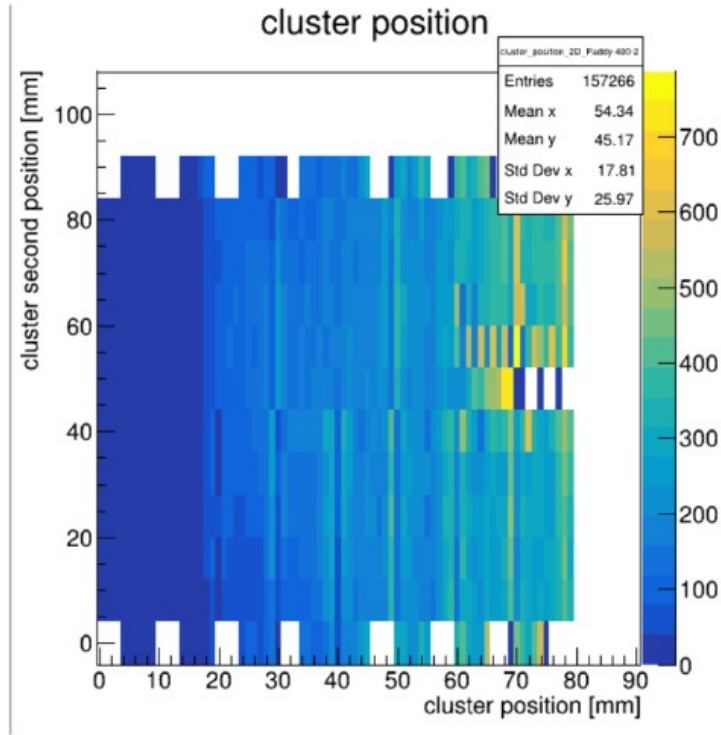


Paddy-400-2

Edges of Y-view

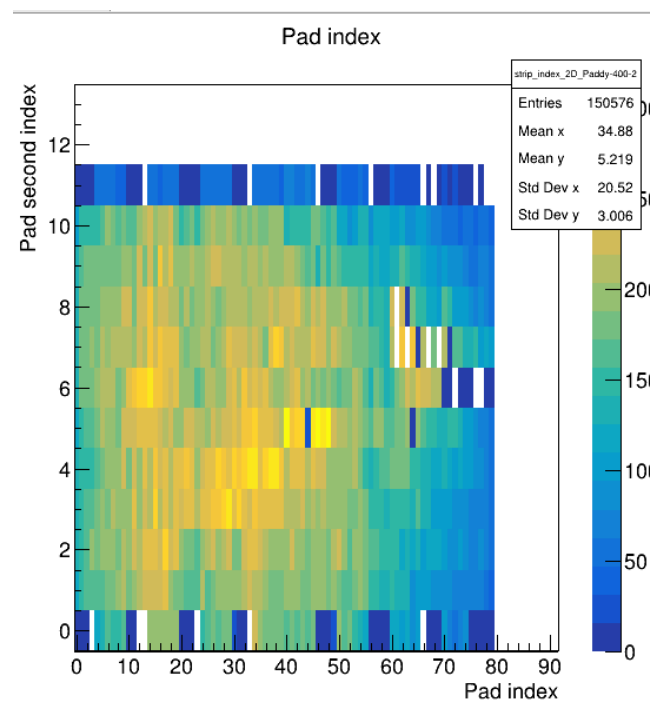
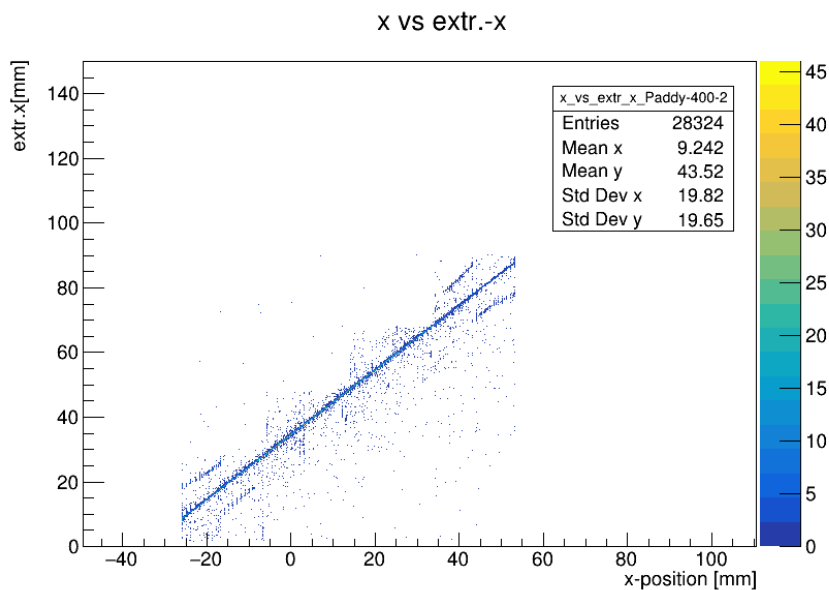
Run524 (just to remember the Paddy-400-2 pattern)



