



# Searches for Rare/BSM Top Decays at the LHC

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# Introduction

- ▶ ATLAS and CMS conduct searches for new physics through deviation of top quark decays from the Standard Model.
- ▶ This presentation will show recent results for rare/BSM top quark decays from ATLAS and CMS, specifically in the search for the **charged Higgs Boson** and **Flavor Changing Neutral Currents (FCNC)**.

## Charged Higgs Boson

Evidence of non-zero branching ratio  
for  $t \rightarrow H^+ b$

### ATLAS

$H \rightarrow c \bar{s}$  channel

$H \rightarrow \tau \nu$  channel

### CMS

$H \rightarrow \tau \nu$  channel

## Rare/BSM Decays: FCNC

Evidence of non-zero branching ratio  
for  $t \rightarrow q(Z/\gamma/g)$  or involving new  
particles

### ATLAS

$t \rightarrow qZ$  and  $gq \rightarrow t$

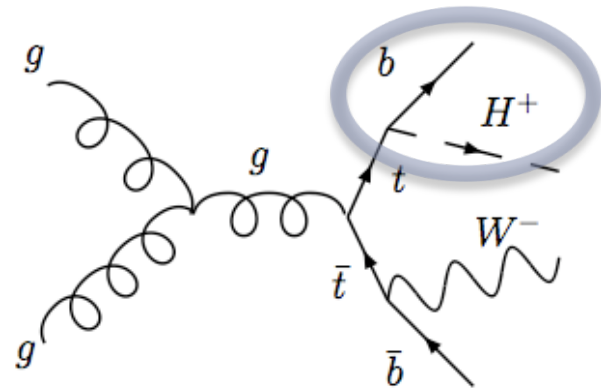
### CMS

$T \rightarrow tZ$

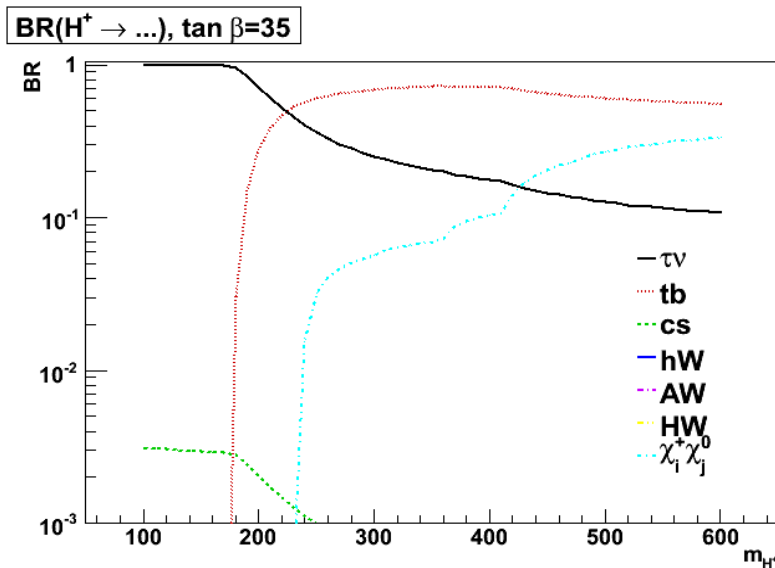
# Search for the Charged Higgs in Top Decays

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- ▶ **In models with two Higgs doublet fields:**
  - ▶ There are 5 physical Higgs bosons ( $A$ ,  $H$ ,  $h$ ,  $H^{+/-}$ )
- ▶ **Models with charged Higgs bosons include:**
  - ▶ SUSY models such as MSSM and some extensions
- ▶ **For a light charged Higgs boson ( $H^+ < m_t$ ), some top pairs will decay to  $H^+bWb$**



# Charged Higgs Decays in the MSSM

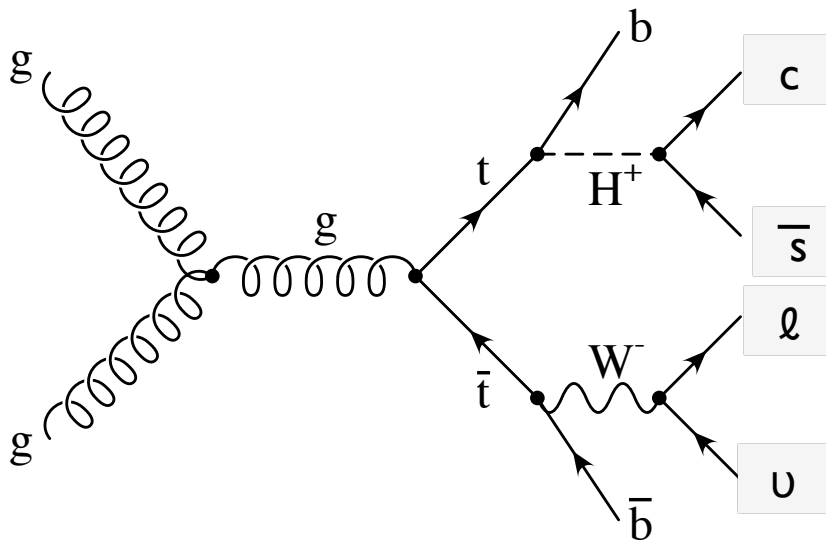


- ▶ At tree level, the Higgs sector of the MSSM is described by **two parameters**:
  - ▶  $m_{H^+}$ , the charged Higgs boson mass
  - ▶  $\tan(\beta)$ , the ratio of the vacuum expectation values.
- ▶ For  **$\tan(\beta) < 1$** ,  $cs$  is an important decay mode
  - ▶  $BR(H^+ \rightarrow cs) \approx 40\%$  for  $m_{H^+} = 130$  GeV
- ▶ For  **$\tan(\beta) > 3$** ,  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$  dominates the decays



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$

- ▶ The analysis searches for a final state the same as the "lepton+jets" final state of top pair decays.
  - ▶ The charged Higgs boson decays into two light jets
  - ▶ The W boson decays into an electron or muon and neutrino



## ▶ *How is this distinguished from SM decays?*

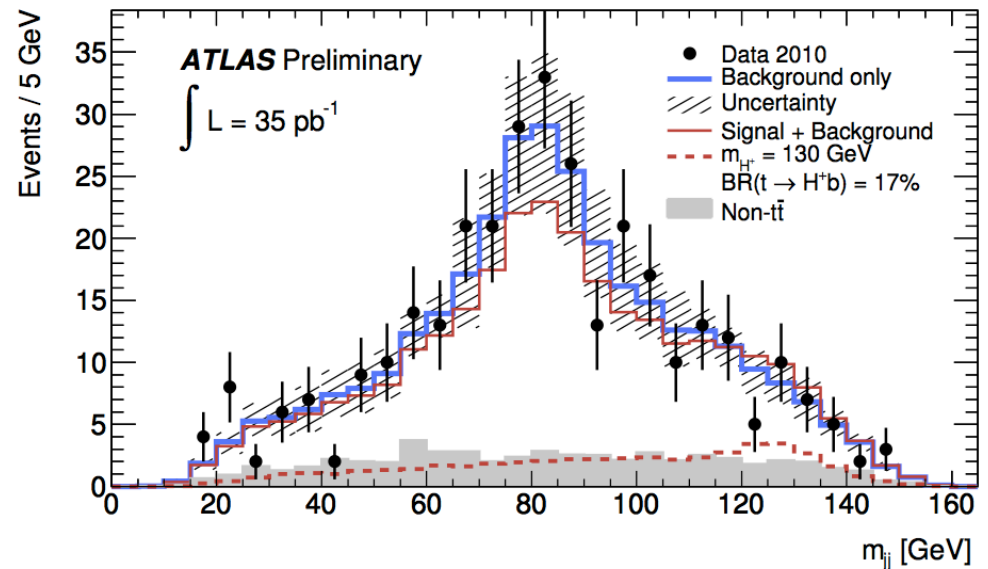
- ▶ 2-jet mass peaks at  $H^+$  mass, not W mass
- ▶ Reduced # of events in "lepton+jets" states (due to fully hadronic  $tt \rightarrow H^+bH^-b$  decay)



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$

## ▶ Event selection for the analysis

- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$  lepton (electron or muon)
- ▶ At least 4 high  $P_t$  jets
- ▶ **High MET** ( $>20/30$  GeV for muon/electron)
- ▶  $M_T(e, \text{MET}) > 25$  GeV for the electron channel
- ▶  $M_T(\mu, \text{MET}) + \text{MET} > 60$  GeV for the muon channel
- ▶ At least **one identified b-jet**, using a secondary vertex algorithm

