



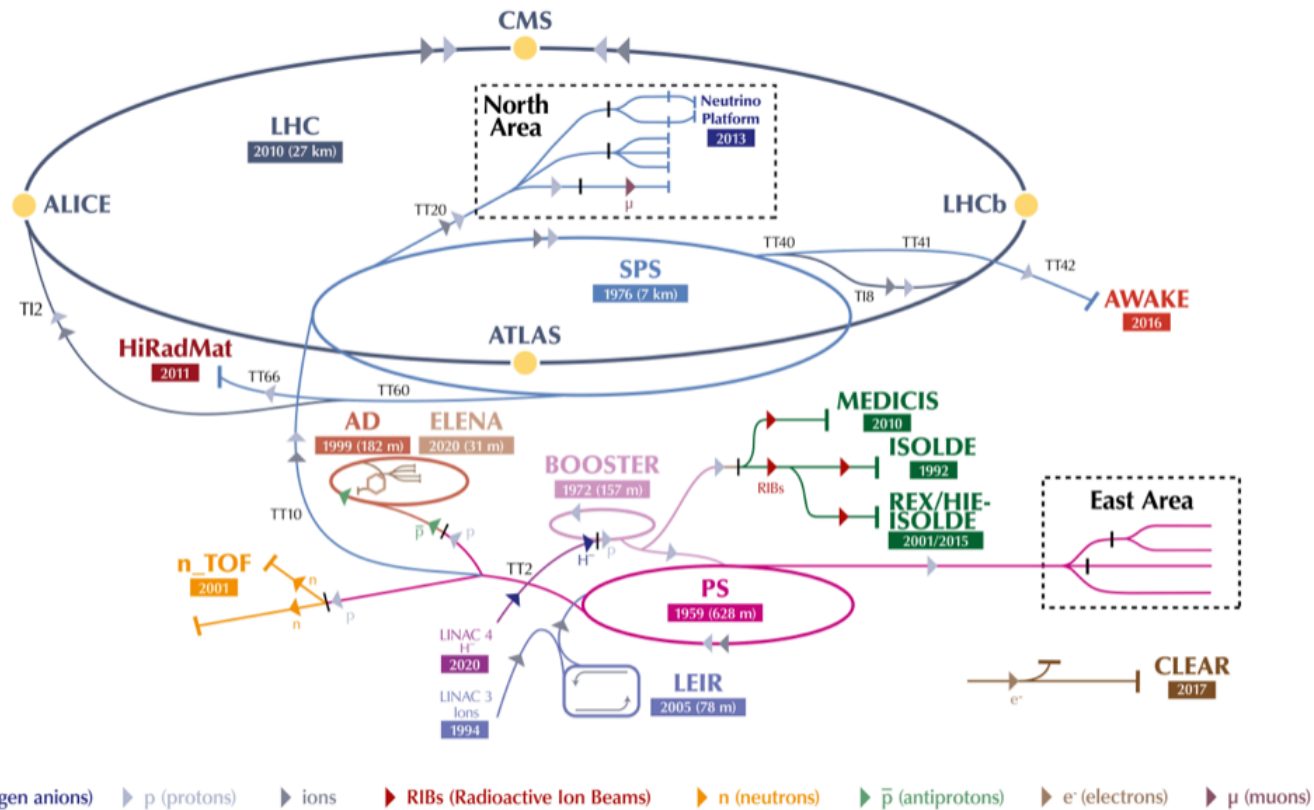
Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA) Project

EPA core: V. Kain, A. Calia, L. Felsberger, J.C. Garnier,
R. Gorbonosov, M. Hostettler, A. Huschauer, F. Irannejad,
D. Jacquet, K. Papastergiou, C. Petrone, M. Schenk, M.
Sobieszek, G. Trad, F. Velotti

