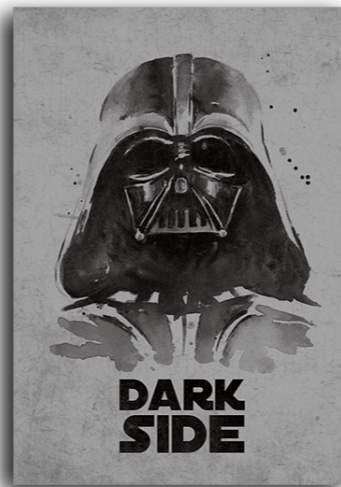


Exploring Higgs Portals to Hidden Sectors with Rep. Learning

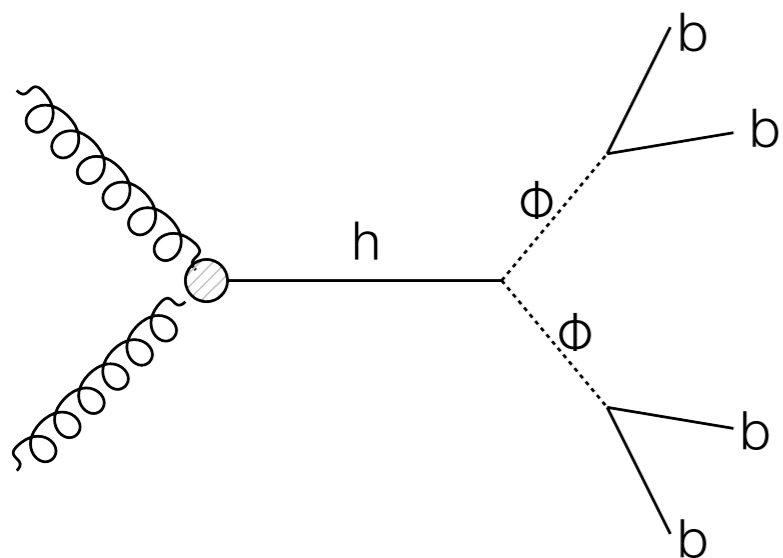
Abhijith Gandrakota, Christina Reissel, Phil Harris, Jennifer Ngadiuba, Nhan Tran, Aaron Wang



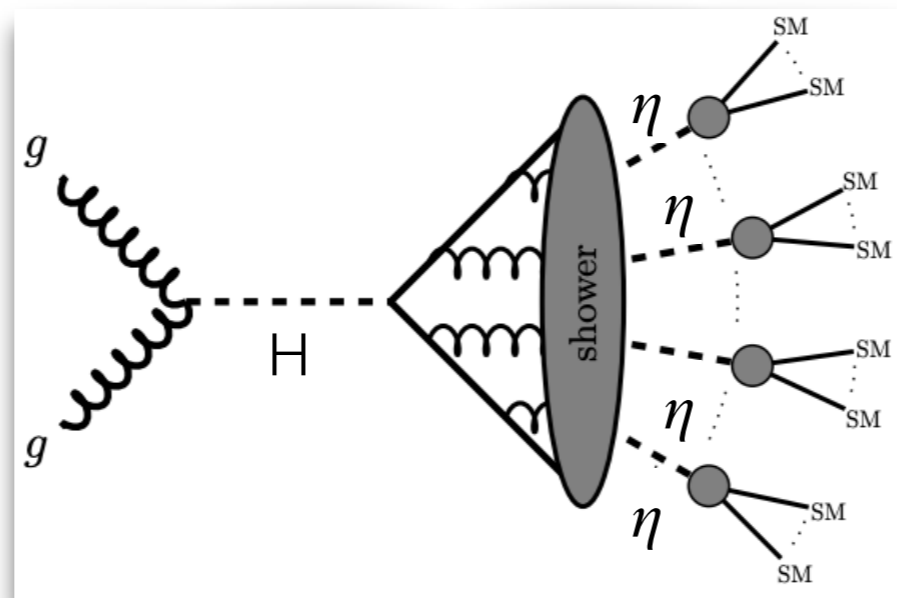


Higgs portal to hidden sectors

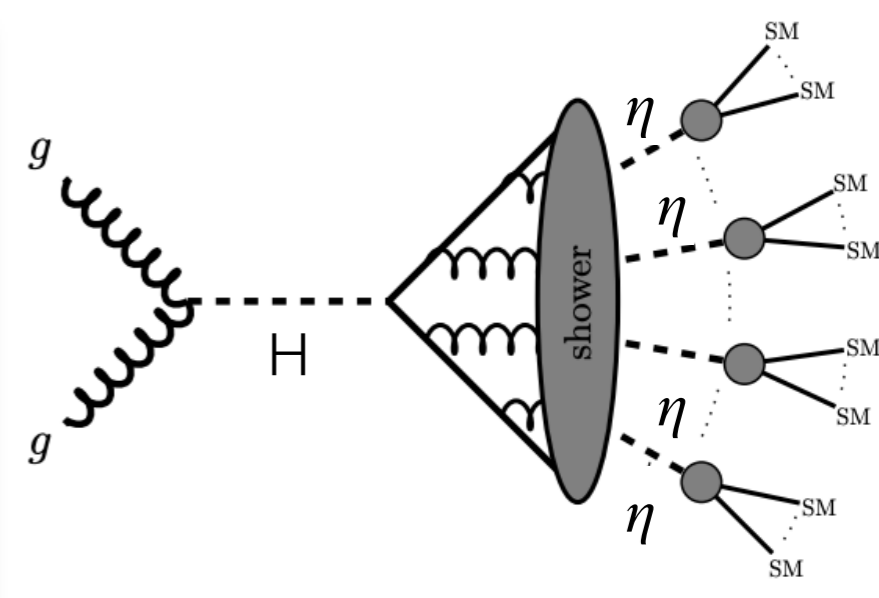
- Higgs portal to the hidden sectors is very well motivated
 - Higgs-initiated decays especially well motivated
 - Branching frac. bounded by $Br(h \rightarrow \text{exotic}) < 0.21$
- The nature of a dark shower is determined by the **Hooft couplings**, $\lambda = g^2 N_c$
 - Huge diversity the nature of Dark Showers (DS)



$\lambda \sim 1$



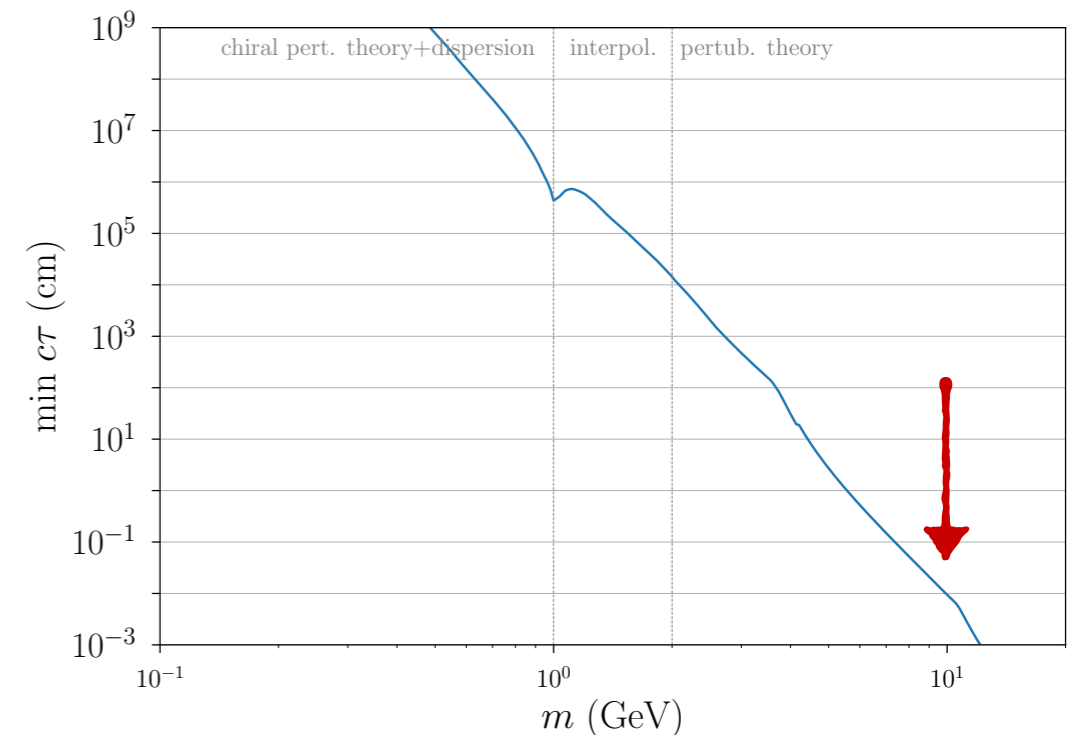
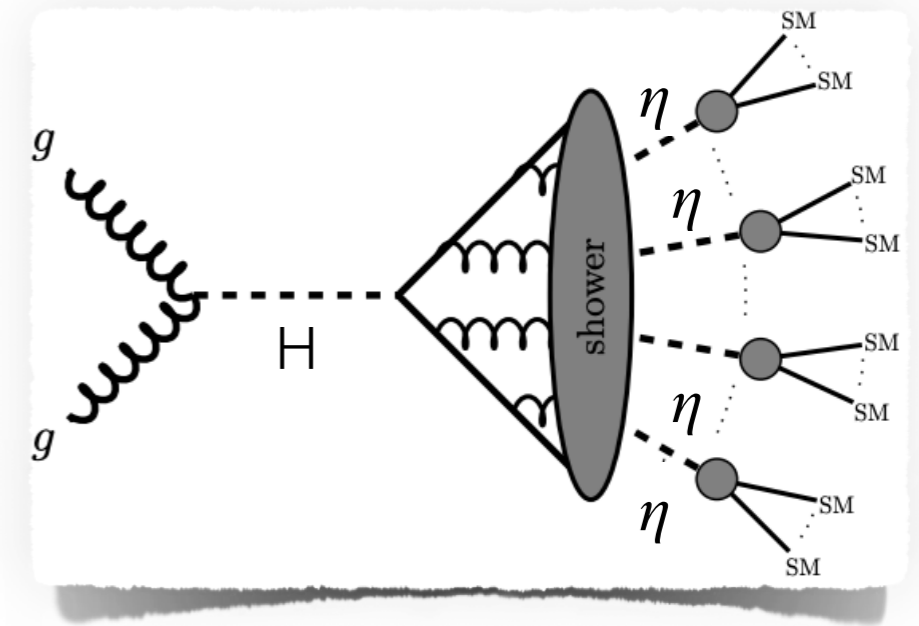
$\lambda \gg 1$





