# Small systems are very important

talks in the morning

## Also, strong interdisciplinary aspect

many-body/nuclear structure talks by Benjamin Bally, Bingnan Lu, Taka Otsuka, Dean Lee

ultra-cold atoms Brandstetter et al., 2308.09699, to appear in Nature Physics

others? e.g. high-energy proton structure

EMMI Rapid Reaction Task Force Deciphering Many-Body Dynamics in Mesoscopic Quantum Gases Heidelberg University, March 18 – 21, 2024

We want to keep studying small systems

How do we turn this into a quantitative field?

### So far, strong <u>qualitative</u> indication of "hydrodynamic behavior"



$$v_2\{2\}_{d^{197}\mathrm{Au}} > v_2\{2\}_{p^{197}\mathrm{Au}}$$



[PHENIX Collaboration, Nature Phys. **15** (2019) 3, 214-220] [STAR collaboration, PRL **130** (2023) 242301]

### Detailed studies of transition from kinetic theory to hydrodynamics are available



[Ambrus, Schlichting, Werthmann, PRD **105** (2022) 1, 014031 PRD **107** (2023) 9, 094013 PRL **130** (2023) 15, 152301]

#### talks by Sören Schlichting, Clemens Werthmann

### Many years later ... Quantitative understanding of data?

## Full 3D modeling + sub-nucleon structure are essential!



[Schenke, RPP 84 (2021) 8, 082301]

Irreducible uncertainties?

### Light-ion rationale – Mitigating theory systematics



For soft observables, worked out case for Ne+Ne vs O+O collisions, see next slides by Govert Nijs

For hard probes, we need to discuss at this workshop

