

Collectivity from the STAR BES program

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Outline

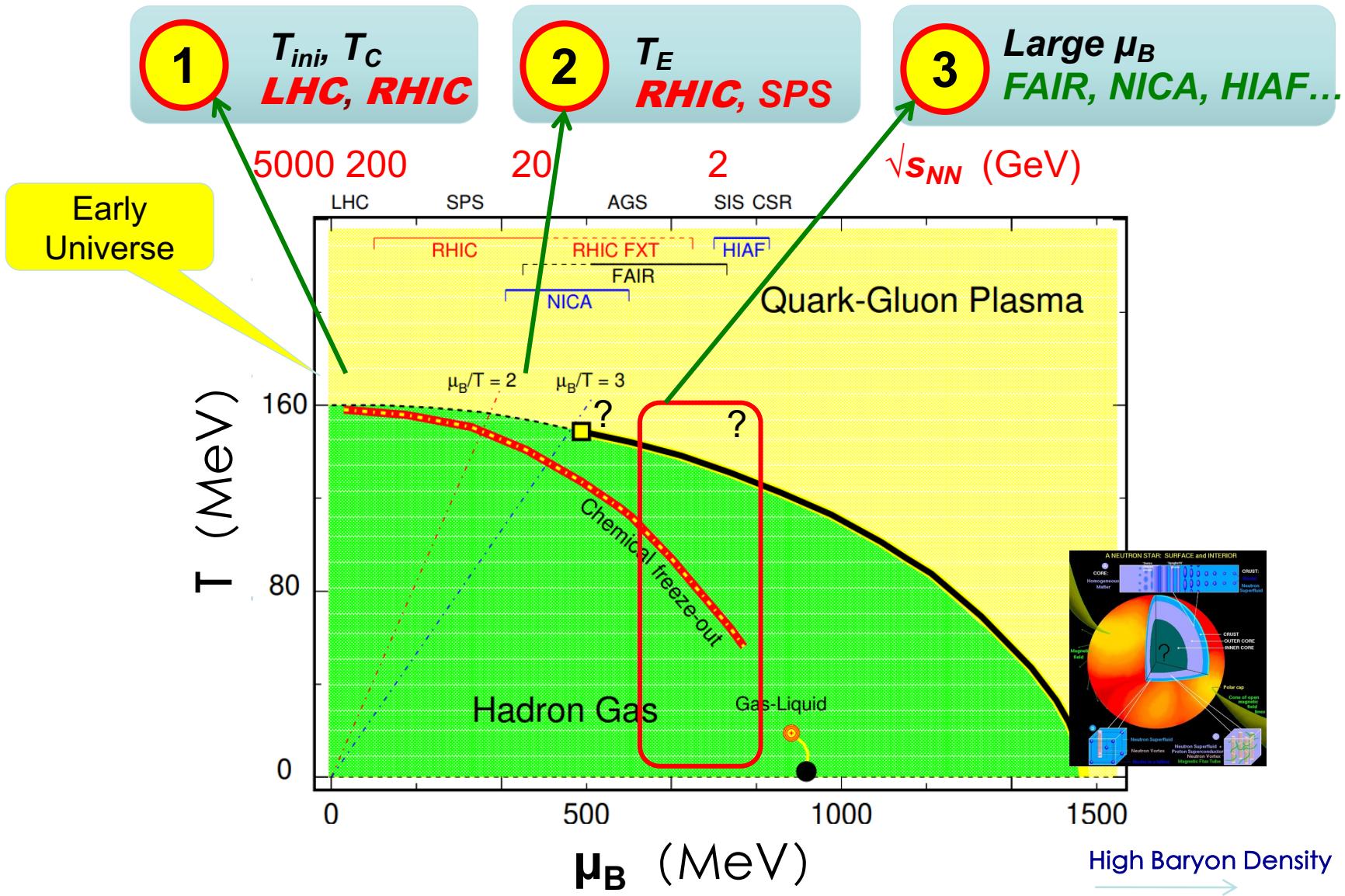
➤ Motivation

➤ Experimental Setup

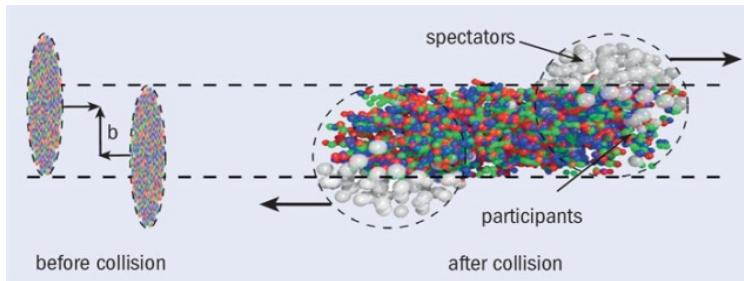
➤ Results and Discussions

➤ Summary

Motivation

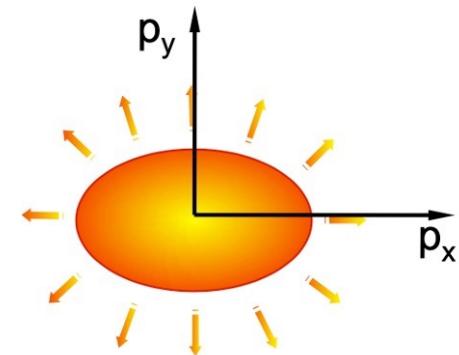
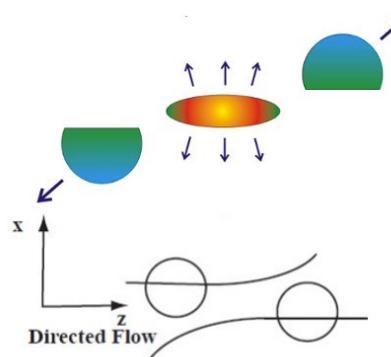
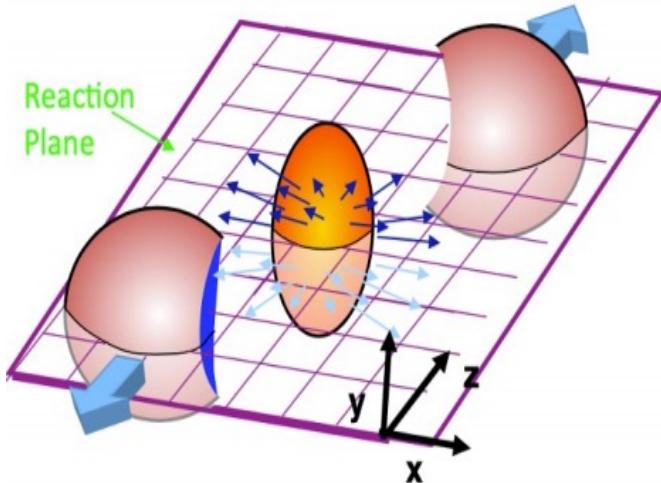


Anisotropic Flow



$$\frac{dN}{d(\phi - \Psi)} \sim 1 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2v_n \cos(n(\phi - \Psi))$$

- Directed flow: ➤ Elliptic flow:
 $v_1 = \langle \cos(\phi - \Psi) \rangle$ $v_2 = \langle \cos 2(\phi - \Psi) \rangle$

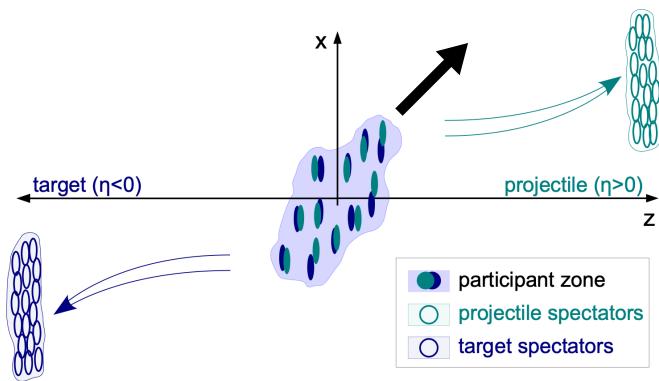


- v_1 is sensitive to the Equation-of-State (EoS)
 - v_2 is sensitive to the degree of freedom: partonic vs. hadronic

