

Higgs boson pair production in HEFT and SMEFT: Truncation and other uncertainties



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*Institute for Theoretical Physics
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology*

EFT WG Open Meeting

September 23, 2024

Outline

- Status SM uncertainties in Higgs boson pair production
 - scale uncertainties
 - EW corrections
 - scheme uncertainties
 - PDF + α_s uncertainties
- EFT-related:
 - HEFT versus SMEFT
 - truncation uncertainties
 - subleading operators
 - scheme uncertainties
 - running Wilson coefficients

based on work in collaboration with

- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2204.13045> GH, Jannis Lang, Ludovic Scyboz **ggHH_SMEFT code**
- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.15004> GH, Jannis Lang **subleading operators**
- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2310.18221> Stefano Di Noi, Ramona Gröber, GH, Jannis Lang, Marco Vitti
gamma5 scheme (in)dependence
- <https://arxiv.org/abs/2407.04653> Stephen Jones, Matthias Kerner, GH, Tom Stone, Augustin Vestner
EW corrections in gaugeless limit

also: CERN WG4 note about EFT descriptions of HH production <https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.01968>

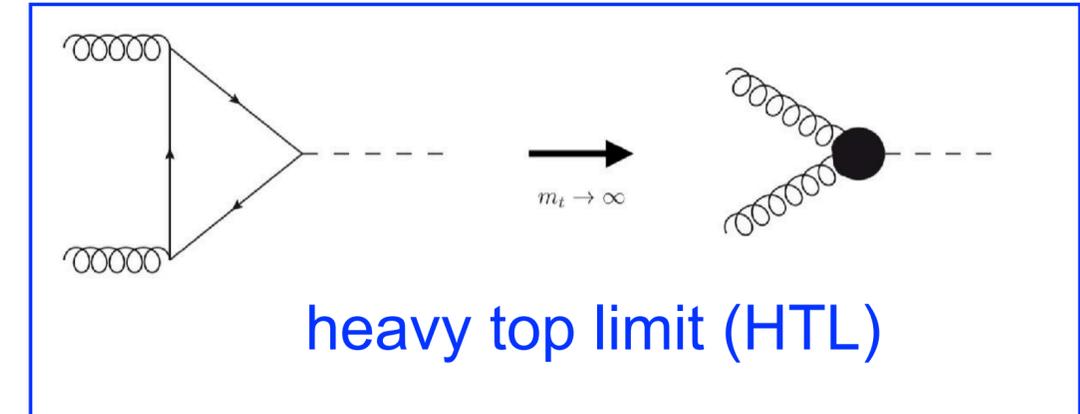
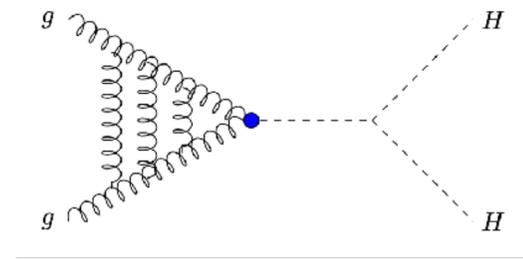
ggHH: higher order QCD corrections in the SM

$N^3LO_{(HTL)}$: Chen, Li, Shao, Wang '19
(HTL with top mass effects)

$N^3LO_{(HTL)}+N^3LL$: Ajjath, Shao '22

$NNLO_{(HTL)}$: De Florian, Mazzitelli '13
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NLO full m_t

Borowka, Greiner, GH, Jones, Kerner, Schlenk et al. '16

Baglio, Campanario, Glaus, Mühlleitner, Spira, Streicher '18

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$NNLO_{FTapprox}$ Grazzini, Kallweit, GH, Jones,
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inclusion of top quark mass dependence except in virtual $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_s^3)$

top quark mass scheme uncertainties: pole mass versus \overline{MS} mass

Baglio, Campanario, Glaus, Mühlleitner, Ronca, Spira '18, '20

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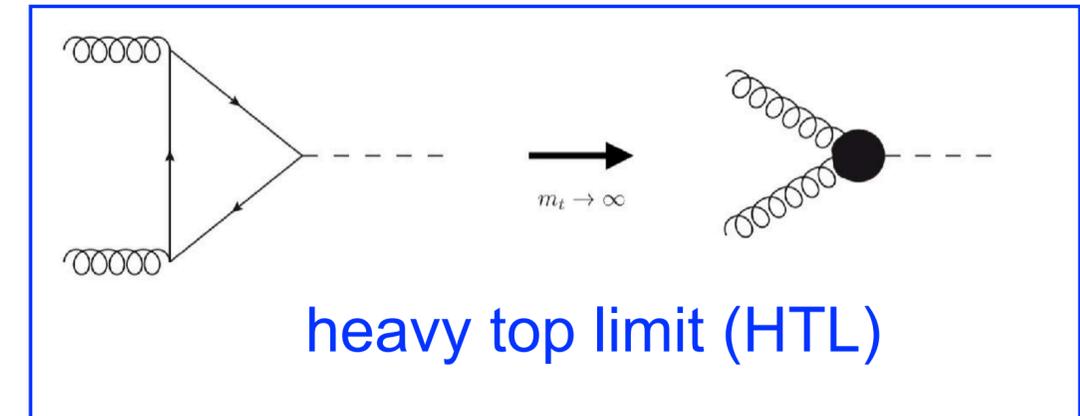
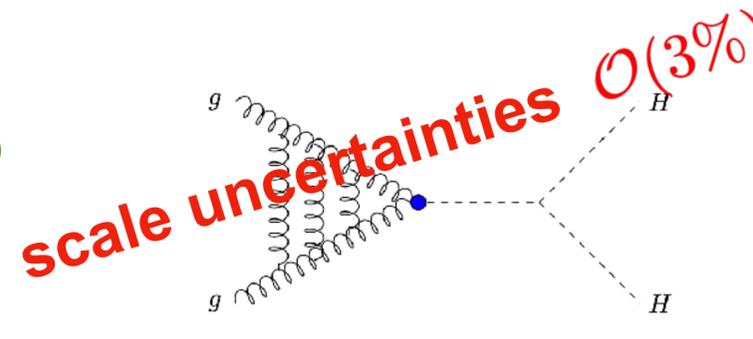
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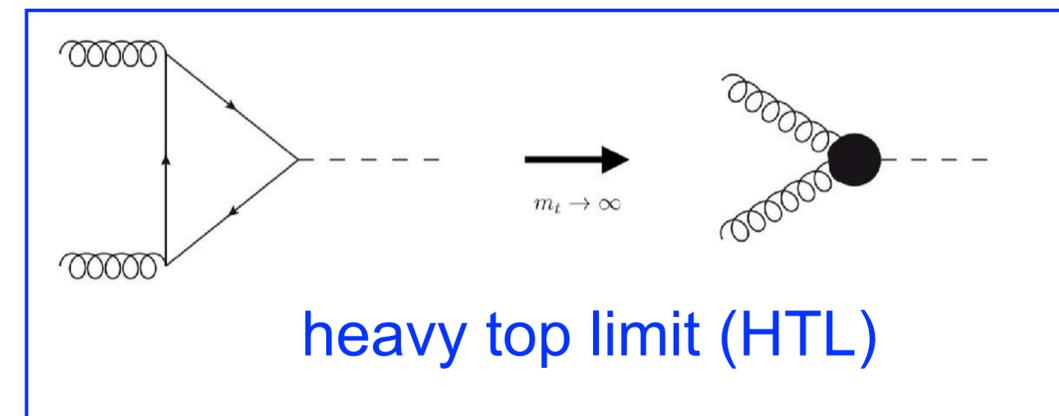
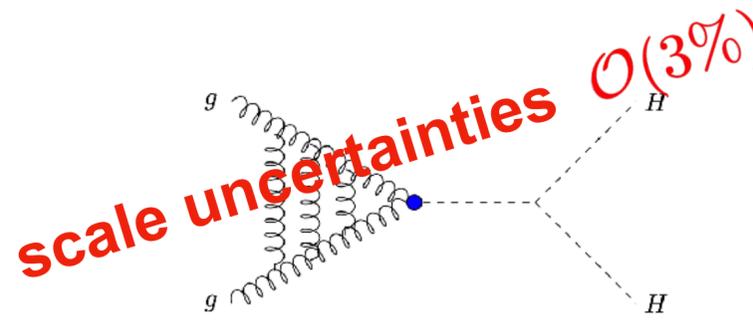
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residual missing top mass effects estimated to $\mathcal{O}(5\%)$

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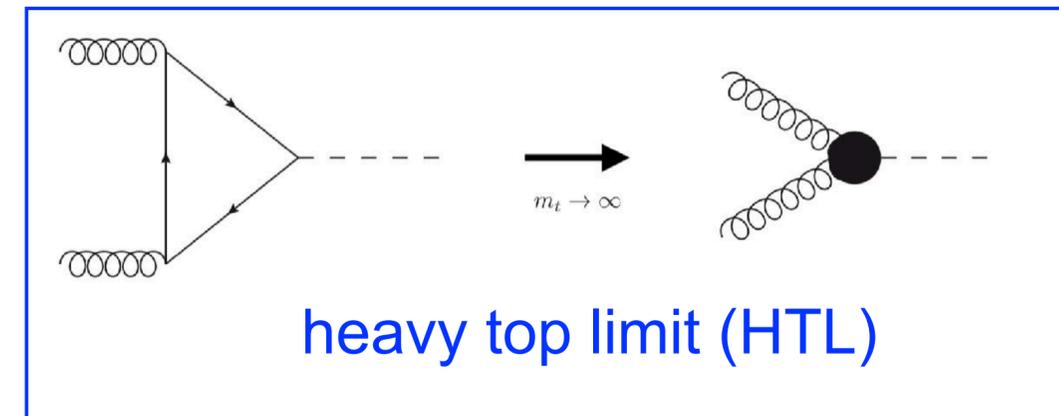
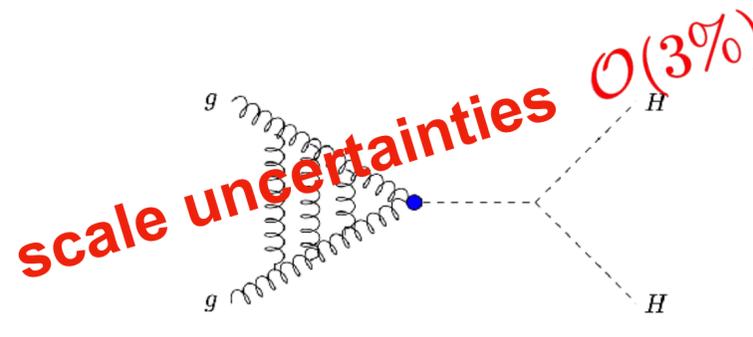
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uncertainty due to top mass scheme $\mathcal{O}(20\%)$

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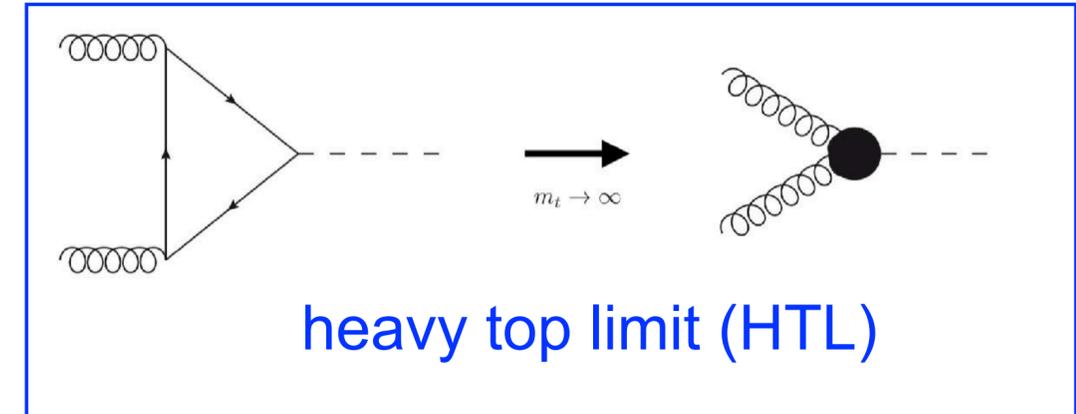
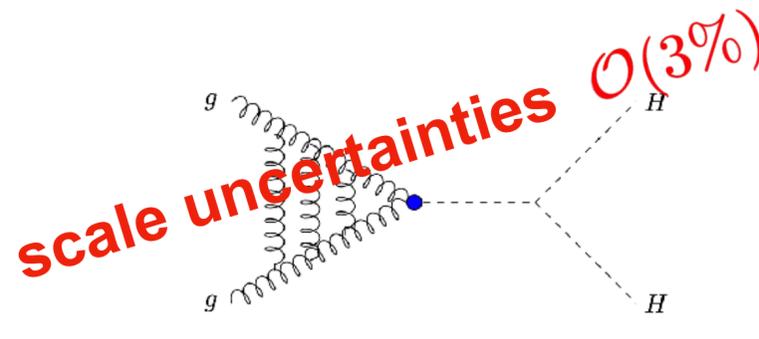
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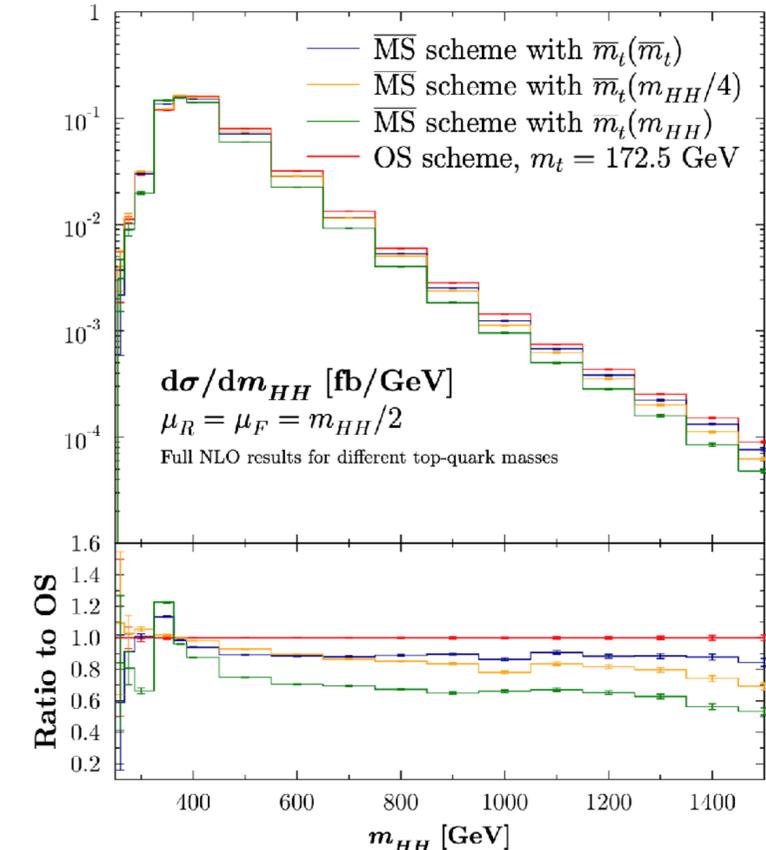
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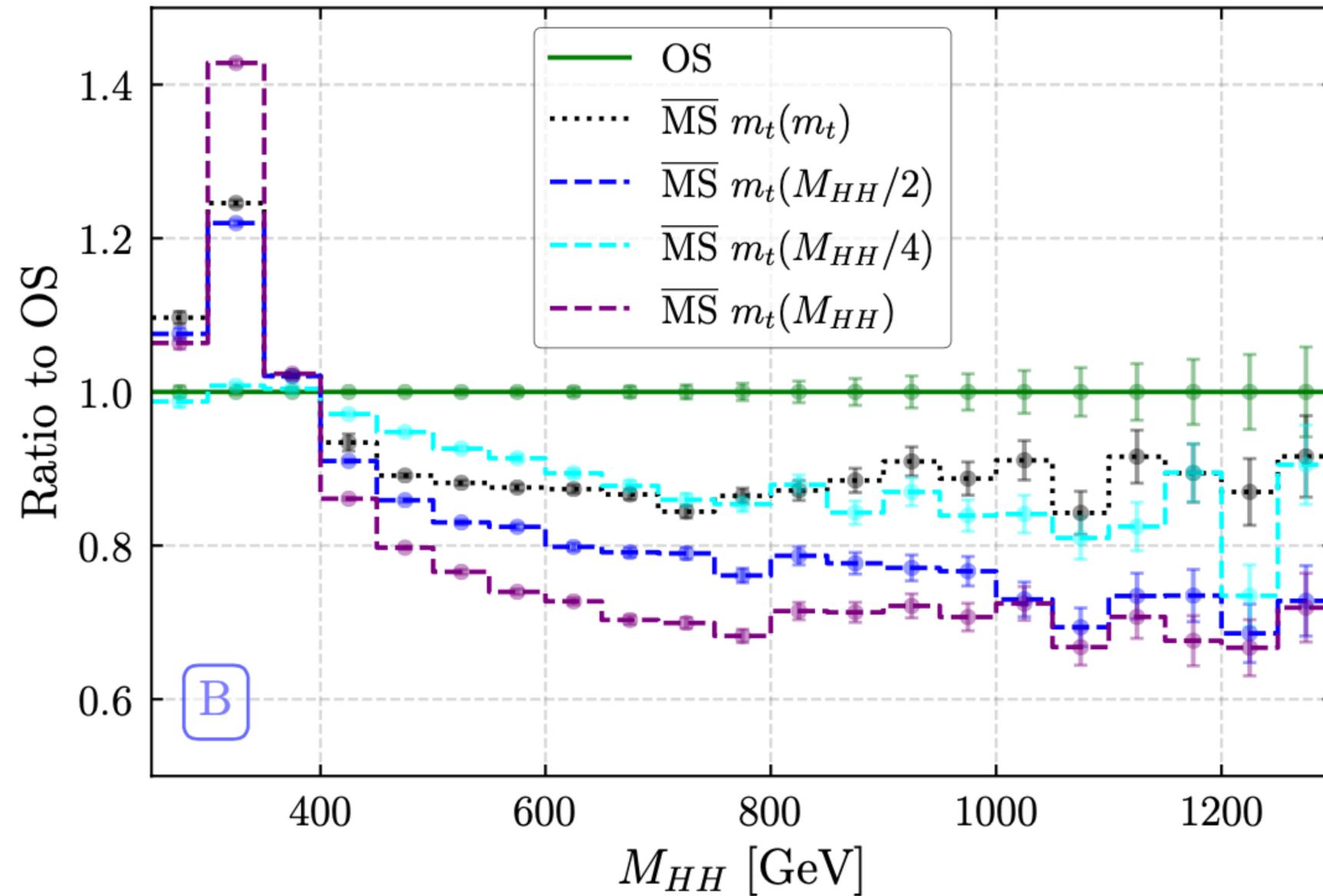
gg → HH at NLO QCD | √s = 14 TeV | PDF4LHC15



