

# DELHI UNIVERSITY – STATUS AND PLANS

Arun Kumar, Ashutosh Bhardwaj, Namrata Agrawal,

*Kirti Ranjan\**

DU Group



Department of Physics and Astrophysics  
University of Delhi, India

DRD3 WG4, 22<sup>nd</sup> July, 2024



# Delhi University – Si Sensors related R&D

1

- Sensor Design and Fabrication

2

- Sensor Characterization

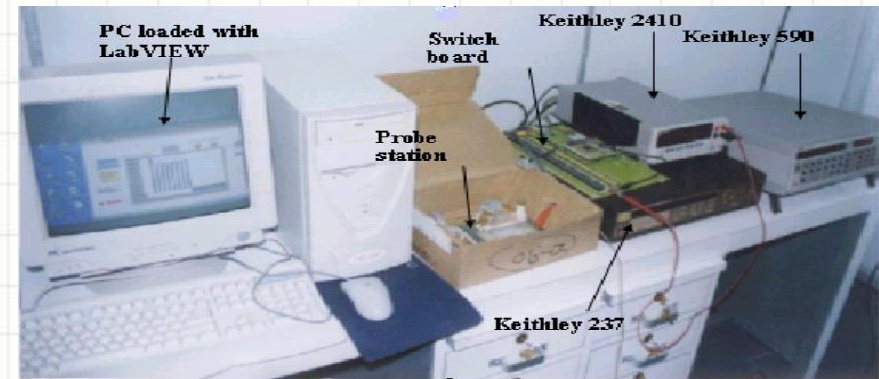
3

- TCAD simulation using SILVACO

# Sensor Design and Fabrication



- CMS Preshower Detector (1998-2006)
  - Successfully developed ~1000 dc-coupled, Si strip sensors, *for first time in India*, together with BARC & BEL
- Participated in all aspects of Si sensor development  
TCAD Simulation (**Pisces** & **Medici**),  
Characterization (IV, CV), Radiation Hardness
- 2013-2019: Collaborated with foundry (BEL) to develop ac-coupled p-on-n silicon-strip sensors on 4 inch wafers



Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A 882 (2018) 1-10

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/nima](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/nima)



Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A 913 (2019) 97-102

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Nuclear Inst. and Methods in Physics Research, A

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/nima](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/nima)



Development of AC-coupled, poly-silicon biased, p-on-n silicon strip detectors in India for HEP experiments



Geetika Jain<sup>a</sup>, Ranjeet Dalal<sup>a</sup>, Ashutosh Bhardwaj<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Kirti Ranjan<sup>a</sup>, Alexander Dierlamm<sup>b</sup>, Frank Hartmann<sup>b</sup>, Robert Eber<sup>b</sup>, Marcel Demarteau<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Centre for Detector and Related Software Technology (CDRST), Department of Physics and Astrophysics, University of Delhi, Delhi-110007, India

<sup>b</sup> Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Karlsruhe, Germany

<sup>c</sup> Argonne National Laboratory, IL, USA

Radiation tolerance study on irradiated AC-coupled, poly-silicon biased, p-on-n silicon strip sensors developed in India



Geetika Jain<sup>a</sup>, Chakresh Jain<sup>a</sup>, Ashutosh Bhardwaj<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, Kirti Ranjan<sup>a</sup>, Alexander Dierlamm<sup>b</sup>, Frank Hartmann<sup>b</sup>, Marcel Demarteau<sup>c</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Centre for Detector and Related Software Technology (CDRST), Department of Physics and Astrophysics, University of Delhi, Delhi-110007, India