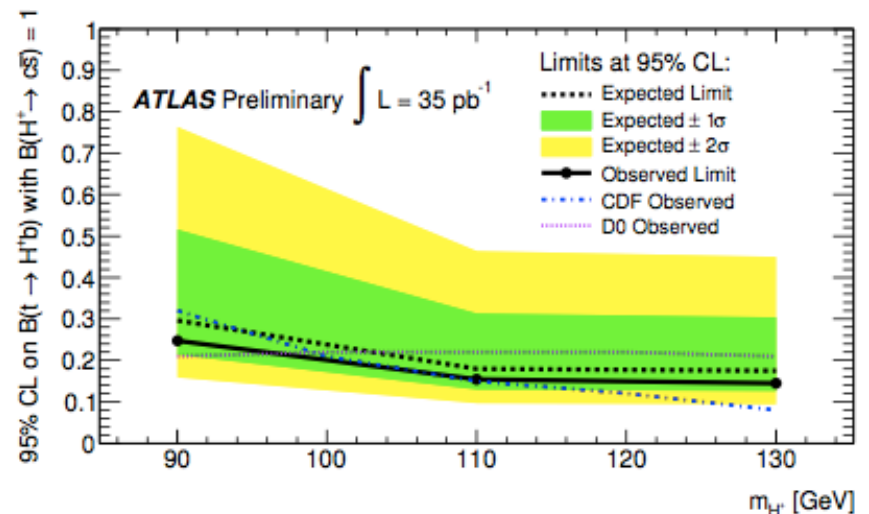




# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow c\bar{s}$

- ▶ Most background is from **SM  $t\bar{t}$** , with small contributions from **single top, W/Z+jets, diboson** and **QCD multijets**.
- ▶ The 2 jets from  $H^+$  are identified using a kinematic fitter
  - ▶ The assignment of reconstructed jets are varied
  - ▶ The b-jet + W/H systems are constrained to have the measured top quark mass within  $\sigma_{\text{top}} = 1.5 \text{ GeV}$
  - ▶ The best combination is found by minimizing a  $\chi^2$  for each assignment.
- ▶ **Limits were calculated using  $CL_s$  procedures**

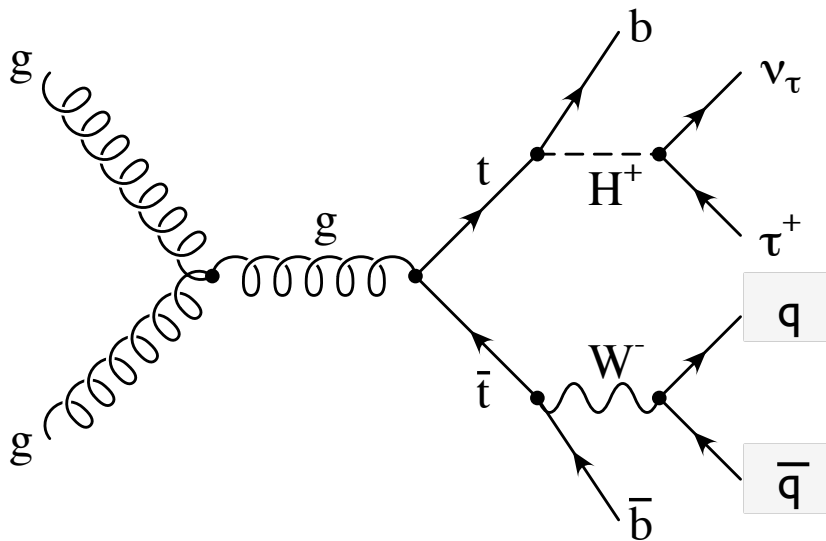
Source	# of Events (stat+syst)	
Channel	Muon	Electron
Data	193	130
SM $t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+bW^-\bar{b}$	$156^{+24}_{-29}$	$106^{+16}_{-20}$
W/Z + jets	$17 \pm 6$	$9 \pm 3$
Single top	$7 \pm 1$	$5 \pm 1$
Diboson	$0.30 \pm 0.02$	$0.20 \pm 0.02$
QCD multijet	$11 \pm 4$	$6 \pm 3$
<b>Total Expected (SM)</b>	$191^{+26}_{-30}$	$127^{+17}_{-21}$
$\mathcal{B}(t \rightarrow H^+b) = 10\%$ :		
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow H^+bW^-\bar{b}$	$20^{+3}_{-4}$	$14^{+2}_{-2}$
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow W^+bW^-\bar{b}$	$127^{+19}_{-23}$	$86^{+13}_{-16}$
<b>Total Expected (<math>\mathcal{B} = 10\%</math>)</b>	$181^{+21}_{-25}$	$120^{+14}_{-17}$





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$

- ▶ The most recent result for Charged Higgs from ATLAS is in the channel  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ .
- ▶ This analysis searches for the "tau+jets" final state.
  - ▶ The  $H^+$  decays into a **hadronically-decaying  $\tau$  lepton**
  - ▶ The  $W$  boson decays into light quarks



## ▶ *What would give evidence for BSM physics?*

- ▶ In many scenarios,  $BR(H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu) \approx 100\%$ .
- ▶ An excess in "tau+jets" events over SM expectation could indicate a nonzero  $BR(t \rightarrow H^+ b)$





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \text{ } \bar{u}$

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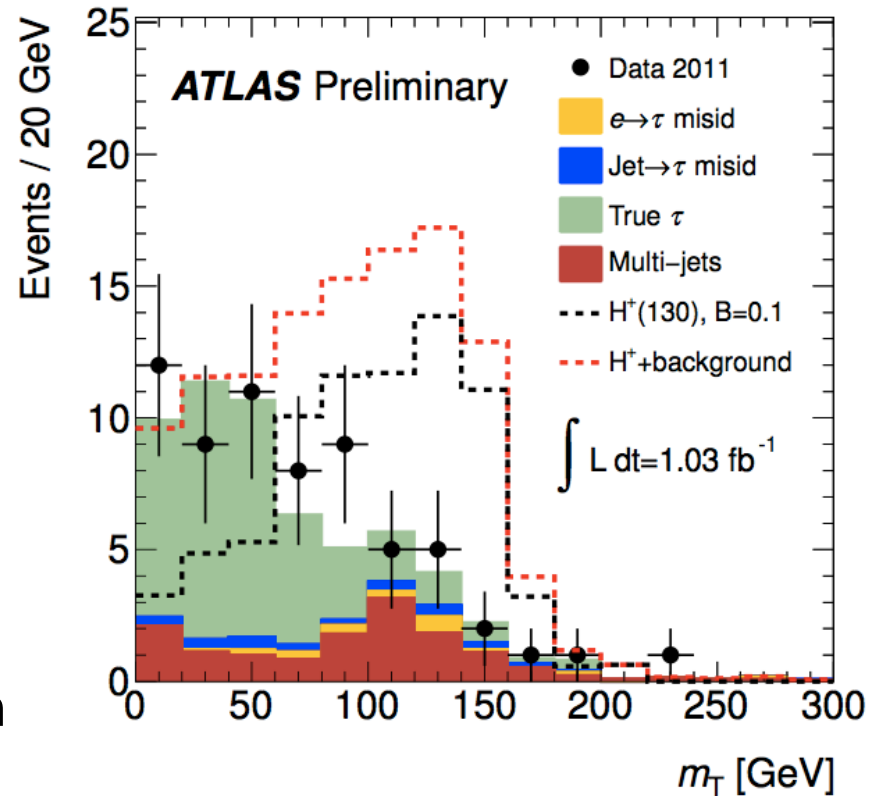
## ▶ Event selection for the analysis

- ▶ At least **four high  $P_t$  jets**
- ▶ Exactly **one high  $P_t$  hadronic  $\tau$**
- ▶ No identified electrons or muons
- ▶  $MET > 40 \text{ GeV}$
- ▶ MET Significance,  $\frac{MET}{0.5\sqrt{\Sigma E_T}} > 8 \text{ GeV}^{1/2}$
- ▶ Reconstructed mass of the highest  $P_t$  combination of qq $\bar{b}$  satisfies  $120 \text{ GeV} < M(\text{qq}\bar{b}) < 240 \text{ GeV}$



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$

- ▶ The final discriminating variable of the analysis, used in the limit setting process, is  $M_T(\tau, \text{MET})$ .
  - ▶ In the case of the SM background, this is related to the  $W$  boson mass
  - ▶ In the case of the BSM signal, this is related to the charged Higgs boson mass
- ▶ Background contributions in the  $M_T(\tau, \text{MET})$  distribution are from data-driven methods



