



## 4° DITANET Workshop

- 27<sup>th</sup> September 2011 -

Operation Principle



Numerical Studies



Experimental Status



Beam Loss Monitor



# Massimiliano Putignano

## Development of a Least-Interceptive Beam Profile Monitor Based on a Supersonic Gas-Jet Screen

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# Overview

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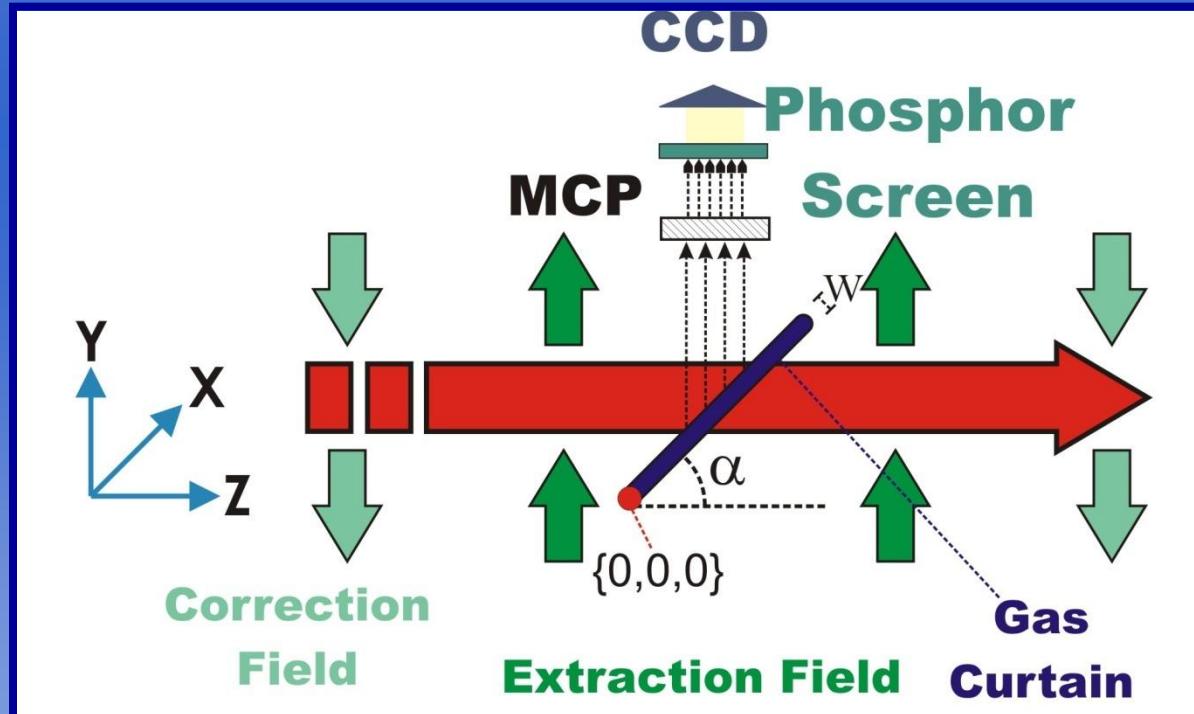
Beam Loss Monitor



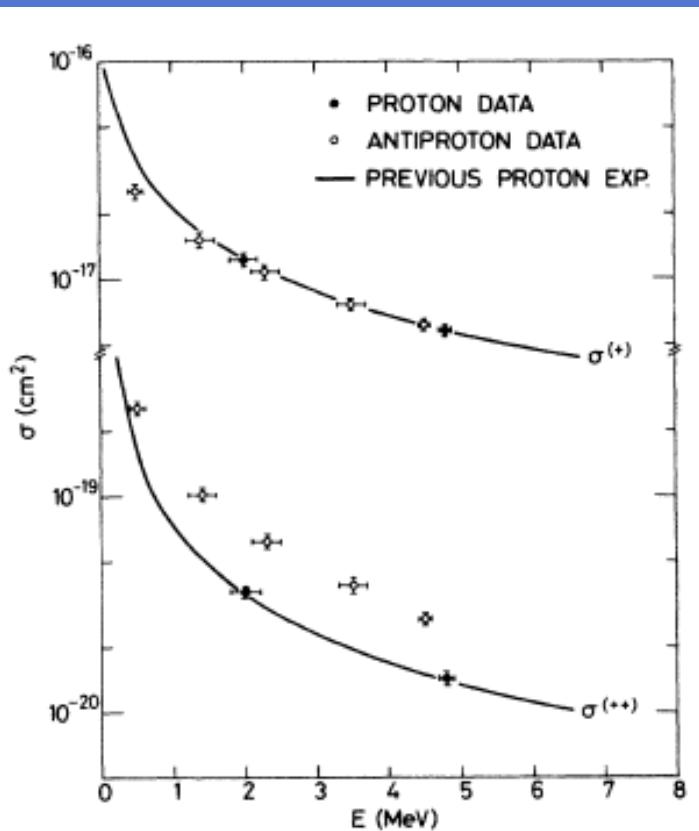
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## Gas Curtain Monitor<sup>[1,2,4,5]</sup>

- Non-perturbing to both vacuum and beam
- High Count Rate



$$R = \frac{\sigma(E_{proj}) \cdot \rho_{curtain} \cdot d_{curtain}}{e} \cdot I$$



- About **2000 events** needed for a profile  
 ⇔ error on estimate (5% confidence)  
 $\mu < 1\%$   
 $\sigma < 5\%$

$$R' \left[ \frac{\text{Measur}}{\text{mA} \cdot \text{s}} \right] = 10^{10} \cdot P_{[\text{mbar}]}$$

