Setup OREO/e+BOOST

T9 beamline - Week 23-25

For information
Stefano Carsi
stefano.carsi@cern.ch
68691

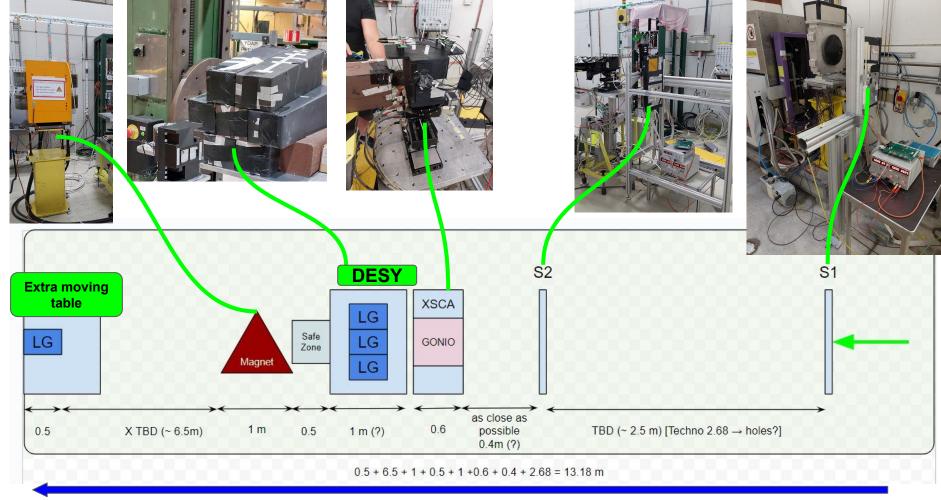
Beamtest goals

OREO

- Test a full prototype of a oriented crystal based electromagnetic calorimeter
- Longitudinally segmented
 - First layer (~ 5 X₀): 3x3 matrix of oriented crystals
 - The remaining part (~ 10 X₀) is a 3x3 matrix of the same material, but the crystals are non oriented
- After proving that it is possible to glue together different crystals keeping them interalignd, a full prototype has been realized.

e+BOOST

- Test of different crystal samples for an oriented crystal based intense positron source
- Test of different Hybrid Source configurations to be compared with the amorphous (conventional) case



BEAM DIRECTION

Beamline equipment required (1)

- Rack for installing two crates
- Bolts for fixing BC1 right after XCET48
- Bending magnet installed 7m before the end of the beamline
 - Check where we used to install last year, whether is or not the same (but it should not...)
 - Check setup layout to better understand the distance wrt the end of the beamline
- 1 XSCA table for the crystal samples
- 1 Desy table for the 7 Lead Glass electromagnetic calorimeter (~ 350 kg)
- 1 extra moving platform at the end of the beamline, to install a single lead glass (~ 50 kg).
 - It can be either an XSCA or a Desy, it's not that relevant
 - This way we can switch between the two setups without the need of the crane to move the aforementioned Desy table

Beamline equipment required (2)

- XCET44 and XCET48 signals directly in experimental area (not in control room and then through the patch panel) in order not to introduce too much delay
- A couple of **ordinary tables** (the ones that are usually in the experimental area are perfectly fine for DAQ pc and for organizing the material
- Few **rubber cable glands** for routing signal cables from detectors to the rack
- Few lead bricks (10 cm along one direction) to support the 7 Lead Glass layout (check 2nd pic of layout slide)

 BC2 does not require additional bolts, as it will be installed on a self-supporting table made of bosh rails

Beam required

- Tertiary focussed beams in the 1-6 GeV/c range as the one used in the past years by STORM/Techno-CLS/OREO are the main configuration we'd use to run
- A secondary mixed hadrons beams of 8/10/12/15 GeV/c may be useful to acquire some points at higher momenta
- A **6 GeV/c wide beam** with parallel optics may be useful in the preliminary alignment phase to ease the centering of the crystals wrt the beam
- A beam with a high percentage of MIPs (which can be, of course, any of the secondary beams)

Thanks for your attention

If you have any questions, I'm here!

For information
Stefano Carsi
stefano.carsi@cern.ch
68691