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## Detailed studies of $^{214,216,218}\text{Po}$ via $\beta$ decay of $^{214,216,218}\text{Bi}$

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The odd-odd bismuth isotopes ( $Z = 83$ ) and their  $\beta$ -decay polonium daughters ( $Z = 84$ ) are excellent subjects for nuclear structure studies. With only one and two protons, respectively, above the closed shell  $Z = 82$ , they provide an outstanding testing ground for shell-model calculations, and in the case of polonium isotopes, also for the seniority scheme. Moreover, both isotopic chains exhibit a wide variety of low-lying isomers. While the neutron-deficient bismuth and polonium isotopes are rather well explored, the information on the neutron-rich side is often scarce because of limitations in available experimental techniques.

In this contribution, results of a high-statistics  $\beta$ -decay experiment aimed at neutron-rich  $^{214,216,218}\text{Bi}$  isotopes carried out at ISOLDE Decay Station (IDS) [1] are discussed. The levels populated in daughter nuclei were investigated employing an array of HPGe clover and fast-timing LaBr detectors. A new isomer was identified in  $^{214}\text{Bi}$  [2] and complex decay schemes of  $^{216g,m}\text{Bi}$  were established [3]. Lifetimes of yrast levels in  $^{214,216,218}\text{Po}$  were measured and the deduced transition probabilities  $B(E2)$  were confronted with theoretical models [4]. Shell-model calculations based on two different effective interactions, the H208 [5] and the modified Kuo-Herling particle interaction [6], were performed and compared with experimental results. Preferred spin and parity assignments for  $^{214m}\text{Bi}$  and  $^{216g,m}\text{Bi}$  based on the calculations and observed  $\beta$ -decay feeding intensities will be discussed.

### References

- [1] <https://isolde-ids.web.cern.ch/>
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