The CERN accelerator complex

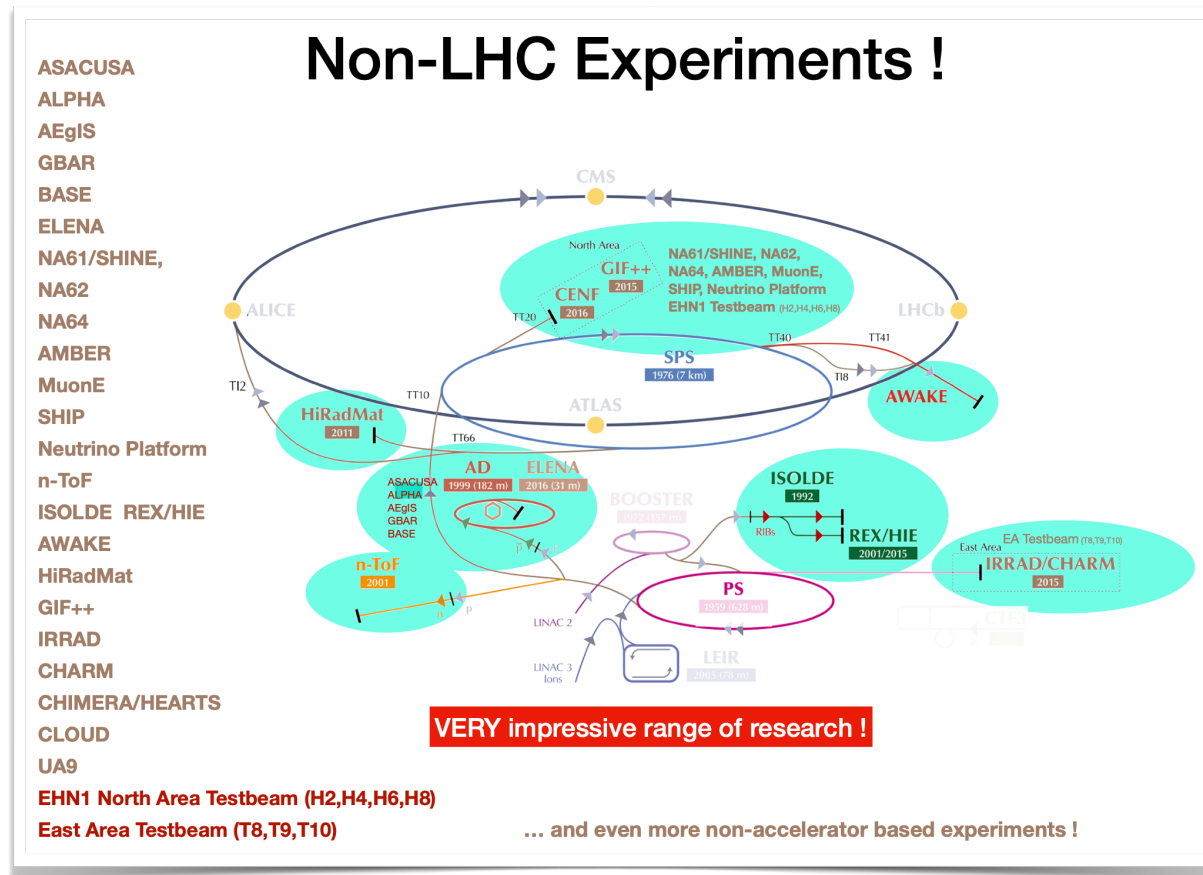


The CERN accelerator complex
Complexe des accélérateurs du CERN



LHC and non-LHC physics

Not only LHC physics! → Many different beam types, production schemes,...



Screenshot from recent
 Chamonix CERN Accelerator
 Performance workshop Jan '24

Flexibility comes at a prize. Examples...