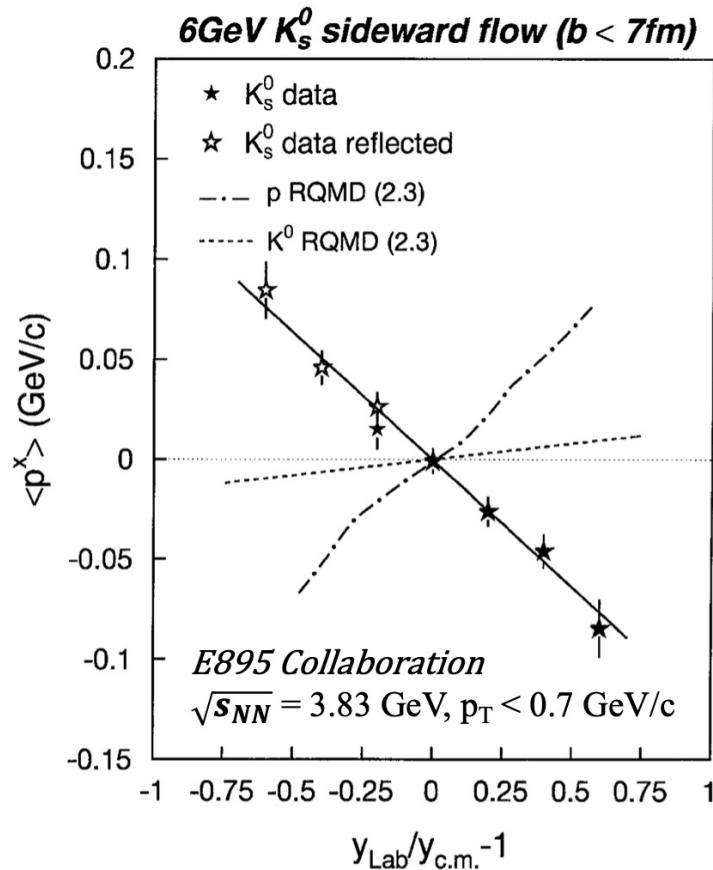
S. A. Bass et al., Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 41, 255 (1998)

Motivation: Anti-flow of v_1

Figure: Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 232302 (2013)



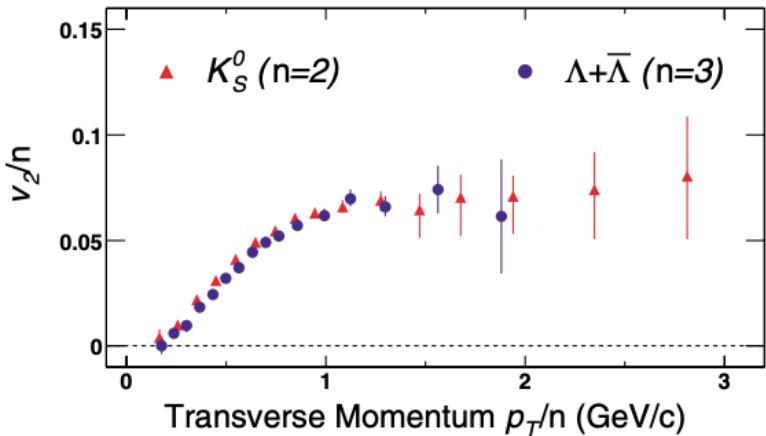
E895, Phys. Rev. Lett. 85, 940 (2000)



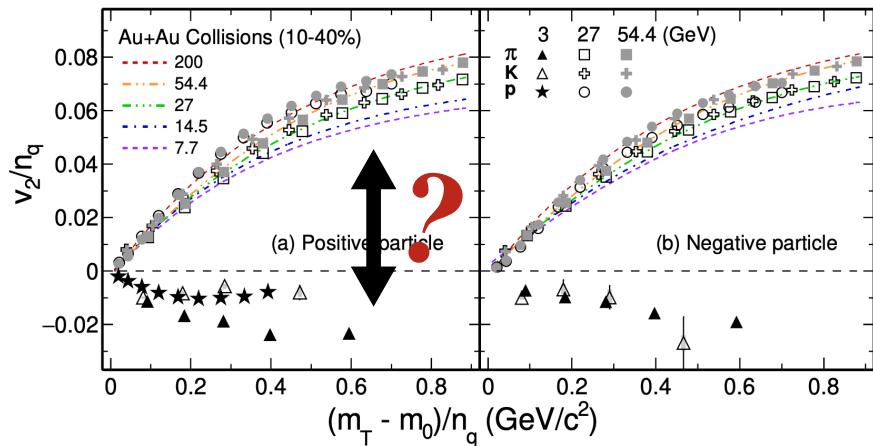
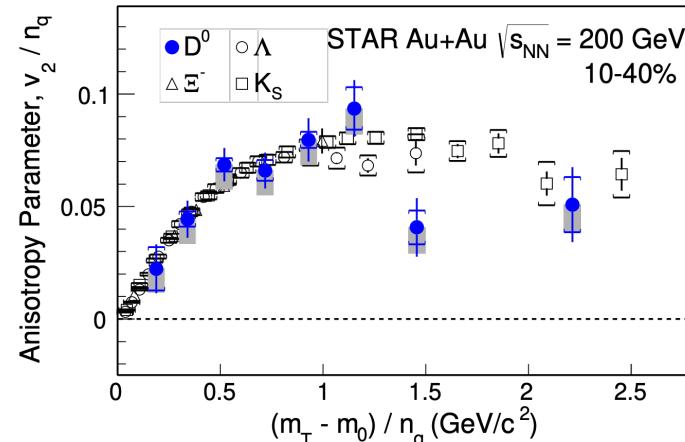
- Bounce-off: Positive flow in positive rapidity
- Au+Au 3.83 GeV: Anti-flow of kaon at low p_T ($< 0.7 \text{ GeV}/c$) → Kaon potential?

Motivation: Elliptic Flow

STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 92, 052302 (2004)



STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 118, 212301 (2017)

