
Searches for same-sign top pair production at the LHC

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for ATLAS and CMS collaborations

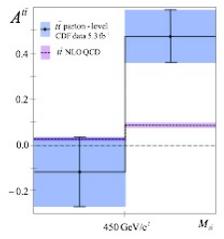
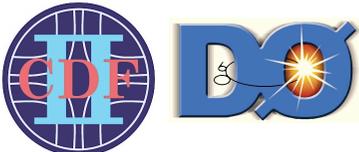
TOP2011 - Sant Feliu de Guixols, Spain



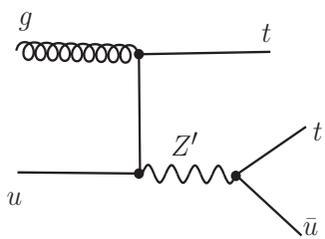
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Outline

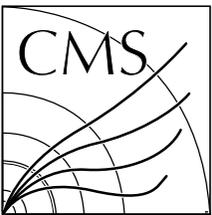
Experimental Motivation



Possible Explanation from Theory
→ LHC predictions



CMS results

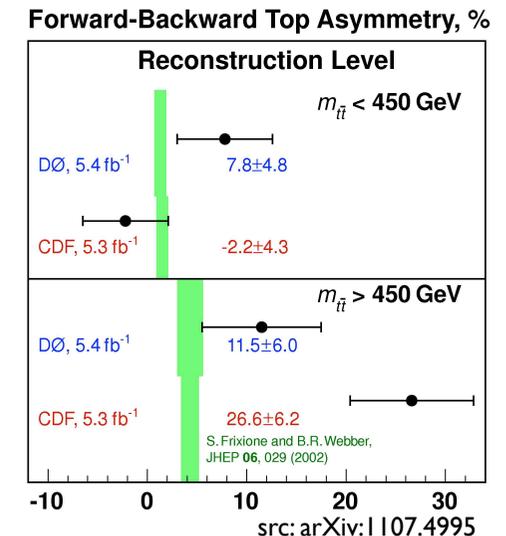


ATLAS results

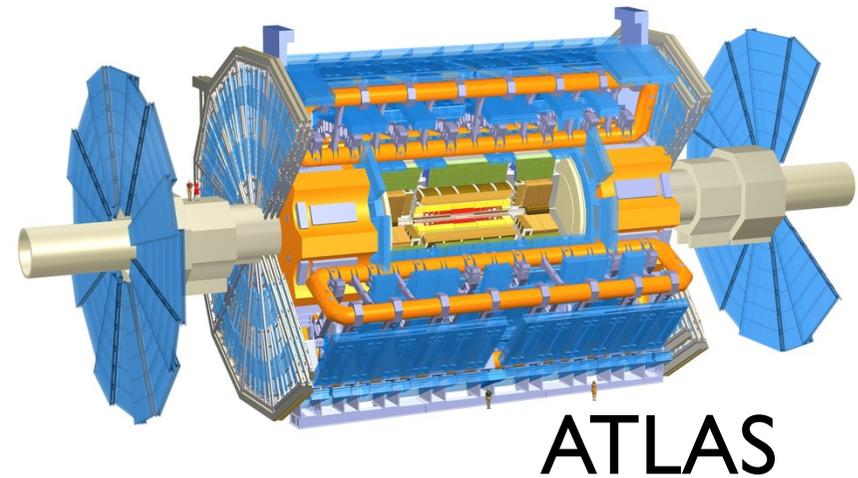
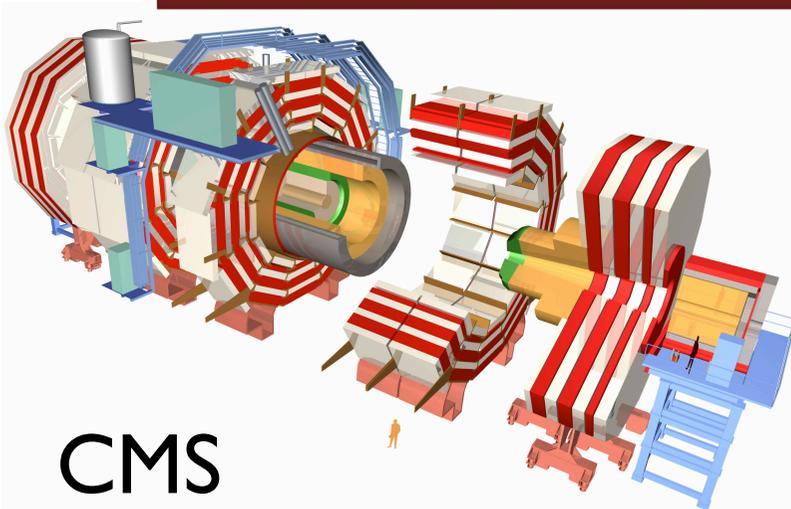
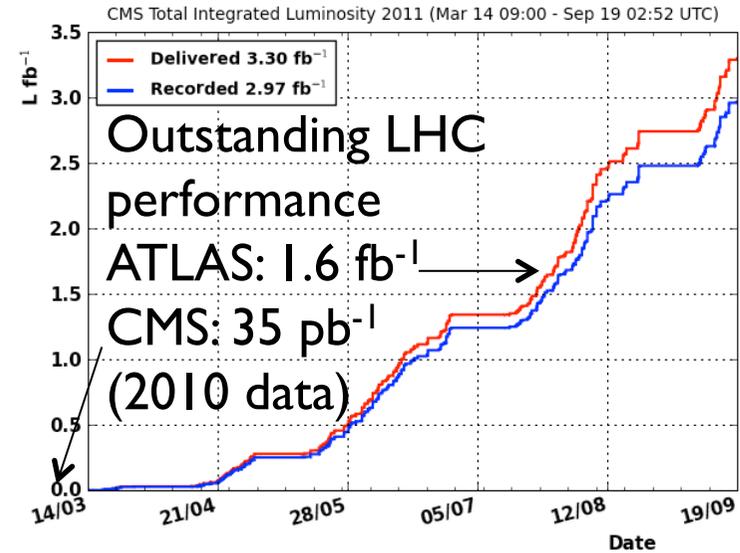
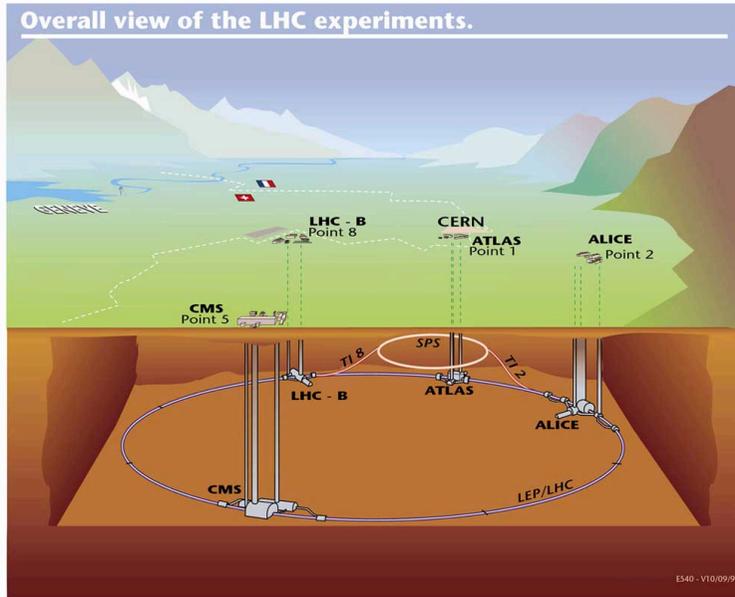


