

# $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ MEASUREMENTS AT FCC-ee IN THE ZH CHANNEL AT 240 GeV

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# TARGETS

- Our initial target was to do a **CP study** of the  $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  coupling in ZH processes
- Recently expanded to include also the **cross-section measurement** in this channel
  - Work started by Maria Cepeda who kindly shared her code to get us started
- All fundamental targets for the FCC/ECFA reports coming up
  
- Since the last presentation in the Higgs/top meeting, we migrated the analysis to the FCCAnalyses software
  - We are now using the full list of centrally produced signal and background events
- The full workflow is now in place for both analyses

- We use the **generalized kt algorithm for all jets** with  $R=0.5$  and  $p_{T,j} > 2$  GeV, excluding isolated electrons and muons ( $p_T > 20$  GeV and  $\text{iso} < 0.25$ )
- The **tau reconstruction** comes from Maria's study:
  - Looks at jets with no electrons or muons (leptonic tau decays are selected from the lepton class "manually")
  - Gets the leading constituent ( $\pi^+$  or  $\pi^-$ )
  - Adds constituents to the reconstructed tau 4-momentum vector (selection on  $p_T > 1$  GeV or  $\Delta\theta < 0.2$  from the leading)
  - Keeps track of the number of photons to define a tau ID (negative for non-tau-like jets)

## BACKGROUNDS:

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow Z \rightarrow qq \text{ (Pythia8)}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow WW \text{ (Pythia8)}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow ZZ \text{ (Pythia8)}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \ell\ell \text{ *new*}$$

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow \nu_e\bar{\nu}_e Z \text{ *new*}$$

$$e\gamma \rightarrow eZ, Z \rightarrow ee/\mu\mu \text{ *new*}$$

$$\gamma\gamma \rightarrow \ell\ell \text{ *new*}$$

$$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, \ell\ell, qq:$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow bb$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow cc$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow ss$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow WW \text{ *new*}$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow ZZ \text{ *new*}$$

$$ZH, H \rightarrow gg \text{ *new*}$$

# CATEGORIES

- We have nine categories based on the Z and taus decays, also requiring the Z products and tauons to have opposite charges

- $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$

- $H \rightarrow \tau_\ell\tau_\ell$

- $Z \rightarrow qq$

- $H \rightarrow \tau_\ell\tau_h$

- $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$

- $H \rightarrow \tau_h\tau_h$

- Basic selection requires exactly the objects in each category to be reconstructed with opposite charges (decay products on Z and H)
  - The leptons in  $Z \rightarrow qq$  are the isolated ones that have been excluded from the jets, otherwise they have no additional selection
  - Quark jets are differentiated from tau jets by the tau ID
- We then proceeded to optimize a few cuts for each of the Z decay categories

# Z → ℓℓ SELECTION

1. Z → ℓℓ Selection

Two leptons with same flavor and opposite charges,  
two tauons with opposite charges