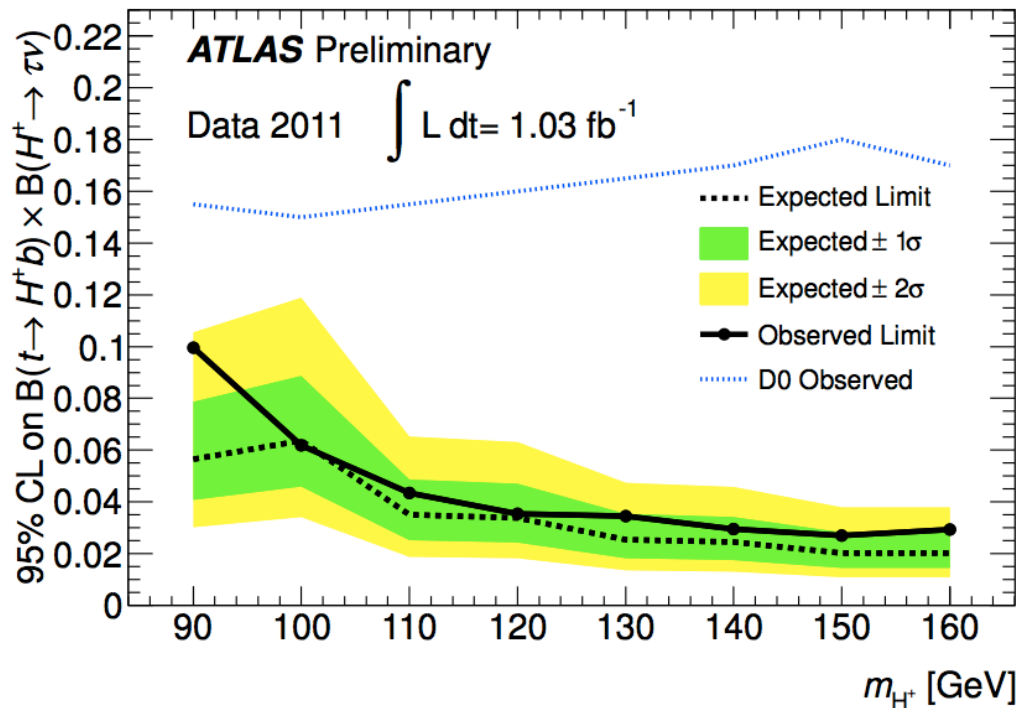
Events From:

	true $\tau$ jets	jet $\rightarrow \tau$ mis-id	$e \rightarrow \tau$ mis-id	multi-jet	expected (sum)	data
$m_T > 40 \text{ GeV}$	$21 \pm 5$	$2.4 \pm 0.7$	$1.9 \pm 0.2$	$12 \pm 5$	$37 \pm 7$	43



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$

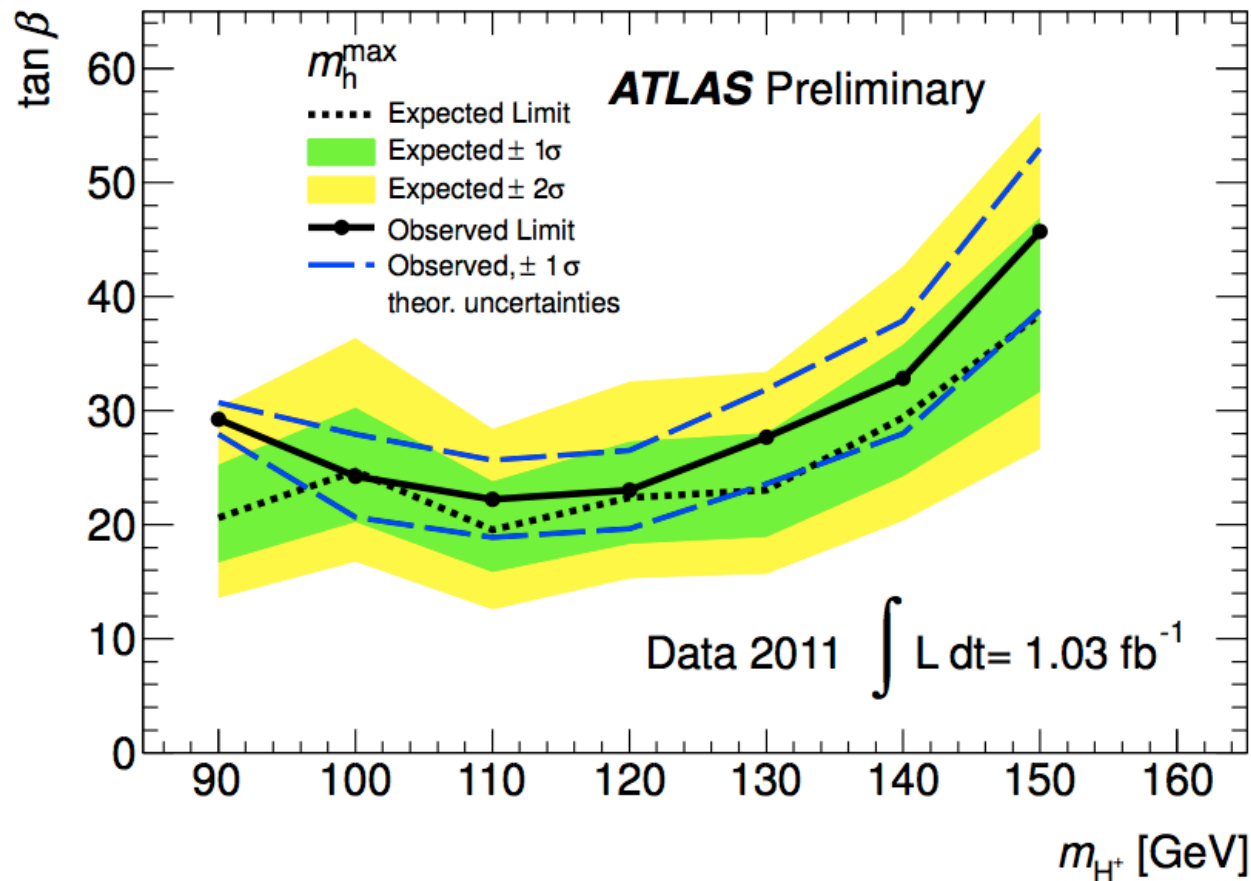
- ▶ Exclusion limits are set on the product of the branching ratios  **$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow bH^+) \times \text{BR}(H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu)$** , by rejecting the signal hypothesis at the 95% confidence level applying the  $\text{CL}_s$  procedure.
- ▶ Systematic uncertainties in shape and normalisation are incorporated via nuisance parameters.





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$

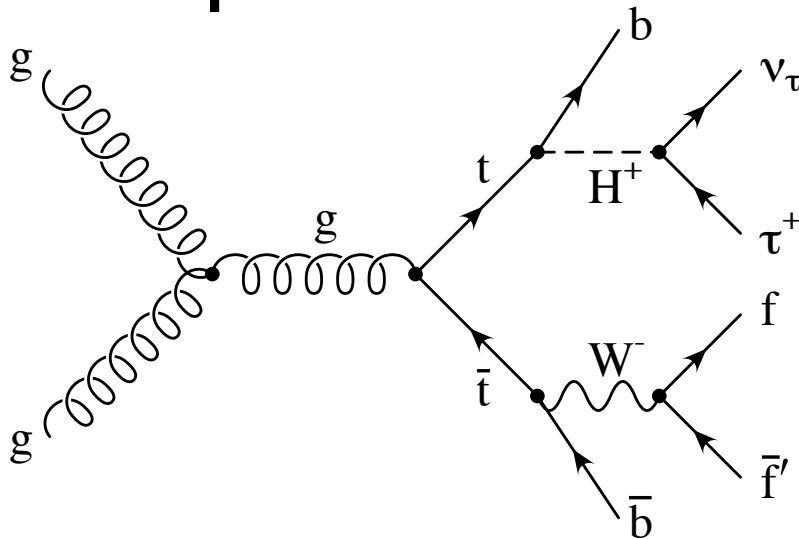
- ▶ Exclusion limits are also set on the  $m_{H^+}$ - $\tan(\beta)$  plane of the  $m_h$ -max scenario of the MSSM.





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$

- ▶ The CMS search for charged Higgs from top quark decays focuses on three channels.
- ▶ One channel is a decay with an electron, muon, b-jets and associated neutrinos in the final state.
- ▶ In two channels,  $H^+$  decays into a **hadronically-decaying  $\tau$  lepton**. The channels are defined by the  $W$  boson decay:



- ▶  $W$  boson decays into a muon (“ $\mu + \tau$ ”)
- ▶  $W$  boson decays into quarks (“fully hadronic”)

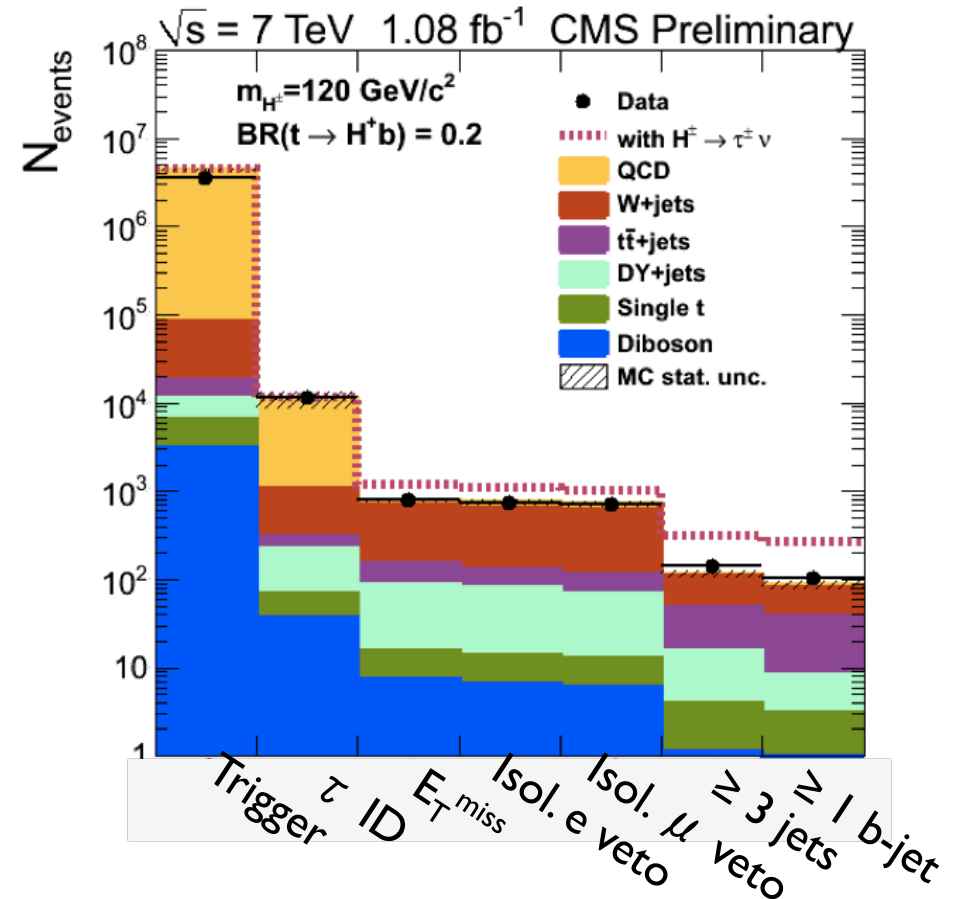
▶ **BSM physics would be indicated by an excess of events in “ $H^+$ ” channels or a lack of events in the SM channel.**