Physics motivation

- Measurements of the forward-backward asymmetry $A(tt)$ in top quark pair production at the Tevatron collider
 - Standard Model: $A(tt) = 0.088 \pm 0.013$
- CDF: (Phys.Rev.D83:112003,2011)
 - Asymmetry increases with tt rapidity difference
 - Asymmetry increases with invariant mass of tt systemAt high ($>450 \text{ GeV}/c^2$) invariant mass: $A(tt) = 0.475 \pm 0.11$
- D0: (Subm. to Phys.Rev.D, arXiv:1107.4995)
 - No dependence on rapidity or invariant mass system
 - $A(tt) = (19.6 \pm 6.5)\%$
- Many (**) attempts to explain $A(tt)$ invoke flavor-changing neutral currents (FCNC) mediated by a new massive Z' boson
 - Here I present the current LHC searches in the top sector for such a Z' boson



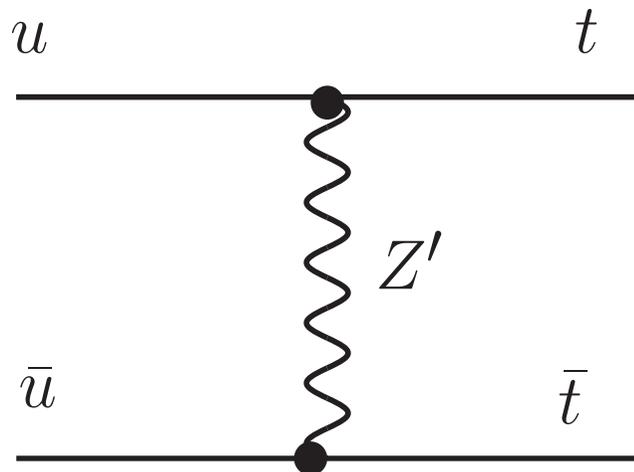
Large Hadron Collider



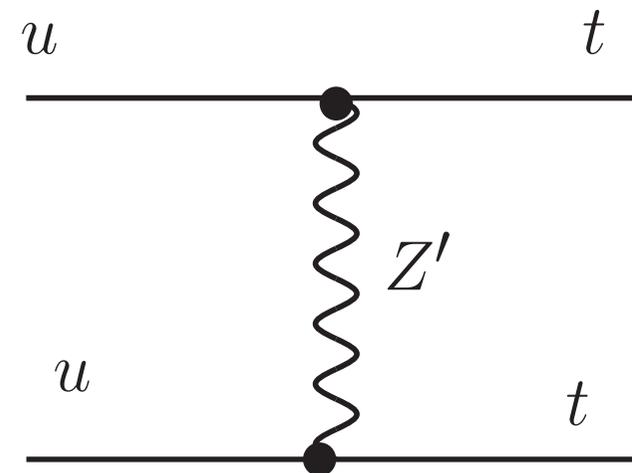
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FCNC through Z' model – basic idea