Higgs portal to hidden sectors

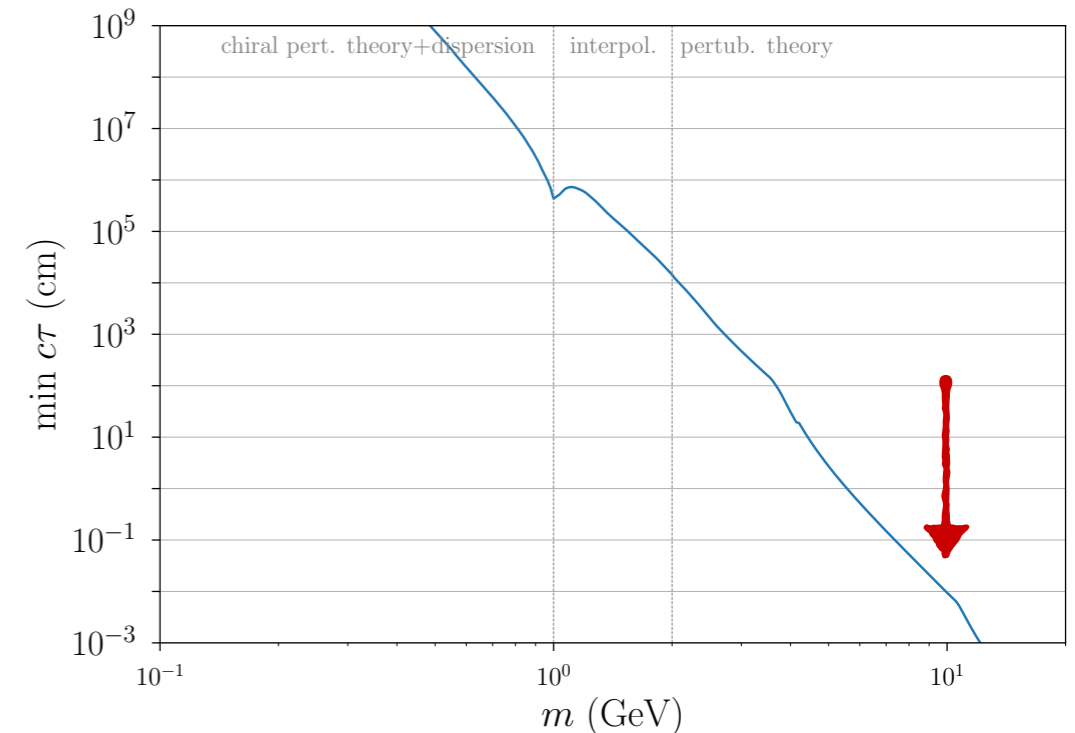
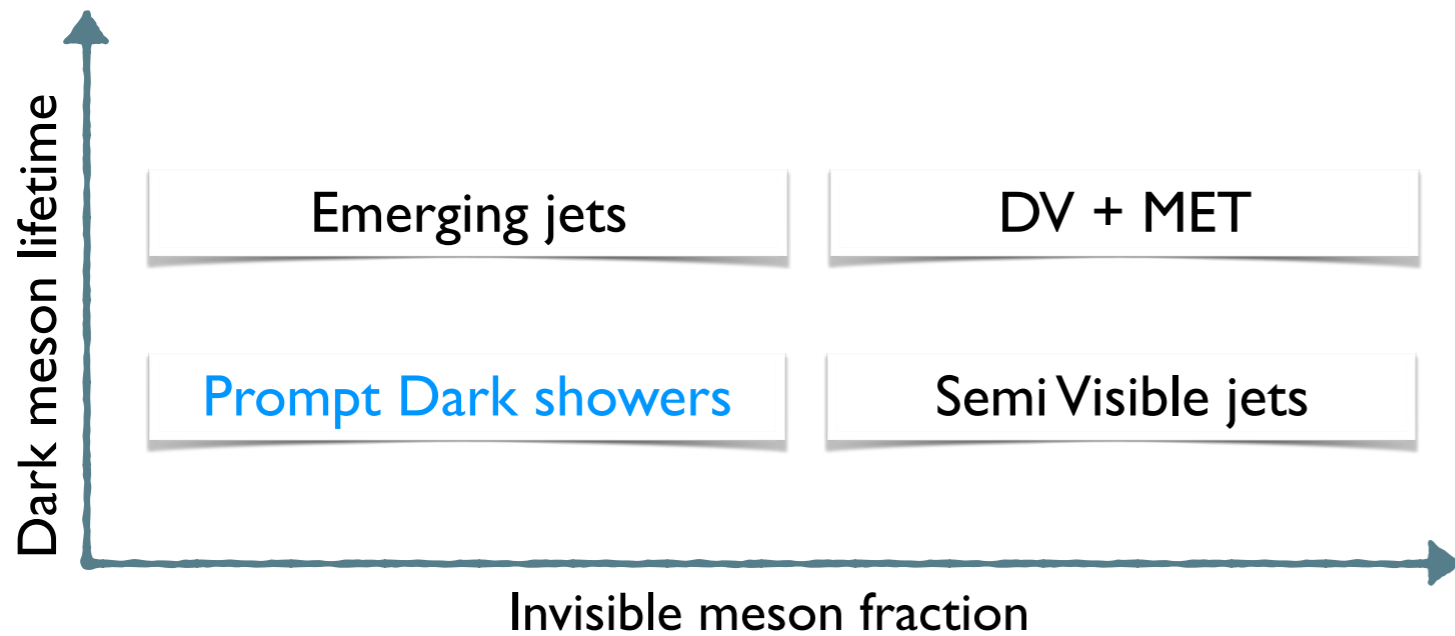
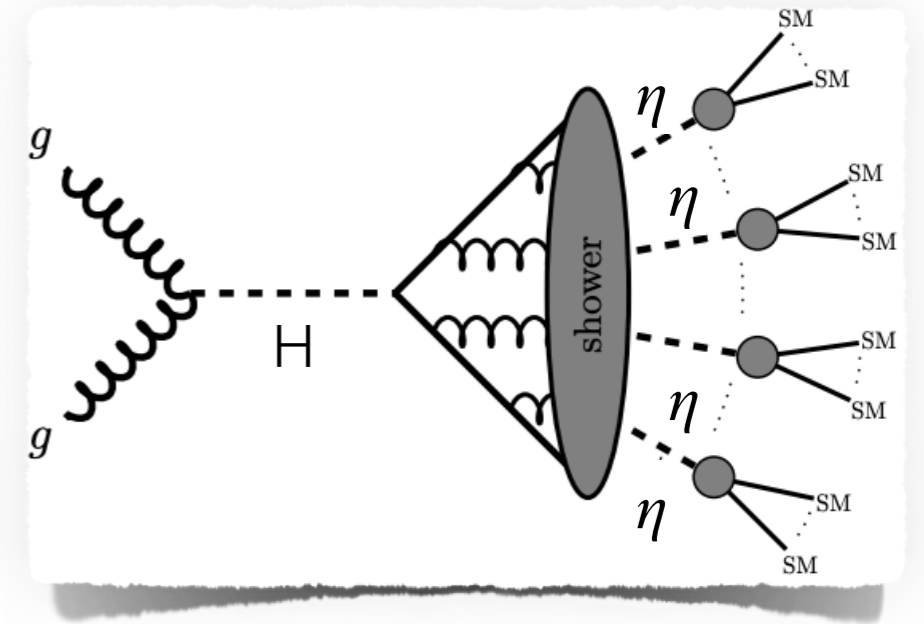
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Higgs portal to hidden sectors

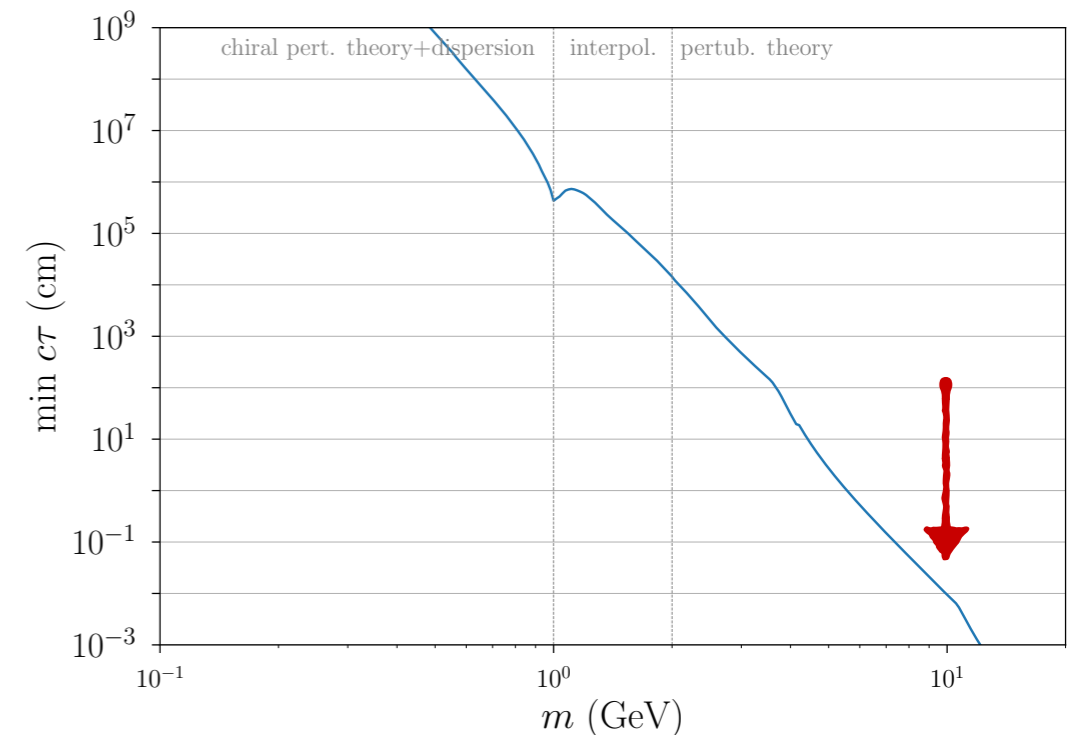
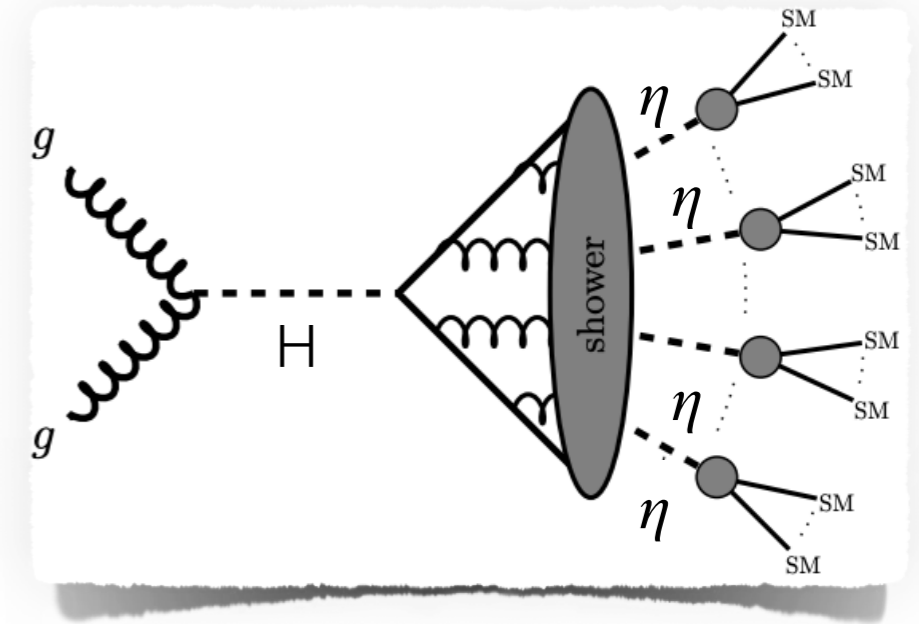
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Higgs portal to hidden sectors

