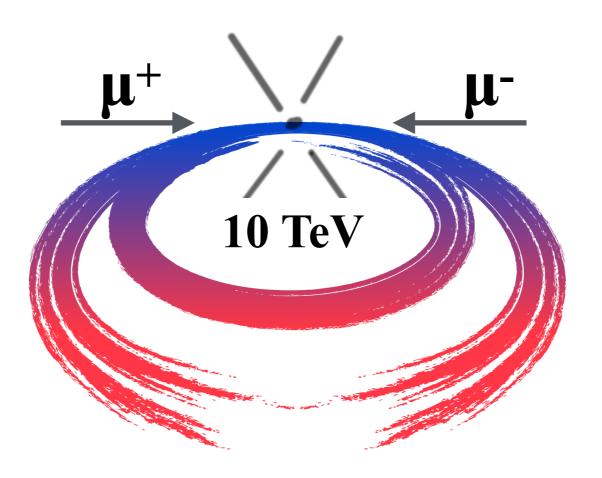
Towards a Muon Collider

Andrea Wulzer





On behalf of



Towards a Muon Collider



On behalf of



For extensive overview, see the IMCC EPJC Report

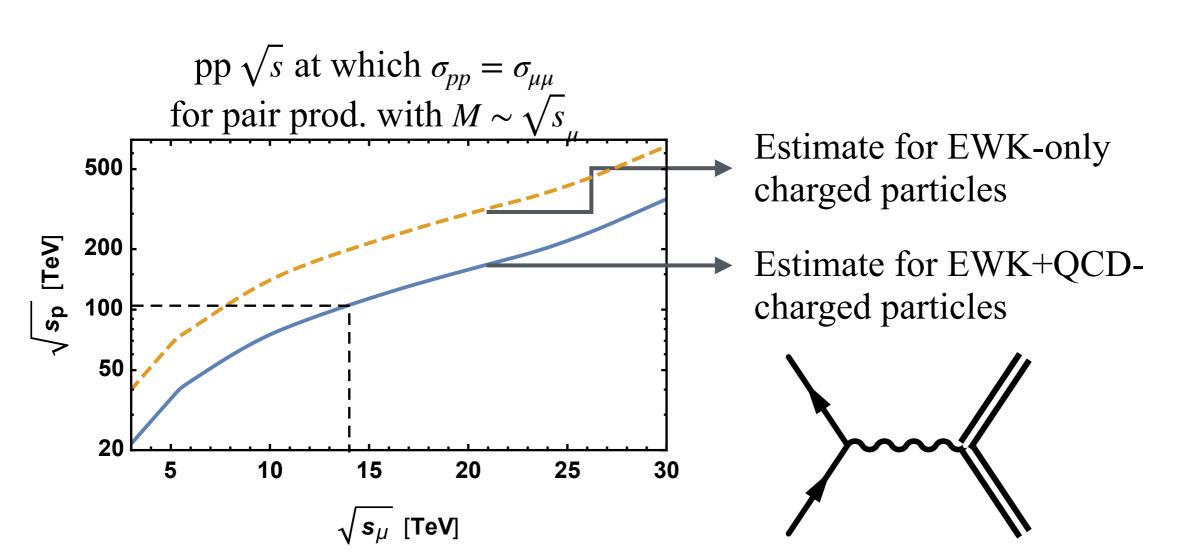
Towards a Muon Collider

... and updates in the IMCC Interim Report

Why Building a Muon Collider

Leptons are the ideal probes of short-distance physics:

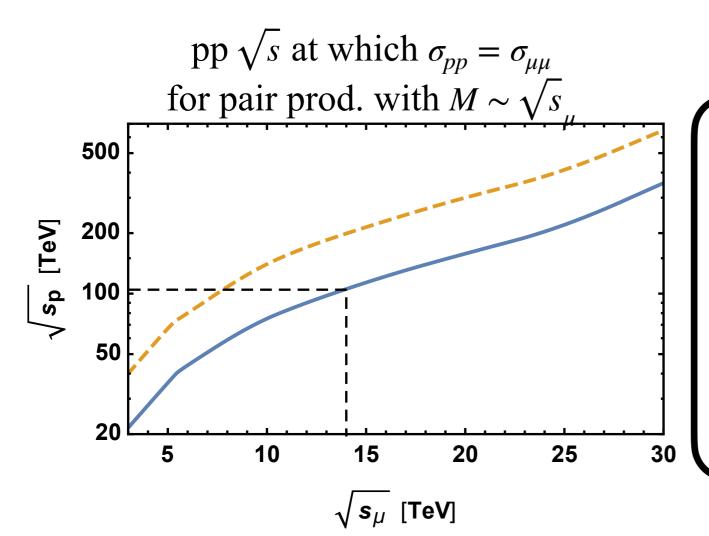
Electroweak is dominant interaction, and EW+Higgs is main future target All the energy is stored in the colliding partons
No energy "waste" due to parton distribution functions
High-energy physics probed with much smaller collider energy



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P5 2023 Report used the simple notion of Partonic Centre of Mass (PCM) Energy

10 TeV PCM

can be reached by 10 TeV lepton collider or by a 100 TeV pp collider (but with QCD background)

Why Building a Muon Collider

Leptons are the ideal probes of short-distance physics:

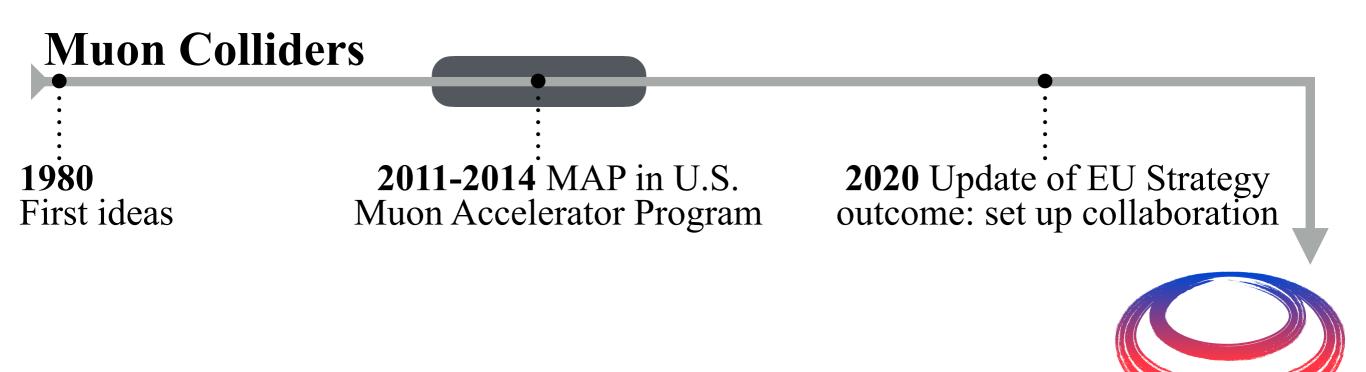
Electroweak is dominant interaction, and EW+Higgs is main future target All the energy is stored in the colliding partons
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Electrons radiate too much

[cannot accelerate them in rings above few 100 GeV] [linear colliders limited to few TeV by size and power]