Tevatron
(proton-antiproton)



LHC
(proton-proton)

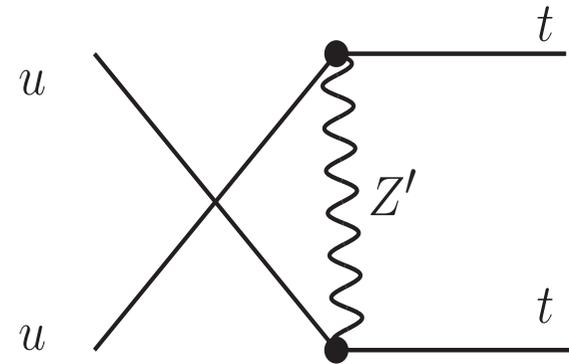
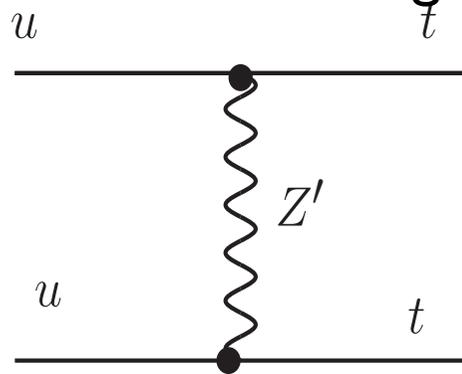


Such a Z' exchange would create a high inv. mass asymmetry at the Tevatron

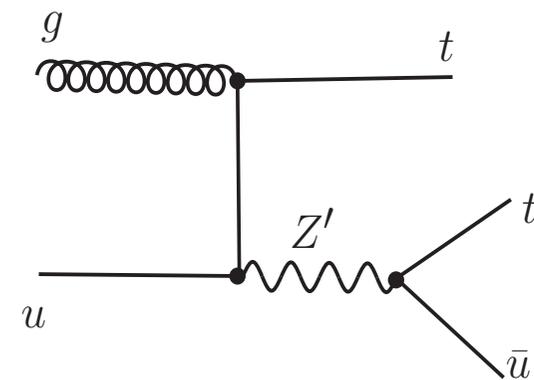
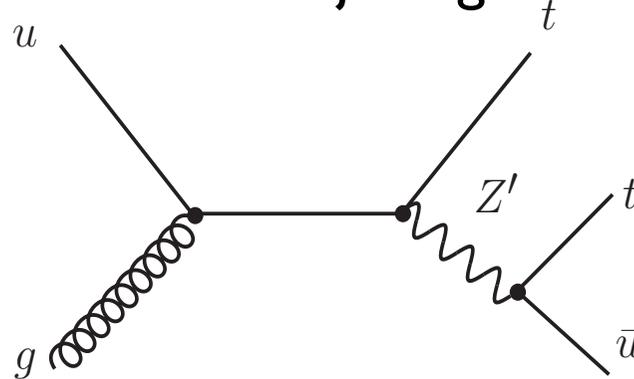
- and can be made to also explain some other SM discrepancies like CDF $W+2j$ bump

LHC production mechanism

Production in t-channel: $t\bar{t}$ signature



Production in s-channel: $t\bar{t} + \text{jet}$ signature



FCNC Z' : constraints from experiment

$$\mathcal{L} = g_W \bar{u} \gamma^\mu (f_L P_L + f_R P_R) t Z'_\mu + h.c$$

- Consider the effective Lagrangean of the utZ' interaction
 - u quarks from proton to t quarks only
 - consists of a **left-** and **right-**handed coupling to the boson
 - with g_W the weak coupling strength, f_L and f_R the coupling strengths and Z' the mass of the hypothetical boson
- The **left-handed coupling** is experimentally constrained to ≈ 0 by measurements of B_d - B_d mixing, leaving only the **right-handed fermion coupling**

Experimental signature: two top (not antitop!) in final state

Search for SS top pairs (CMS)

- Analysis CMS-EXO-11-065 based on generic same-sign lepton search
 - CMS-SUS-10-004, JHEP 1106(2011)077, arXiv:1104.3168
 - Analysis uses 35 pb^{-1} integrated luminosity (2010 sample)
 - Specific model considered from E.L Berger et.al, arXiv:1101.5626
- All main backgrounds data-driven:
 - Background dominated by jets faking leptons:
 - $T\bar{t}$ bar lepton+jets with one fake lepton
 - Mis-measurement charge in di-lepton Drell-Yan and $t\bar{t}$ bar di-lepton
 - $W\gamma$, WZ , ZZ , $qqWW$, $2x(qW)$, ttW and $WWWW$ production from Monte Carlo (sum % level contribution) with 50% uncertainties on theory cross section



Search for SS top pairs (CMS)

Trigger:

Single-lepton triggers

Di-lepton triggers

Triggers on H_T ($= \sum \text{jet } p_T$)

2010 dataset: rapidly increasing lumi so thresholds tighten over time

Lepton selection:

$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$

Leading: $p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$ in ee, mumu

$|\eta| < 2.4$

Both leptons positive

Muon requirements:

Isolation

Match to PV

hits in silicon tracker

fit quality

MIP consistent in calorimeter

Check tracks near (Bremsstrahlung)

Electron requirements:

Isolation

Match to PV

No missing hits in silicon tracker

shower shape in ECAL

track -ECAL cluster match

Check tracks near (photon veto)

CMS **particle flow** algorithm

Jet selection: Require 2 jets

Anti- k_T with $R=0.5$

$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$

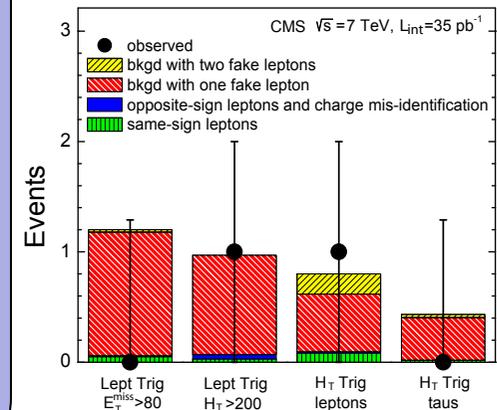
Jet energy scale corrected

Calorimeter noise veto and similar cleanup ID cuts

Missing E_T selection:

$\text{MET} > 20 \text{ GeV}/c$

$> 30 \text{ GeV}/c$ in ee, mumu



SUSY-10-004

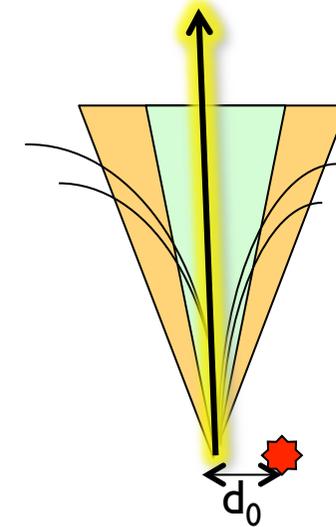
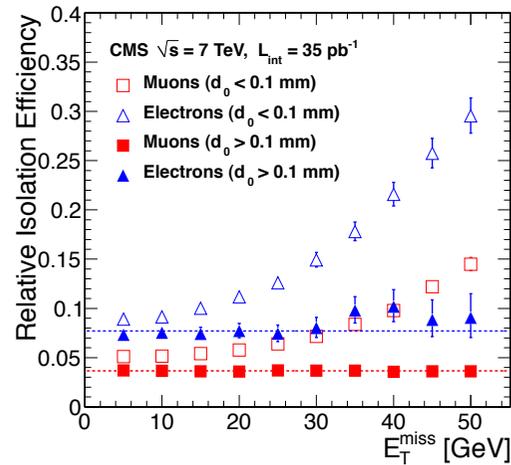
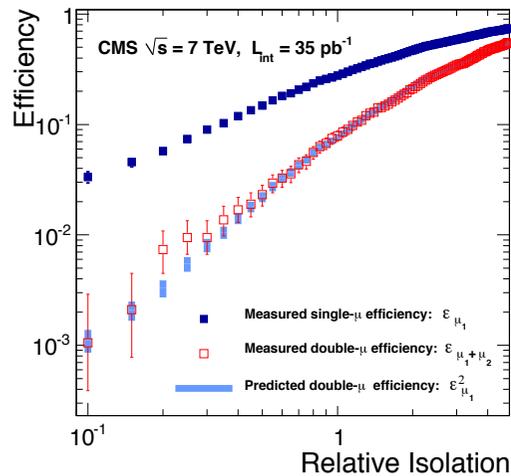
Looser selection: lepton $p_T > 10, 20 \text{ GeV}/c$!!

Only requirement on opp-sign

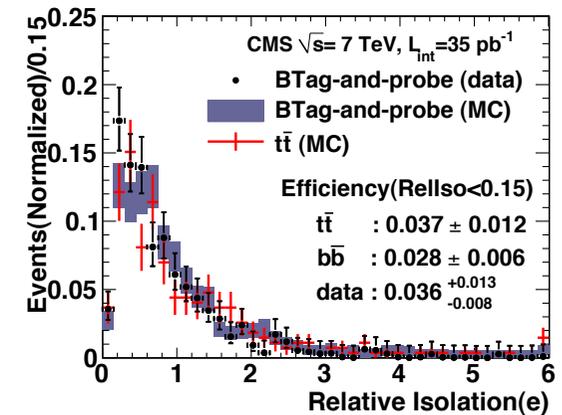
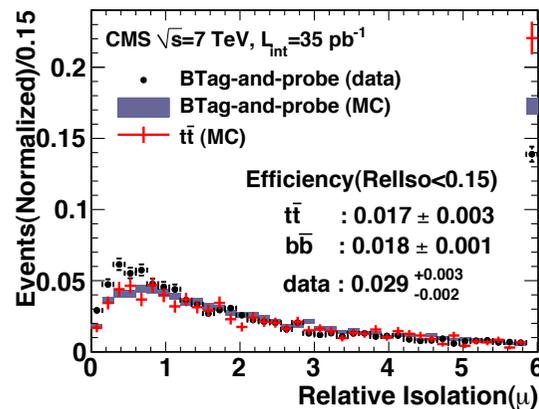


