

Single particle extensions at FCC-ee

From a global SMEFT fit

In collaboration with L. Mantani, J. Rojo, A.N. Rossia, E. Vryonidou

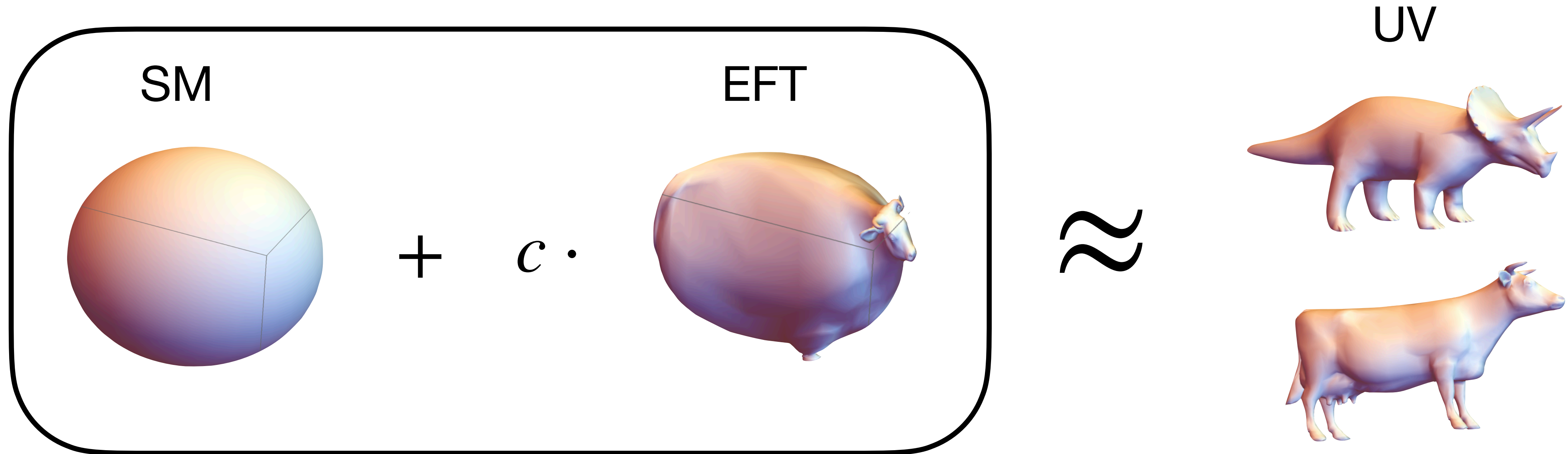
Jaco ter Hoeve

14/01/25



THE UNIVERSITY
of EDINBURGH

Scanning the UV with the SMEFT



- The ultimate goal of the EFT program is to bridge the gap to UV models
- Bypasses the need to recompute predictions for different UV models
- Benefits from correlating a wide range of observables

This talk

Heavy fermions

- Tree level
- One loop
- RG effects
- Theory errors

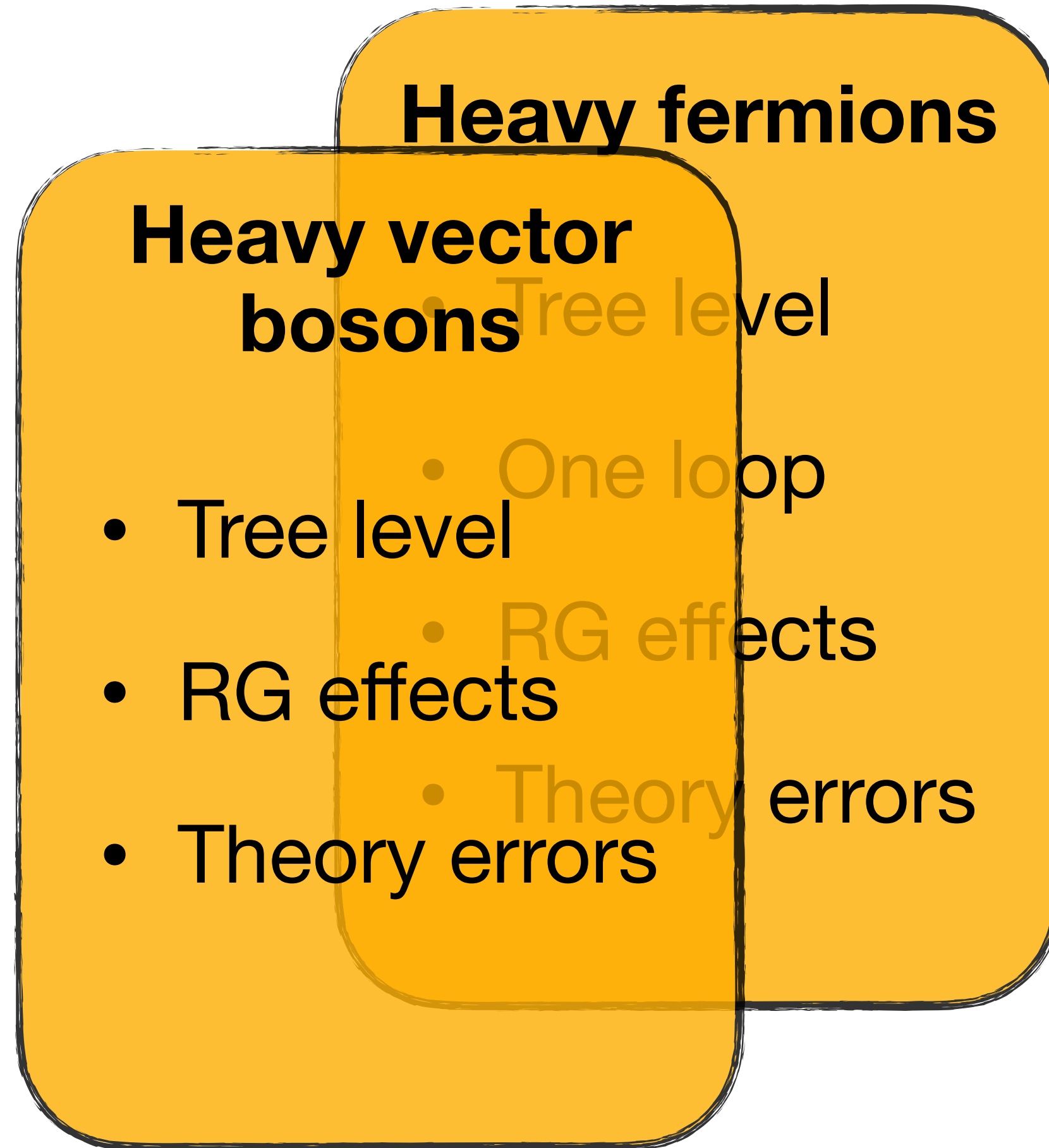
“Granada dictionary” [1711.10391]

Scalar	S	S_1	S_2	φ	Ξ	Ξ_1	Θ_1	Θ_3
	$(1, 1)_0$	$(1, 1)_1$	$(1, 1)_2$	$(1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$	$(1, 3)_0$	$(1, 3)_1$	$(1, 4)_{\frac{1}{2}}$	$(1, 4)_{\frac{3}{2}}$
	ω_1	ω_2	ω_4	Π_1	Π_7	ζ		
	$(3, 1)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(3, 1)_{-\frac{4}{3}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{7}{6}}$	$(3, 3)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$		
	Ω_1	Ω_2	Ω_4	Υ	Φ			
	$(6, 1)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	$(6, 1)_{-\frac{2}{3}}$	$(6, 1)_{\frac{4}{3}}$	$(6, 3)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	$(8, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$			
Fermion	N	E	Δ_1	Δ_3	Σ	Σ_1		
	$(1, 1)_0$	$(1, 1)_{-1}$	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{1}{2}}$	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	$(1, 3)_0$	$(1, 3)_{-1}$		
	U	D	Q_1	Q_5	Q_7	T_1	T_2	
	$(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(3, 1)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{7}{6}}$	$(3, 3)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	$(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	
Vector	B	B_1	W	W_1	G	G_1	H	L_1
	$(1, 1)_0$	$(1, 1)_1$	$(1, 3)_0$	$(1, 3)_1$	$(8, 1)_0$	$(8, 1)_1$	$(8, 3)_0$	$(1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$
	L_3	U_2	U_5	Q_1	Q_5	\mathcal{X}	\mathcal{Y}_1	\mathcal{Y}_5
	$(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	$(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(3, 1)_{\frac{5}{3}}$	$(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	$(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	$(\bar{6}, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	$(\bar{6}, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$

