# Analysis Grand Challenge with ATLAS PHYSLITE data



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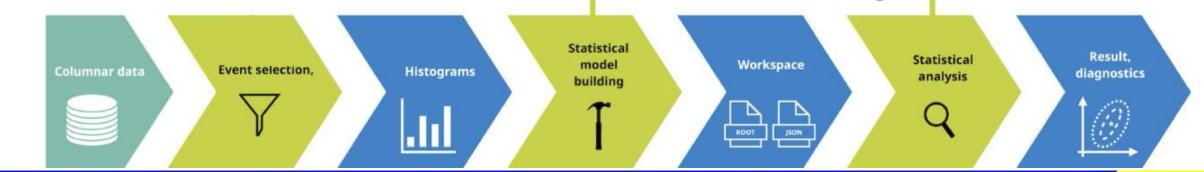
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## **Outline**

- ■Analysis Grand Challenge (AGC)
- ☐ Input data in the PHYSLITE format
- □ Data retrieval from the file
- $\square$  Analysis of the  $t\bar{t}$  pair production
- Parallel computing
- Histogram results
- □Statistical inference
- ☐ Final histograms
- Project results and conclusions

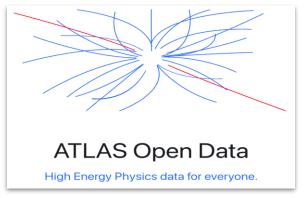
## **Analysis Grand Challenge (AGC)**

- □ Includes developing technologies envisioned for HL-LHC.
- □Kind of benchmark to ensure that different pieces of software work fine together.
- Organized by Institute for Research and Innovation in Software for High Energy Physics (IRIS-HEP)





## Input data in the PHYSLITE format



## ■ATLAS releases the 2015+2016 physics proton—proton collision data in PHYSLITE format for research

- >Accompanied by "an appropriate set of simulated Monte Carlo samples"
- >Distributed by opendata.cern.ch, support material at opendata.atlas.cern
- ■The PHYSLITE format is optimized to decrease disk space and developed to meet the demands of HL-LHC
  - >Unskimmed and monolithic
  - ➤ Contains already calibrated objects

Target size	MC	Data
PHYSLITE	12	10

kB per event



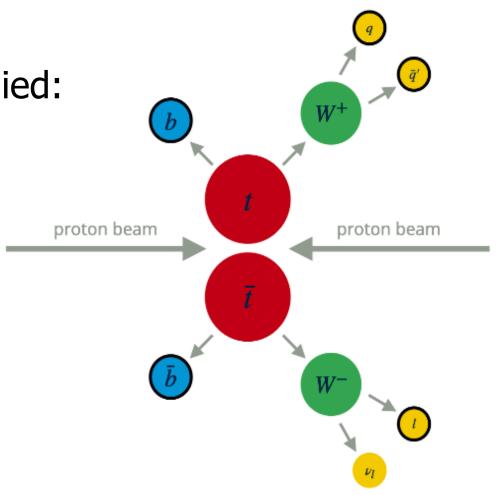
## Data retrieval from the file

- COFFEA Columnar Object Framework For Effective Analysis
  - ➤ A python package for scientific computations
  - ➤ Basic tools and wrappers for enabling nice functionality running columnar Collider HEP analysis.
- □ Contains the schema which allows reading PHYSLITE format file and turning it into a Python awkward array format.



## Event selections for the $t\bar{t}$ analysis

- ☐ The following event selections were applied:
  - ➤ Exactly one charged lepton
  - ➤ At least four quark jets
  - > Leptons kinematic variables:
    - $p_t > 30 \, GeV$
    - $\eta < 2,1$
  - ➤ Quark jets kinematic variables:
    - $p_t > 25 \, GeV$
    - $\eta < 2.4$





### Observable variables

#### $m_{bii}$ - trijet mass

- Addition requirements: least 2 b-tagged jets in event
- □Combination of jets in all possible groups of three
- □ Pick the group with the max btag variable
- □ Calculate the invariant mass of that group of three jets

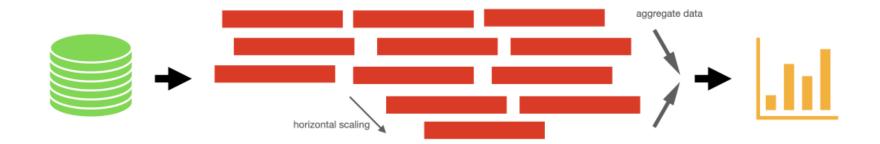
#### $H_t$ - scalar sum of jets $p_t$

- ■Addition requirements to have exactly one b-tagged jet in event
- Calculate the scalar sum of  $p_t$  for all jets in the event