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “Fully Hadronic” Channel

## ▶ Event selection

- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$  hadronic  $\tau$
- ▶ At least 3 high  $P_t$  jets
- ▶ At least one b-tagged jet
- ▶ No identified leptons ( $e/\mu$ )
- ▶  $MET > 70$  GeV

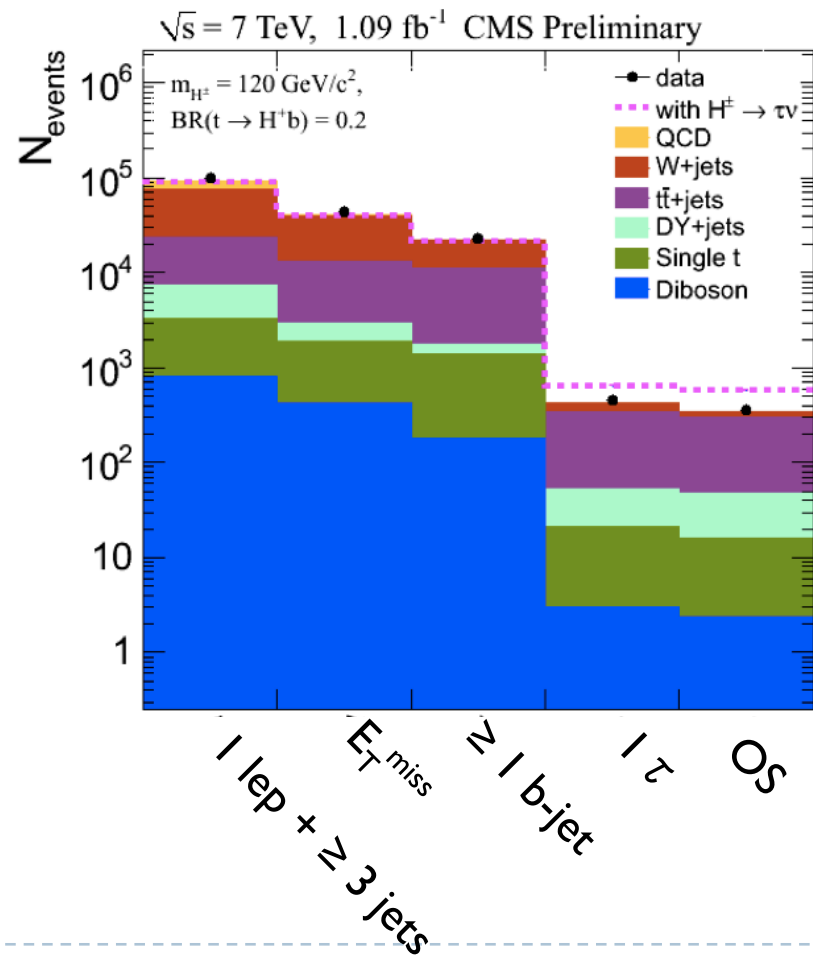




# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “ $\mu + \tau$ ” Channel

## ▶ Event selection

- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$  hadronic  $\tau$
- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$   $\mu$
- ▶ At least 2 high  $P_t$  jets
- ▶ At least one b-tagged jet
- ▶ MET > 40 GeV





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “ $\mu + \tau$ ” and “Fully Hadronic” Channel

## ► Results for the “Fully Hadronic” Channel

Source	$N_{\text{events}} \pm \text{stat.} \pm \text{syst.}$
HH+HW, $m_{H^\pm} = 120 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ , BR=0.2	$121 \pm 6 \pm 39$
QCD multi-jets	$7.5 \pm 0.5$ (stat.+syst)
EWK+ $t\bar{t}$ $\tau$	$71 \pm 5 \pm 16$
EWK+ $t\bar{t}$ $\tau$ fakes	$3.5 \pm 0.8 \pm 1.0$
Total expected from the SM	$82 \pm 5 \pm 16$
Data	104

## ► Results for the “ $\mu + \tau$ ” Channel

Source	$N_{\text{events}} \pm \text{stat.} \pm \text{syst.}$
HH+HW, $m_{H^+} = 120 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ , BR=0.2	$323 \pm 8.7 \pm 67$
$\tau$ fakes	$163.0 \pm 9.7 \pm 17.3$
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow WbWb \rightarrow \ell\nu b \tau\nu b$	$152.7 \pm 2.8 \pm 35.0$
$t\bar{t} \rightarrow WbWb \rightarrow \ell\nu b \ell\nu b$	$13.2 \pm 0.8 \pm 3.5$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ee, \mu\mu$	$0.7 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.5$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$	$30.9 \pm 3.6 \pm 6.0$
Single top	$13.8 \pm 0.7 \pm 2.1$
VV	$2.4 \pm 0.2 \pm 0.4$
Total expected from the SM	$376.7 \pm 10.8 \pm 39.7$
Data	361

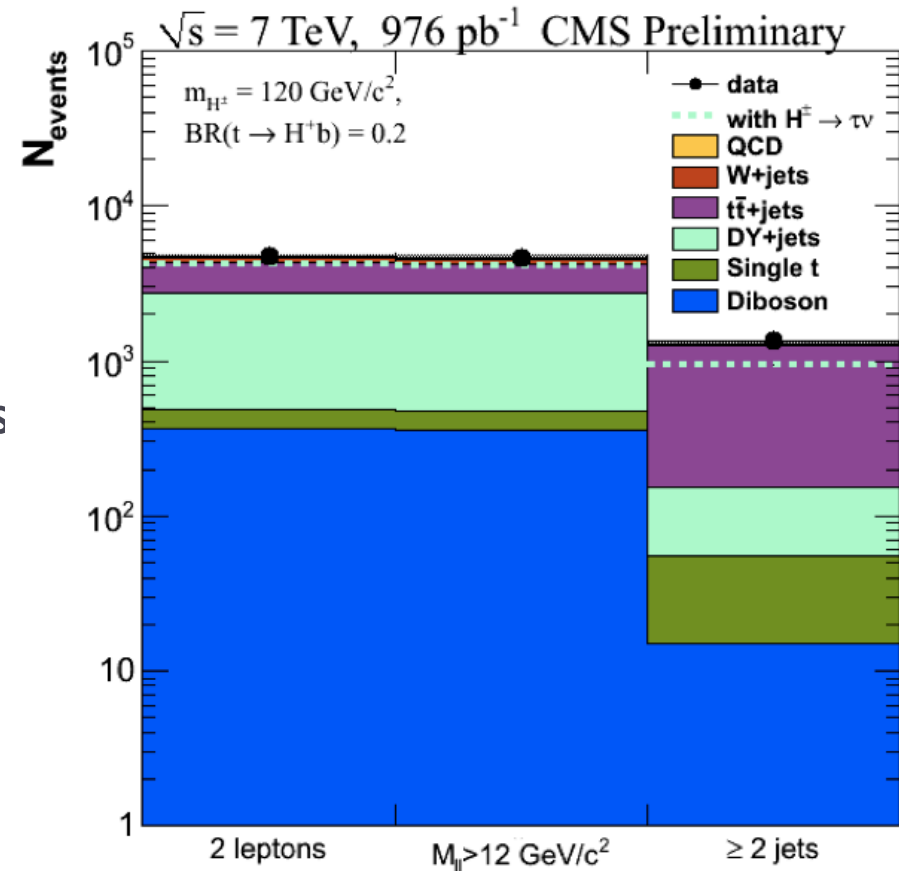




# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “ $\mu + e$ ” Channel

## ▶ Event selection

- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$   $e$
- ▶ Exactly one high  $P_t$   $\mu$
- ▶ At least 2 high  $P_t$  jets, separated from the leptons
- ▶  $M_{ll} > 12 \text{ GeV}/c^2$