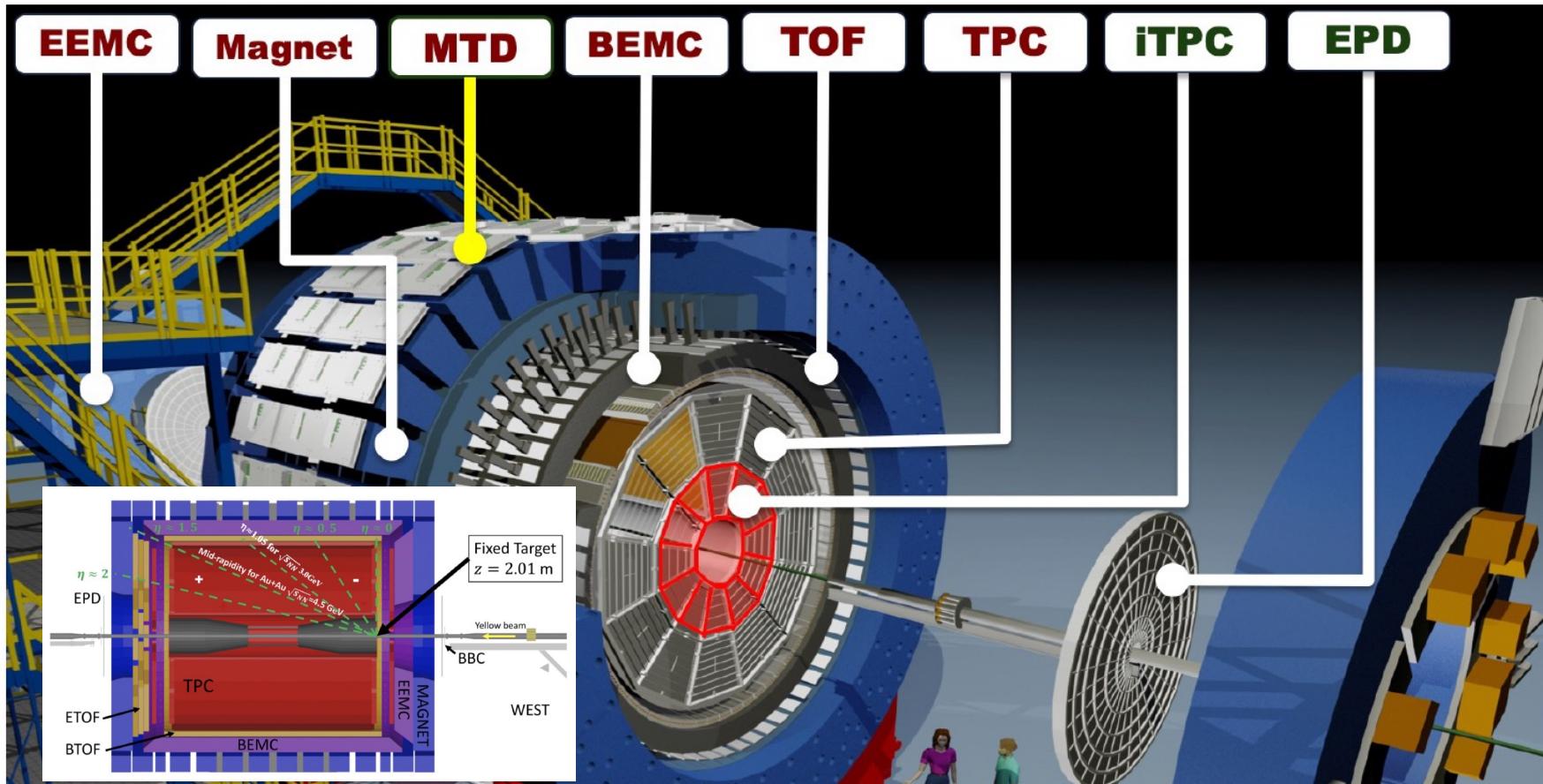


- 200 GeV: Partonic collectivity
- 3.0 GeV: Hadronic interaction dominates
- Transition in degree of freedom:
 $3.0 \rightarrow 7.7$ GeV?

STAR, Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 142301 (2013)

Phys. Rev. C 93, 14907 (2016), Phys. Lett. B 827, 137003 (2022)

Experimental Setup



- **Larger** acceptance
- **Excellent PID** with **uniform** efficiency
- Modest rates

- **iTPC, EPD & eTOF** upgrades completed
- All are in data-taking for BES-II program

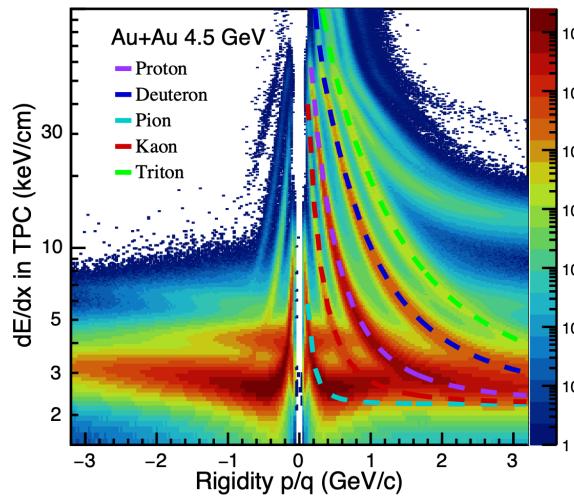
STAR Bean Energy Scan

Au+Au Collisions at RHIC														
Collider Runs					Fixed-Target Runs									
	$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	#Events	μ_B	y_{beam}	run		$\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ (GeV)	#Events	μ_B	y_{beam}	run			
1	200		380 M		25 MeV		5.3	Run-10, 19	1	13.7 (100)	50 M	280 MeV	-2.69	Run-21
2	62.4		46 M		75 MeV			Run-10	2	11.5 (70)	50 M	320 MeV	-2.51	Run-21
3	54.4		1200 M		85 MeV			Run-17	3	9.2 (44.5)	50 M	370 MeV	-2.28	Run-21
4	39		86 M		112 MeV			Run-10	4	7.7 (31.2)	260 M	420 MeV	-2.1	Run-18, 19, 20
5	27		585 M		156 MeV		3.36	Run-11, 18	5	7.2 (26.5)	470 M	440 MeV	-2.02	Run-18, 20
6	19.6		595 M		206 MeV		3.1	Run-11, 19	6	6.2 (19.5)	120 M	490 MeV	1.87	Run-20
7	17.3		256 M		230 MeV			Run-21	7	5.2 (13.5)	100 M	540 MeV	-1.68	Run-20
8	14.6		340 M		262 MeV			Run-14, 19	8	4.5 (9.8)	110 M	590 MeV	-1.52	Run-20
9	11.5		57 M		316 MeV			Run-10, 20	9	3.9 (7.3)	120 M	633 MeV	-1.37	Run-20
10	9.2		160 M		372 MeV			Run-10, 20	10	3.5 (5.75)	120 M	670 MeV	-1.2	Run-20
11	7.7		104 M		420 MeV			Run-21	11	3.2 (4.59)	200 M	699 MeV	-1.13	Run-19
									12	3.0 (3.85)	260 + 2000 M	760 MeV	-1.05	Run-18, 21

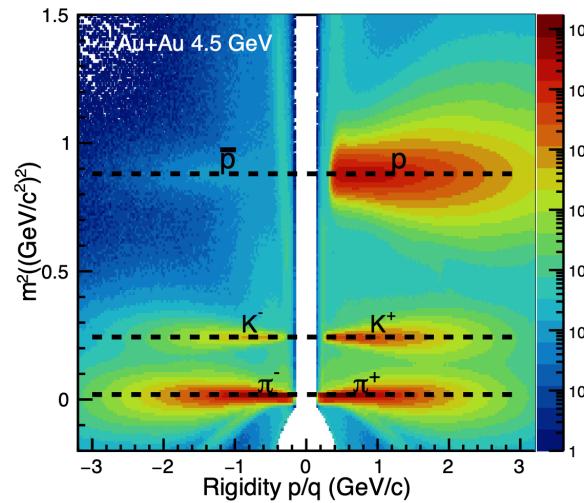
Most precise data to map the QCD phase diagram
 $3 < \sqrt{s_{NN}} < 200 \text{ GeV}; \quad 760 > \mu_B > 25 \text{ MeV}$