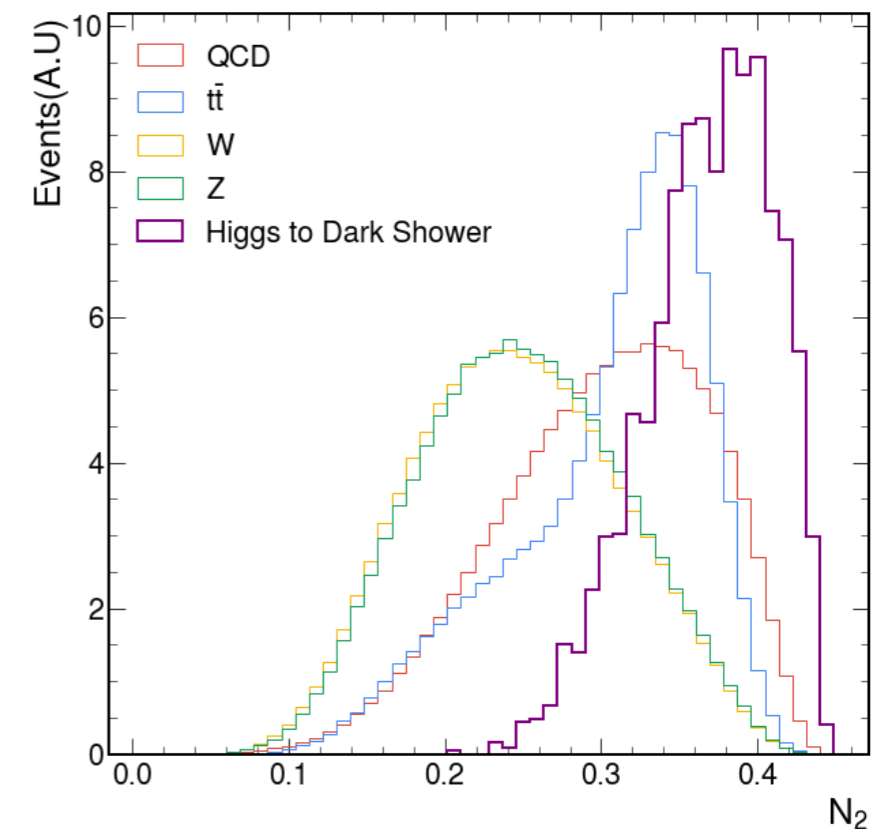
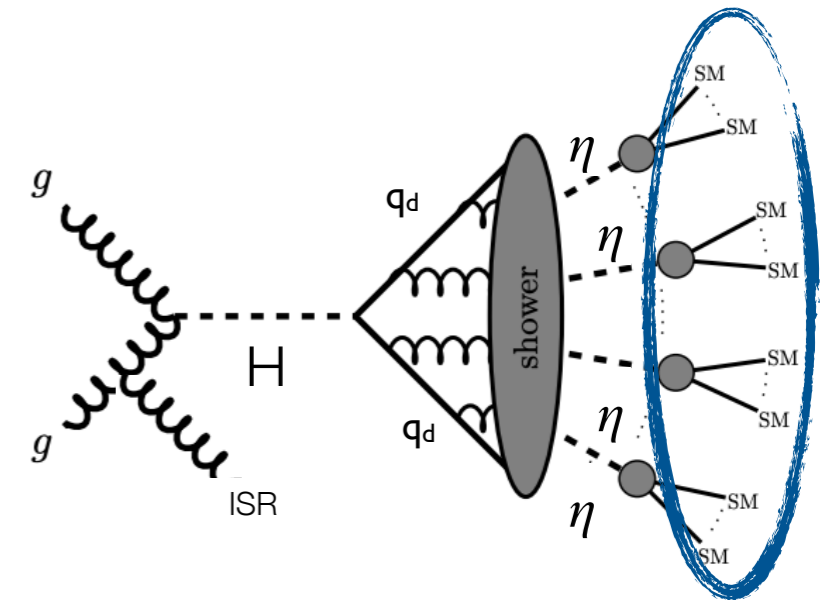
- Higgs portal to the hidden sectors is very well motivated
 - Higgs-initiated decays especially well motivated
 - Branching frac. bounded by $Br(h \rightarrow \text{exotic}) < 0.21$
- Studying the Perturbative Benchmark models [1]
 - With $m(\eta) \approx 10$ GeV or greater, Dark showers could be nearly prompt
 - **Notoriously challenging signatures to identify**
 - Fewer handles to suppress SM background compared to SVJs and Emerging Jets
- (On going) Study aims to address this issue and develop techniques identify Higgs to DS



Higgs initiated Dark Showers



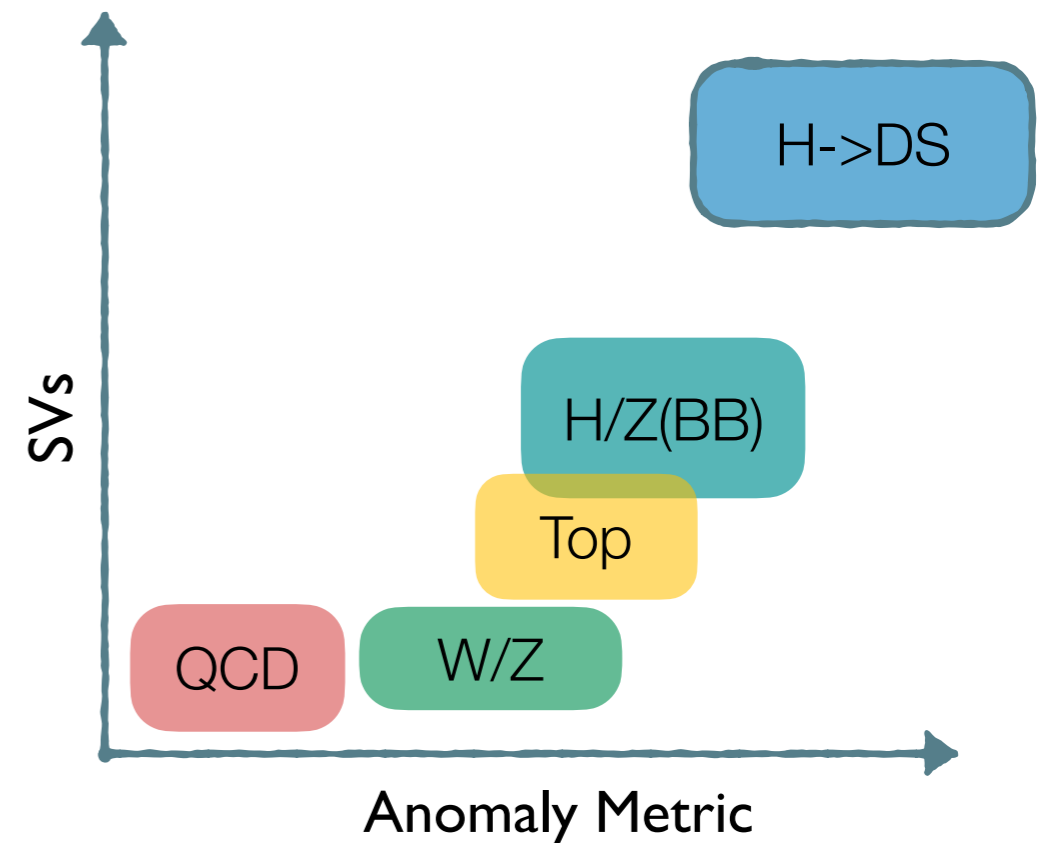
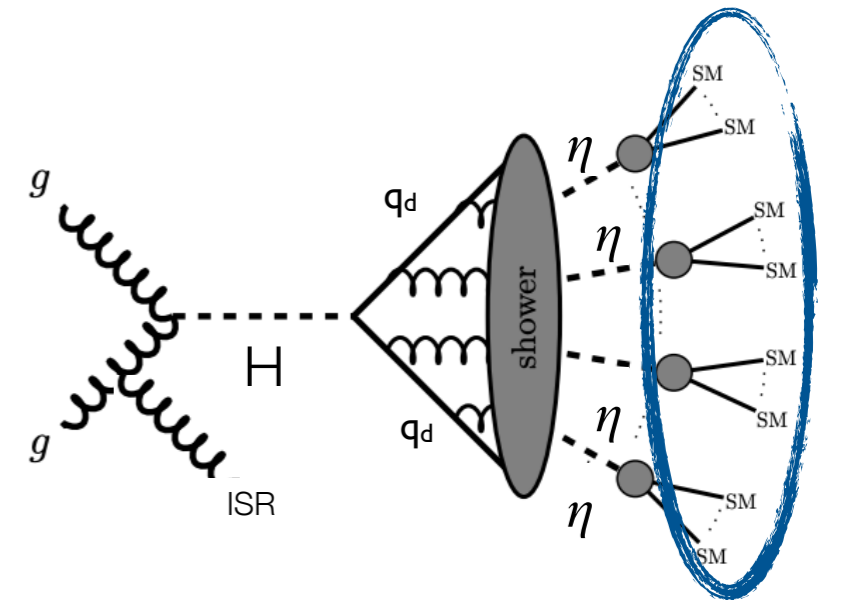
- Initially targeting the ggF production of Higgs → DS
 - Leverage the **ISR + ggF production of Higgs**
 - Capture entire Dark Shower in Large-R jet
- **Final state with huge SM (QCD) background**
 - We can't use traditional substructure techniques to identify Darkshowers





Higgs initiated Dark Showers

- Initially targeting the ggF production of Higgs \rightarrow DS
 - Leverage the **ISR + ggF production of Higgs**
 - Capture entire Dark Shower in Large-R jet
- **Final state with huge SM (QCD) background**
 - Substructure in DS is still different compared to QCD
 - For $m(\eta) > 10$ GeV, tends to be dominated by **multiple heavy flavor quarks**
- Diversity in DS decays, prevents the use of Supervised ML methods
 - We use **Representation Learning** to identify **Higgs \rightarrow DS** signatures