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Search for SS top pairs (CMS)



- Fake leptons studied by variation of the lepton isolation and distance wrt primary vertex (d_0)



Search for SS top pairs (CMS)

- Observed and expected events:
 - Positive sign:
 - Data: 2 events
 - Expected: 0.9 ± 0.6 (syst) events
 - Negative sign:
 - Data: 0 events
 - Expected: 0.9 ± 0.6 (syst) events
- Used MADGRAPH+PYTHIA showering to implement Berger et.al. model
 - LO, tt, ttj diagrams
 - CTEQ6L pdfs
 - Event selection efficiency
(0.95 ± 0.13)%
includes BR, $\tau \rightarrow \nu$ included in acceptance

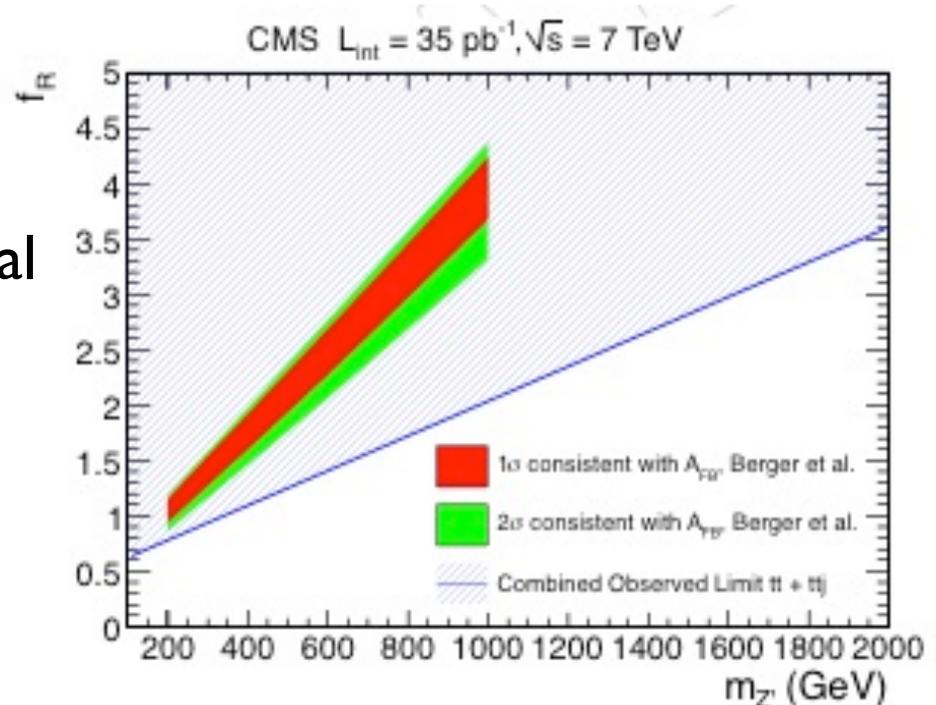
Syst. Uncertainties on selection $Z' \rightarrow tt(j)$:

| Source | ee | $\mu\mu$ | $e\mu$ | all |
|--------------------------|-------|----------|--------|-------|
| Lepton selection | 11.8% | 10.6% | 10.8% | 10.7% |
| Energy scale | 8% | 8% | 8% | 8% |
| ISR/FSR and PDF | 3% | 3% | 3% | 3% |
| Total without luminosity | 14.6% | 13.6% | 13.8% | 13.7% |
| Integrated luminosity | 4% | 4% | 4% | 4% |
| Total | 15% | 14% | 14% | 14% |



Search for SS top pairs (CMS)

- Selection efficiency independent of Z' mass
- Using flat bayesian prior for signal and log-normal for uncertainties (nuisance parameters)
- **95% CL limit: 5.7 events**
 - (expected limit: 4.4 ± 1.4 events)
 - CLs method: 5.6 events
 - Cross section limit: $\sigma(Z' \rightarrow ttX) < 17.0$ pb
- This FCNC Z' production limit inconsistent with the Tevatron Forward-Background Asymmetry
 - disfavoured in full parameter space



CMS limit: interpretation on scale

$$\mathcal{L} = g_W \bar{u} \gamma^\mu (f_L P_L + f_R P_R) t Z'_\mu + h.c.$$

↓ At high-mass Z'

