

Summer Student Programme 2024

Detector layout optimisation for electron-track reconstruction at FCC-ee

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Overview

01 Introduction

02 Theoretical framework

03 Analysis

04 Conclusion

Introduction

Goal



Study **electron track** reconstruction in the CLD detector for FCC-ee.

How



Run the full Key4hep **simulation** and **reconstruction** chain and **analyse** the produced data.

Why



Accurate electron track reconstruction is crucial for the FCC-ee physics program.

Challenges

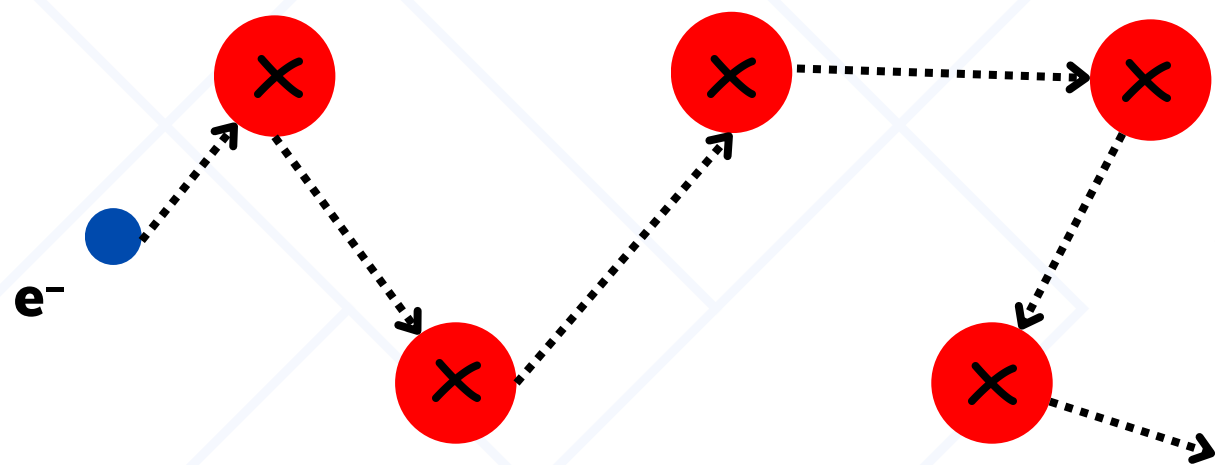


High **material interaction** probability of electrons.

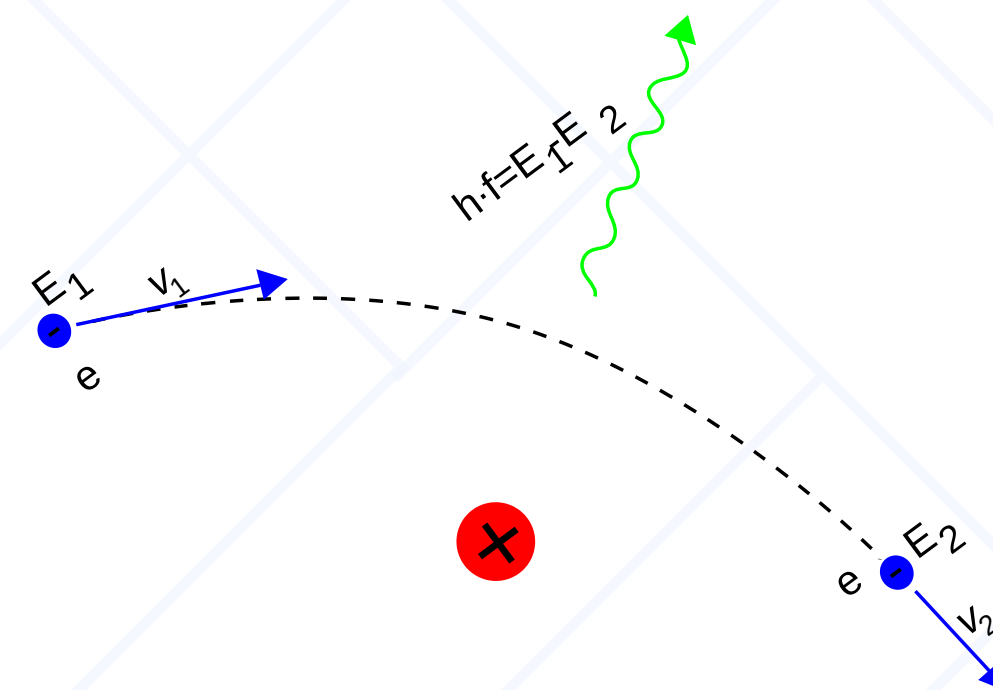
Interaction of e^\pm with matter

Due to their small mass, electrons undergo **violent accelerations** and **abrupt changes in direction** during collisions with nuclei

Multiple Scattering



Bremsstrahlung



CLD Tracking system

All-silicon vertex and tracking system

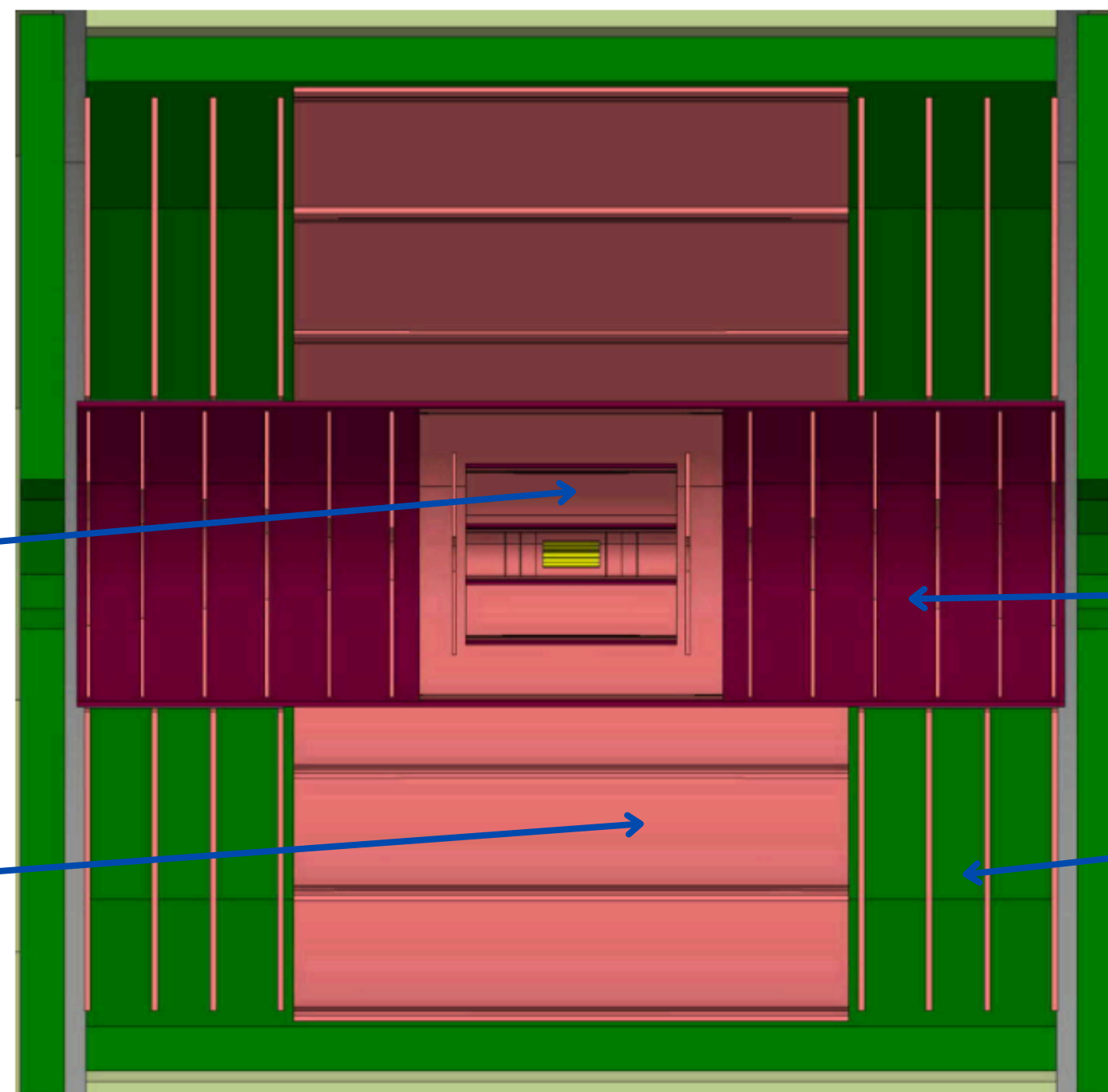
3 Inner Tracker Barrels

3 Outer Tracker Barrels

2T magnetic field

7 Inner Tracker Disks

4 Outer Tracker Disks



4,4m

4,2m

Overall layout of the CLD tracking system [01]

Definition:

Fraction of the reconstructable Monte Carlo particles that have been **reconstructed** (stable at generator level, ≥ 4 unique hits, $p_t > 100$ MeV)

