

Same-Sign Di-Leptons

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- Search for new physics in events with same-sign isolated di-leptons, jets and missing transverse momentum
- Extremely low SM backgrounds expected
 - Three broad categories:

Introduction

- 'Fake' leptons from hadronic activity
- Charge misidentification (only relevant for electrons)
- Direct SM same-sign production [™]
 (WZ, ttbarW, W[±]W[±], ...)
- Naturally larger production in many new physics scenarios including but not limited to SUSY
- Focus here on fake lepton
 background estimation







Non-Prompt Lepton Backgrounds

- Dominant background in most regions
 - Source is mainly heavy-flavor decays in ttbar and W+jets
- Don't want to rely on simulation for delicate modeling or production processes:
 - Use fully data-driven methods for estimation
- Method is based on a loose to tight extrapolation
 - Measure tight-loose ratio in signal suppressed control region
 - Apply to sidebands of signal region
- Covers backgrounds from non-isolated leptons





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Fake Ratios Method



- Cut efficiencies *f* and *p* for fake and prompt leptons describe probability of loose leptons to pass tight cuts
- Matrix equation describing the admixture of events with fake/prompt and loose/tight leptons
- Can solve for unknown number of events with fake leptons as functions of measured tight/loose yields and f and p ratios:

$$N_{pf} = \frac{pf}{(p-f)^2} \left[-2fpN_{ll} + \left[f(1-p) + p(1-f) \right] N_{tl} - 2(1-p)(1-f)N_{tt} \right]$$

$$N_{ff} = \frac{f^2}{(p-f)^2} \left[p^2N_{ll} - p(1-p)N_{tl} + (1-p)^2N_{tt} \right]$$

Crucial assumption is that signal suppression cuts in control regions don't change the shape of the extrapolation variable(s)

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to assess systematic uncertainties









 $L_{int} = 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

Muons

Data

0.4

Mean ratio: 0.10 ± 0.02



 $L_{int.} = 4.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

CMS Work in Progress

Results



Particle Physics

- Observations are consistent with predictions within uncertainties
- Extend exclusion limits on common models
- Provide information for theorists to calculate their own limits with our results