⇒

- Down to **1 μs/mA** acquisition time
- Residual gas vacuum pressure can be kept **5 orders of magnitude** lower than jet pressure<sup>[5]</sup>.
- **3 orders of magnitude** faster than residual gas monitors

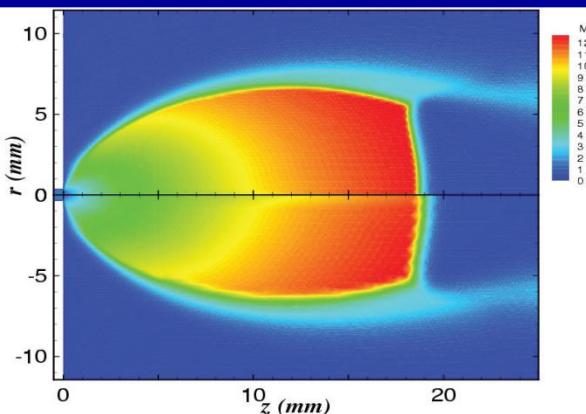
# Study of the gas-jet: state of the art

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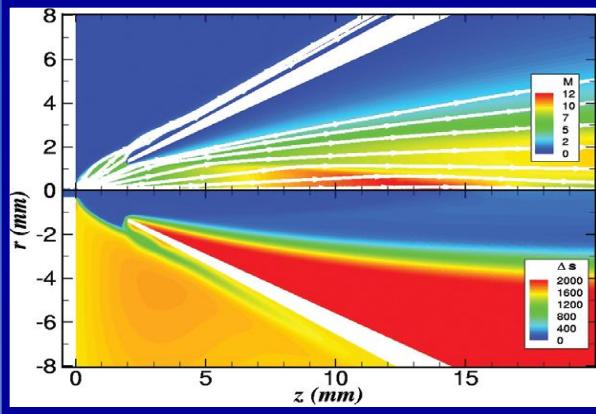
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- Detailed study of expansion structure
- Assessment of the impact on jet parameters of:
  - Nozzle-skimmer geometry
  - Stagnation quantities
- Indications on how to optimize the axis-symmetric jet for use as a target.



All optimization studies performed for an axis-symmetric jet.

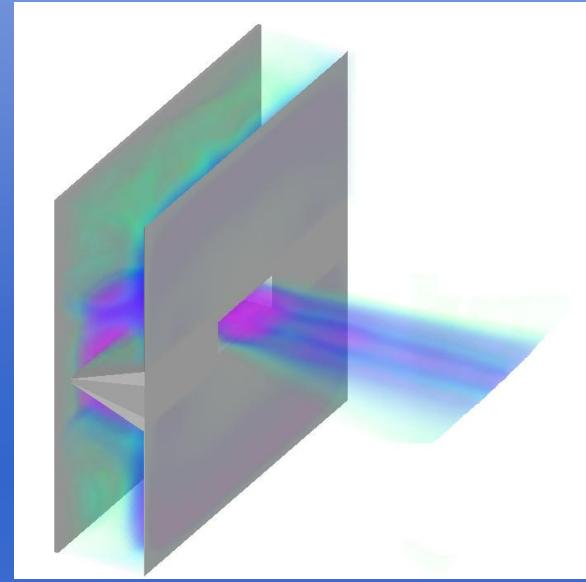
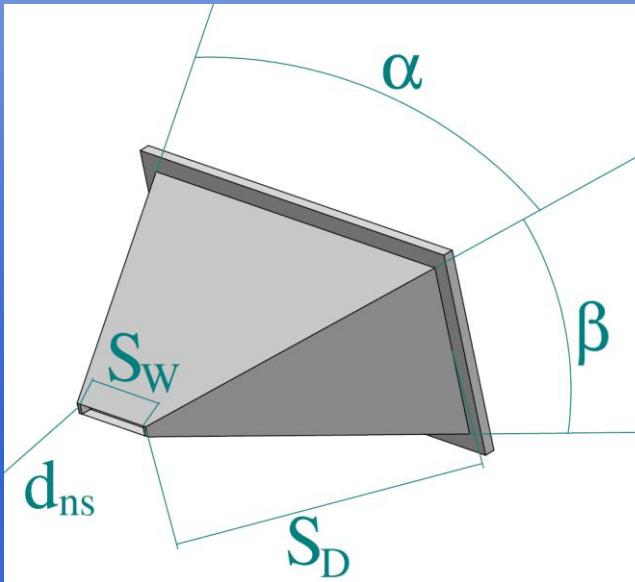
M.Jugroot *et al* [3].

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## Variables

- $\alpha$  – angle of skimmer aperture in the direction of curtain expansion;
- $\beta$  – angle of skimmer aperture in the direction perpendicular to curtain expansion
- $S_w$  – skimmer slit width
- $S_D$  – skimmer depth
- $Dist$  – nozzle-skimmer distance

## Observables

- $H_p$  – Homogeneity of curtain density
- $G_R$  – Geometric Ratio (Resolution)
- $K$  – Confinement (% gas enclosed in curtain)