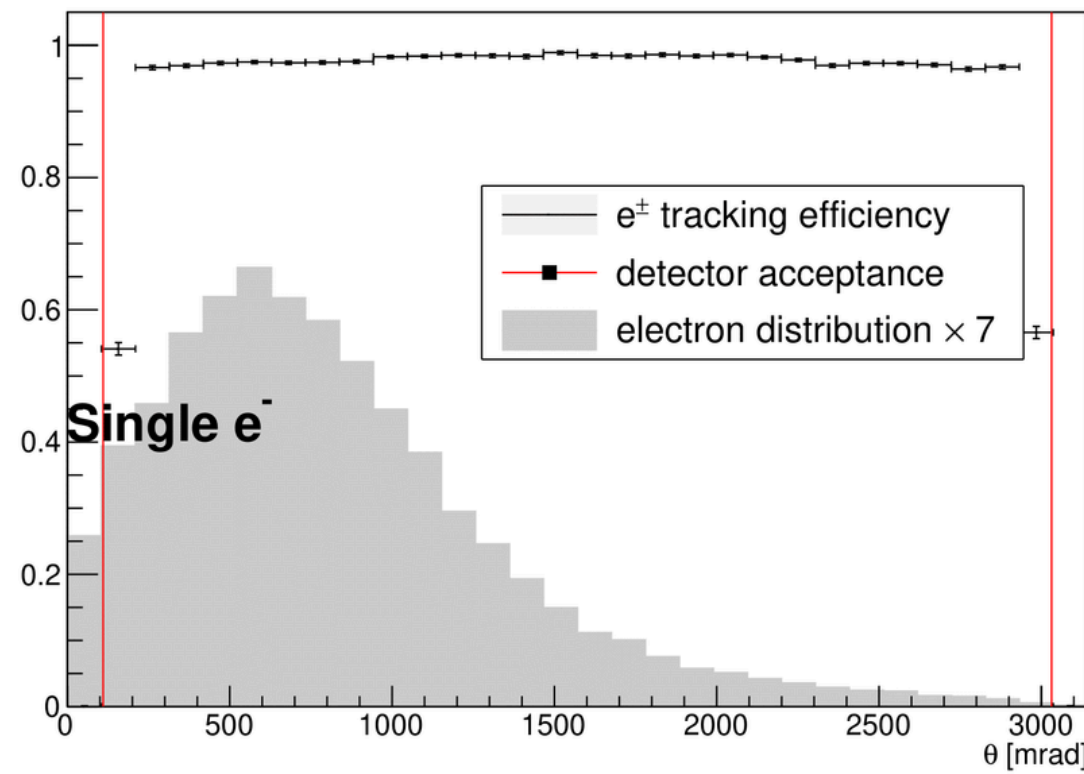
Simulation:

100000 events
Energies ranging from **0 to 124 GeV**

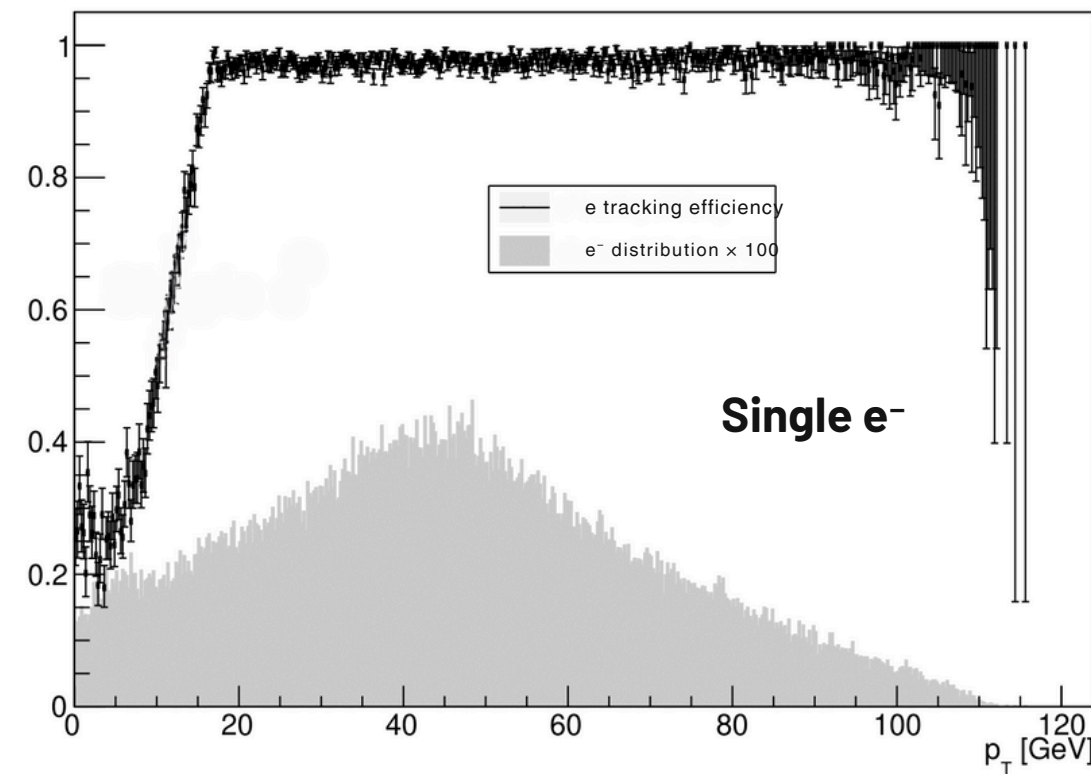
Considerations:

Low efficiency: $\theta < 250$ mrad and
 $p_t < 20$ GeV

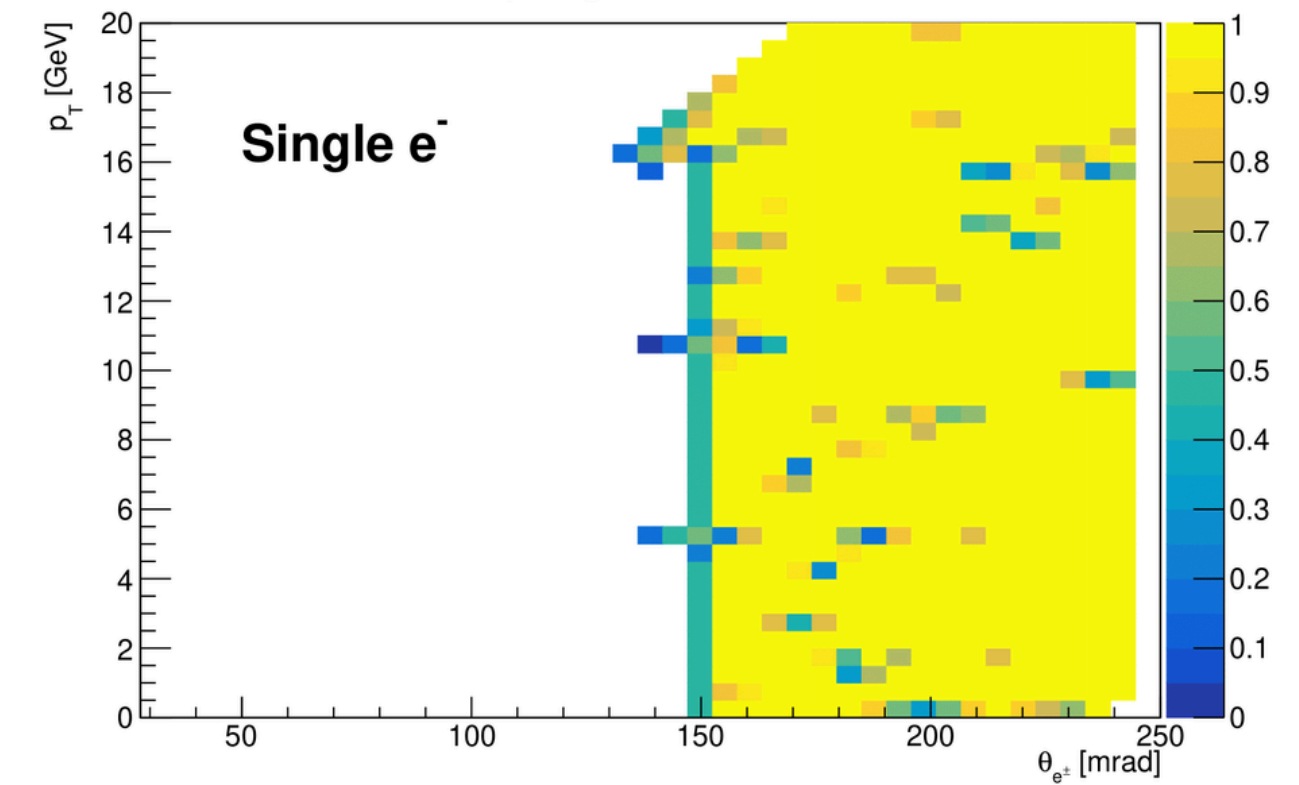
CLD work in progress



CLD work in progress



CLD work in progress



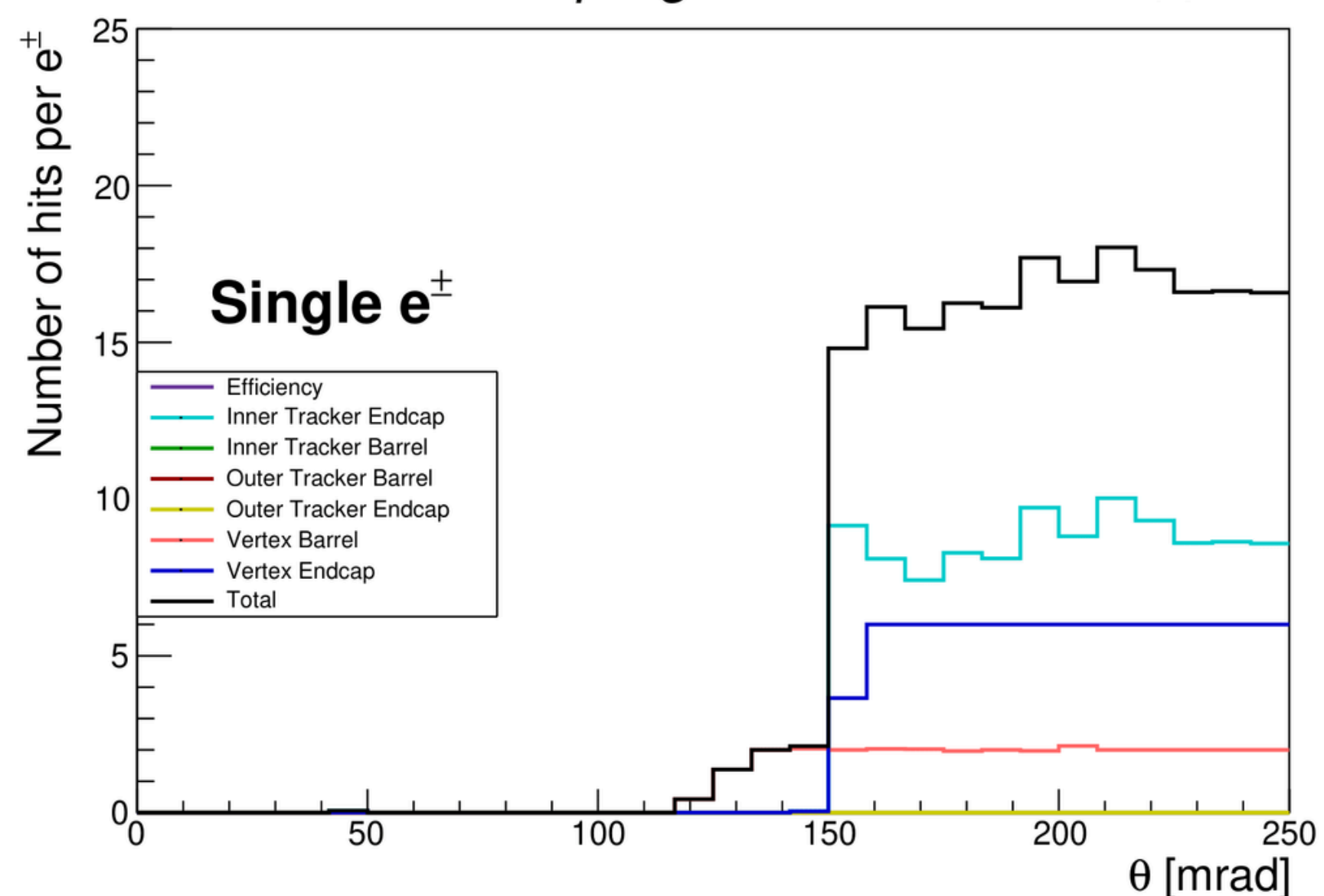
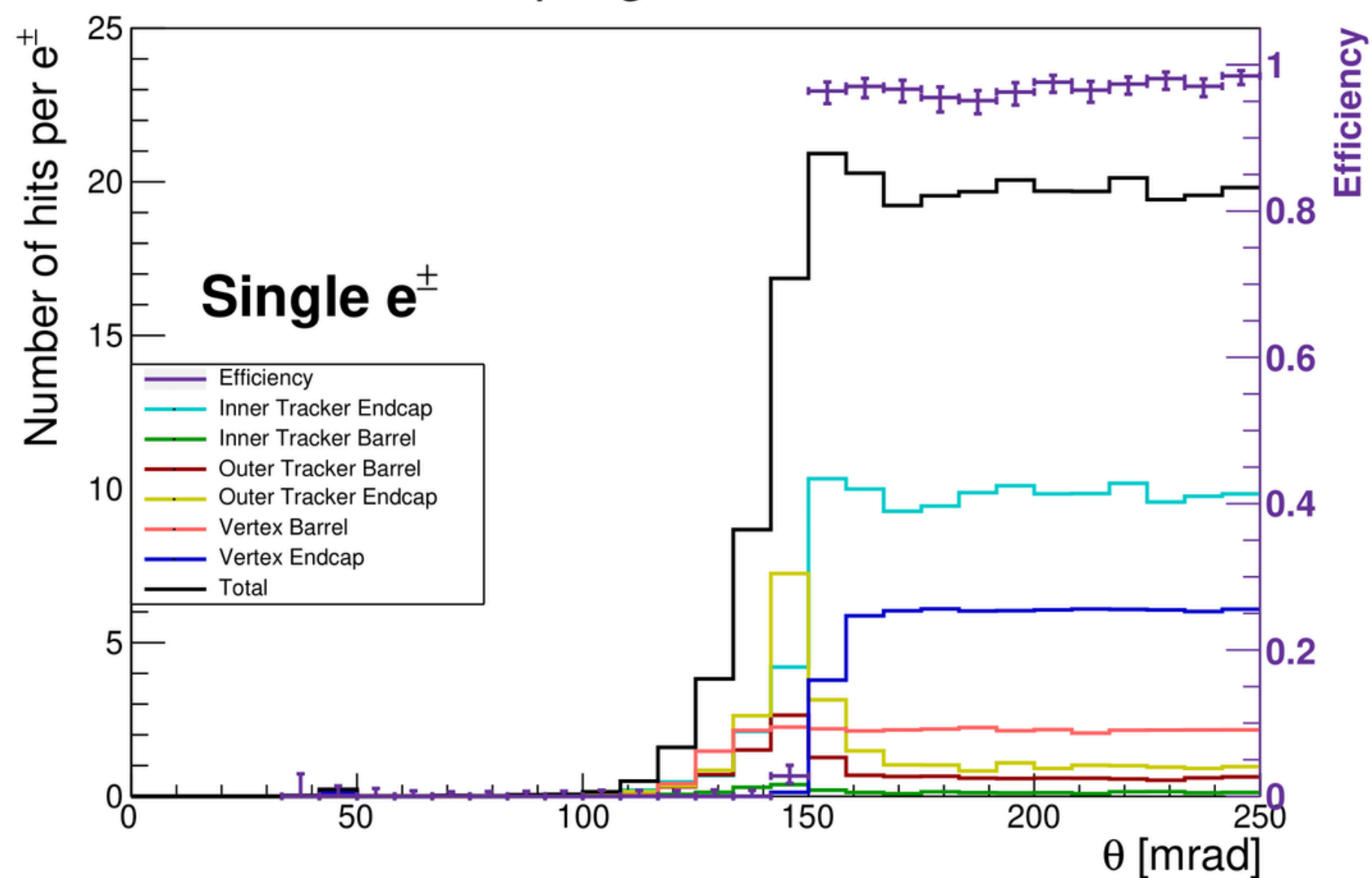
Tracking efficiency



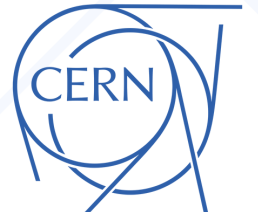
Number of **SimTrackerHit** per e^- for different parts of the tracking system