2. Collinear mass

$$100 < M_{collinear} < 150 \text{ GeV}$$

3. Recoil mass

$$115 < M_{recoil} < 160 \text{ GeV}$$

4. Missing energy

$$\cancel{E} > 10 \text{ GeV}$$

5. Reconstructed Z mass

$$70 < M_Z < 100 \text{ GeV}$$

6. Angular distance between tauons

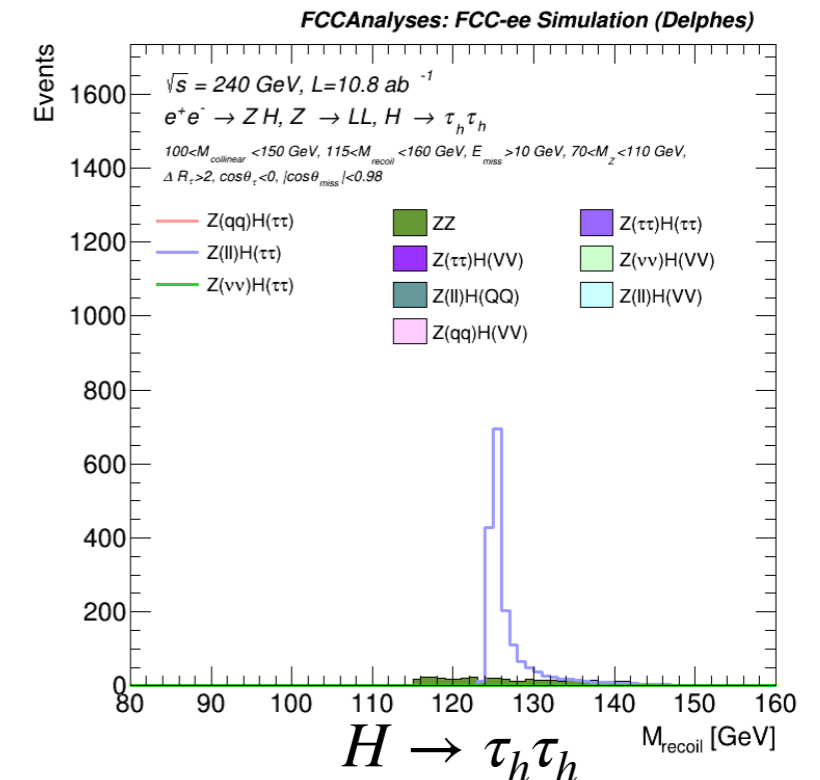
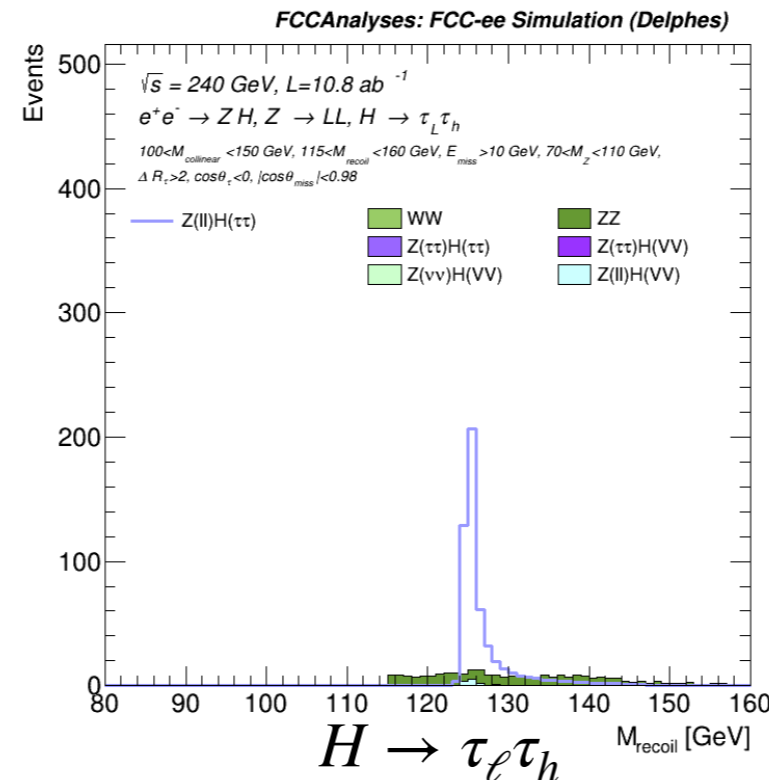
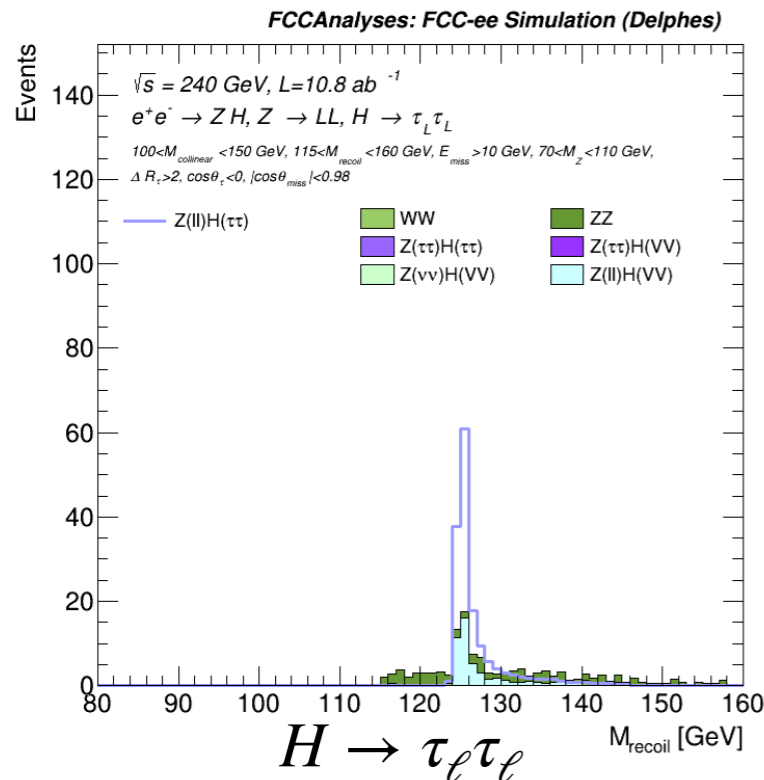
$$\Delta R_\tau > 2$$