Special focus on

- Impact of separate FCC-ee runs
- The EW quadruplet model
- Impact of NLO EW corrections
- 1-loop RG and matching effects

This talk



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	ω_1 $(3, 1)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	ω_2 $(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	ω_4 $(3, 1)_{-\frac{4}{3}}$	Π_1 $(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	Π_7 $(3, 2)_{\frac{7}{6}}$	ζ $(3, 3)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$		
	Ω_1 $(6, 1)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	Ω_2 $(6, 1)_{-\frac{2}{3}}$	Ω_4 $(6, 1)_{\frac{4}{3}}$	Υ $(6, 3)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	Φ $(8, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$			
Fermion	N $(1, 1)_0$	E $(1, 1)_{-1}$	Δ_1 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{1}{2}}$	Δ_3 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	Σ $(1, 3)_0$	Σ_1 $(1, 3)_{-1}$		
	U $(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	D $(3, 1)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	Q_1 $(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	Q_5 $(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	Q_7 $(3, 2)_{\frac{7}{6}}$	T_1 $(3, 3)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	T_2 $(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	
Vector	B $(1, 1)_0$	B_1 $(1, 1)_1$	W $(1, 3)_0$	W_1 $(1, 3)_1$	G $(8, 1)_0$	G_1 $(8, 1)_1$	H $(8, 3)_0$	L_1 $(1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$
	L_3 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	U_2 $(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	U_5 $(3, 1)_{\frac{5}{3}}$	Q_1 $(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	Q_5 $(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	\mathcal{X} $(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	\mathcal{Y}_1 $(\bar{6}, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	\mathcal{Y}_5 $(\bar{6}, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$

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	Ω_1 $(6, 1)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	Ω_2 $(6, 1)_{-\frac{2}{3}}$	Ω_4 $(6, 1)_{\frac{4}{3}}$	Υ $(6, 3)_{\frac{1}{3}}$	Φ $(8, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$			
Fermion	N $(1, 1)_0$	E $(1, 1)_{-1}$	Δ_1 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{1}{2}}$	Δ_3 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	Σ $(1, 3)_0$	Σ_1 $(1, 3)_{-1}$		
	U $(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	D $(3, 1)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	Q_1 $(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	Q_5 $(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	Q_7 $(3, 2)_{\frac{7}{6}}$	T_1 $(3, 3)_{-\frac{1}{3}}$	T_2 $(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	
Vector	B $(1, 1)_0$	B_1 $(1, 1)_1$	W $(1, 3)_0$	W_1 $(1, 3)_1$	G $(8, 1)_0$	G_1 $(8, 1)_1$	H $(8, 3)_0$	L_1 $(1, 2)_{\frac{1}{2}}$
	L_3 $(1, 2)_{-\frac{3}{2}}$	U_2 $(3, 1)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	U_5 $(3, 1)_{\frac{5}{3}}$	Q_1 $(3, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	Q_5 $(3, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$	\mathcal{X} $(3, 3)_{\frac{2}{3}}$	\mathcal{Y}_1 $(\bar{6}, 2)_{\frac{1}{6}}$	\mathcal{Y}_5 $(\bar{6}, 2)_{-\frac{5}{6}}$

Heavy scalars

- Tree level
- One loop
- RG effects
- Theory errors

Heavy fermions

Heavy vector bosons

Tree level

One loop

RG effects

Theory errors

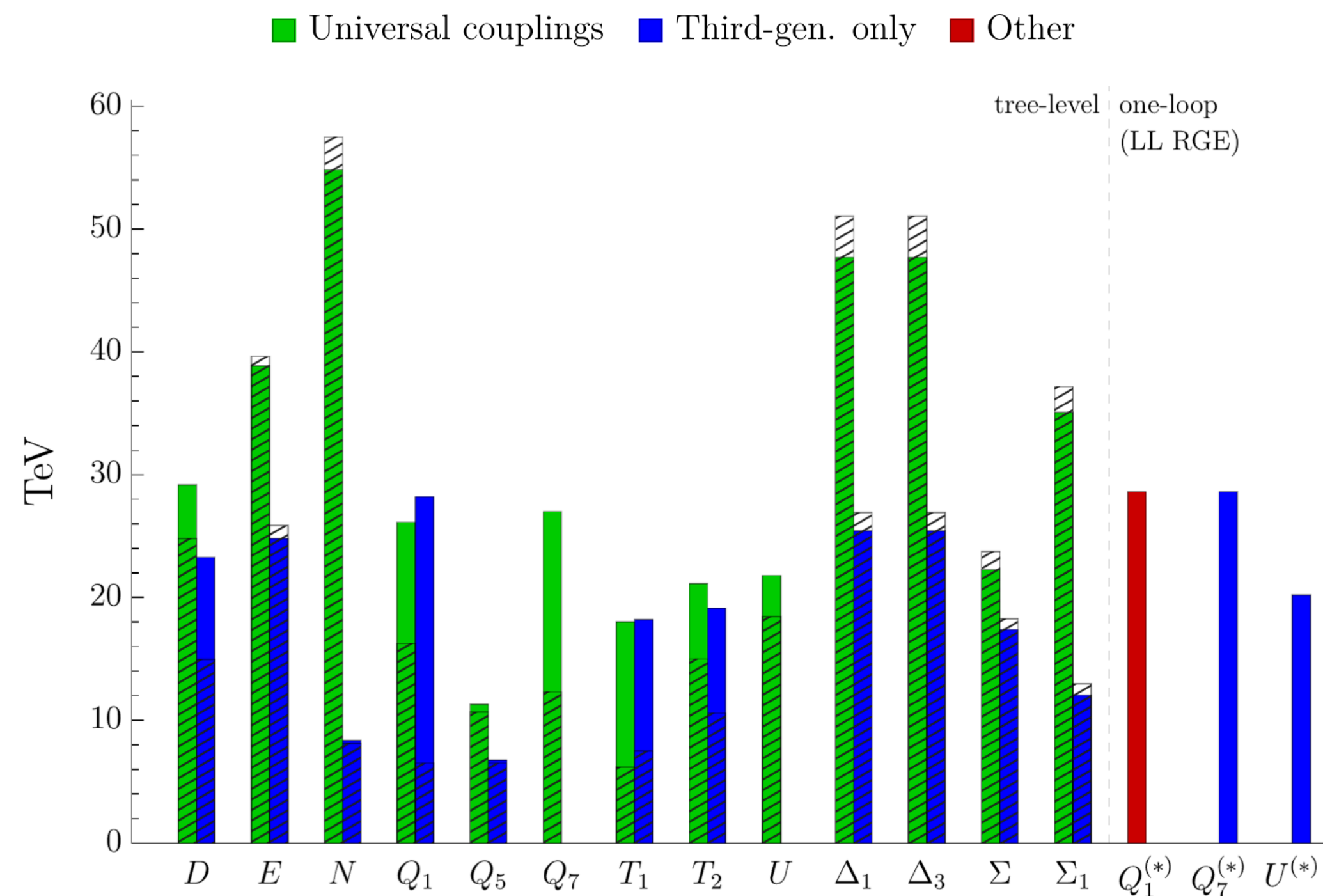
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- Impact of separate FCC-ee runs
- The EW quadruplet model
- Impact of NLO EW corrections
- 1-loop RG and matching effects