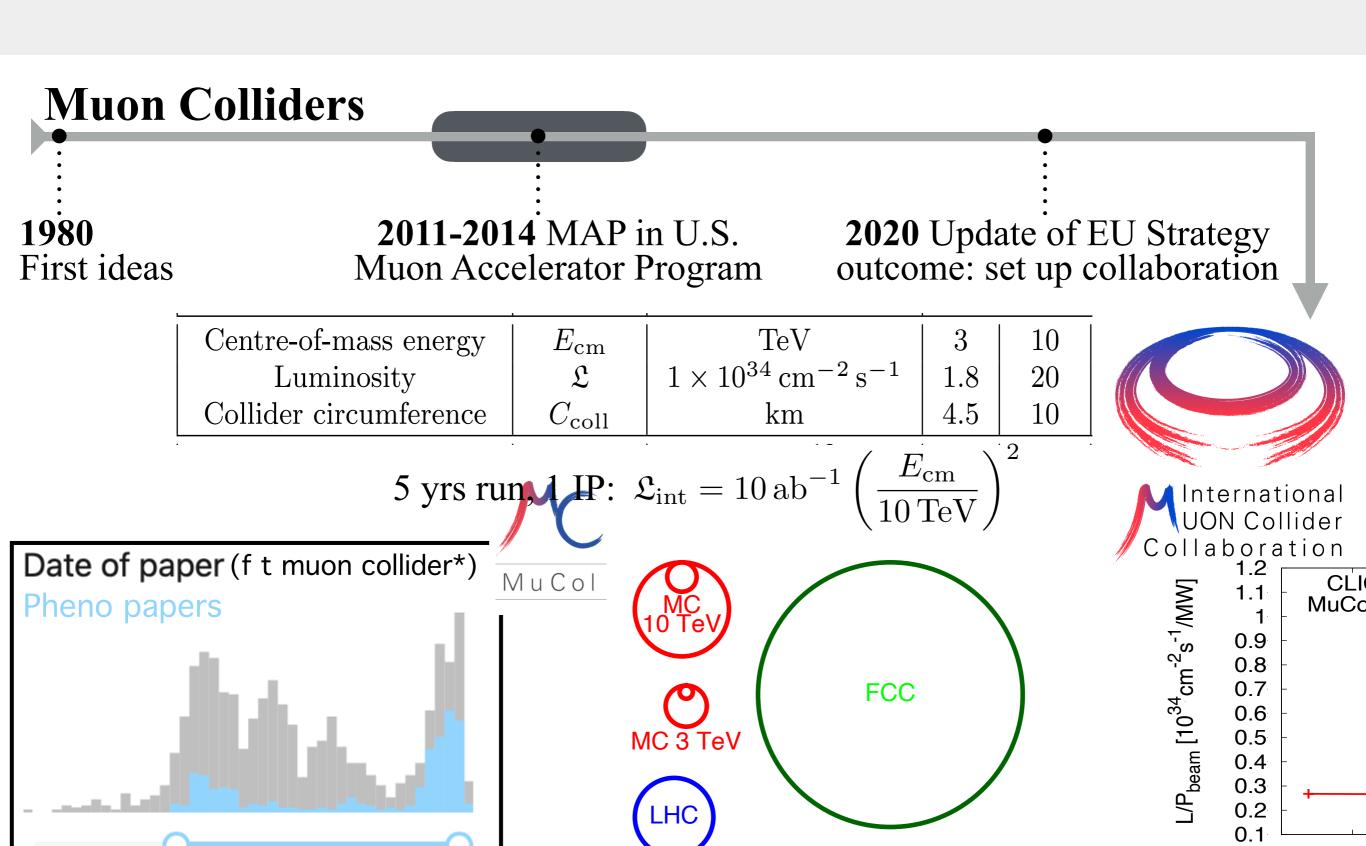
Muons are heavy: synchrotron radiation is not an issue





International UON Collider

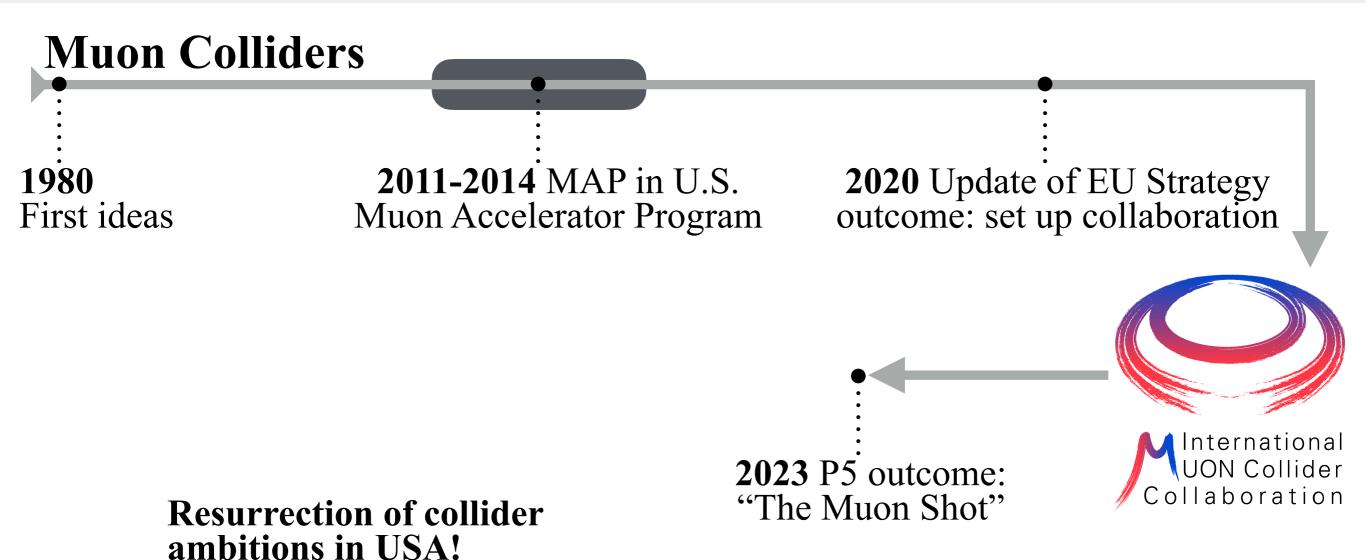
Collaboration



CLIC

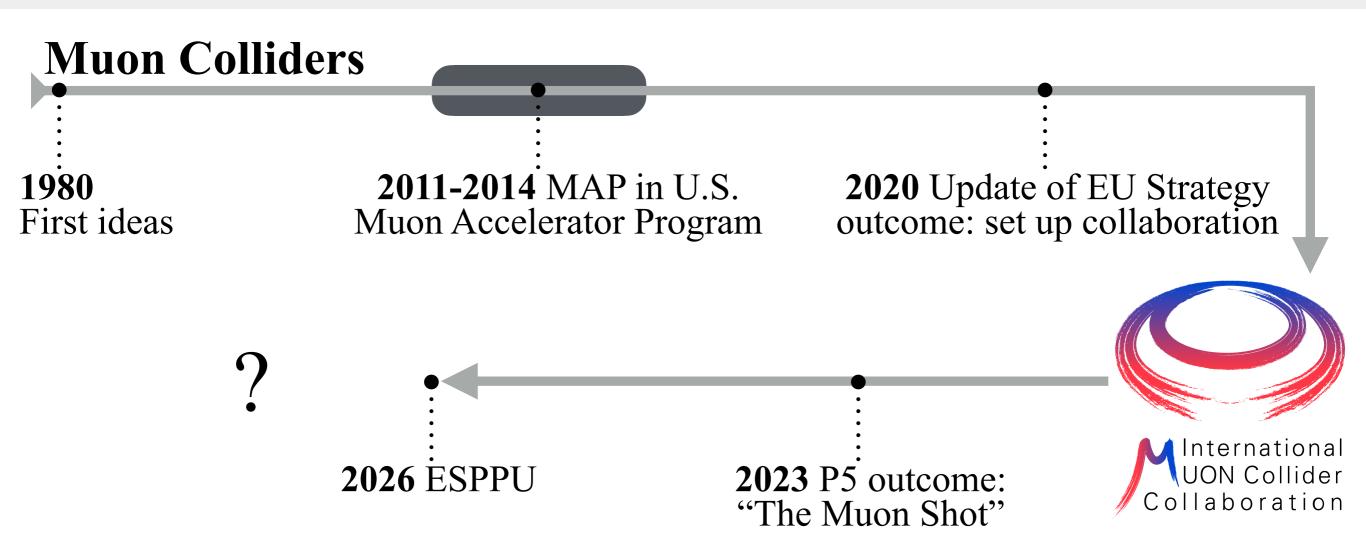
1995

2025



Although we do not know if a muon collider is ultimately feasible, the road toward it leads to a series of proton beam improvements and neutrino beam facilities, each producing world-class science while performing critical R&D towards a muon collider. At the end of the path is an unparalleled global facility on US soil.

This is our Muon Shot.