Checks:

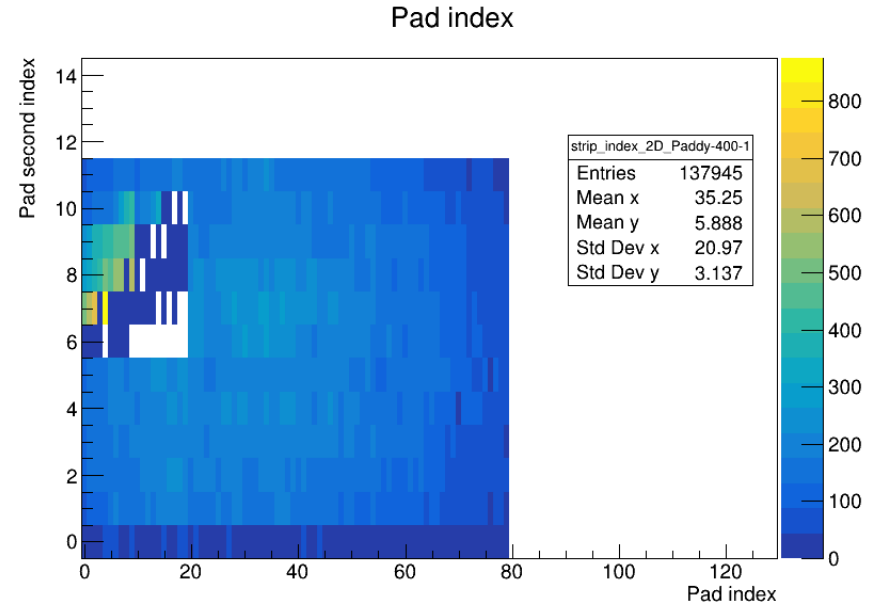
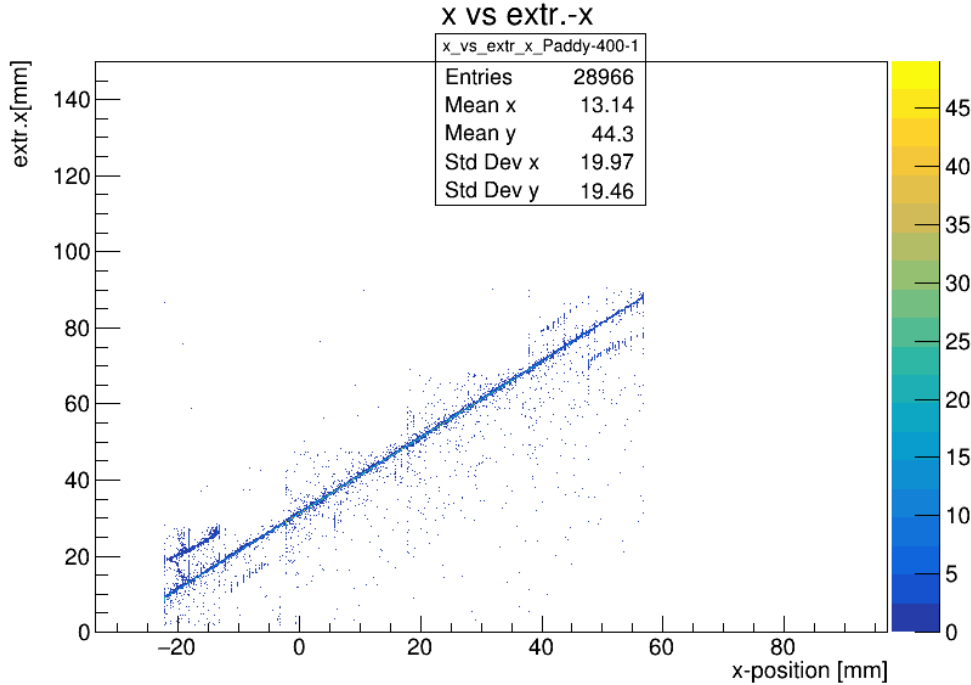
- Gerber files: Identical (to ask Givi's feedback)
- Tried APV permutations, and different map (done) → using the Paddy-400-1 map/TBReader txt file, we are masking (-1 entries) connected pads (Next slide)
- Open the SRS Config 2024 (I did not see it)
- check connectors (search disconnected pins)