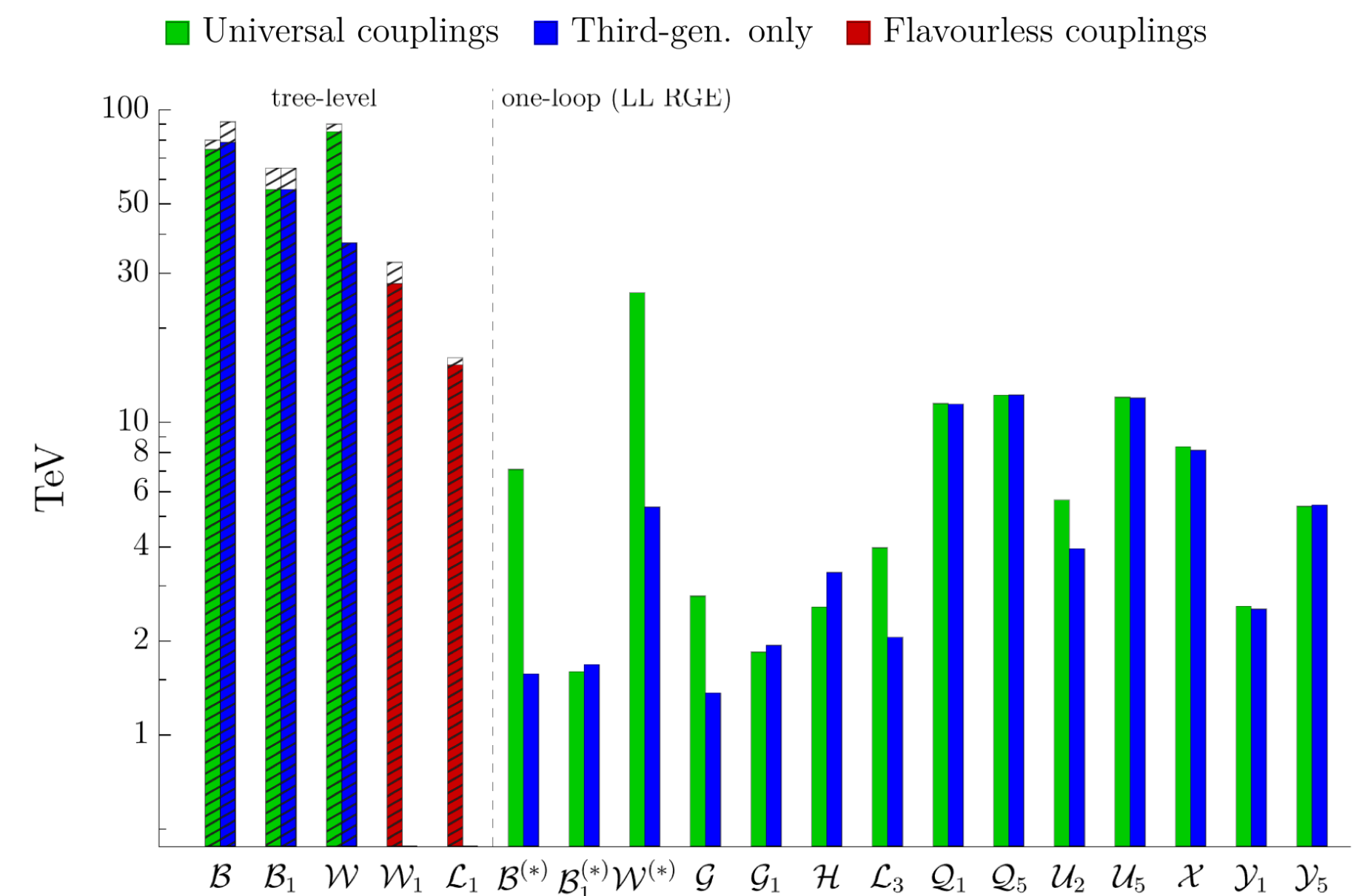
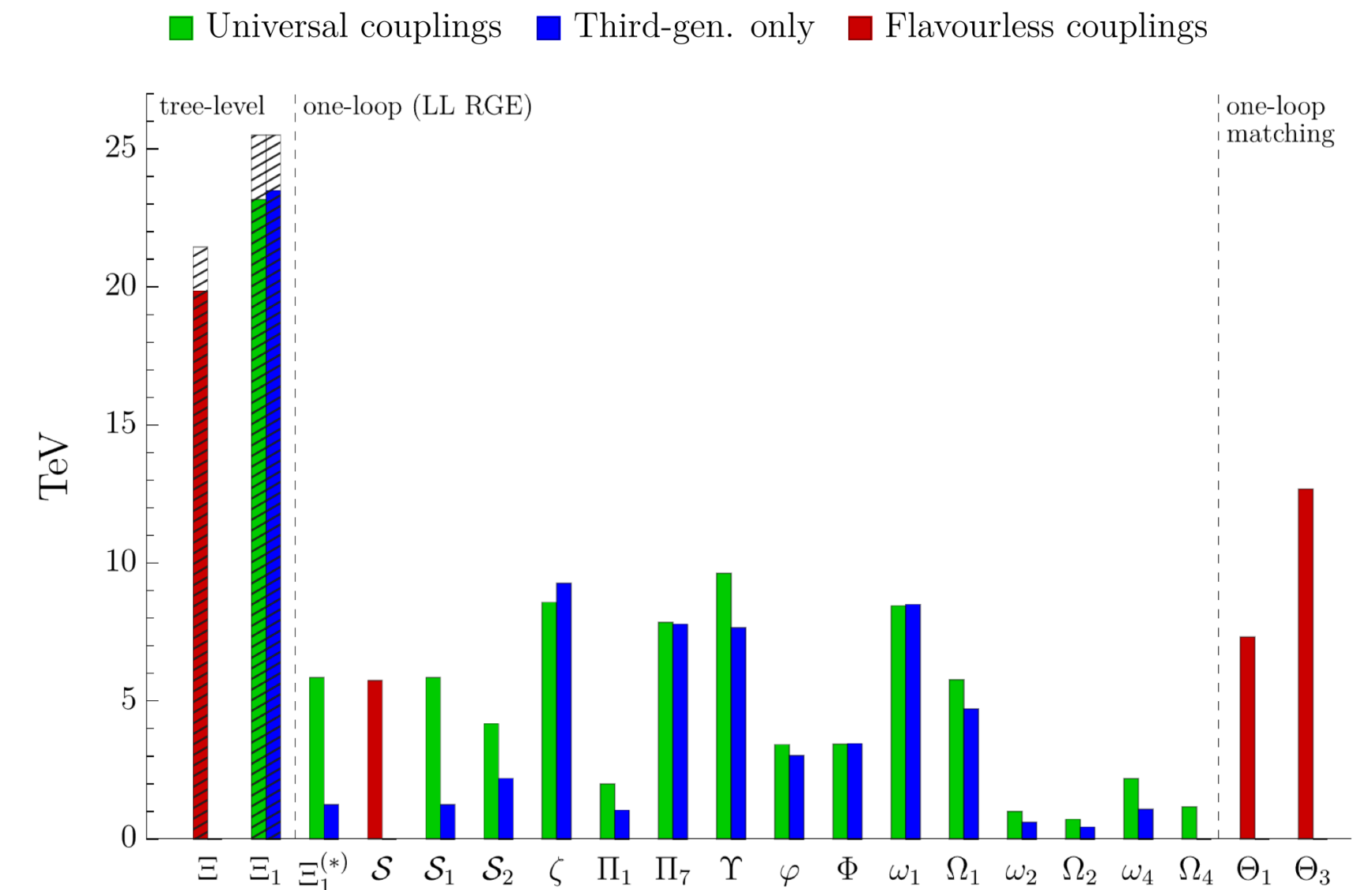
RG at Tera-Z

- Almost all particles matched at tree level induce operators that flow into EWPOs at tera-Z!