$T$  – Gas Reservoir Temperature

$P$  – Gas Reservoir Pressure

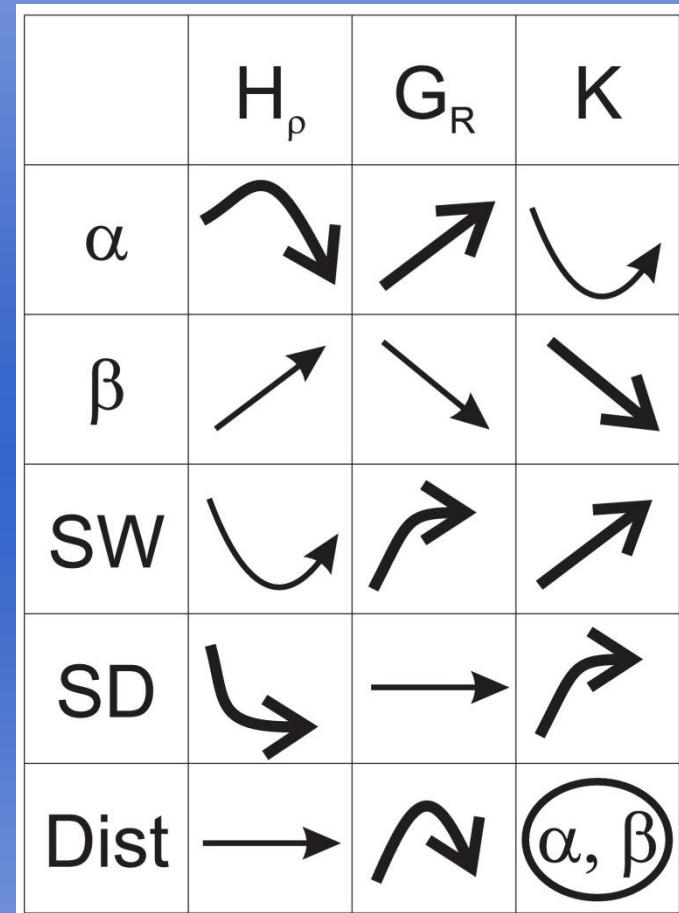
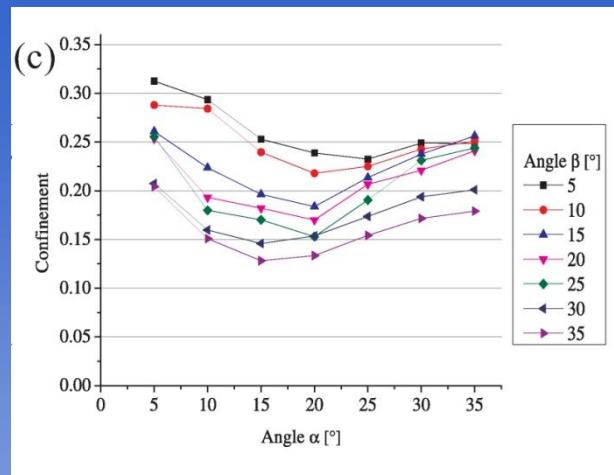
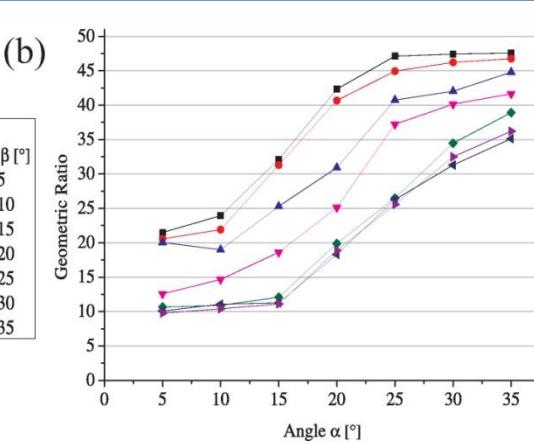
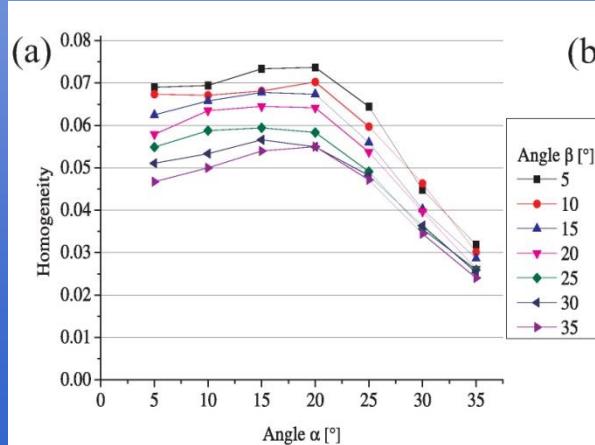
# Parameter Optimization

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M.Putignano *et al* [7]

- System can be optimized through nozzle-skimmer geometry.
- Slit nozzle (instead of circular nozzle)
- Nozzle and skimmer slits have to be perpendicular
- Shaping of the gas curtain is feasible.

Geometric ratio:  $G_R$

Decreases of a factor of 2-3 moving from  
*Slit nozzle to Circular nozzle.*

Homogeneity of curtain at interaction point :

