

MQXFB08: Coil ordering

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06/11/2024

Background

- With the introduction of the mini-swap in MQXFB magnets, there is a bit less margin in the protection at low field to tolerate the spread on QH parameters (circuit resistance, capacitance/voltage of the HFU...).
- The stablished requirements for the quench heater resistance are:
 - Quench heater resistance at 293 K between 5.6 and 7.3 Ω
 - Quench heater resistance at **nominal operation conditions** between 3.2 and 4.2 Ω
 - At least 6 quench heater circuits with at least 3.4 Ω resistance at nominal operation conditions
- To assure the fulfill of the requirements with margin, in addition to the usual criteria to select coil ordering (RRR and Cu/Sc ratio), a check on the spread of the QH resistance circuit is performed systematically before the assembly of every magnets, starting from MQXFB04.





Coil sorting according to coil material properties (RRR and Cu/Sc ratio)

Simulation of a quench at nominal current (16230 A).

Cases included in the parametric analysis:

- Case A: No failures
- Case B: QH1+QH3 circuit failures
- Case C: QH5+QH6 circuit failures
- Case D: CLIQ+QH2 circuit failures
- Case E: CLIQ+QH6 circuit failures
- Worst-case: Highest voltage to ground among above-mentioned cases.

Maximum expected coil voltage defined by electrical design criteria (e.d.c.): 670 V at nominal current (see EDMS 1963398).

Configurations resulting in peak voltage to ground higher than this value are highlighted in

red.

	Electrical order	Case A	Case B	Case C	Case D	Case E	Worst-case	% wrt lowest	% wrt e.d.c.
1	148 151 149 150	526	584	614	596	605	614	+0%	-8%
2	148 150 149 151	532	590	621	603	599	621	+1%	-7%
3	148 149 150 151	540	594	627	600	603	627	+2%	-6%
4	148 149 151 150	541	595	629	596	608	629	+2%	-6%
5	148 151 150 149	525	583	610	635	560	635	+3%	-5%
6	148 150 151 149	530	590	618	636	560	636	+4%	-5%
7	151 148 150 149	555	618	642	632	557	642	+5%	-4%
8	150 148 151 149	557	619	643	634	557	643	+5%	-4%
9	151 148 149 150	558	620	645	593	602	645	+5%	-4%
10	150 148 149 151	558	620	646	600	596	646	+5%	-4%
11	150 151 148 149	564	624	647	633	560	647	+5%	-3%
12	150 151 149 148	563	622	651	572	633	651	+6%	-3%
13	151 150 148 149	566	627	653	633	559	653	+6%	-3%
14	151 150 149 148	568	628	657	571	633	657	+7%	-2%
15	150 149 148 151	577	633	664	599	603	664	+8%	-1%
16	151 149 148 150	577	633	664	592	608	664	+8%	-1%
17	151 149 150 148	576	632	664	569	636	664	+8%	-1%
18	150 149 151 148	578	633	665	571	636	665	+8%	-1%
19	149 148 150 151	603	665	686	595	596	686	+12%	+2%
20	149 148 151 150	603	666	688	590	602	688	+12%	+3%
21	149 151 148 150	611	672	691	589	605	691	+13%	+3%
22	149 151 150 148	608	668	691	566	633	691	+13%	+3%
23	149 150 148 151	614	674	698	596	599	698	+14%	+4%
24	149 150 151 148	615	675	700	568	633	700	+14%	+4%