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “ $\mu + e$ ” Channel

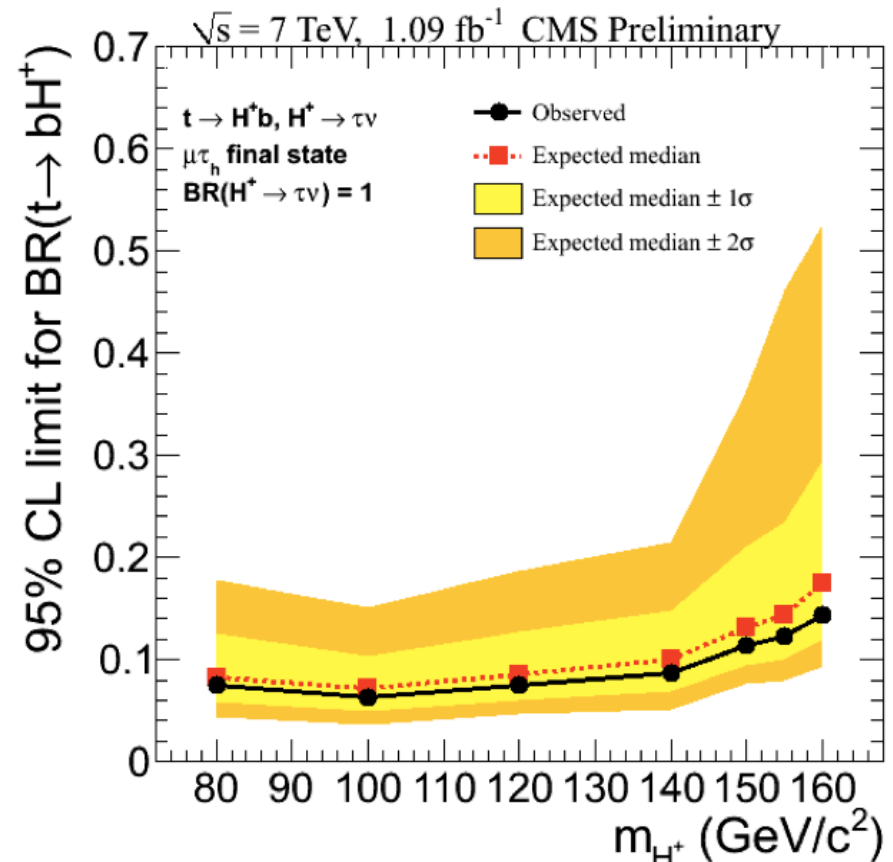
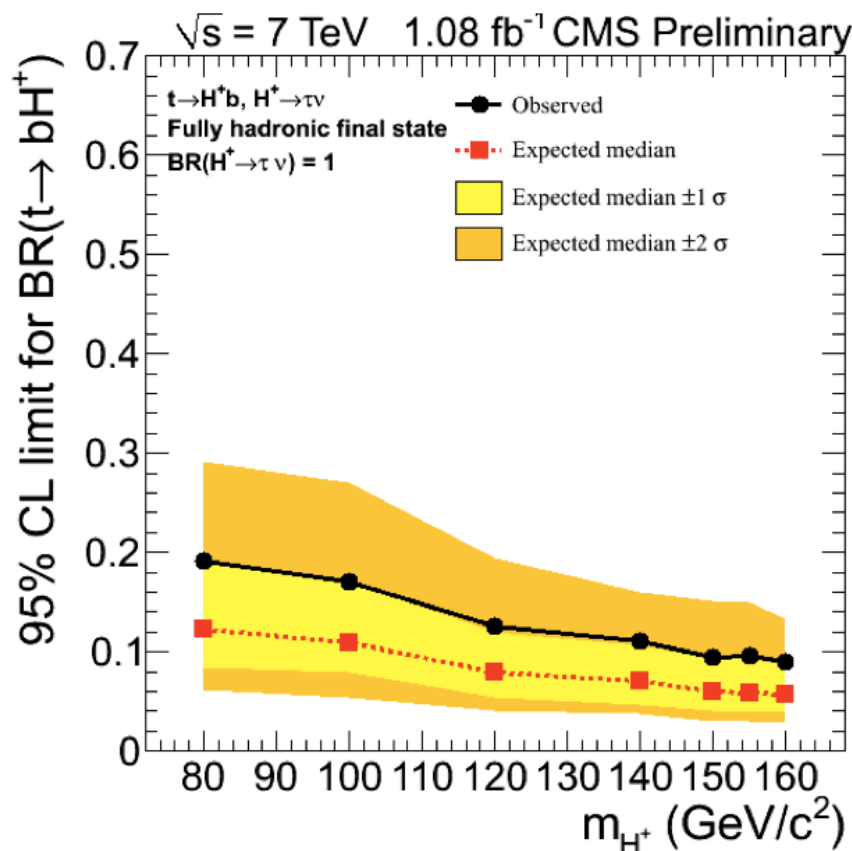
- ▶ The resulting event numbers are:

Source	$N_{\text{events}} \pm \text{stat.} \pm \text{syst.}$
HH+HW, $m_{H^+}=120 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ , BR=0.2	$219 \pm 7 \pm 43$
$t\bar{t}$	$1094 \pm 6 \pm 219$
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow ll$	$98 \pm 3 \pm 12$
W+jets	$18 \pm 3 \pm 2$
Single top	$40 \pm 1 \pm 4$
VV	$14.7 \pm 0.4 \pm 1$
Total expected from SM	$1264 \pm 7 \pm 219$
Data	1340



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , CMS

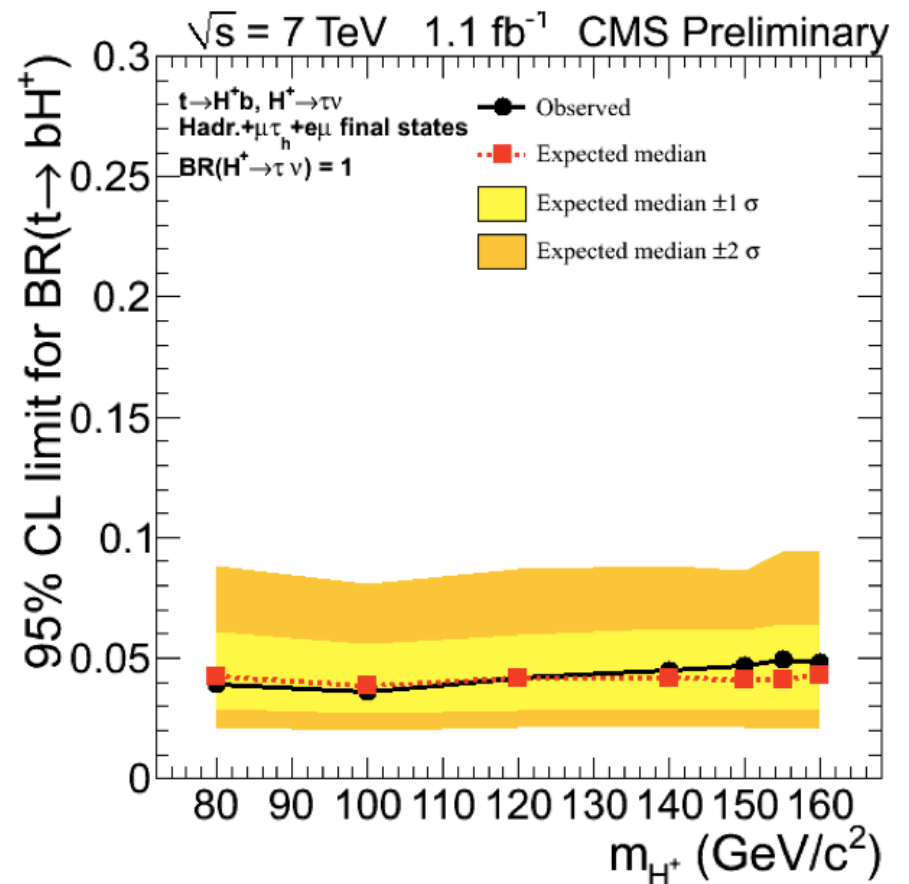
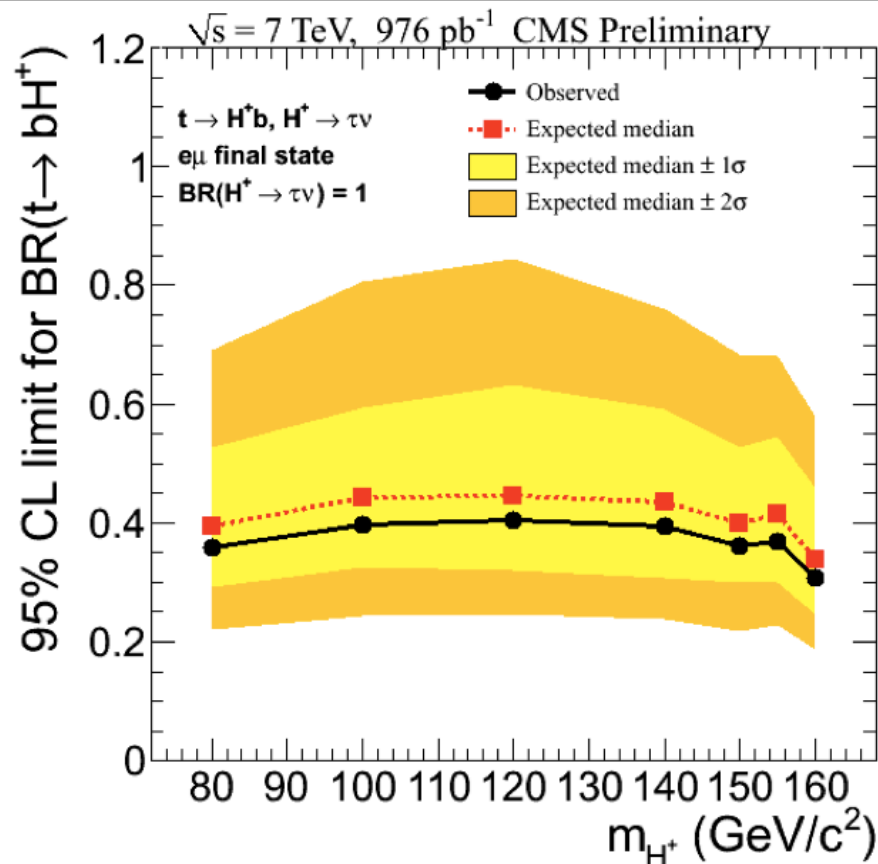
- ▶ Limits on  $BR(t \rightarrow H^+ b)$  for the “fully hadronic” and “ $\mu + \tau$ ” channels