Particle Identification

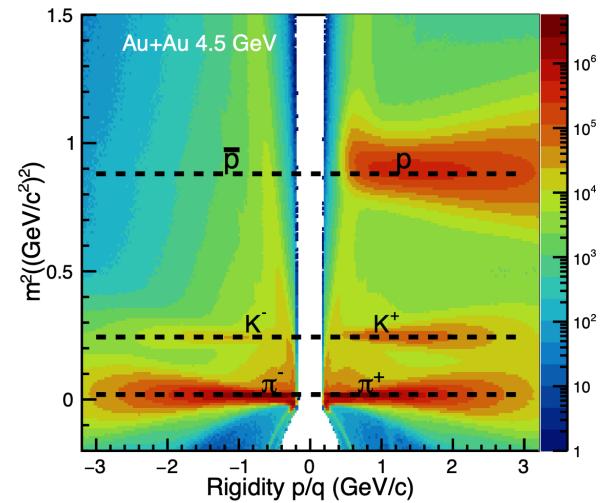
TPC



bTOF



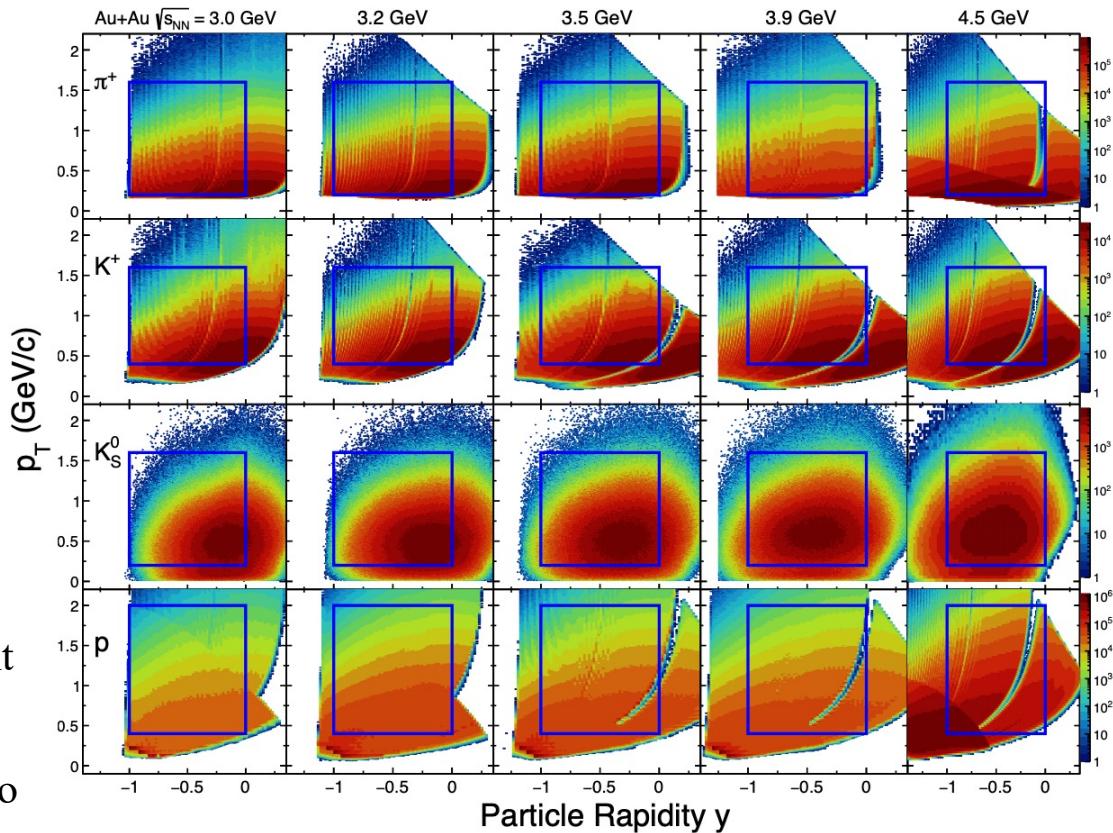
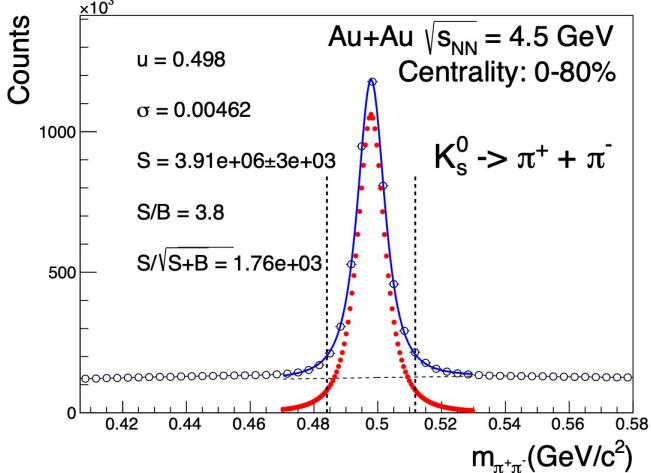
eTOF



Au+Au (GeV)	3.0	3.2	3.5	3.9	4.5
Baryon chemical potential (~MeV)	750	700	670	635	590
Events analyzed (M)	260	206	107	94	128

Good particle identification capability based on TPC dE/dx and TOF m^2

Particle Acceptance

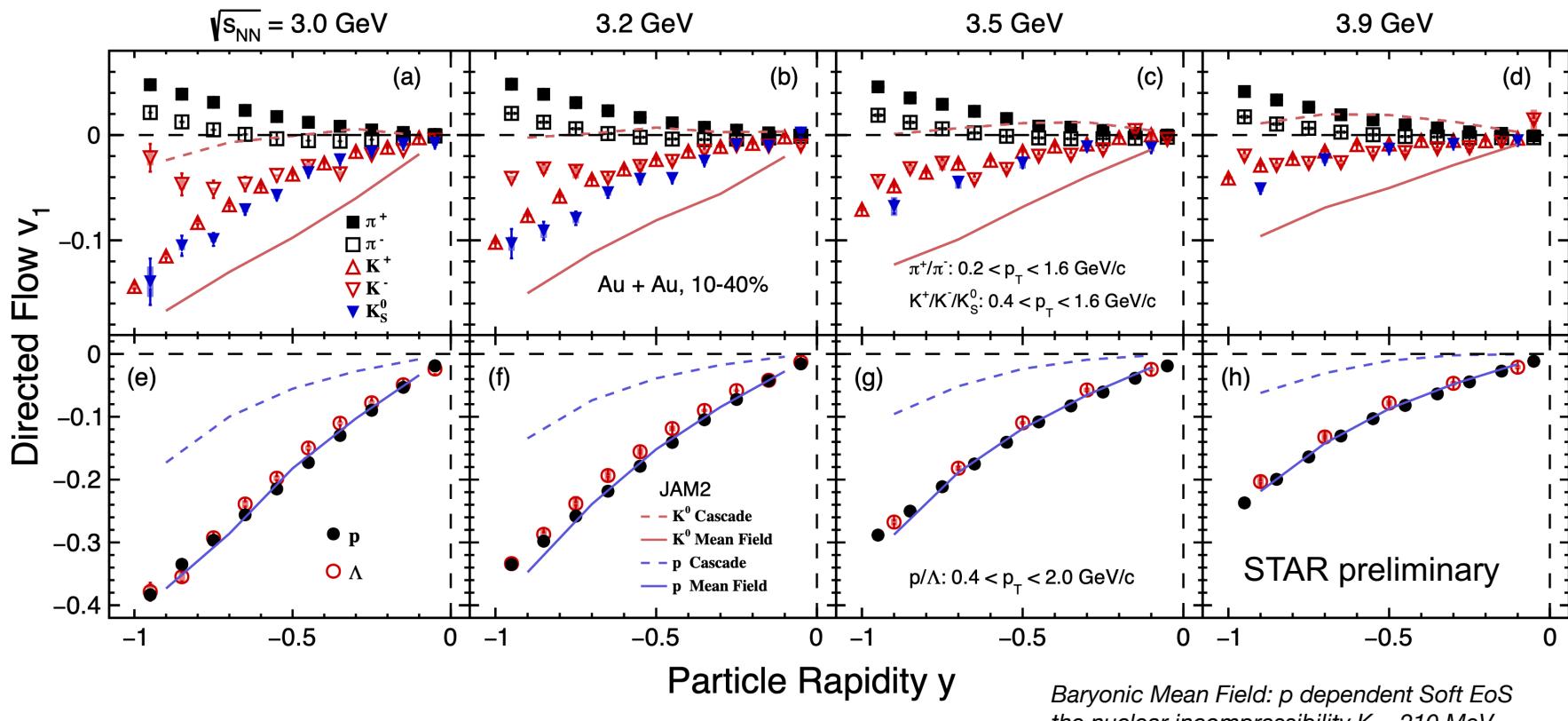


- K_s^0, Λ are reconstructed by invariant mass method (KF particle package)
- Particle rapidity coverage from -1 to 0 (blue boxes)