Summary talk IEF'21

2. Address reproducibility and availability

- Availability OK, under control of Groups. **Reproducibility** is critical concern with increasing flexibility and multi-destination operation
- Transmission problems and instability in beam delivery in many locations. "Need more time in 2022" → have to ensure this is there (add in schedule?) #A
- Addressing reproducibility relies on many factors including equipment, accelerator modelling and high-level controls approach

Other input from IEF'21

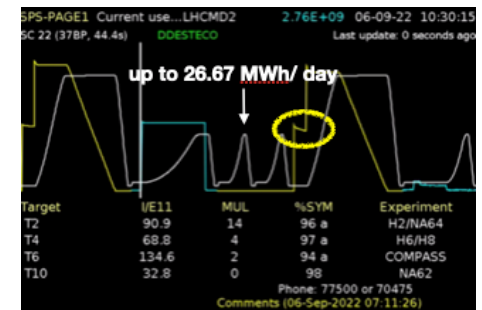
→ Current **beam scheduling** has severe impact on resources needed to run accelerators and on efficiency

- * Statistics: 20-100 clicks to change supercycle = 2-25 min; 40-60 times/24 h

Input from JAPW'22

→ **Hysteresis** is severe limitation for efficiency and flexibility in most machines, current mitigation methods wasting energy

- * ~ 15 % of yearly cost of SPS fixed target cycle for "waste" cycles and quasi-degauss Cycle MD1





Efficiency Think Tank (ETT): Oct '22 - Mar '23

ETT = Body for brainstorming for strategy definition for more efficient CERN accelerator exploitation

Response to IEF'21 concerns with efficiency and reproducibility

- * large extended team for community discussions, small core team to synthesise directions

Wide range of efficiency topics touched

- * shorter turn-around, more flexibility, energy efficiency,...

Key target areas identified

- * 7 high priority recommendations
- * Exhaustive lists per machine for potential improvements

Prepared terrain for implementation

- * First proposal for resources and timelines for high-priority recommendations
- * Post-ETT: defined follow-up project: Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA) project

ETT conclusion in summary

ETT showed that reproducibility, energy saving, efficiency, flexibility can be significantly improved by

● Automating accelerator/experimental facility operation

- * Immediate benefit, lowest upfront investment, very mature already → lowest hanging fruit, highest priority

● Improving and automating equipment


- * Less mature concepts, potentially expensive, longer term → high potential impact, high priority

Cultural aspects:

- * Promote Awareness → synergy with RAWG
- * Ensure simultaneous evolution across similar equipment/teams
- * Sharing and common development - profiting from work already done (CTTB approach)

7 recommendations



CERN Esplanade des Particules 1 P.O. Box 1211 Geneva 23 Switzerland	EMDS NO. 2922514	REV. 1.0	VALIDITY RELEASED
	REFERENCE 2922514		
Date: July 28, 2023			
PROJECT REPORT			
Efficiency Think Tank Report			

1. **Hysteresis compensation**
2. **Automatic and dynamic beam scheduling**
3. **Automatic LHC filling**
4. **Auto-pilots**
5. **Automatic fault analysis, recovery and prevention**
6. **Automatic testing and sequencing**
7. **Automatic parameter optimisation**

Reported in IEFC 1/9/2023, IPP 2/6/2023



Future accelerators? Like FCC...

The *business-as-usual* solution: FCC just larger LHC

- Brute force scale-up → using helicopters to reduce intervention times, more people, more sites,...
- (Financially excluded, luckily)



Future accelerators? Like FCC...

The *business-as-usual* solution: FCC just larger LHC

- Brute force scale-up → using helicopters to reduce intervention times, more people, more sites,...
- (Financially excluded, luckily)

The *elegant* solution: FCC to be run like a space telescope.

- Reinvent exploitation paradigm: hierarchical autonomous systems
- AI is key technology
- Management's preferred option



Future accelerators? Like FCC...