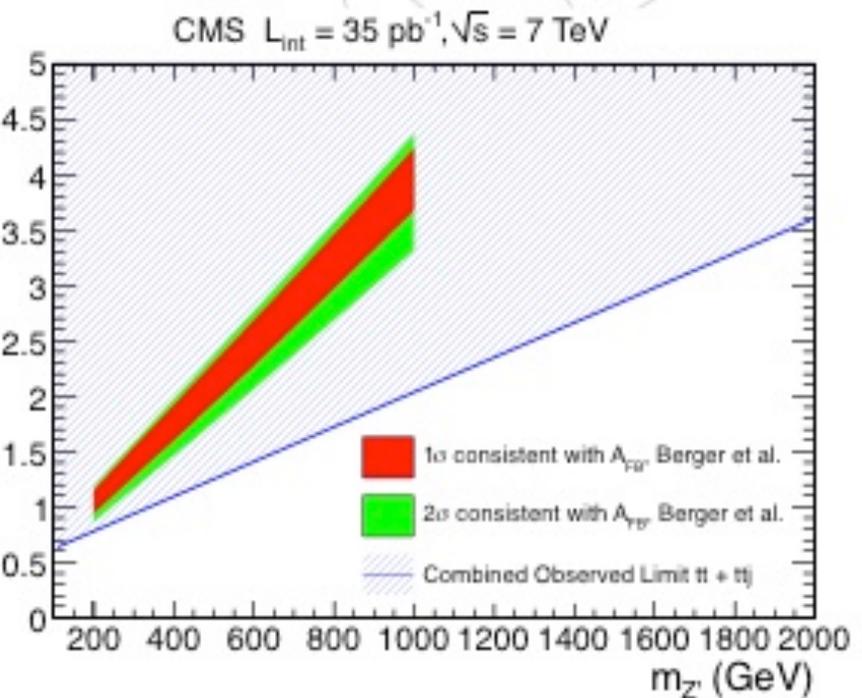
$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{C_{RR}}{\Lambda^2} [\bar{u}_R \gamma^\mu t_R] [\bar{u}_R \gamma_\mu t_R] + h.c.$$

↓ Limit on coupling

$$\frac{C_{RR}}{\Lambda^2} = \frac{2g_W^2 f_R^2}{M_{Z'}^2}$$

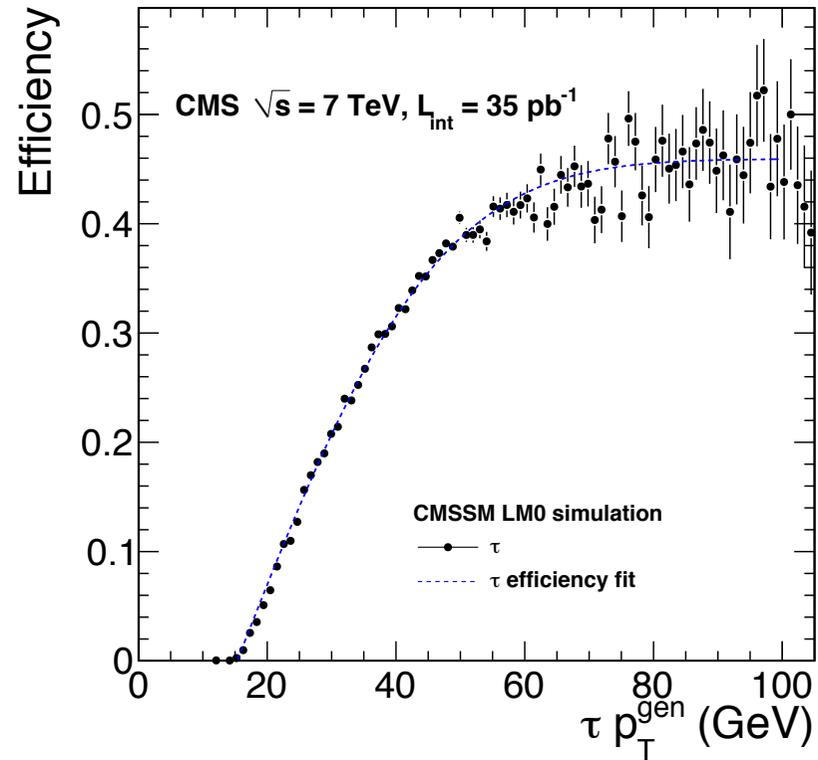
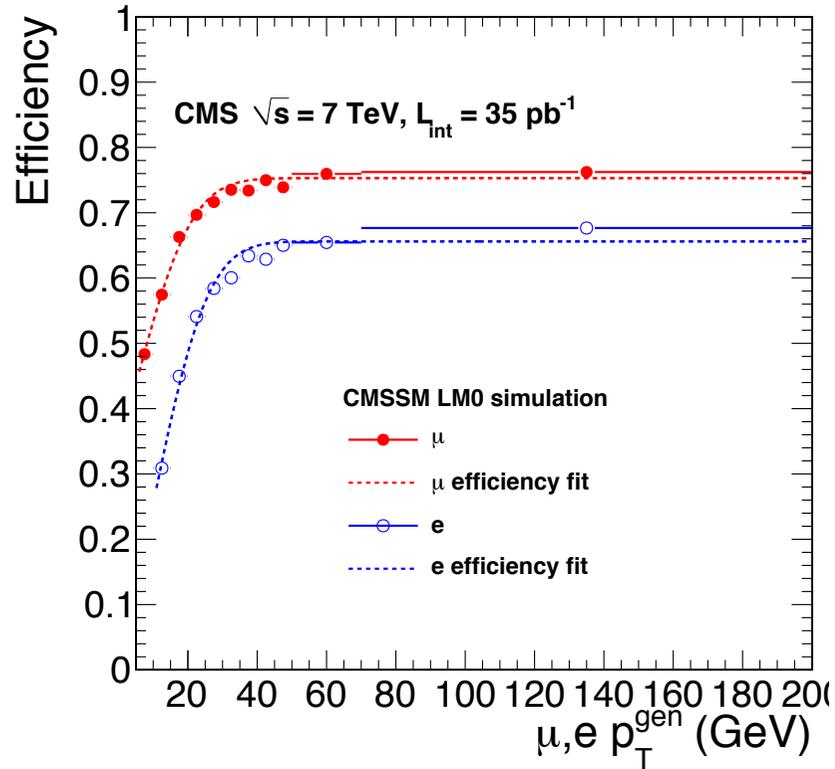
CMS limit:

