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## Imprint of nuclear structure on identified particles in high energy heavy ion collisions

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The encoded nuclear structures related to flow fluctuations can be investigated at a fixed impact parameter in ultra-relativistic ion collisions through the concept of factorization breaking. This phenomenon is explored by analyzing momentum-dependent correlations among flow harmonics across distinct kinematic bins, specifically in terms of pseudorapidity  $(\eta)$ [1] or transverse momentum (pT)[2]. The influence of various  $\beta$  deformations on these momentum-dependent coefficients has been observed previously [3]. Our findings indicate a sensitivity to triaxiality for pT > 1.5 GeV in ultra-central U+U collisions. Notably, we find that the imprint of deformation is evident in the behavior of identified particles. We report a significant shift in the crossing point of observable ratios, specifically  $\pi^{\pm}/p(\bar{p})$  and  $\pi^{\pm}/K^{\pm}$ . This new observable reveals that the crossing point occurs at higher  $p_T$  values for quadrupole-deformed nuclei and higher ratio values for triaxiality in U+U and Au+Au collisions, as determined using the TRENTO+VISH(2+1D) framework. Furthermore, the structural effects can also be observed in lighter nucleus collisions, such as O+O and Ne+Ne (as well as O+Pb and Ne+Pb), which we propose for future LHC runs. Our analysis demonstrates that factorization breaking effectively differentiates between the structures of  ${}^{16}O$  and  ${}^{20}Ne$ , as derived from the Nuclear Lattice Effective Field Theory (NLEFT) model, utilizing 3D-MCGlauber+Music simulations. It is noteworthy that the tendencies of identified particles exhibit significant differences compared to heavier nuclei, such as  $^{238}U$  and  $^{197}Au.$ [1] P. Bozek, W. Broniowski, and J. Moreira, Phys. Rev. C 83, 034911 (2011).

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Author: MEHRABPOUR, Hadi (Peking Univresity)

Presenter: MEHRABPOUR, Hadi (Peking Univresity)

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