See Matthew's plenary from Monday

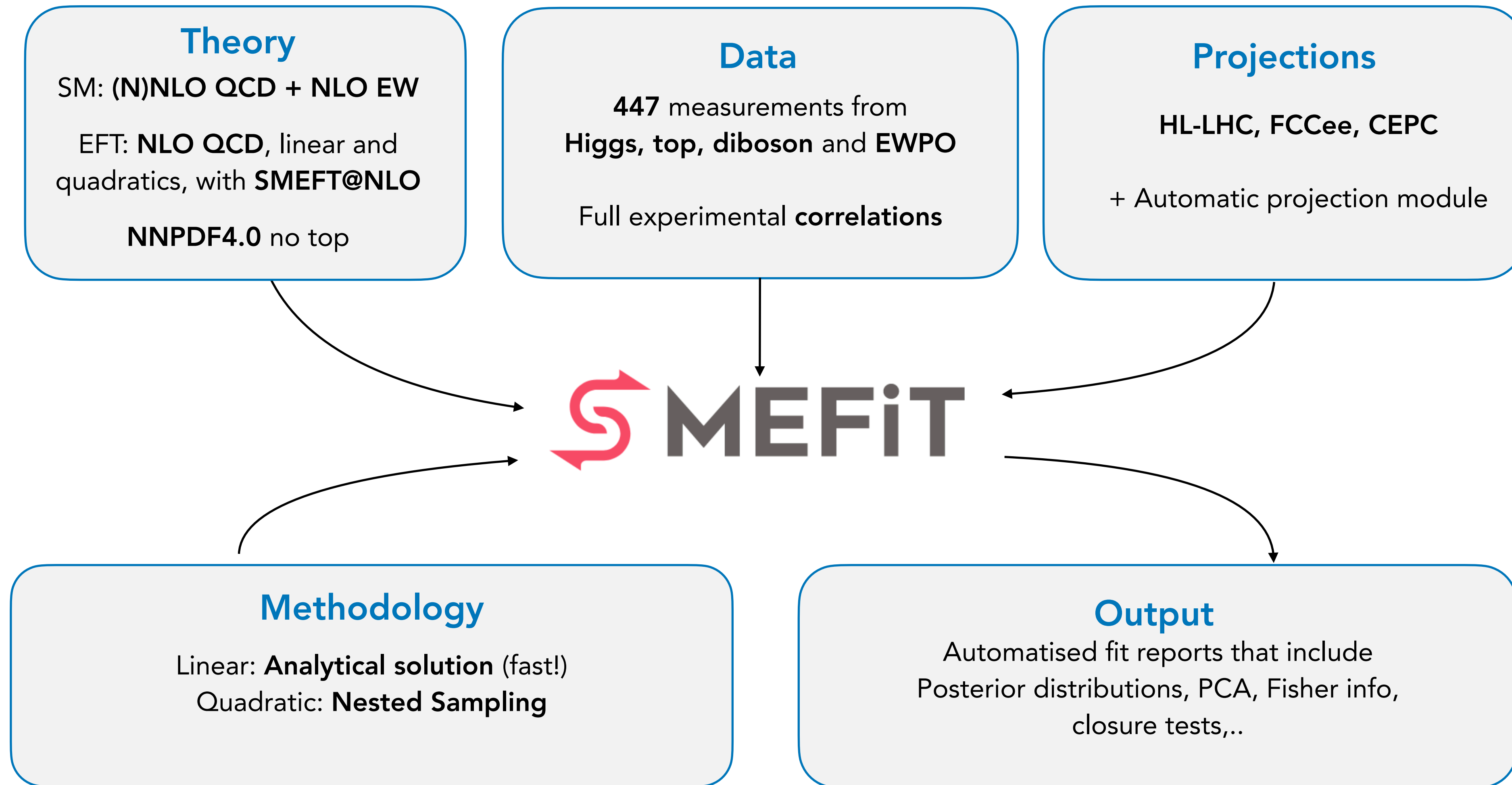


Allwicher, McCullough, Renner [2408.03992]



Methodology

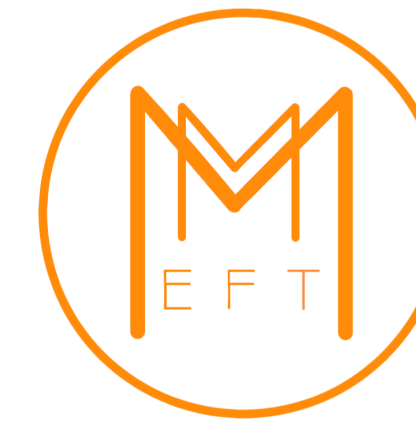
[1901.05965],
[2101.03180],
[2105.00006],
[2302.06660],
[2309.04523],
[2404.12809]



Recent updates

SMEFiT3.0

- UV models (tree and 1-loop matching)
- External likelihoods
 - Going beyond the Gaussian approximation
 - Allows easy interface to external tools



Matchmakereft

[2112.10787]



match2fit

[2309.04523]



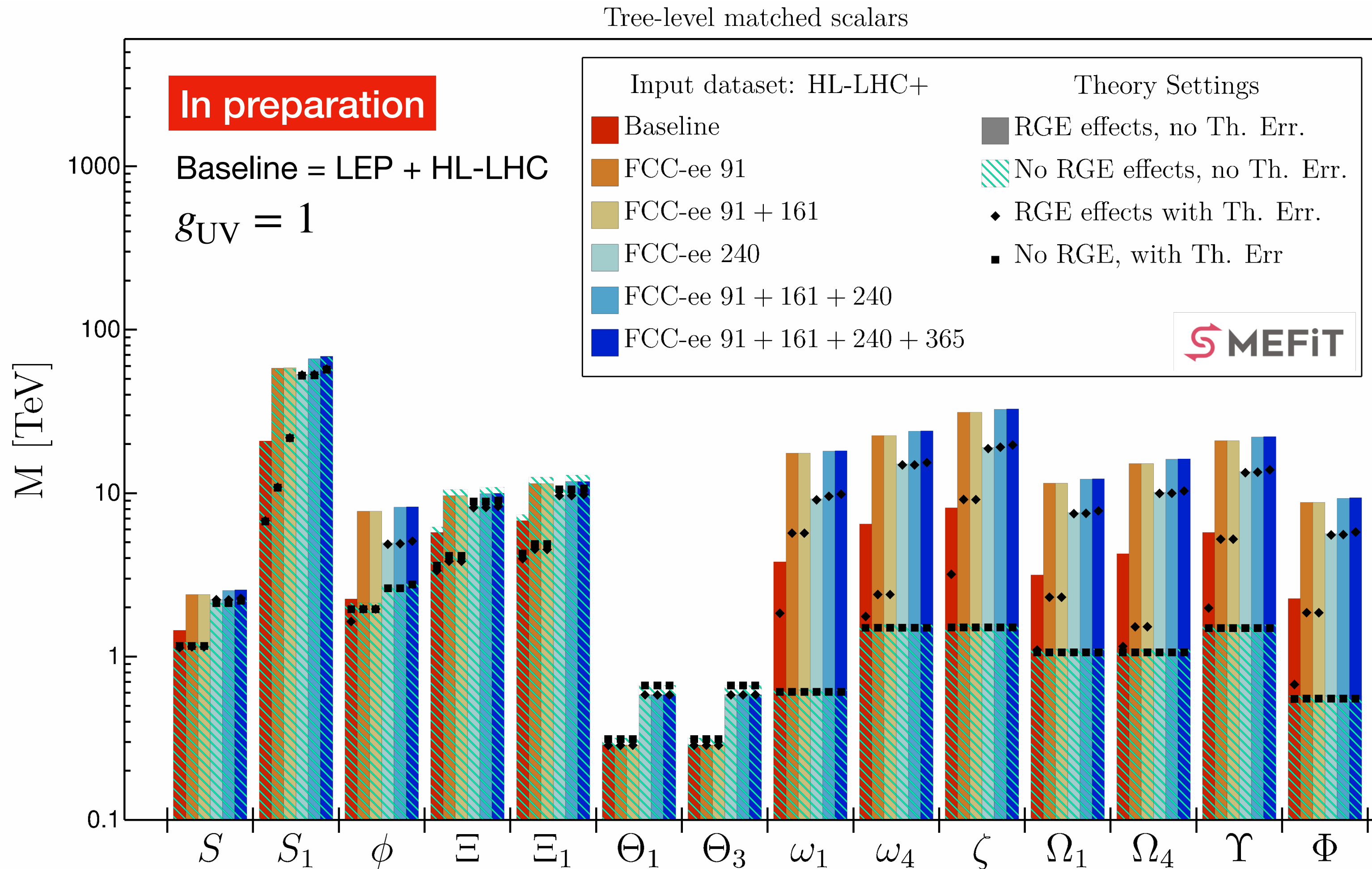
[2302.06660]

- RGE running: interface to Wilson with matrix evolution approximation
- JAX-enhanced: fast matrix calculations and GPU acceleration

[1804.05033]



