

Scattering and Neutrino Detector at the LHC

3D tracking at SND@LHC

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Introduction

SND@LHC (Scattering & Neutrino Detector) is a compact and stand-alone experiment measuring neutrinos produced at the LHC [1].

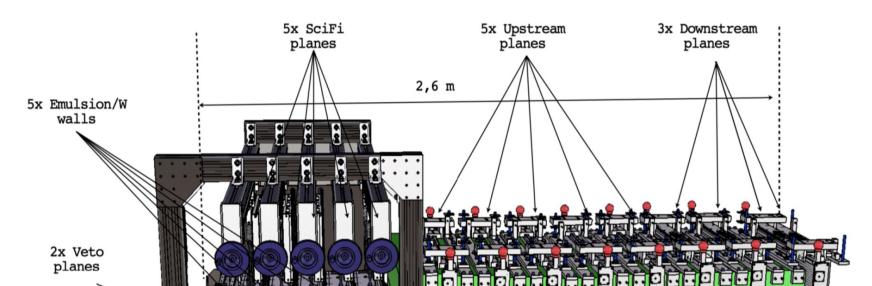
Built & commissioned in less than one year, it has successfully collected 117 fb⁻¹ data during LHC Run 3!

Overview:

- Located in **TI18**, 480 m downstream of the **ATLAS IP1 (forward direction)** large flux of high energy neutrinos (100 GeV – few TeV).
- Off-axis unexplored pseudo-rapidity region of $7.2 < \eta < 8.4$ all three neutrino flavours



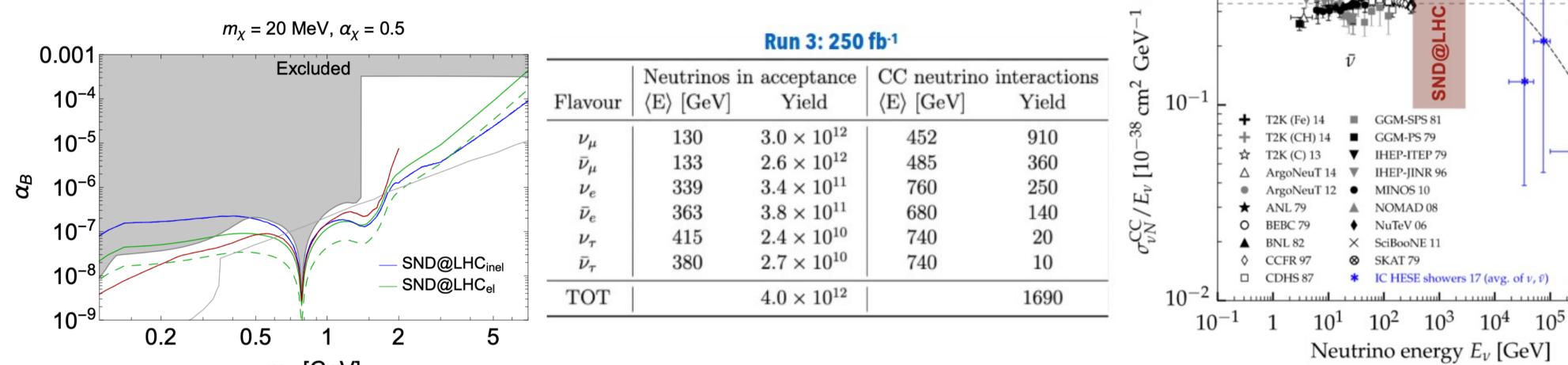
Detector concept



(including tau) from charmed hadron decays. Charged oarticles Neutrinos SCATTERING AND NEUTRINO DETECTO Residual hadrons 100 m rock magnet ATLAS pp collisions 480 m

Physics programme

- Measurement of the $pp \rightarrow v_X X$ cross section (including the least studied tau neutrinos) $\nu_{\tau})$
- Heavy-flavour production in pp collisions.
- Lepton flavour universality test in neutrino interactions.
- Direct search for **feebly interacting particles (FIPs)** through their scattering.



LECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMET

Hybrid detector needed to identify all neutrino flavours and detect **FIPs**:

- Veto System
- Vertex detector & electromagnetic calorimeter Emulsion Cloud Chamber (interleaved **tungsten** neutrino target + emulsion) + electronic trackers (**Sci-Fi**)
- Hadronic calorimeter (HCAL) & Muon system

Muon tracking and project goal

Current tracking state:

• **Two 2D tracks** in horizontal yz and vertical xz plane based on two different sets of hits

Project goal — **3D tracking**:

• Consider horizontal yz hits only and infer x position from the **time of flight** of the photons in the scintillating detector bar

m_V [GeV]

Sensitivity of SND@LHC to the leptophobic portal – FIP search [2].

Available cross-section measurements. SND@LHC lies in the unexplored energy range.

slope

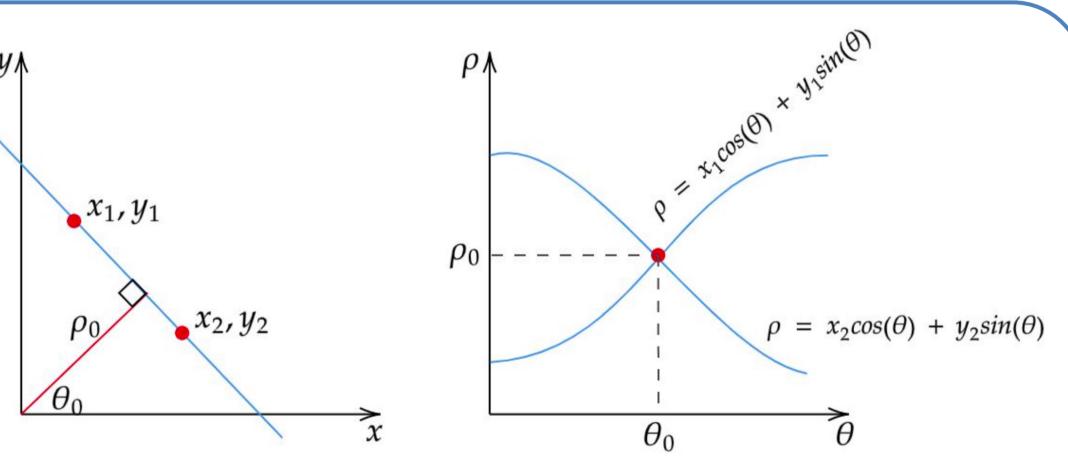
• Perform track reconstruction in xz and yz planes again, but now with the **same set of hits**

Hough transform

Track fitting performed in two consecutive steps — **detect lines** with Hough transform and line fitting with Kalman filter.

First step — Hough transform:

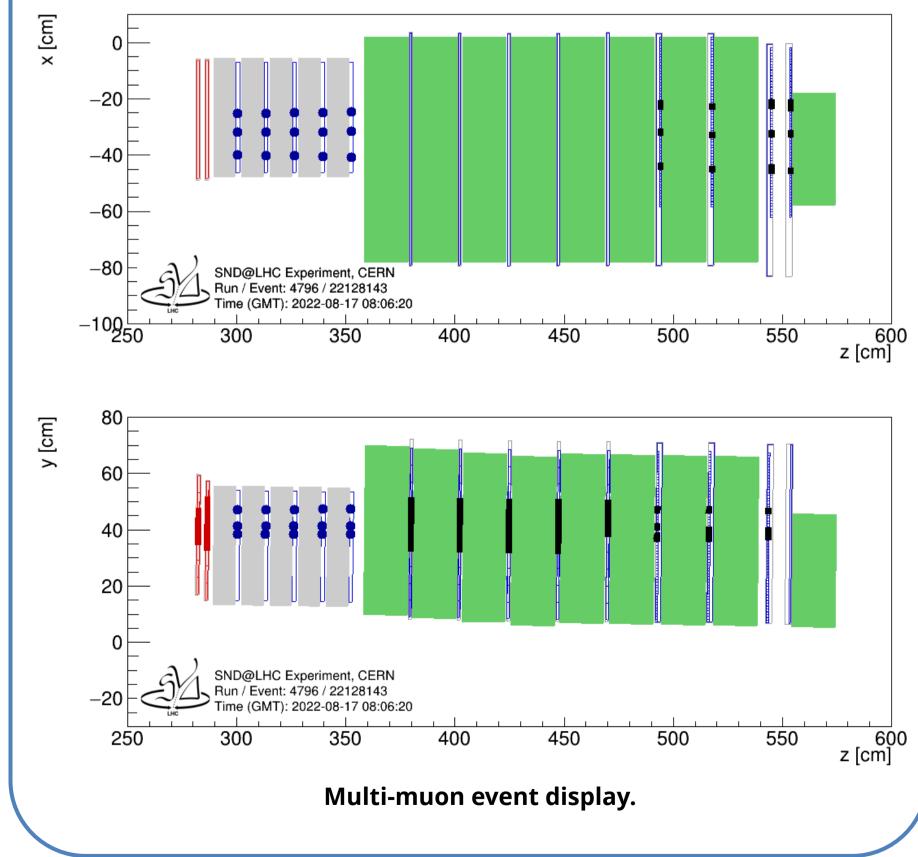
- Transforms points (x, y) in Cartesian space into **sinusoidal** curves in parameter space (θ, ρ)
- **Intersection points of curves** in parameter space gives slope and intercept of line along the corresponding points in Cartesian space