**Nozzle-Skimmer system:**

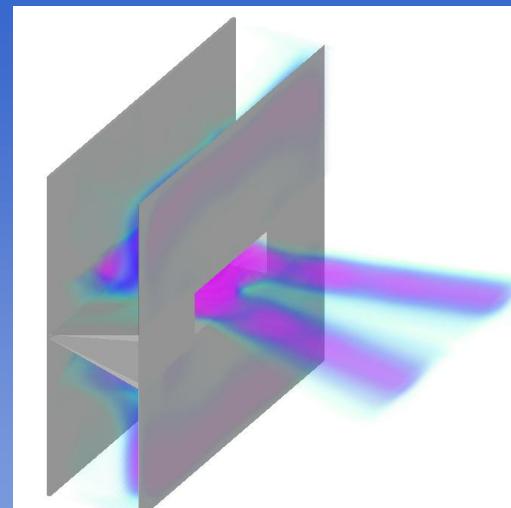
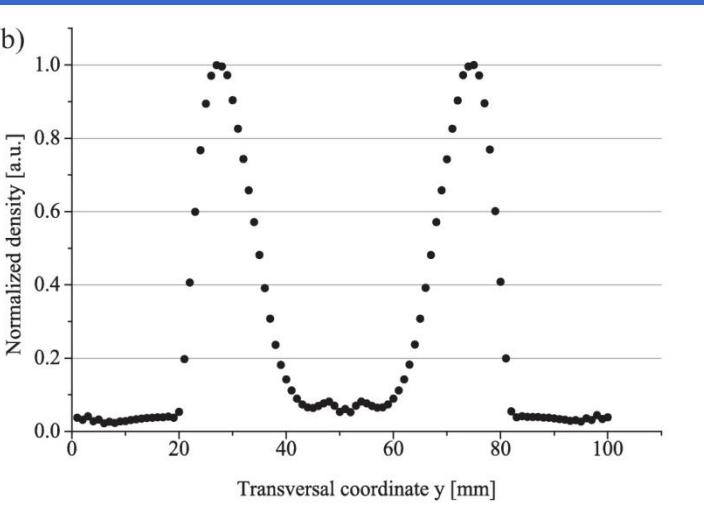
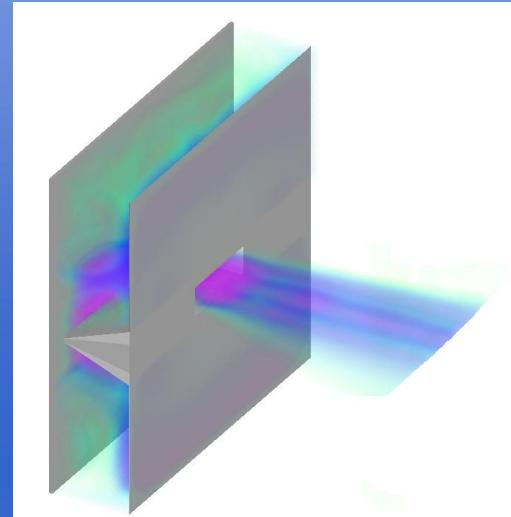
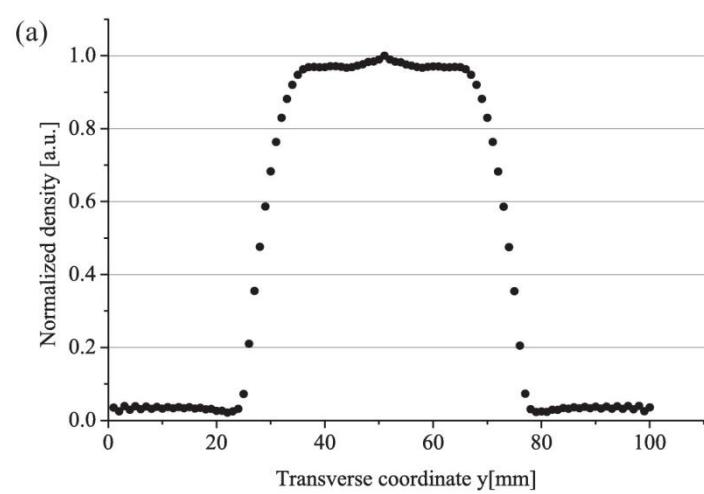
Perpendicular

7%

Parallel

26%





- **Shaping of gas curtain possible through sole manipulation of Pressure and Temperature of Gas Reservoir.**
- **1 order of magnitude** density difference between core and side strands
- **Factor 2.5 in peak intensity** between full and split jet