A. Banerjee, I. Kisel and M. Zyzak, Int. J. Mod. Phys. A 35, 2043003 (2020)

Rapidity Dependence of v_1

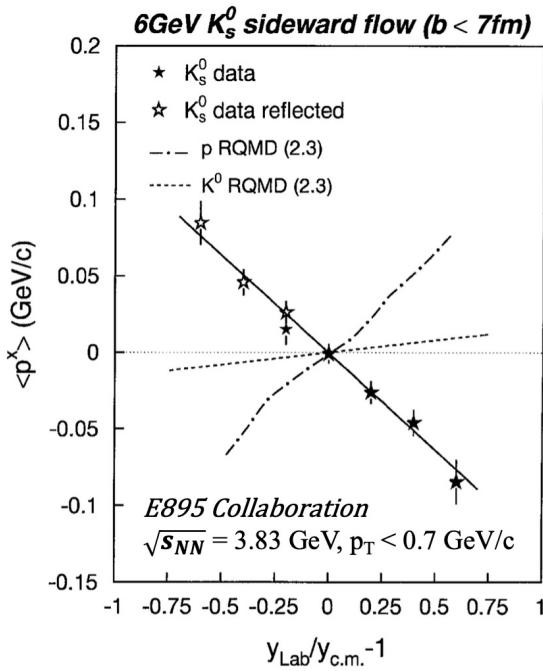
STAR: CPOD2024, SQM2024



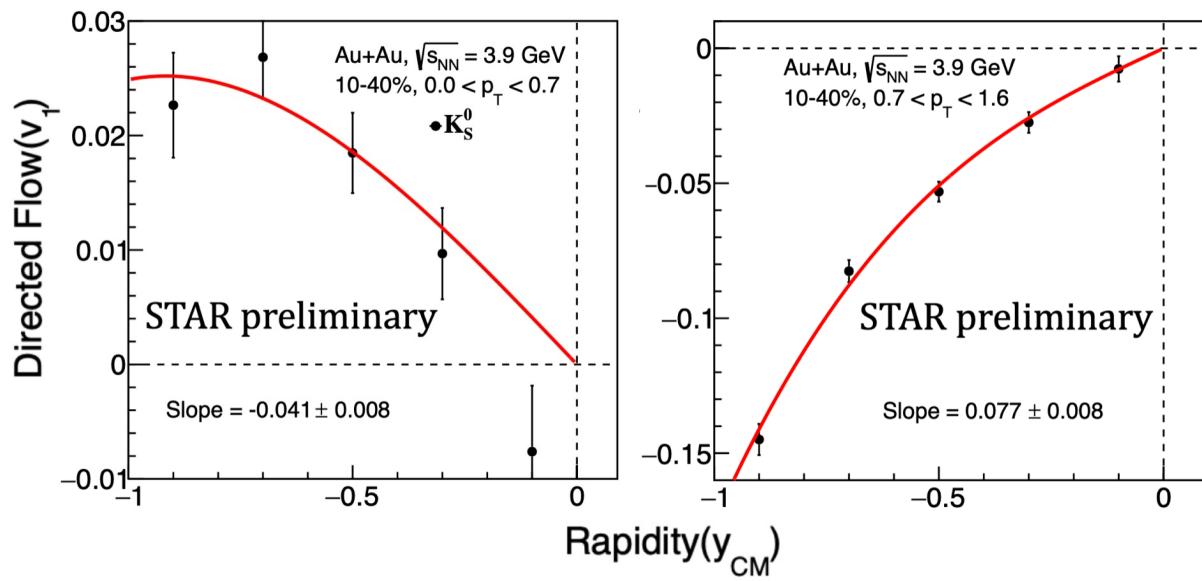
Measurements of v_1 vs. rapidity for $\pi^\pm, K^\pm, K_S^0, p, \Lambda$ at 3.0, 3.2, 3.5, and 3.9 GeV

Anti-flow of Kaons

E895, Phys. Rev. Lett. 85, 940 (2000)



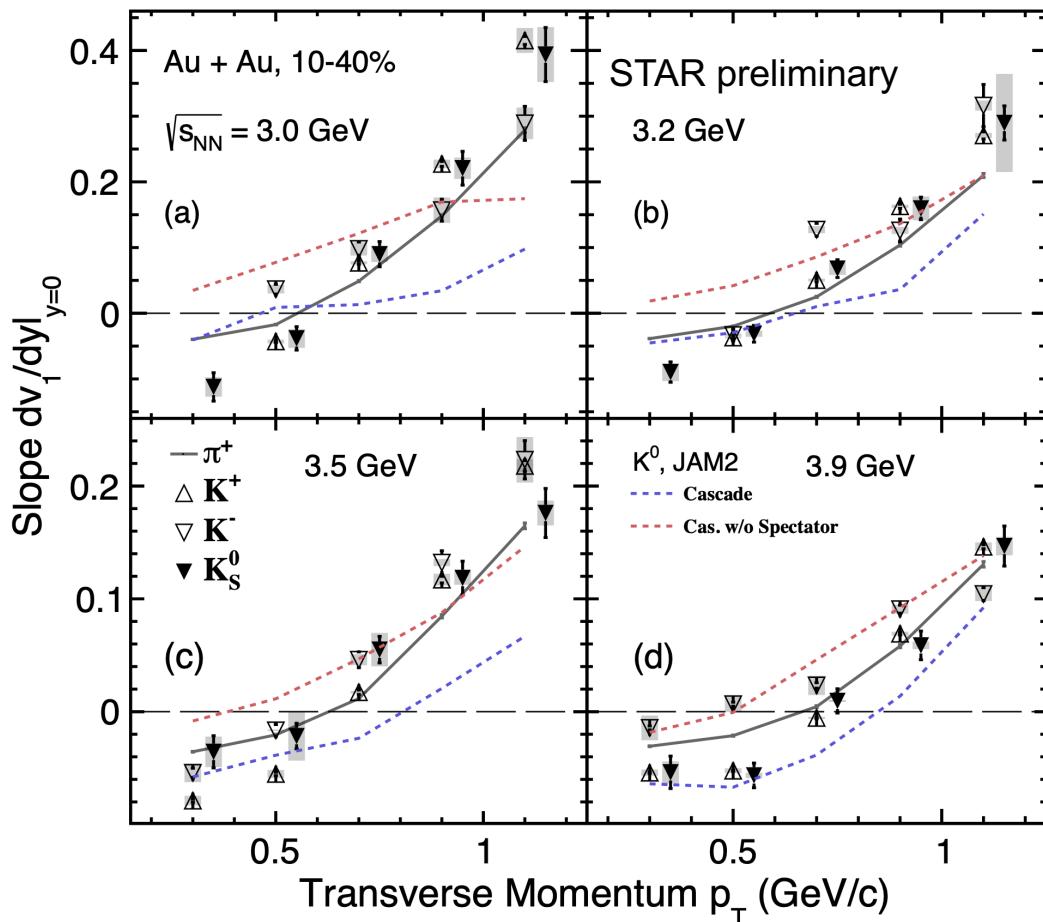
STAR: CPOD2024, SQM2024



- 3.9 GeV: anti-flow observed for K_S^0 at $p_T < 0.7 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Positive directed flow slope of K_S^0 at $p_T > 0.7 \text{ GeV}/c$
- Strong p_T dependence of K_S^0 v_1 slope

p_T Dependence of v_1 Slope

STAR: CPOD2024, SQM2024



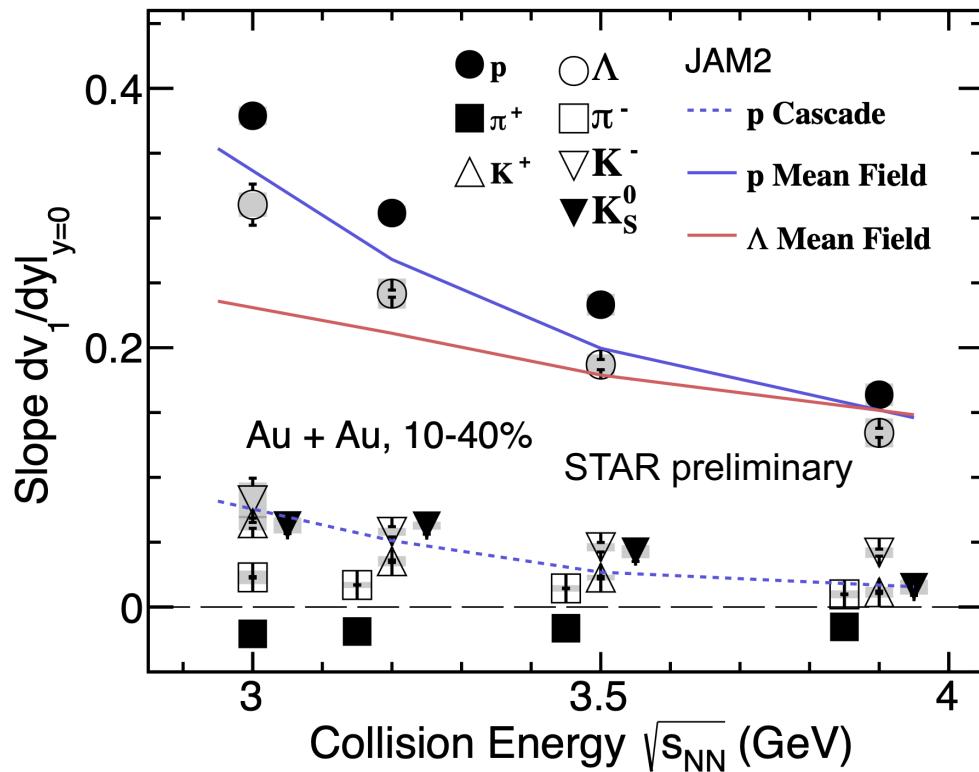
- Anti-flow of π^+ and K_S^0, K^\pm at low p_T
- Anti-flow could be explained by shadowing effect from spectators