<sup>b</sup> Karlsruhe Institute of Technology, Karlsruhe, Germany

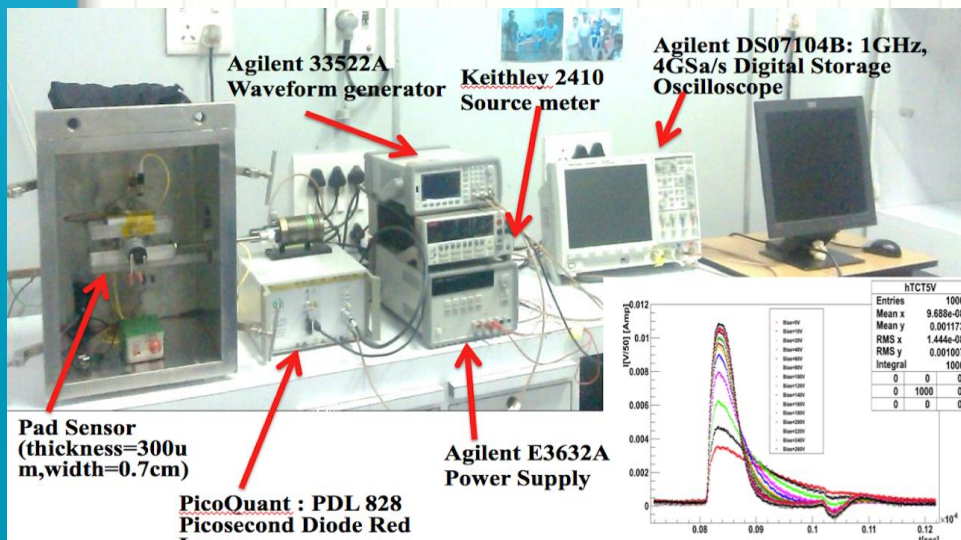
<sup>c</sup> Argonne National Laboratory, IL, USA

# Sensor Characterization

- Sensor Qualification Center: **One of six** such facilities for testing Phase 2 CMS Outer Tracker 2S n-on-p sensors: Automated & programmable characterization system



- **Red Laser based TCT setup**



- **Alibaba Source based Characterisation system**

# TCAD Simulation: Design and Radiation Hardness



Design (simulation) work included in CMS Phase 2 Tracker upgrade: *CMS Detector Note, Technical Proposal, Technical Design Report (TDR) and P-type Tracker paper*



2014/08/08  
Head Id:  
Archive Id: 255221:255288M  
Archive Date:

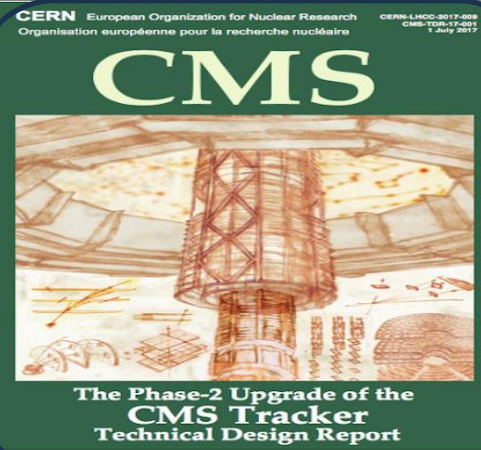
Simulation of Silicon Devices for the CMS Phase II Tracker Upgrade

### Abstract

During the planned high luminosity phase of the LHC (HL-LHC, year-2023) the tracking system of CMS will face a more intense radiation environment than the present system was designed for. This requires the design of higher granular as well as radi-

This box is only visible in draft mode. Please make sure the values below make sense.

PDFAuthor: Ashutosh Bhardwaj, Ranjit Dalal, Robert Eber, Thomas Eichhorn, Kavita Lalwani, Alberto Messineo, Timo Peltola, Martin Printz, Kirti Ranjan  
PDFTitle: Simulation of Silicon Devices for the CMS Phase II Tracker Upgrade  
PDFSubject: CMS  
PDFKeywords: CMS, physics, hardware, tracker, upgrade, silicon, sensor, radiation damage, defect-model, defects



The Phase-2 Upgrade of the CMS Tracker  
Technical Design Report



P-Type Silicon Strip Sensors for the new CMS Tracker at HL-LHC



The Tracker Group of the CMS Collaboration

E-mail: alexander.dierlam@kit.edu

ABSTRACT: The upgrade of the LHC to the High-Luminosity LHC (HL-LHC) is expected to increase the LHC design luminosity by an order of magnitude. This will require silicon tracking detectors with a significantly higher radiation hardness. The CMS Tracker Collaboration has conducted an irradiation and measurement campaign to identify suitable silicon sensor materials and strip designs for the future outer tracker at the CMS experiment. Based on these results, the collaboration has chosen to use n-in-p-type silicon sensors and focus further investigations on the optimization of that sensor type. This paper describes the main measurement results and conclusions that motivated this decision.