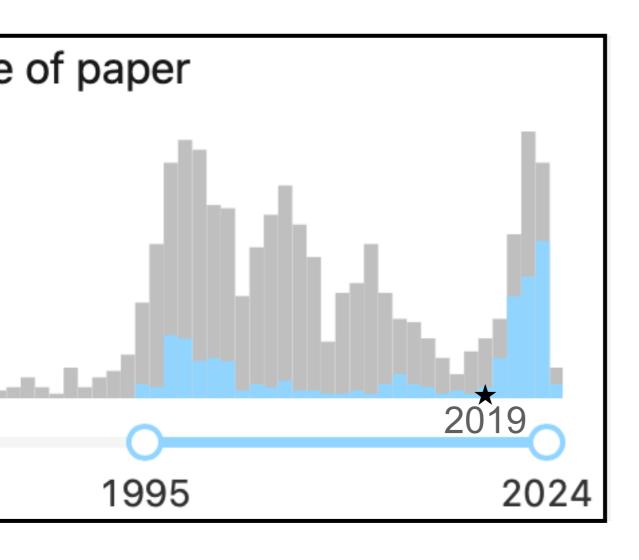


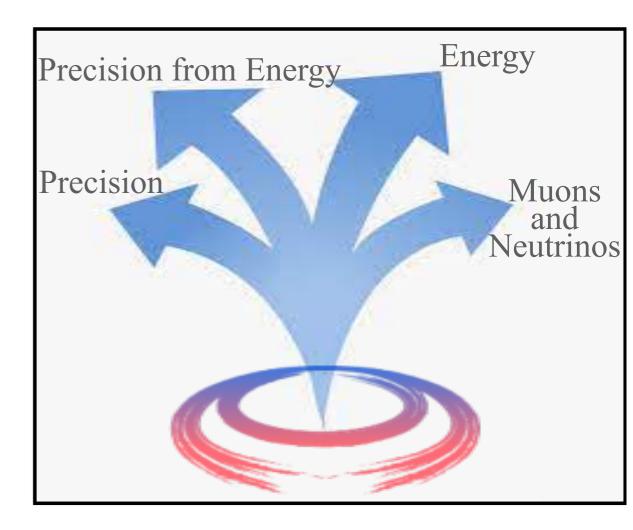
As per ESPPU 2020 and LDG mandate, IMCC will provide ESPPU 2026 with:

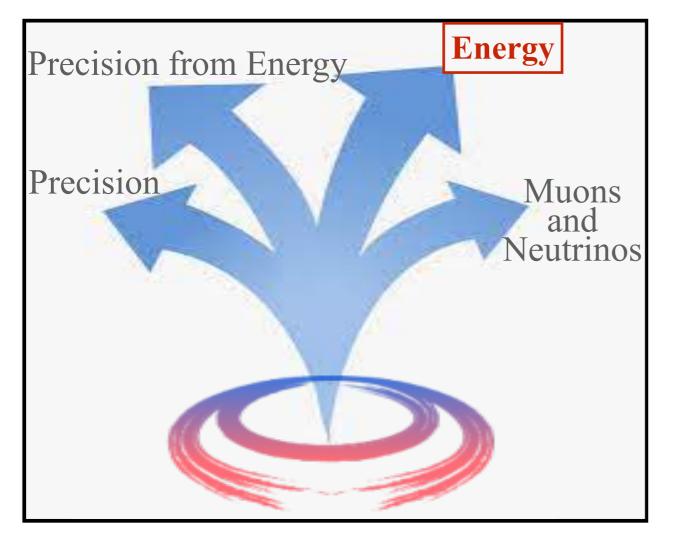
Assessment of MuC potential (no showstopper identified)

Detailed R&D path plan (including technical demonstrator(s))

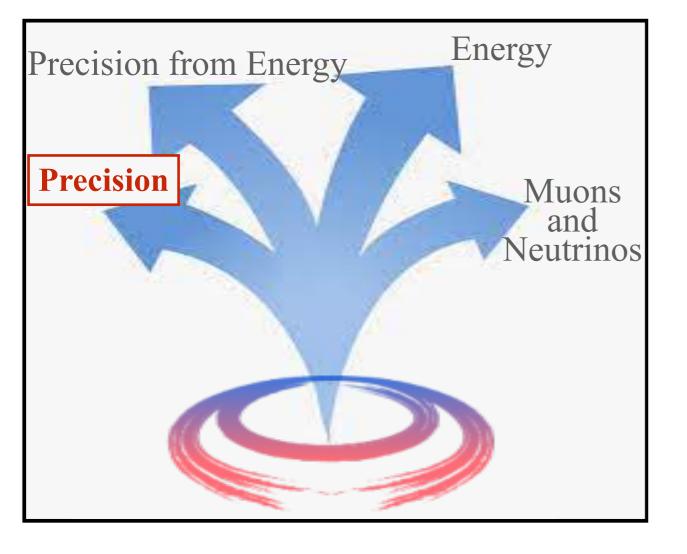
We are few years away from establishing MuC feasibility!

