The Road Map for Discoveries: The Large Hadron Collider and the Higgs Boson

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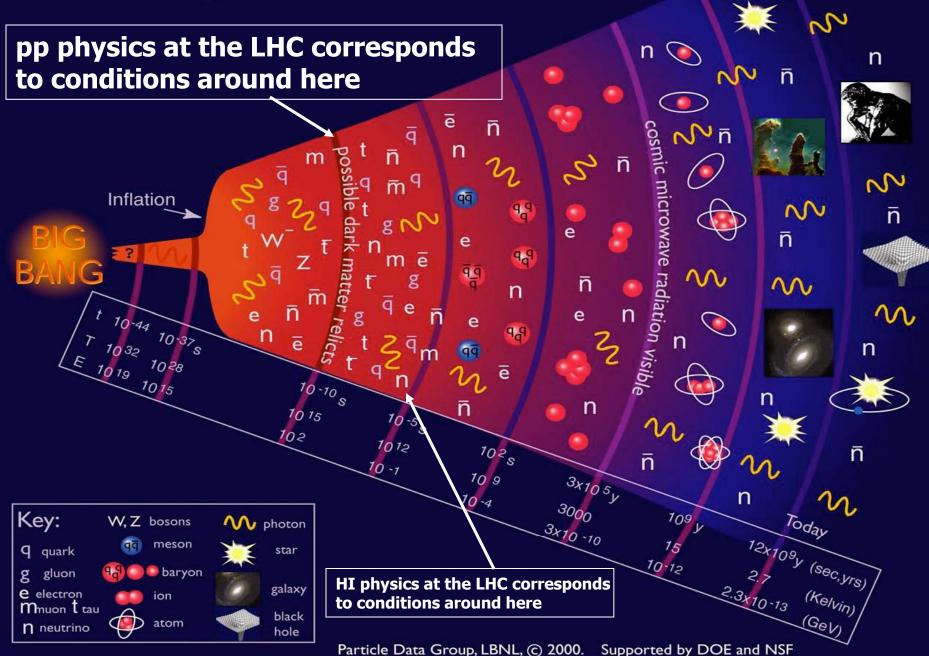
July 28th 2012



The African School of Fundamental Physics and its Applications 2012

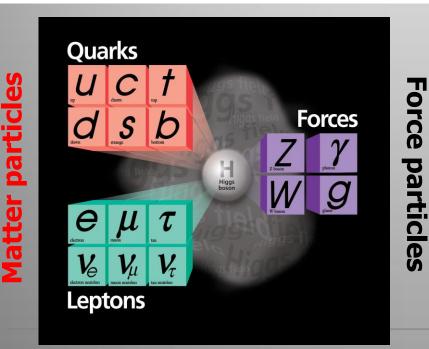
What is the world made of? What holds the world together? Where did we come from?

History of the Universe



The "Standard Model"

Over the last 100 years: combination of Quantum Mechanics and Special Theory of relativity along with all new particles discovered has led to the Standard Model of Particle Physics. The new (final?) "Periodic Table" of fundamental elements



A crowning achievement of 20th Century Science

The SM has been tested thousands of times, to excellent precision. Yet, its most basic mechanism, that of granting mass to particles A major step forward was made this month with the discovery of a particle that could be the long-sought Higgs boson!!

This Study Requires.....



1. Accelerators : powerful machines that accelerate particles to extremely high energies and bring them into collision with other particles

2. Detectors : gigantic instruments that record the resulting particles as they "stream" out from the point of collision.

3. Computing : to collect, store, distribute and analyse the vast amount of data produced by these detectors

4. Collaborative Science on Worldwide scale : thousands of scientists, engineers, technicians and support staff to design, build and operate these complex "machines".