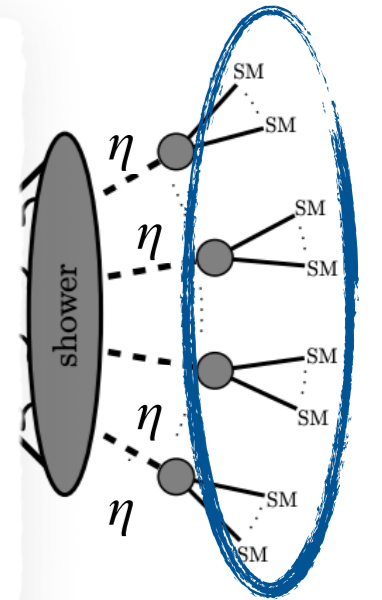
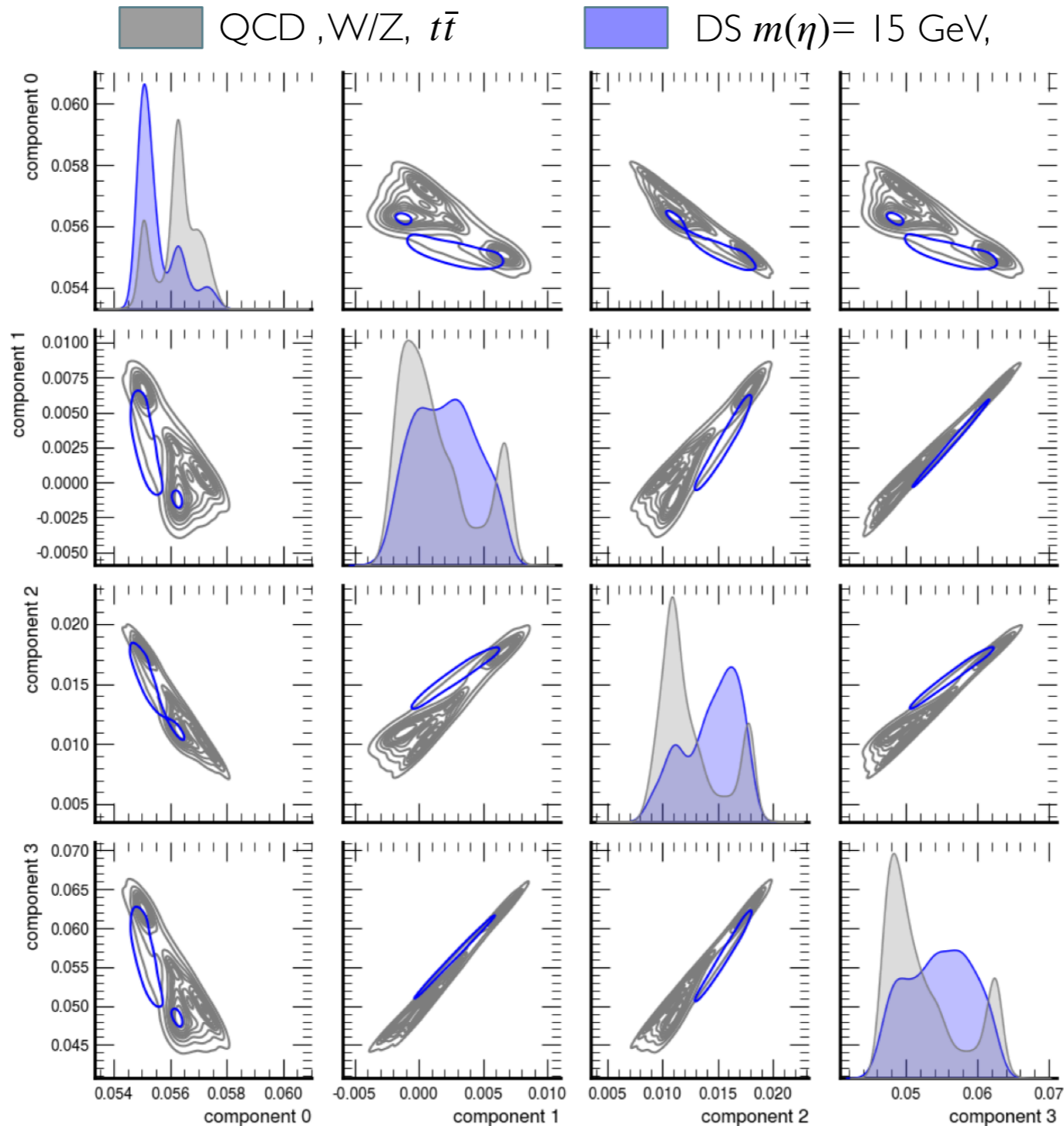




Higgs initiated Dark Showers

- Initially
 - Level
 - Cap
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Representation space of Jets



H->DS

(B)



ric

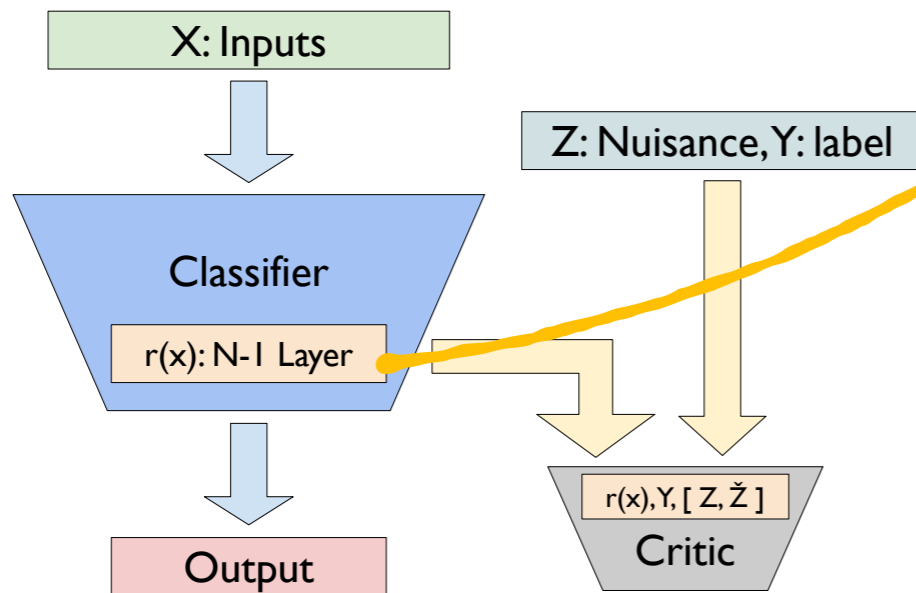
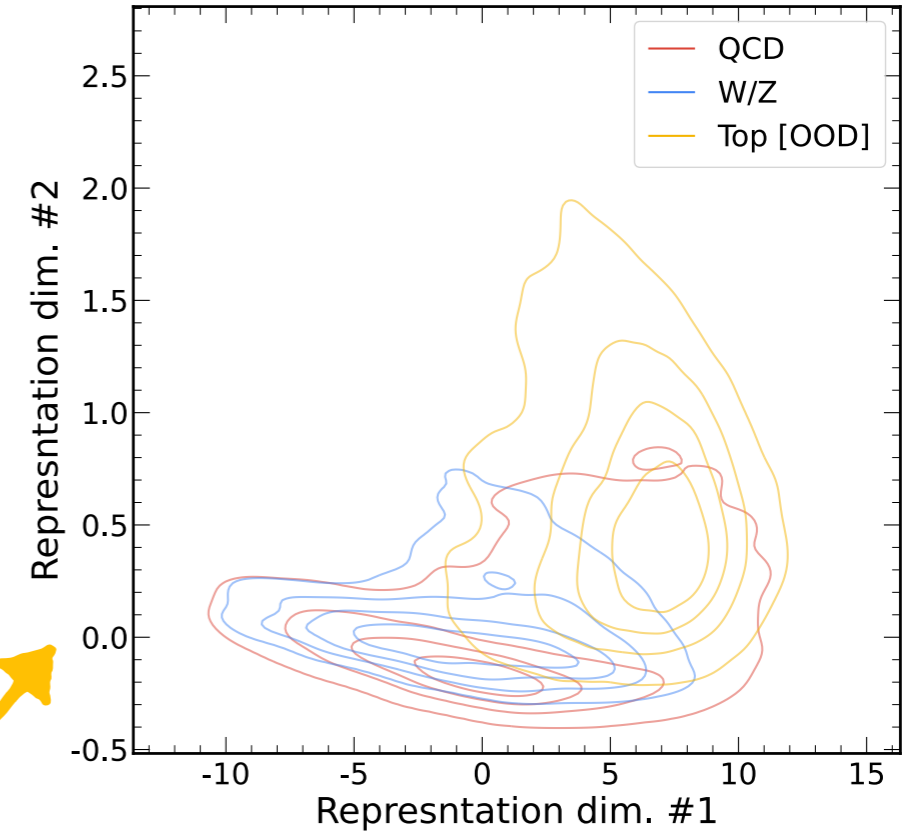
Plot by Christina Reissel

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2412.07033>



Robust Rep. Learning for AD

- Robust Representation to Characterize the Dark Showers
- Use **NuRD** to maximize the info in representations
 - Use multiple SM decays, to teach NN physics
 - Build kinematically invariant representations
 - Use these to representations detect anomalies
- Better performance than density estimation