Cartesian and parameter space representation of two points along a line [3].

Applications

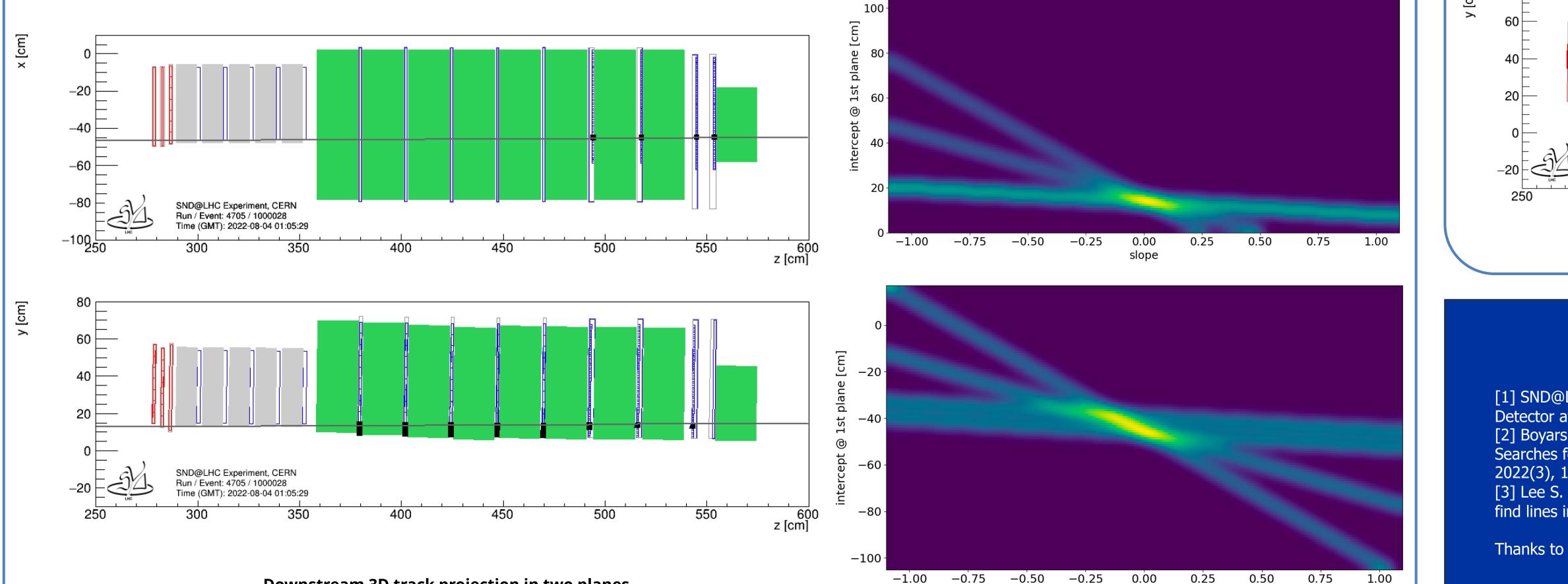
- Inherently **3D tracks** remove ambiguity from combination of 2D hits
- Would allow to reconstruct **multi-muon events in 3D** — for now it is not possible to match vertical and horizontal tracks when there are many of them per plane.