KEYWORDS: Particle tracking detectors (Solid-state detectors); Radiation-hard detectors; Detector modelling and simulations II (electric fields, charge transport, multiplication and induction, pulse formation, electron emission, etc)

Corresponding author: Alexander Dierlam

2017 JINST 12 P06018



CERN-LHCC-2015-10  
LHCC-P-008  
CMS-TDR-15-02  
ISBN 978-92-6093-417-5  
1 June 2015

TECHNICAL PROPOSAL  
FOR THE  
PHASE-II UPGRADE  
OF THE  
COMPACT MUON SOLENOID

- Sensor polarity: n-type => p-type
- Strip Isolation of p-type sensors
- Radiation Damage Modelling

- [97] R. Dalal et al., "Combined effect of bulk and surface damage on strip insulation properties of proton irradiated n<sup>+</sup>-p silicon strip sensors", 2014 JINST 9 P04007, doi:10.1088/1748-0221/9/04/P04007.
- [102] R. Dalal, "Simulation of Irradiated Detectors", PoS (Vertex2014) 030 (2015).
- [55] CMS Tracker Collaboration, R. Dalal et al., "Comparison of Radiation Hardness Properties of p+n- and n+p- Si Strip Sensors Using Simulation Approaches", in 23rd RD50 Workshop. 2013.

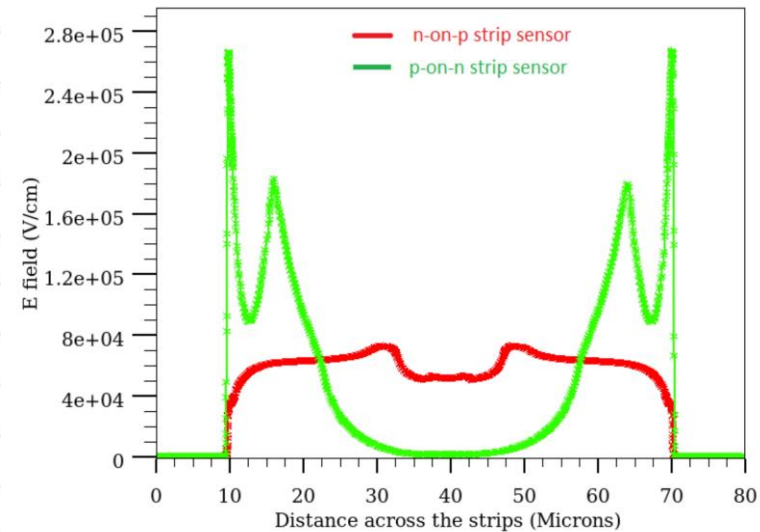
# TCAD Simulation: Design and Radiation Hardness



## PROTON Damage model:

- Initial 5-level bulk model + Surface damage
- Modified 2-level bulk damage + Surface damage (Interface traps +  $Q_f$ )

Attempts at LGAD Simulation and Thin and Low resistivity Si simulation



## TCAD simulation of Low Gain Avalanche Detectors

Ranjeet Dalal, Geetika Jain, Ashutosh Bhardwaj, Kirti Ranjan, *NIMA* 836, 11, 2016, 113