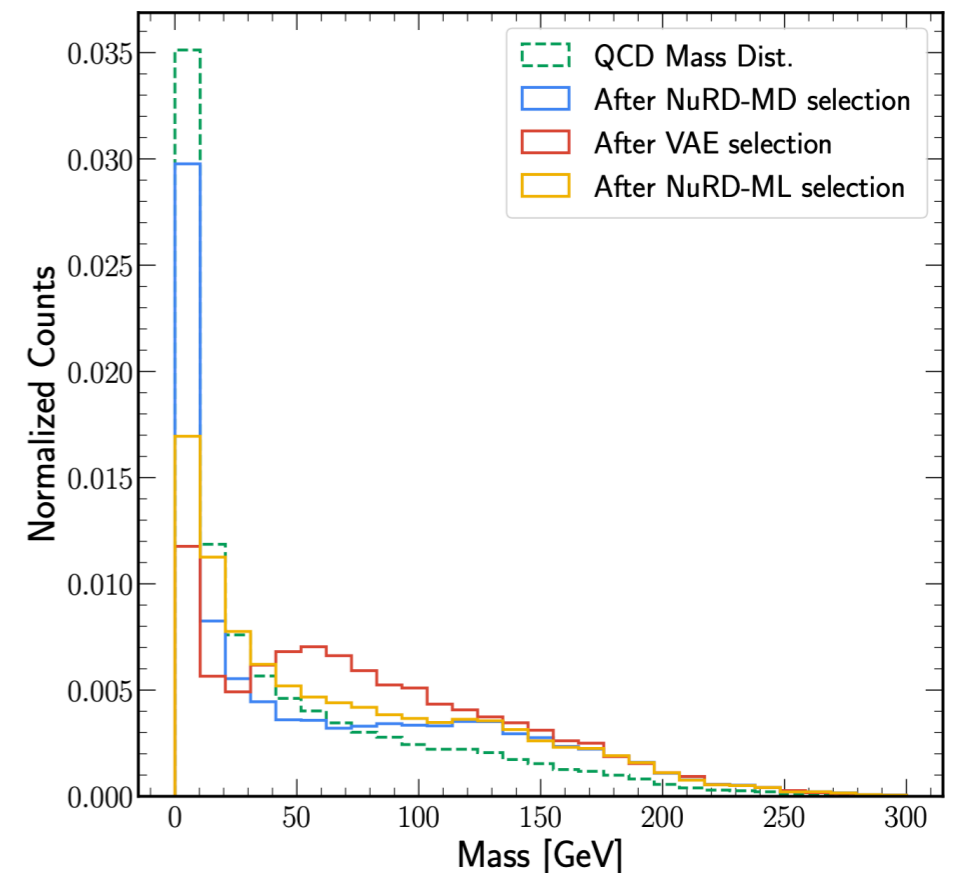


$$\mathcal{L} = w \left(CE(Y_{pred}, Y_{true}) - \lambda \log \frac{p_{\phi}(r_X, Y, [Z, \hat{Z}])}{1 - p_{\phi}} \right)$$

More info check out : [arXiv:2401.08777](https://arxiv.org/abs/2401.08777)

[A. G., L. Zhang, A. Puli, K. Cranmer, J. Ngadiuba, R. Ranganath, N. Tran]

Abhijith Gandrakota



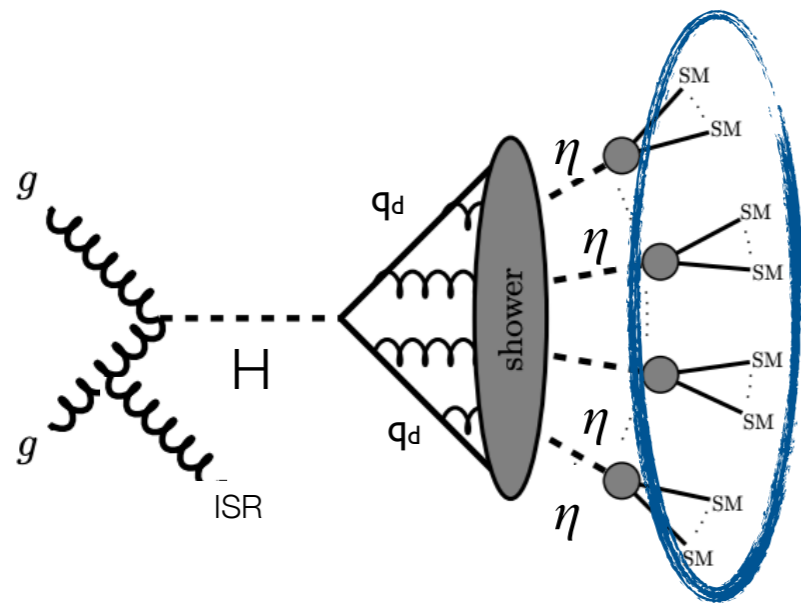


Robust Rep. Learning for AD

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- U

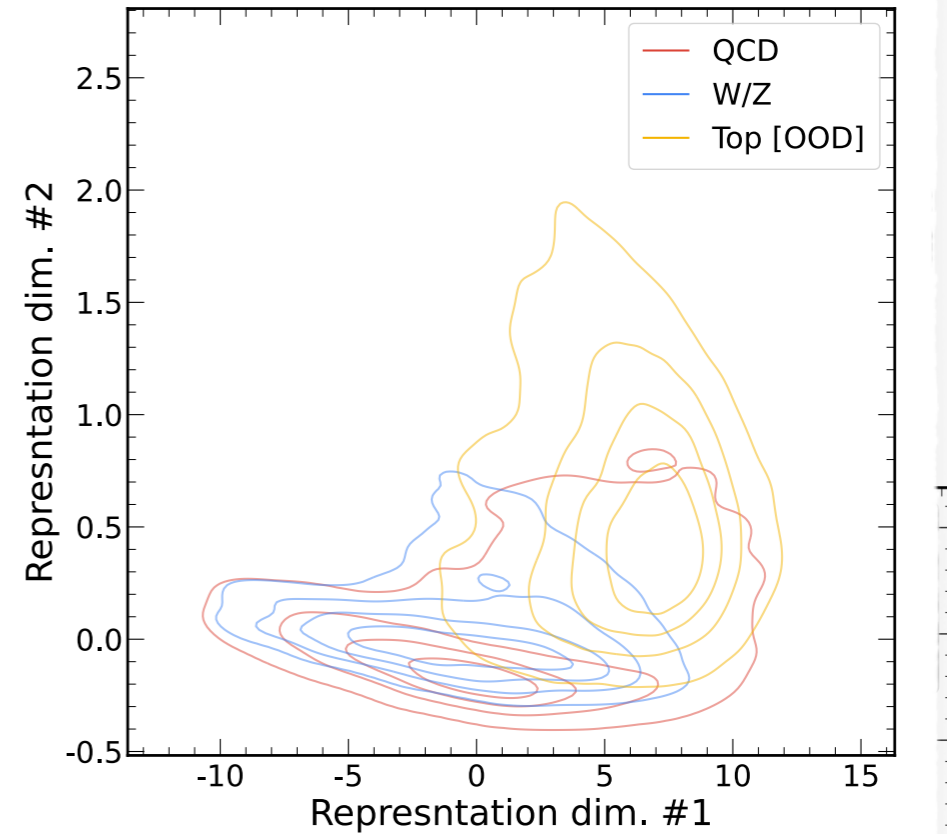
- B



We aim for this



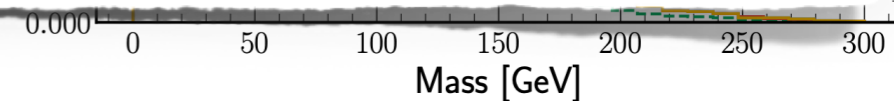
Can we also get this ?



More info check out: <https://arxiv.org/abs/1907.07777>

[A. G., L. Zhang, A. Puli, K. Cranmer, J. Ngadiuba, R. Ranganath, N. Tran]

Abhijith Gandrakota





Summary

- Higgs mediated dark showers are well motivated, but challenging to detect
 - Prompt Dark Showers arising from this signature are under explored
 - Need deviated techniques to identify these signatures
- Representation Learning: A method to capture diverse DS final states
 - Initial studies show promise to capture DS, with out training on them
 - NuRD ensure the robust and kinematic invariant representations
 - Build a metric space of various DS topologies
- Work underway in developing and publishing these techniques
 - Plan to extend the work to other decay portals
 - Ongoing search in CMS targeting these decay topologies

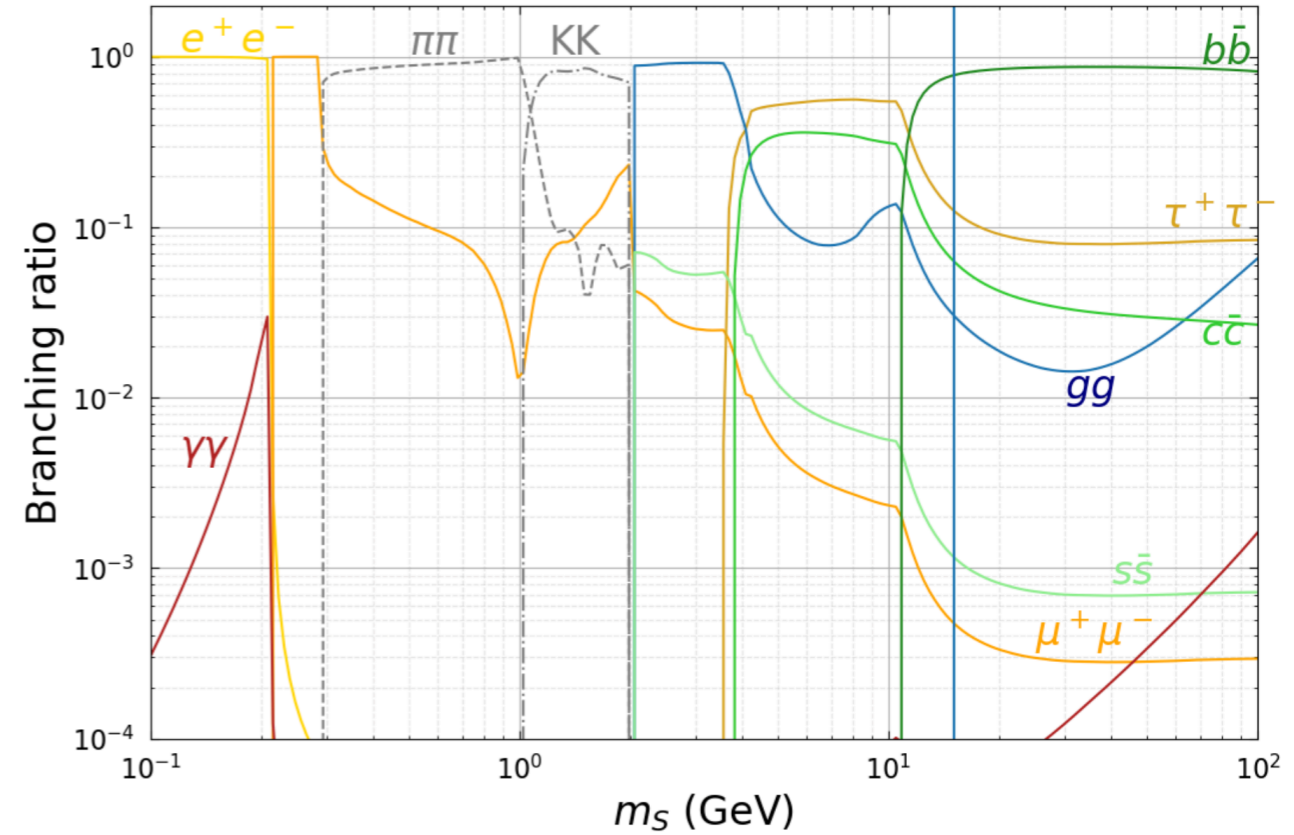
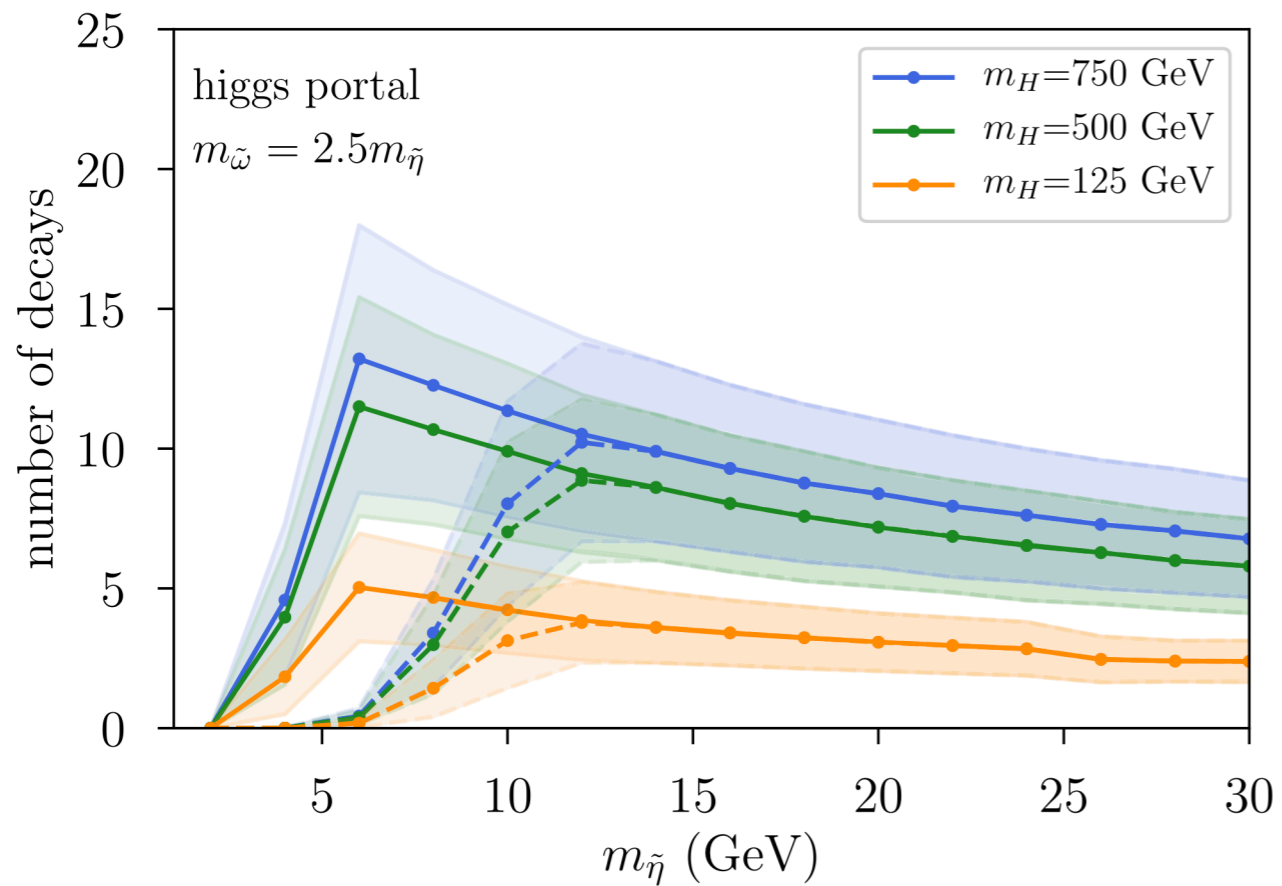