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , CMS

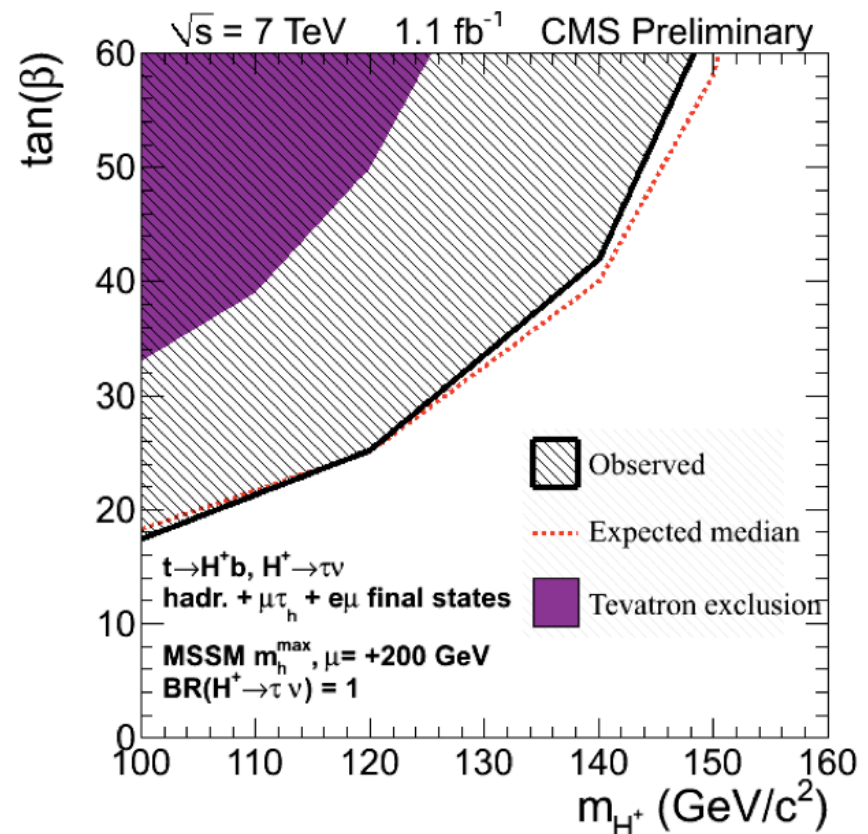
- ▶ Limits on  $BR(t \rightarrow H^+ b)$  for the “ $\mu + e$ ” channel and the combined limit of all channels.





# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , CMS

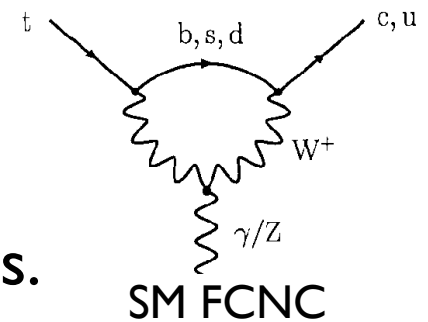
- ▶ A CLs method is used to obtain the upper limit at 95% C.L. on the excess (lack) of the events compared to the Standard Model expectation.
- ▶ To the right is the resulting limit of the combined analysis on the  $m_{H^+}$ - $\tan(\beta)$  plane of the MSSM  $m_h$ -max scenario



# Search for Flavor Changing Neutral Currents (FCNC) in Top Decays

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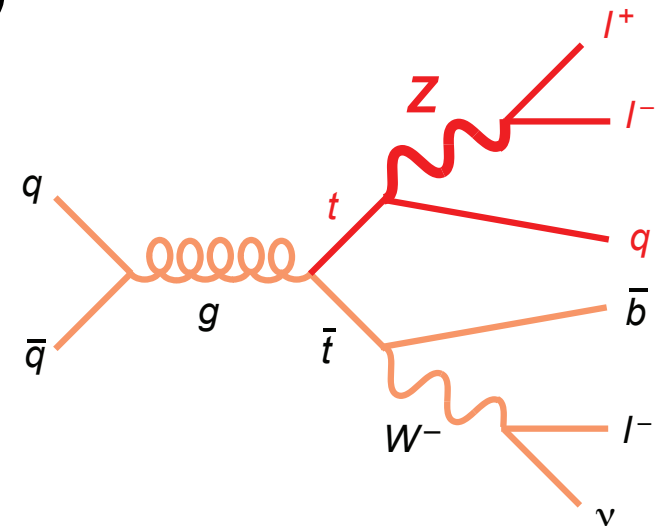
- ▶ Top quark FCNC are **absent at tree-level** in the Standard Model, and are **highly suppressed** by the GIM mechanism.
  - ▶ They are only present in the SM through loop corrections.
- ▶ Several BSM physics models predict **higher branching ratios** for FCNC top quark decays.
  - ▶ Quark-Singlet Models, Two-Higgs-Doublet Models, MSSM, SUSY with R-parity violation, Topcolour-assisted Technicolour.
- ▶ Possible channels for top quark FCNC are:
  - ▶  $t \rightarrow Z q$
  - ▶  $t \rightarrow g q$
  - ▶  $t \rightarrow \gamma q$





## Top Quark FCNC - $t \rightarrow Z q$

- ▶ One channel in the ATLAS search for FCNC in top quark decays consists of:
  - ▶ One top decaying into a  $Wb$ , the dominant SM mode
  - ▶ One top decaying via  $t \rightarrow Z q$
- ▶ To reduce QCD multi-jet and  $W$ +jets backgrounds, only the case where both the  $Z$  boson and the  $W$  boson decay leptonically ( $Z \rightarrow ee / \mu \mu, W \rightarrow e \nu / \mu \nu$ ) are considered.
- ▶ **Thus, the signal contains:**
  - ▶ 3 isolated leptons
  - ▶ 2 jets
  - ▶ Missing Transverse Energy

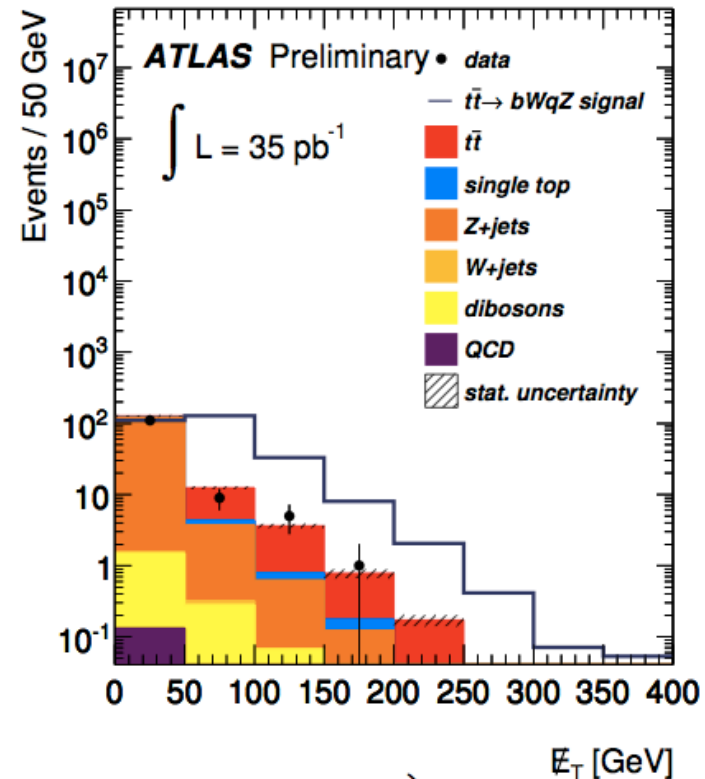




# Top Quark FCNC - $t \rightarrow Z q$

## ▶ Event selection

- ▶ Exactly **3 leptons**
  - ▶ Two of same flavor and opposite charge
- ▶ At least **2 jets**
- ▶ MET > 20 GeV
- ▶ No identified photons
  
- ▶ Plot shows MET distribution, after all selection except only requiring 2 leptons.