The *business-as-usual* solution: FCC just larger LHC

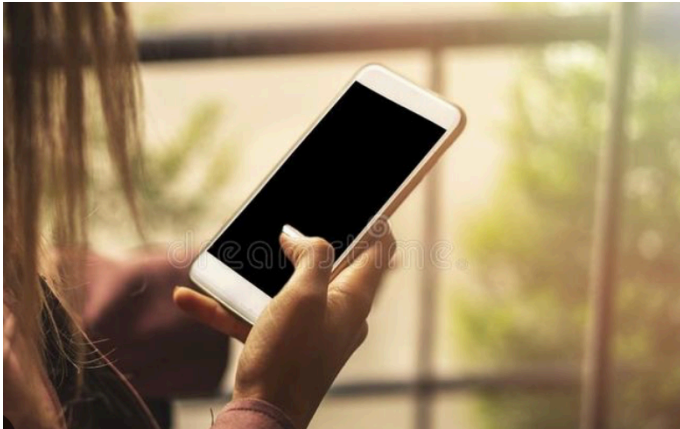
- Brute force scale-up → using helicopters to reduce intervention times, more people, more sites,...
- (Financially excluded, luckily)

The *elegant* solution: FCC to be run like a space telescope.

- Reinvent exploitation paradigm: hierarchical autonomous systems
- AI is key technology
- Management's preferred option

Need to use the next 10 years as test bed to be ready with adequate design choices

The (obvious) new equipment paradigm



Think banking apps, heating systems,....
All digital, all remote controllable/
analysable

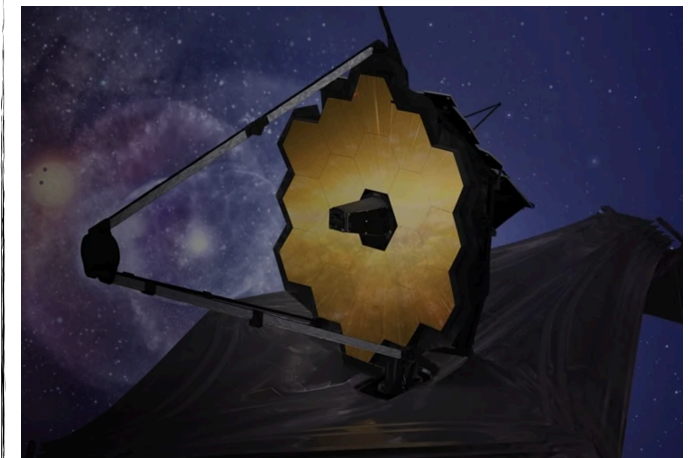
Simulations will be key.
Fast-executing, differentiable.
Digital twins...



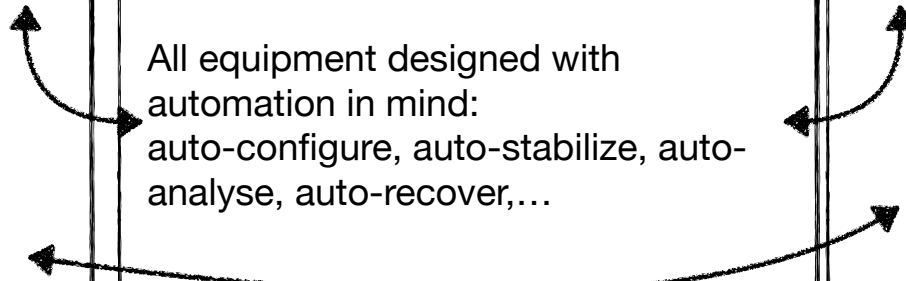
Exploit **automation** at every level.

Automation across systems.
Automation within given system.
→ different players to implement
automation

All equipment designed with
automation in mind:
auto-configure, auto-stabilize, auto-
analyse, auto-recover,...



You cannot go there to fix it...
Redundancy, robotics,...



