



WG4 – How the different cathodic metals perturb the CF₃⁺ potential energy curves

People involved :

Nebojša Begović Jelena Jovanović (nebojsa.begovic@cern.ch)
(jelena.dragoslav.jovanovic@cern.ch)





Activities

To be able to cope with a problem of electrode aging we want to use quantumchemical calculation to get deeper insight into the processes on electrodes In regard to that we constructed Potential Energy Surface (**PES**) in vicinity of boundary phase of cathode composed of different metals for CF_3^+ ion which appear in plasma during gaseous detector use. Using quantum chemical calculations, DFT method and appropriate basis set we construct **PES**

We optimize structures for minimum energy for CF_3^+ ion for chosen distance from electrode – cathode with different metal surface and record their energies We simulated Cu, Ag, Au and Al electrode for CF_3^+ ion, which we previously optimized and hold fixed during simulations





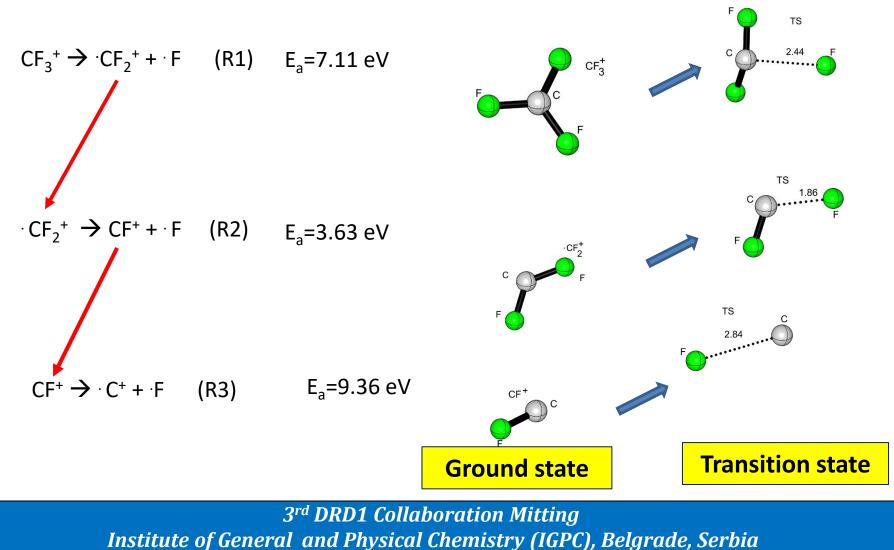
Motivation

In spite we have knowledge about reaction in bulk, i.e. plasma, electrodes can on different way perturb energetic levels of our investigated ion so we need to enlarge out knowledge in way in which electrodes perturb bonds in our ion which lead to stabilization or destabilization



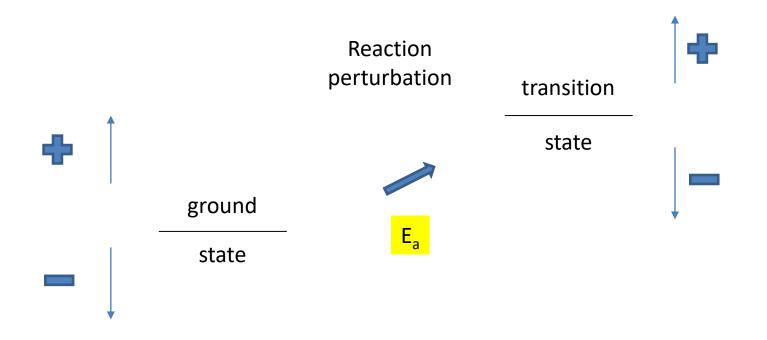


Degradation pathway of CF_3^+ in bulk, in plasma









Near the electrode surface energy levels of ion can be stabilized or destabilize in ground and also in transition state