## Top Quark FCNC - $t \rightarrow Z q$

- ▶ The results after the event selection are consistent with SM expectations

- ▶ No evidence for the top decay  $t \rightarrow qZ$  is found

- ▶ Limits on the BR( $t \rightarrow qZ$ ) are calculated using a modified frequentist likelihood method, and the results are shown in the table below.

Selection Channel	Final selection	
	$e$	$\mu$
$W$ +jets	$0.00 \pm 0.08$	$0.00 \pm 0.08$
$Z$ +jets	$0.10 \pm 0.08$	$0.02 \pm 0.01$
Dibosons	$0.08 \pm 0.01$	$0.11 \pm 0.01$
$t\bar{t}$	$0.05 \pm 0.02$	$0.04 \pm 0.02$
Single-top	$0.00 \pm 0.00$	$0.00 \pm 0.00$
Expected background	$0.23 \pm 0.11$	$0.17 \pm 0.08$
Data	0	1
Signal Efficiency	$(8.53 \pm 0.09)\%$	$(11.96 \pm 0.11)\%$

	observed	$(-1\sigma)$	expected	$(+1\sigma)$
with systematics	17%	9%	12%	16%



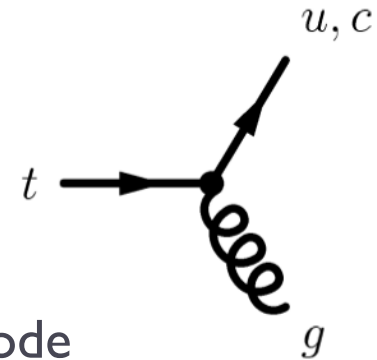
## Top Quark FCNC - $gq \rightarrow t$

- ▶ ATLAS also searches for the  $t \rightarrow gq$  neutral current. This channel is observed through top quark production ( $gq \rightarrow t$ ), where:

- ▶ The top quark decays into  $Wb$ , the dominant SM mode
- ▶ The  $W$  decays leptonically ( $e$  or  $\mu$  and associated neutrino)

- ▶ **The event selection requires:**

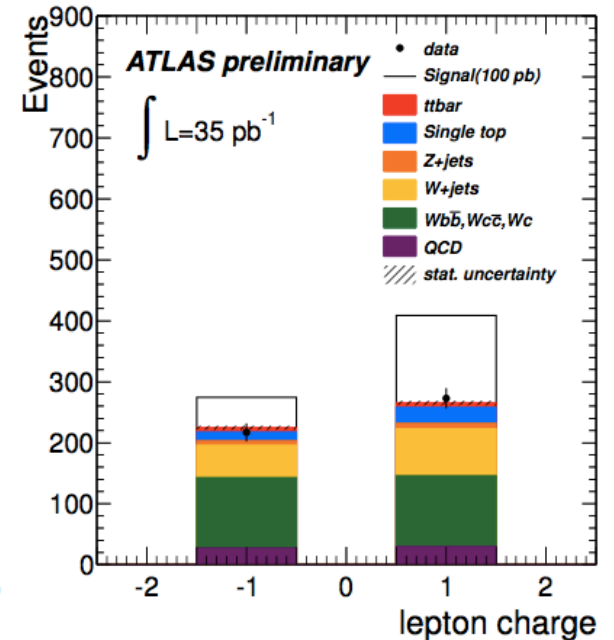
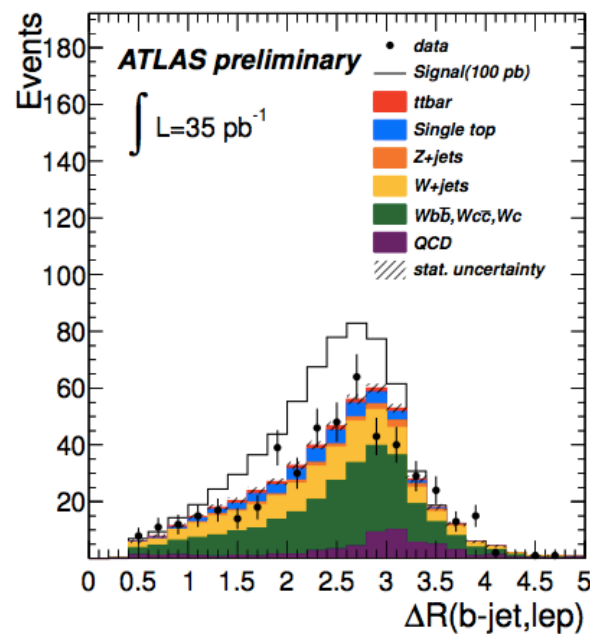
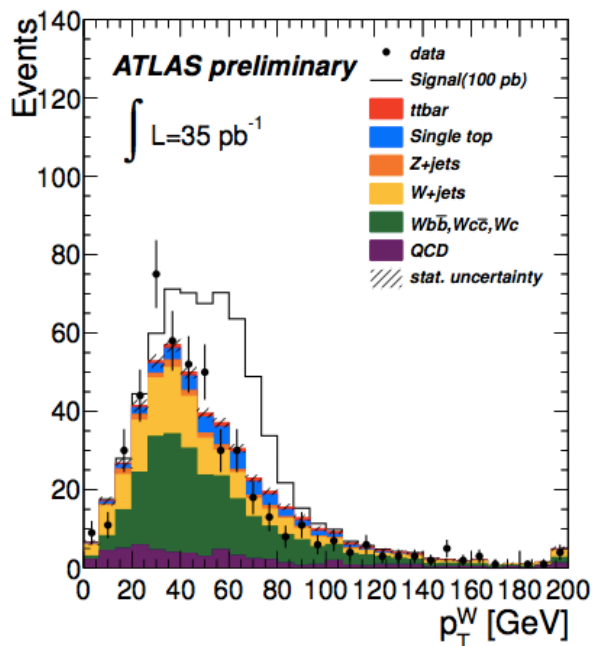
- ▶ One high  $P_t$  lepton
- ▶ One tagged b-jet
- ▶ Electron channel
  - ▶  $MET > 35$  GeV
  - ▶ Transverse  $W$  mass  $> 60$  GeV (to reduce QCD multijets)
- ▶ Muon channel
  - ▶  $MET > 20$  GeV
  - ▶ Transverse  $W$  mass  $> 25$  GeV





## Top Quark FCNC - $gq \rightarrow t$

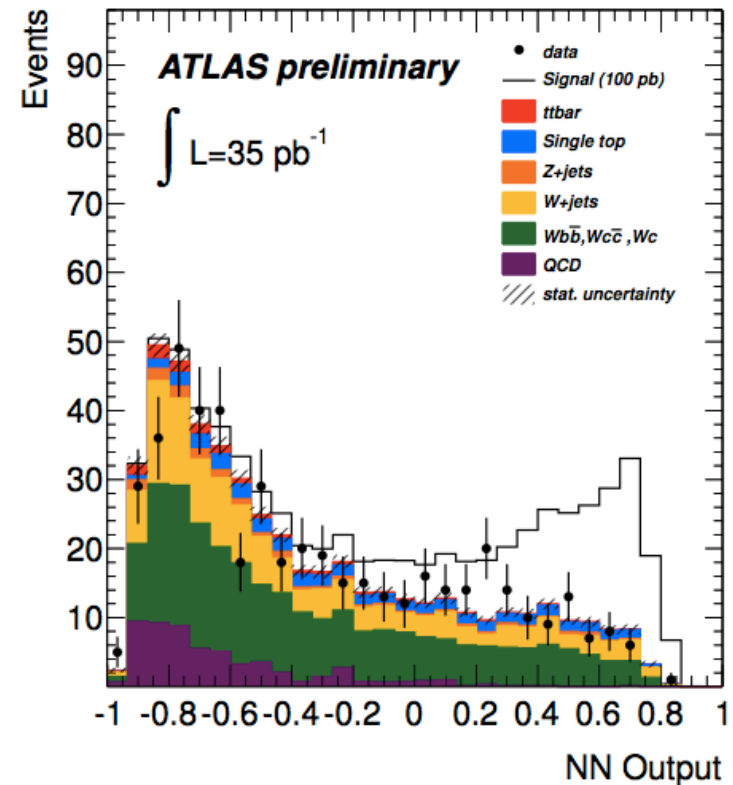
- ▶ A neural network package is used to separate signal and background events.
- ▶ This neural network uses 13 variables, and the three most discriminating are pictured below after the full event selection.





## Top Quark FCNC - $gq \rightarrow t$

- ▶ No evidence for FCNC in single top quarks is observed.
- ▶ An upper limit is set on the cross-section using a Bayesian method, with systematics as nuisance parameters.
  - ▶ The limit is estimated using 10,000 pseudo-experiments
  - ▶ It is defined by the mean of the resulting distribution of the upper limit of each pseudo-experiment.



	expected			observed
	$(-1\sigma)$	median	$(+1\sigma)$	
with all systematics	12.0 pb	17.4 pb	25.6 pb	17.3 pb



## Top Quark FCNC - $T \rightarrow tZ$

- ▶ In a slightly different search for top quark FCNC, CMS searches for  $T \rightarrow tZ$
- ▶ ***The decay chain is  $pp \rightarrow TT \rightarrow tZtZ \rightarrow bbW^+W^-ZZ$ .***

- ▶ **Event Selection:**

- ▶ Two leptons from a Z-decay
  - ▶ Opposite sign, same flavor
  - ▶  $60 < M_{ll} < 120 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
- ▶ A third isolated lepton
- ▶ At least 2 jets
- ▶ Total  $P_t$  of leptons and jets, excluding the leading two of each,  $> 80 \text{ GeV}/c$

- ▶ ***T is a top-like quark***

- ▶ It is expected in composite Higgs models, Little Higgs models, and models with extra dimensions.
- ▶ It is a vector-like quark of charge 2/3
- ▶ It could have tree-level FCNC couplings, and may preferentially decay to  $tZ$ .



