

Design and Tests of BBWC Short Demonstrator

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Beam-Beam Wire Compensation Review – 14.10.2024



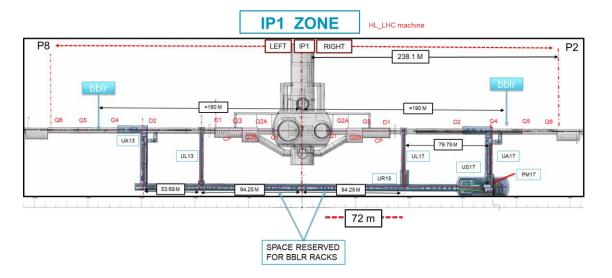
- Context
- Preliminary Design
 - Initial Design Assumptions
 - Rationale: Existing Applications
 - Features and Layout
 - Simulations
- Demonstrator
 - Experimental Results
- Updated Preliminary Design
 - Additional Design Requirements
 - Updated Design
- Conclusions



Introduction



- Beam-Beam Long-Range Compensators with physical DC wires are considered a valuable options for HL-LHC to increase dynamic aperture at small crossing angles
- A space reservation of >4.5 m on both beams was made on either sides of IP1 and IP5, allowing 1 unit per beam per location







- These assumptions are a preliminary set of requirements defined for mechanical design purposes:
 - + 1 wire per beam and per side of IP1 and IP5 \rightarrow 8 wires
 - Single wire positioned in a vacuum chamber per beam
 - Round wire cross-section
 - Wire total active length 3 m
 - 450 Am DC per wire, i.e. 150 Am/m
 - Wire positioned in the shadow of Tertiary Collimators (>10.4 $\sigma)$
 - Wire to beam orientations: horizontal (IP1) and vertical (IP5)
 - Beam and RF losses considered negligible vs Joule heating
- CAVEAT: design assumptions partly obsolete due to latest developments



Introduction



- Use a slim, light design with a **thin, bare, metal** wire, allowing to move as close as necessary to the beam, while minimizing interactions with beam particles
- Bond the metal wire onto a support being both an **electrical insulator** and a **thermal conductor** (**ceramic**)
- Keep design simple and affordable, using a mobile vacuum chamber, integral with wire, which can be shifted horizontally and vertically. Host two parallel assemblies, side by side on Beam 1 and 2
- Ease fabrication, assembling and installation, splitting the **active length** (**3 m**) in **three independent modules**
- Each module mounted and aligned on a **single support** structure, which can be rigidly **actuated in both horizontal and vertical** directions