Model study:
Z. Liu and S. Shi, Phys. Rev. C 110, 034903 (2024)

Energy Dependence of v_1 Slope

STAR: CPOD2024, SQM2024

π^+/π^- : $0.2 < p_T < 1.6 \text{ GeV}/c$ p/Λ : $0.4 < p_T < 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$
 $K^+/K^-/K_S^0$: $0.4 < p_T < 1.6 \text{ GeV}/c$



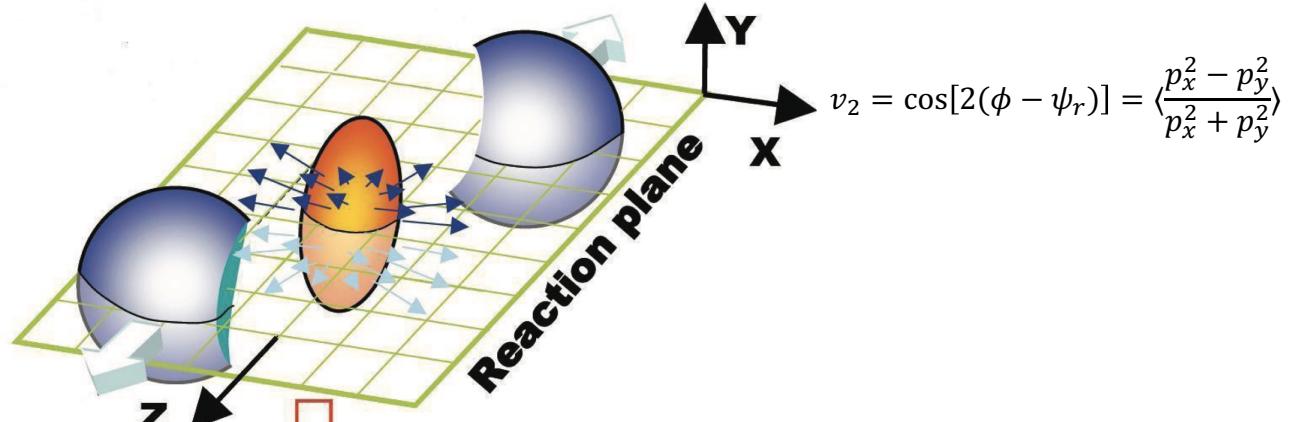
➤ v_1 slope of baryons drops as collision energy increases