7. Cosine of the angle between tauons

$$\cos \theta_\tau < 0$$

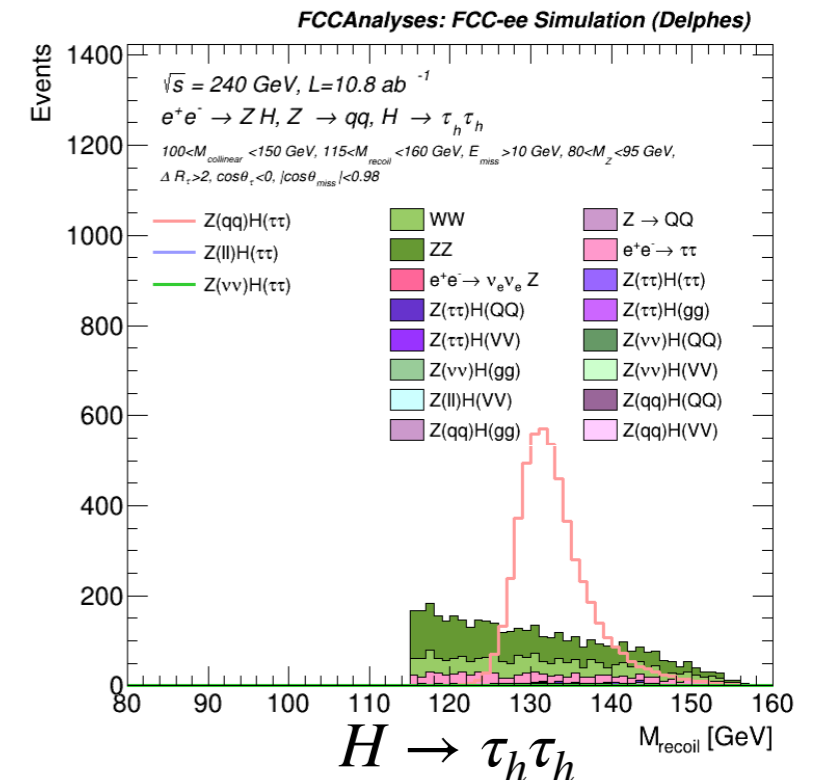