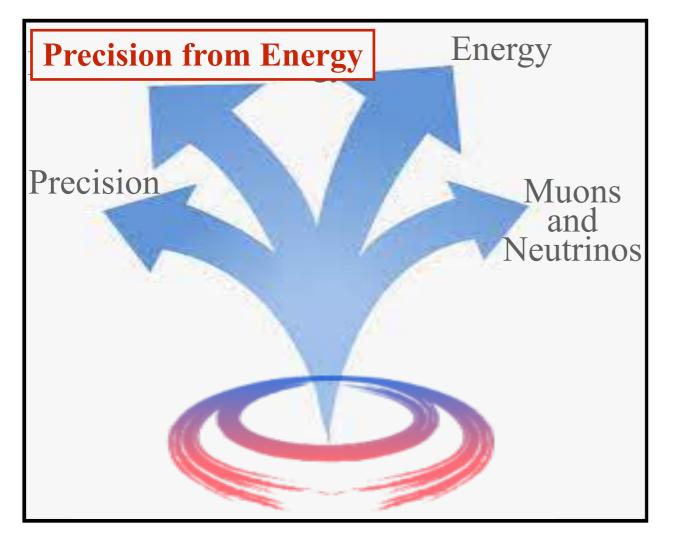


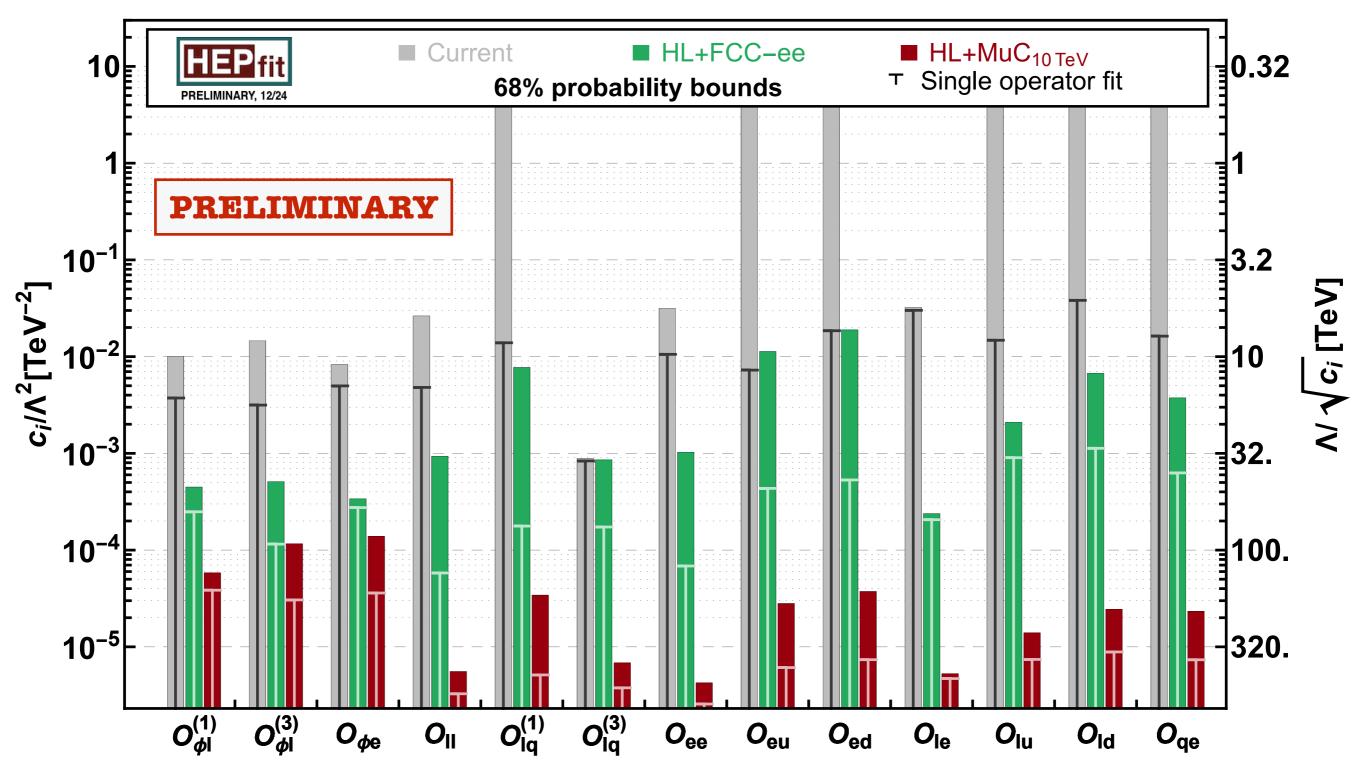




PRELIMINARY

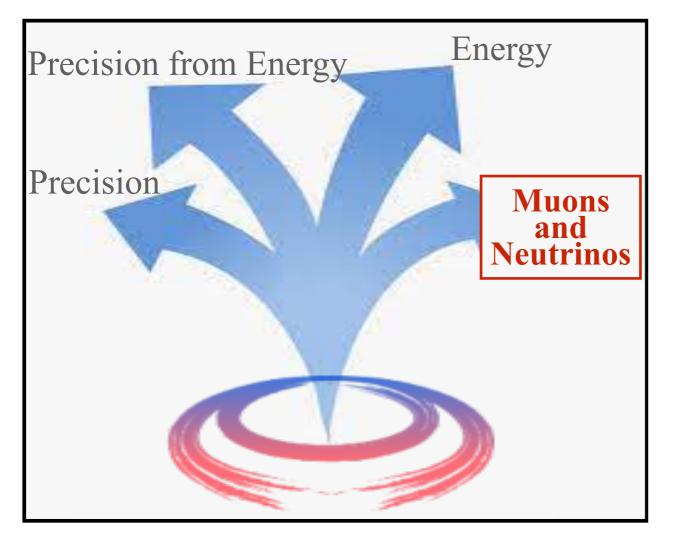




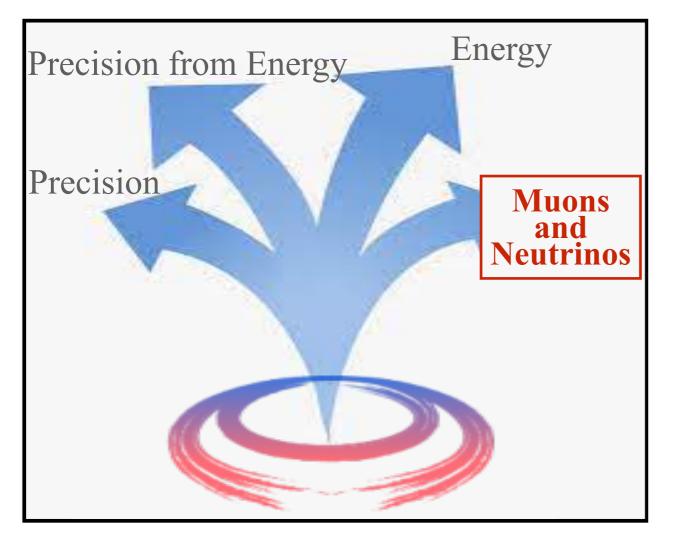


Higher-energy observables are more sensitive to heavy physics:

$$\frac{\Delta \sigma(E)}{\sigma_{\rm SM}(E)} \propto \frac{E^2}{\Lambda_{\rm BSM}^2} \stackrel{[\text{say}, \Lambda_{\rm BSM} = 100 \, \text{TeV}]}{=} \frac{10^{-6} \, \text{at EW [FCC-ee] energies}}{10^{-2} \, \text{at muon collider energies}}$$



PRELIMINARY



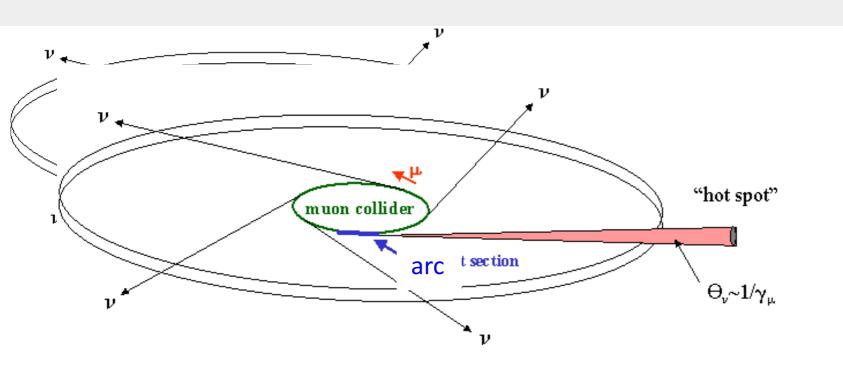
Principal Challenges — Key R&D

Environmental impact:

- MuC is smaller and less power-consuming than other options
- Requires mitigation of the effect of neutrinos from muon decay Beam movers plus adequate orientation make **environmental impact negligible**
- Possible infrastructure reuse would strongly impact full lifecycle assessment

Radiation dose from neutrinos



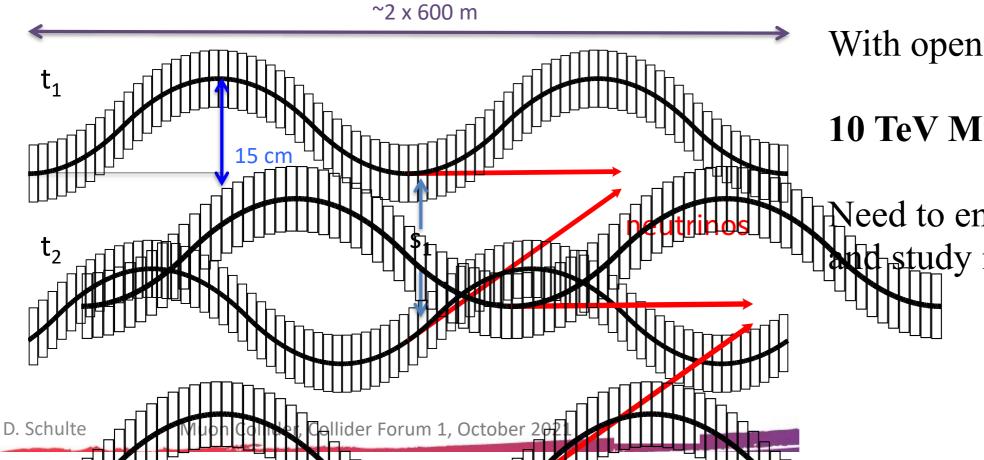


Legal limit: 1 mSv/year

IMCC goal: below threshold for legal procedure

 $< 10 \mu Sv/year$

LHC achieved: $< 5 \mu Sv/year$



With opening angle of 1 mrad:

10 TeV MuC as safe as LHC

Need to engineer mover system and study impact on beams

Principal Challenges — Key R&D

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Detector and MDI:

- BIB from muon decay is manageable.

 First detector design and full sim results already available and more will come
- Timing resolution and radiation hardness for components R&D

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Muon production and cooling:

- Proton beam and target design; R&D of 20T HTS solenoid in synergy with fusion
- Prototyping cooling cell (RF in MF could be built soon)
- Cooling demonstrator facility: go way beyond already successful MICE
- Build final cooling cell (30/40 T w/ absorber integration)
- Plus RF test stand, target/materials radiation tests, ...