➤ JAM with baryonic Mean Field better describes data

Mean field potential plays important role

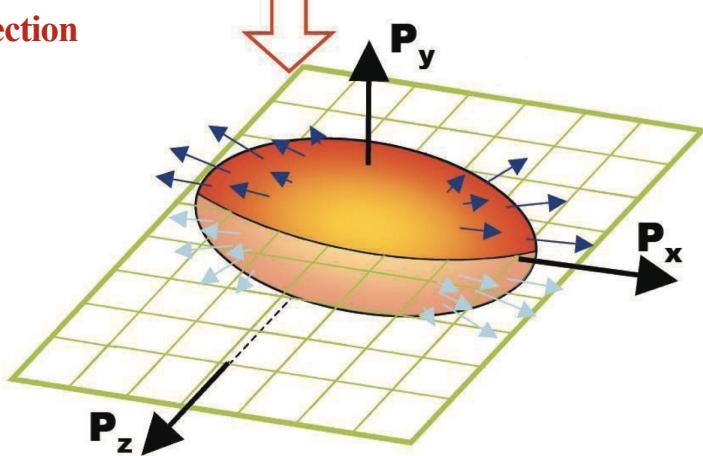
Anisotropic Flow

$$v_1 = \cos(\phi - \psi_r) = \langle \frac{p_x}{p_T} \rangle$$

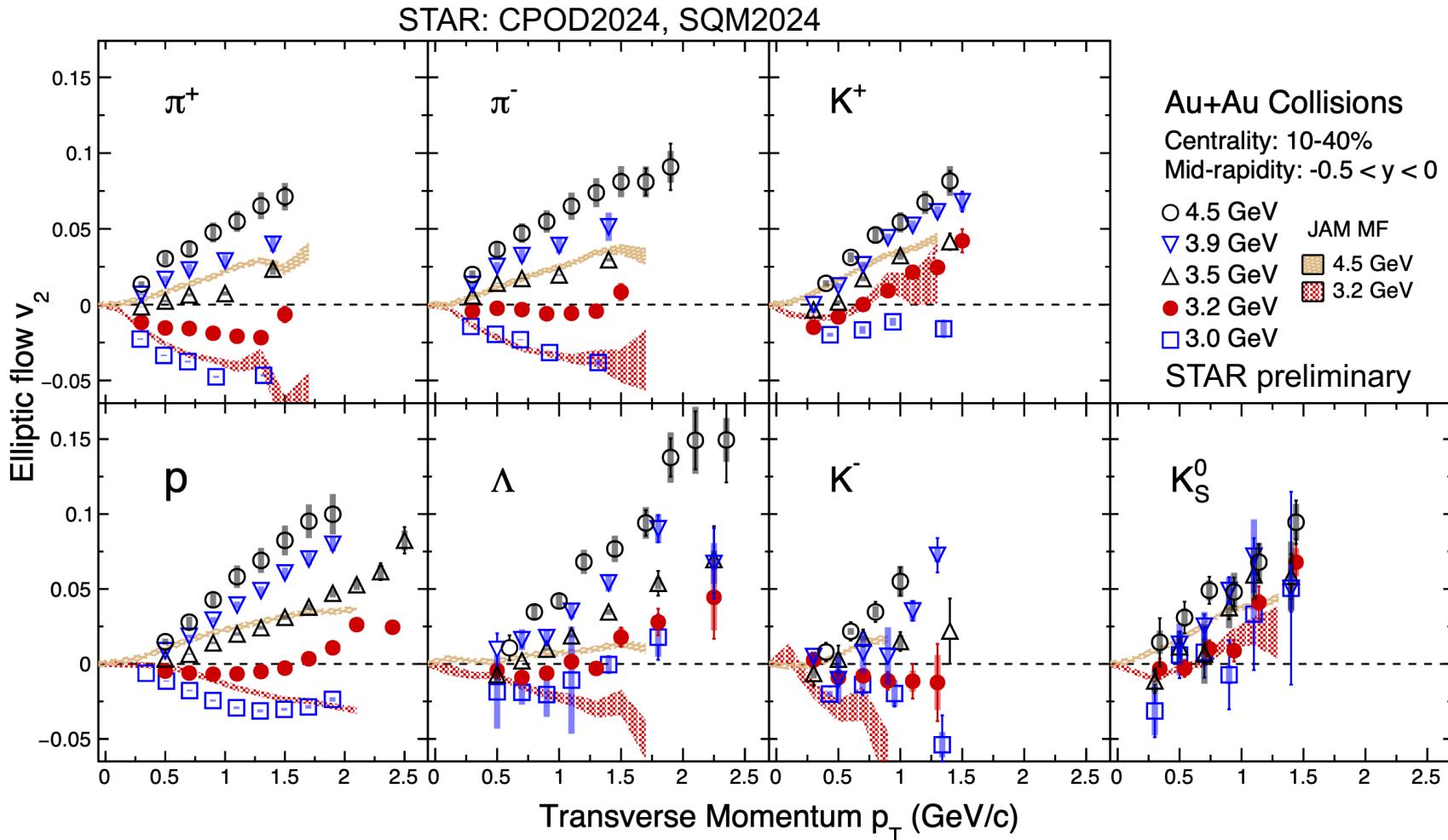


v_1 reflect asymmetry along X direction

v_2 reflect asymmetry on X-Y plane



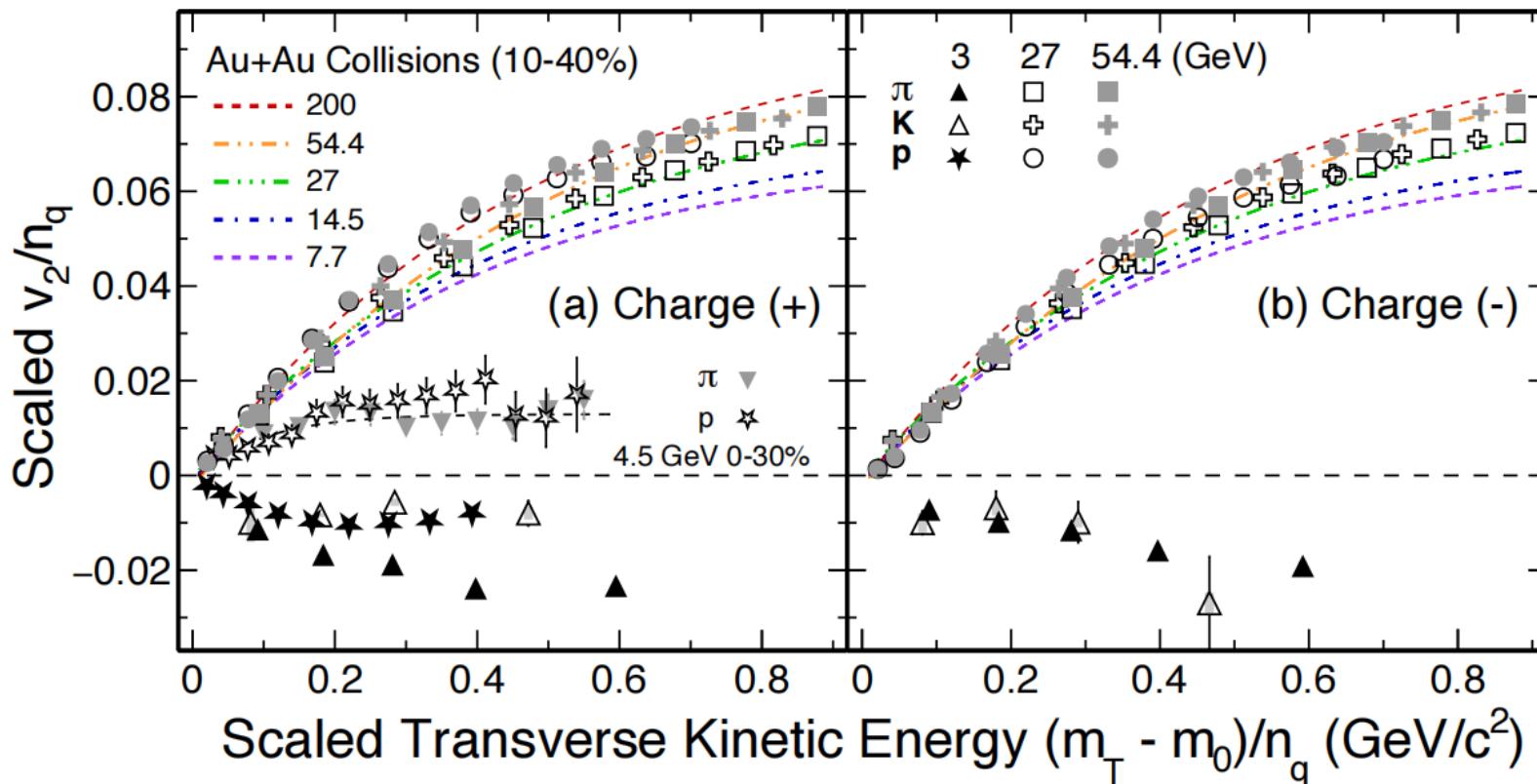
p_T Dependence of v_2 at 3 - 4.5 GeV



- Clear energy dependence for $v_2(p_T)$ from negative to positive: **Shadowing effect**
- JAM + baryonic Mean Field better describe the 3.2 GeV while underestimate 4.5 GeV data

Baryonic Mean Field: p dependent Soft EoS, the nuclear incompressibility $K = 210$ MeV

NCQ scaling at 3 GeV



STAR: Phys. Lett. B 827 (2022) 137003; Phys. Rev. C.107 (2023) 024912

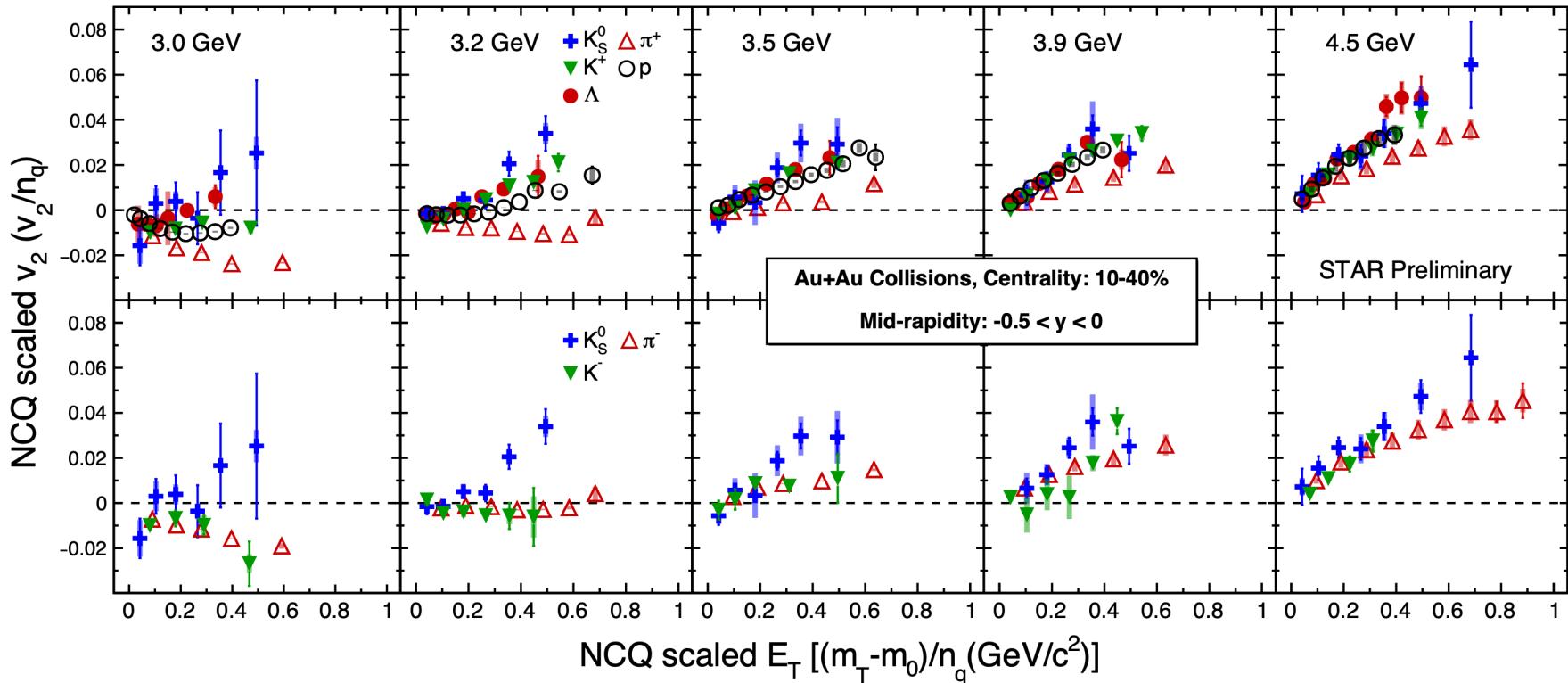
- At 3 GeV, the measured midrapidity v_2 for all particles are negative and NCQ scaling is absent
- Equation-of-State dominated by baryonic interactions
 - The hadronic degree of freedom dominates