residual missing top mass effects estimated to $\mathcal{O}(5\%)$

uncertainty due to top mass scheme $\mathcal{O}(20\%)$

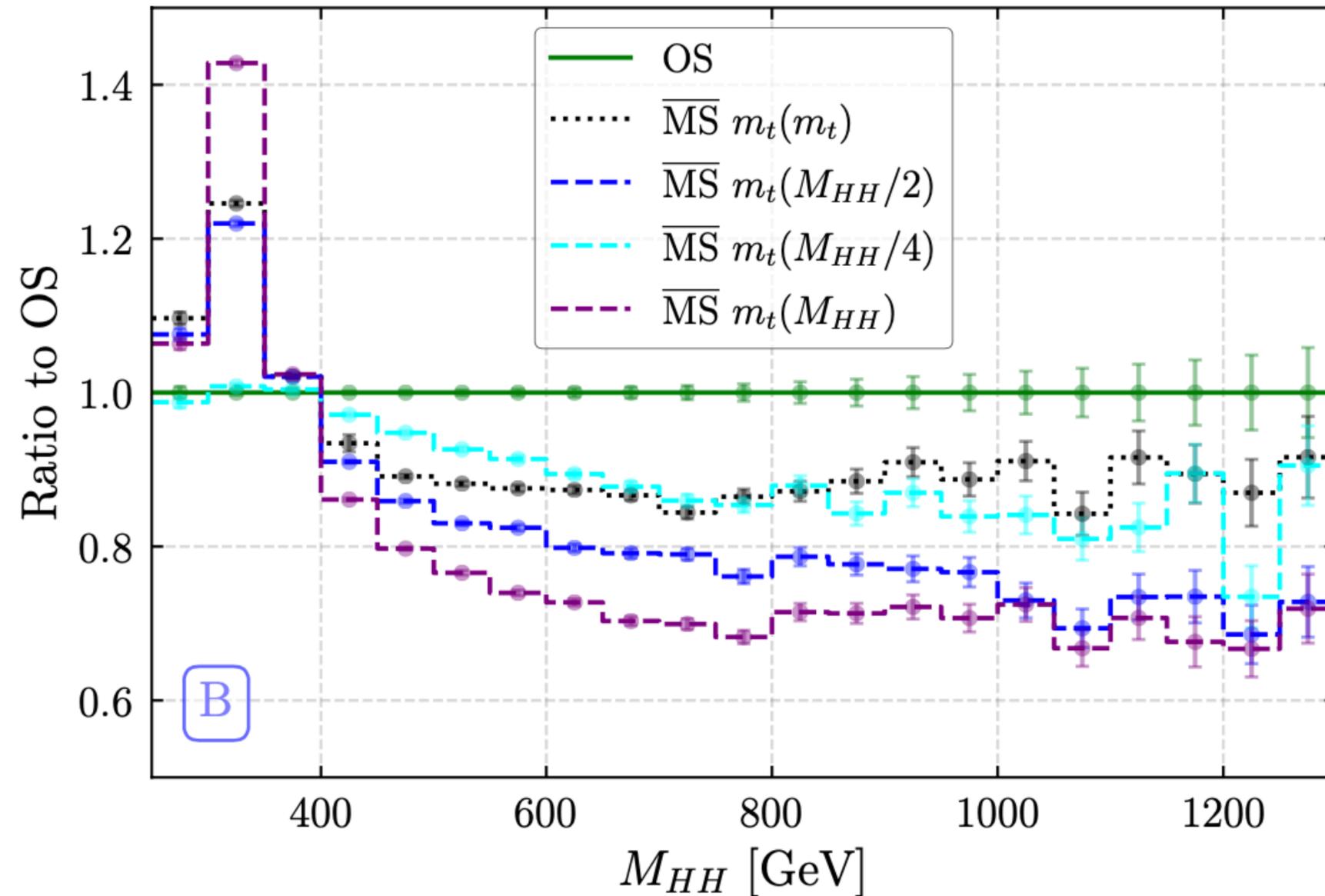
scheme uncertainties (top mass)



PDF + α_s uncertainties $\sim 2.3\%$

Bagnaschi, Degrassi, Gröber 2309.10525

scheme uncertainties (top mass)



PDF + α_s uncertainties $\sim 2.3\%$

top mass scheme uncertainty currently
largest uncertainty in
Higgs boson pair production

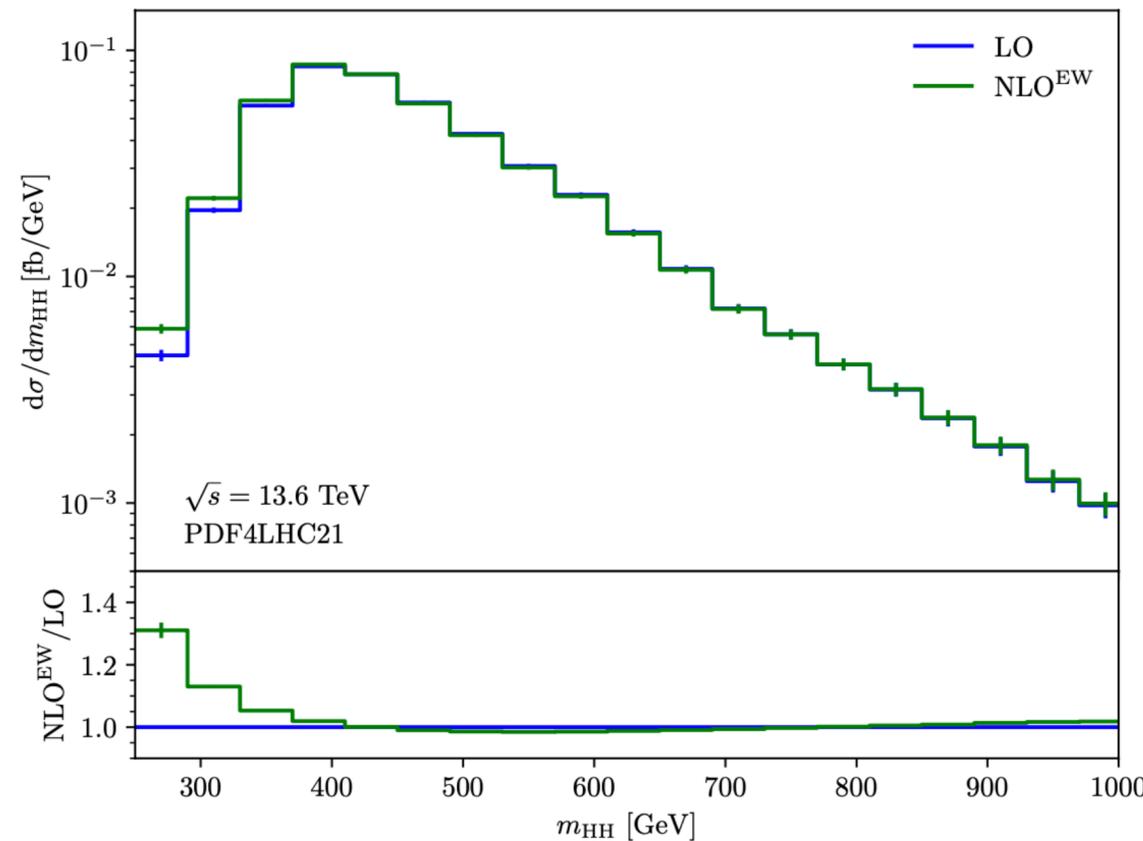
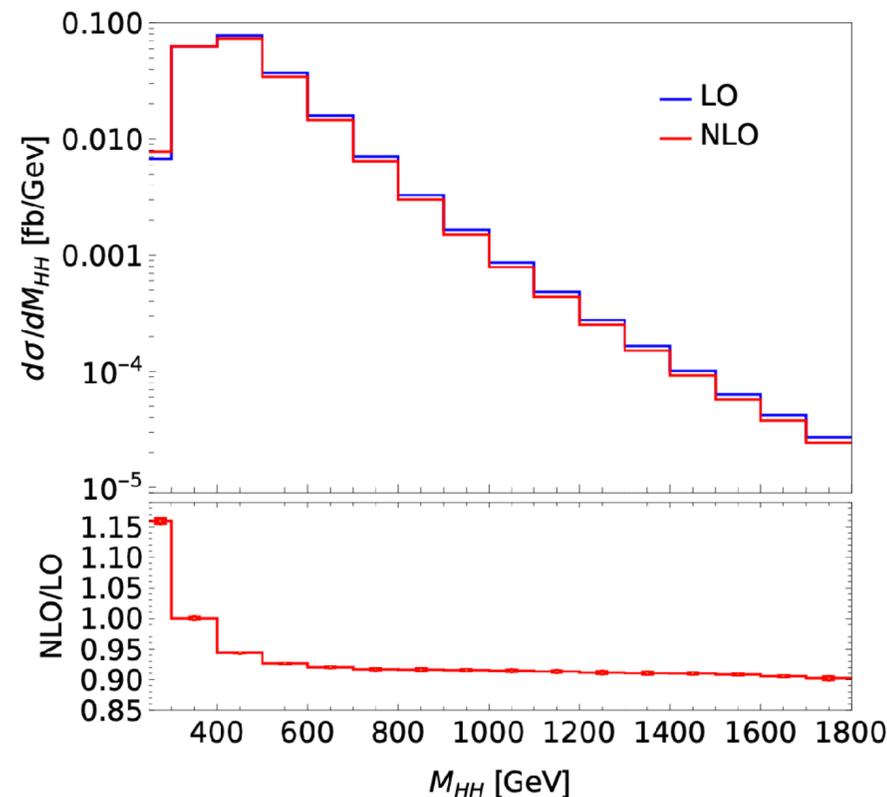
Bagnaschi, Degrassi, Gröber 2309.10525

SM electroweak corrections

full EW: [Bi, Huang, Huang, Ma, Yu '23](#)

Yukawa- and Higgs self-coupling type corrections:

[GH, Jones, Kerner, Stone, Vestner '24](#)



see also

heavy top limit, high energy expansion

[Davies, Mishima, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang '22](#)

Yukawa coupling corrections in (partial) HTL

[Mühlleitner, Schlenk, Spira '22](#)

full EW in large- m_t expansion '23

+factorisable contributions '24

[Davies, Schönwald, Steinhauser, Zhang](#)

cancellations between gauge-boson and Yukawa-type corrections

partial EW corrections, with coupling modifiers:

[Borowka, Duhr, Maltoni, Pagani, Shivaji, Zhao '18](#); [Bizon, Haisch, Rottoli '18, '24](#) therefore not very conclusive

EFT descriptions of ggHH

SMEFT (Standard Model Effective Field Theory):

Buchmüller, Wyler '85; Gratzkowski et al '10; Brivio, Trott '17

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{C_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{\text{dim6}} + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^3}\right)$$

- canonical dimension (mass) counting

HEFT (Higgs Effective Field Theory):

Feruglio '93; Grinstein, Trott '07; Contino et al. '10, Alonso et al. '13, Brivio et al. '13, Buchalla et al. '13

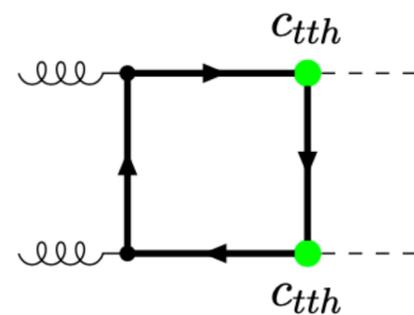
$$\mathcal{L}_{d_\chi} = \mathcal{L}_{(d_\chi=2)} + \sum_{L=1}^{\infty} \sum_i \left(\frac{1}{16\pi^2}\right)^L c_i^{(L)} \mathcal{O}_i^{(L)}$$

- chiral dimension (loop) counting

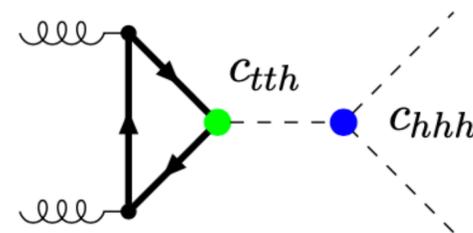
Lagrangians relevant for HH production

HEFT:

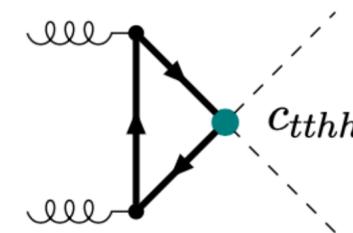
$$\mathcal{L}_{d_{\chi \leq 4}} \supset -m_t \left(c_t \frac{h}{v} + c_{tt} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) \bar{t} t - c_{hhh} \frac{m_h^2}{2v} h^3 + \frac{\alpha_s}{8\pi} \left(c_{ggh} \frac{h}{v} + c_{gggh} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a,\mu\nu}$$



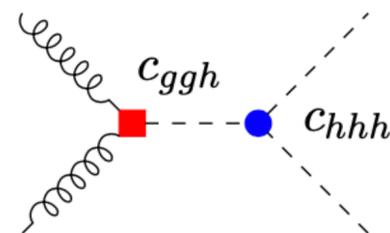
(a)



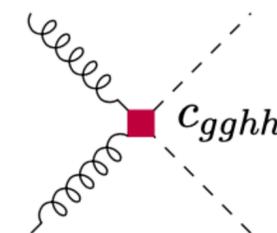
(b)



(c)



(d)



(e)

Lagrangians relevant for HH production

SMEFT: Warsaw basis Grzadkowski et al. 1008.4884

$$\begin{aligned} \Delta \mathcal{L}_{\text{Warsaw}} = & \frac{C_{H,\square}}{\Lambda^2} (\phi^\dagger \phi) \square (\phi^\dagger \phi) + \frac{C_{HD}}{\Lambda^2} (\phi^\dagger D_\mu \phi)^* (\phi^\dagger D^\mu \phi) + \frac{C_H}{\Lambda^2} (\phi^\dagger \phi)^3 \\ & + \left(\frac{C_{uH}}{\Lambda^2} \phi^\dagger \phi \bar{q}_L \phi^c t_R + h.c. \right) + \frac{C_{HG}}{\Lambda^2} \phi^\dagger \phi G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{\mu\nu,a} \end{aligned}$$

canonical normalisation

$$C_{H,\text{kin}} := C_{H,\square} - \frac{1}{4} C_{HD}$$

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(chromomagnetic operator)

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(chromomagnetic operator) **+ 4-fermion operators**

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(chromomagnetic operator) + 4-fermion operators

chromo is loop-generated if UV completion a weakly coupled, renormalisable gauge theory

in the HH case, it is inserted already into a SM loop \rightarrow should be subleading compared to C_{uH}, C_{HG}, \dots

Leading Wilson coefficients relevant for HH production

naive translation HEFT -> SMEFT at dim6 (comparing coefficients at Lagrangian level):

HEFT	Warsaw
C_{hhh}	$1 - 2 \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \frac{v^2}{m_h^2} C_H + 3 \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} C_{H,\text{kin}}$
C_t	$1 + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} C_{H,\text{kin}} - \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}m_t} C_{uH}$
C_{tt}	$-\frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \frac{3v}{2\sqrt{2}m_t} C_{uH} + \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} C_{H,\text{kin}}$
C_{ggh}	$\frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \frac{8\pi}{\alpha_s} C_{HG}$
C_{gggh}	$\frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \frac{4\pi}{\alpha_s} C_{HG}$

problems:

- two field theories with different assumptions
- valid HEFT point can be invalid after translation to SMEFT
- translation depends on Λ
- treatment of strong coupling

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ggHH and ggHH_SMEFT codes

- both codes: NLO QCD with full top quark mass dependence Borowka et al. 2016

implemented in

<http://powhegbox.mib.infn.it/User-Process-V2>

HEFT: ggHH code GH, Jones, Kerner, Scyboz, 2006.16877

5 anomalous couplings

SMEFT: ggHH_SMEFT GH, J. Lang, L. Scyboz, 2204.13045

4 leading operators, different truncation options

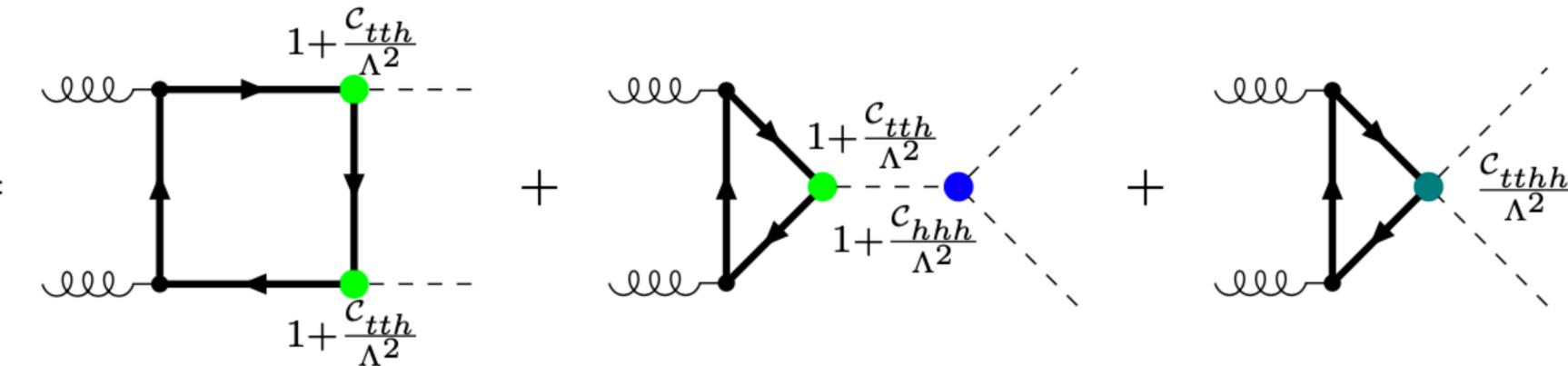
+ 6 subleading operators (chromo, 4-top) GH, J. Lang, 2311.15004

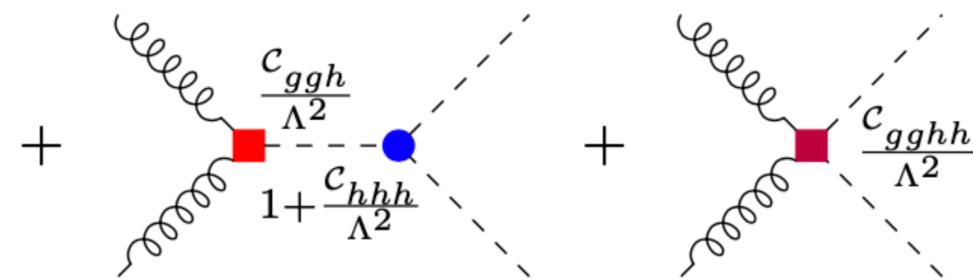
+ running Wilson coefficients coming soon GH, J. Lang

note: bug in 2-loop triangle contribution (in both codes) corrected September 2023

(thanks to Ramona Gröber, Emanuele Bagnaschi, Guiseppe Degrassi, 2309.10525)

SMEFT truncation

$$\mathcal{M}_{\text{SMEFT}}^{\text{LO}} =$$




$$= \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}} + \mathcal{M}_{\text{dim6}} + \mathcal{M}_{(\text{dim6})^2}$$

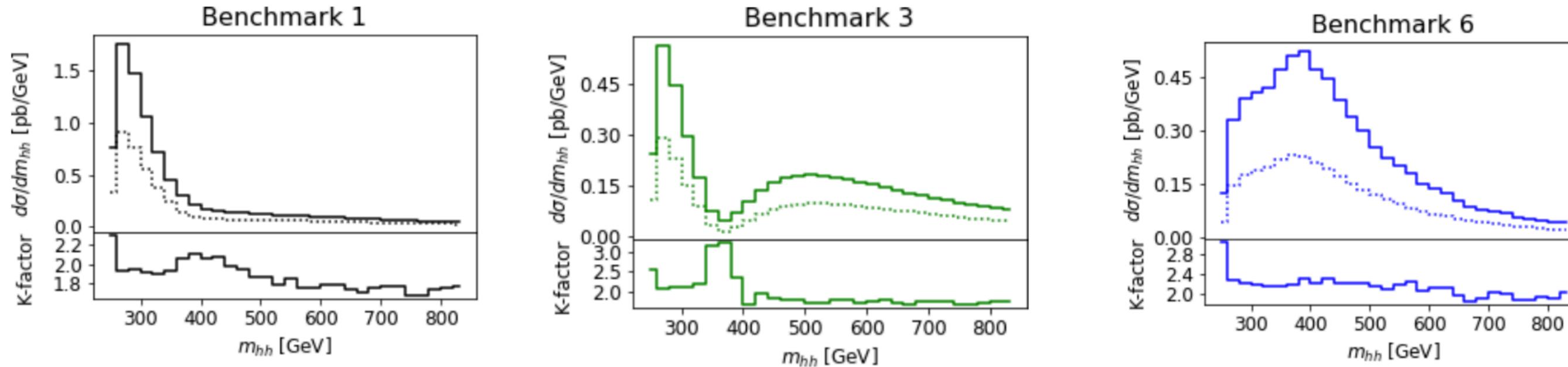
all options available in **ggHH_SMEFT** code

(c) and (d) inconsistent in SMEFT (canonical orders messed up)

$$\sigma \simeq \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \sigma_{\text{SM}} + \sigma_{\text{SM} \times \text{dim6}} & \text{“linear” (a)} \\ \sigma_{(\text{SM} + \text{dim6}) \times (\text{SM} + \text{dim6})} & \text{“quadratic” (b)} \\ \sigma_{(\text{SM} + \text{dim6}) \times (\text{SM} + \text{dim6})} + \sigma_{\text{SM} \times \text{dim6}^2} & \text{(c)} \\ & \text{double insertions} \\ \sigma_{(\text{SM} + \text{dim6} + \text{dim6}^2) \times (\text{SM} + \text{dim6} + \text{dim6}^2)} & \text{(d)} \\ & \text{HEFT situation (up to treatment of } \alpha_s \text{)} \end{array} \right.$$

HEFT mhh-shape benchmark points

consider benchmark points characteristic for a certain mhh **shape**



Capozi, GH,
1908.08923

benchmark (* = modified)	c_{hhh}	c_t	c_{tt}	c_{ggh}	c_{gghh}
SM	1	1	0	0	0
1*	5.105	1.1	0	0	0
3*	2.21	1.05	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0.5	0.25*
6*	-0.684	0.9	$-\frac{1}{6}$	0.5	0.25

- benchmark 1: enhanced low mHH
- benchmark 3: dip
- benchmark 6: SM-like except for shoulder left of peak

modified: to fulfil SMEFT relation $c_{ggh} = 2c_{gghh}$ and constraints after 2019

see also LHC Higgs WG4 note, 2304.01968

Naive translation HEFT to SMEFT

benchmark (* = modified)	c_{hhh}	c_t	c_{tt}	c_{ggh}	c_{gghh}	$C_{H,\text{kin}}$	C_H	C_{uH}	C_{HG}	Λ
SM	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 TeV
1*	5.105	1.1	0	0	0	4.95	-6.81	3.28	0	1 TeV
3*	2.21	1.05	$-\frac{1}{3}$	0.5	0.25*	13.5	2.64	12.6	0.0387	1 TeV
6*	-0.684	0.9	$-\frac{1}{6}$	0.5	0.25	0.561	3.80	2.20	0.0387	1 TeV

benchmark	σ_{NLO} [fb] option (b)	K-factor option (b)	ratio to SM option (b)	σ_{NLO} [fb] option (a)	σ_{NLO} [fb] HEFT
SM	$27.94^{+13.7\%}_{-12.8\%}$	1.67	1	-	-
$\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV}$					
1	$71.95^{+20.1\%}_{-15.7\%}$	2.06	2.58	-57.64	91.62
3	$68.69^{+9.4\%}_{-9.5\%}$	1.80	2.46	30.15	70.20
6	$70.18^{+18.8\%}_{-15.5\%}$	1.83	2.51	50.82	87.9

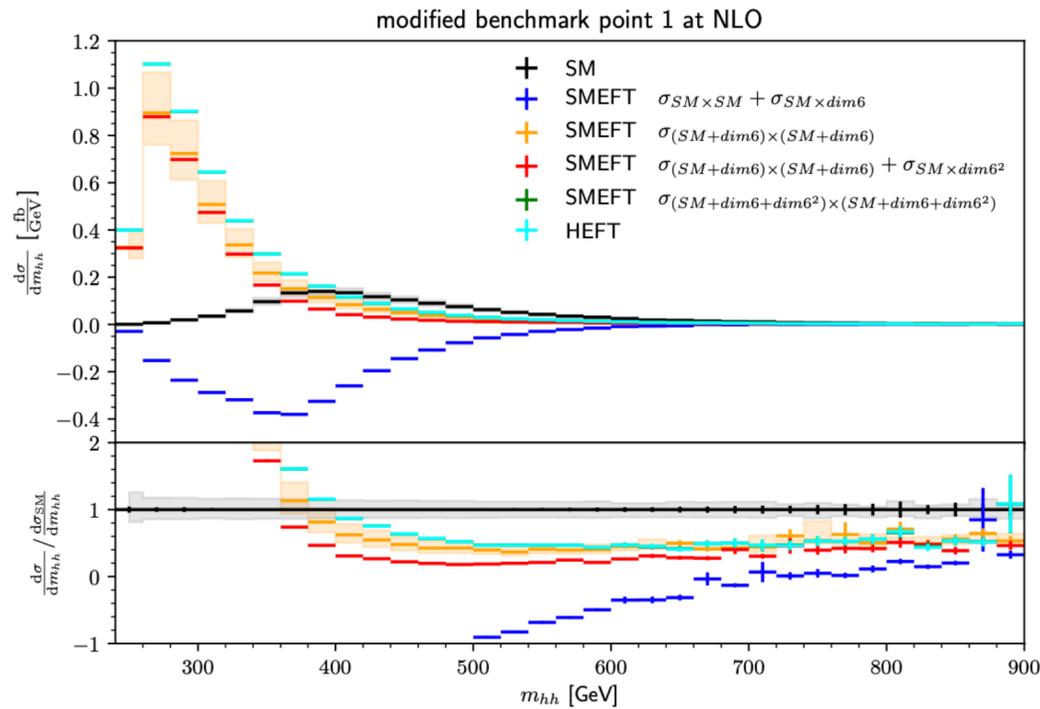
$$E^2 \frac{|C_i|}{\Lambda^2} \ll 1 \text{ not fulfilled for } \Lambda \simeq 1 \text{ TeV}$$