CLD *work in progress*

CLD *work in progress* Without secondary particles



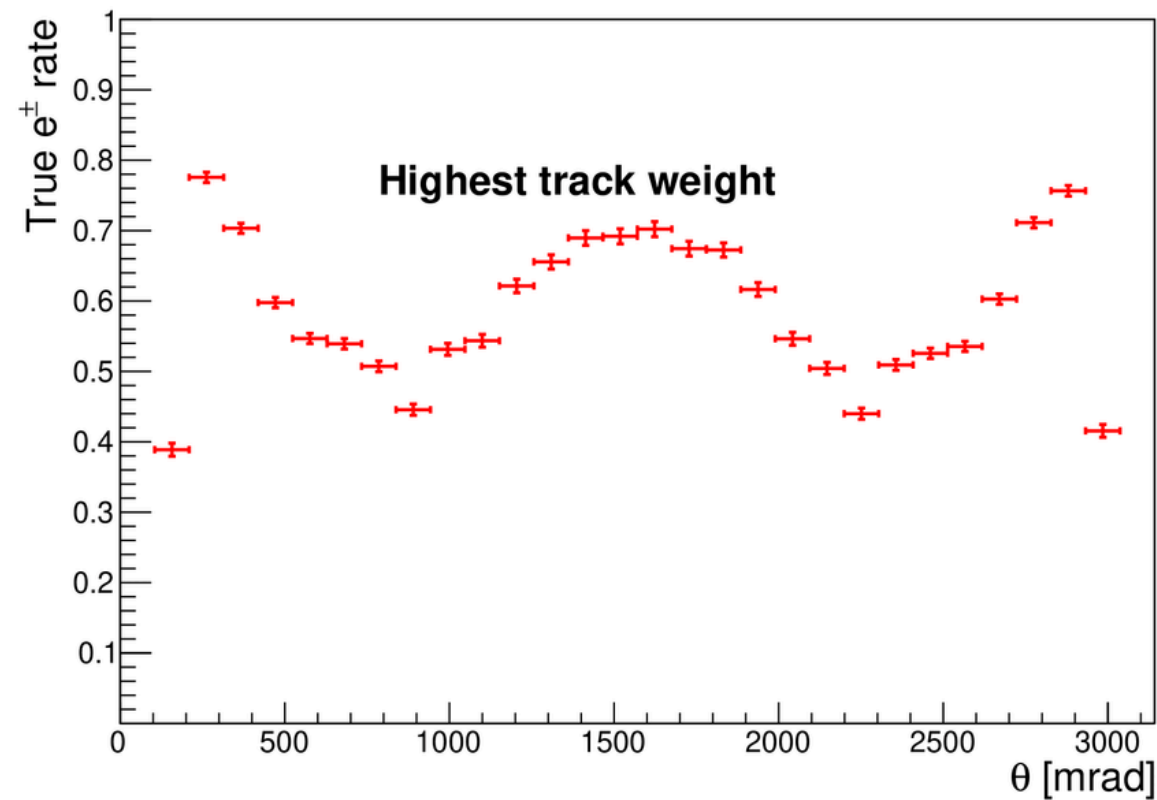
True electron rate



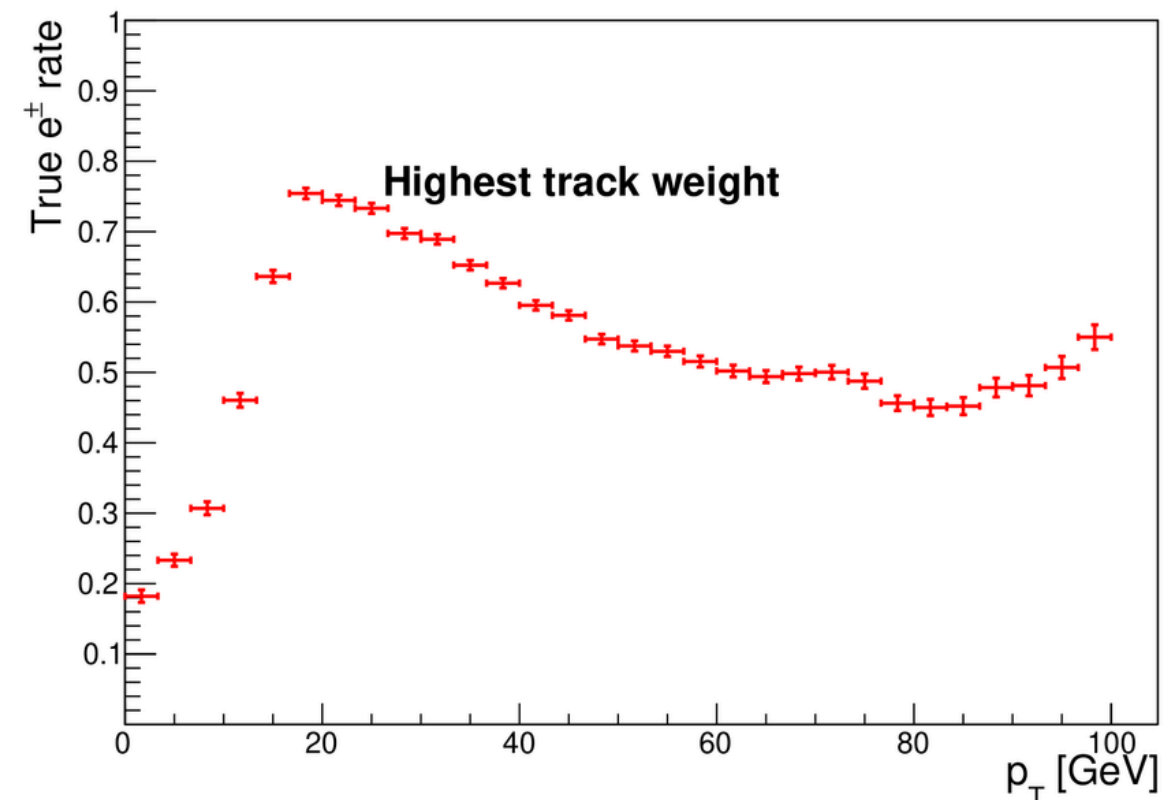
Definition:

Fraction of reconstructable Monte Carlo particles which have been reconstructed as **pure tracks** (weight > 75%)