Accelerator and collider:

- RCS and collider ring are being designed
- Non-available 16 T would still allow 10 TeV with less luminosity

Take-home messages

Coordinated MuC R&D effort is progressing:

- Led by Europe after extraordinarily quick expertise ramp-up
- Key US competences will re-enter after P5 recommendation implementation

IEIO	CERN	UK	RAL	US	Iowa State University		~ -
FR	CEA-IRFU		UK Research and Innovation		Wisconsin-Madison	КО	KEU
	CNRS-LNCMI		University of Lancaster				Yonsei University
DE	DESY		University of Southampton		Pittsburg University	India	СНЕР
	Technical University of Darmstadt		University of Strathclyde		Old Dominion BNL	IT	INFN Frascati
	University of Rostock		University of Sussex	China			INFN, Univ. Ferrara
	KIT		Imperial College London	China	Sun Yat-sen University		INFN, Univ. Roma 3
IT	INFN		Royal Holloway		IHEP		INFN Legnaro
"	INFN, Univ., Polit. Torino		University of Huddersfield		Peking University		INFN, Univ. Milano
			University of Oxford	EST	Tartu University		Bicocca
	INFN, Univ. Milano		University of Warwick	AU	НЕРНҮ		INFN Genova
	INFN, Univ. Padova		University of Durham		TU Wien		INFN Laboratori del Sud
	INFN, Univ. Pavia	SE	ESS	ES	I3M		INFN Napoli
	INFN, Univ. Bologna	3L	University of Uppsala		CIEMAT	US	FNAL
	INFN Trieste	PT	LIP		ICMAB		LBL
	INFN, Univ. Bari			СН	PSI		JLAB
	INFN, Univ. Roma 1	NL	University of Twente		University of Geneva		
	ENEA	FI	Tampere University				Chicago
Mal	Univ. of Malta	LAT	Riga Technical Univers.		EPFL		Tenessee

Take-home messages

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IMCC will detail R&D path

- A cooling demonstrator facility.
- Many smaller-scale technology demonstrators

Unique physics opportunities

- Explore 10 TeV scale
- New strategies to address old questions:
 - Higgs characterisation in VBF
 - Energy&Accuracy
 - Lepton and quark flavour at high-energy
- New questions from new strategies:
 - EW+Higgs physics in novel regime
 - Neutrino beam

Take-home messages

Why working on the MuC? — Because is new!

- The first collider of its species!
- Challenges/opportunities in all areas of accelerator physics
- Plus, technology synergies
- Opportunity also for **Physics, Experiment, Detector:**A lot of cool LHC physics was done decades before the LHC started
 And LHC physics was built on decades of previous proton collider experience!
 Twenty years is barely enough to be ready!

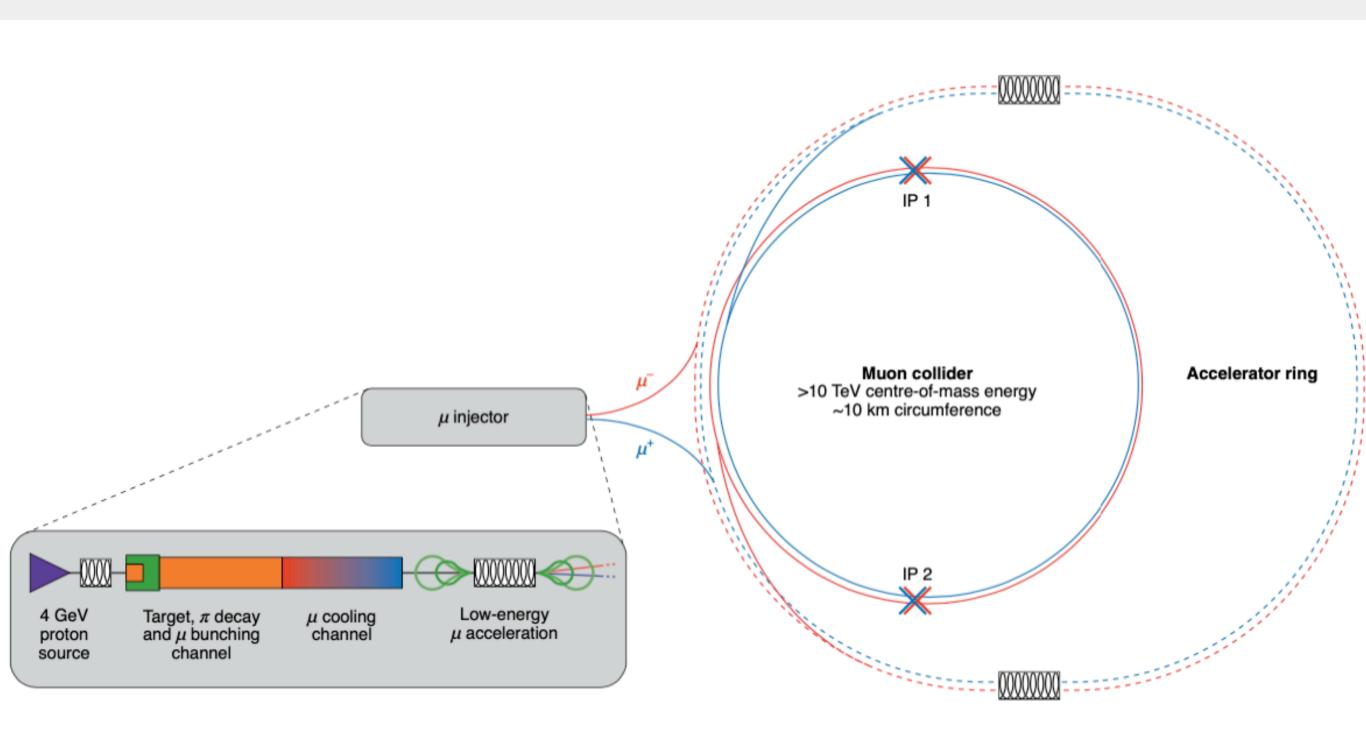
New enthusiasm on muon colliders:

- In spite of (actually, because of!) the risk of failure
- Scientists like working on what is new and difficult
- Opportunity—see P5 outcome—for collider physics at large