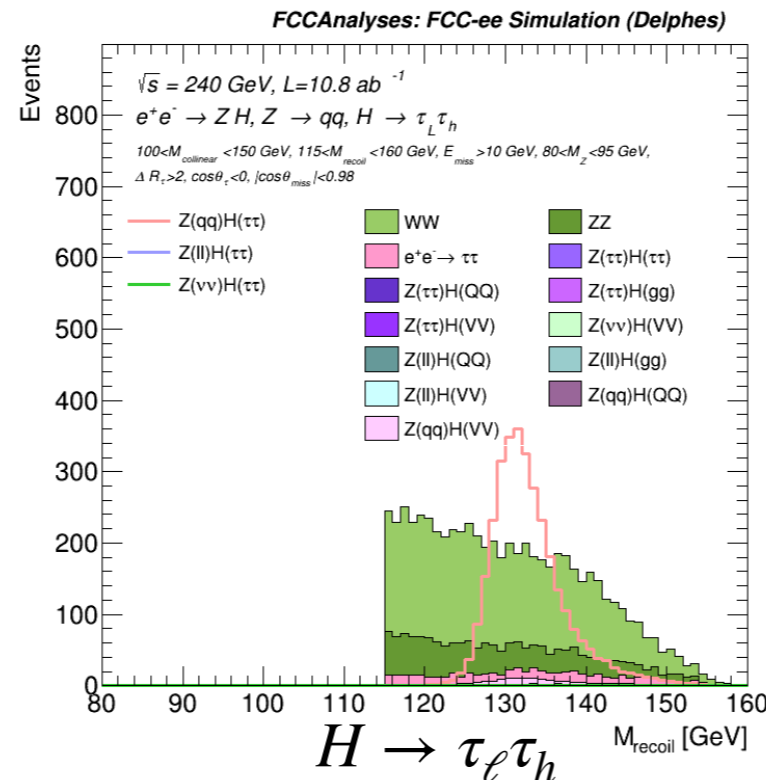
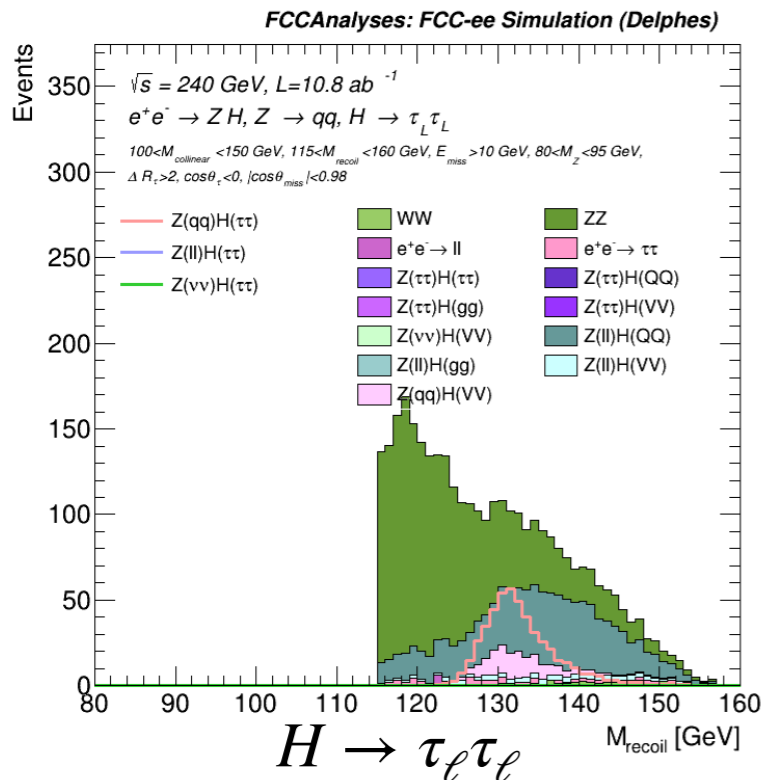
8. Cosine of missing theta