Thank you !



Higgs initiated Dark Showers

- Expected number of η mesons and their branching fraction
 - Targeting the SM Higgs scenario



Using framework provided in [10.1103/PhysRevD.103.115013](https://arxiv.org/abs/10.1103/PhysRevD.103.115013)

What is it ?

- Lets say we train a algorithm to identify **cows** vs **penguins**
- We use the photos of **cows** and **penguins** to train the algorithm

Cows typically in
grassland backdrop



Penguins typically
Photographed in snow

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- What about pictures of **cows** on snow ?



Robust

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Cows typically in grassland backdrop



Penguins typically Photographed in snow

- What about pictures of **cows** on snow ?

- Does the network get confused due to snow ?



Robust

- Can it predict if this is neither of them ?

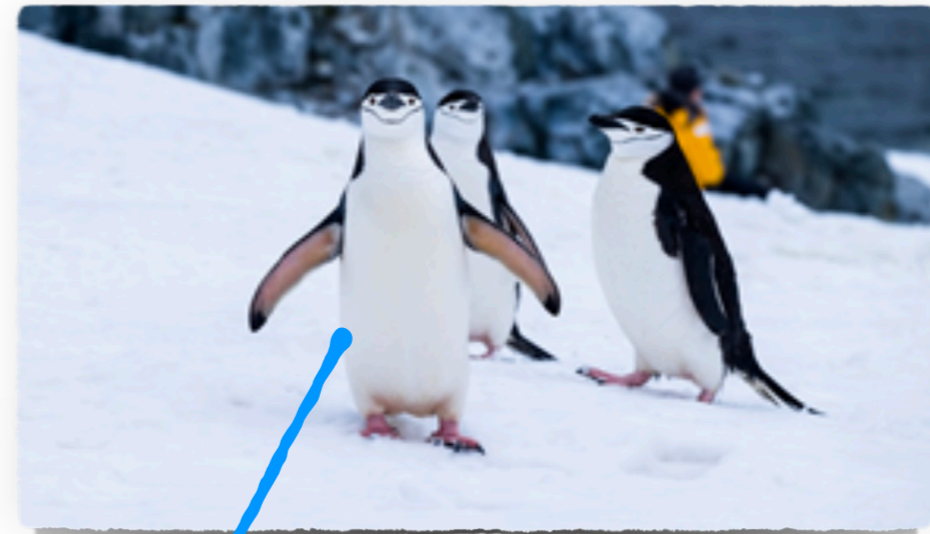
- Will elephant get recognized or mislabeled due to grass ?



Generalizable

What is it ?

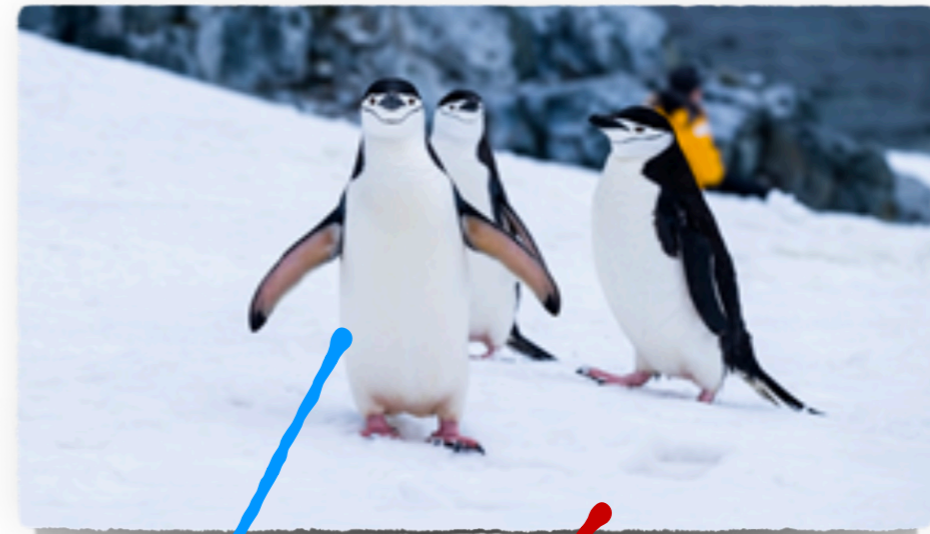
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Needs to learn this !

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Needs to learn this !

What if it learnt this ?
How do we prevent it ?

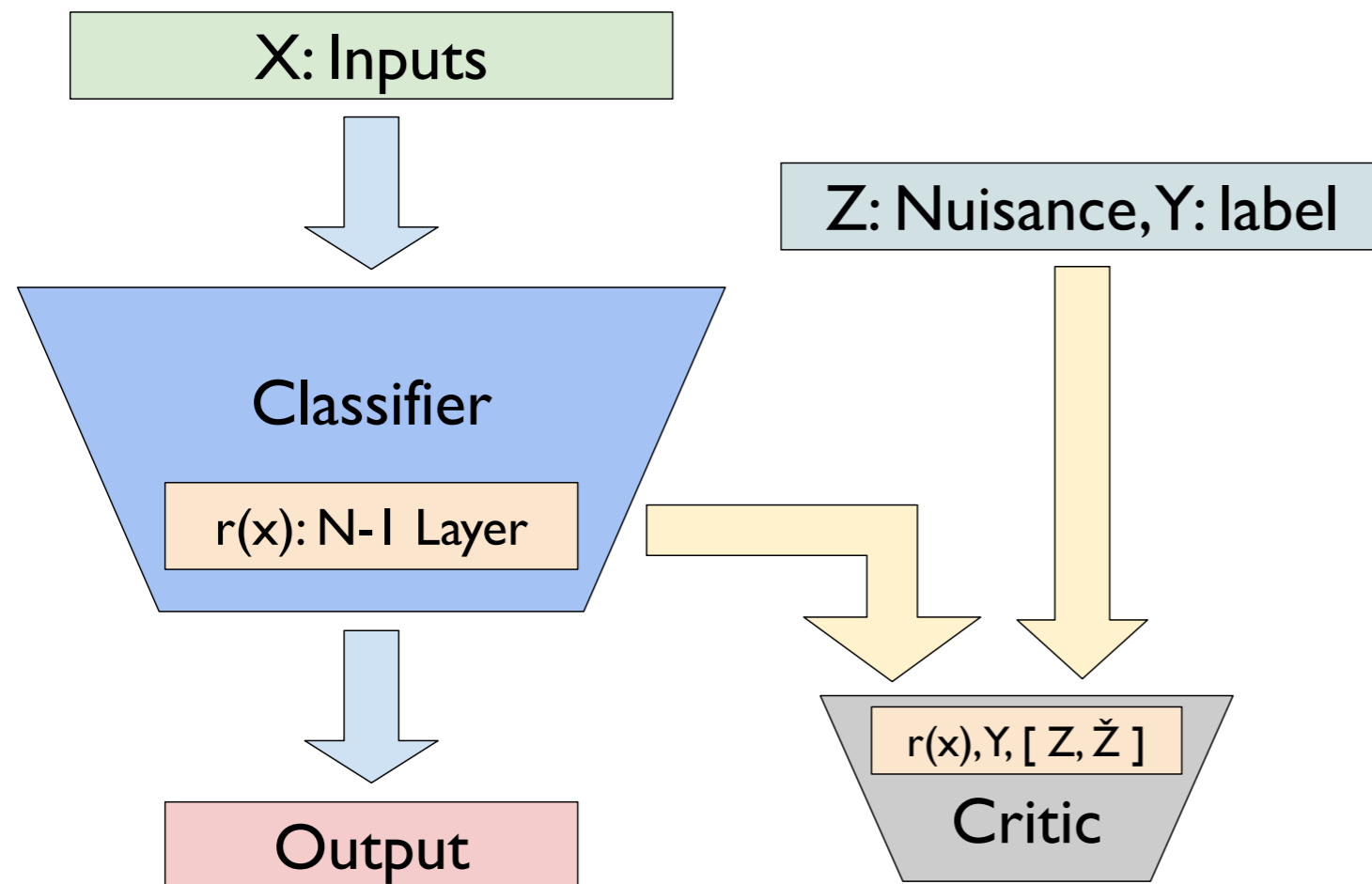


Nuisance Randomized Distillation

- Penalize mutual information

- Input $(r_X, Y, [Z, \hat{Z}])$ to critic model (ϕ) , a simple MLP

- Approximates the mutual information, use this to penalize the loss



- Critic is trained to differentiate (r_X, Y, Z) vs (r_X, Y, \hat{Z})