ATSMB launch of **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA) Project**



In October 2023, with mandate to:

- drive implementation of ETT recommendations for Injectors and LHC (p+ and ions)
- create efficiency culture and track improvements with **KPIs**
- identify synergies within ATS and possible collaborations and reduce duplication
- provide meeting place and discussion forum to ensure common approach
- define efficiency roadmap for other facilities (NA, EA, ISOLDE, AD, ...) during LS3
- prepare grounds for future exploitation model and evaluate potentials for FCC

ATSMB launch of **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA) Project**



In October 2023, with mandate to:

- drive implementation of ETT recommendations for Injectors and LHC (p+ and ions)
- create efficiency culture and track improvements with **KPIs**
- identify synergies within ATS and possible collaborations and reduce duplication
- provide meeting place and discussion forum to ensure common approach
- define efficiency roadmap for other facilities (NA, EA, ISOLDE, AD, ...) during LS3
- prepare grounds for future exploitation model and evaluate potentials for FCC

Ambitious in scope!

7 ETT recommendations = 9 EPA work packages

During project preparation identified necessity of **controls infrastructure evolution**.

Each WP is high-level deliverable.

Project Lead and Coordination: V. Kain
Deputy: A. Huschauer

WP1
Dynamic Beam Scheduling
Lead: F. Irannejad

WP2
Automatic LHC Filling
Lead: A. Huschauer, G. Trad

WP3
Automatic Parameter Control & Optimisation
Lead: M. Schenk

WP4
Hysteresis Compensation
Lead: C. Petrone

WP5
Next Generation Sequencer
Lead: R. Gorbonosov

WP6
Efficient Settings Management
Lead: M. Hostettler

WP7
Automated Equipment Testing
Lead: A. Calia, J.C. Garnier

WP8
Automate Equipment
Lead: F. Velotti, K. Papastergiou

WP9
Data Processing Framework
Lead: M. Sobieszek

Goals

Focus is on automation → increase efficiency, reproducibility, flexibility and margins for Operation

WP1 Dynamic Beam Scheduling:

- Remove fixed supercycle concept; algorithmically and dynamically schedule beams

WP2 Automatic LHC Filling:

- Automate and standardise LHC beam preparation and filling; reduce LHC turn-around time to theoretical value

WP3 Automatic Parameter Control and Optimisation:

- Automate parameter optimisation, automatically contain drifts

WP4 Hysteresis Compensation:

- Deterministic field control, decouple cycles

WP7 Automatic Equipment Testing:

- AccTesting for "all" equipment for injectors and LHC, fully automated HWC and ISTs

WP8 Automate Equipment:

- Automatic equipment setup; automate fault analysis, recovery; input/framework for preventive maintenance

Proposed governance

Core team: WP leaders and L. Felsberger (RAWG), D. Jacquet (SMWG)

- Meet ~ bi-weekly
- EPA indico: <https://indico.cern.ch/category/17316/>
- Track progress: <https://its.cern.ch/jira/projects/EPA/summary>

Extended team: equipment and controls experts, machine specialists, EiCs

- Collect feedback max. once per month

EPA to report to CTTB

- Communicate evolution of KPIs to IEFC and LMC
- EPA will define equipment "guidelines". Need CTTB to endorse and push