Heavy scalars

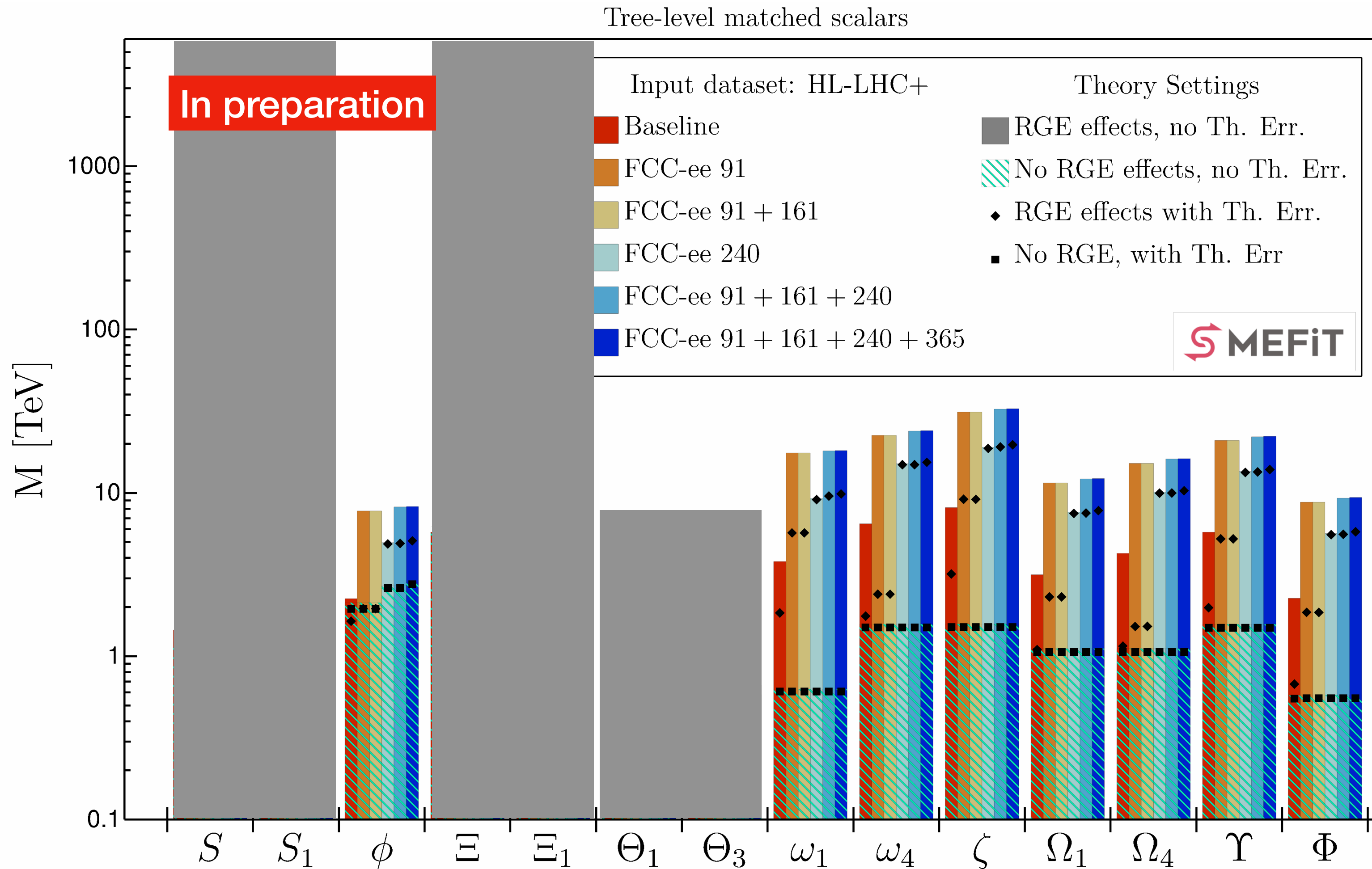


L.Mantani, J.Rojo, A. Rossia, E. Vryonidou, **JtH** [2501.xxxx]

General takeaways

- Tera Z dominates most bounds
- Indirect mass reach as high as **6 times HL-LHC**
- RGE effects are **crucial** for most models
- Reach reduced by a factor ~ 2 upon inclusion of **theory errors**

Heavy scalars

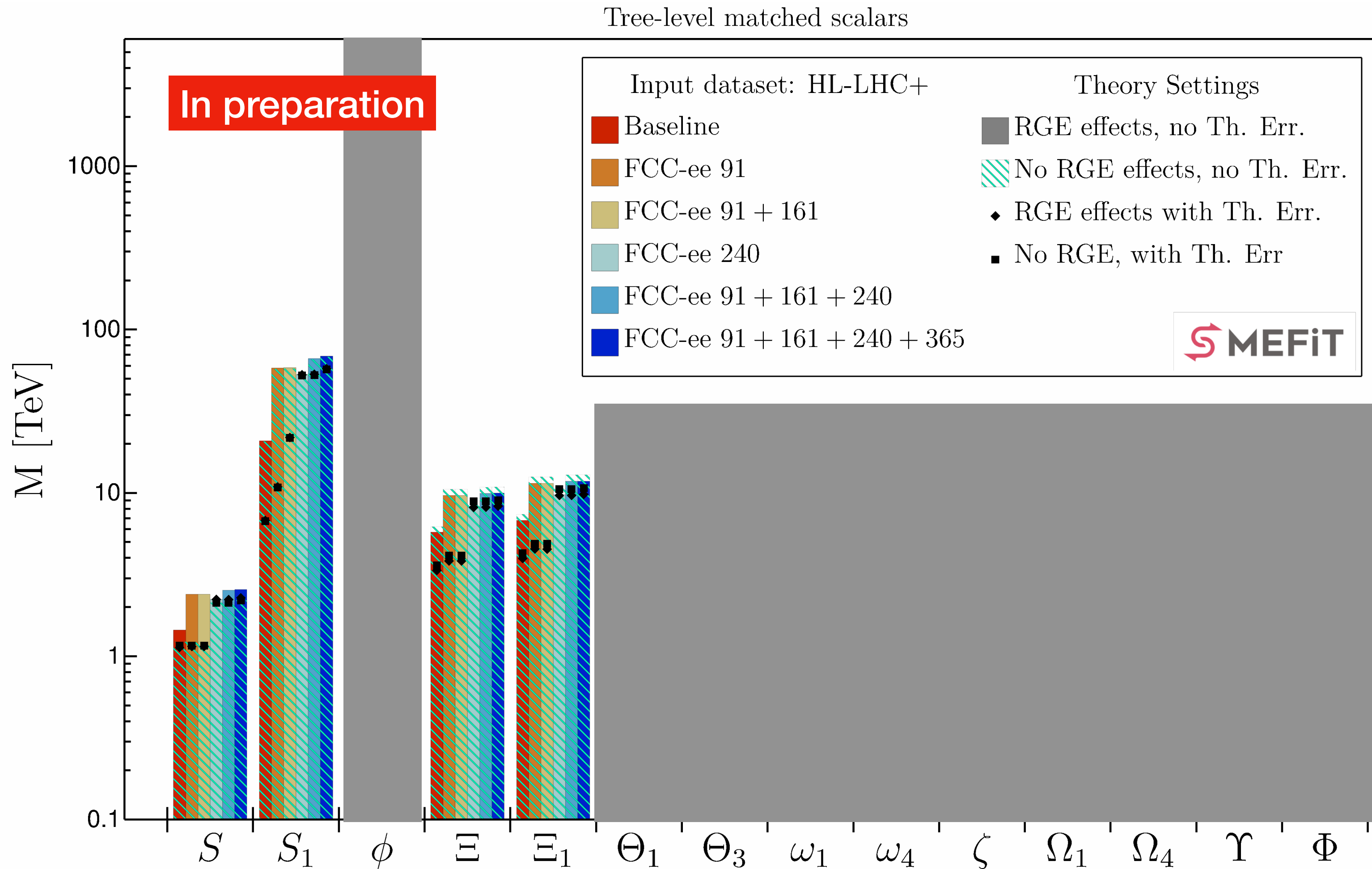


L.Mantani, J.Rojo, A. Rossia, E. Vryonidou, **JtH** [2501.xxxx]