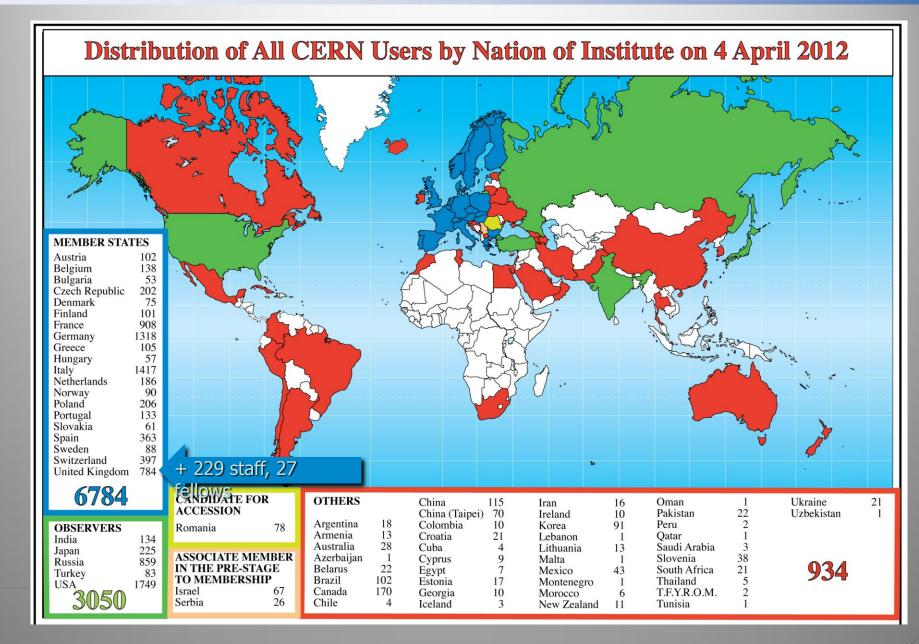
CERN: The European Laboratory for Particle Physics

- •CERN is the European Organization for Nuclear Research, the world's largest Particle Physics Centre, near Geneva, Switzerland
- •It is now commonly referred to as European Laboratory for Particle Physics
- It was founded in 1954 and has 20 member states + several observer states
- •CERN employes >3000 people + hosts ~10000 visitors from >500 universities.
- •Annual budget ~ 1100 MCHF/year (2011)

Breaking the Wall of Communication 20 years ago: the Web was born

Che 1998

CERN and the World...



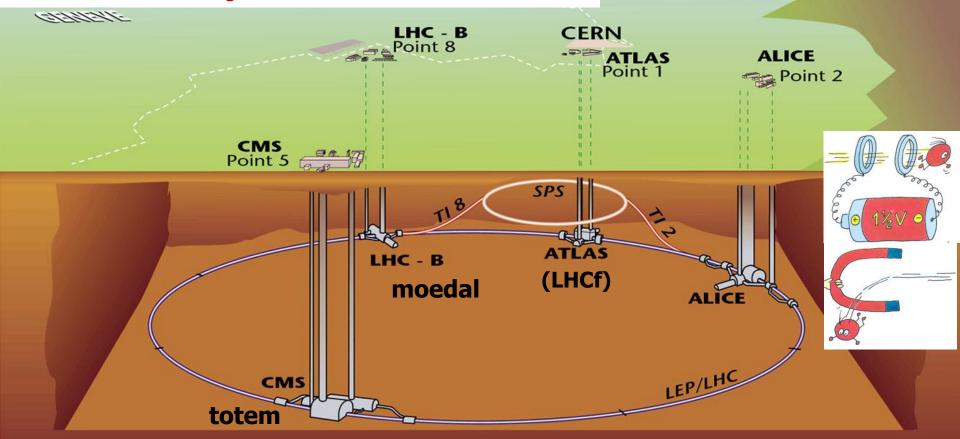
The Large Hadron Collider = a proton proton collider



1 TeV = 1 Tera electron volt = 10^{12} electron volt

The LHC Machine and

LHC is 100m underground LHC is 27 km long Magnet Temperature is 1.9 Kelvin = -271 Celsius LHC has ~ 9000 magnets



CMS Collaboration June 27, 2012

The CMS Collaboration: >3200 scientists and engineers, >800 students from ~190 Institutions in 41 countries.

Latest accepted member: Thailand Accepted on 29/6/2012

About 1/5th of the

collaboration

African continent: CMS: Egypt, Tunisia under discussion ATLAS: Morocco, South Africa, and a EOI^(*) for for training with KNUST

(*) Expression of Interest

The Higgs Boson

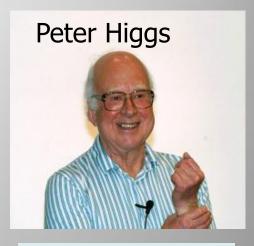
The Washington Post NATIONAL

.. A few months ago...

Physicists hope to find the Higgs boson, key to unified field theory, this year



Fabrice Coffrini/Agence France-Presse via Getty Images - A superconducting solenoid magnet, the largest of its kind, is part of the Large Hadron Collider, which is searching for the Higgs boson.