$$\frac{C_{RR}}{\Lambda^2} < 2.7 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$$



$$\left(\text{CDF: } \frac{C_{RR}}{\Lambda^2} < 3.7 \text{ TeV}^{-2} \right)$$

CMS supplying efficiency for comparison to theory

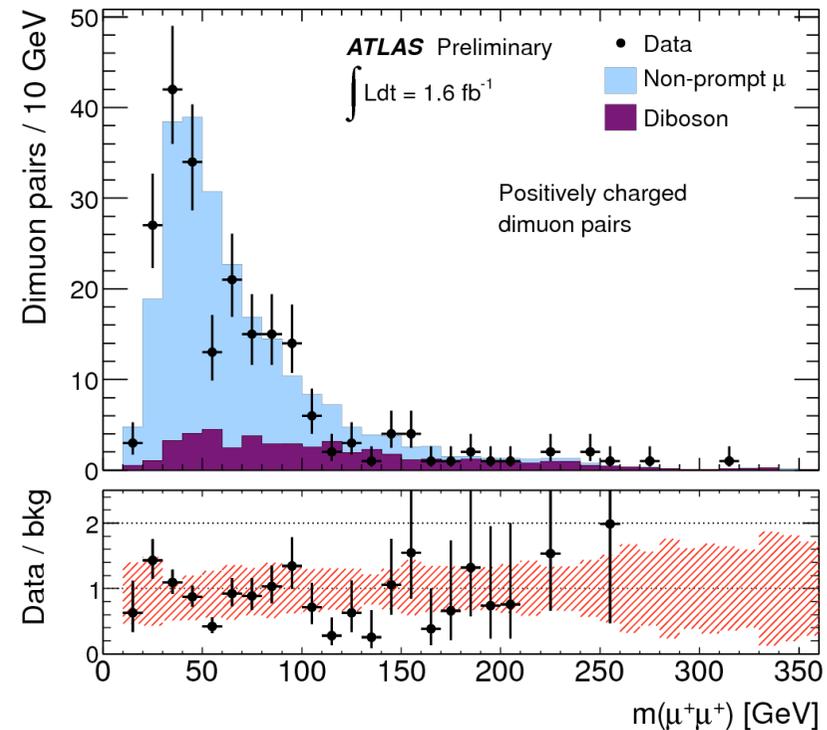


- Allow comparison to different models, application of efficiency to generator information gives handle on model feasibility for phenomenology

Search for SS top pairs (ATLAS)

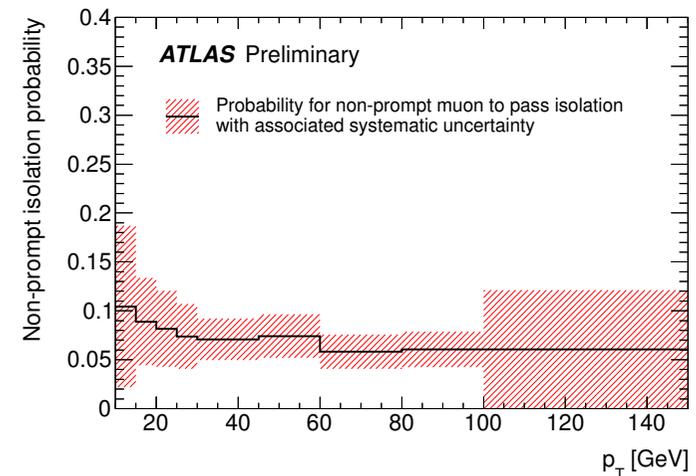
New!

- ATLAS studies $Z' \rightarrow tt$ models in context of same-sign di-muon search using 1.6 fb^{-1}
- Preliminary result from Sep. 2011
- Similar analysis strategy as CMS result but examining the di- μ^+ invariant mass spectrum
 - using same samples as ATLAS-CONF-2011-126



Search for SS top pairs (ATLAS)

- Prompt backgrounds WZ, ZZ, WW from simulation, using HERWIG
- Prompt backgrounds WW, ttW from simulation, using MC@NLO and MADGRAPH+PYTHIA
- Prompt backgrounds like Drell-Yan processes from simulation, using ALPGEN
 - Differences between samples used as systematic uncertainties on MC model
 - In addition a 50% uncertainty on the MC cross section is included
- Non-prompt backgrounds (from HF) are modeled from data using a matrix method
- Charge misidentification is derived on Drell-Yan data



Search for SS top pairs (ATLAS)

Muon selection:

Leading muon: $p_T > 20$ GeV/c, $|\eta| < 2.5$

Other muon: $p_T > 10$ GeV/c, $|\eta| < 2.5$

At least one muon $|\eta| < 2.4$

IP and isolation cuts

Both muons positive

Jets only used for muon isolation!