Timeline



Time bounded project: improvements ready for Run 4

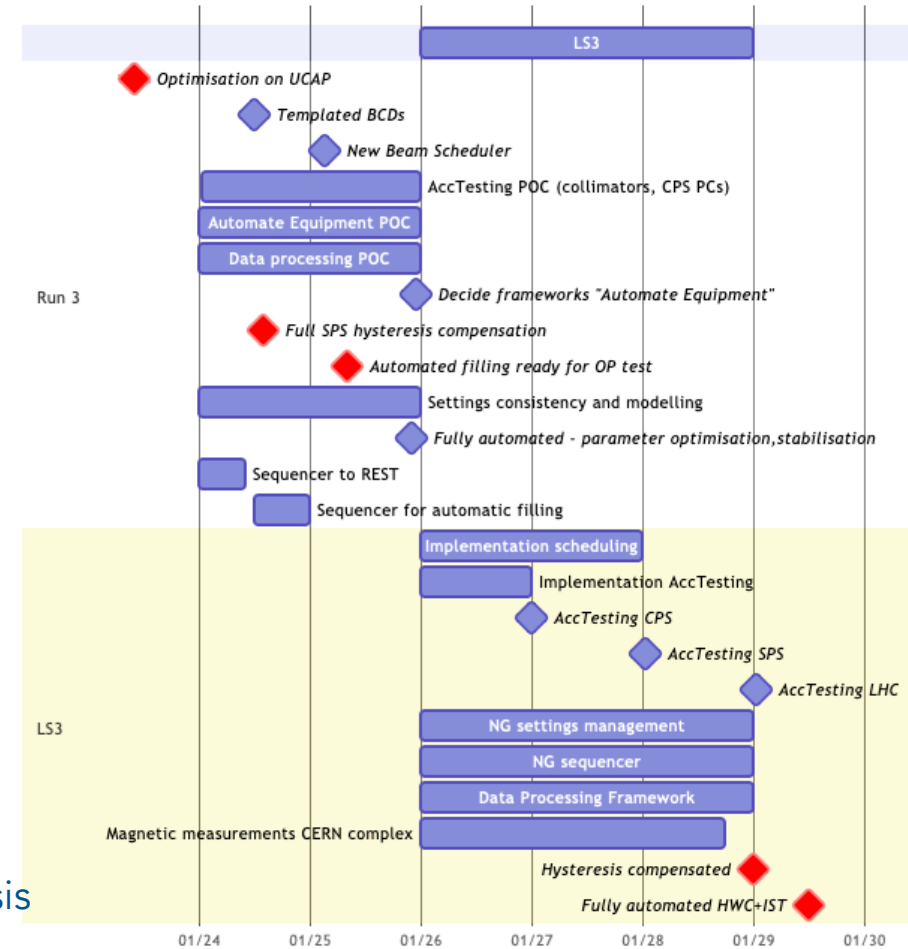
* Only 50 % of budget allocated during MTP exercise '24

Project has 2 phases:

- Prototyping and first operational tests in Run 3
 - * To reach milestones: **important to start YETS 23-24**
- Full implementation during LS3

Propose budget and resource review end 2025.

- Decision on solutions/options only after study
- i.e. for **WP1** (Dynamic Beam Scheduling), **WP4** (Hysteresis compensation), **WP8** (Automate Equipment)



Resources: GRAD, TECH

- Investment was needed NOW, to gain in efficiency in medium term (2-5 years).
- Experts and Teams already occupied with Exploitation, Projects and Studies, but all recognise the urgent need for efficiency improvements.
- Only feasible approach: **Graduates**, supervised by expert Staff, with a core team coordinating and providing the central solutions.

* Nota: no new DOCT foreseen (initially), since essentially implementation.

- Original proposal

	2024		2025		2026		2027		2028	
	TECH	GRAD	TECH	GRAD	TECH	GRAD	TECH	GRAD	TECH	GRAD
head count	4	8	3	12	2	15	2	12	2	9
kCHF	168	840	126	1224	84	1539	84	1224	84	945
total kCHF	1008		1350		1623		1308		1029	

- 50 % of budget agreed → change of spending profile to spend initially as planned
 - ...and reduce in scope later

Resources: Material

Original proposal...

- **WP4** (Hysteresis Compensation) and **8** (Automate Equipment) will require new equipment to be designed/installed.
- EPA needs to foresee deblocking shortage of GPUs in ATS for training and inference of AI solutions
- * Required for **WP3** (Automatic Parameter Control and Optimisation), **4** (Hysteresis Compensation), **8** (Automate Equipment), **9** (Data Processing Framework)

		2024	2025	2026	2027	2028
Tech workshops	[kCHF]	20	20	20	20	20
GPUs	[kCHF]		100	100	50	50
Measurement probes	[kCHF]		30			
IoTs, integration, etc	[kCHF]	10	60	50		
Total	[kCHF]	30	210	170	70	70



What to be expected from EPA before LS3?