→ can lead to negative cross sections

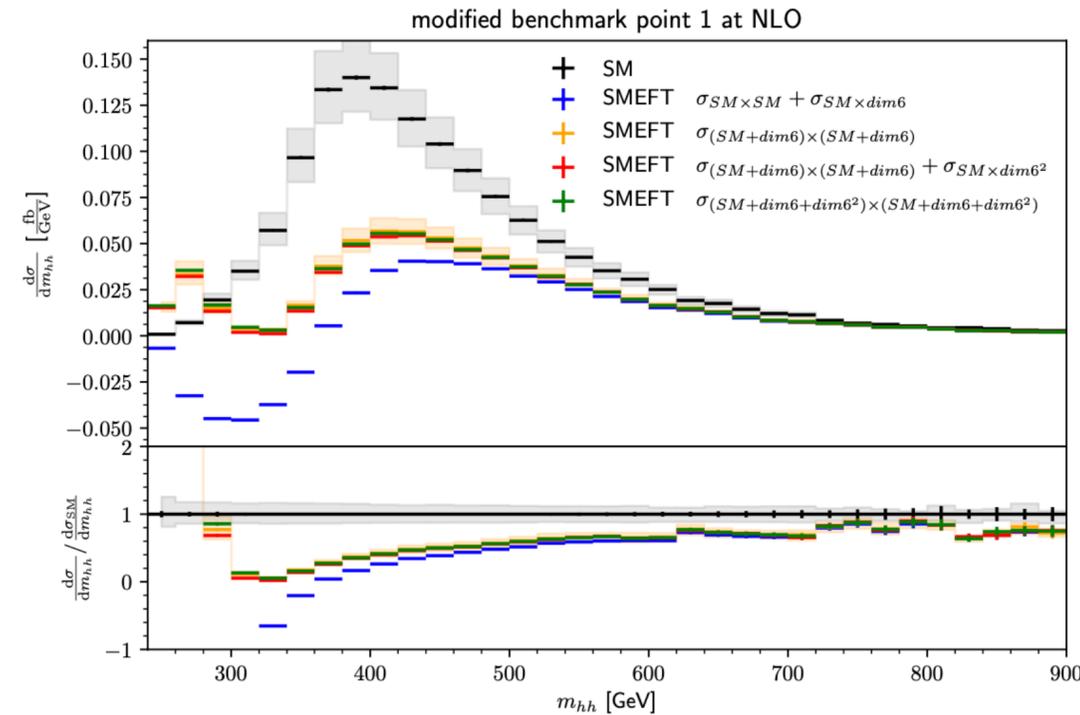
Higgs boson pair invariant mass spectrum

benchmark point 1

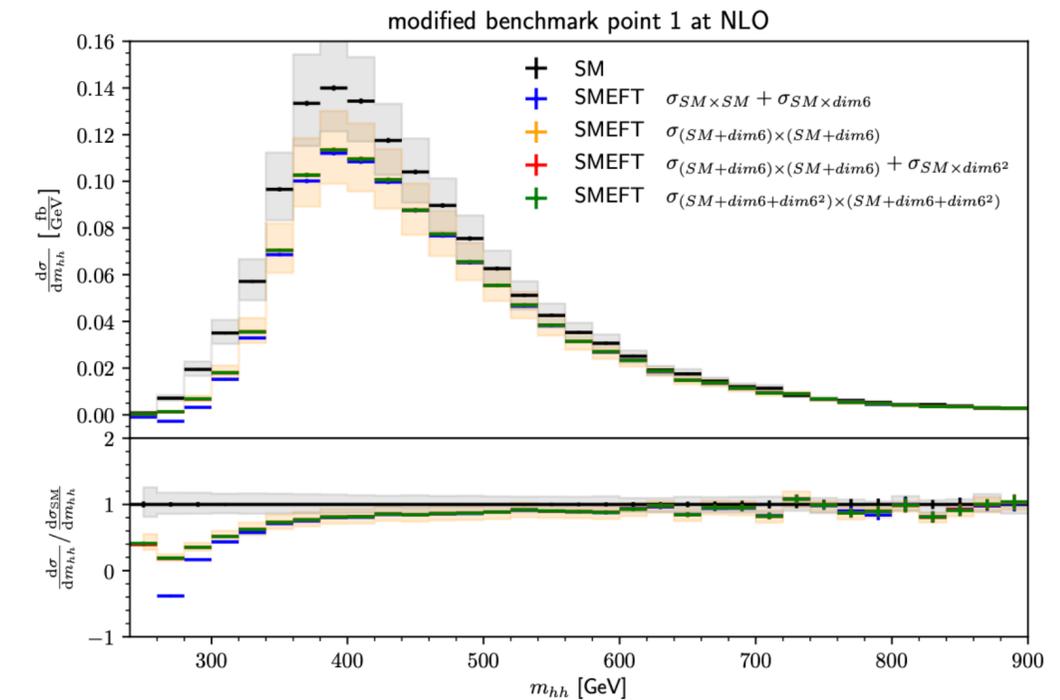
figures: Jannis Lang



$\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV}$



$\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$



$\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV}$

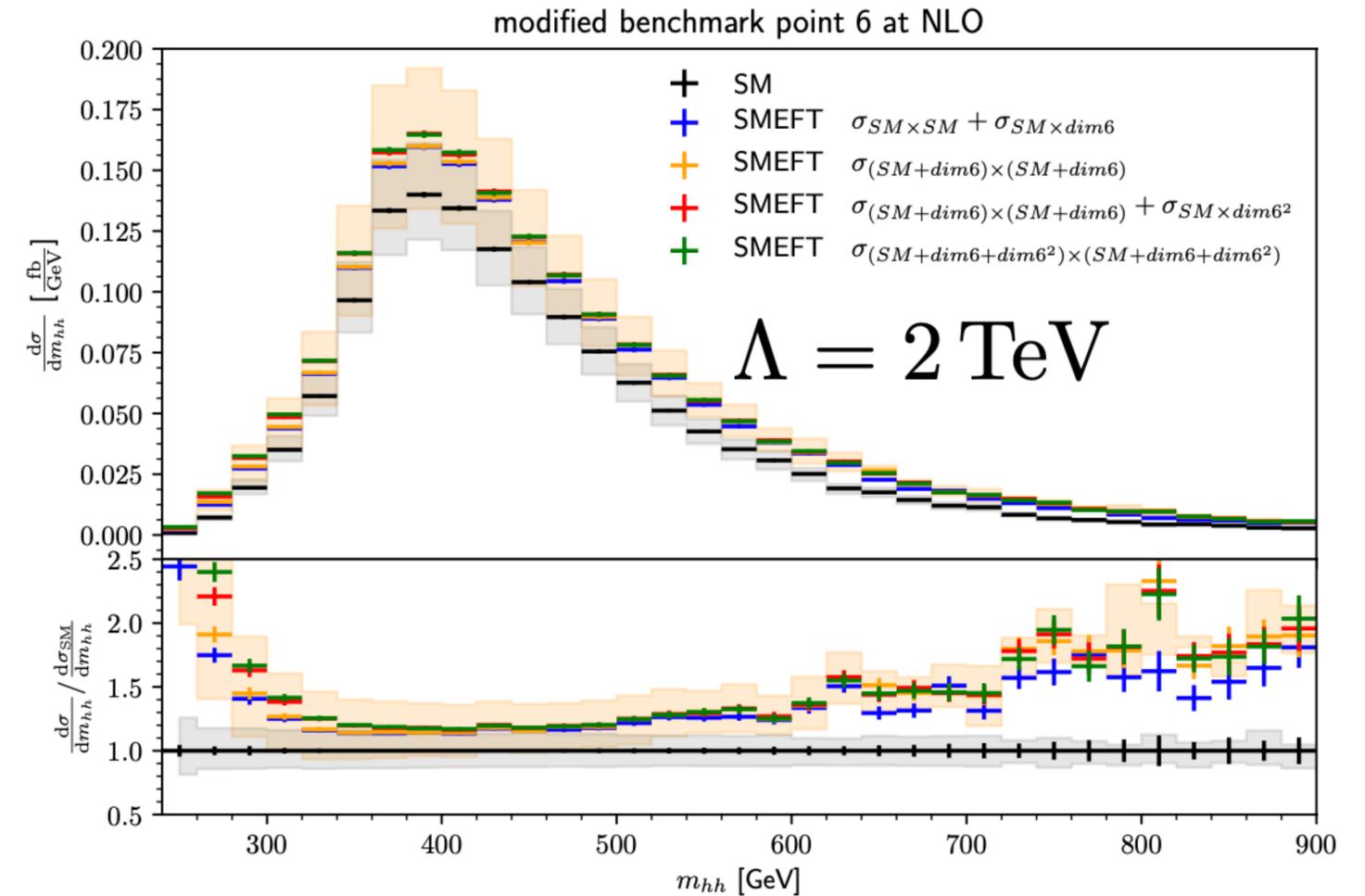
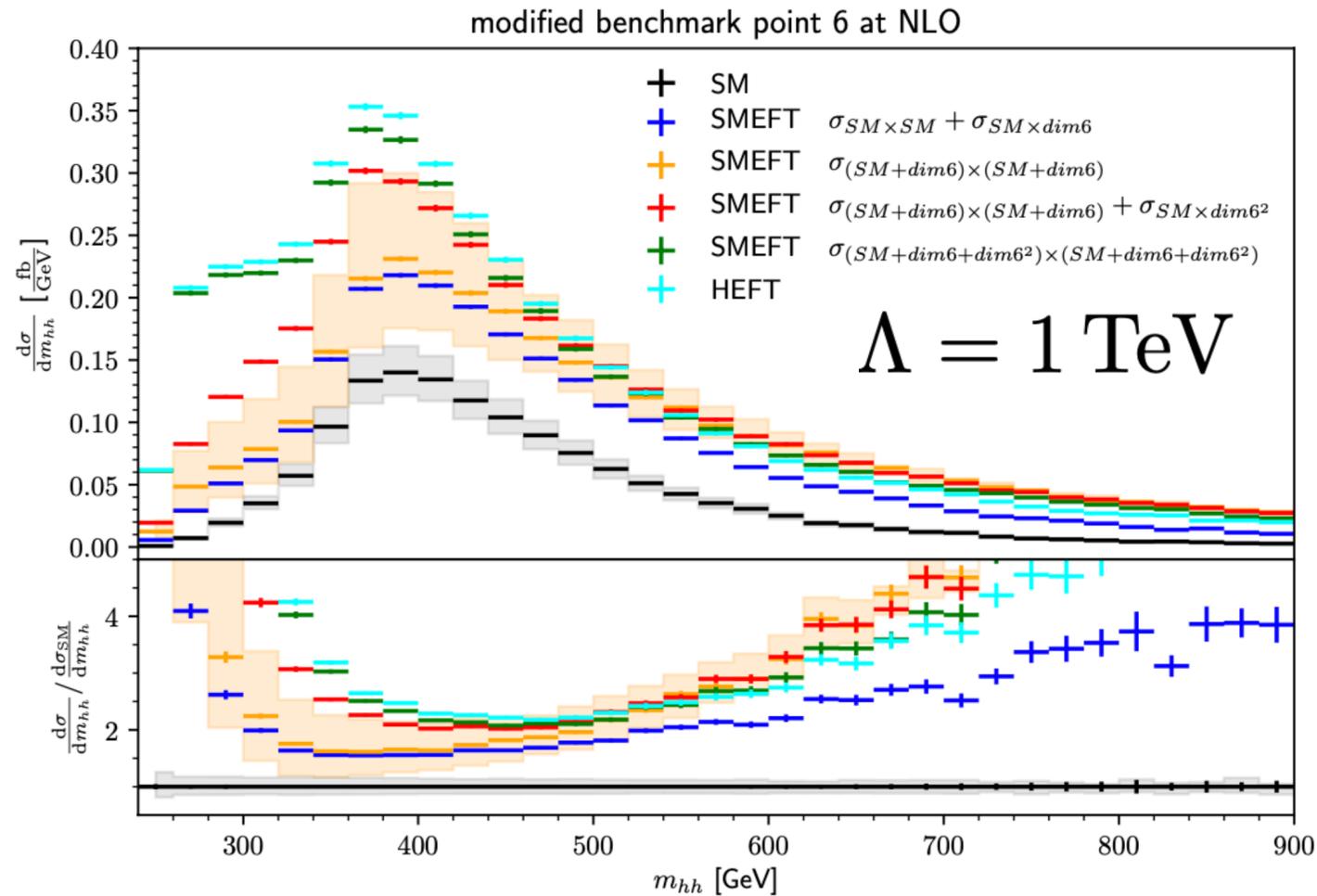
linear dim6 (blue): negative cross sections; quadratic dim6 (orange) looks reasonable even though not a valid SMEFT point

shape changes as Λ is increased (obviously, approaching SM shape)

→ for low values of Λ : parameter point valid in HEFT can be **invalid** in SMEFT

Truncation effects on Higgs boson pair invariant mass

benchmark point 6 $c_{hhh} = -0.684, c_t = 0.9, c_{tt} = -1/6, c_{ggh} = 0.5, c_{gghh} = 0.25$



figures: Jannis Lang

characteristic shape not present in SMEFT,
large difference between linear and quadratic truncation

differences between truncation options smaller, but
shape very SM-like, difference to SM
in peak region within NLO scale uncertainties

EFT expansion + higher orders in QCD

(SM)EFT expansion parameters:

$$\Lambda^{-d_c} (g_s^2 L)^{l_{\text{QCD}}} \mathbf{L}^{l_{\text{not_QCD}}}$$

d_c : canonical dimension

This is an expansion in several parameters

g_s : strong coupling

$L = (16\pi)^{-1}$: loop factor (QCD)

$\mathbf{L} = (16\pi)^{-1}$: loop factor (new physics)

l_{QCD} : number of QCD loops

$l_{\text{not_QCD}}$: number of loops involving new particles or new interactions (or EW corrections)

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l_{QCD} : number of QCD loops

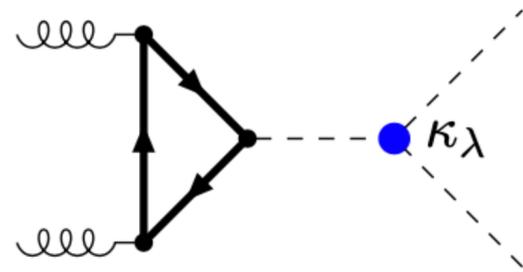
$l_{\text{not_QCD}}$: number of loops involving new particles or new interactions (or EW corrections)

In renormalisable, weakly coupled UV completions:

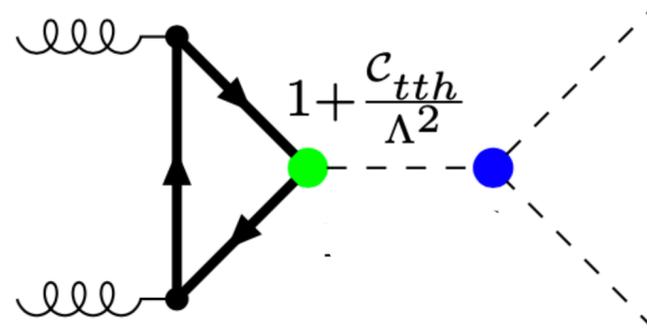
Operators containing field strength tensors are loop-generated \Rightarrow get a loop suppression factor

