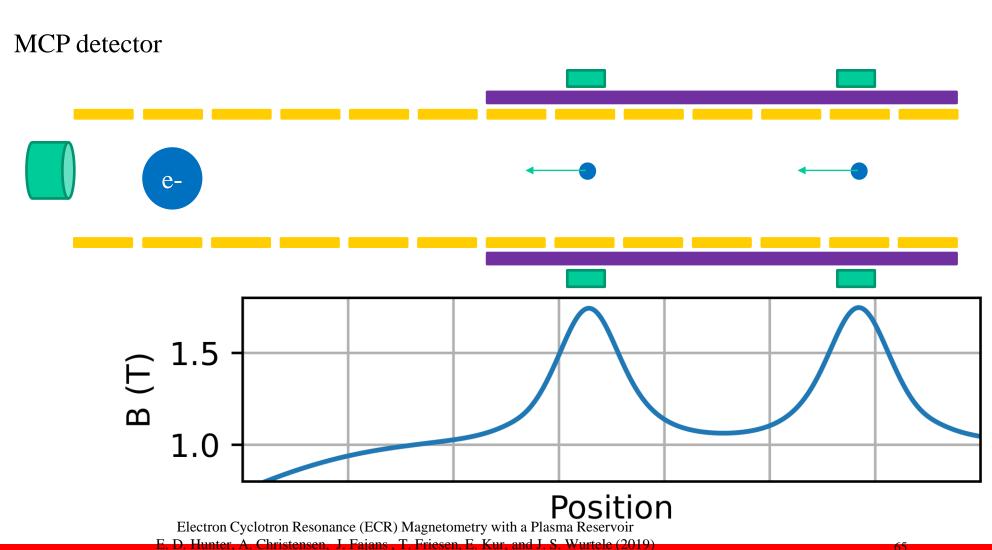
# Move to target location



# Irradiate with a microwave pulse



### Measure temperature of electron "scoops"

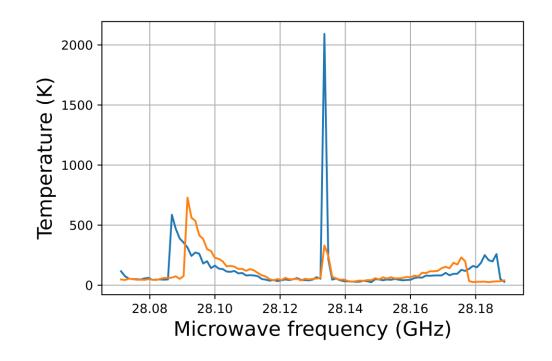


### **Example ECR Spectrum**

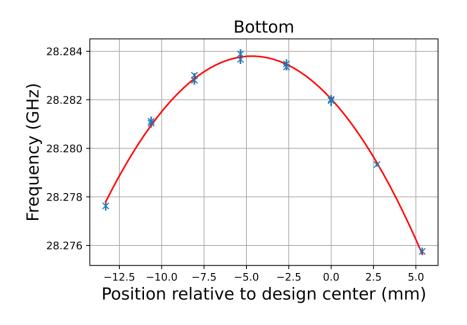
CALGARY

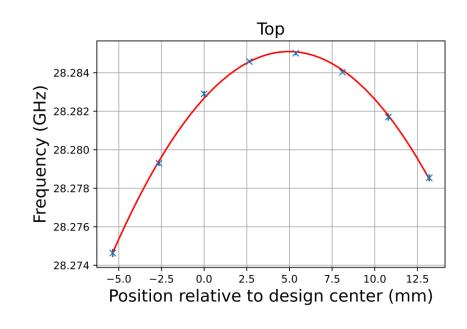
- Narrow central peak =  $f_c$
- Precision related to peak width