# Experimental Apparatus

Operation Principle



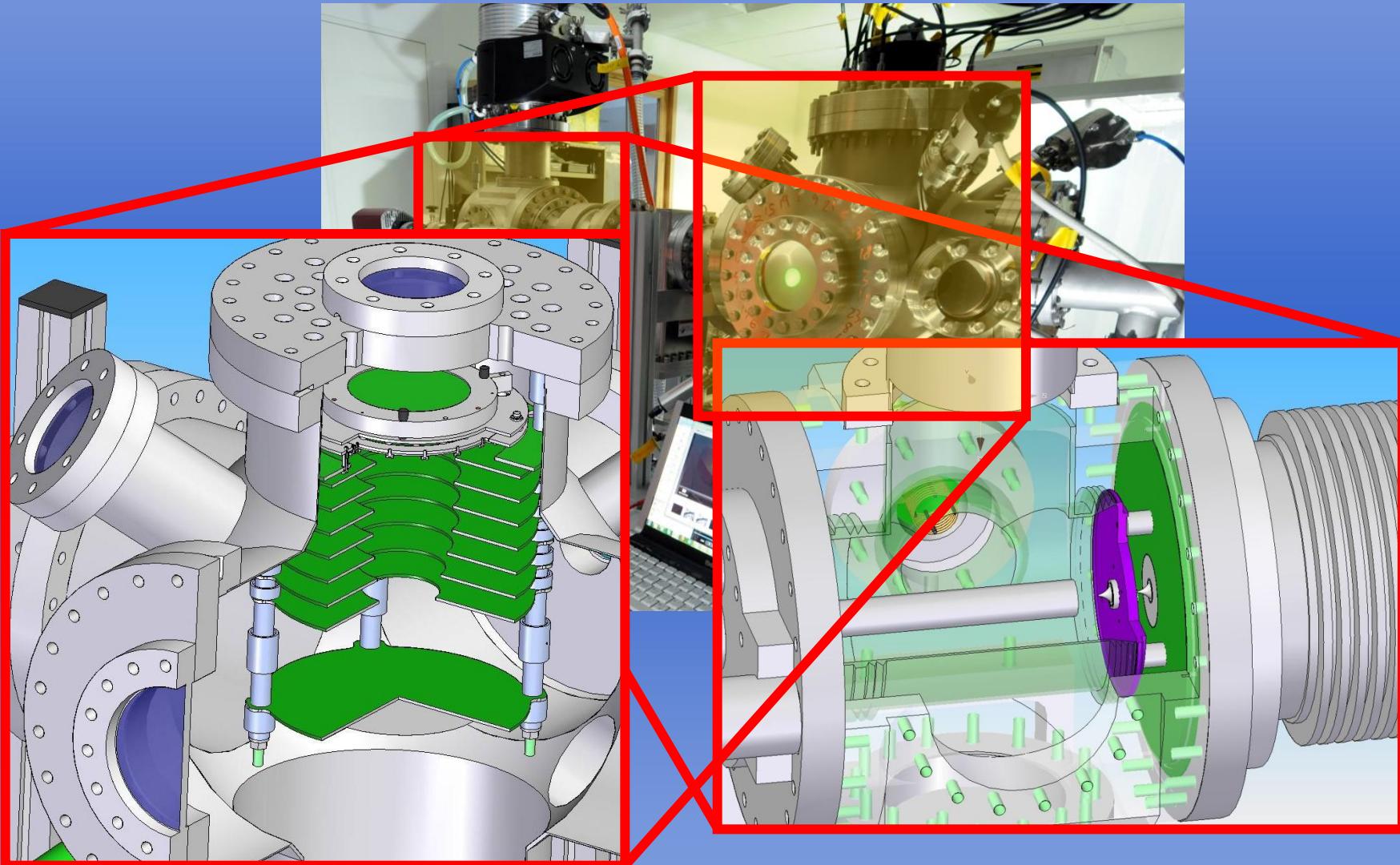
Numerical Studies

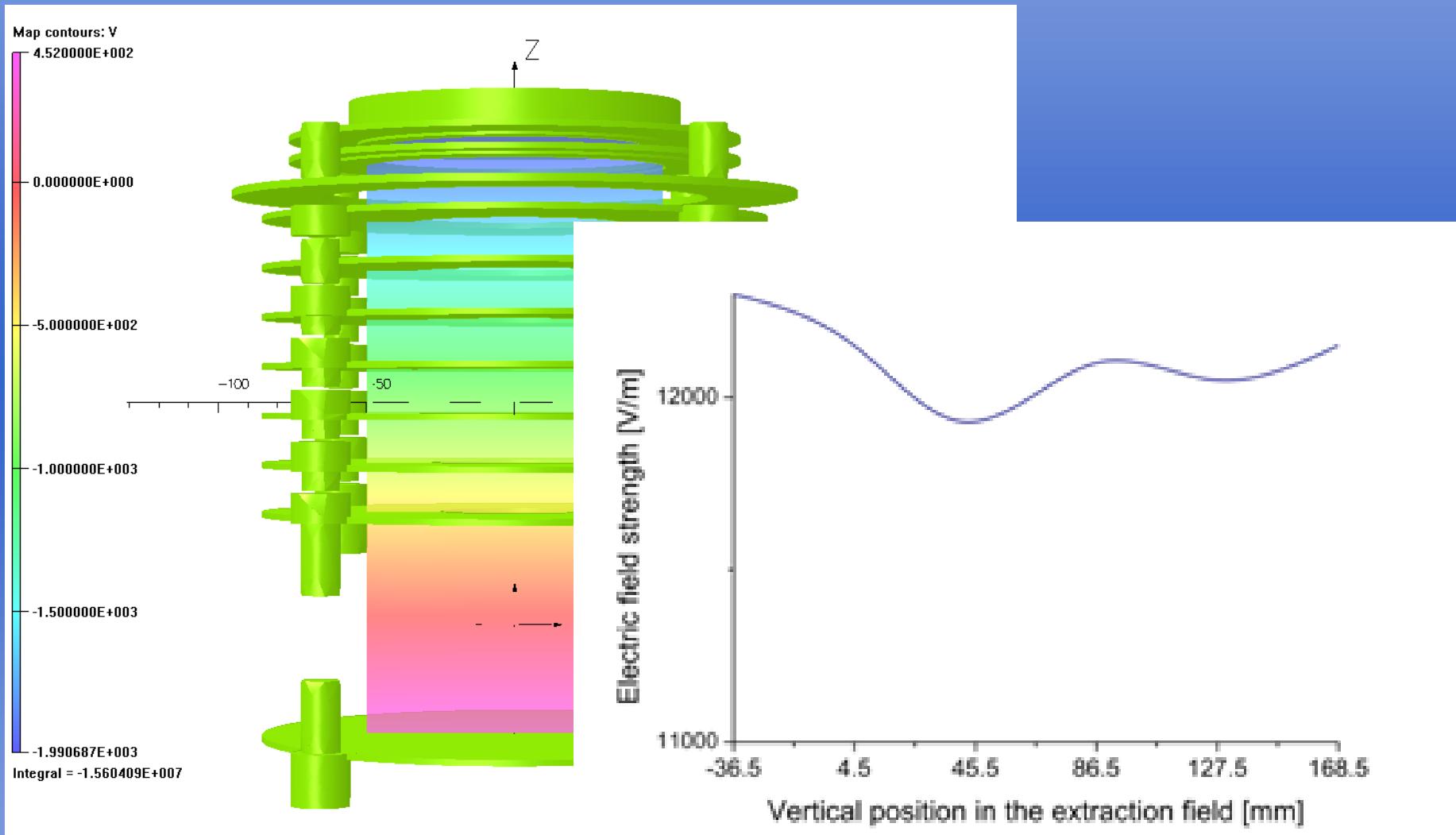


Experimental Status



Beam Loss Monitor

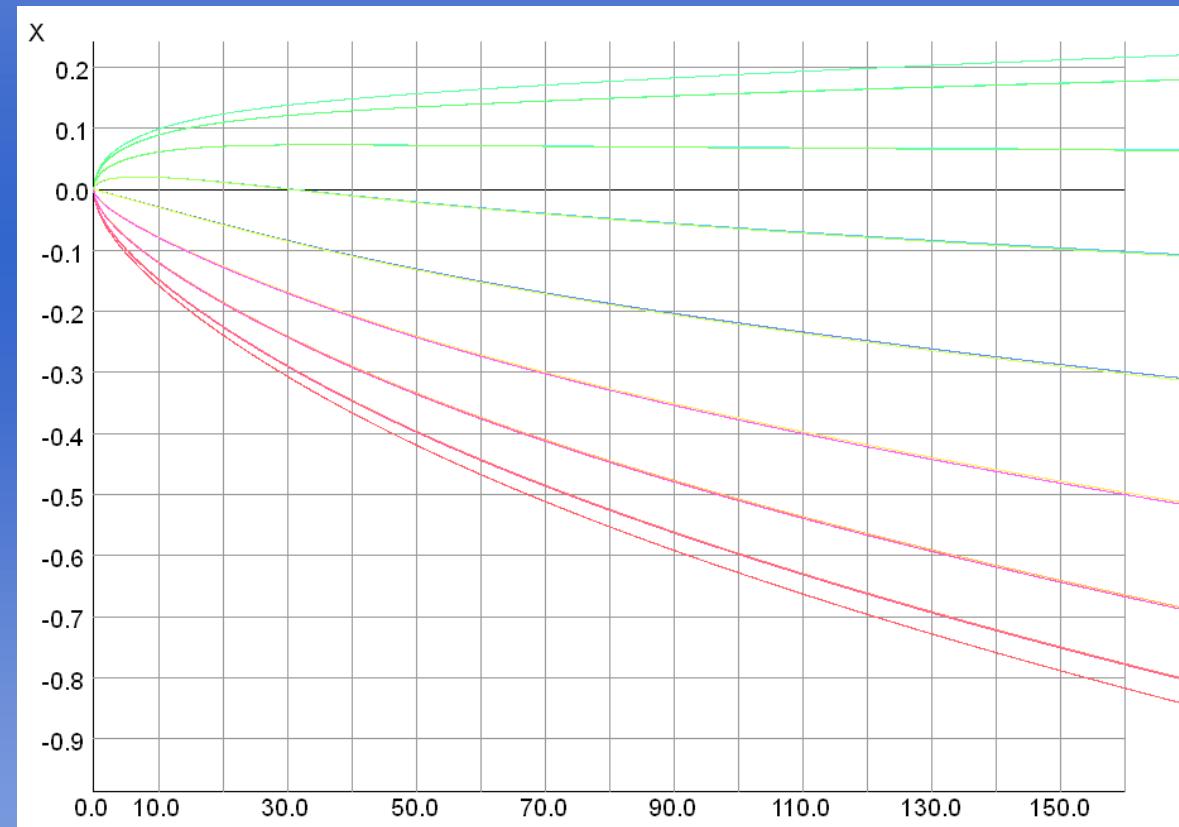