Anti-kT jets, $R=0.4$,

$p_T > 7$ GeV/c required no overlap with muon by $\Delta R > 0.4$

No further requirements on jets

| Mass range [GeV] | Number of pairs | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|----------|
| | expected | observed |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 15$ GeV | 243^{+58}_{-102} | 218 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 100$ GeV | 47^{+10}_{-11} | 34 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 200$ GeV | $9.2^{+1.8}_{-1.7}$ | 9 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 300$ GeV | $1.68^{+0.57}_{-0.48}$ | 2 |

$Z' \rightarrow t\bar{t}$ modeled with PROTONS generator is used to set limits:

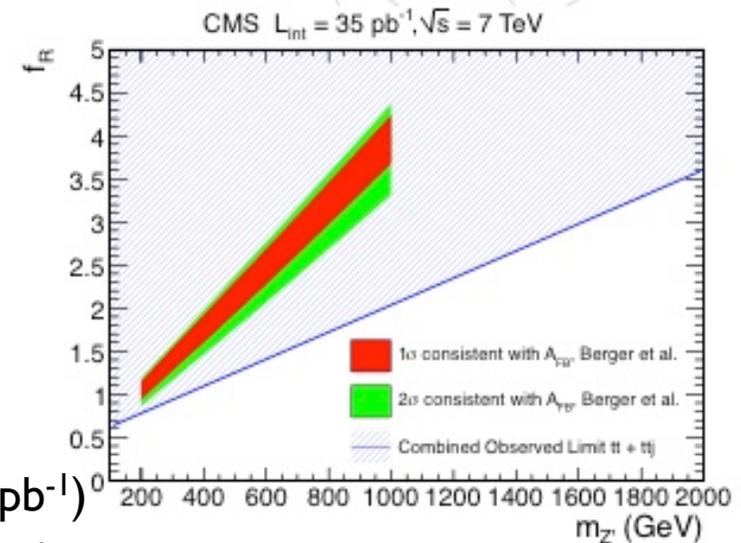
| Mass range [GeV] | $\sigma_{95}(t\bar{t})$ (pb) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------|
| | $m(Z') = 100$ GeV | | $m(Z') = 150$ GeV | | $m(Z') = 200$ GeV | | $m(Z') \gg 1$ TeV | |
| | exp. | obs. | exp. | obs. | exp. | obs. | exp. | obs. |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 15$ GeV | 24.8 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 20.3 | 22.4 | 19.7 | 36.6 | 32.2 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 100$ GeV | 5.4 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 2.9 | 6.1 | 4.1 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 200$ GeV | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| $m(\mu^+\mu^+) > 300$ GeV | 5.5 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 |

Considerable improvement in constraining this model



Conclusion

- ATLAS and CMS have searched for flavor-changing neutral currents in the top sector
 - CMS EXO-11-065, JHEP 1108 (2011) 005
 - ATLAS CONF-2011-169
- Limits are set on cross section of m positive-sign top pairs
 - CMS, ee, mumu, emu: $\sigma(Z' \rightarrow ttX) < 17.0 \text{ pb}$ (35 pb^{-1})
 - ATLAS, mumu: $\sigma(Z' \rightarrow ttX) < 2.9 - 4.0 \text{ pb}$ (1.6 fb^{-1})
- Relevant in context of Z' models motivated by top-forward-backward asymmetries at Tevatron
 - Both experiments exclude $Z' \rightarrow tt$ production consistent with Tevatron A_{FB} , ruling out this BSM process as an explanation
 - ATLAS also sets limit on xsec for 4-fermion Z' interactions ($m_{Z'} \cong 1 \text{ TeV}/c^2$)



Many thanks to the ATLAS and CMS top and exotica convenors
and thanks to the organizers for this delightful conference!



Backup slides



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Theory references (I)

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Compact Muon Solenoid

CMS Detector

Pixels ✓
Tracker ✓
ECAL ✓
HCAL ✓
Solenoid ✓
Steel Yoke ✓
Muons ✓

STEEL RETURN YOKE
~13000 tonnes

SUPERCONDUCTING SOLENOID
Niobium-titanium coil
carrying ~18000 A

HADRON CALORIMETER (HCAL)
Brass + plastic scintillator

SILICON TRACKER
Pixels (100 x 150 μm^2)
~1m² 66M channels
Microstrips (50-100 μm)
~210m² 9.6M channels

CRYSTAL ELECTROMAGNETIC CALORIMETER (ECAL)
76k scintillating PbWO₄ crystals

PRESHOWER
Silicon strips
~16m² 137k channels

FORWARD CALORIMETER
Steel + quartz fibres

MUON CHAMBERS
Barrel: 250 Drift Tube & 500 Resistive Plate Chambers
Endcaps: 450 Cathode Strip & 400 Resistive Plate Chambers

Total weight : 14000 tonnes
Overall diameter : 15.0 m
Overall length : 28.7 m
Magnetic field : 3.8 T



A Toroidal Lhc Apparatus