Scoperta di Simone: Paddy-400-2

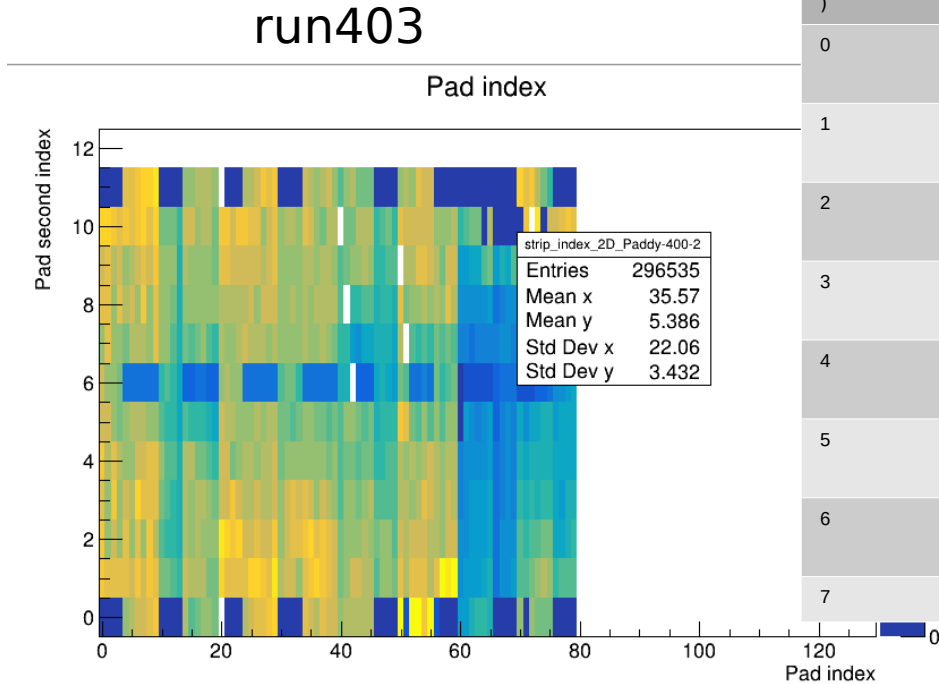
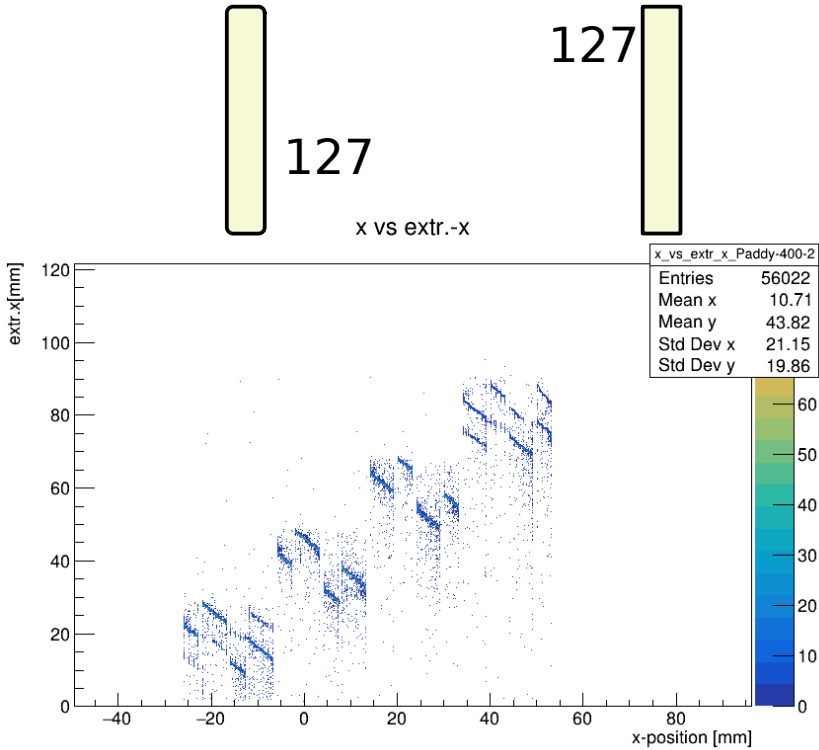


Tbreader txt file 1 st col (apv_ch/srsChan)	400-1 pin id	400-2 pin id
0	0	120
1	1	121
2	2	122
3	3	123
4	4	124
5	5	125
6	6	126
7	7	127