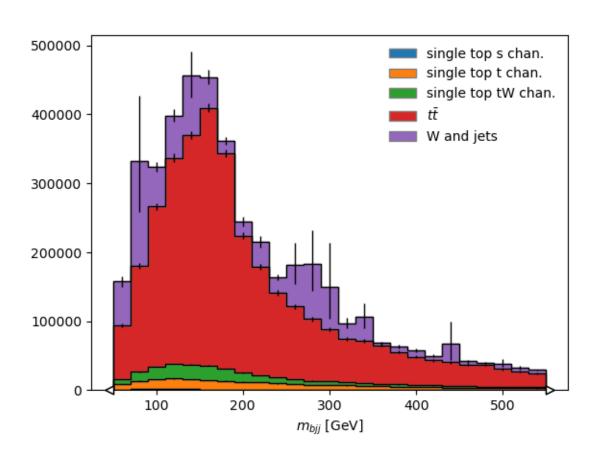
## Parallel computing

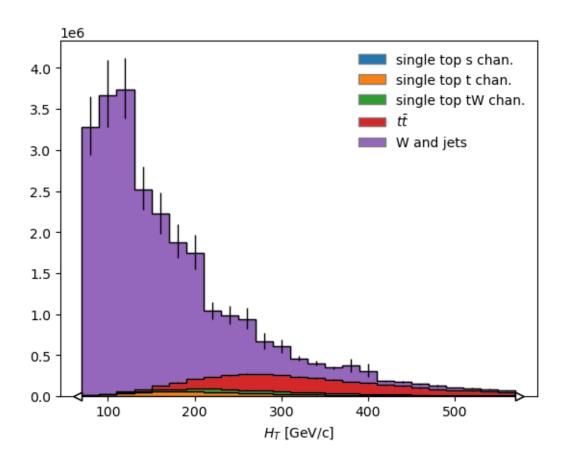
- ☐ Input data is split between many similar PHYSLITE files.
- Coffea allows the splitting of workflow into chunks and processing them in parallel.
- □Results from each chunk are aggregated into a single histogram.
- ☐ The coffea-opendata.casa cluster was used for this project.





## **Histograms plotting**

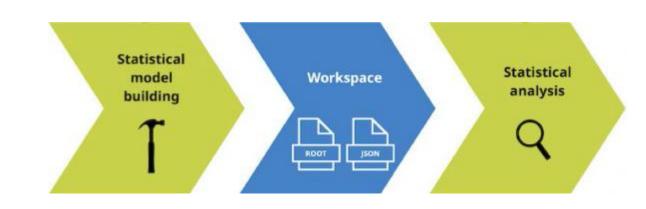


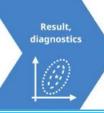


## **Example 1** Statistical model

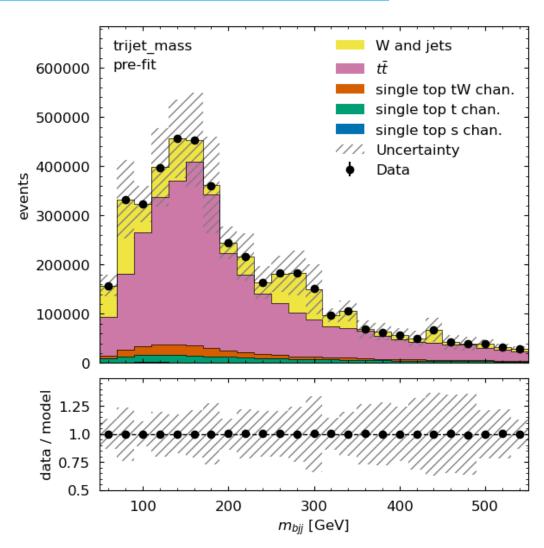
- □Cabinetry is the Python package, making it easier for an analyzer to run their statistical inference pipeline.
- ■It takes the histograms and their variations for multiple observables as input.

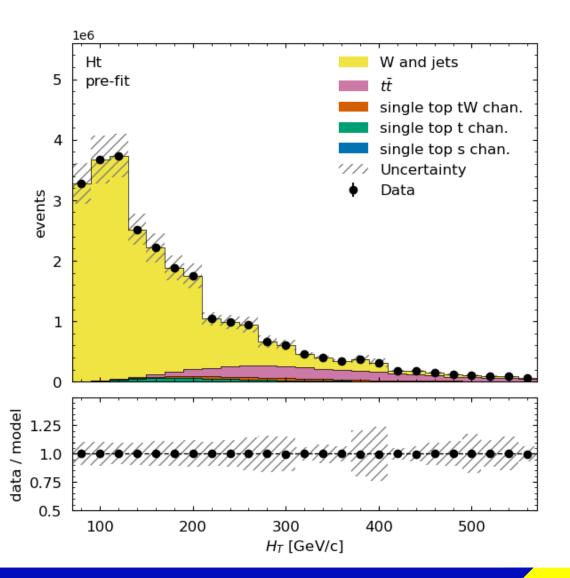
☐ The statistical model is configured in the file.





## **AGC final histograms**





## **Project results and conclusions**

- ☐ The version of AGC with ATLAS PHYSLITE data format was implemented.
- ☐ The code developed was well documented and can serve as an example of how one can use PHYSLITE in their analysis.
- The implemented code publicly available on the following repositories:
  - ➤ My repository <a href="https://github.com/Denys-Klekots/PHYSLITE\_AGC\_2024">https://github.com/Denys-Klekots/PHYSLITE\_AGC\_2024</a>
  - ➤ IRIS-HEP fork <a href="https://github.com/iris-hep/agc-physlite">https://github.com/iris-hep/agc-physlite</a>

# Thank you for your attention