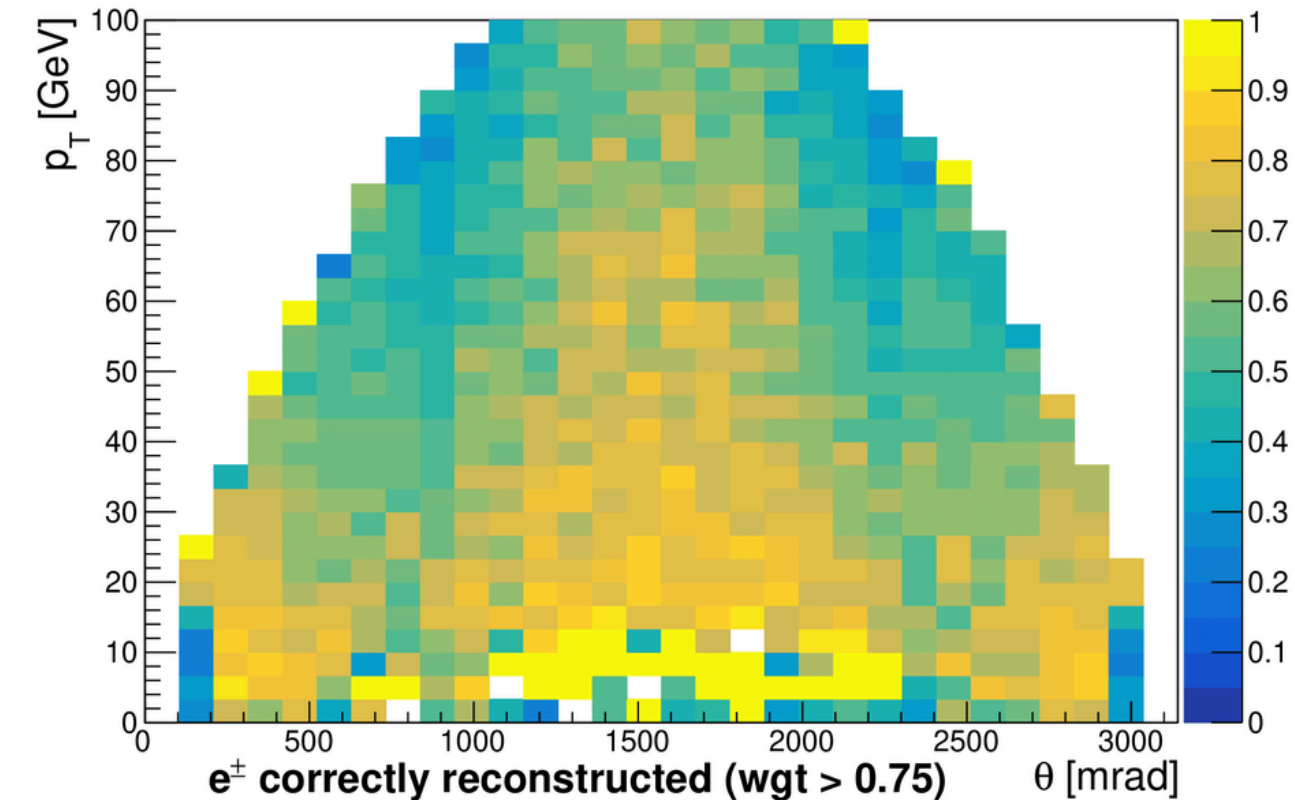
CLD work in progress



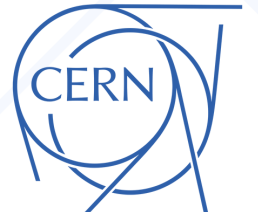
CLD work in progress



CLD work in progress Highest track weight



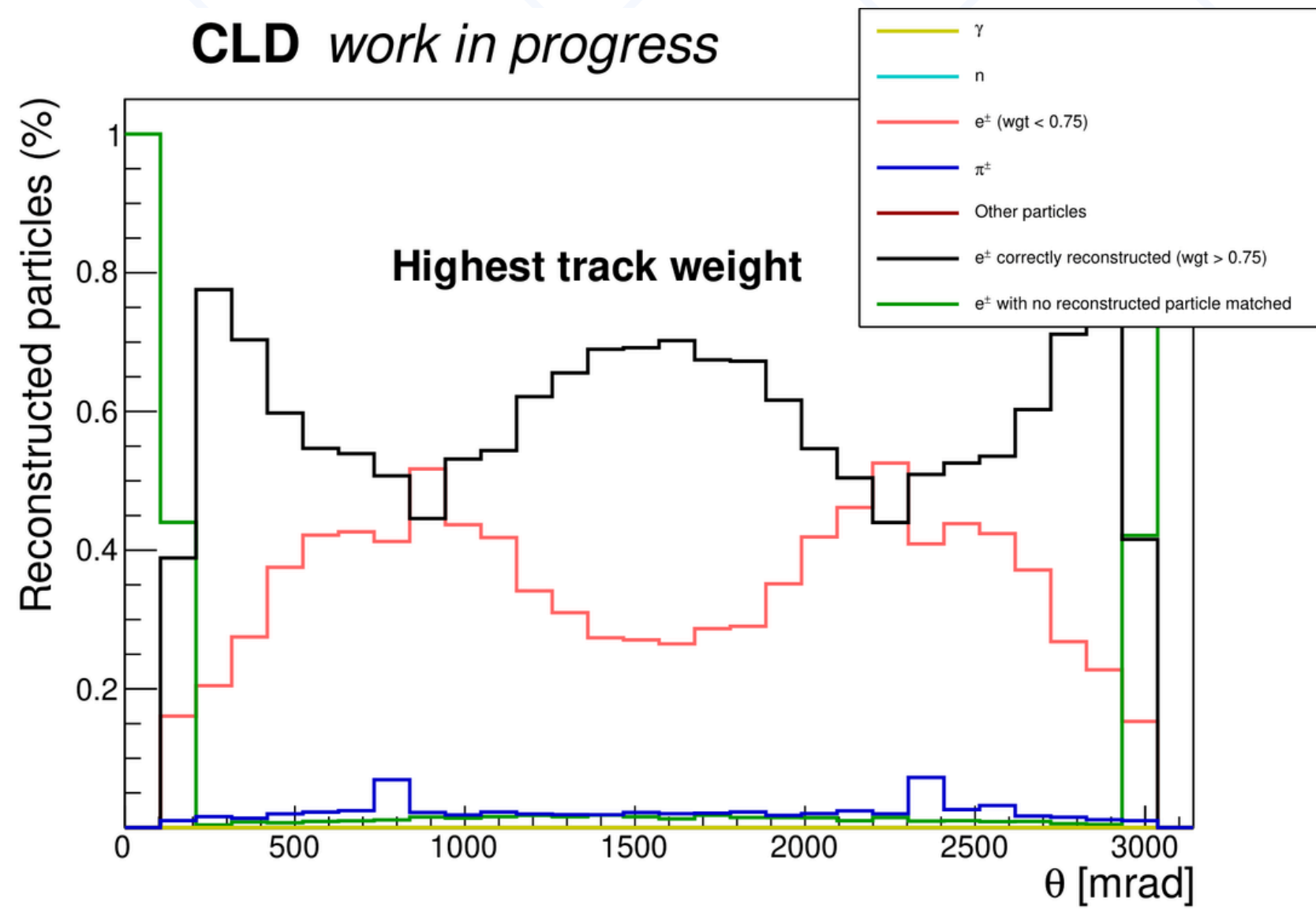
True electron rate



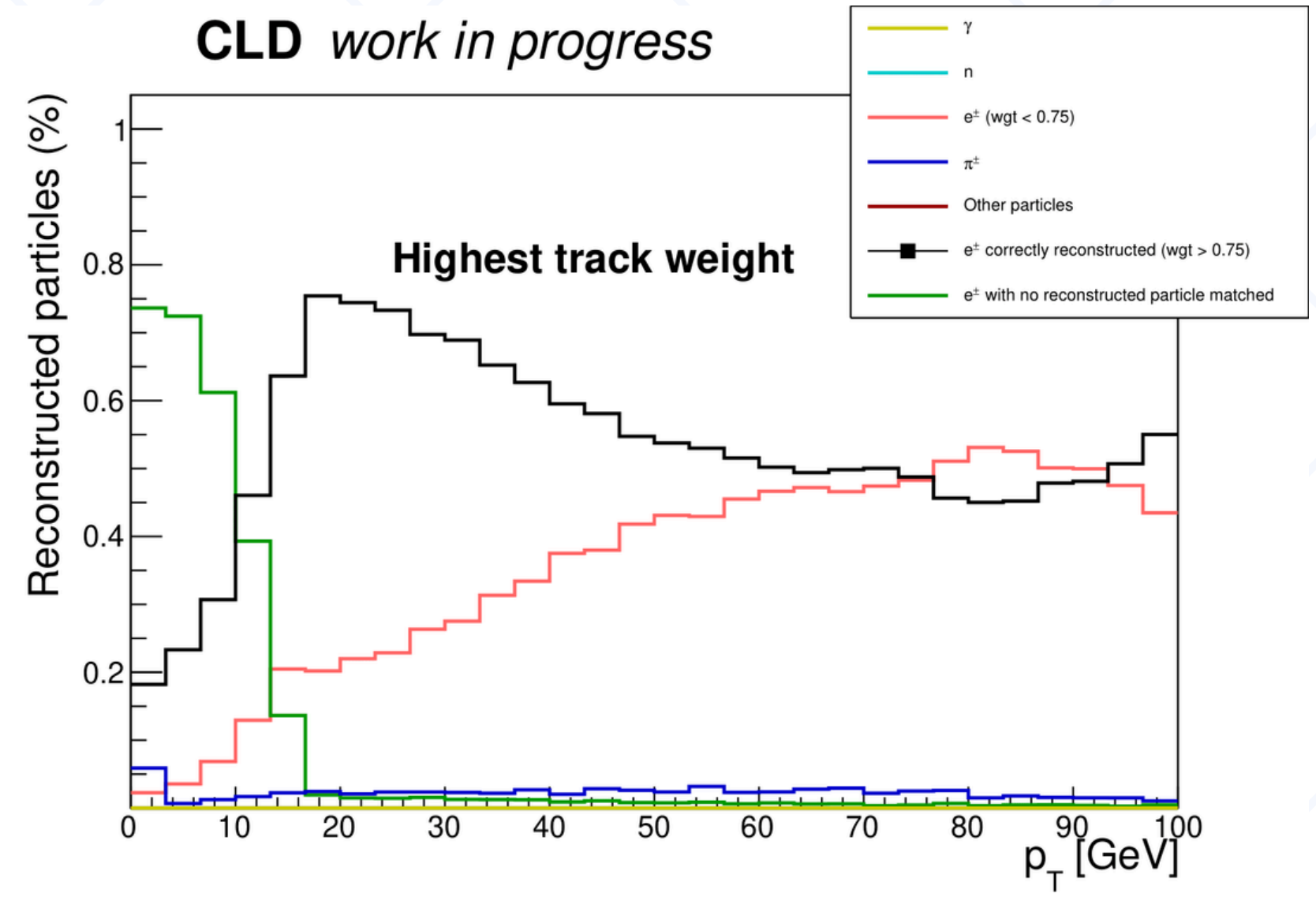
Considerations:

Particles are never reconstructed as n or γ
 Mainly are **electrons with weight < 75%**