Automation Infrastructure - readiness

Many classical automation concepts came from the LHC → injectors

- * Sequencer, high level parameter control
- * **EPA WP5 (Next Generation Sequencer) & WP6 (Efficient Settings Management) to ensure evolution for new requirements**



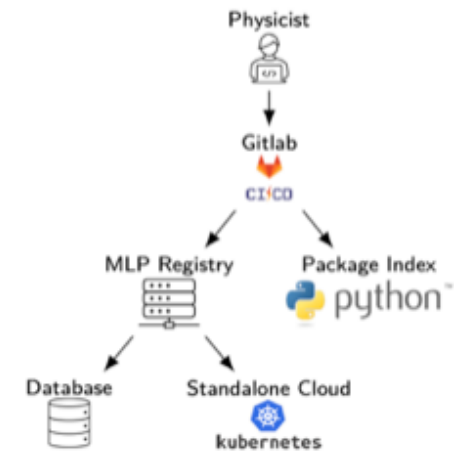
Automation Infrastructure - readiness

Many classical automation concepts came from the LHC → injectors

- * Sequencer, high level parameter control
- * **EPA WP5 (Next Generation Sequencer) & WP6 (Efficient Settings Management) to ensure evolution for new requirements**

Since LHC: preparing for **automation including AI/ML** - injectors on forefront

- **Acc-Py** (Accelerating Python): unlocked the potential of Python in CERN ATS including control rooms
 - * Python distribution, Python Package Index, release of applications to centrally managed deployment location
- **UCAP**: Unified Controls Acquisition and Processing ("Virtual Device Service") → servers on-the-fly in JAVA or Python
 - * Provides infrastructure to run "transformations" and event building
 - * Expect **evolution with EPA WP9** (Data Processing Framework)
- **MLP** (Machine Learning Platform): store and share AI models between users and applications of different languages

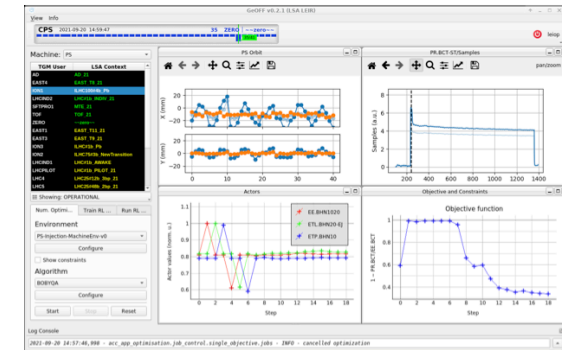


Automation Infrastructure - readiness



● Generic Optimisation Framework GeOFF

- * Manual scans and grid scans are inefficient for multi-parameter problems → optimisation algorithms
- * GeOFF = easy and flexible parameter optimisation in the control room
- * To date: > 20 parameter optimisation problems automated across complex

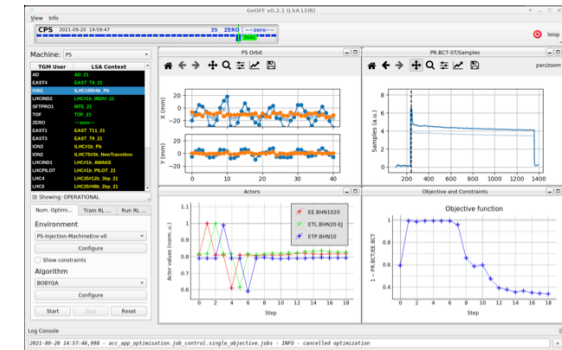


Automation Infrastructure - readiness



● Generic Optimisation Framework GeOFF

- * Manual scans and grid scans are inefficient for multi-parameter problems → optimisation algorithms
- * GeOFF = easy and flexible parameter optimisation in the control room
- * To date: > 20 parameter optimisation problems automated across complex