- Resolution is limited by target ion initial momentum (ignoring space charge).
  - Temperature
  - Impact recoil

$2\sigma \Rightarrow \approx 0.5\text{mm}$

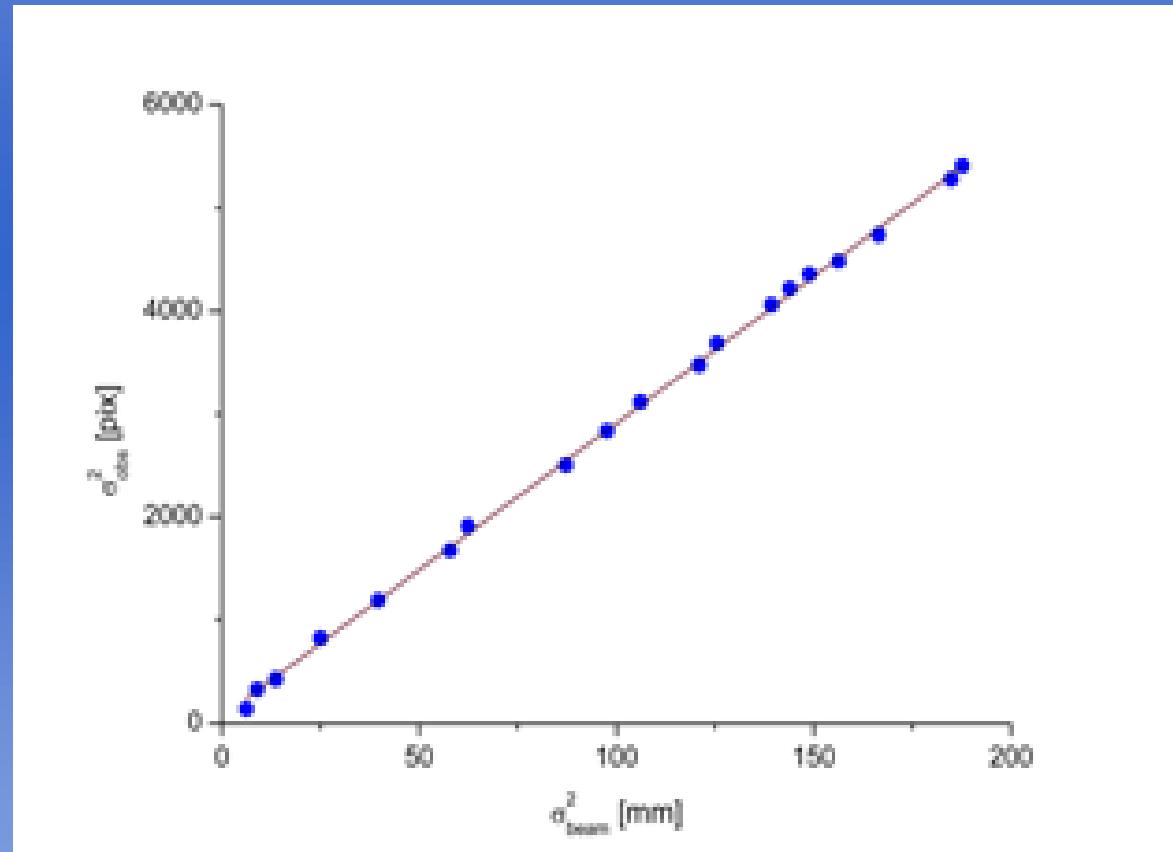
$6\sigma \Rightarrow \approx 1\text{ mm}$