Arzt, Einhorn Wudka '94; Buchalla, GH, Müller-Salditt, Pandler 2204.11808

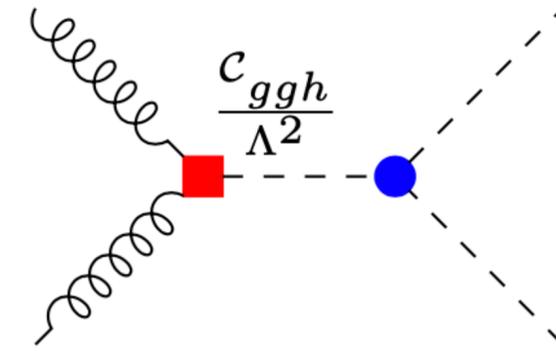
Loop counting in SMEFT



$$\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$

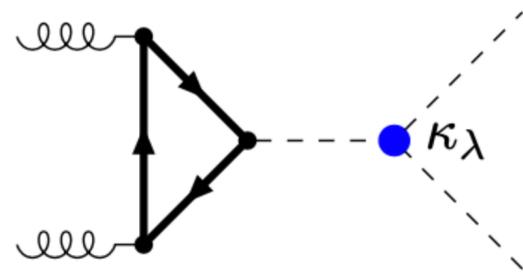


$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$

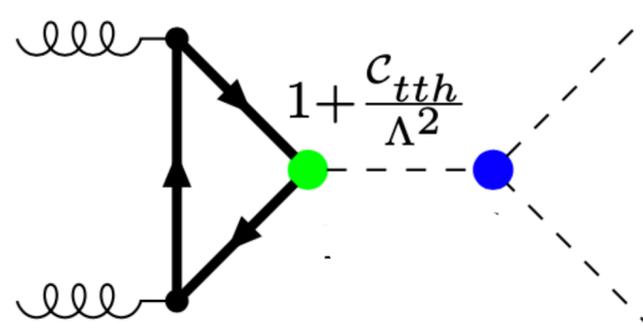


$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

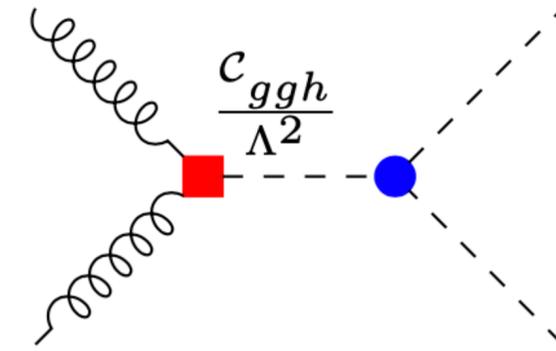
Loop counting in SMEFT



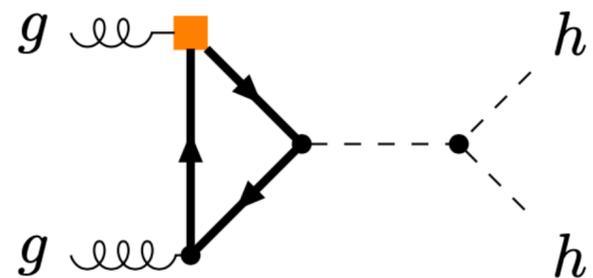
$$\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

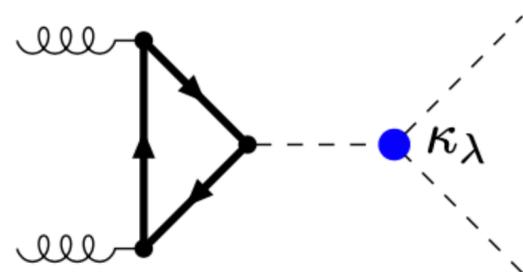


chromomagnetic operator

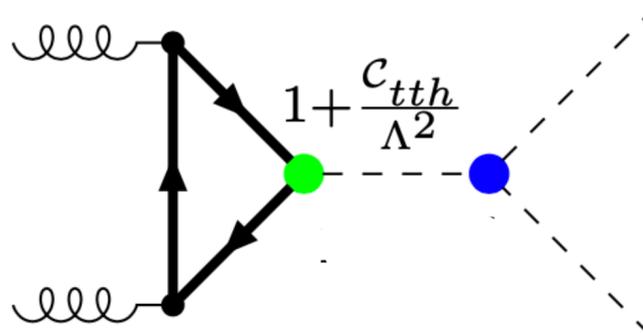
$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1, \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

explicit implicit

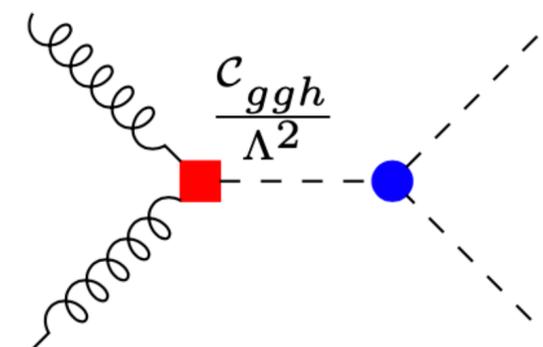
Loop counting in SMEFT



$$\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

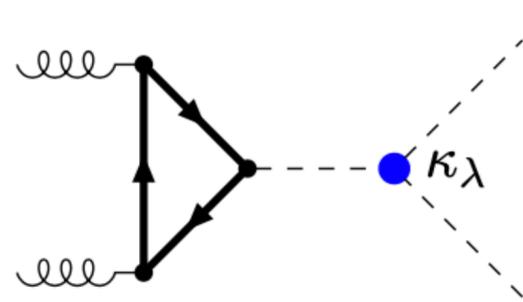
new boson

chromomagnetic operator

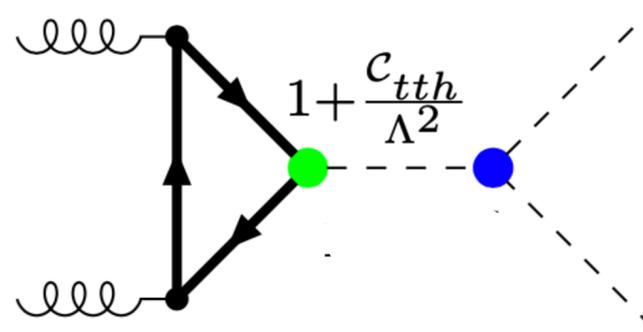
$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1, \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

explicit implicit

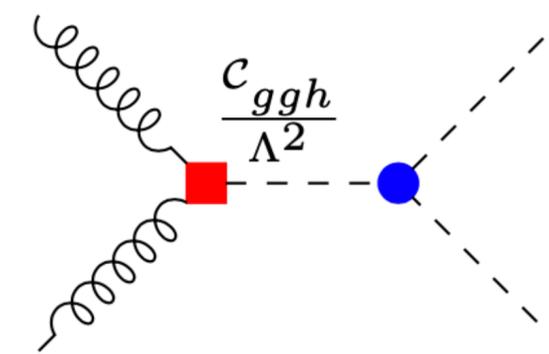
Loop counting in SMEFT



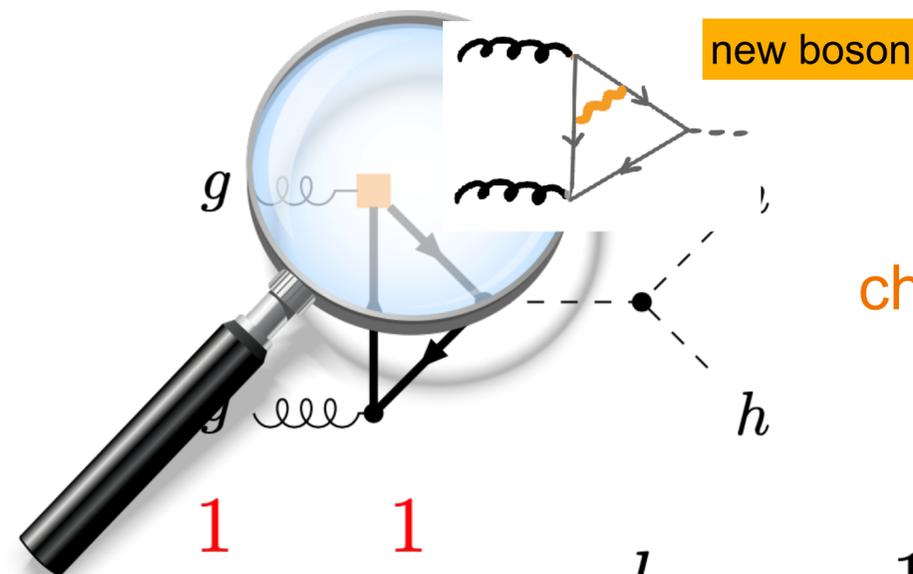
$$\frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1$$



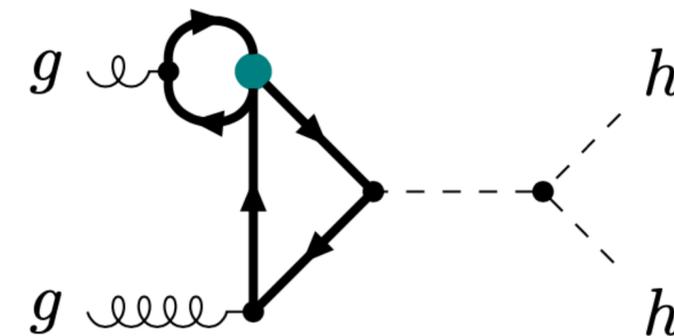
$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{16\pi^2} \quad l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$



chromomagnetic operator

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1, l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

explicit implicit



4-top operators enter at the same order!

$$\frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \frac{1}{(16\pi^2)^2} \quad l_{\text{QCD}} = 1, l_{\text{not-QCD}} = 1$$

explicit explicit

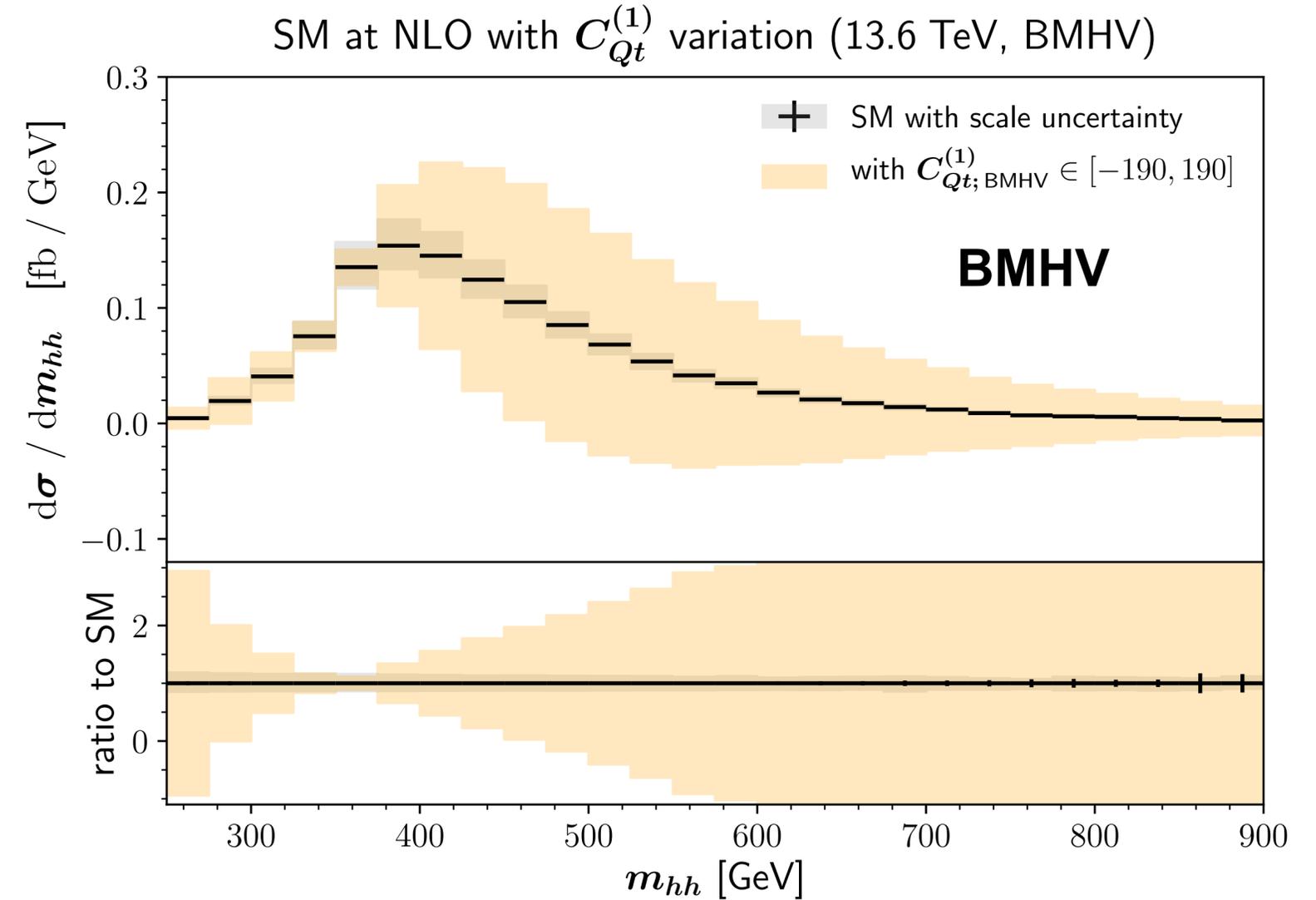
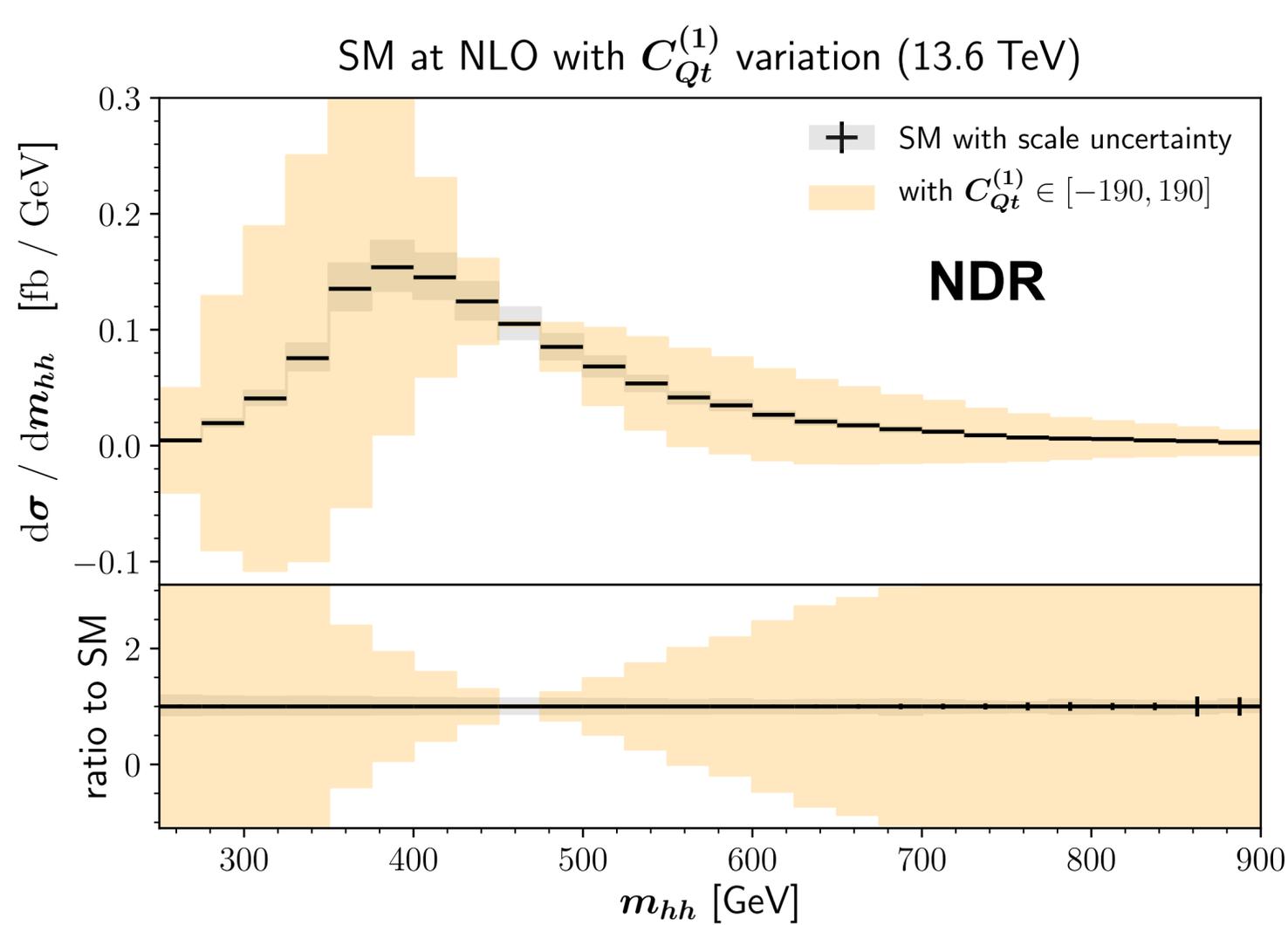
Four-top operators

$$\mathcal{L}_{4t} = \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} \underbrace{\bar{t}_L \gamma^\mu t_L \bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu t_R}_{\bar{t} \mathbb{P}_R \gamma^\mu \mathbb{P}_L t \bar{t} \mathbb{P}_L \gamma_\mu \mathbb{P}_R t} + \frac{C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{t}_L \gamma^\mu T^a t_L \bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu T^a t_R + \dots$$