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0168900216308804>

## Radiation hardness investigation of thin and low resistivity bulk Si detectors

G. Jain, S. Sharma, C. Jain, A. Kumar, A. Bhardwaj, K. Ranjan, *NIMA* 936, 21, 2019, 693

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0168900218312610>

## Radiation hardness studies of thin and low bulk resistivity LGADs

Geetika Jain, Chakresh Jain, Saumya Saumya, Namrata Agrawal, Ashutosh

Bhardwaj and Kirti Ranjan, *2021 Semicond. Sci. Technol.* **36** 065016

<https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1361-6641/abfb0f/meta>

# TCAD Simulation: Design and Radiation Hardness



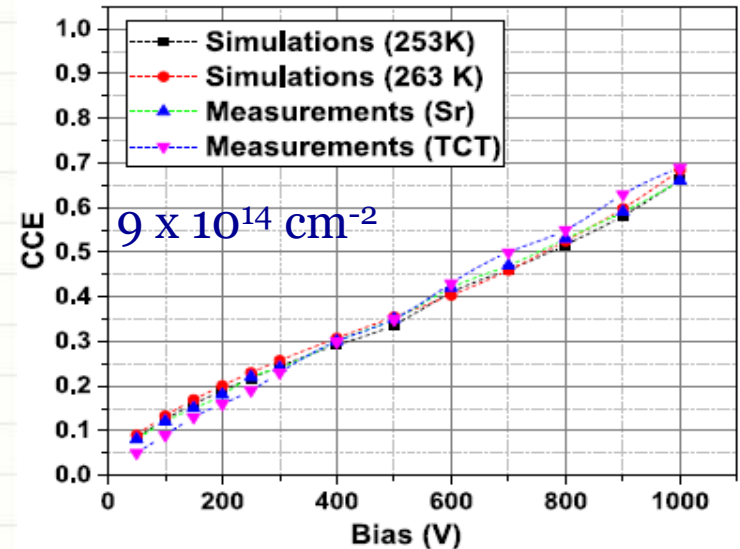
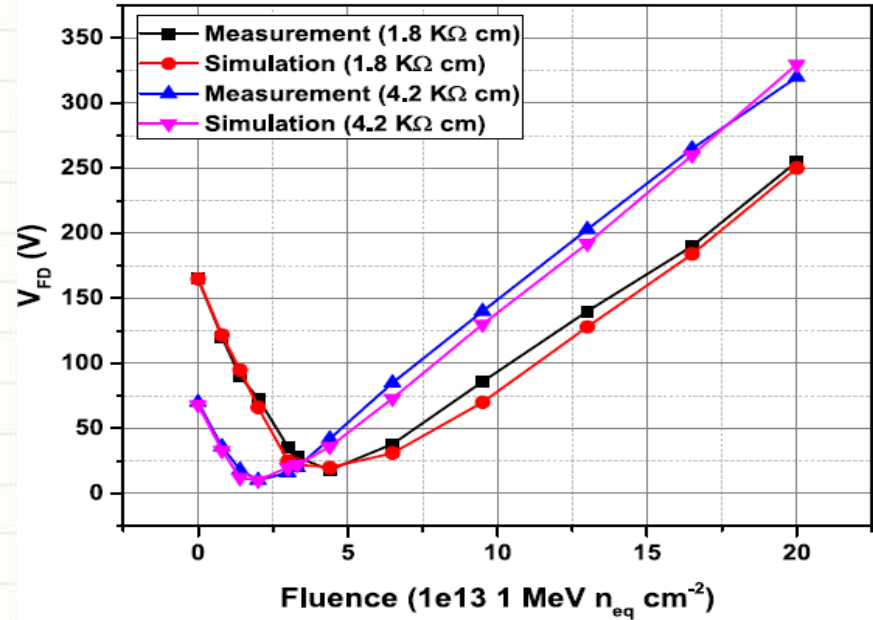
## NEUTRON Damage model:

- 2-level bulk damage

Modeling of neutron radiation-induced defects in silicon particle detectors

Chakresh Jain, Saumya Saumya, Geetika Jain, Ranjeet Dalal, Namrata Agrawal, Ashutosh Bhardwaj and Kirti Ranjan, 2020 *Semicond. Sci. Technol.* **35** 045021

<https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1361-6641/ab74ea/meta>