$$|\cos \theta| < 0.98$$



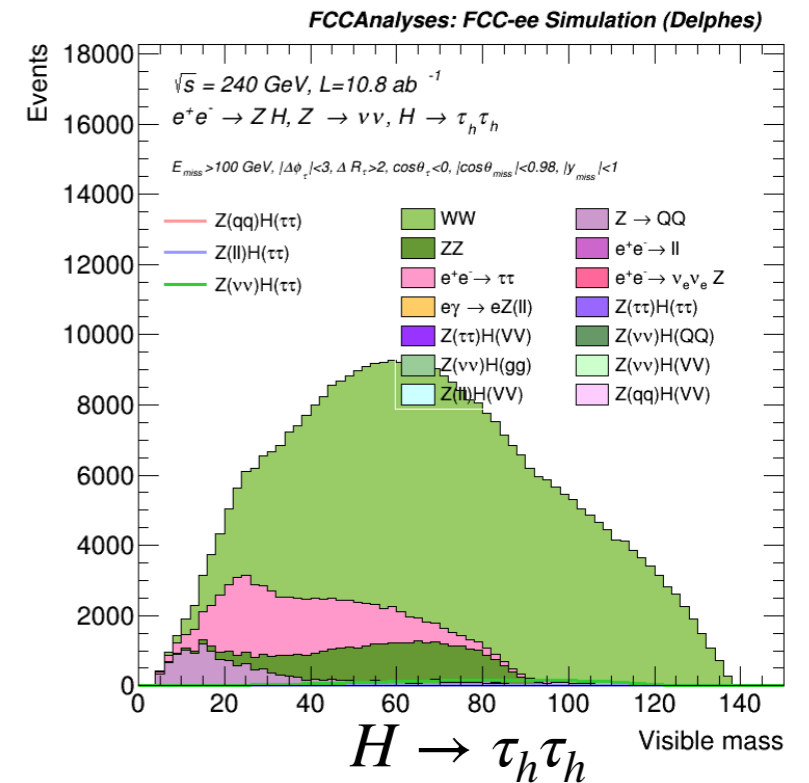
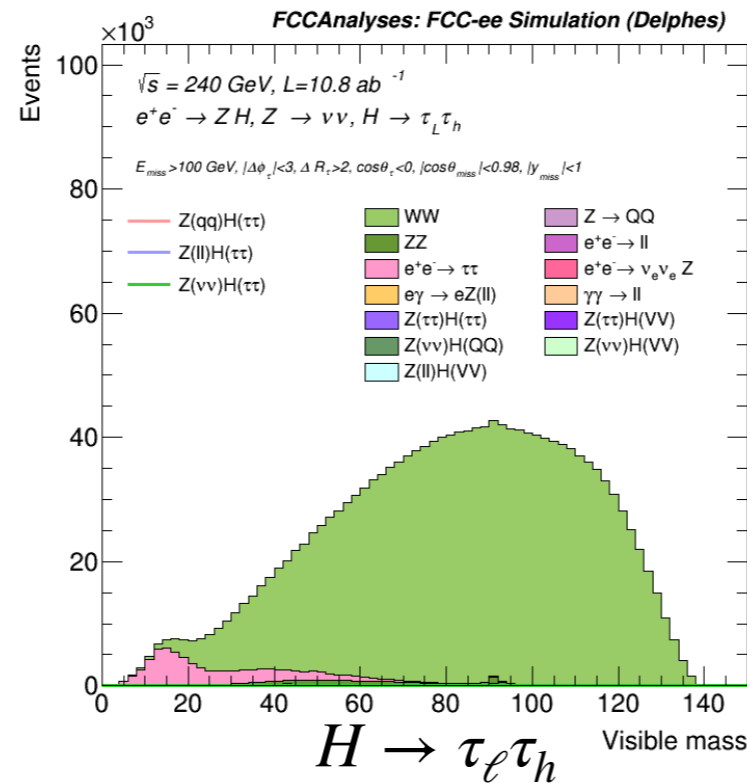
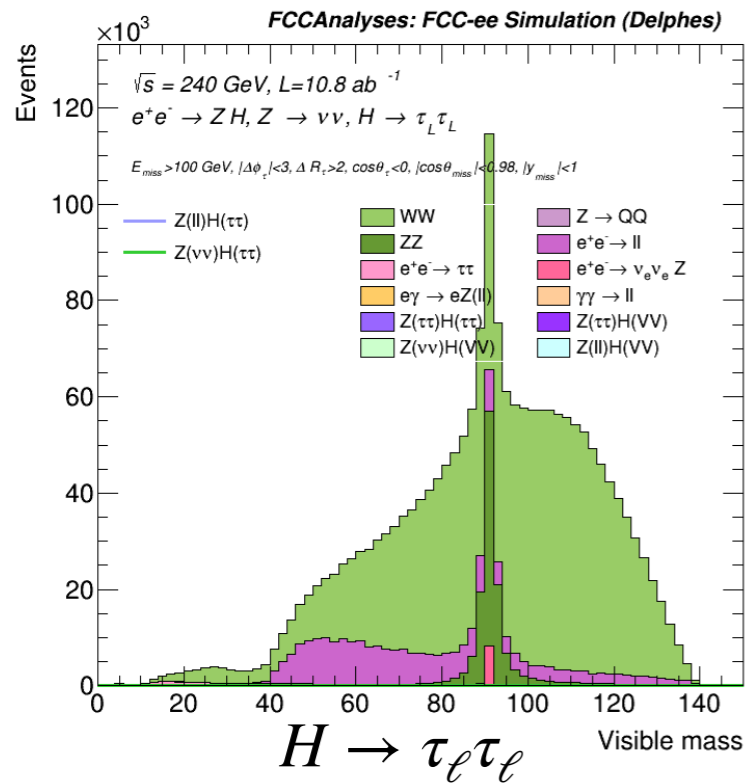
# Z → qq SELECTION