- Critic model is updated for every batch of the classifier training

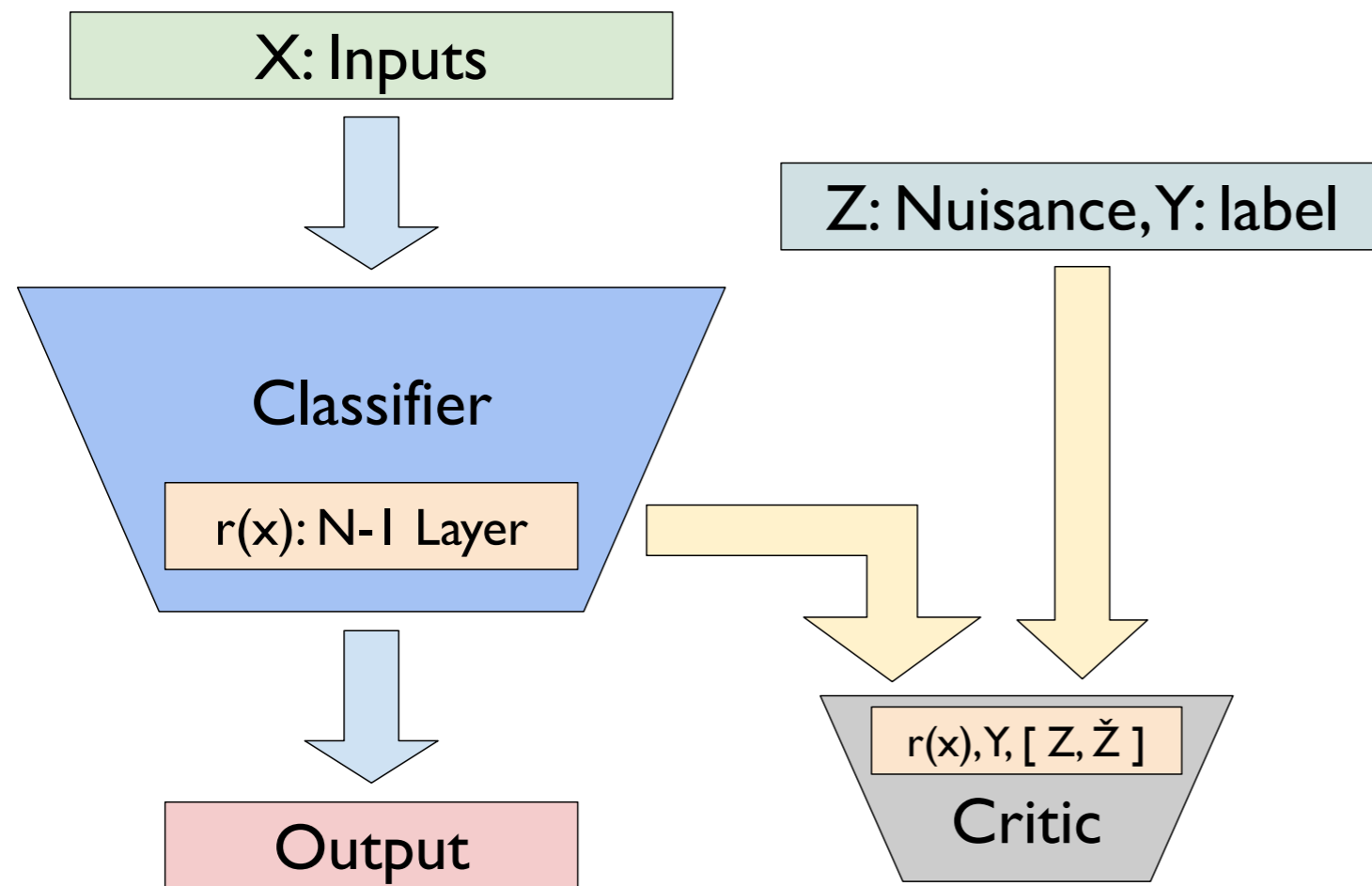
- It is proxy as the likelihood approximator



Nuisance Randomized Distillation

- Training

- Train and update critic model for every batch of classifier training



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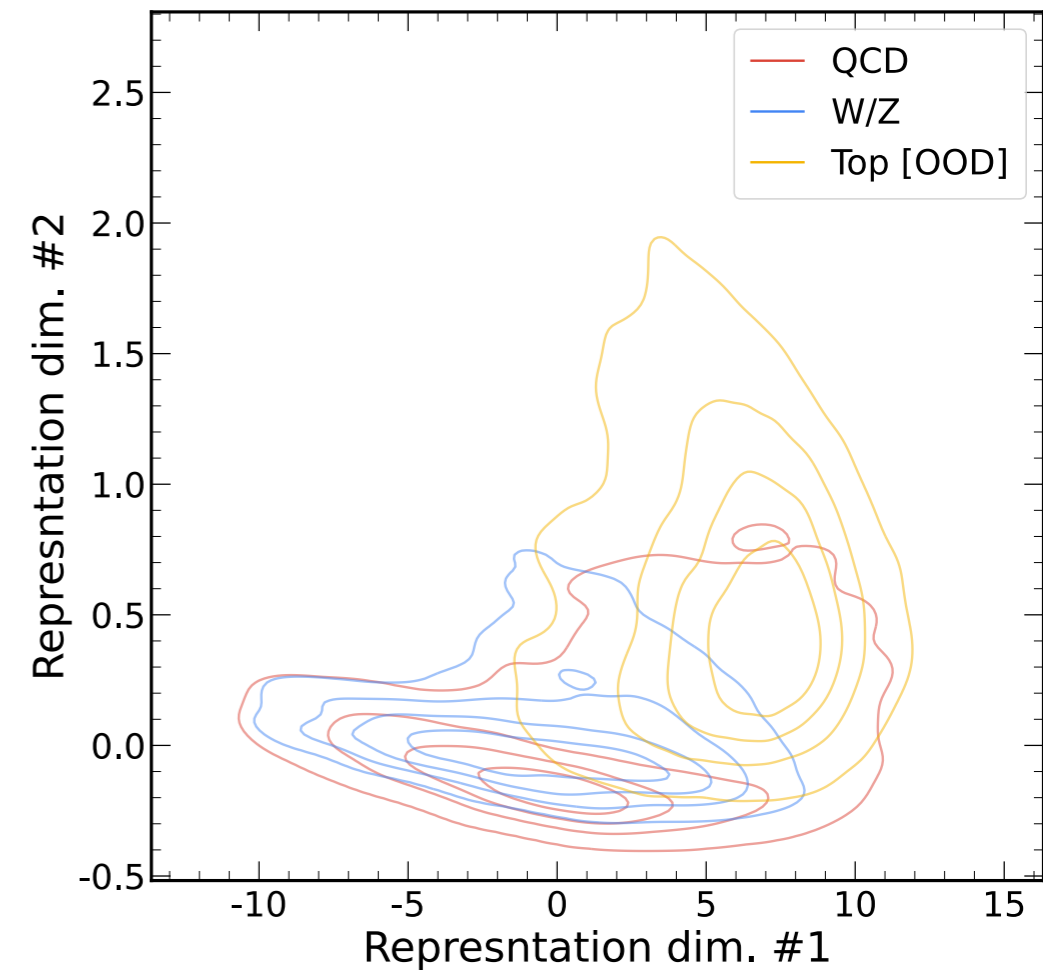
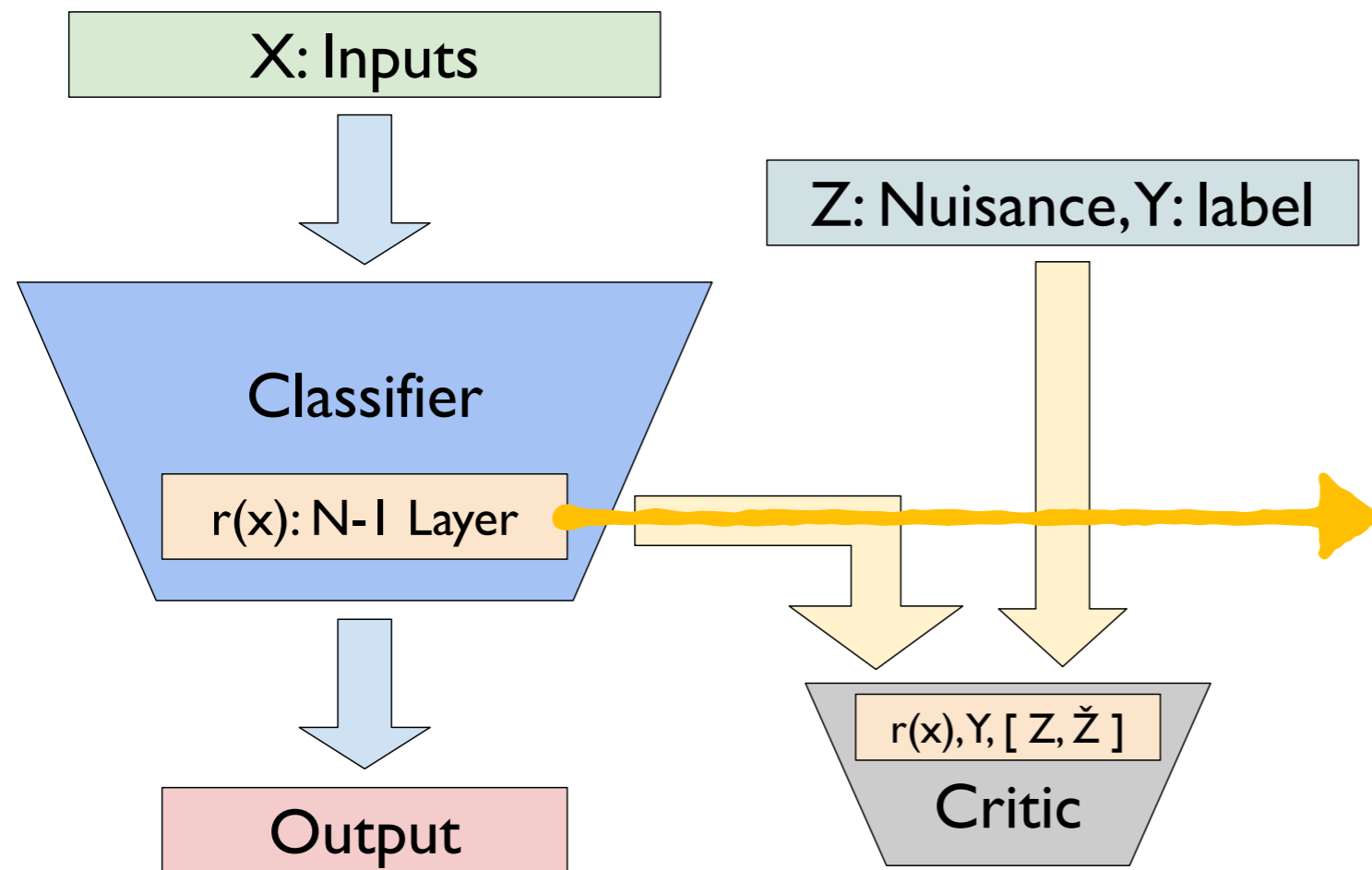
$$\mathcal{L} = w \left(CE(Y_{pred}, Y_{true}) - \lambda \log \frac{p_\phi(r_X, Y, [Z, \hat{Z}])}{1 - p_\phi} \right)$$