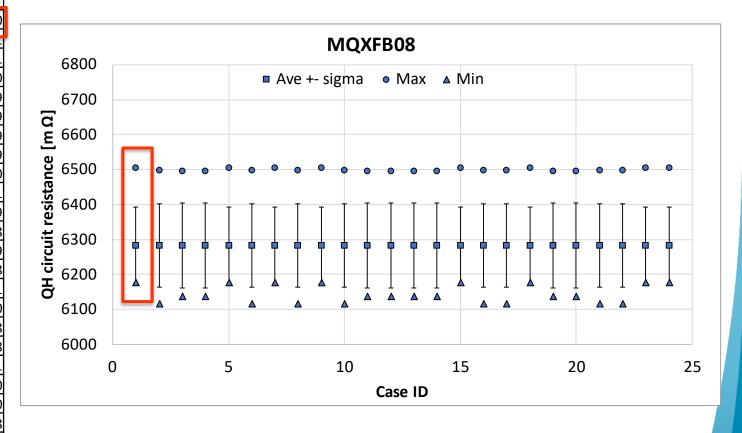
Generated by E. Ravaioli, TE-MPE-PE





Coil sorting according to QH resistance

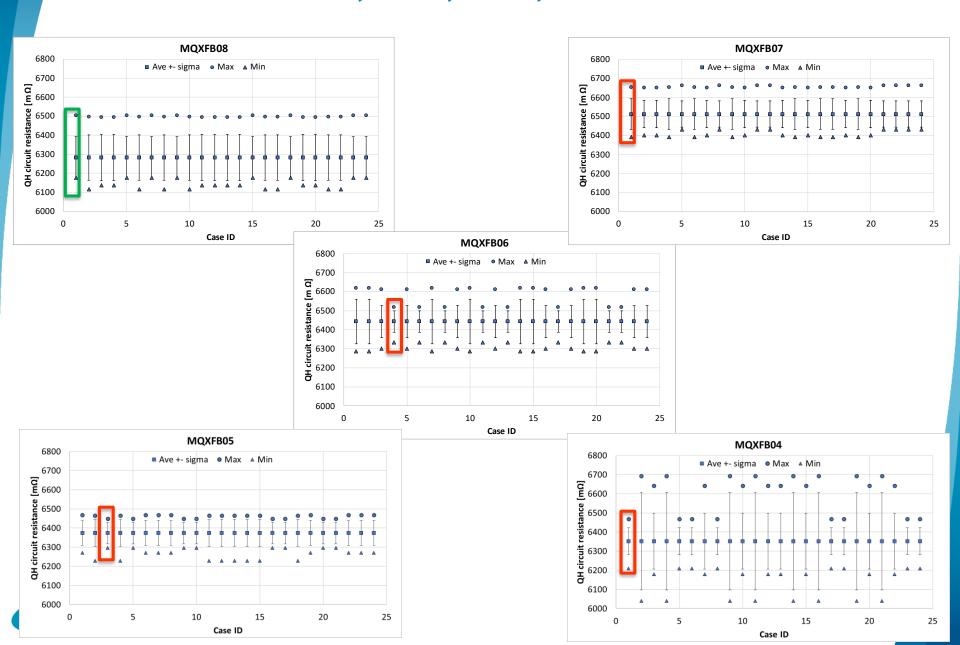
	Electrical order						
CASE ID	P1	P2	Р3	Р4			
1	148	151	149	150			
	148	150	149	151			
3	148	149	150	151			
4	148	149	151	150			
5	148	151	150	149			
6	148	150	151	149			
7	151	148	150	149			
8	150	148	151	149			
9	151	148	149	150			
10	150	148	149	151			
11	150	151	148	149			
12	150	151	149	148			
13	151	150	148	149			
14	151	150	149	148			
15	150	149	148	151			
16	151	149	148	150			
17	151	149	150	148			
18	150	149	151	148			
19	149	148	150	151			
20	149	148	151	150			
21	149	151	148	150			
22	149	151	150	148			
23	149	150	148	151			
24	149	150	151	148			





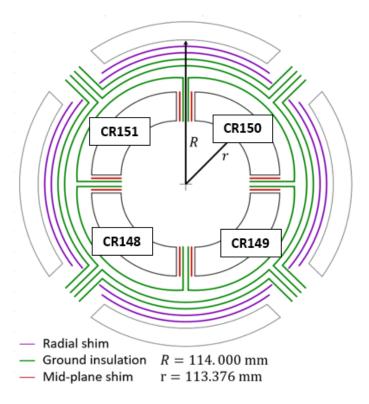


MQXFB08, B07, B06, B05 and B04



Conclusion

Here is presented the coils ordering for MQXFB08







References

- Quench heater parameters MQXF (22/01/2022) https://indico.cern.ch/event/1119409/
- NCR MQXFBP3 QH resistance EDMS 2782298
- Quench heater parameters MQXF (09/07/2021)
 https://indico.cern.ch/event/950696/
- NCR MQXFBP2 QH resistance <u>EDMS 2643444</u>
- HL-MCF Meeting #121 Update on the MQXFB QH Resistances https://indico.cern.ch/event/1305402/



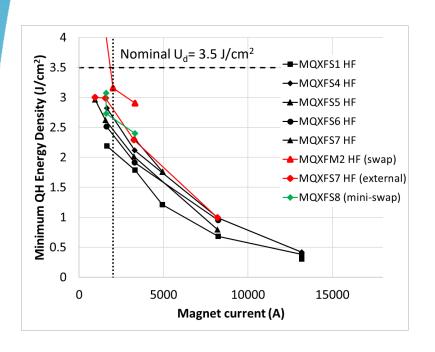


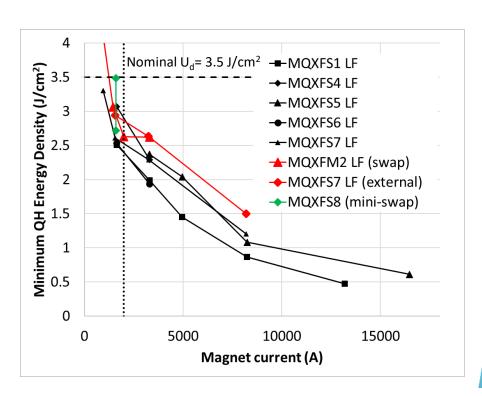


Additional slides



Minimum energy density





Minimum Energy Density = $2.5 - 2.7 \text{ J/cm}^2$ (to initiate a quench at 2 kA) Final QH configuration:

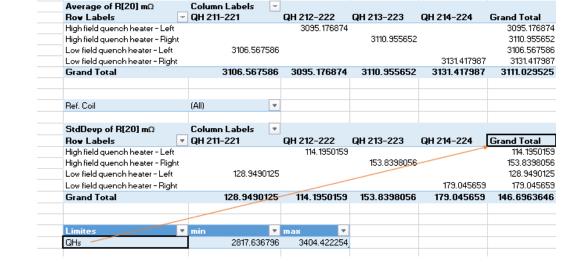
MQXFB mini swap (more protection tests planned in S8, to have more statistics) MQXFA impregnated heaters in direct contact with the coil (S1-S6)

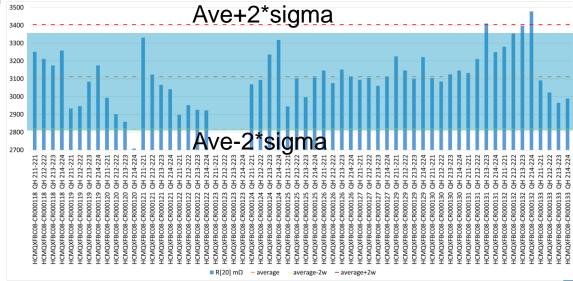




QH resistance – individual strips

- The target was 3.1 ± 0.26 (2.84-3.36 ohms, i.e., \pm 8 %)
- With few exceptions, we are within the target
- In case we are slightly out of the tolerance in the individual strips, the expected heater circuit resistance after assembly is checked and if possible, the coil can be placed in the optimal position to compensate for deviations
 - The driving parameter is the peak voltage to ground based on conductor properties, but in general several configurations are able to fulfill requirements
 - So far, this optimization was not needed.





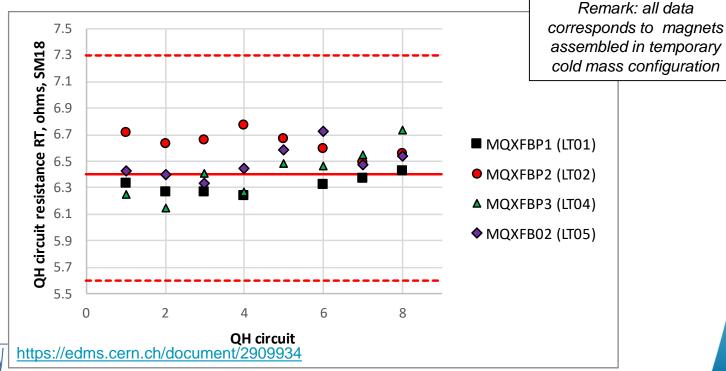




Quench heater circuit resistance, tolerance range at warm, SM18

- SM18 ranges follow 180 tolerances for electrical QA, i.e., 5.6 7.3 ohms (i.e, +-13 %)
 - Previous target 6-6.8 ohms (i.e, +- 6 %)
 - For reference, LHC dipoles was 22 ohms +- 4.5 ohms (i.e, +- 20 %)

 The maximum difference between warm before test and warm after test shall be < 0.05 ohms (as LHC dipoles)

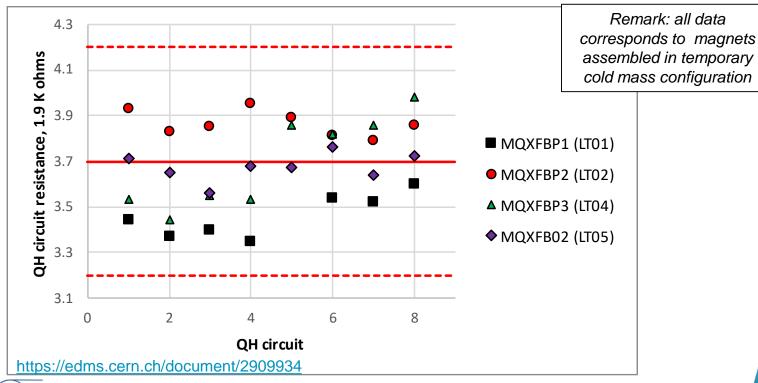






Quench heater circuit resistance, tolerance range at cold, SM18

- At cold, we keep the same spread that at warm, i.e., 13 %
 - Target is 3.7 +- 0.5 ohms (i.e., 3.2 to 4.2 ohms, before it was 3.5-3.9 ohms)
 - The resistance of at least 4 circuits shall be larger than 3.4 ohms to assure sufficient margin to initiate a quench at low current
 - For reference, LHC dipoles was 12.5 ohms +- 3 ohms (i.e, +- 24 %)







Cold vs warm

 Remark: after MQXFBMT4 test, enough information to decouple the RRR from quench heaters and wiring, to maybe find a better correlation in terms of RRR