$\bar{t} \mathbb{P}_R \gamma^\mu \mathbb{P}_L t \bar{t} \mathbb{P}_L \gamma_\mu \mathbb{P}_R t$; $\mathbb{P}_{L/R} = (\mathbb{I} \mp \gamma_5)/2$

- 4-top operators occur in 2-loop diagrams
- treatment of γ_5 matters! Di Noi, Gröber, GH, Lang, Vitti '23
- translation between schemes also affects other operators (e.g. chromomagnetic) and parameters

Example: $C_{Qt}^{(1)}$ in different gamma5 schemes



GH, J. Lang, 2311.15004

large effect and very different behaviour in the two schemes → specify scheme for global fits

Running Wilson coefficients

coming soon in the `ggHH_SMEFT` code (Powheg-Box-V2): [GH, Jannis Lang]

$$\mu \frac{\partial C_i}{\partial \mu} = \frac{\gamma_{C_i}^{C_j}}{16\pi^2} C_j, \quad \gamma_{C_i}^{C_j} : \text{anomalous dimension}$$

new options for users:

WCscaledependence:

0: no running, $\mu_{\text{EFT}} = \mu_R$

1: $\mu_{\text{EFT}} = \mu_0 \cdot \text{EFTscfact}$, μ_0 fixed by the user

2: $\mu_{\text{EFT}} = m_{hh}/2 \cdot \text{EFTscfact}$

EFTscfact: variation factor

inputscaleEFT: scale where the running starts

see also

Maltoni, Ventura, Vryonidou 2406.06670

Gröber, Di Noi 2312.11327

Aoude et al. 2212.05067

Battaglia, Grazzini, Spira, Wieseemann 2109.02987

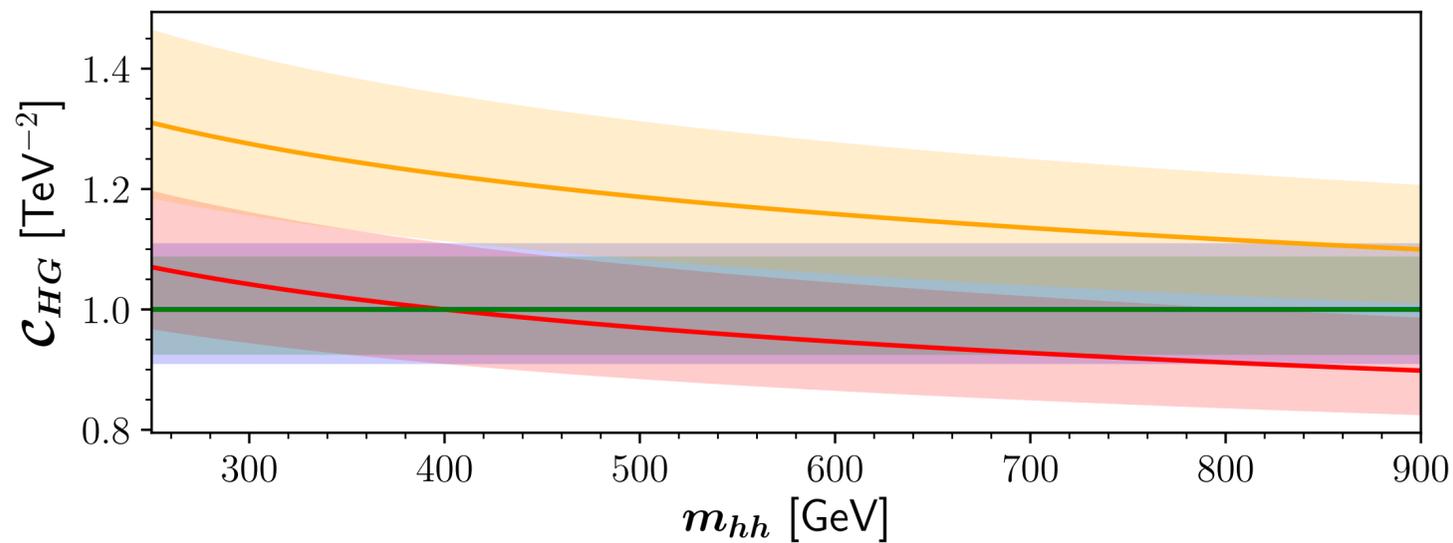
Deutschmann, Duhr, Maltoni, Vryonidou 1708.00460

Maltoni, Vryonidou, Zhang 1607.05330

Running Wilson coefficients

effect of running on CHG only:

Coefficient scaling with $\mathcal{C}_{HG}(\mu_0) = 1 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$ as input

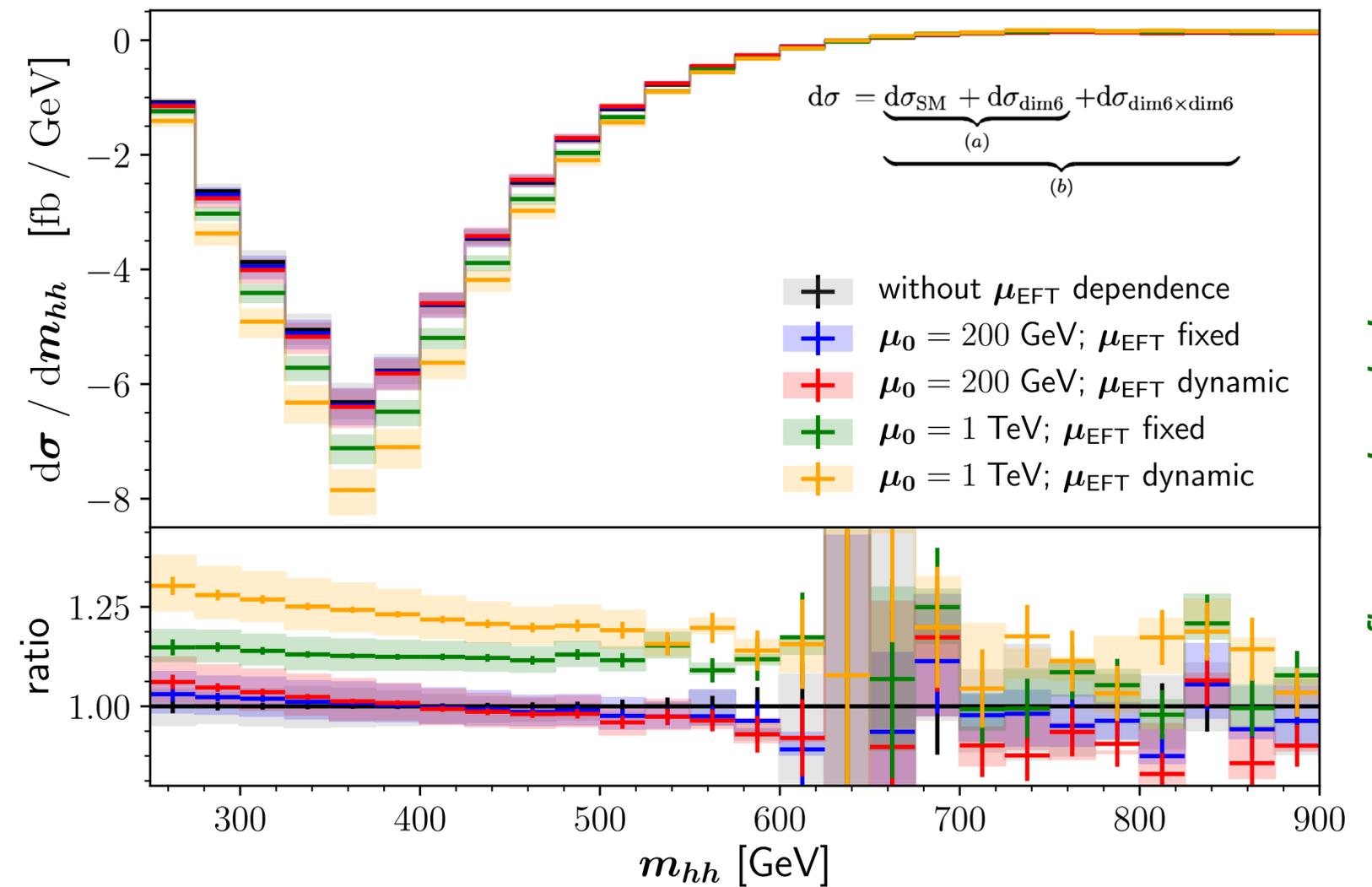


grey band: usual μ_r, μ_f variations

coloured bands: variations around μ_{EFT}

dynamic: $\mu_{\text{EFT}} = \frac{m_{hh}}{2}$

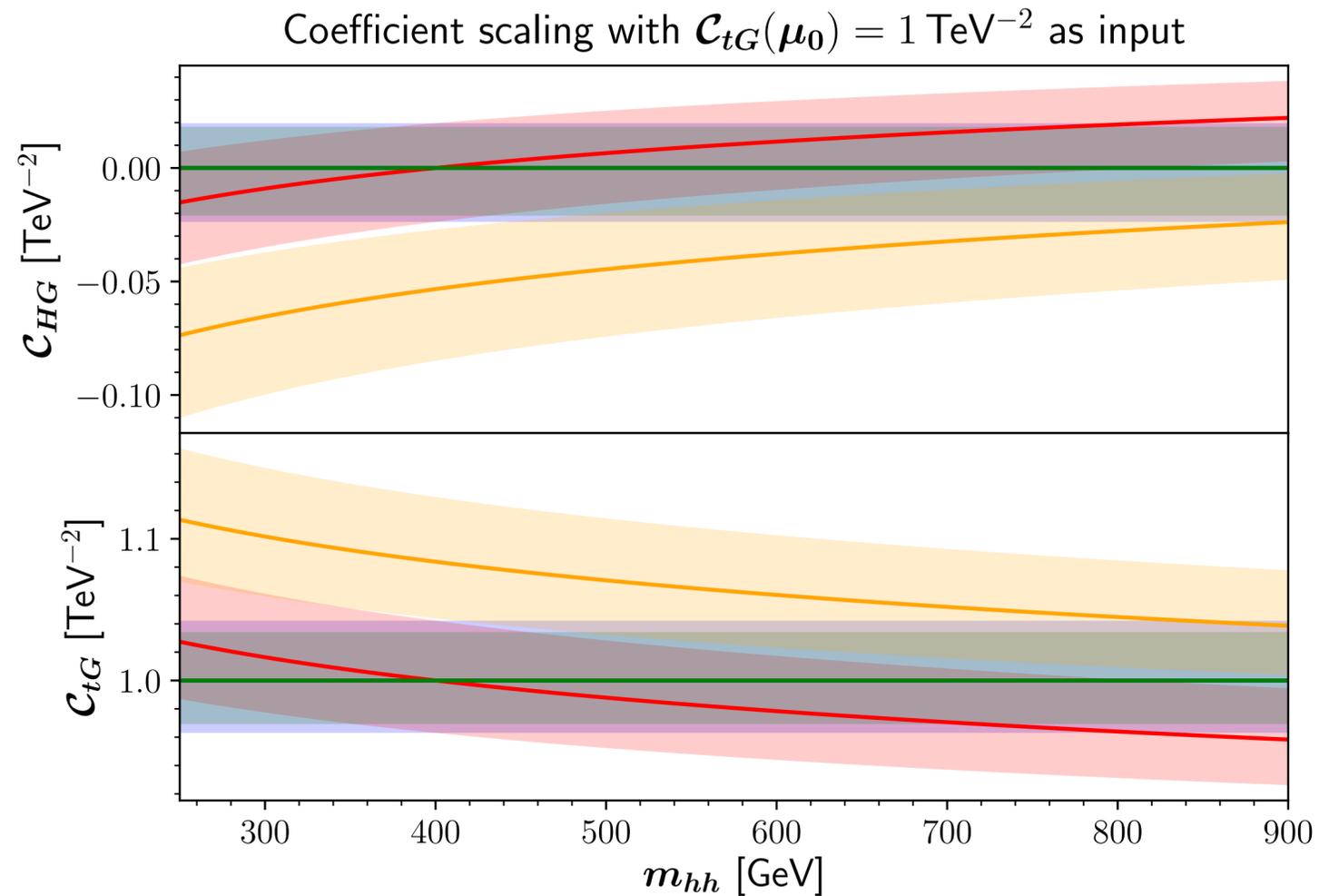
$d\sigma_{\text{dim6}}$ at NLO QCD with $\mathcal{C}_{HG}(\mu_0) = 1 \text{ TeV}^{-2}$ as input