Nuisance Randomized Distillation

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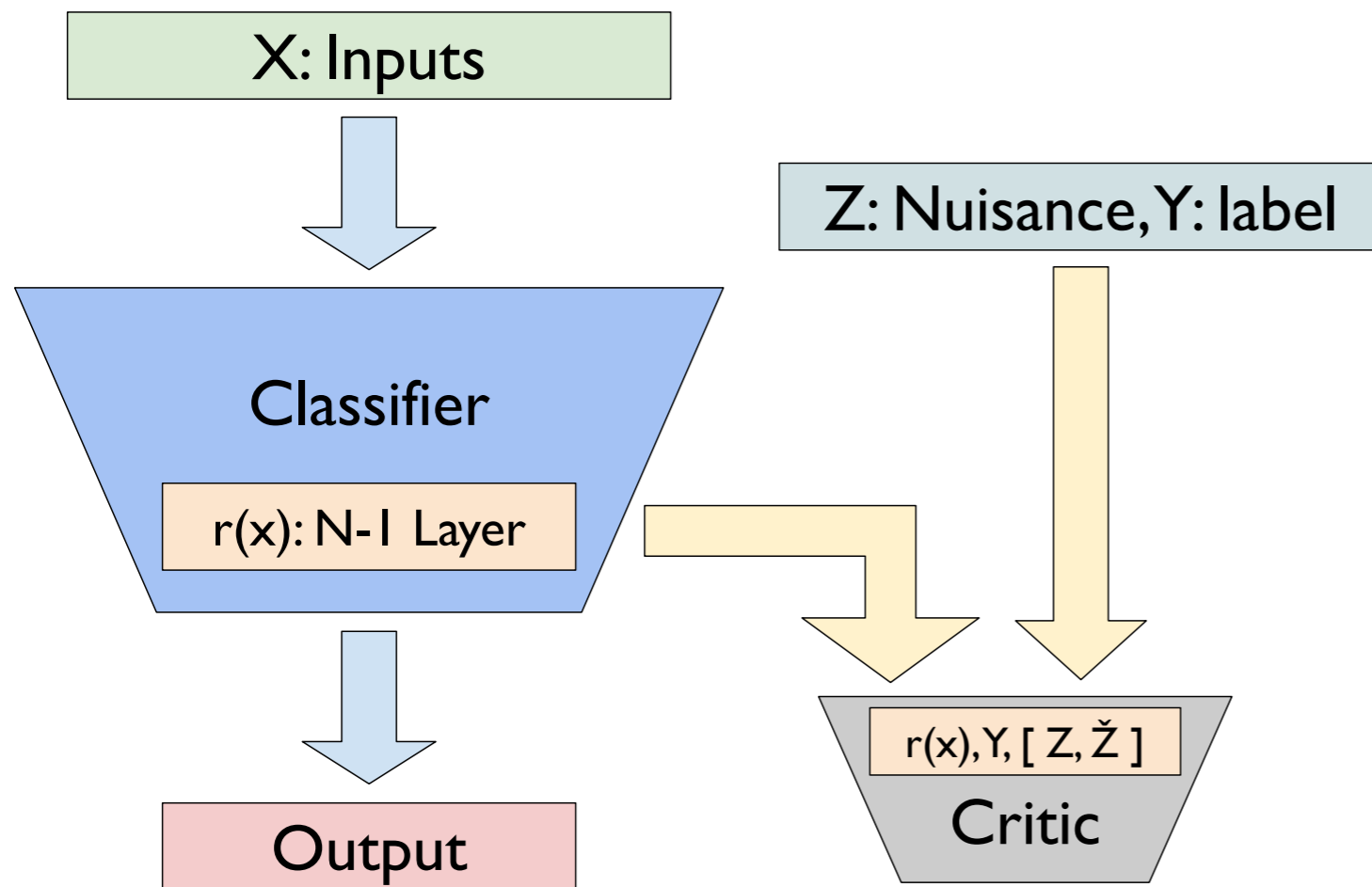


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Nuisance Randomized Distillation

- OOD Detection:
 - Outlier Dataset: Top quarks jets
 - Use representations to build anomaly metrics



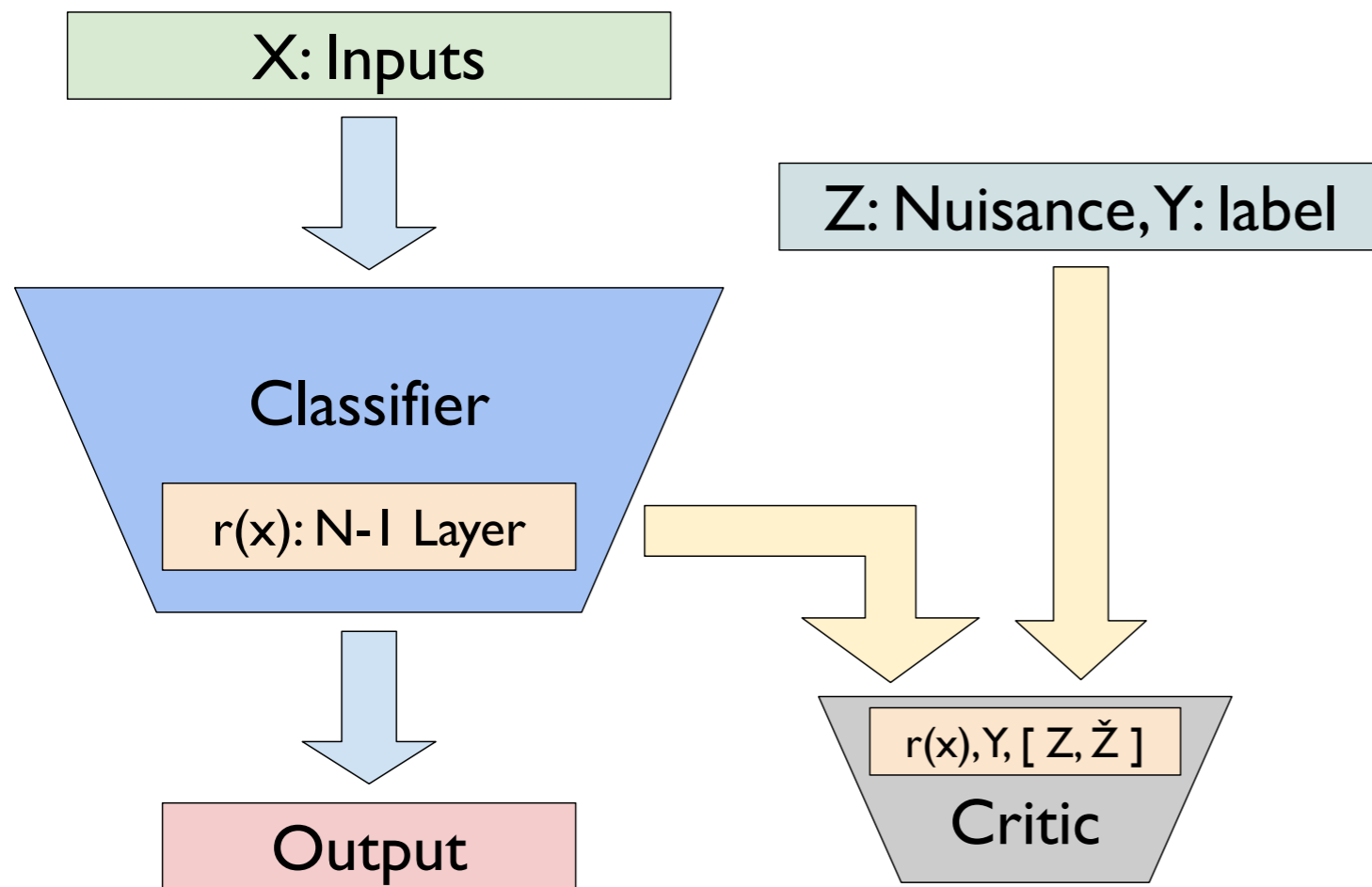
$$\mathcal{L} = w \left(CE(Y_{pred}, Y_{true}) - \lambda \log \frac{p_{\phi}(r_X, Y, [Z, \hat{Z}])}{1 - p_{\phi}} \right)$$

- Metrics:
 - Calculate the distance from samples in representation space
$$d_A = (r_X - \mu_A) \Sigma_A^{-1} (r_X - \mu_A)^T$$
(dist. from BKG A)
 - Obtain distance from all BKG samples
 - Here: $[d_{QCD}, d_{WZ}]$
 - Use this to find anomalies



Nuisance Randomized Distillation

- OOD Detection:
 - Outlier Dataset: Top quarks jets
 - Use representations to build anomaly metrics



- Metrics:
 - Obtain distance d_A from all BKG samples
 - Here: $[d_{QCD}, d_{WZ}]$
- Alternative Metrics:
 - Max(Logits) also serves as a OOD Score
 - $\text{Max}_{\text{Logits}}(\text{OOD}) < \text{Max}_{\text{Logits}}(\text{BKG})$

$$\mathcal{L} = w \left(CE(Y_{pred}, Y_{true}) - \lambda \log \frac{p_{\phi}(r_X, Y, [Z, \hat{Z}])}{1 - p_{\phi}} \right)$$