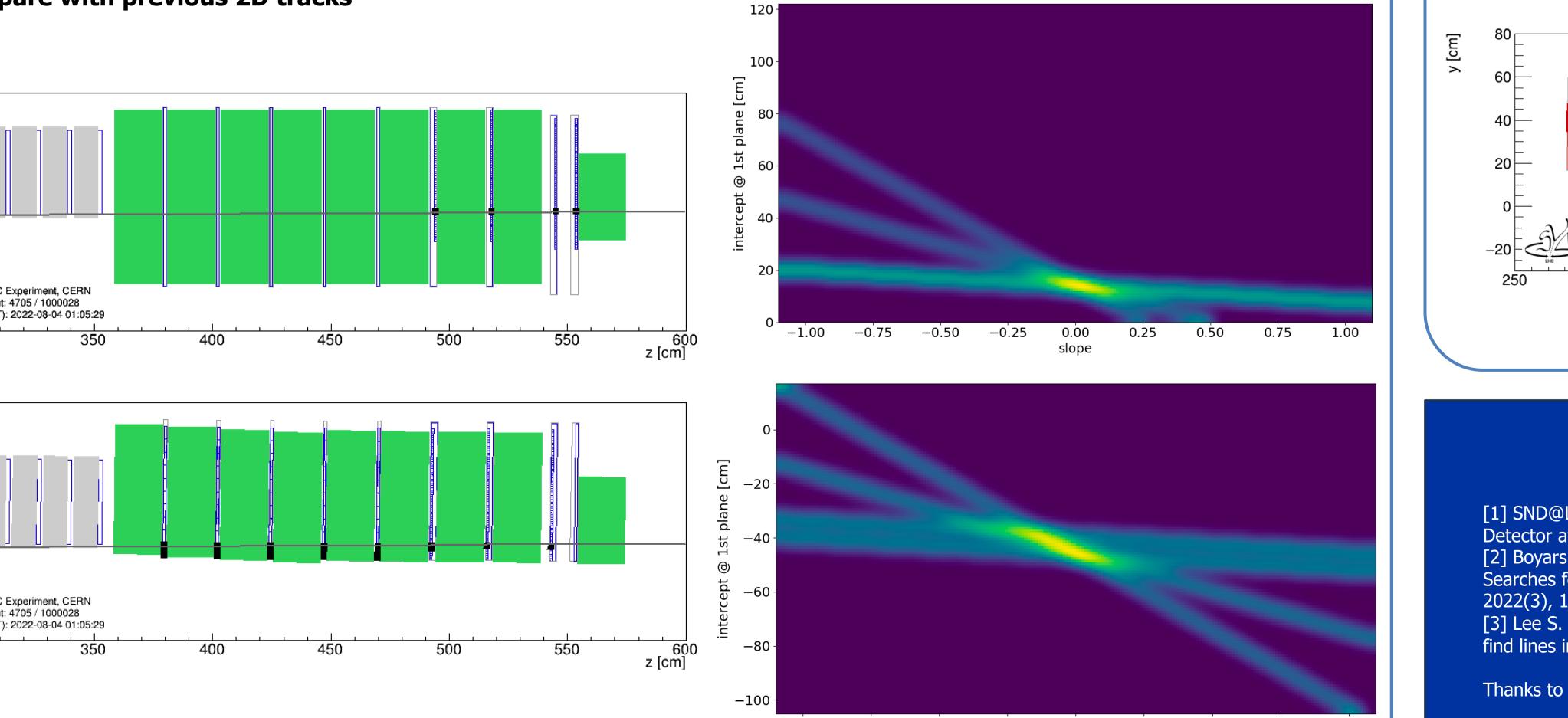


Results

- For now: modify x coordinate acquisition and perform Hough transform only pattern recognition done, track fitting pending
- Next step: adapt Kalman fitter
- Finally: compare with previous 2D tracks

Downstream 3D track projection in two planes.





Hough space for the two projections of the same track.

References

[1] SND@LHC Collaboration. (2024). SND@ LHC: the Scattering and Neutrino Detector at the LHC (JINST 19 P05067).. [2] Boyarsky, A., Mikulenko, O., Ovchynnikov, M., & Shchutska, L. (2022). Searches for new physics at SND@ LHC. Journal of High Energy Physics, 2022(3), 1-30. [3] Lee S. (2020). Lines Detection with Hough Transform — An algorithm to find lines in images. Towards Data Science.

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