Vs Paddy-400-1



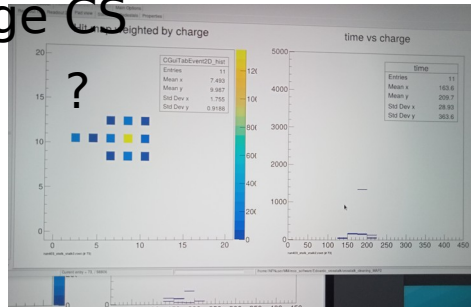
Inverted map in single APV (i.e. 180° rotation Panasonic connectors)



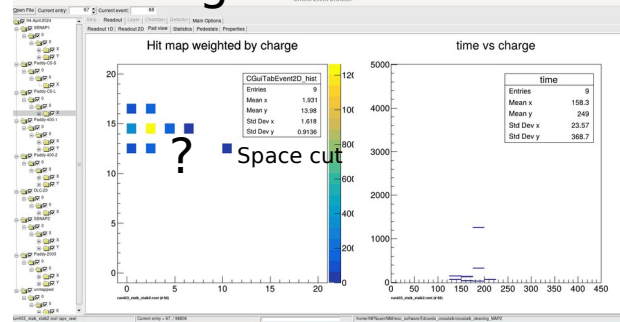
Tbreader txt file 1 st col (apv_ch/srsChan)	400-1 pin id	400-2 pin id
0	0	127
1	1	126
2	2	125
3	3	124
4	4	123
5	5	122
6	6	121
7	7	120

Cluster topology (space and time) → Start TIMING in Paddy-CS

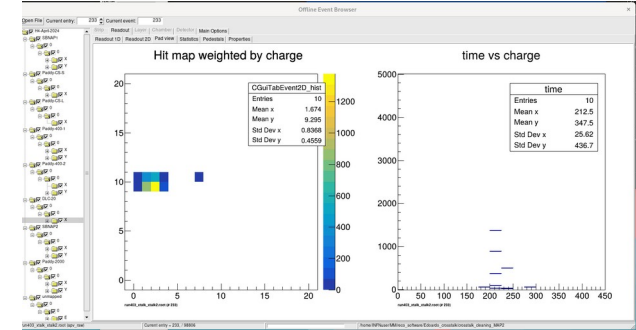
Large CS



Large CS



DLC-20 (gap 7 mm, 0°)

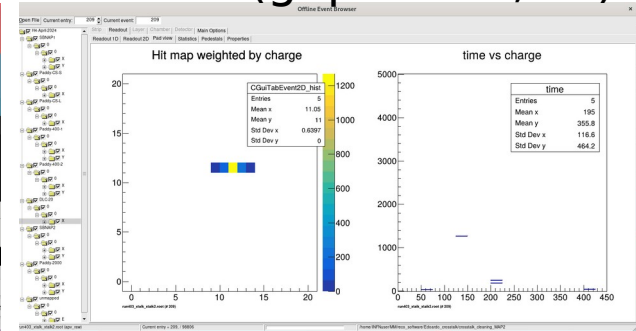
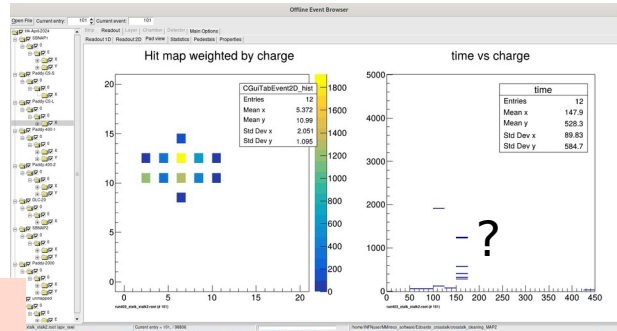
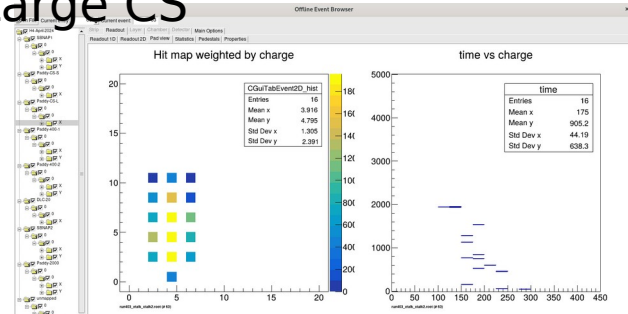


Good Cluster $\min\{T_i\} < T < \max\{Q_i\} < \max\{T_i\}$

Large CS

DLC-20 (gap 7 mm, 0°)

Large CS



saturated event: how should characterise?
Bad cluster? $T < \max\{Q_i\} = \min\{T_i\}$
Cut the T tails?

Saturated events: $T < \max\{Q_i\} = \max\{T_i\}$

back-up

