

HL-LHC Project – Procurement of high-precision machined components

Hector Garcia Gavela on behalf of the HL-LHC Project

Outline

- 1. HL-LHC upgrade
- 2. Procurement High Precision Machining
- **3.** Return of experience
- 4. Conclusions



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Goal of <u>HL-LHC</u>

From EC-FP7 HiLumi LHC Design Study application of 2010

The main objective of HiLumi LHC Design Study is to determine a hardware configuration and a set





1R and 5R Integration



HL-LHC technology landmarks

No accelerator upgrade project has so many challenging novelties covering such a broad technology spectrum

Technology intensive project!

Major upgrades in P1 and P5, large fraction of LHC will remain unchanged





HL Project Management and Organsiation



- Major upgrade of the iconic LHC machine (mainly but not only at P1 and P5)
- All core technologies and CERN expertises are well represented within the Project
- Industry is heavily involved in the construction of the hardware (60% of the total budget spent in Supply Contracts)



HL-LHC - A truly international collaboration





→ ~1.5 years until start of Long Shutdown 3 (Jul-26) – New dates announced by CERN management in September (starting date Jul-26 and beam back to the machine in mid -2030)
 → 80% of the project budget of ~1.1 BCHF already committed (10% out of the 20% is workforce)
 → Optimization of the present LS3 installation schedule on goingt - H.Garcia Gavela

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HL-LHC Procurement

New schedule under preparation

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HL-LHC Run 1 Run 2 Run 3 Run 4 - 5... LS1 EYETS LS₂ EYETS LS3 13.6 TeV 13.6 - 14 TeV 13 TeV enerav **Diodes Consolidation** splice consolidation LIU Installation cryolimit **HL-LHC** 8 TeV button collimators inner triplet 7 TeV interaction installation Civil Eng. P1-P5 pilot beam radiation limit regions R2E project 2014 2016 2017 2020 2023 2025 2011 2012 2013 2015 2018 2019 2021 2024 2026 2027 2028 2029 2040 5 to 7.5 x nominal Lumi **ATLAS - CMS** upgrade phase 1 ATLAS - CMS experiment HL upgrade beam pipes 2 x nominal Lumi 2 x nominal Lumi ALICE - LHCb nominal Lumi upgrade 75% nominal Lumi LS3 / ELECTROMECHANICS MOCK-UPS / SHORT MODELS/ LS2 / CE / LONG LEAD ITEMS **ELECTRONICS** HILUMI **RAW MATERIALS / MECHANICS** TRANSPORT PROTOTYPES **SERVICES / IT STRING**

IL-LHC PROJEC

Acknowledgement: Susana Izquierdo Bermudez



MQXFBP2: being prepared for the HL-LHC string



MQXFB05: fully qualified for HL-LHC √



Coil keys – end spacers – saddles

- Can be produced from STP files
- Item 4: coil key, AISI 316 L
- Item 5: Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) end spacer, AISI 316 L, with flex. legs
- Item 6: Saddle, EP-GC22, base material woven glass cloth, matrix epoxy resin
- 5 axes milling machine or multitasking machine





Loading pole – ODS Wedge

 Loading pole, made of titanium (Ti6Al4V), 240 mm long









 Wedges, made of aluminum oxide dispersion strengthened copper, cold drawn in length of 2.6 m

b

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- a. Insulated cable
- b. Filler Wedge
- c. Loading plate
- d. Inter-layer
- e. Inner ground wrap
- f. Outer ground wrap





Mechanical structure



- Aluminium shells (material provided by CERN)
- High-Precision CNC Lathe or Multi-Tasking
 Machinery

Figure 14: Al shells assembly in the MQXFB cold mass







- Internal and external master structure made of ARMCO (provided by CERN)
- CNC Milling Machine



End Plates made of NITRONIC (provided by CERN) CNC Milling Machine

Vacuum vessels

- First two units (Q1/3,Q2) produced as prototypes
- Design change on the lateral and bottom covers to allow helicoflex seals
- Contract for series production: Build to print supply of 38 vessels, contract signed August 2019
- Cylinders made out of tubes for lower production cost
- End flange welding procedure developped for low distorsion
- Machining of support post interfaces after welding
- Epoxy painted outside, sand blasted and degreased inside (no coating)
- QC at the supplier (all units)
 - Full metrology
 - Leak testing
- QC at CERN
 - Metrology of selected features (alignment of post interfaces, flanges, FSI ports)
 - Leak testing
 - Currently being performed on all units at reception, but the goal is to test only a sample from each batch delivery