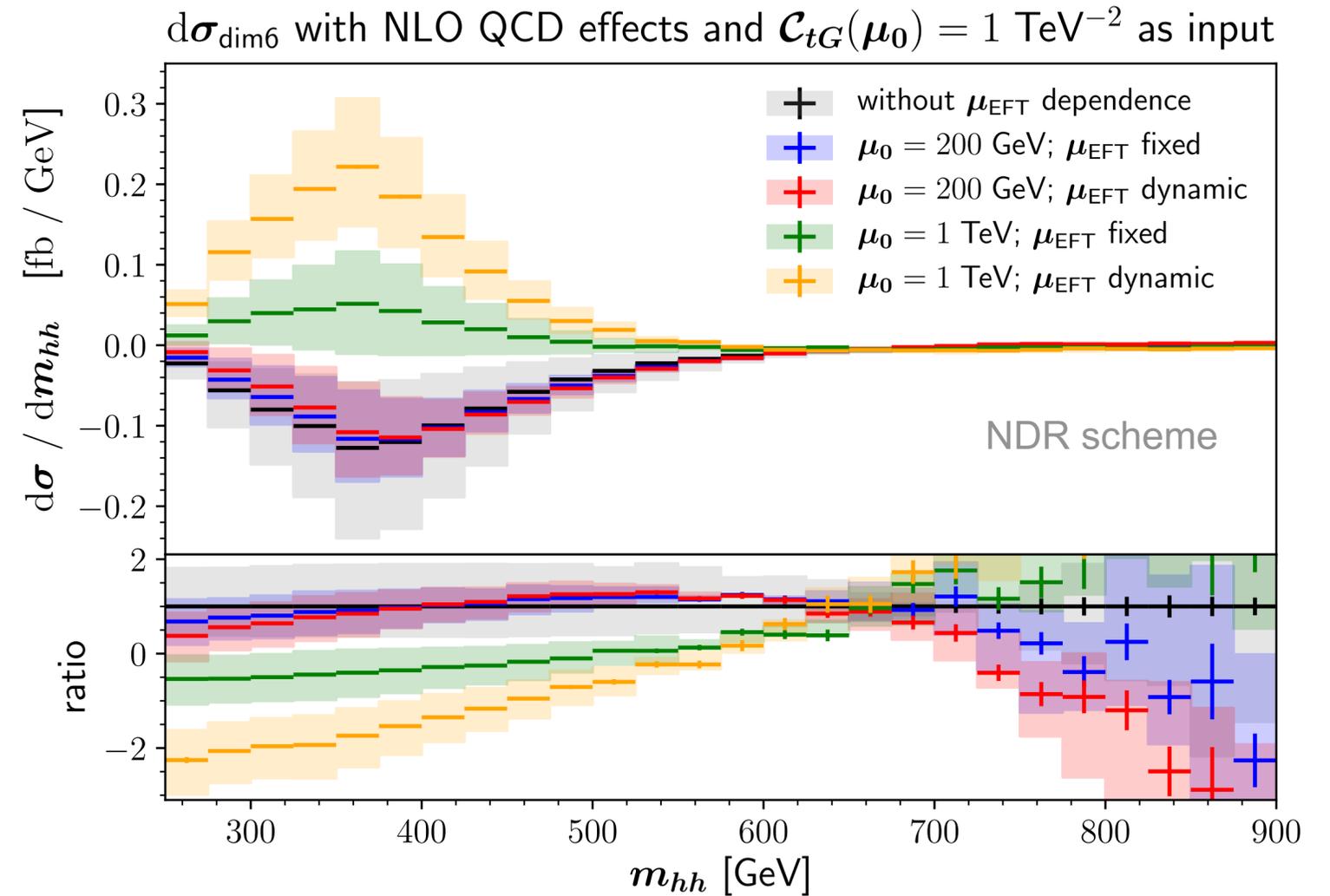
large effects only for starting scale 1TeV

figures: Jannis Lang

Running Wilson coefficients



running of \mathcal{C}_{tG} induces non-zero \mathcal{C}_{HG}



sign change for large μ_0

figures: Jannis Lang

Summary & outlook

- mHH shape benchmarks in HEFT cannot be translated to SMEFT
- truncation uncertainties can exceed all other uncertainties if parameter point is close to the border of the SMEFT validity range
- chromomagnetic operator and 4-top operators are linked through renormalisation -> γ_5 -scheme dependence at loop level
- coming soon in `ggHH_SMEFT`: running of Wilson coefficients

Thank you for your attention !



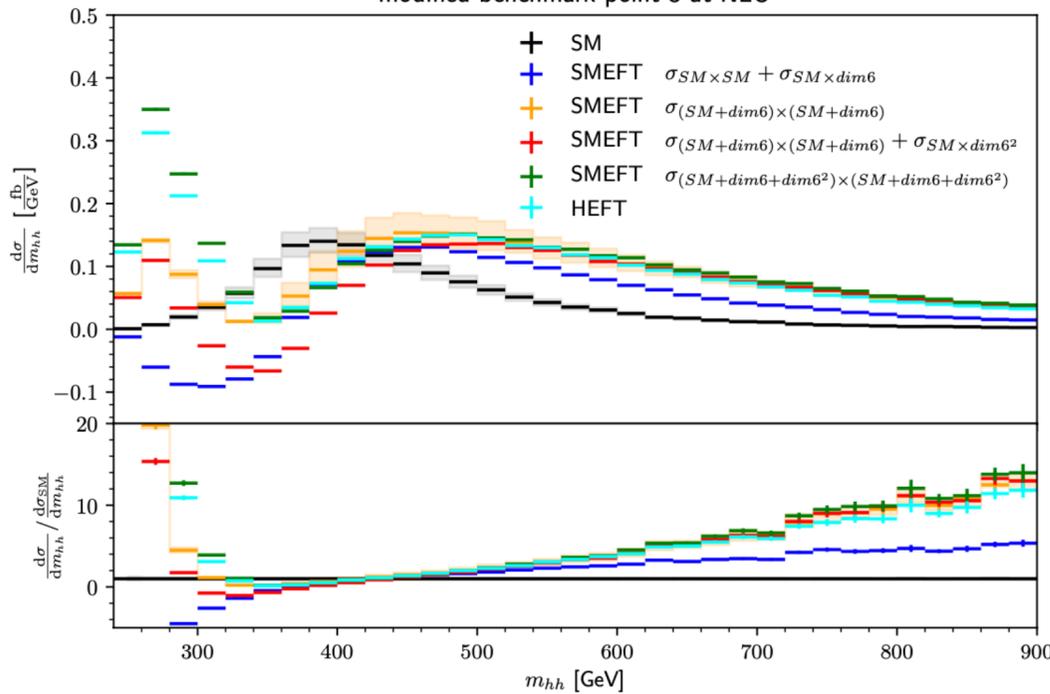
image: Laura Vigiatis

Higgs boson pair invariant mass spectrum

figures: Jannis Lang

benchmark point 3

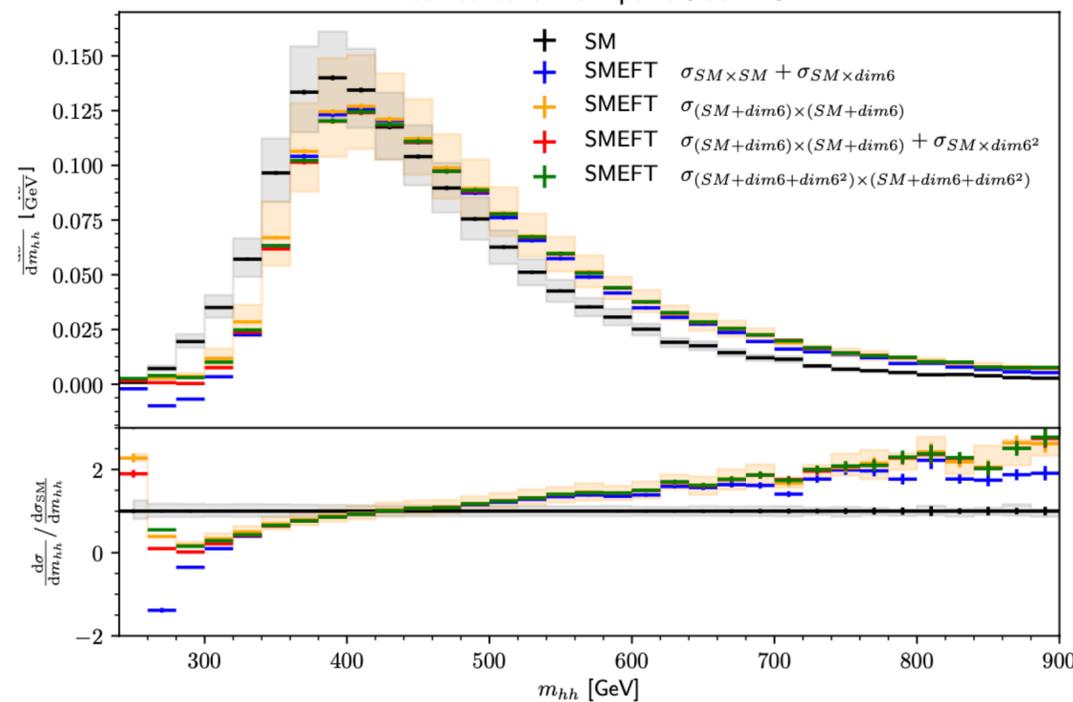
modified benchmark point 3 at NLO



$\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV}$

double operator insertions
have large effect

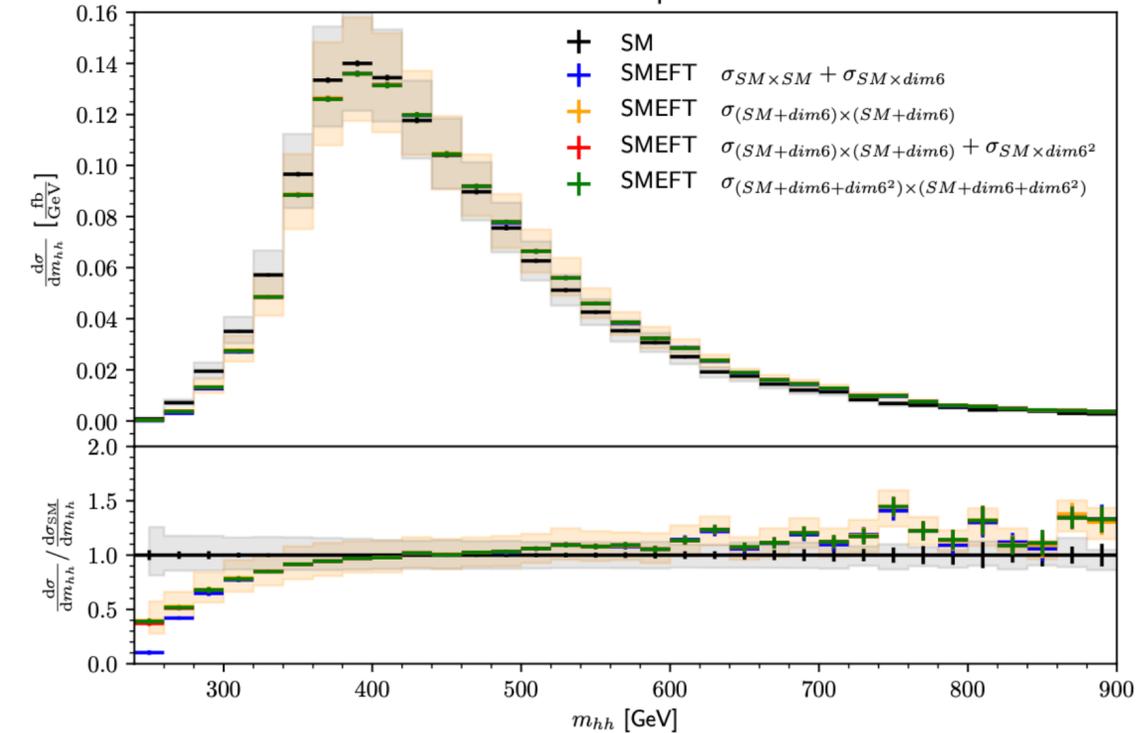
modified benchmark point 3 at NLO



$\Lambda = 2 \text{ TeV}$

distinguishable from SM
within NLO uncertainties

modified benchmark point 3 at NLO

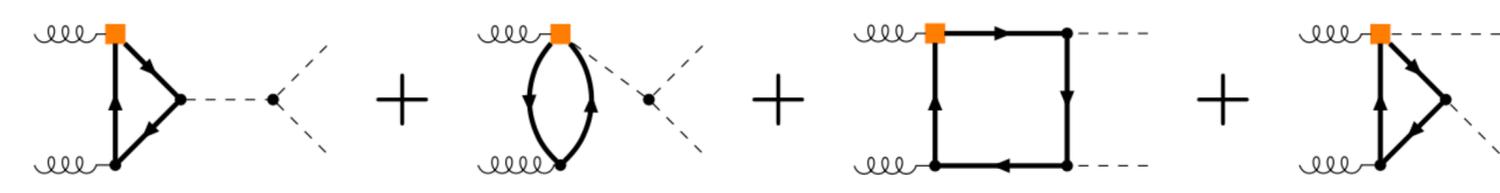


$\Lambda = 4 \text{ TeV}$

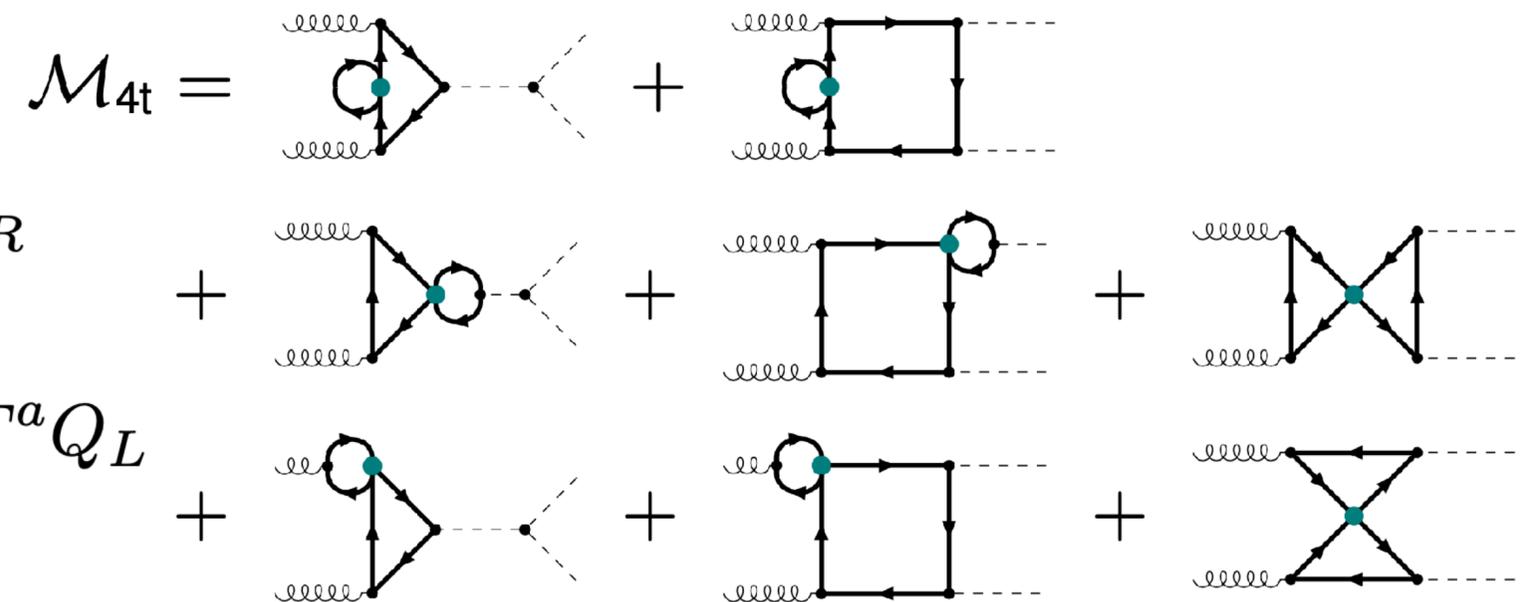
can only be distinguished from SM
in low m_{HH} region

Subleading operators in SMEFT

in a renormalisable, weakly coupling UV completion

$$\mathcal{L}_{tG} = \frac{C_{tG}}{\Lambda^2} \left(\bar{Q}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a G_{\mu\nu}^a \tilde{\phi} t_R + \text{h.c.} \right) \quad \mathcal{M}_{tG} =$$


$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{4t} = & \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L \bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu t_R + \frac{C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu T^a Q_L \bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu T^a t_R \\ & + \frac{C_{QQ}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L \bar{Q}_L \gamma_\mu Q_L + \frac{C_{QQ}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu T^a Q_L \bar{Q}_L \gamma_\mu T^a Q_L \\ & + \frac{C_{tt}}{\Lambda^2} \bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R \bar{t}_R \gamma_\mu t_R \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathcal{M}_{4t} =$$