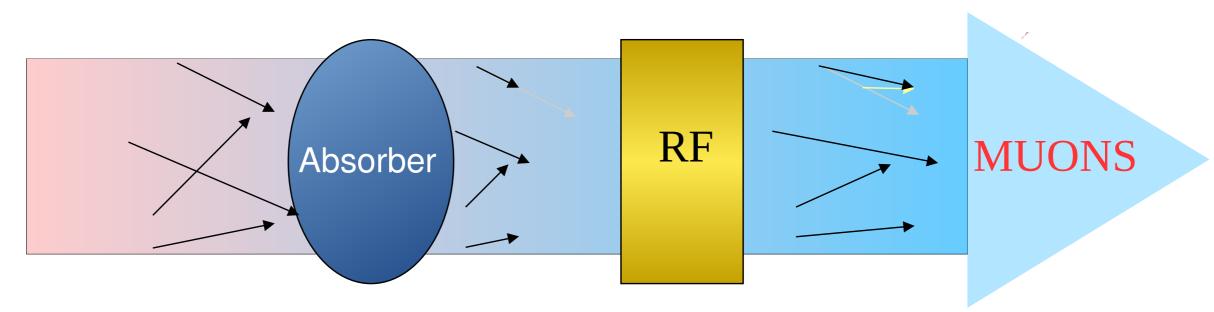
Thank You

Backup

Muon Collider Facility

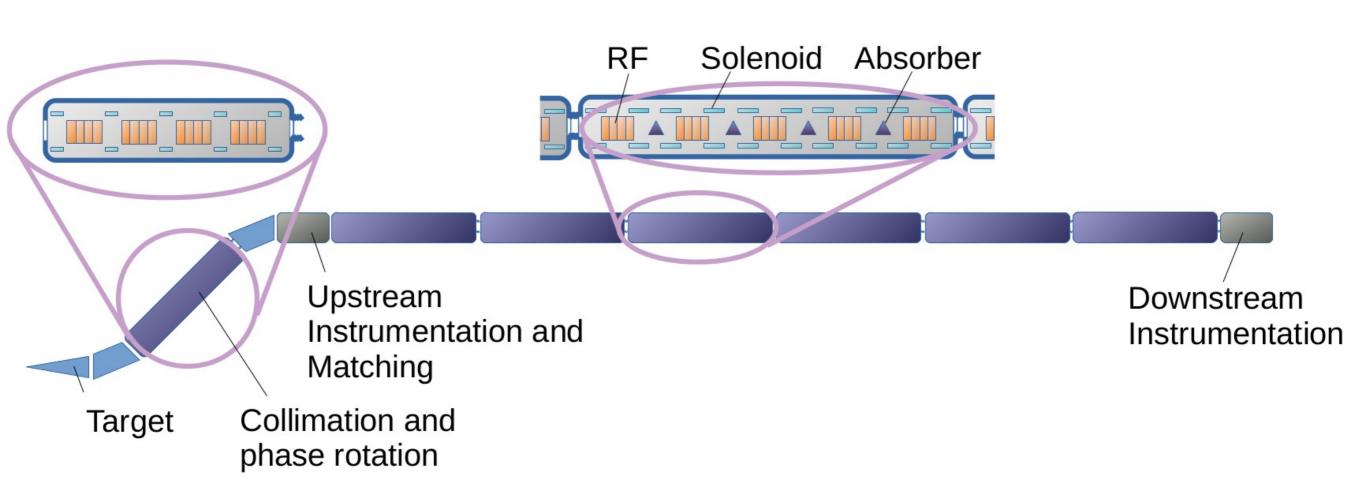


Ionisation Cooling



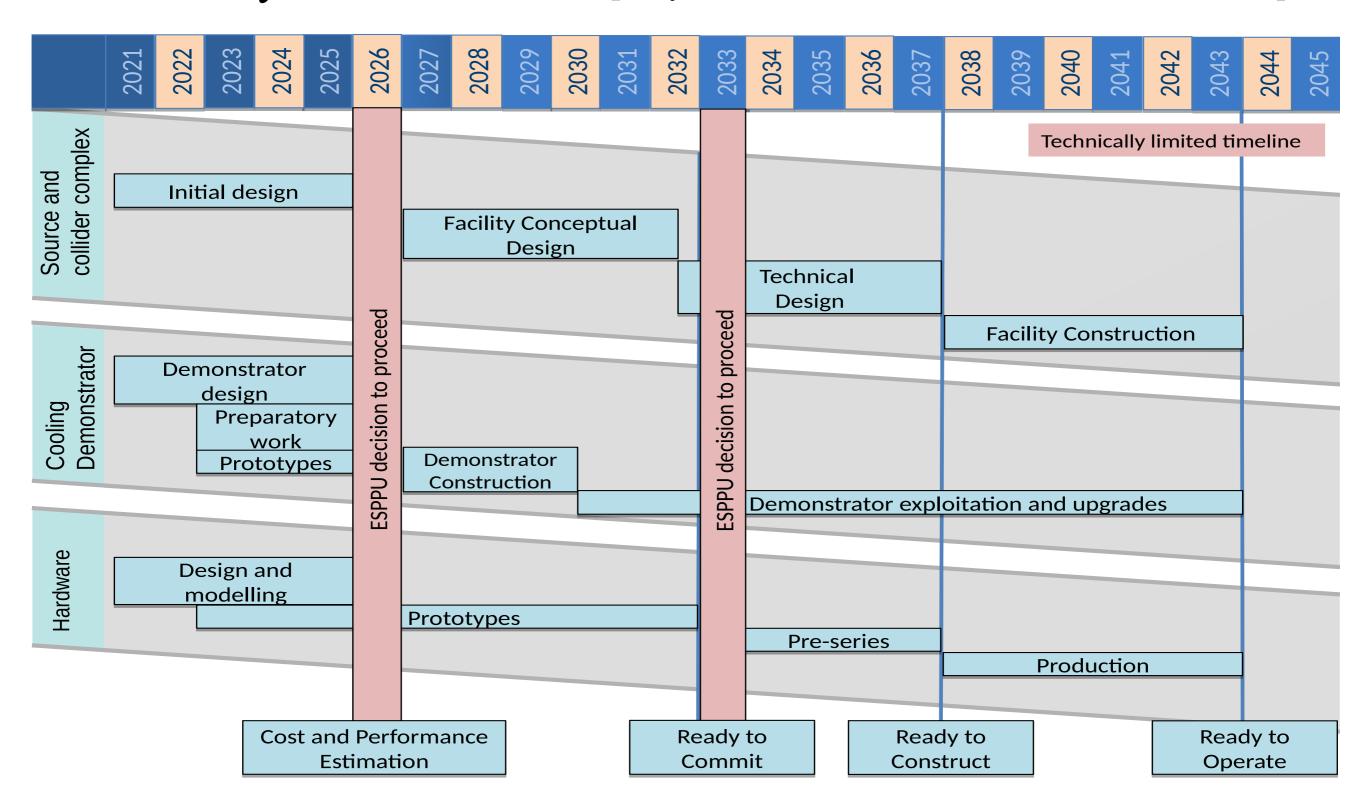
- Beam loses energy in absorbing material
 - Absorber removes momentum in all directions
 - RF cavity replaces momentum only in longitudinal direction
 - End up with beam that is more straight
- Demonstrated by the Muon Ionisation Cooling Experiment

Cooling Demonstrator



- Build on MICE
 - Longitudinal and transverse cooling
 - Re-acceleration
 - Chaining together multiple cells
 - Routine operation

Technically limited timeline [Stay tuned for consolidated timeline release]



Particle Physics Community



Huge "grass roots" interest from the particle and accelerator physics community

	- 7						
IEIO	CERN	UK	RAL	US	Iowa State University		
FR	CEA-IRFU		UK Research and Innovation		Wisconsin-Madison	КО	KEU
	CNRS-LNCMI		University of Lancaster		Pittsburg University		Yonsei University
DE	DESY		University of Southampton			India	СНЕР
	Technical University of				Old Dominion	IT	INFN Frascati
	Darmstadt		University of Strathclyde		BNL		INEN Unit Forman
	University of Rostock		University of Sussex	China	Sun Yat-sen University		INFN, Univ. Ferrara
	KIT		Imperial College London		IHEP		INFN, Univ. Roma 3
IT	INFN		Royal Holloway		Peking University		INFN Legnaro
	INFN, Univ., Polit. Torino		University of Huddersfield	EST			INFN, Univ. Milano
	INITAL LINE ACTIONS		University of Oxford	EST	Tartu University		Bicocca
	INFN, Univ. Milano			AU	НЕРНҮ		INFN Genova
	INFN, Univ. Padova		University of Warwick		TU Wien		
	INFN, Univ. Pavia		University of Durham	=-			INFN Laboratori del Sud
	INFN, Univ. Bologna	SE	ESS	ES	I3M		INFN Napoli
	INFN Trieste		University of Uppsala		CIEMAT	US	FNAL
	INFN, Univ. Bari	PT	LIP		ICMAB		LBL
	INFN, Univ. Roma 1	NL	University of Twente	СН	PSI		JLAB
		FI	Tampere University		University of Geneva		Chicago
	ENEA	•••	rampere oniversity		5051		Cilicago
Mal	Univ. of Malta	LAT	Riga Technical Univers.		EPFL		Tenessee
BE	Louvain	Muon Collider Status, Annual Meeting, Orsay, June 2023					



IMCC Organisation



Collaboration Board (ICB)

- Elected chair: Nadia Pastrone
- 50 full members, 60+ total

Steering Board (ISB)