CLD work in progress



CLD work in progress



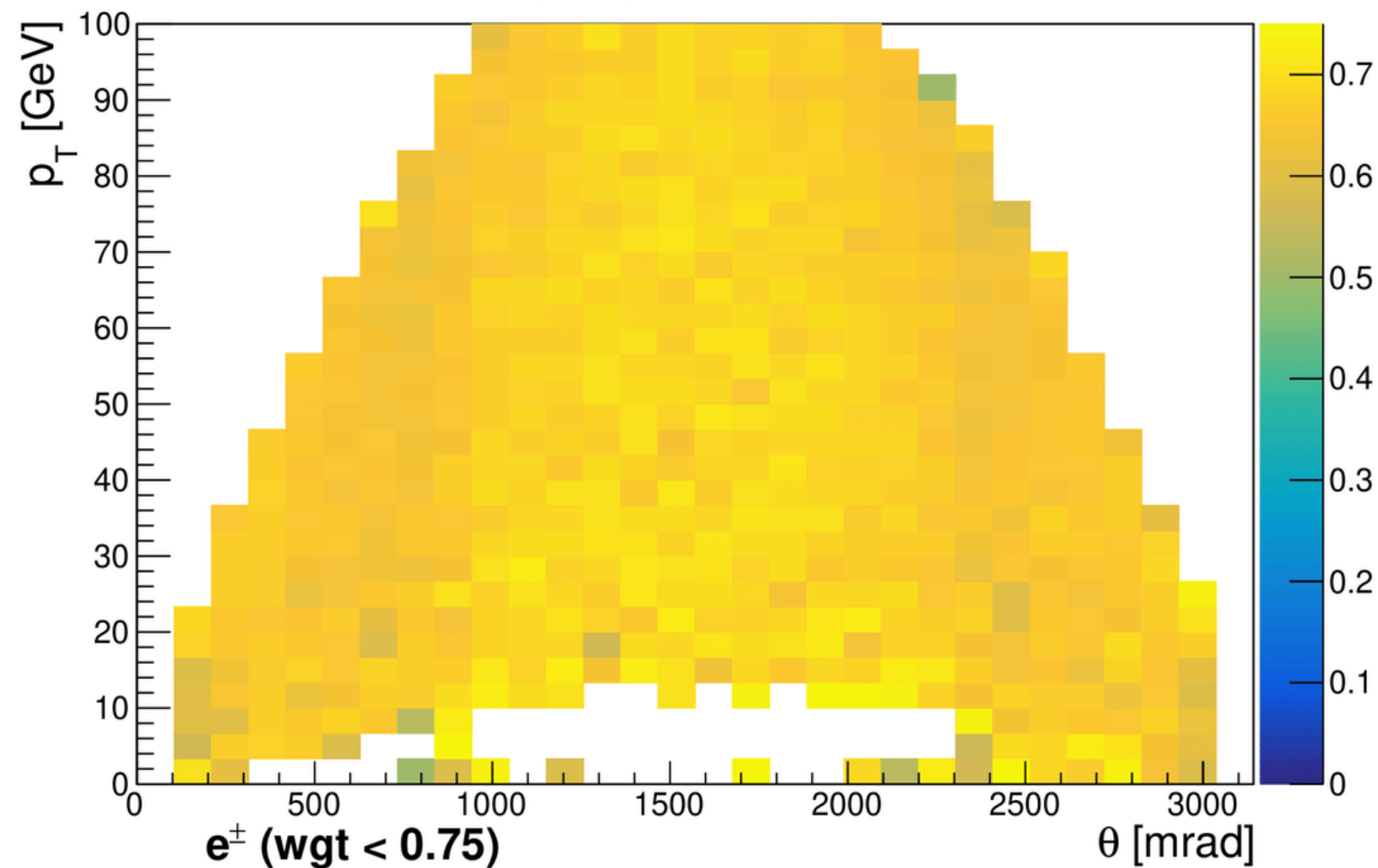
True electron rate



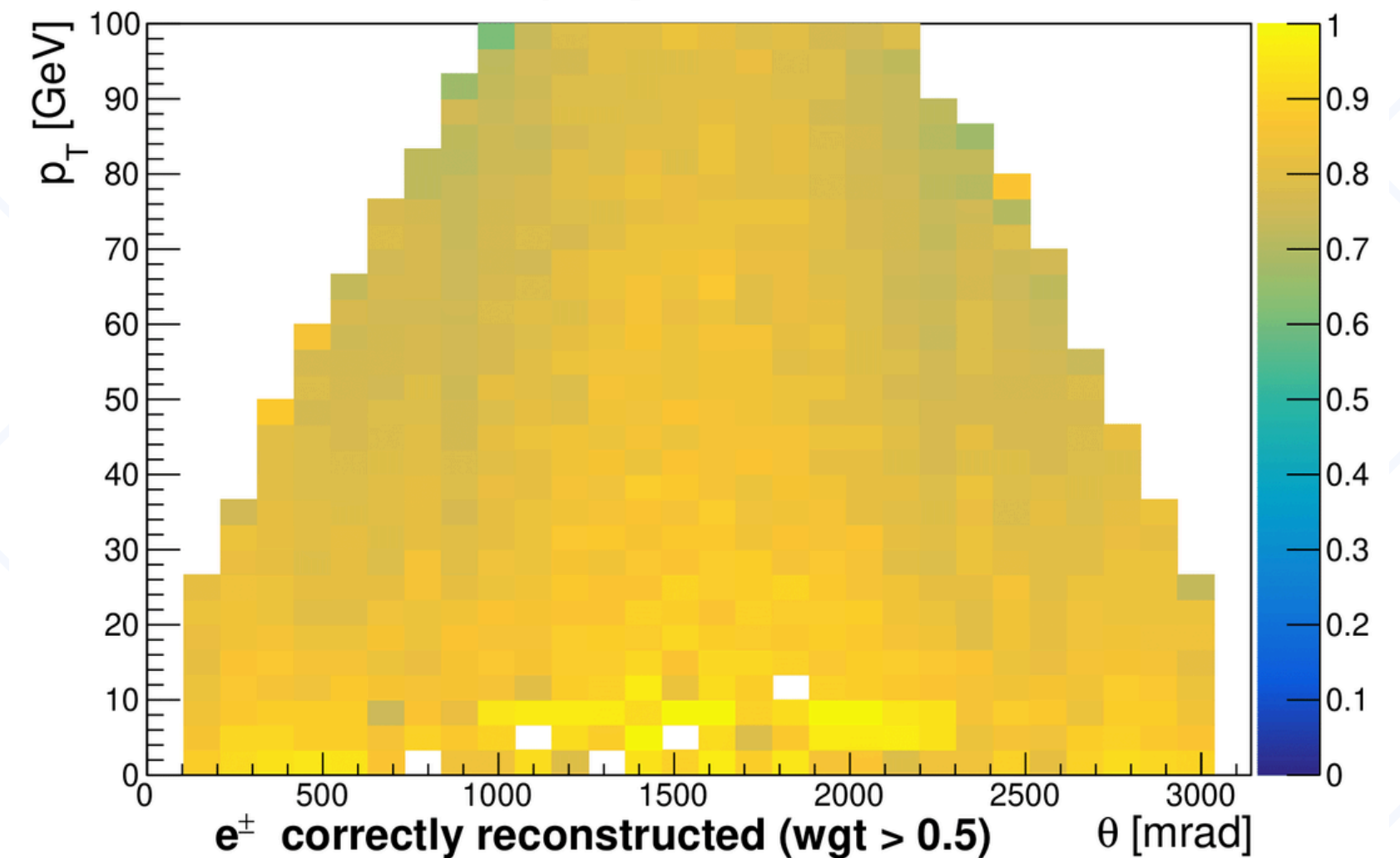
Considerations:

Weight of the electrons not reconstructed correctly > 0.5
Threshold of 0.5: **at least 70%** of the tracks are correctly reconstructed.

CLD work in progress Highest track weight



CLD work in progress Highest track weight

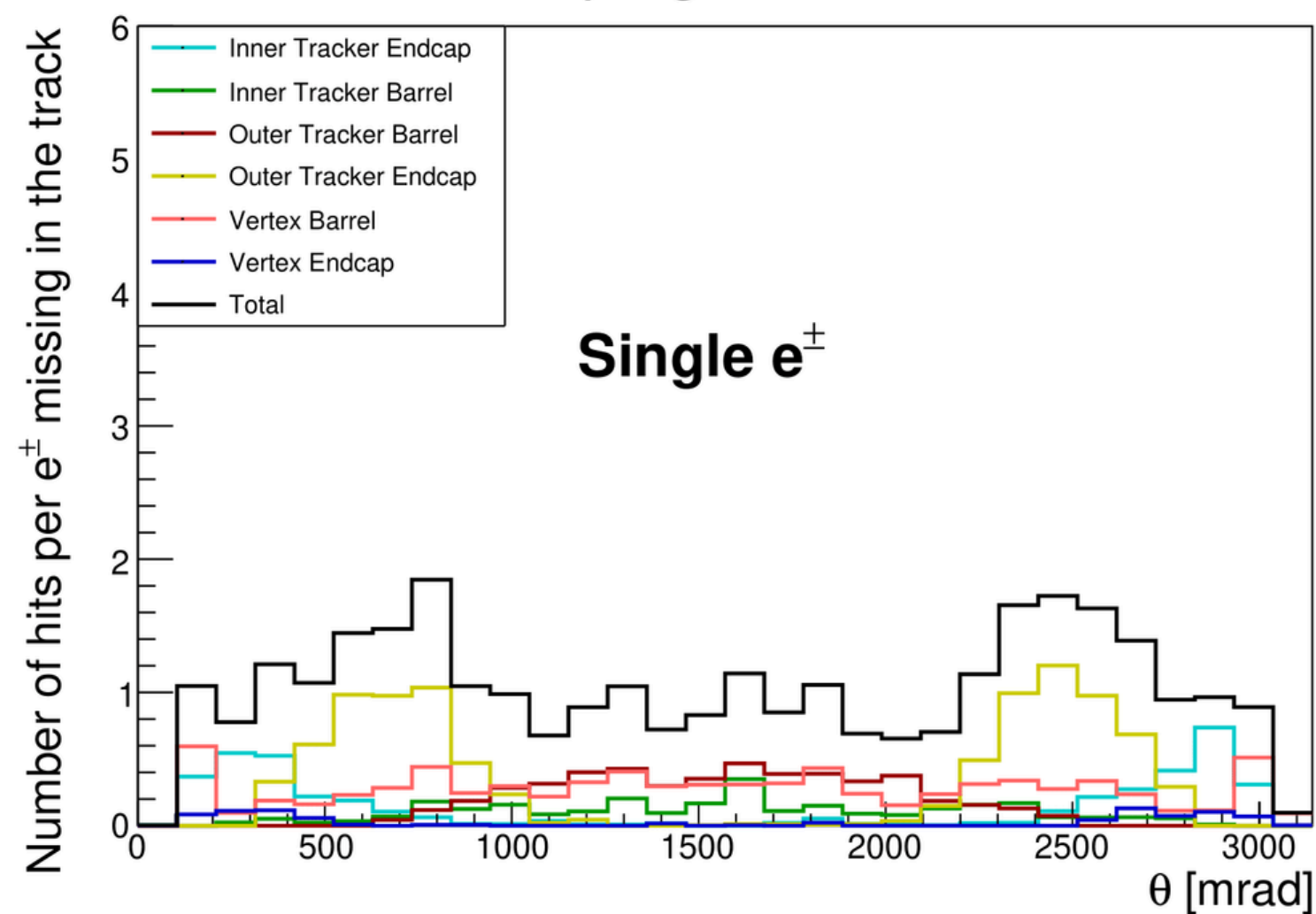


Missing hits

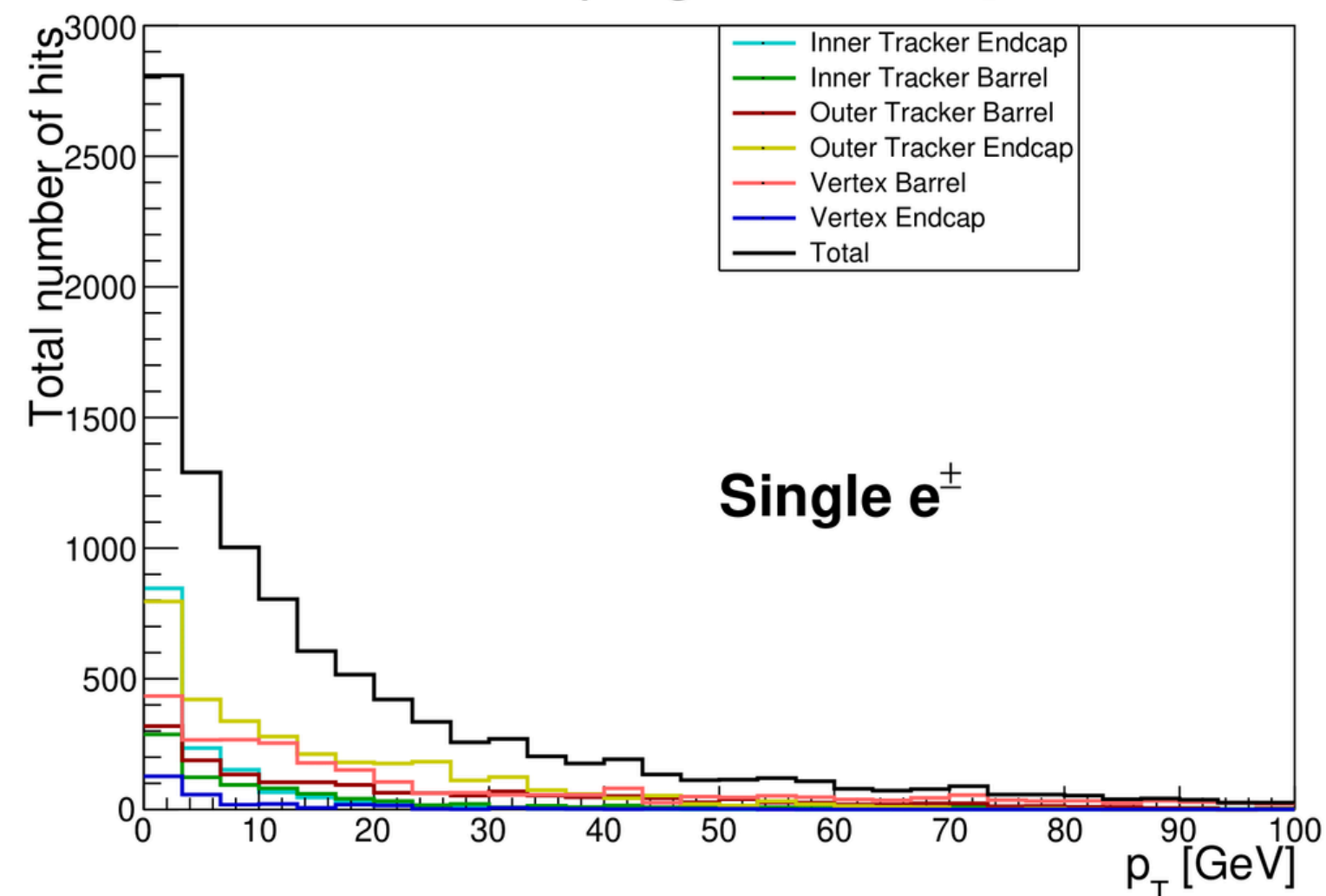
Definition:

Simulated hits that are **not** reconstructed in the track

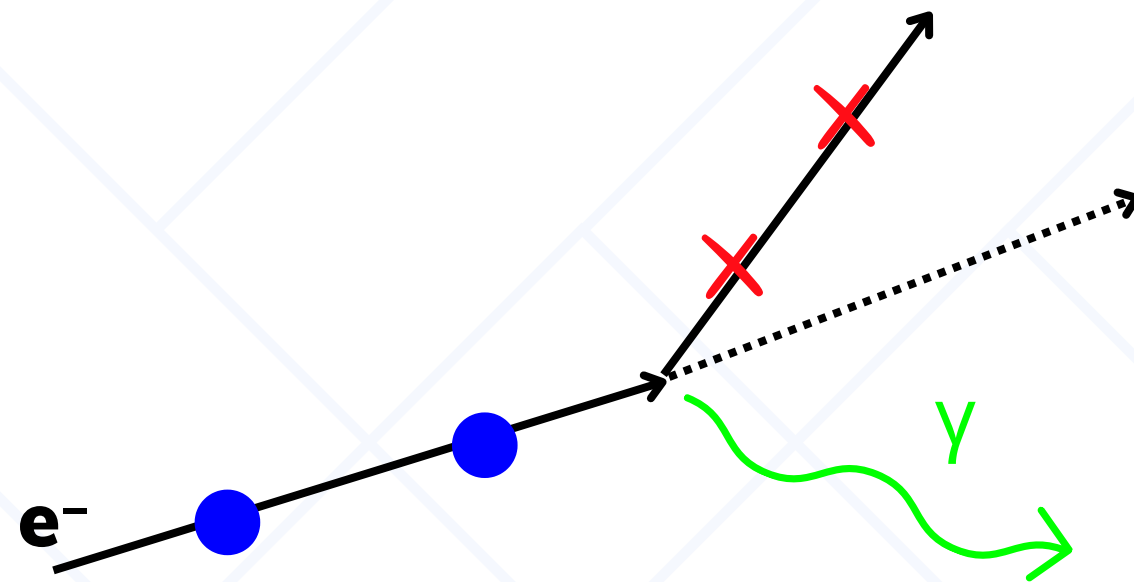
CLD *work in progress*



CLD *work in progress* Missing hits

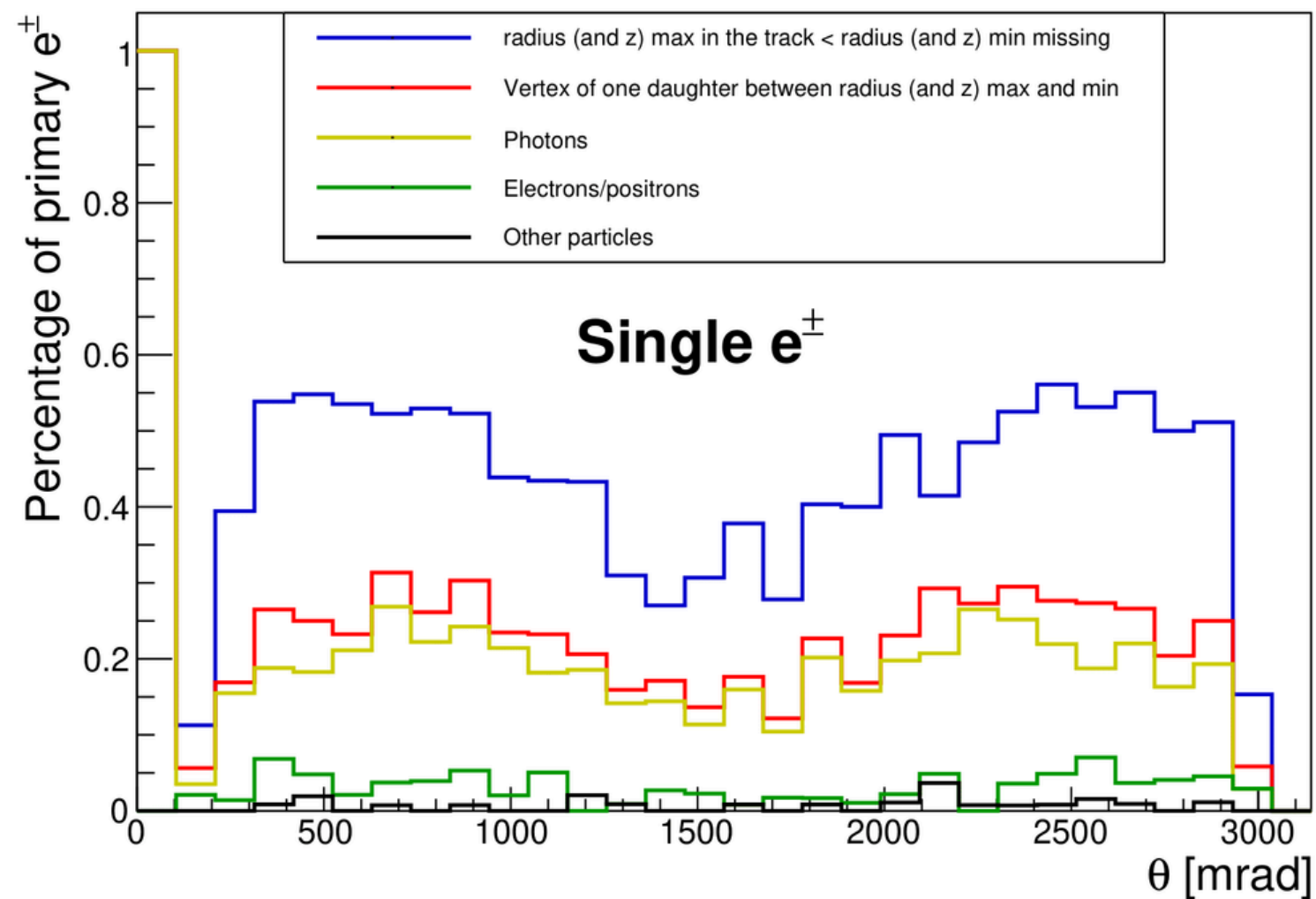


Missing hits

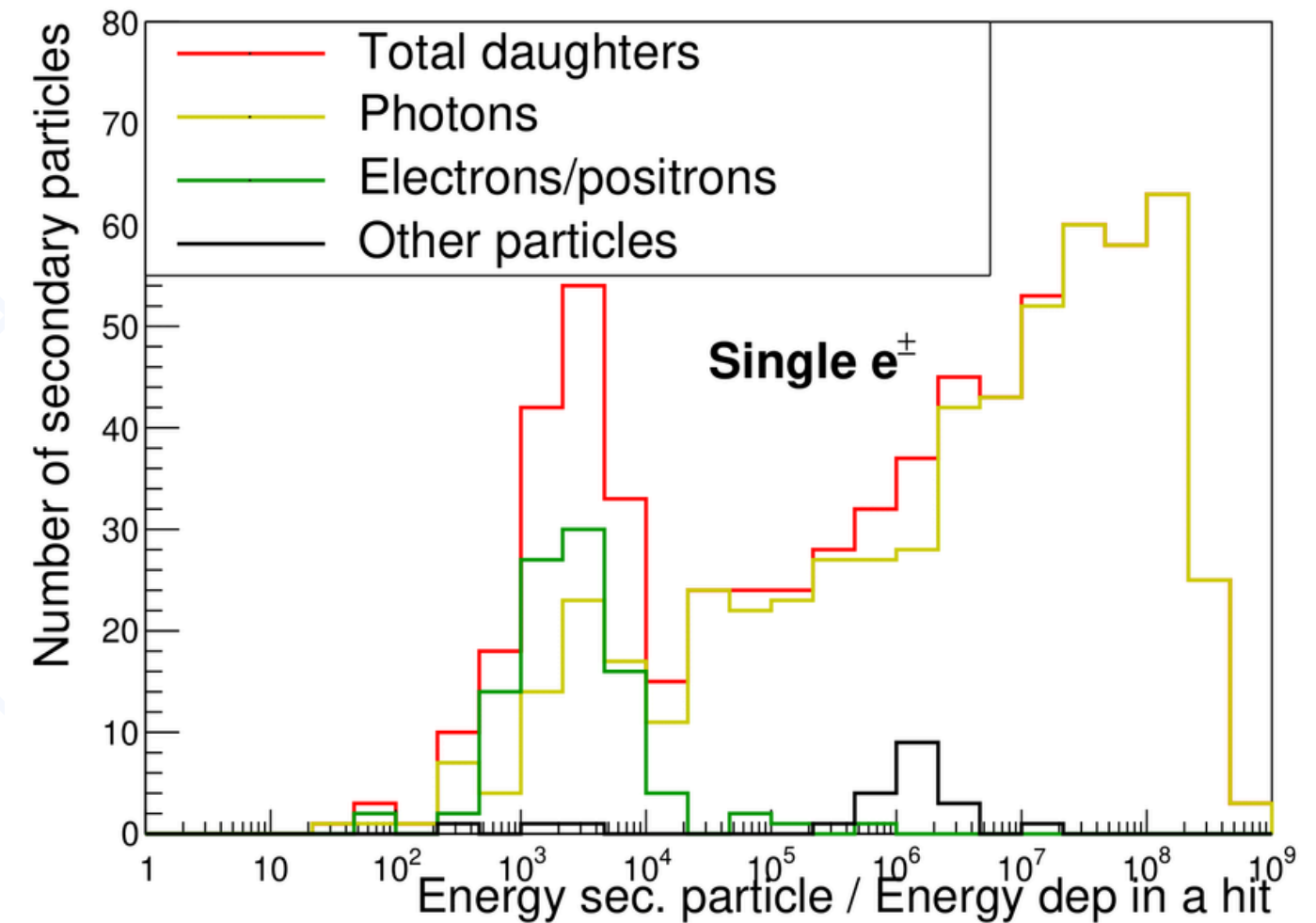


- Hits in the track
- × Missing hits

CLD work in progress



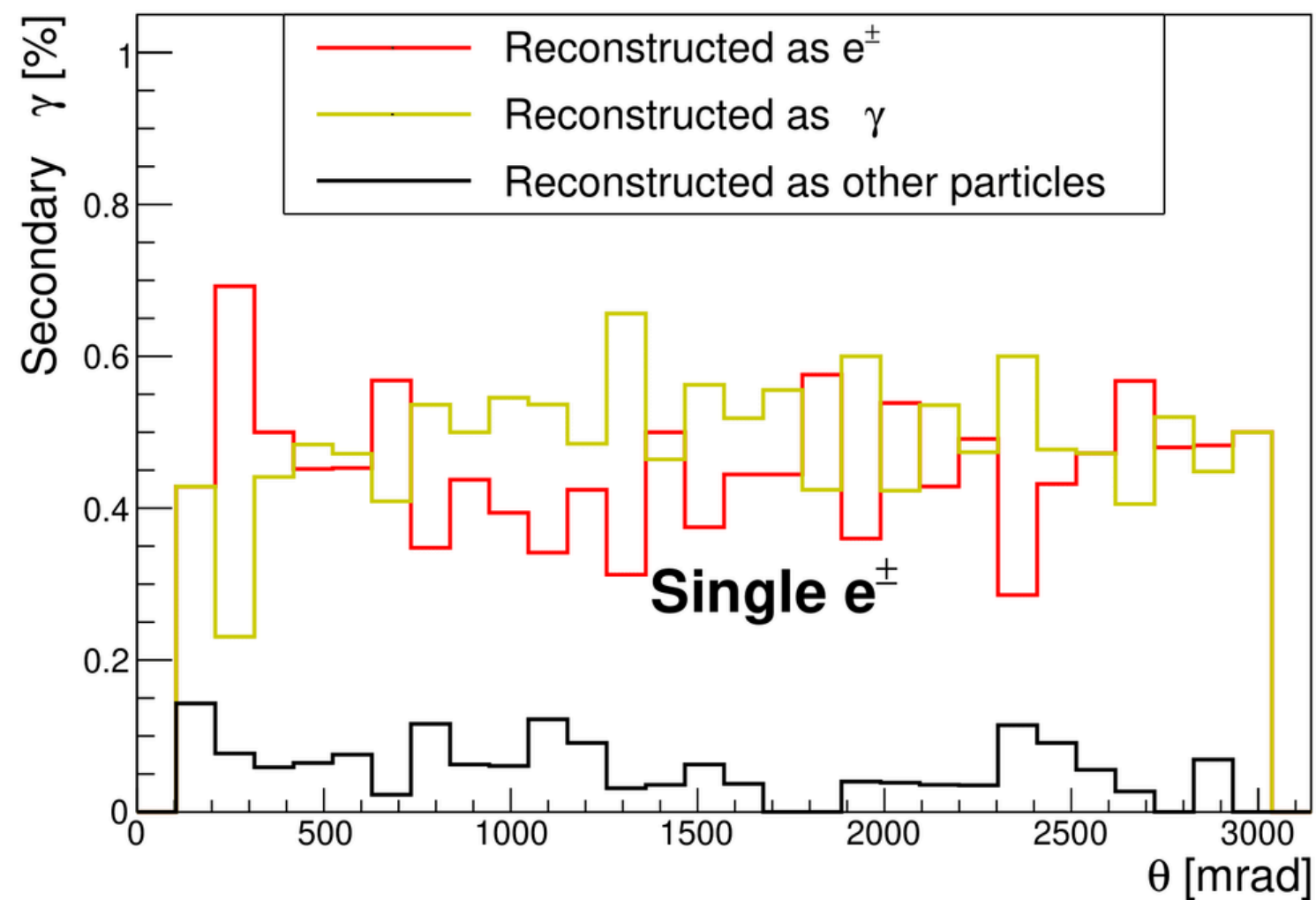
CLD work in progress



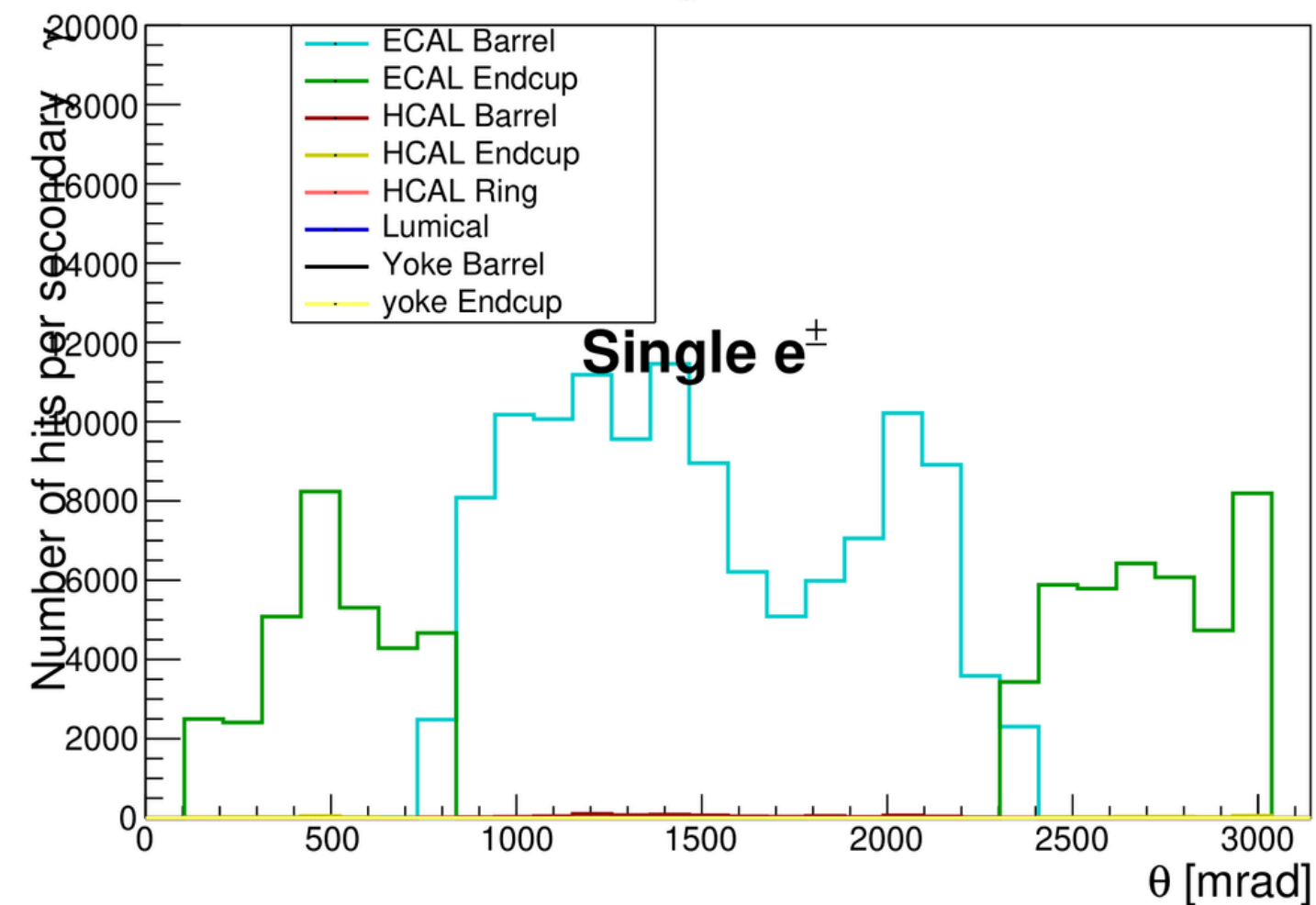
Missing hits

What happens to the **secondary photons** emitted by electrons ?

CLD *work in progress*



CLD *work in progress*



Conclusion

- 01 **Low efficiency** for electrons with $\theta < 250$ mrad and $p_t < 20$ GeV
- 02 **True electron rate:** lowering the threshold to 50% gives 70% correctly reconstructed tracks
- 03 **Missing hits** largely due to Bremsstrahlung.
- 04 **Photon misidentification:** many secondary photons are reconstructed as electrons.

Outlook

- 01 **Optimize detector geometry** for low θ and p_t electrons.
- 02 Improve reconstruction algorithms to handle **Bremsstrahlung effects**.
- 03 **Enhance particle identification** to reduce photon-electron misidentification.
- 04 Test performance with **more complex event simulations**.



Thank You!

Special thanks to:

My supervisors, Leonhard and Andre, for their guidance and constant support
My offices mates, in particular Katerina and Enrico, for the great times we spent together.

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Reference

- 01 N. Bacchetta et al. *CLD – A Detector Concept for the FCC-ee*. 2019. arXiv: 1911.12230 [physics.ins-det]. URL: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1911.12230>.
- 02 URL: <https://edm4hep.web.cern.ch/>