Predicted a new kind of particle in 1964, ie 48 years ago What makes this such a special Particle?

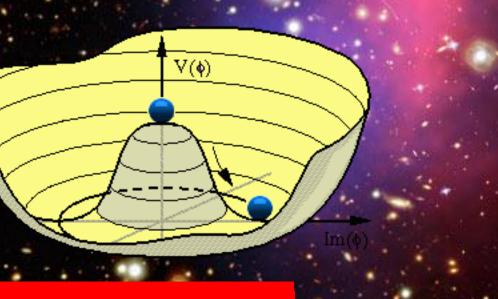
The Hunt for the Higgs

Where do the masses of elementary particles come from?

Massless particles move at the speed of light -> no atom formation!!

The key question: Where is the Higgs?

We do not know the mass of the Higgs Boson

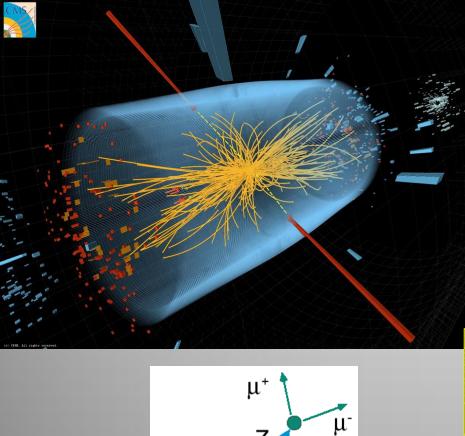


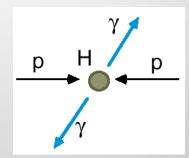
Scalar field with at least one scalar particle



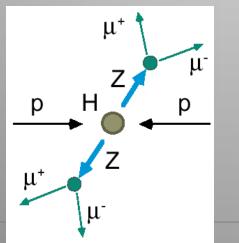
It could be anywhere from 114 to 700 GeV

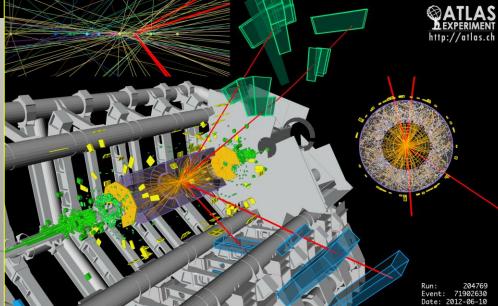
A Collision with two Photons





A Higgs or a 'background' process without a Higgs?





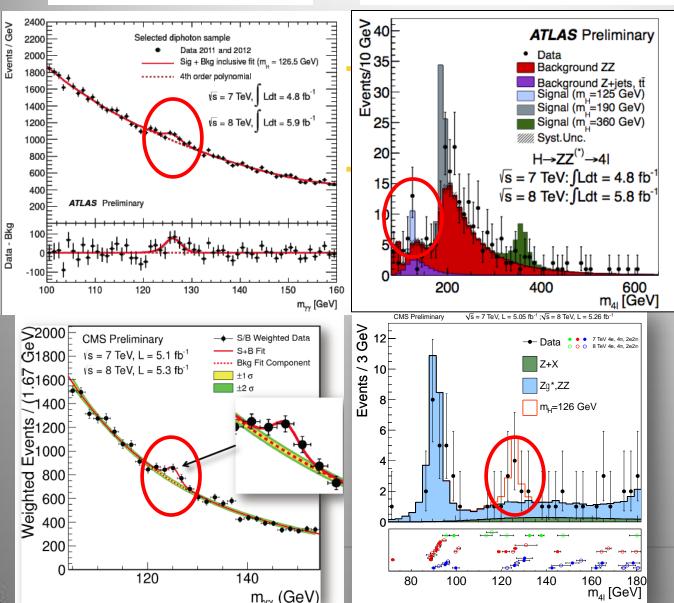
July 4th 2012

- Official announcement of the discovery of a Higgs-like particle with mass of 125-126 GeV by CMS and ATLAS.
- Historic seminar at CERN with simultaneous transmission and live link at the large particle physics conference of 2012 in Melbourne, Australia



Results from the Experiments

Higgs \rightarrow 2 Z \rightarrow 4 leptons!!



Higgs \rightarrow 2 photons!!