1. Z → qq Selection	Two jets, two tauons with opposite charges	
2. Collinear mass	$100 < M_{collinear} < 150$ GeV	
3. Recoil mass	$115 < M_{recoil} < 160$ GeV	
4. Missing energy	$\cancel{E} > 10$ GeV	
5. Reconstructed Z mass	$80 < M_Z < 95$ GeV	→ needs to be more
6. Angular distance between tauons	$\Delta R_\tau > 2$	constrained than Z → ℓℓ
7. Cosine of the angle between tauons	$\cos \theta_\tau < 0$	to reject backgrounds
8. Cosine of missing theta	$ \cos \theta  < 0.98$	



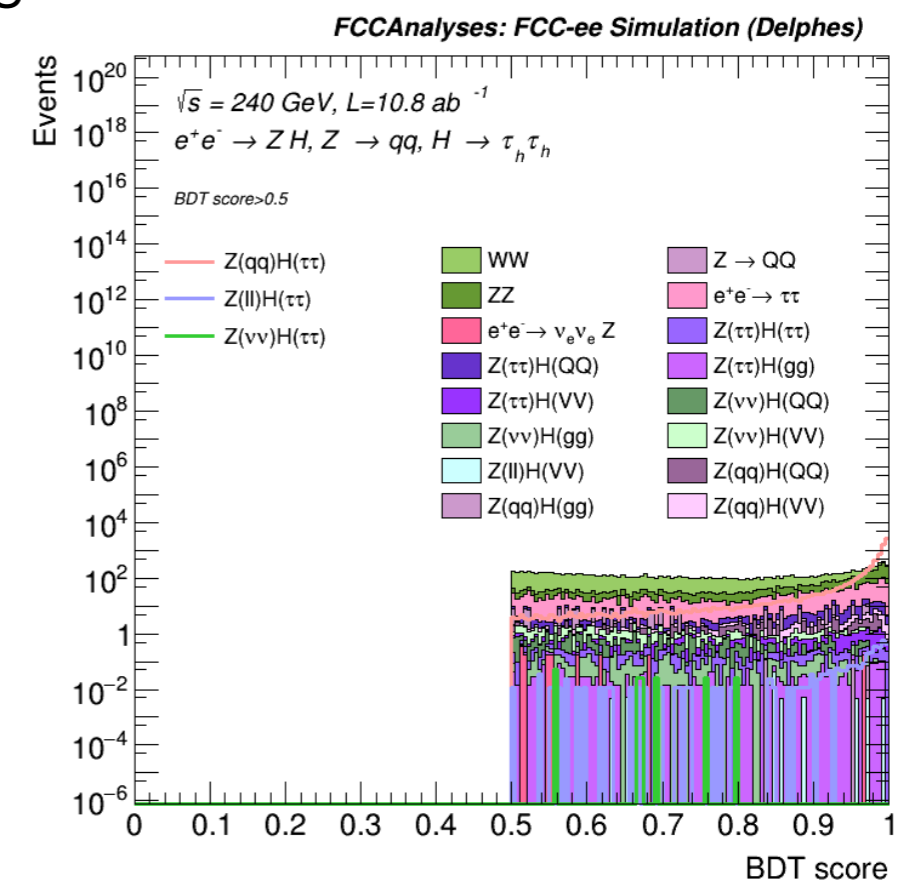
# Z → νν SELECTION

1. Z → νν Selection	Two tauons with opposite charges
2. Missing energy	$\cancel{E} > 100 \text{ GeV}$
3. Tauons azimuthal angle	$ \Delta\phi_\tau  < 3$
4. Angular distance between tauons	$\Delta R_\tau > 2$
5. Cosine of the angle between tauons	$\cos\theta_\tau < 0$
6. Cosine of missing theta	$ \cos\theta  < 0.98$



# BDT TRAINING

- We're also training a BDT classifier for the categories where the events are not so clean after the final state selection (everything but  $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ ) to achieve better separation between signal and background
- Currently only applied to  $Z \rightarrow qq, H \rightarrow \tau_h\tau_h$ :
  - **200 trees and depth of two** on 23 variables (missing energy, Z, Higgs, tau angular variables, recoil and collinear mass, ...)
  - We use about 70% of our signal samples for training and don't exclude those events when we apply the BDT in the analysis
  - We don't expect much overtraining with the current size of the BDT but we're planning to study this and adjust the training and analysis dataset consequently





# CROSS-SECTION RESULTS

- Previous FCC-ee estimate of  $\pm 0.6\%$  relative statistical uncertainty on the measurement of  $\sigma_{ZH} \times \mathcal{B}(H \rightarrow \tau\tau)$  at  $\sqrt{s}=240$  GeV,  $\mathcal{L}_{int}=10.8$   $\text{ab}^{-1}$  (FCC CDR, based on LEP3)
- We are using the Combine tool [arXiv:2404.06614](https://arxiv.org/abs/2404.06614) fitting the recoil mass ( $Z \rightarrow \ell\ell$ ,  $Z \rightarrow qq$ ) or visible mass ( $Z \rightarrow \nu\nu$ ) with freely floating processes
- Our current result, based purely on the cuts illustrated before and combined for the nine categories, is  **$\pm 1.2\%$  relative uncertainty (68% CL) at  $\sqrt{s}=240$  GeV,  $\mathcal{L}_{int}=10.8$   $\text{ab}^{-1}$**

DETAILS OF EACH CATEGORY:

$$Z \rightarrow qq, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_\ell: 1.00002 \quad -0.137676/+0.143218$$

$$Z \rightarrow qq, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_h: 1.00004 \quad -0.0476389/+0.04891$$

$$Z \rightarrow qq, H \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h: 1.00003 \quad -0.0397673/+0.0410996 \Rightarrow \text{with BDT (preliminary)} \quad 1.00003 \quad -0.0228522/+0.023222$$

$$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_\ell: 1.00001 \quad -0.219315/+0.271913$$

$$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_h: 1.00001 \quad -0.10732/+0.121276$$

$$Z \rightarrow \ell\ell, H \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h: 1 \quad -0.076209/+0.0836675$$