Crab Cavities



















- Novel concept of SRF cavities to compensate the geometric loss in luminosity due to the non-zero crossing angle and the extreme focusing of the bunches in the HL-LHC
- Complex geometry involving exotic materials (Nb, NbTi), very tight tolerances and high-quality RF surface (and a non-negligible amount of brazed and E-B welded joints)
- PED compliance

Crab Cavities







Cold magnetic shield (Cryophy)

























HL-LHC PROJECT

HILUMI SE

See presentation from A. Perillo & M. Calviani for BID (Beam Intercepting Devices – Targets, Collimators and Dumps) – Some of the remaining needs for HL-LHC also covered here

UH Vacuum Components

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Beam Instrumentation

BPM Body Manufacturing Process Overview

BLM IC Critical Part Endplate

BLM IC Critical Part Ceramic Insulator

- Ceramic Insulator Production Competencies (LHCBLM 0005):
 - High Precision ceramic Al₂O₃
 - Ultra-high resistance:
 < 1 pA when 1.5 kV applied
 - Resistivity checks in a controlled environment to guarantee consistent measurements
- UHV-clean delivery

HL-LHC Jacks

114 Radial/Longitudinal Jacks

26 Central Jacks

- Designed to support cryo magnets up to 30 tonne in weight with the capability to align, and maintain the alignment in operating conditions throughout the whole lifetime
- For standardization & cost optimization, the design was also adopted for Crab Cavities and TAXN
- Smooth control of the displacements, requiring tight manufacturing tolerances and low friction
- Motorization, instrumentation and controls are to be integrated as part of the Full Remote Alignment
- Mechano-welded structures with tight tolerances on individual components due to the functional requirements

TAXN/S Cu Absorbers

- TAXN and TAXS Cu absorbers (made of casted Cu, which is part of the scope of the Contractor)
 - ~1.5 tonne/piece with tight dimensions/tolerances as they will clamp the vacuum chambers inside
- Forward detectors (BRAN & ZDC) inserted in the absorber slots

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Return of Experience and tips – High Precision Machining

- High Precision Machining components are a recurrent need for Projects/Programs/Operations at CERN
- Orders from a few kCHF to MCHF However, there are no medium/large size projects at all times...
- Wide broad of materials used at CERN (sometimes provided by CERN but they can also be in the scope of the Contractor)
- Wide broad of geometries, sizes, weights and functionalities involving different machining methodologies – Case-by-case
- However, some components are (will be) recurrently needed in present and future Projects
- We all must follow the CERN Procurement Rules (see presentation from A. Lacinana) – Market Survey to qualify companies (sometimes via qualification samples) and Price Enquiries/Invitation to Tender for bidding (only companies qualified and selected)

Return of Experience and tips – High Precision Machining

- Orders/Contracts managed directly by the equipment owners (Work Packages) or via EN-MME-FS (vast experience in this domain) – Collaborations manage their own procurement
- For high precision machining, we look for companies that can provide references of similar works and level of complexity of the required work
- Metrology in-house is usually required (efficiency in the production workflow)
- Quality and Planning of utmost importance
- Requirements are usually high, but they are specified due to a well assessed need (we work in a unique environment and a failures can bring downtime in operation)

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Conclusions

MQXFB02

HL-LHC is in the last procurement phase after 10y of intense activity

Many examples in this domain from many different users

Future Projects will have similar needs and level of complexity

There are still some components to be purchased (TDE dump, mechanics for FRAS, etc.)

Outline

- **1. HL-LHC upgrade goals**
- 2. (Main) Technical challenges of the HL-LHC upgrade
- **3.** Inner Triplet String
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Many Thanks!