 Broad, asymmetric sidebands from electrons axial frequency



#### Mapping out the on-axis maxima solenoids





$$10^{-4} \text{ T} = 1 \text{ Gauss} = 2.8 \text{ MHz}$$

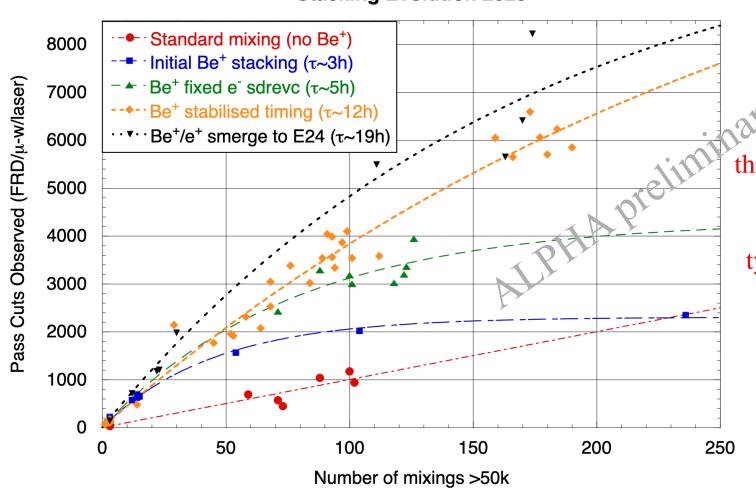






### Accumulation of 10<sup>4</sup> hbars using laser-cooled Be ions





N. Madsen, M. Goncalves, K. Thompson *et al*.

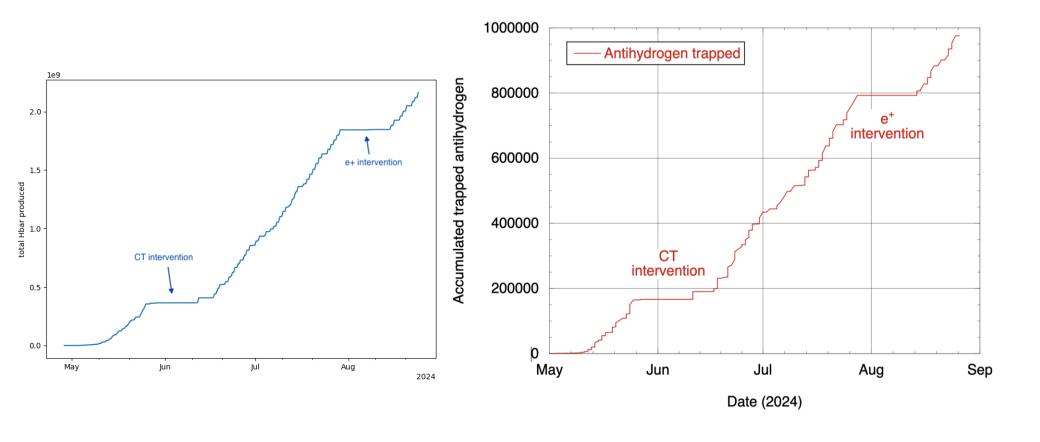
this is about 650 times the rate from 2010

typically stack on night shift – then (cool and) measure

average 15 mixings per hour



### 2024 accumulation in ALPHA-2



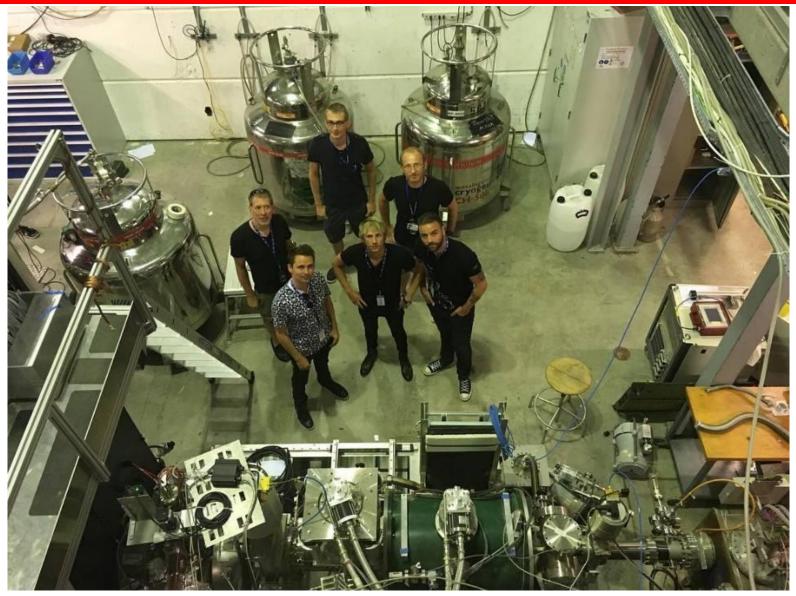


### All of our friends are rock stars...Crosby and Nash

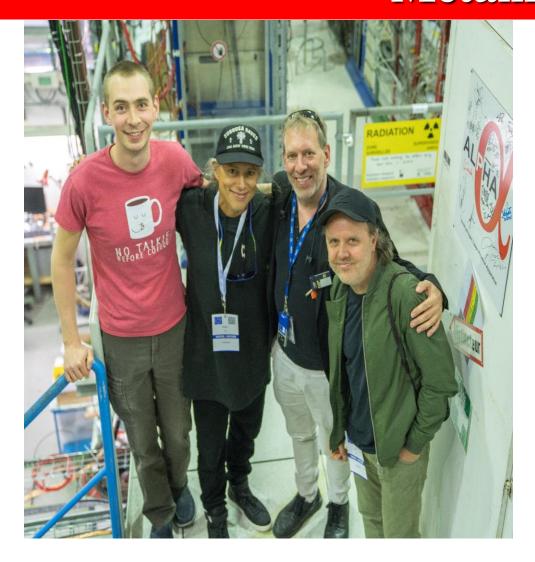


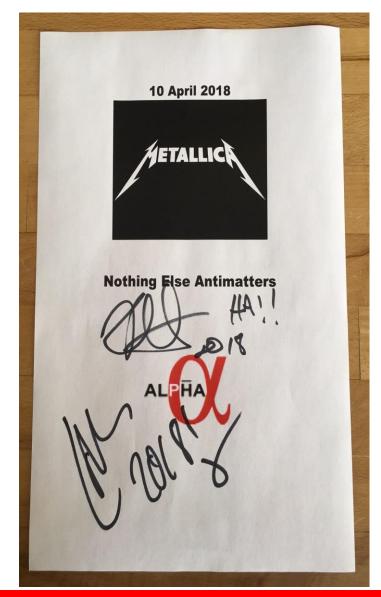


### All of our friends are rock stars 2...Muse



### Metallica







## Jack White





# **Roger Waters**





**CERN 13 March 2019** 



### Slayer







# **Roger Waters 2**



Washington, DC 16 August 2022



# **Roger Waters 3**



Zurich, April 25 2023



# Roger Waters 4 (+Nick Mason)



London DSOTM Redux concert





### Jane's Addiction





## Carl Verheyen Band (CERN70)