# Top Quark FCNC - $T \rightarrow tZ$

- ▶ The background with three real leptons is estimated from simulated events.
- ▶ The background with two real leptons is estimated using a data driven method.

Process	Cross-section (pb)	$\epsilon$ [%]	Yield
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 250 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	20.5 (NLO)	$14.5 \pm 3.0$	30.4
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 300 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	7.29 (NLO)	$24.6 \pm 5.0$	18.4
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 350 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	2.94 (NLO)	$29.9 \pm 6.8$	8.99
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 400 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	1.30 (NLO)	$30.3 \pm 6.9$	4.03
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 450 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0.617 (NLO)	$33.8 \pm 7.7$	2.13
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 500 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0.310 (NLO)	$34.4 \pm 7.9$	1.09
$T\bar{T}, M(T) = 550 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0.162 (NLO)	$33.6 \pm 7.9$	0.56
$t\bar{t} + \text{jets}$	158 (CMS)	$(2.6 \pm 2.0) \times 10^{-4}$	0.08
$Z + \text{jets}$	$2.9 \times 10^3$ (CMS)	$(6.3 \pm 5.4) \times 10^{-5}$	0.35
WZ inclusive	18.0 (NLO)	$(3.3 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$	0.12
ZZ inclusive	5.9 (NLO)	$(5.9 \pm 0.6) \times 10^{-3}$	0.07
$t\bar{t} + W + \text{jet}$	0.144 (LO)	$(1.3 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-2}$	0.004
$t\bar{t} + Z + \text{jet}$	0.094 (LO)	$(5.4 \pm 1.3) \times 10^{-1}$	0.10
Expected background from simulated samples			0.71
Background with two real leptons (data-driven)			$0.45 \pm 0.28$
Background with three real leptons (simulated)			$0.28 \pm 0.11$
Sum (estimated background)			$0.73 \pm 0.31$
Data ( $191 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ )			0

## ▶ Data Driven Method

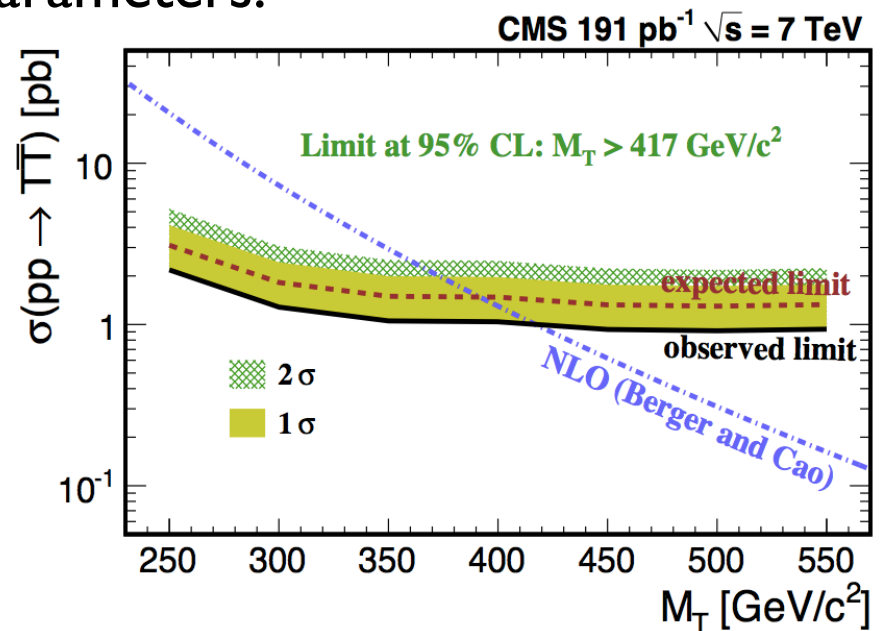
- ▶ The **efficiency** of identifying leptons with the **regular** object selection vs. a **loosened** selection criteria is measured from data.
- ▶ This efficiency is applied to data events with **two regular leptons** and one lepton that passes the loosened selection to estimate the background.



# Top Quark FCNC - $T \rightarrow tZ$

- ▶ The results are consistent with contributions from SM processes.
- ▶ The upper limit on the cross section is calculated using a Bayesian method with flat priors and a log-normal model for integration over the nuisance parameters.

- ▶ Comparing the upper limit on the cross section with the NLO calculated cross sections with respect to  $T$  mass, a limit of  $m_T > 417 \text{ GeV}/c^2$  is obtained.



# Conclusions

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- ▶ ATLAS and CMS have set strong exclusion limits on the branching ratio of  $t \rightarrow H^+ b$  using the  $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$  channel
  - ▶ 0.03-0.1 for ATLAS (depending on  $m_{H^+}$ )
  - ▶ 0.04-0.05 for CMS (depending on  $m_{H^+}$ )
- ▶ For the charged Higgs boson have also ruled out a large region of parameter space in the  $m_{H^+}$ - $\tan(\beta)$  plane of the  $m_h$ -max scenario of the MSSM.
- ▶ ATLAS has also set limits on  $BR(t \rightarrow H^+ b)$  for the channel  $H^+ \rightarrow cs$ 
  - ▶ 0.14-0.25 (depending on  $m_{H^+}$ )
- ▶ For FCNC, ATLAS has shown  $BR(t \rightarrow qZ) < 17\%$ , and set an upper limit of 17.3 pb on the production cross section of  $gq \rightarrow t$ .
- ▶ CMS has set upper limits on the cross section of the FCNC process  $T \rightarrow tZ$ , and set a lower bound on  $m_T > 417 \text{ GeV}/c^2$ .
  
- ▶ With the current rate of data taking, major discoveries or exclusions from top quark decays may be just around the corner!



# Backup

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# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , Background Estimation

- ▶ The major SM backgrounds to the analysis have been estimated using almost completely data-driven methods.
- ▶ The backgrounds can be broken up into those from:

## **Correctly identified $\tau$ leptons (mostly SM $t\bar{t}$ , some $W$ +jets, single top, diboson):**

Estimated by identifying  $\mu$ +jets events in collision data and “embedding” simulated  $\tau$  signatures in place of the  $\mu$ .

## **QCD multijet events:**

Estimated by using a template fitting method, using a defined “orthogonal selection” as a model of the shape of the multijet distribution.

## **Electrons misidentified as $\tau$ leptons ( $Z \rightarrow ee$ , some $t\bar{t}$ ):**

Scale factor, defined by calculated misidentification probability in  $Z \rightarrow ee$  from simulation and data, applied to simulated events.

## **Jets misidentified as $\tau$ leptons ( $W$ +jets, some $t\bar{t}$ ):**

Misidentification probability measured from  $Y$ +jets events in data and applied to simulated events.



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “Fully Hadronic” Channel, Background Estimation

- ▶ The backgrounds to this channel are separated into three categories:

## Backgrounds from QCD multijet events:

The event selection, except for the MET cut and b-tag requirement, are applied to data. The fraction of QCD in this data sample is taken as the difference from the expectation from simulation. The amount of QCD after all cuts is taken as:

$$N^{QCD} = \sum_i N_{presel, i} \times f_{presel, i}^{QCD} \times \epsilon_i^{MET+b}$$

Where ‘i’ refers to binning with respect to the  $\tau P_t$

## Backgrounds with $\tau$ leptons (mostly SM tt, some W+jets, single top, diboson):

Estimated by identifying  $\mu$  +jets events in collision data and “embedding” simulated  $\tau$  signatures in place of the  $\mu$ .

## Backgrounds with fake $\tau$ leptons (Z/W+jets some tt):

Estimation taken from simulated events.



# Charged Higgs Search: $H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$ , “ $\mu + \tau$ ” Channel, Background Estimation

- ▶ The backgrounds to this channel are separated into two categories:

## Backgrounds from events with fake $\tau$ leptons

Estimated using data driven fake rates. Two misidentification probabilities are calculated, one from a region **rich in QCD multijets**, the other in a region **rich with W+jets**.

The number of fakes before requiring  $\mu$  and  $\tau$  have opposite sign charge is:

$$N^{\tau \text{ fakes}} = \frac{\sum_i^N \sum_j^n w_{W+jets, i}^j + \sum_i^N \sum_j^n w_{QCD, i}^j}{2}$$

where  $i$  is the event index and  $j$  is the jet index.

The total number of events is calculated by multiplying  $N^{\tau \text{ fakes}}$  by the efficiency of the  $\mu / \tau$  **opposite sign cut**, taken from simulation.

## Backgrounds from events with $\tau$ leptons:

Estimation taken from simulated events.