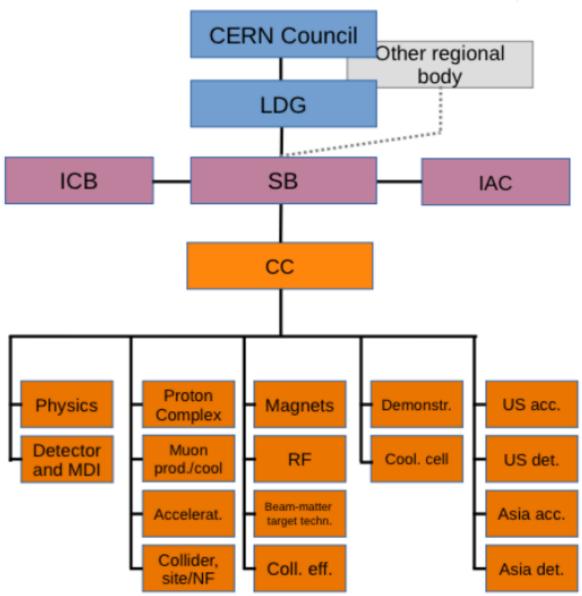
- Chair Steinar Stapnes
- CERN members: Mike Lamont, Gianluigi Arduini
- ICB members: Dave Newbold (STFC), Pierre Vedrine (CEA),
 N. Pastrone (INFN), Beate Heinemann (DESY), successor of Mats Lindroos† (ESS)
- Study members: SL and deputies

Advisory Committee

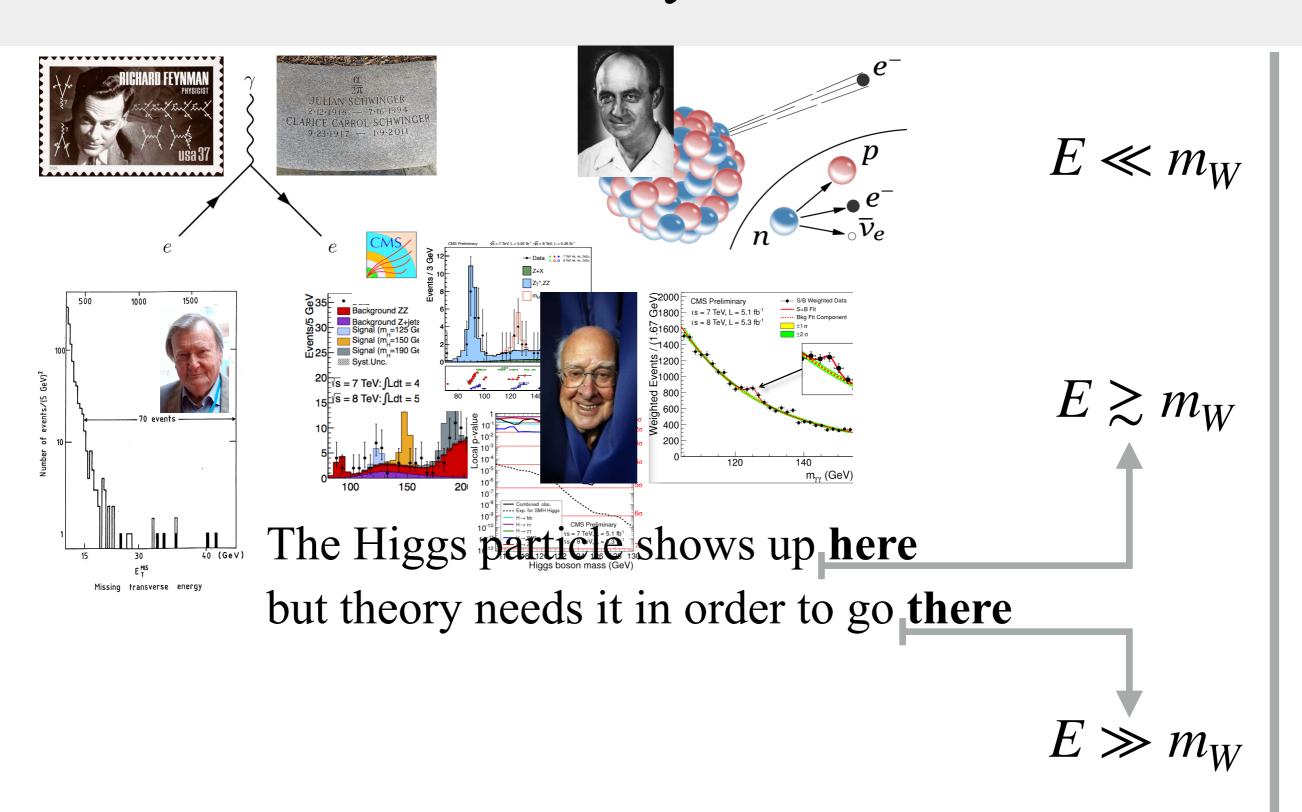
Coordination committee (CC)

- Study Leader: Daniel Schulte
- Deputies: Andrea Wulzer, Donatella Lucchesi, Chris Rogers

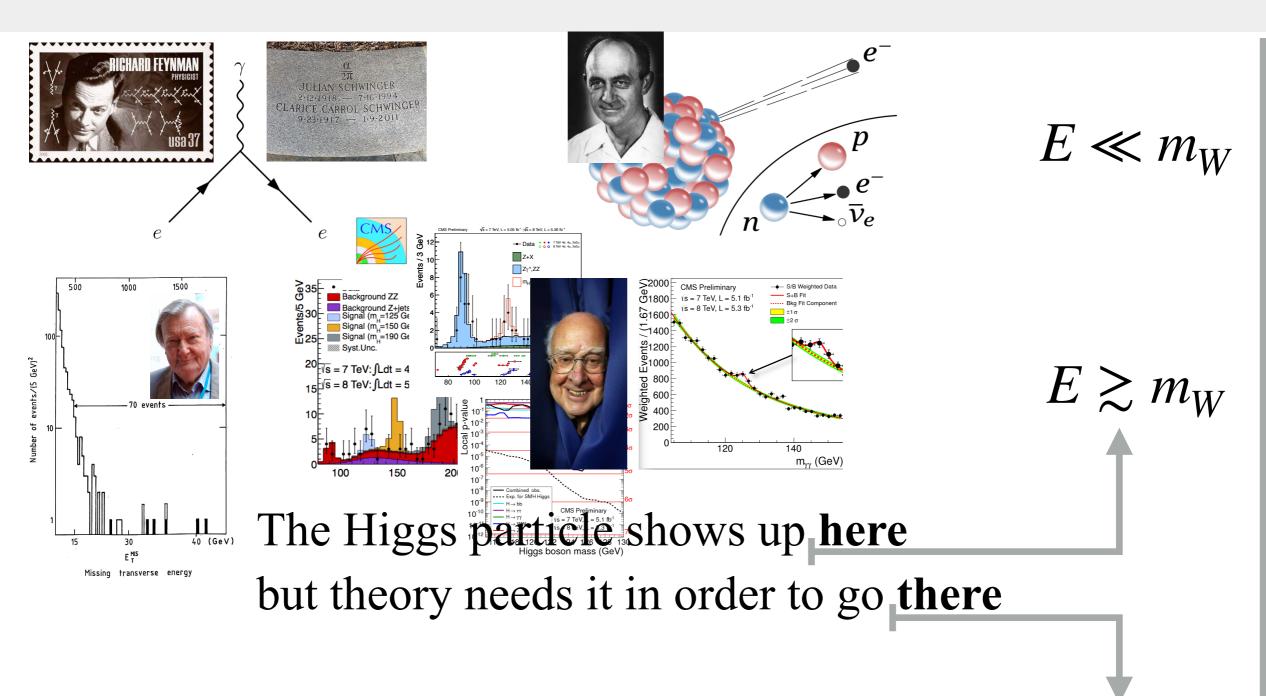
Will integrated the US also in the leadership



Muon Collider Physics: a SM view



Muon Collider Physics: a SM view



Most direct theory implications are at high En.

The role of the Higgs as part of the microscopic description of the EW force must be verified by **high energy** experiments

 $E \gg m_W$

Muon Collider Physics: a SM view

The muon collider will probe a new regime of EW (+H) force: $E\gg m_W$

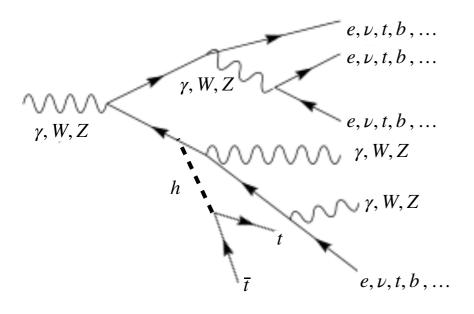
Plenty of cool things will happen:

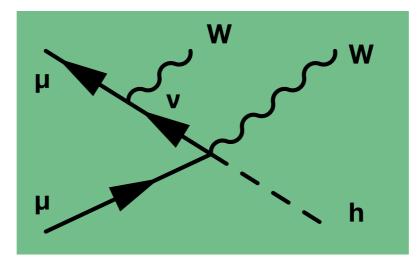
Electroweak Restoration. The $SU(2) \times U(1)$ group emerging, finally!