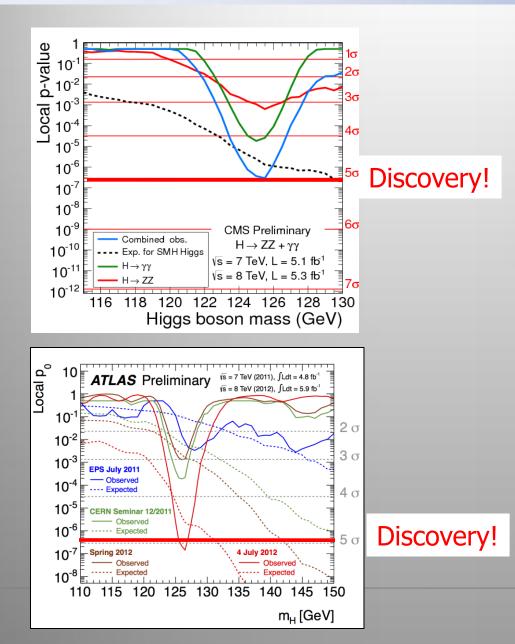
A clear "excess" of events seen in both experiments around 125-126 GeV

It became very significant in 2012

Sophisticated Statistical Methods have used to fully analyse this.

And the result is... \rightarrow

Results from the Experiments



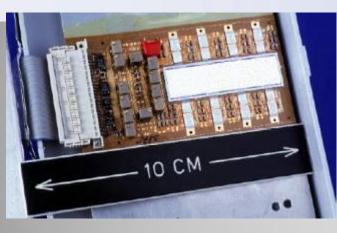
The CMS and ATLAS experiments observe a new boson with a significance of about 5 sigma

The particle is consistent with a Higgs-like boson

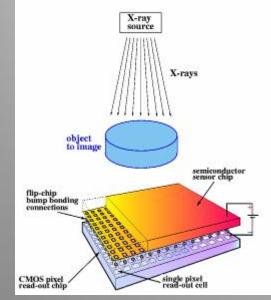
Discovery of a New Particle at 125 GeV

- CMS and ATLAS discovered a brand new heavy particle with a mass of about 125 (126) GeV. This is an entirely new type of particle. We expect to learn a lot on fundamental physics from this particle
- This is a result of a quest that started more than 40 years ago, from a theoretical idea. It took so long before we had the right instrument: The LHC
- It is a great triumph for a large human endeavour!!
- The LHC project –and other High Energy Physics projects– also push high-tech for practical us!!
- African scientists can play a role in this new science revolution, and it's practical applications.

CERN/HEP is also: Technology Transfer



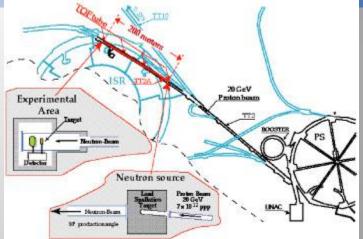
Silicon detector for a Compton camera in nuclear medical imaging



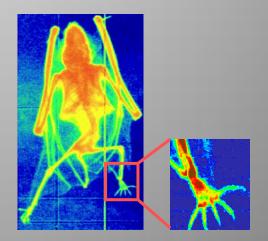
GRID Computing!



Thin films by sputtering or evaporation



Radio-isotope production for medical applications



Radiography of a bat, recorded with a GEM detector

Medipix: Medical X-ray diagnosis with contrast enhancement and dose reduction

Bringing the Nations Together

Particle Physics Schools

CERN visiting Scientists

Common supervising, projects and e.g. bi-doctorates

"...the promotion of contacts between, and the interchange of, scientists..."

Joining Experimental collaborations

Physics teacher program

CERN summer student program

CERN Accelerator Schools

Technical students

Capacity building and development

The LHC operates at an energy and precision that takes us far beyond our current understanding, into a new regime

The LHC will reveal the origin of mass of particles. Two weeks ago discovery of a new particle was announced with properties of a Higgs Boson!!

LHC will very likely reveal much more There is mounting evidence, from neutrino mass to dark matter and dark matter observations, that there is something profound that we do not yet understand. Is it supersymmetry, extra dimensions, other...? First LHC results do not yet show signatures for new physics but these can come now any day!

The results of the LHC will determine the future of HEP!!!

We are on the verge of a revolution in our understanding of the Universe and our place within it. African scientists and students can take part in this science revolution