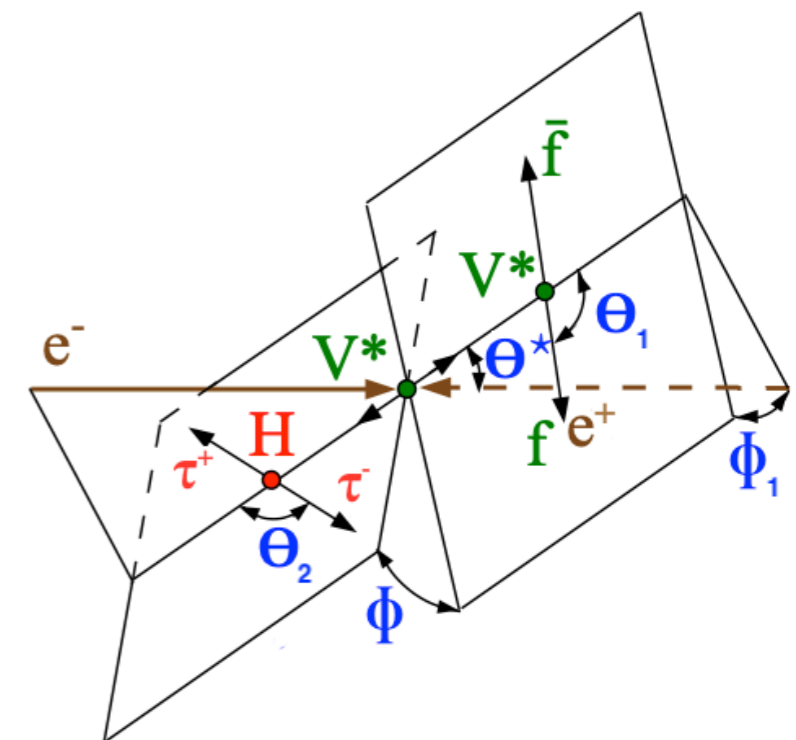
$$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_\ell: 1.00077 \quad -3.00077/+3.20104$$

$$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, H \rightarrow \tau_\ell \tau_h: 0.999502 \quad -0.803933/+0.806547$$

$$Z \rightarrow \nu\nu, H \rightarrow \tau_h \tau_h: 1.00002 \quad -0.261827/+0.26312$$

- In the previous meeting, we have reported a difference in cross-sections between the ZH events being produced in Whizard or Madgrap
- Now solved: the default SM MG card has a lower Higgs width
- We have generated a few EFT samples for  $Z \rightarrow ee$  and  $Z \rightarrow \mu\mu, H \rightarrow \tau\tau$  with CPC and CPV Yukawa operators  $\mathcal{O}_{eH} = (H^\dagger H)(\bar{L}_L \tilde{H} e_R) + \text{h.c.}$
- We are not observing any difference in the shape of the variables as expected due to limited statistics, but we do see the expected difference in the cross-section between the SM and EFT
- We will generate more events
- It may also be due to too small Wilson coefficients
- We also plan to include dipole operators  

$$\mathcal{O}_{eW} = (\bar{L}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_R) \tau^I H W_{\mu\nu}^I, \quad \mathcal{O}_{eB} = (\bar{L}_L \sigma^{\mu\nu} e_R) H B_{\mu\nu}$$



# NEXT STEPS

- For future updates, we plan to:
  - Keep developing the BDT classifier for more categories and do tests on the training
  - Study different CP hypotheses
    - Depending on the timeline and developments, we could also have some comparison between EFT and SM
- We are writing the analysis note with the updates discussed today
  - Cross-section result from the selection analysis
  - Developments on the BDT selection and results
  - EFT signal discussion
- All further updates will be documented in the note in the next few months before the final report