Scheme dependence induced by 4t operators

scheme dependent part

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Diagram 1: } t \text{ line with a self-energy loop (blue dot)} = \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} (B_{m_t} + K_{m_t}) \times \text{Diagram 2: } t \text{ line with a cross} ; K_{m_t} = \begin{cases} -\frac{m_t^2}{8\pi^2} & \text{(NDR)} \\ 0 & \text{(BMHV)} \end{cases} \\
 & \text{Diagram 3: } h \text{ line with a self-energy loop (blue dot)} = \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \left(B_{ht\bar{t}} + K_{m_t} - \frac{v^3}{\sqrt{2}m_t} K_{tH} \right) \times \text{Diagram 4: } h \text{ line with a vertex correction} ; K_{tH} = \begin{cases} \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t(4m_t^2 - m_h^2)}{16\pi^2 v^3} & \text{(NDR)} \\ 0 & \text{(BMHV)} \end{cases} \\
 & \text{Diagram 5: } g \text{ line with a self-energy loop (blue dot)} = \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + (c_F - \frac{c_A}{2}) C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{C_{tG}} K_{tG} \times \text{Diagram 6: } g \text{ line with a vertex correction (orange square)} ; K_{tG} = \begin{cases} -\frac{\sqrt{2}m_t g_s}{16\pi^2 v} & \text{(NDR)} \\ 0 & \text{(BMHV)} \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

Scheme (in)dependence

The renormalised physical amplitude must be scheme-independent

$$\mathcal{M}^{\text{ren}} = \mathcal{M}^{\text{scheme indep.}}$$

⇒ scheme dependence of K-terms
must be cancelled by
scheme dependence of
Wilson coefficients and parameters

$$\begin{aligned}
 & + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} K_{m_t} \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}}{\partial m_t} \times m_t \\
 & + \left[1 - \frac{v^3}{\sqrt{2}m_t} \left(\frac{C_{tH}}{\Lambda^2} + K_{tH} \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \right) \right] \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}} \\
 & + \underbrace{\left[C_{tG} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tG} \right]}_{\tilde{C}_{tG}} \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{M}_{tG}|_{\text{FIN}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Scheme (in)dependence

The renormalised physical amplitude must be scheme-independent

$$\mathcal{M}^{\text{ren}} = \mathcal{M}^{\text{scheme indep.}}$$

$$+ \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} K_{m_t} \frac{\partial \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}}{\partial m_t} \times m_t$$

$$+ \left[1 - \frac{v^3}{\sqrt{2}m_t} \left(\frac{C_{tH}}{\Lambda^2} + K_{tH} \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \right) \right] \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}$$

$$+ \left[C_{tG} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tG} \right] \frac{1}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{M}_{tG}|_{\text{FIN}}$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{15em}}_{\tilde{C}_{tG}}$$

\Rightarrow scheme dependence of K-terms must be cancelled by scheme dependence of Wilson coefficients and parameters

\Rightarrow define combinations absorbing the scheme dependence or translation table

Di Noi, Gröber, GH, Lang, Vitti
2310.18221

Scheme (in)dependence

possible solution: redefine parameters, absorbing scheme dependent parts

$$\tilde{C}_{tG} = C_{tG} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tG}$$

$$\tilde{C}_{tH} = C_{tH} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tH}$$

known e.g. in flavour physics
 Ciuchini et al. '93
 Herrlich, Nierste '94

$$\tilde{m}_t = m_t \left(1 + \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} K_{m_t} \right)$$

Scheme (in)dependence

possible solution: redefine parameters, absorbing scheme dependent parts

$$\tilde{C}_{tG} = C_{tG} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tG}$$

$$\tilde{C}_{tH} = C_{tH} + \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right) K_{tH}$$

known e.g. in flavour physics
 Ciuchini et al. '93
 Herrlich, Nierste '94

$$\tilde{m}_t = m_t \left(1 + \frac{C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} K_{m_t} \right)$$

more flexible: derive a **translation dictionary** by requiring $\tilde{X}^{\text{NDR}} \stackrel{!}{=} \tilde{X}^{\text{BMHV}}$

Translation between BMHV and NDR

4-top operators are linked to other operators through a scheme translation

$$m_t^{\text{BMHV}} = m_t^{\text{NDR}} - \frac{m_t^3}{8\pi^2 \Lambda^2} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

$$C_{tH}^{\text{BMHV}} = C_{tH}^{\text{NDR}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t(4m_t^2 - m_h^2)}{16\pi^2 v^3} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

$$C_{tG}^{\text{BMHV}} = C_{tG}^{\text{NDR}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t g_s}{16\pi^2 v} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

note: loop suppression factor for C_{tG} not included here (Warsaw basis conventions)

Translation between BMHV and NDR

4-top operators are linked to other operators through a scheme translation

$$m_t^{\text{BMHV}} = m_t^{\text{NDR}} - \frac{m_t^3}{8\pi^2 \Lambda^2} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

$$C_{tH}^{\text{BMHV}} = C_{tH}^{\text{NDR}} + \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t(4m_t^2 - m_h^2)}{16\pi^2 v^3} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + c_F C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

$$\frac{C_{tG}^{\text{BMHV}}}{16\pi^2} = \frac{C_{tG}^{\text{NDR}}}{16\pi^2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}m_t g_s}{16\pi^2 v} \left(C_{Qt}^{(1)} + \left(c_F - \frac{c_A}{2} \right) C_{Qt}^{(8)} \right)$$

note: loop suppression factor for C_{tG} not included here (Warsaw basis conventions)

shift can be of same order as Wilson coefficient itself

gamma5 in 4 dimensions

$$\gamma_5 = i\gamma^0\gamma^1\gamma^2\gamma^3 \quad \text{definition in 4 space-time dimensions}$$

in 4 dimensions:

$$\{\gamma_5, \gamma^\mu\} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\text{Tr}[\gamma^\mu\gamma^\nu\gamma^\rho\gamma^\sigma\gamma_5] = -4i\epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Tr}[\Gamma_1\Gamma_2\gamma_5] = \text{Tr}[\gamma_5\Gamma_1\Gamma_2] \quad \text{cyclicity of Traces} \quad (3)$$

in $D = 4 - 2\epsilon$ dimensions: (1), (2) and (3) cannot be maintained simultaneously

gamma5 in D dimensions

different schemes to extend γ_5 to D dimensions:

“naive dimensional regularisation” (**NDR**):

Breitenlohner, Maison; ‘t Hooft, Veltman (**BMHV**):

keep $\{\gamma_5, \gamma^\mu\} = 0$

$$\gamma^\mu = \underbrace{\bar{\gamma}^\mu}_{4\text{-dim.}} + \underbrace{\hat{\gamma}^\mu}_{(D-4)\text{ dim.}} ; \quad \{\gamma_5, \bar{\gamma}^\mu\} = 0 ; \quad [\gamma_5, \hat{\gamma}^\mu] = 0$$

abandon cyclicity of trace (or fix inconsistencies by hand)

reading point for traces: “**Kreimer scheme**”

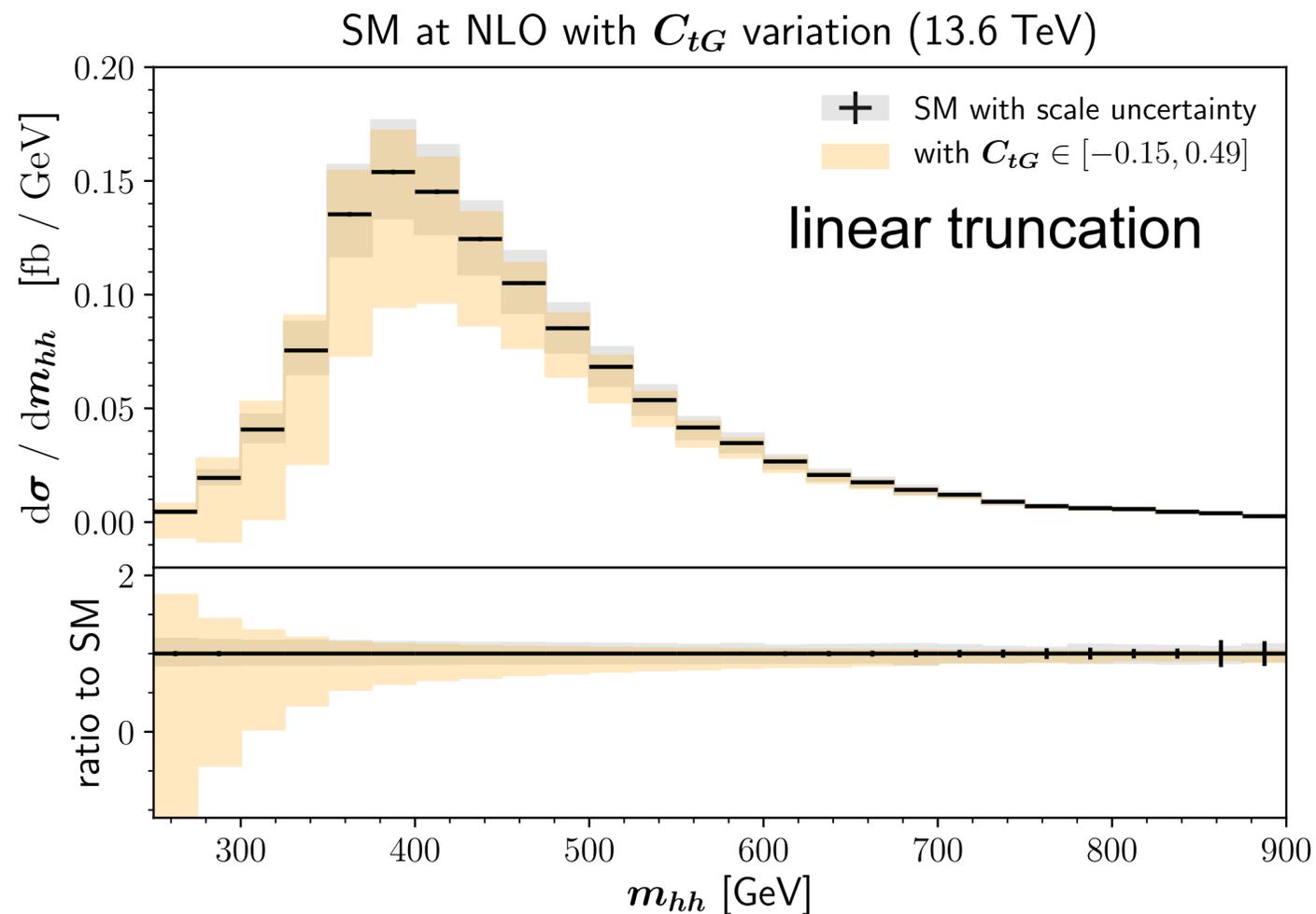
but: ambiguities observed at high loop orders

L. Chen, 2304.13814, J. Davies et al 2110.05496, ...

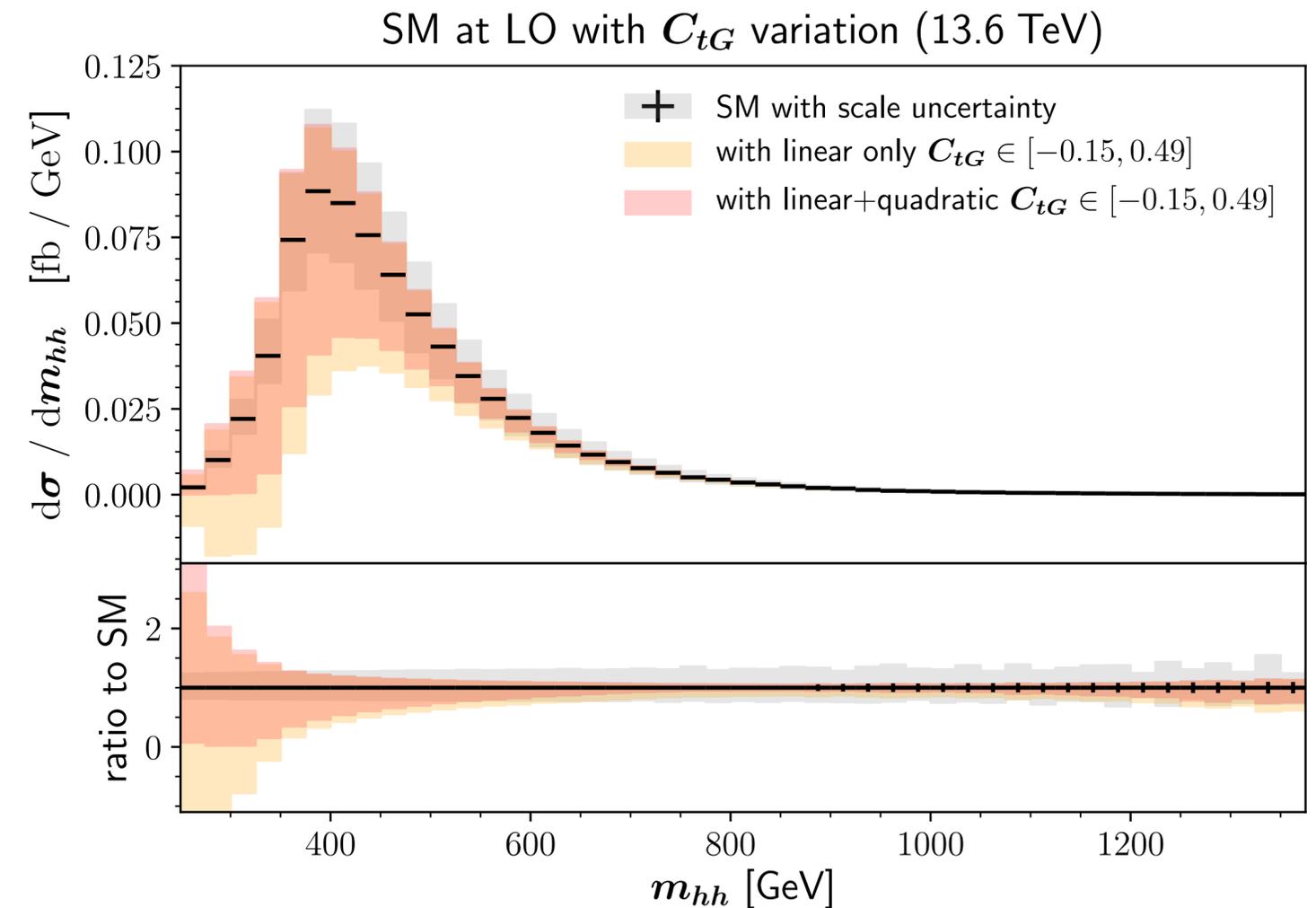
- spurious breaking of gauge invariance
- needs symmetry restoring counterterms
- the latter can be derived algorithmically

Effects of chromomagnetic operator

variation ranges: from global fit (marginalised), Ethier et al, 2105.00006 [SMEFiT coll.]



Effect larger than SM scale uncertainties



Effect of linear+quadratic truncation smaller than linear only due to destructive interference

SM status and scale uncertainties

13 TeV	LO	NLO	NNLO	N3LO
HTL		$25.8^{+18\%}_{-15\%}$	$30.41^{+5.3\%}_{-7.8\%}$	$31.31^{+0.5\%}_{-2.8\%}$
FT_{approx}		$28.9^{+15\%}_{-13\%}$	$31.05^{+2.2\%}_{-5.0\%}$	
full	$16.7^{+31\%}_{-22\%}$	$27.8^{+14\%}_{-13\%}$		

N3LO+N3LL: scale uncertainty <1%

Ajjath, Hua-Sheng Shao 2209.03914

PDF + α_s uncertainties $\sim 2.3\%$