Non-local solenoid compensation, vertical emittance, beam-beam, polarization

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Sep. 26, 2024 @ 192nd FC-ee Accelerator Design Meeting & 63rd FCCIS WP2.2 Meeting Many thanks to K.D.J. Andre, M. Boscolo, A. Ciarma, M. Koratzinos, P. Raimondi, G. Roy, F. Zimmermann and all FCC-ee/FCCIS colleagues

Work supported by the FCC Feasibility Study (FCC-GOV-CC-0004, EDMS 1390795 v.2.0)



Basic layout



- The orbit is bent vertically by the detector solenoid.
- - This prevents additional orbit/dispersion deviation.
- solenoid, up to $\ell_{\rm sol}$ from the IP.
 - The final quads sit in the field-free region.

The final quads followed by the compensation solenoid are aligned along the beam axis.

Right after the detector solenoid region, the solenoid filed is completely shielded by the shielding

The vertical bend angle is corrected outside the compensation solenoid by two dipoles/side.





- Two types of the vertical bump orbits have been tried:
 - Type W (left): the IP is on the same plane as the arc.
 - Type Λ (right): the IP has a vertical offset relative to the arc. In the case of $\ell_{sol} = 1.45$ m, about 2.6 mm higher.
- Different vert. emittances and beam-beam performance.
 - The type W has better beam-beam blowup & lifetime.

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26 Sep 2024 K. Oide





Vertical emittance (type W)



- The generated vertical emittance of this scheme is plotted as a function of $\ell_{\rm sol}$.
- The total (green dots, left) has a strong dependence on $\ell_{\rm sol}$, showing the 6th power of $\ell_{\rm sol}$
- The red dots on the left plot shows the emittance without the solenoid edge.
 - The solenoid edge has the major contribution.

- The emittance from the solenoid edge, plotted on the right, shows the 7th power of $\ell_{\rm sol}$.
 - This is due to the dependence $\Delta \varepsilon_v \propto \beta_v \eta_v^2 / \rho^3 \propto \ell_{sol}^7$.
 - This emittance from the edge is optics-independent; $\Delta \varepsilon_v$ does not depend on the optics outside $\pm \ell_{sol}$.
- Here the length of the fringe of the edge is assumed 10 cm.





X-y coupling and vertical dispersion (type Λ)



- The x-y coupling parameters $R_{1,2,3,4}$ are well confined within the compensation solenoid region as shown above.
- However, the vertical dispersion leaks toward outside.
- The profile of $R_{1,2,3,4}$ looks different for W and A. W has better symmetry around the IP.

 $R = \begin{pmatrix} \mu I \\ r \end{pmatrix}$ (R3 R4 .



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X-y coupling and vertical dispersio (type W)



- Here we absorb the vertical dispersion by putting skew quadrupole lacksquarecomponents on the YCCS sexts.
 - This is straight-forward as generated x-y coupling is confined in the YCCS region.
- The type W (left) has better suppression of the vertical dispersion outside the YCCS. lacksquare

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Beam-beam performance

vertical emittance, compared to type W (left).

 $\ell_{\rm sol} \approx 1.45 \,\rm m$

• The beam-beam performance with $\ell_{sol} \approx 1.45 \,\mathrm{m}$ looks poorer for type Λ (right), having 1/30 lifetime and x1.5 stronger blowup of the

Beam-beam tune survey

- large blowup area around the $\{\nu_x\} = \{\nu_y\}$ resonance.
- The degradation in the lifetime is also seen.
 - No loss has been seen for $B_z = 0$ in the entire tune space.

• The tune survey for $B_z = 2 \text{ T}$, $\ell_{sol} \approx 1.7 \text{ m}$, type Λ (right) shows an existence of a

Polarization

- The spin tracking shows a significant depolarization for type W, $\ell_{sol} \approx 1.7 \, \text{m}$ (left), and type A, $\ell_{\rm sol} = 1.45 \,\mathrm{m}$ (right)
 - Tracking starts at Sokolov-Ternov polarization.
 - The equilibrium polarization may decay to 0.43% (left) and 0.99% (right), by assuming the observed depolarization speeds.
- No depolarization is seen for $B_7 = 0$ (right low).
- Some polarization bump tunings will be necessary.

26 Sep 2024 K. Oide

Summary (preliminary)

- Examined a non-local solenoid compensation scheme.
 - Two types, W and Λ , of the vertical bump around the IP have been tried:

Туре	W		Λ	
$\ell_{sol}(m)$	1.0	1.45	1.45	1.7
$\ell_{edge}(m)$	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.6
$\varepsilon_y(\text{pm})$	0.16	0.36	0.22	0.28
$\epsilon_{y,BB} (pm)$	1.4	1.4	2.2	2.4
$\tau(s)$	16000	16000	550	550
p(%)	_	0.99±0.05	-	0.43±0.03

- The type W with $\ell_{sol} = 1.45$ m seems usable, except for the polarization. • A polarization tuning such as vertical bump in the arc is necessary.