ORGANISATION EUROPÉENNE POUR LA RECHERCHE NUCLÉAIRE **CERN** EUROPEAN ORGANIZATION FOR NUCLEAR RESEARCH

High-Luminosity Large Hadron Collider (HL-LHC) **Technical Design Report V0.1**

V0.1 Published in electronic version for the October 2016 Cost & Schedule review EDMS: 1723851

and as CERN Yellow Book in October 2017

https://e-

High-Luminosity Large Hadron Collider (HL-LHC) Technical design report

CERN Yellow Reports

Editor I. Béiar Alonso O. Brüning P. Fessia M. Lamont L. Rossi L. Tavian M. Zerlauth

REN (201 /11 Advanced Series on

Directions in High Energy Physics - Vol. 31

THE HIGH LUMINOSITY LARGE HADRON COLLIDER

New Machine for Illuminating the Mysteries of the Universe

Second Edition

Oliver Brüning and Lucio Rossi

World Scientific

Updated Version V 1.0 published as Hi-lumi Book 2nd edition CERN Yellow Book in December 2020 https://www.worldscientific.co m/worldscibooks/10.1142/134 publishing.cern.ch/index.php/CYRM/issue/view/127 8<u>7#t=aboutBook</u>

Spare Slides

Thematic Industry Day-Precision Machining - HL-LHC Project - H.Garcia Gavela

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HL-LHC Design Parameters

Parameter	Nominal LHC (design report)	HL-LHC 25ns (standard)
Beam energy in collision [TeV]	7	7
N _b	1,15E+11	2,2E+11
n _b ¹²	2808	2760
N _{tot}	3,2E+14	6,1E+14
Beam current [A]	0,58	1,1
Half Crossing angle [µrad]	142,5	250
Minimum β^* [m]	0,55	0,15
ε _n [μm]	3,75	2,50
ε _L [eVs]	2,5	3,03
Piwinski parameter	0,65	2,66
Peak Luminosity without crab-cavity [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	1,00E+34	8,1E+34
Virtual Luminosity with crab-cavity: Lpeak*R1/R0 [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	-	1,70E+35
Events / crossing without levelling and without crab-cavity	27	212
Levelled Luminosity [cm ⁻² s ⁻¹]	-	5,0E+34 ⁴
Events / crossing (with leveling and crab-cavities for HL-LHC) ⁷	27	131
Leveling time [h] (assuming no emittance growth) ⁷	-	7,2
n _b / injection	288	288
ϵ_n at SPS extraction [µm] ³	3,5	2,1

LHC Magnet system LHC injector complex

HL-LHC triplet magnets

HL-LHC crab cavities

Machine operation & availability

LHC injector complex

Luminosity performance

Courtesy N. Mounet

lounet (Note that ~460 fb⁻¹ should be added for the LHC runs) Extension of the ALICE run beyond LS4 and the planned LHCb upgrade in LS4, both will have an impact on LHC operation and on the performance reach of HL-LHC

IR1/5 underground civil engineering completed in 2022

Construction Finished End 2022

Ceremony for completion of CE on January 20th 2023

Completion of Surface buildings in 2023

Work Ended Spring 2023

Technical Infrastructure – Installation Services

pina PM57

UA fire door

Cable Trays UR15

Technical Services in full swing for installation:

- Sectional doors
- Lifts
- Overhead Cranes
- ✓ Fire safety
- ✓ Cable trays & cabling
- Lighting
- Switchboards
- Racks
- Power Transformers
- Ventilation system
- Cooling system

New HL-LHC Triplet Layout

Crab Cavities See R. Calaga's presentation

HE-LHC FRUCE

HL-LHC Technical Challenges: Crab Cavities

Thematic Industry Day-Precision Machi

Collimation See S. Redaelli's presentation

Gavela

Cold powering systems - SC link using MgB₂ superconductor

- Successful PoP validation via system demonstrators (DEMO)
- MgB2 wire production complete
- MgB2 cable production at 80%
- DFX cryostats delivered by UK Collaboration; DFM in production
- DFHX cryostats delivered by Swedish Collaboration; DFHM in production
- All flexible cryostats at CERN
- **Rebco Tape** in production
- Assembly of the first complete system and successful validation test

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Successful test of the 1st SC Link System

Cryogenic performance and operation Powering and EMC among circuits HV Tests including ELQA validation Instrumentation Thermal cycling and contraction of the system Mechanical integrity

Other major achievements

EYETS - Extended Year-End Technical Stop MKI – Magnet Kicker at Injection BGC – Beam Gas Curtain TDIS - Target Dump Injection Segmented

TDIS installed in LS2

Warm Helium Storage Tanks at P1 & P5

Power Converters production

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CLIQ - Coupling-Loss-Induced-Quench BPM – Beam Position Monitors TDE = Externel Beam Bu Gavela

Next Milestone: HL-LHC IT STRING: P5L

The IT STRING Scope

IT String Status in pictures

IST (Individual System Tests) and SCT (Short Circuit Tests already carried out this year.

Cryo Distribution

Under the metallic structure