NCQ scaling of v_2 at 3 - 4.5 GeV

Hadronic interaction

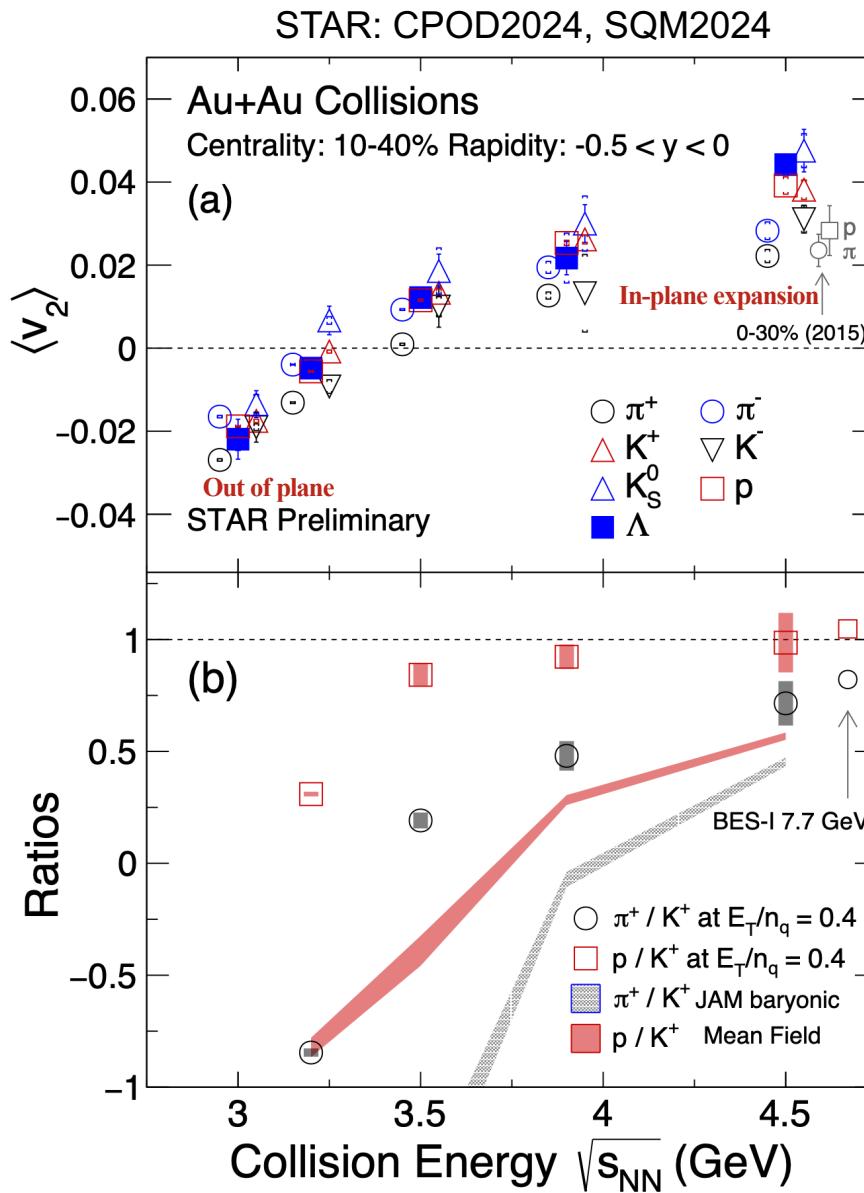
STAR: CPOD2024, SQM2024

Partonic collectivity



- NCQ scaling completely breaks below 3.2 GeV
- NCQ scaling becomes better gradually from 3.2 to 4.5 GeV

Energy dependence of $\langle v_2 \rangle$



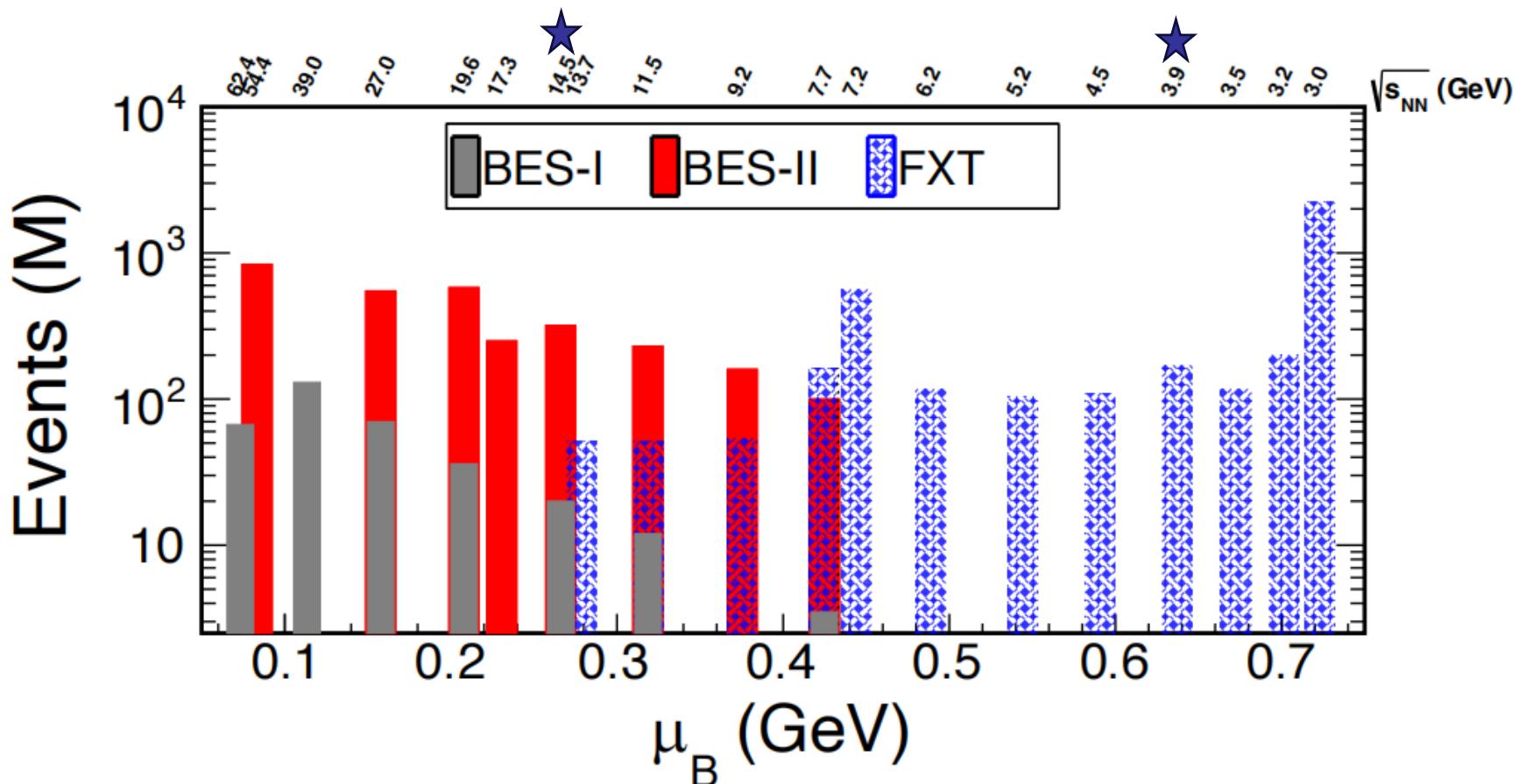
➤ Negative to positive flow:

$$3 \rightarrow 4.5 \text{ GeV}$$

➤ The NCQ-scaled v_2 ratio of p/K^+ is close to 1 at 3.9 and 4.5 GeV, while it deviates largely from 1 at 3.2 GeV

- Anti-flow for K_S^0, K^\pm and π^+ observed at low pT ($\lesssim 0.6$ GeV/c)
 - Shadowing effect is important:
anti-flow is not unique to the presence of a kaon potential
- NCQ scaling breaks at 3.0 and 3.2 GeV, and gradually restores from 3.0 to 4.5 GeV
 - Shadowing effect diminishes
 - Dominance of partonic interactions at 4.5 GeV

Outlook



- Higher statistics, better detector performance and more energy points in BES-II
- Explore the QCD phase diagram

Stay tuned for more new results!

Thank you!