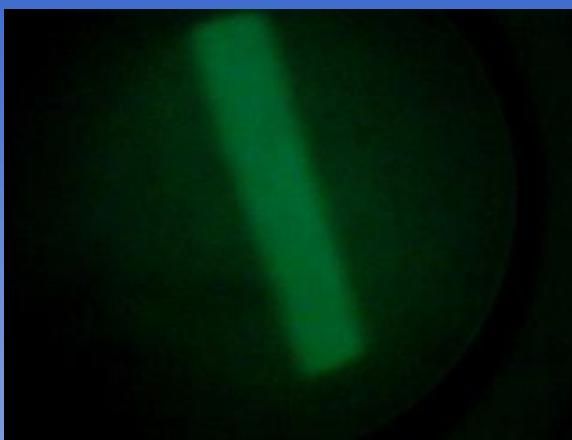
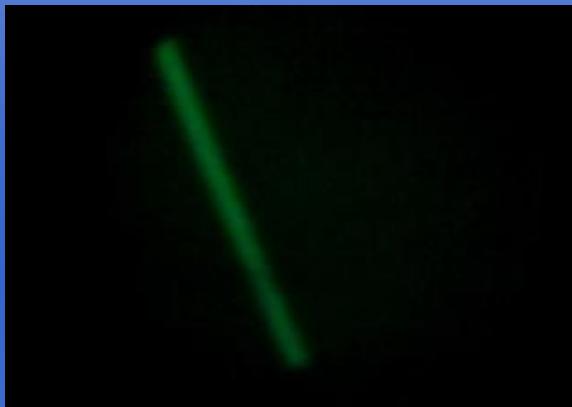
$$\sigma_{obs\,[pix]} = \sqrt{\sigma_{beam\,[mm]}^2 + \sigma_{drift\,[mm]}^2} \cdot R_{pix/mm}$$

$$\sigma_{obs\,[pix]}^2 = \sigma_{beam\,[mm]}^2 \cdot R_{pix/mm}^2 + \sigma_{drift\,[mm]}^2 \cdot R_{pix/mm}^2$$

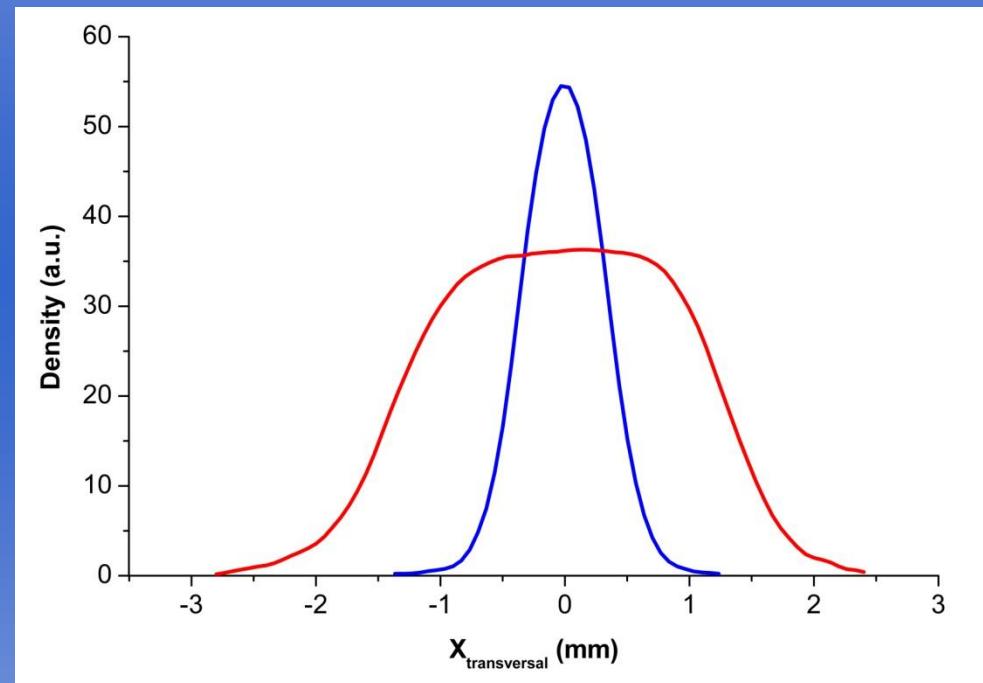
- Measured ion drift compatible with simulations:  
 **$0.9 \pm 0.15$  mm**