- RGE effects matter**
4 quark operators flow into operators sensitive to EWPOs

	Heavy Scalars											
	S	S_1	ϕ	Ξ	Ξ_1	ω_1	ω_4	ζ	Ω_1	Ω_4	Υ	Φ
$c_{\varphi\Box}$	✓			✓	✓							
$c_{\varphi D}$				✓	✓							
$c_{\tau\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{b\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{t\varphi}$			✓	✓	✓							
c_{ll}		✓										
c_{Qt}^1			✓									✓
c_{Qt}^8			✓									✓
c_{QQ}^1						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{QQ}^8						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{tt}^1							✓			✓		

Heavy scalars



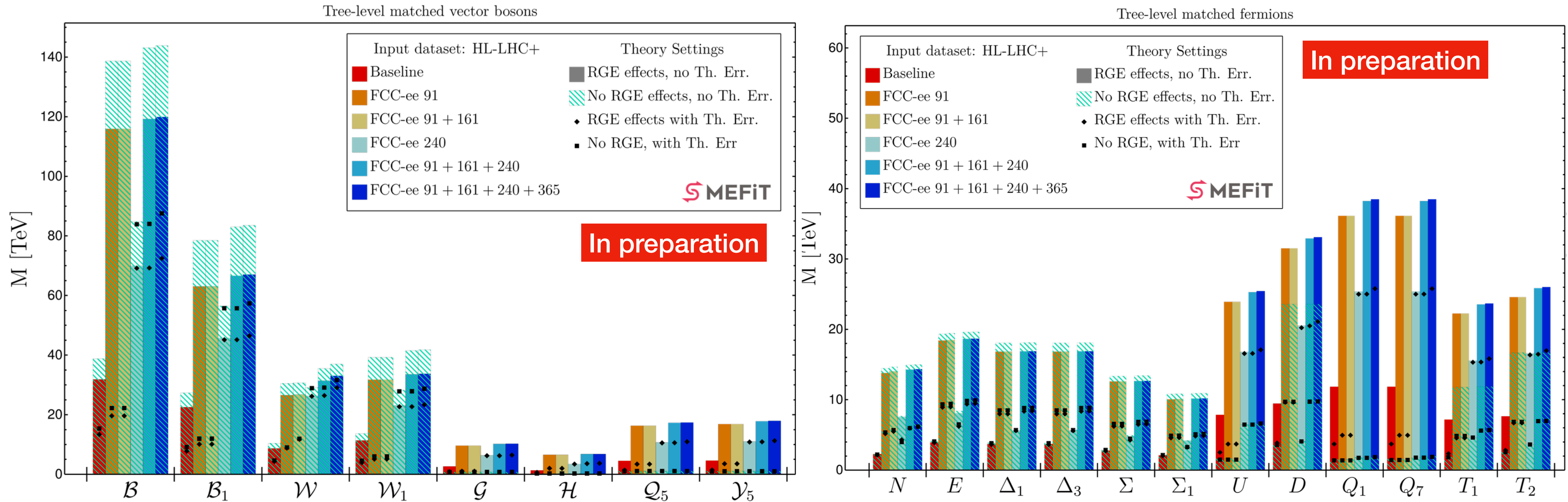
L.Mantani, J.Rojo, A. Rossia, E. Vryonidou, **JtH** [2501.xxxx]

RGE effects subdominant

- Some models induce operators sensitive to EWPOs at tree-level and reduce impact of RG effects

	Heavy Scalars											
	S	S_1	ϕ	Ξ	Ξ_1	ω_1	ω_4	ζ	Ω_1	Ω_4	Υ	Φ
$c_{\varphi\Box}$	✓			✓	✓							
$c_{\varphi D}$				✓	✓							
$c_{\tau\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{b\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{t\varphi}$			✓	✓	✓							
c_{ll}		✓										
c_{Qt}^1			✓									✓
c_{Qt}^8			✓									✓
c_{QQ}^1						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{QQ}^8						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{tt}^1							✓			✓		

Vector bosons & fermions



Indirect searches can reach much higher scales than direct searches, as high as $\mathcal{O}(100)$ TeV

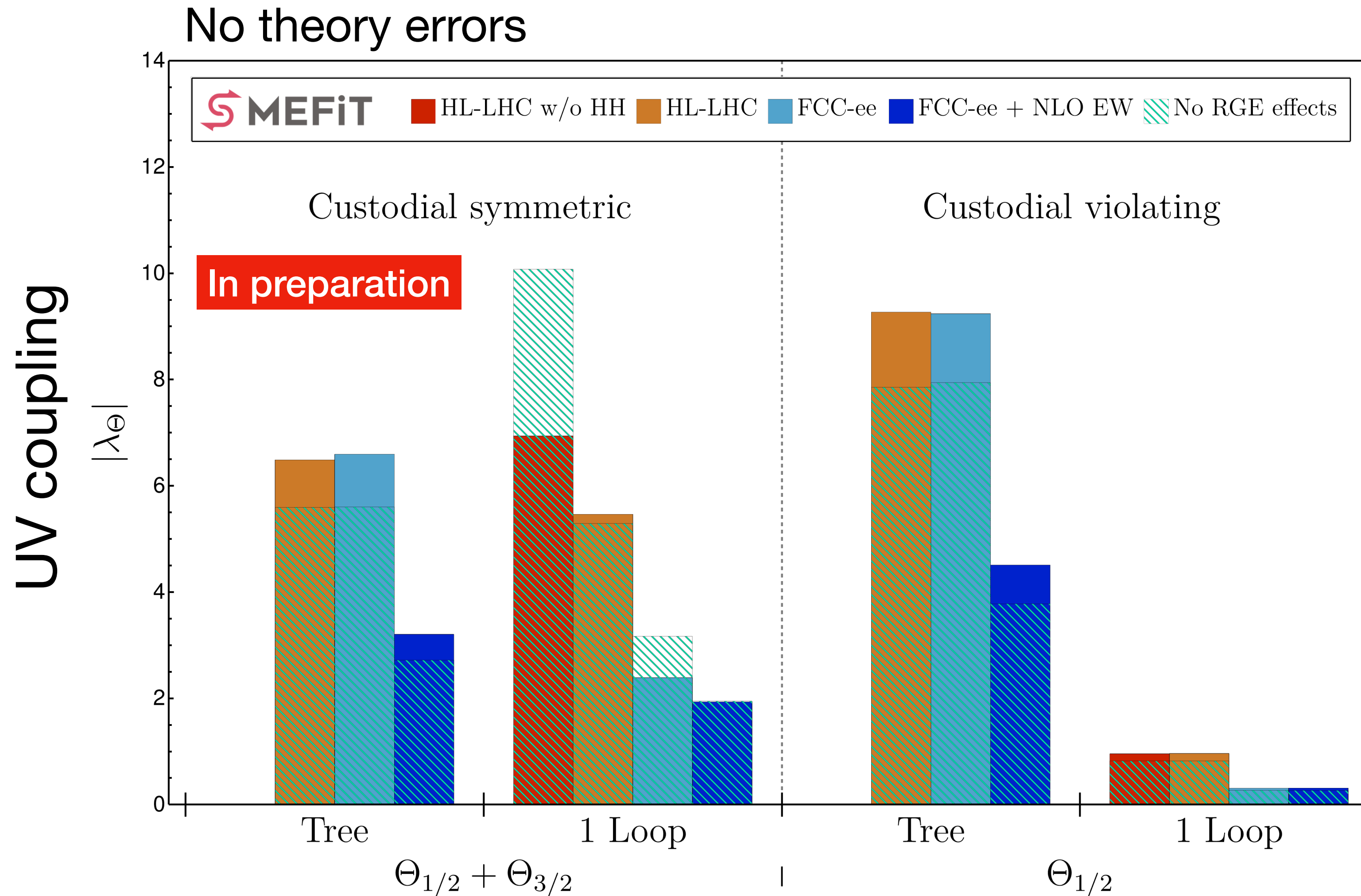
The EW quadruplet model

[2408.03992]
[2209.00666]

$$\mathcal{L}_{UV} \supset -\lambda_{\Theta} \varphi^* \varphi^* (\varepsilon \varphi) \Theta_{1/2} - \frac{\lambda_{\Theta}}{\sqrt{3}} \varphi^* \varphi^* \varphi^* \Theta_{3/2} + \text{h.c.}$$