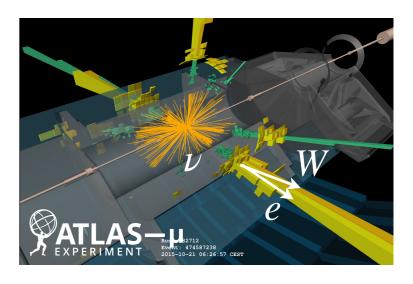
Electroweak Radiation in nearly massless broken gauge theory. Never observed, never computed (and we don't know how!)

The partonic content of the muon: EW bosons, neutrinos, gluons, tops, ... Copious scattering of 5 TeV neutrinos!

The particle content of partons: e.g., find Higgs in tops, or in W's, etc Neutrino jets will be observed, and many more cool things







Theory Challenges

EW theory is weakly coupled, but observables are not IR safe

Scale separation entails enhancement of Radiation effect.

Like QCD (
$$E \gg \Lambda_{\rm QCD}$$
) and QED ($E \gg m_{\gamma} = 0$), but:

EW symmetry is broken:

EW color is observable ($W \neq Z$). KLN Theorem non-applicable. (inclusive observables not safe) Practical need of computing EW Radiation effects

Enhanced by $\log^{(2)} E^2 / m_{\text{EW}}^2$

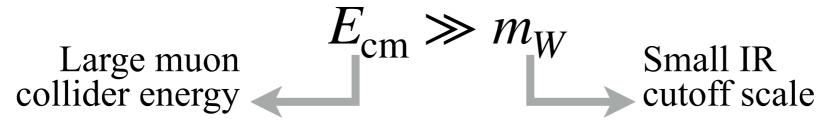
EW theory is Weakly-Coupled The IR cutoff is physical

First-Principle predictions must be possible

For arbitrary multiplicity final state

Theory Challenges

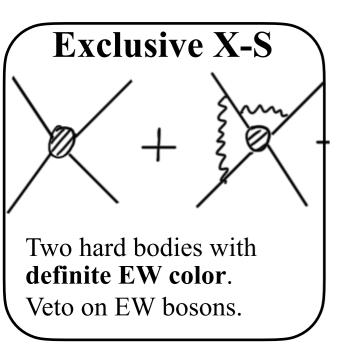
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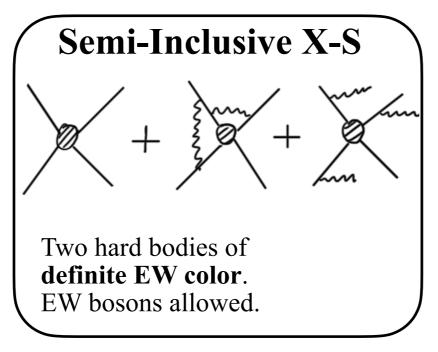


Scale separation entails enhancement of Radiation effect.

Quantitatively, resummation is needed.

exp
$$\left[-g^2/16\pi^2 \log^2(E_{\rm cm}^2/m_{\rm w}^2) \times {\rm Casimir}\right] \approx \exp[-1]$$





Process	N (Ex)	N (S-I)
e^+e^-	6794	9088
$e\nu_e$	_	2305
$\mu^+ \mu^-$	206402	254388
μu_{μ}	_	93010
$ au^+ au^-$	6794	9088
$ au u_ au$	_	2305
jj (Nt)	19205	25725
jj (Ch)		5653
$car{c}$	9656	12775
cj	_	5653

	C	
$bar{b}$	4573	6273
$tar{t}$	9771	11891
bt		5713
Z_0h	680	858
$W_0^+W_0^-$	1200	1456
$W_{\mathrm{T}}^{+}W_{\mathrm{T}}^{-}$	2775	5027
$W^{\pm}h$		506
$W_0^{\pm} Z_0$	_	399
$W_{\mathrm{T}}^{\pm}Z_{\mathrm{T}}$		2345

= charged

Experiment Design

Design detector for precision at multi-TeV scale

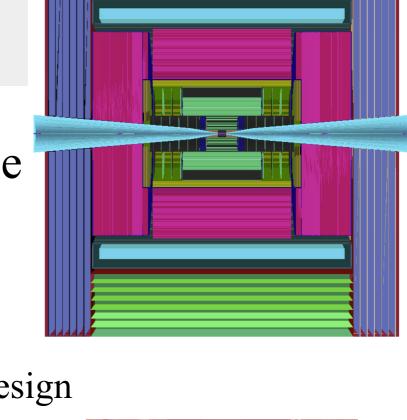
- Extract physics from GeV- and from TeV-energy particles
- Built-in sensitivity to "unconventional" signatures

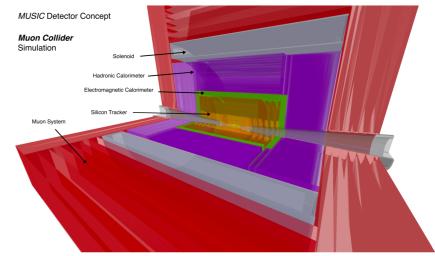
The BIB is under control. See EPJC Review

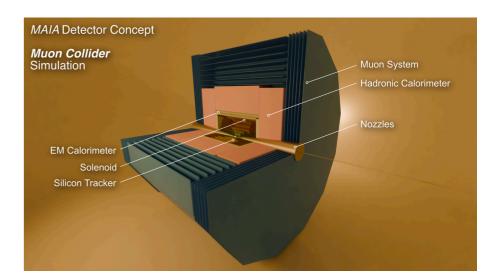
- Demonstrated LHC-level performances with CLIC-like design
- Sensitivity to Higgs production
- Disappearing/short tracks detection
 - → Thermal Higgsino & 3 TeV MuC!!

Exciting opportunities ahead

- Explore new detector concepts
- Identify and pursue key R&D requirements for technology development in next 20 years
- New challenges → new techniques that could be ported back to HL-LHC and other F.C.
- Tackle the gigantic physics program of the MuC!







Target Detector performances

Requirement	Base	Aspirational	
	$\sqrt{s} = 3 \text{ TeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 10 \text{ TeV}$	
Angular acceptance	$ \eta < 2.5$	$ \eta < 2.5$	$ \eta < 4$
Minimum tracking distance [cm]	~ 3	~ 3	< 3
Forward muons $(\eta > 5)$	_	tag	$\sigma_p/p \sim 10\%$ 1×10^{-5}
Track σ_{p_T}/p_T^2 [GeV $^{-1}$]	4×10^{-5}	4×10^{-5}	1×10^{-5}
Photon energy resolution	$0.2/\sqrt{E}$	$0.2/\sqrt{E}$	$0.1/\sqrt{E}$
Neutral hadron energy resolution	$0.5/\sqrt{E}$	$0.4/\sqrt{E}$	$0.2/\sqrt{E}$
Timing resolution (tracker) [ps]	$\sim 30-60$	$\sim 30 - 60$	$\sim 10-30$
Timing resolution (calorimeters) [ps]	100	100	10
Timing resolution (muon system) [ps]	~ 50 for $ \eta > 2.5$	~ 50 for $ \eta > 2.5$	<50 for $ \eta >2.5$
Flavour tagging	b vs c	b vs c	b vs c, s -tagging
Boosted hadronic resonance ID	h vs W/Z	h vs W/Z	$W ext{ vs } Z$

Note unique muon collider opportunity to tag very forward muons from VBF

- → Invisible or untagged Higgs (absolute coupling)
- → Angular correlations for Higgs CP, VBS characterisation, etc
- → Higgs-portal DM and other BSM

Physics targets for optimisation: Higgs precision; heavy resonances; disappearing tracks Timing for BIB suppression, but also low-β particles tagging