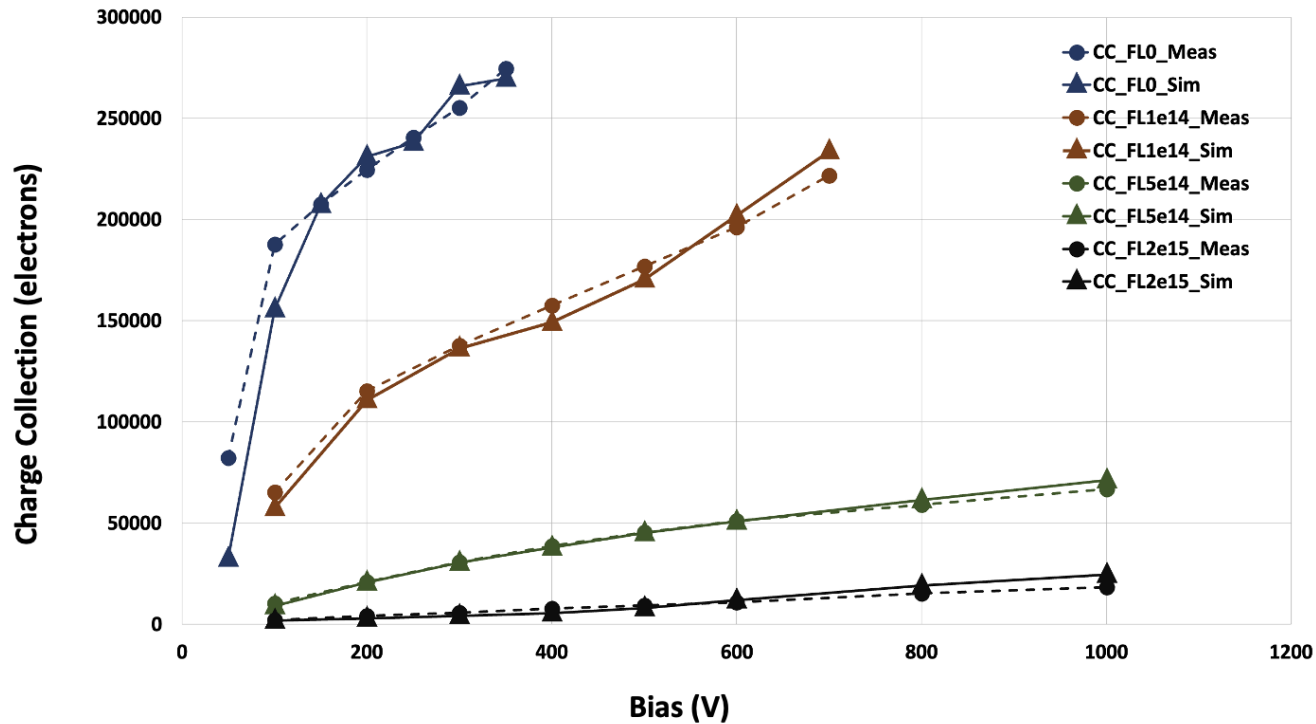




# TCAD Simulation: Design and Radiation Hardness

NEUTRON Damage model applied to LGAD (300 micron thick)

- 2-level bulk damage



Measurement data are taken from: *G. Pellegrini et al., Technology developments and first measurements of Low Gain Avalanche Detectors for high energy physics applications. NIM A 765 (2014) 12-16.*





# TCAD Simulation: Status and Plans

- Few (5) licenses of TCAD Silvaco
- Manpower:
  - 4 faculty: Arun Kumar, Ashutosh Bhardwaj, Namrata, Kirti Ranjan,
  - 1 postdoc (Chakresh Jain)
  - few PhD students
- Contribute to radiation damage studies of the LGAD designs; Materials like SiC; CMOS designs etc.
- Eager to participate in DRD3 - WG4 efforts



Thank you



3rd Sensor Quality Assurance Workshop, DU 22-24 Jan, 2019