- Interesting phenomenologically as it generates only \mathcal{O}_{φ} at tree-level
- Can explain potential large deviations in the Higgs self coupling without affecting other couplings
- Each quadruplet violates custodial symmetry at one-loop, i.e. $\mathcal{O}_{\varphi D}$ is induced
- **Solution:** 2 quadruplets with equal masses remove the contribution to $\mathcal{O}_{\varphi D}$ at one-loop

The EW quadruplet model



L.Mantani, J.Rojo, A. Rossia, E. Vryonidou, **JtH** [2501.xxxx]

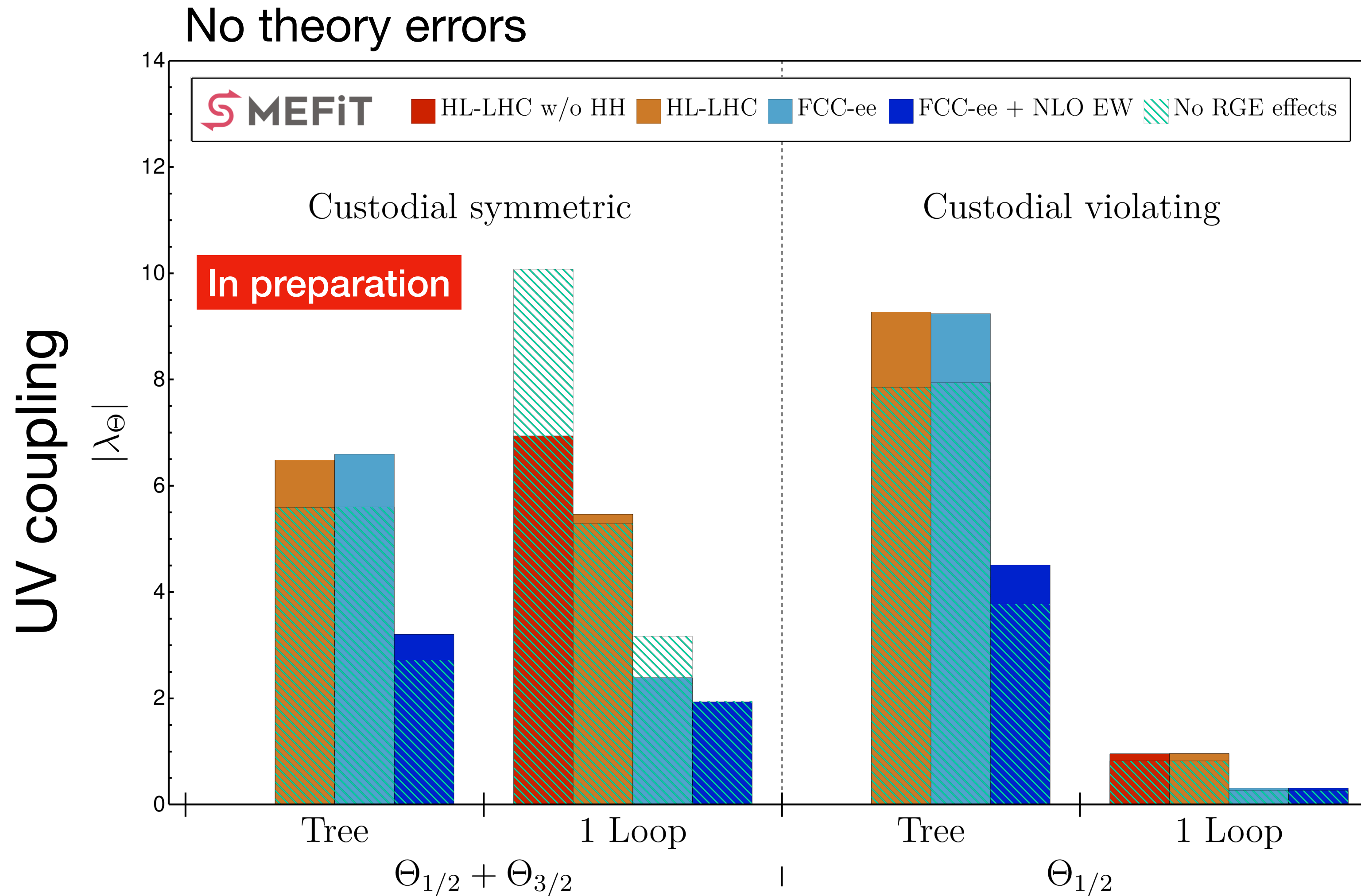
Tree level matching

- Sensitivity only from HH @ HL-LHC and NLO-EW ZH @ FCC-ee
- Precision makes NLO EW ZH relevant : bound improves by a factor ~ 2

Asteriadis, Dawson, Giardino, Szafron [2409.11466]

- Ignoring RG effects overestimates the bounds: sensitivity to $\hat{\mathcal{O}}_\varphi$ decreases when lowering the scale

The EW quadruplet model

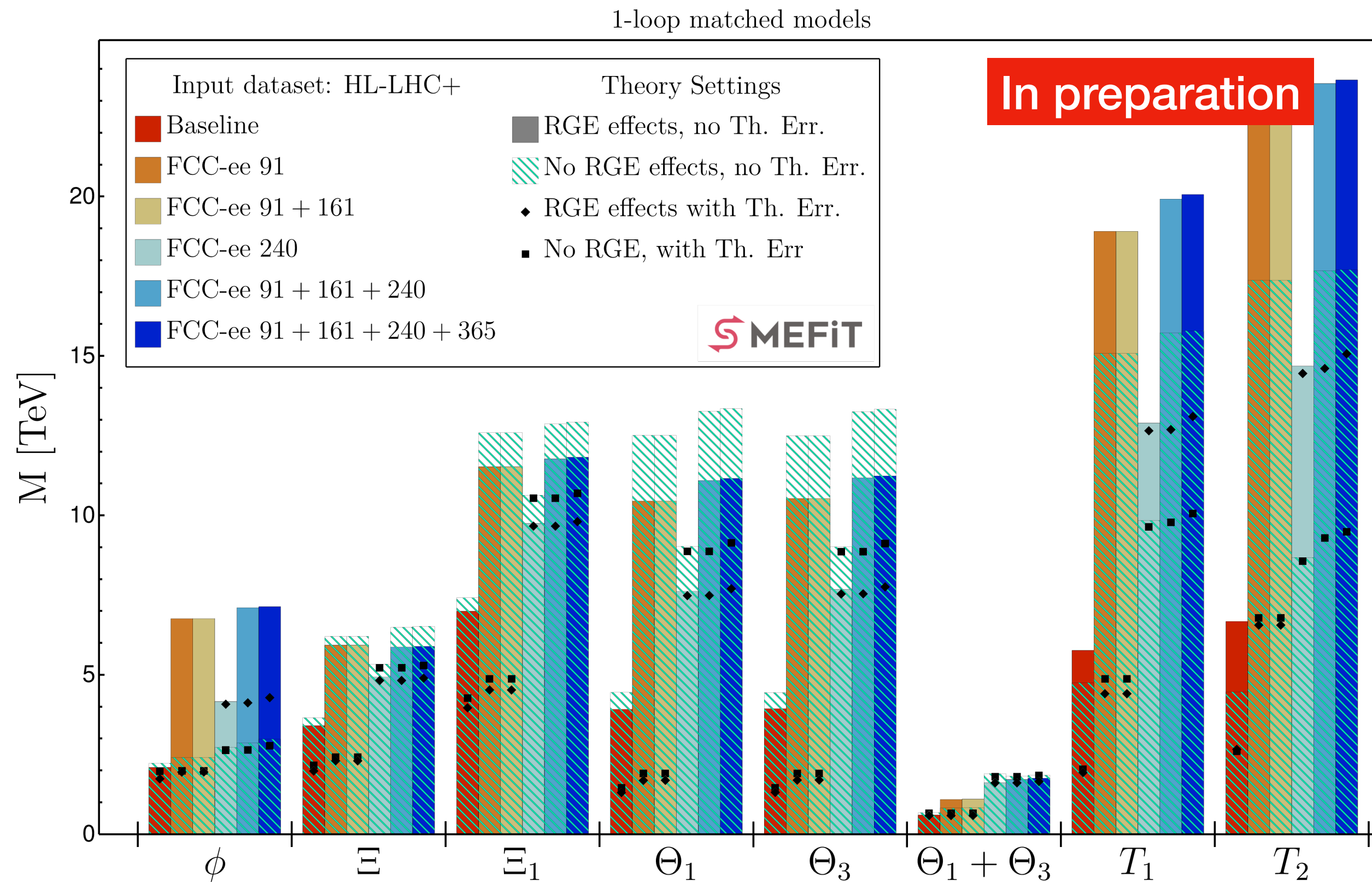


L.Mantani, J.Rojo, A. Rossia, E. Vryonidou, **JtH** [2501.xxxx]

