

H8: DRD6 IDEA DRC (Korean Team)

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On behalf of the Korea Dual-Readout Calorimeter Collaboration (DRD6 IDEA DRC Korea Group)

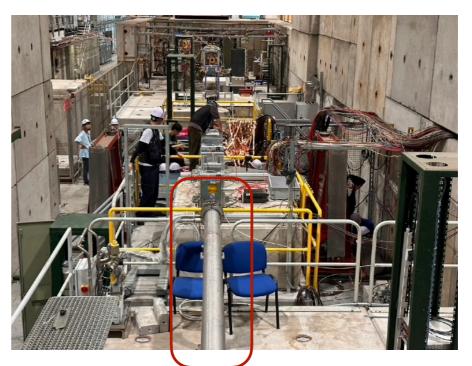
Aug. 15, 2024

DRD6 IDEA DRC Korean Team



 We have installed our calorimeter modules on the sapphire table. We also installed the DAQ system. Beam pipe also installed yesterday.





- We requested an electron hadrons muons beam, and Maarten provided beam profile files last night. Thank you Maarten!
- Patrol training was done and we have requested a safety check, which will be done today (we are updating our configurations, 2PM)
- After safety check, we will start our test beam programs!

Backup



Introduction: DRD6 IDEA DRC Korean Team

- The **DRD6 IDEA DRC** team aims to research and develop a dual-readout calorimeter for Future colliders (FCC-ee and so on). The DRD6 IDEA DRC team is composed of teams from Korea, Italy, and the USA
- The DRD6 IDEA DRC Korean Team has been conducting test beams since 2022. In 2022, they conducted test beams at SPS (H8), and in 2023, they performed test beams at PS (T9)

2022 Aug. Test Beam



2023 Jul. Test Beam



 During the upcoming test period (Week 32 to 35), the Korean team will be a main user during Week 33 and 34, and will share the Week 32 with EU team for various experimental setup tests

Plans of Korea Team



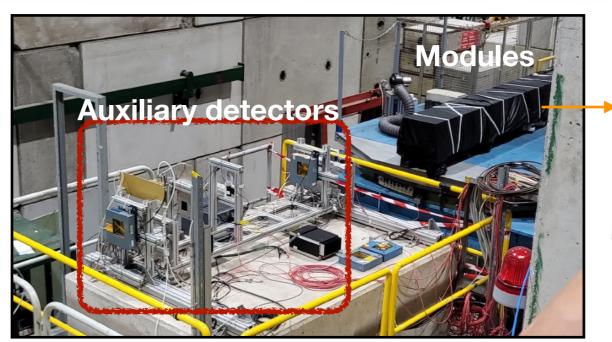
Weekly plan

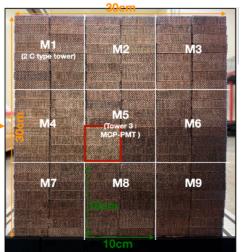
Week	c Description	Details
32	Install detector and DAQ system	Install auxiliary detectors(DWC, trigger, Cerenkov counter PS, Neutron counter, tail counter, Moun counter) & DRC modules & setup DAQ system - Test DAQ & modules with parasitic beam
33	Perform main test beam programs	- Calibration & EM performance & Hadronic performance and so on
34	Perform main test beam programs	- Calibration & EM performance & Hadronic performance and so on

Detector Setup for Korean Team

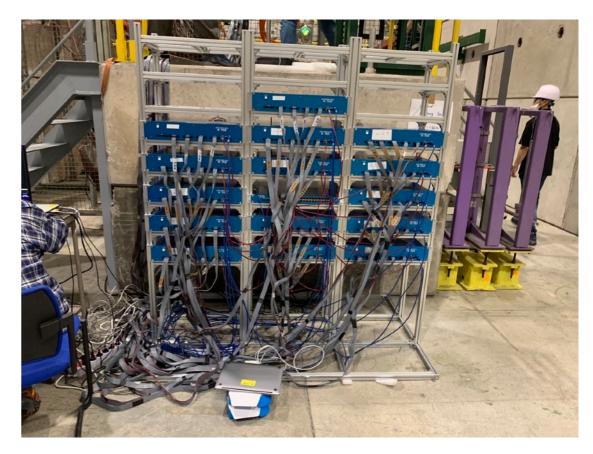


- The DRD6 IDEA DRC Korean team newly built full-size prototype detector
- Our detector modules will be placed on the sapphire table