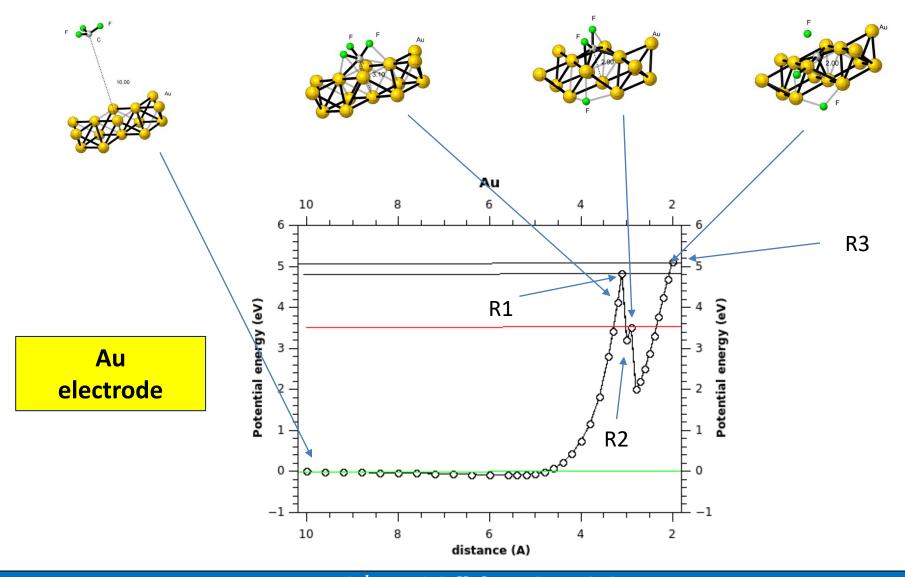


In order to investigate perturbation we calculate Potential Energy Surface for CF₃⁺ ion approaching electrode of different metals: Au Ag Cu Al

Quantum chemical calculation were performed with ORCA and gaussian package at different theoretical level and appropriate basis set





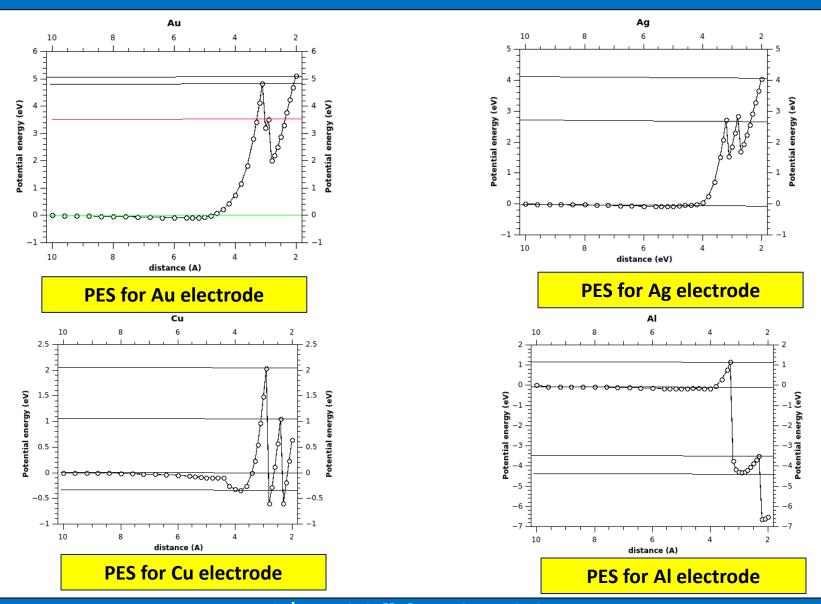


3rd DRD1 Collaboration Mitting Institute of General and Physical Chemistry (IGPC), Belgrade, Serbia



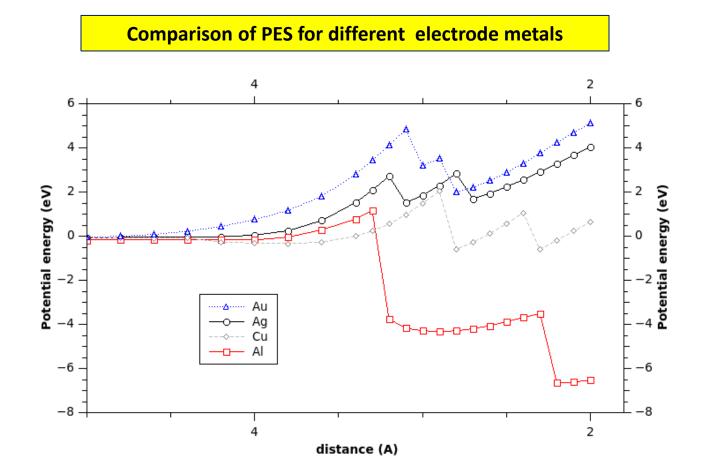
WG4 - 3rd DRD1 Collaboration Mitting, December 2024. , Geneva, Switzerland















Conclusion

- To the best of our knowledge this is the first time of such investigation.
- PES for different electrodes metal show different behavior.

DRD1 Future Plans

Longevity and aging

- Construction of Potential energy surface (PES) in vicinity of boundary phase for both electrodes by using quantum chemical calculations for eco-friendly gases
- Construction of Potential energy surface (PES) in vicinity of boundary phase for both electrodes by using quantum chemical calculations for eco-friendly gases with different electrodes materials