One-loop level matching

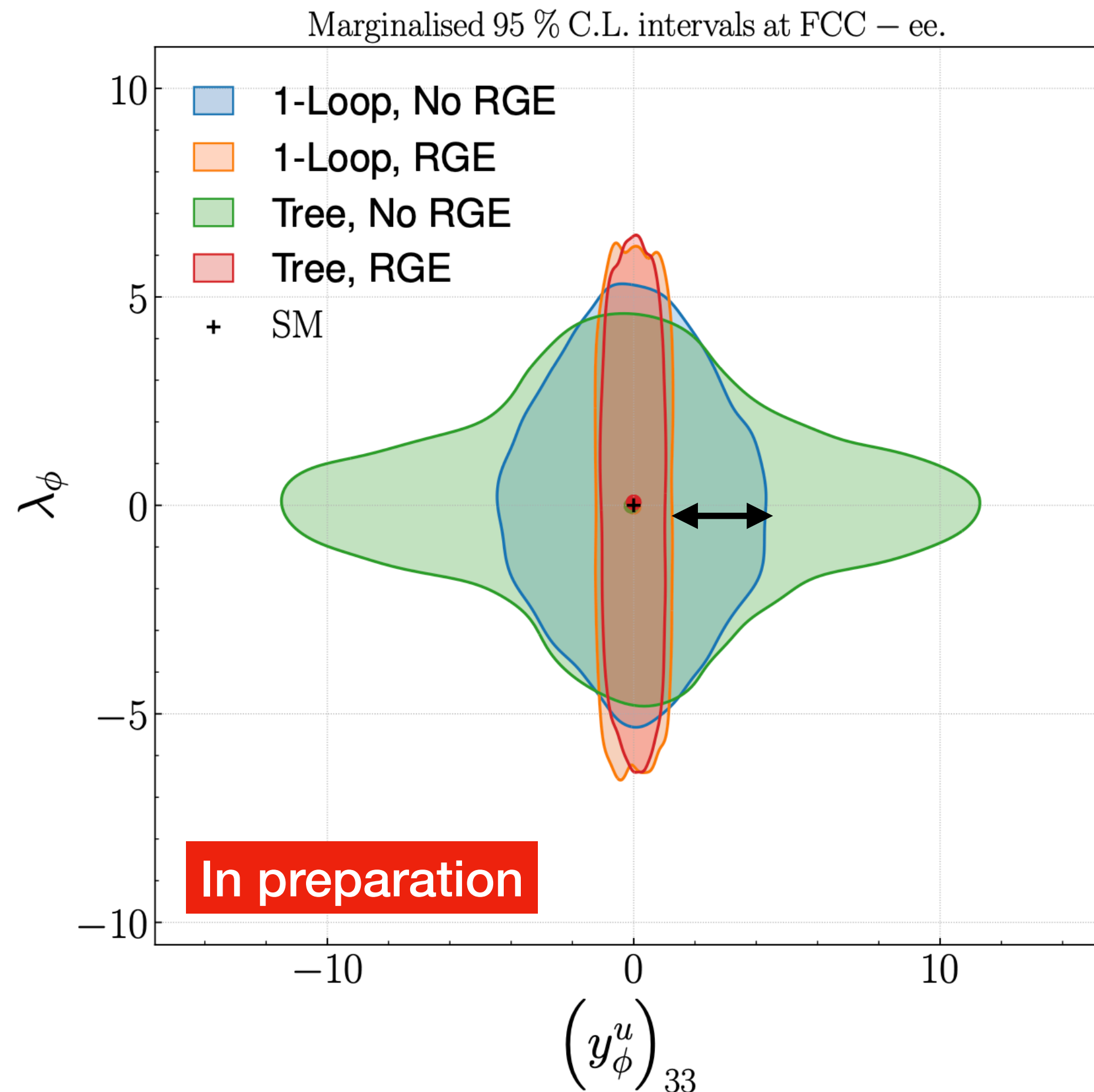
- Custodial violating: sensitivity driven by $c_{\phi D}$
- Custodial symmetric:
 - Impact of $c_{\phi D}$ reduced
 - sensitivity in ZH through $c_{\phi \square}$ and its running into $c_{\phi D}$

One-loop matching and RGE



- 1-loop matching does not rule out important RG effects, e.g. T_1, T_2, ϕ
- So ideally one includes both

One-loop matching and RGE



Consider 2HDM in decoupling limit

$$\mathcal{L}_{UV} = \mathcal{L}_{SM} + |D_\mu \phi|^2 - m_\phi^2 \phi^\dagger \phi - \left(y_{\phi,ij}^e \phi^\dagger \bar{e}_R^i \ell_L^j + y_{\phi,ij}^d \phi^\dagger \bar{d}_R^i q_L^j + y_{\phi,ij}^u \phi^\dagger i \sigma_2 \bar{q}_L^{T,i} u_R^j + \lambda_\phi \phi^\dagger \phi |\phi|^2 + \text{h.c.} \right).$$

- RG effects bring in more sensitivity than 1-loop matching in some cases
- \mathcal{C}_φ closes flat direction along λ_ϕ even at tree level

Summary and conclusion

- The unprecedented precision of FCC-ee puts indirect limits on the masses of new UV models up to $\mathcal{O}(100)$ TeV
- NLO-EW ZH corrections are key, especially for models generating \mathcal{O}_φ
- We need to keep theory errors under control
- RGE effects are not only necessary, but bring in additional sensitivity
- The different energy runs show beautifully the complementarity of the FCC-ee physics program

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Thank you very much for your attention!

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$c_{\varphi D}$				✓	✓							
$c_{\tau\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{b\varphi}$				✓	✓							
$c_{t\varphi}$			✓	✓	✓							
c_{ll}		✓										
c_{Qt}^1			✓									✓
c_{Qt}^8			✓									✓
c_{QQ}^1						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{QQ}^8						✓		✓	✓		✓	
c_{tt}^1							✓			✓		

Heavy Fermions										
	N	E	Δ_1, Δ_3	Σ, Σ_1	U	D	Q_1	Q_5	Q_7	T_1, T_2
$c_{\varphi l_3}^{(3)}$	✓	✓		✓						
$c_{\varphi l_3}$	✓	✓		✓						
$c_{\varphi\tau}$			✓							
$c_{\tau\varphi}$		✓	✓	✓						
$c_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$					✓	✓				✓
$c_{\varphi Q}^{(-)}$					✓					✓
$c_{\varphi t}$							✓		✓	
$c_{t\varphi}$					✓		✓		✓	✓
$c_{b\varphi}$						✓		✓		✓

Heavy Vector Bosons								
	B	B_1	W	W_1	G	H	Q_5	Y_5
$c_{\varphi\Box}$	✓	✓	✓	✓				
$c_{\varphi D}$	✓	✓		✓				
$c_{\tau\varphi}$		✓	✓	✓				
$c_{b\varphi}$		✓	✓	✓				
$c_{t\varphi}$		✓	✓	✓				
$c_{\varphi l_{1,2,3}}^{(3)}$			✓					
$c_{\varphi l_{1,2,3}}^{(1)}$	✓							
$c_{\varphi(e,\mu,\tau)}$	✓							
$c_{\varphi Q}^{(3)}$			✓					
$c_{\varphi Q}^{(-)}$	✓		✓					
$c_{\varphi t}$	✓							
c_{ll}			✓					
c_{Qt}^1	✓						✓	✓
c_{Qt}^8					✓		✓	✓
c_{QQ}^1	✓		✓			✓		
c_{QQ}^8			✓		✓	✓		
c_{tt}^1	✓				✓			
$c_{ll_{1111}}$	✓		✓					