## Electron Gun beam (5keV, 10 $\mu$ A, 10<sup>-7</sup>mbar)

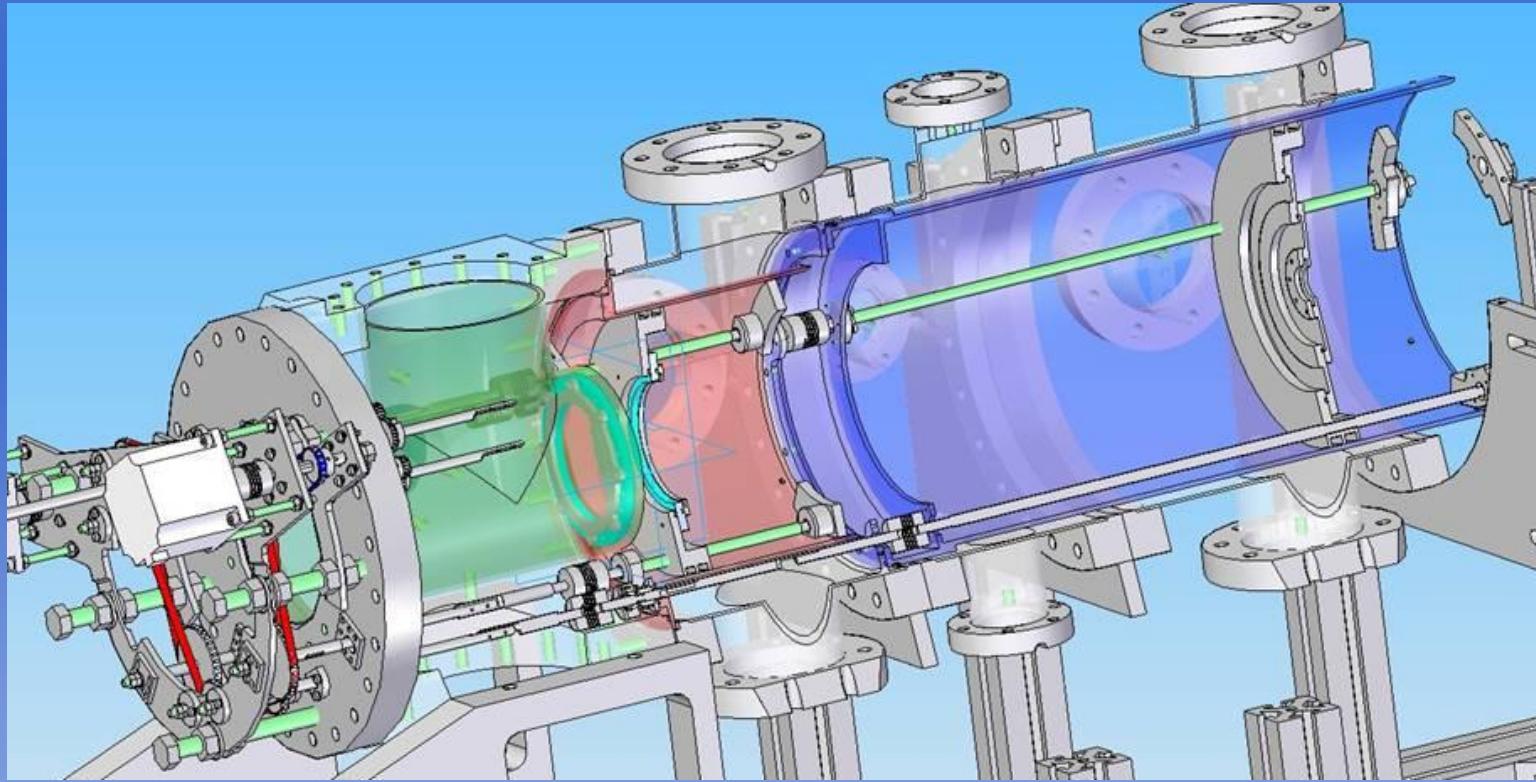


## Integrated profile



***Sub-mm resolution***  
*(preliminary result)*

- Non-Optimized Curtain Jet Operation
- Parameters Optimization



- References:

1. M.Putignano *et al*: A Fast, Low Perturbation Ionization Beam Profile Monitor Based on a Gas-jet Curtain for the Ultra Low Energy Storage Ring - Hyperfine Interaction, accepted.
2. M.Putignano *et al*: Design of a nozzle-skimmer system for a low perturbation ionization beam profile monitor - DIPAC09 Proceedings
3. M.Putignano *et al*: Numerical investigation of interface region flow in mass spectrometers: neutral gas transport – J. Phys. D: Applied Physics, vol. 37 (2004) pp 1289.
4. R. Galiana *et al*.: A Carbon Jet Monitor for LEAR, Proceedings of PAC 1991, USA, p. 1198
5. Y. Hashimoto *et al*: Oxygen gas-sheet beam profile monitor for the synchrotron and storage ring - Nucl. Instr. Meth. Phys. Res. A 527 (2004) 289.
6. F. Riekej and W. Prepejchal: Ionization Cross Sections of Gaseous Atoms and Molecules for High-Energy Electrons and Positrons – Phys. Rev. A Vol. 6 N.4 (1972) 1507.
7. M. Putignano *et al*: Numerical Study on the Generation of a Planar Supersonic Gas Jet – Nucl. Instr. Meth. Phys. Res. A, submitted.