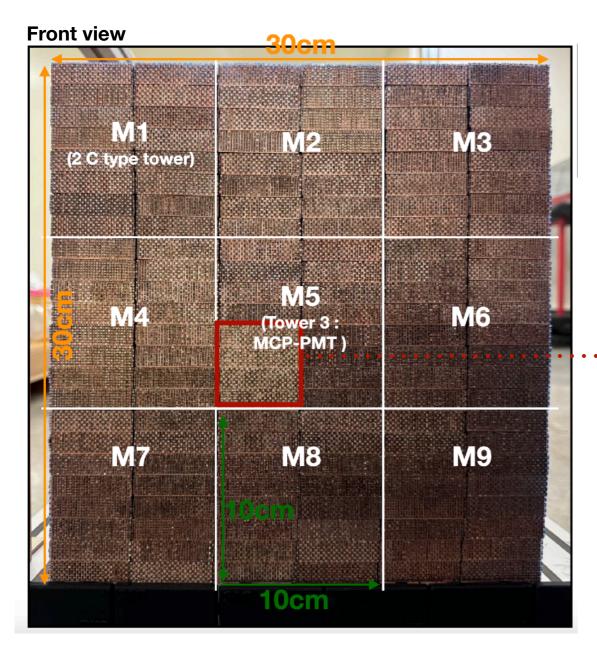
- The DAQ system will be installed behind the concrete block located at the rear of the sapphire table
- The auxiliary detectors (DWC, Triggers, Cerenkov counters, and Preshower detector and so on)will be placed in front of our module
- Beam pipe will be placed in front of auxiliary detectors



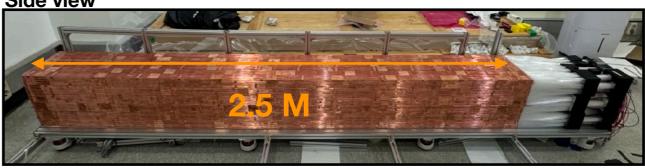
Detector Configuration



- The DRD6 IDEA DRC Korean team aims to research and develop a dual-readout calorimeter. The dual-readout calorimeter consists of copper and two types of optical fibers
 - Our detector is composed of 9 modules
 - Dimension: **30 cm X 2.5 M** (10 λ_{int})
 - Weight: **1.2 t**
 - Detector already arrived at CERN (Jul. 9th)

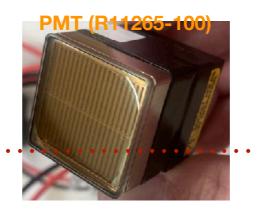


Side view



Readout:

We plan to primarily use PMT (R11265-100), and we will use MCP-PMT (XP85012, XP85112) for M5









Test Beam Programs



- We primarily aim to verify the calibration and the electromagnetic (EM) and hadronic performance of detector. Additionally, we intend to conduct various other programs.
 - Physics programs:
 - Calibration with 20GeV electron beam
 - The EM performance: the energy scan & the uniformity scan
 - The Hadronic performance
 - pions and jets (20 ~ 120 GeV)
 - protons (20 ~120 GeV) without interaction target
 - Additional programs
 - positron resolution measurement & position scan (using MCP-PMT, SiPM)
 - particle identification
 - lateral shower profile measurement
 - light attenuation measurement (pions)
 - Time resolution with the towers that MCP-PMT's and SiPM were equipped
 - 3D shower reconstruction
 - Fiber type test

Requirements



Beam requirement:

- Electron(positron) beams: 6, 10, 20, 30, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV
- Pion beams: 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV
- Proton beams: 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV

Auxiliary detectors:

- Two delay wire chambers
- Cherenkov counters (XCET):
 - 2 counters (August 7 to 28)
 - Gas: helium gas
 - Analog signals to acquisitive with our DAQ system (experimental area)

Setup for TB2022



Delay wire chamber: x,y position measurement



• T1T2+veto: trigger





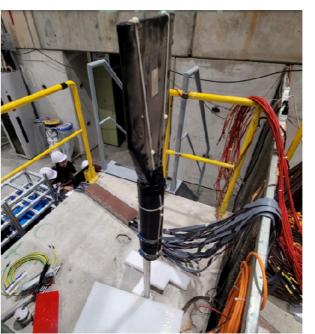
Pre-shower detector: for obtaining various types of particles by shower



Ancillary detectors Unit: cm Delay wire Delay wire Pre-shower T1 T2 Veto chamber chamber detector 51.2 38.6 3.6 74.1 33.1~34.1 Unknown block

216.3 ~ 218

Tale catcher: to detect particles that are through the DRC



 Muon counter: to detect muon



Physics Programs



- 36 tower calibration with 20 GeV (or 40 GeV) electrons (0 deg. (rotation angle), 0 deg. (tilting angle))
- The EM performance
 - the energy scan (6, 10, 20, 30, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV) (1.5 deg., 1.0 deg.)
 - the uniformity scan with 9 points (0 deg., 0 deg.)
- The Hadronic performance (all runs with the interaction target)
 - pions and jets (20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV) (0 deg., 0 deg.) and (1.5 deg., 0 deg)
 - protons (20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV) without interaction target (0 deg., 0 deg.) and (1.5 deg., 0 deg)
- Additional programs
 - positron resolution measurement with electrons of 10, 20, 40, 60, 80, 100, 120 GeV (0, 0 deg.)
 - the center of the matrix
 - MCP-PMT, SiPM
 - position scan (from the center of a tower to another center of a neighbor tower) with electrons
 - particle identification (e, mu, pi) 20, 60, 100, 120 GeV (MCP-PMT, Square PMT, SiPM)
 - lateral shower profile measurement with pions (60 GeV)
 - shower axis: the center tower, the upper left or right corner of the matrix
 - light attenuation measurement (pions)
 - Time resolution with the towers that MCP-PMT's and SiPM were equipped
 - 3D shower reconstruction
 - Fiber type test (PMT equalization with LED (must equalize PMT's with the integrated charge))