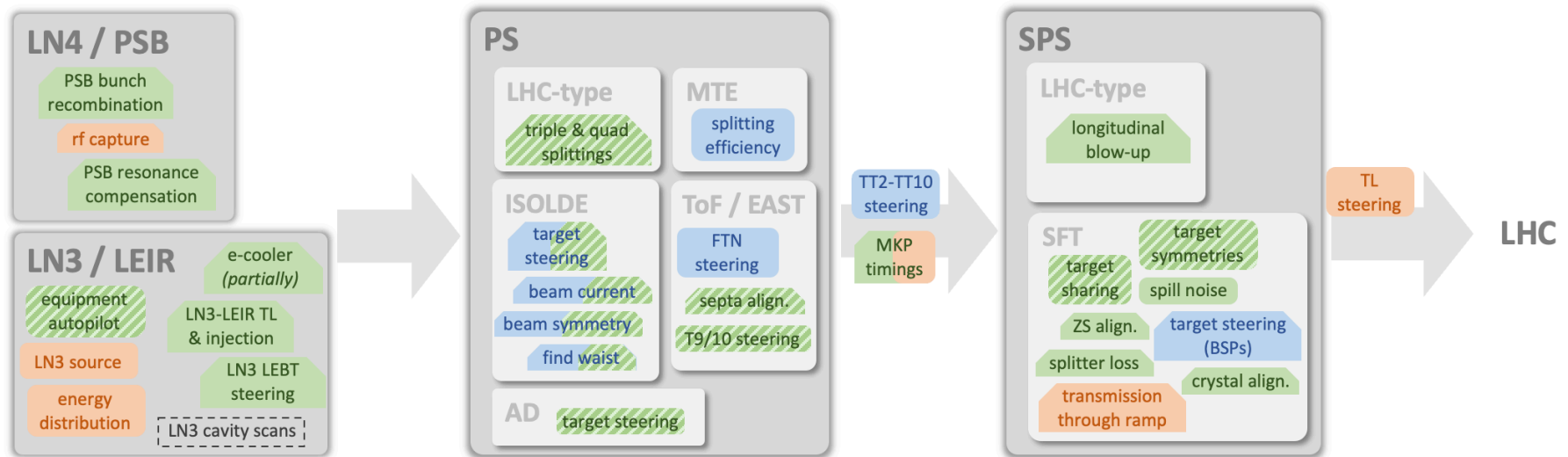
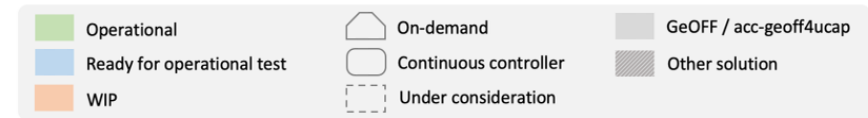


● Optimisation framework for auto-pilots

- * GeOFF on UCAP → acc-geoff4ucap
- * Also available: **GPUs on UCAP** for e.g. Adaptive Bayesian Optimisation (ABO)
- * **EPA WP3** (Automated Parameter Control & Optimisation) **in 2024:**
 - ❖ automated PS2SPS steering, LINAC3 source control, NA TT20 steering,...
 - ❖ MTE efficiency drift stabilisation

WP3 - Auto-pilots, optimisers,...

An incomplete overview ...



Courtesy M. Schenk

Status: multiple new auto-pilots / optimisers under development - many used operationally

Trends 2024: on-demand → continuous (UCAP)

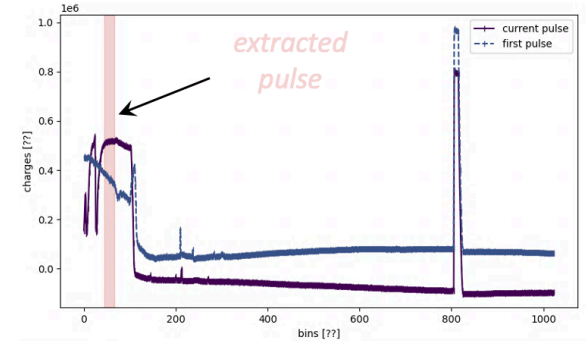
Until end of run 3: automation of all typical optimisation and continuous control problems

Recent example: LINAC3 source control

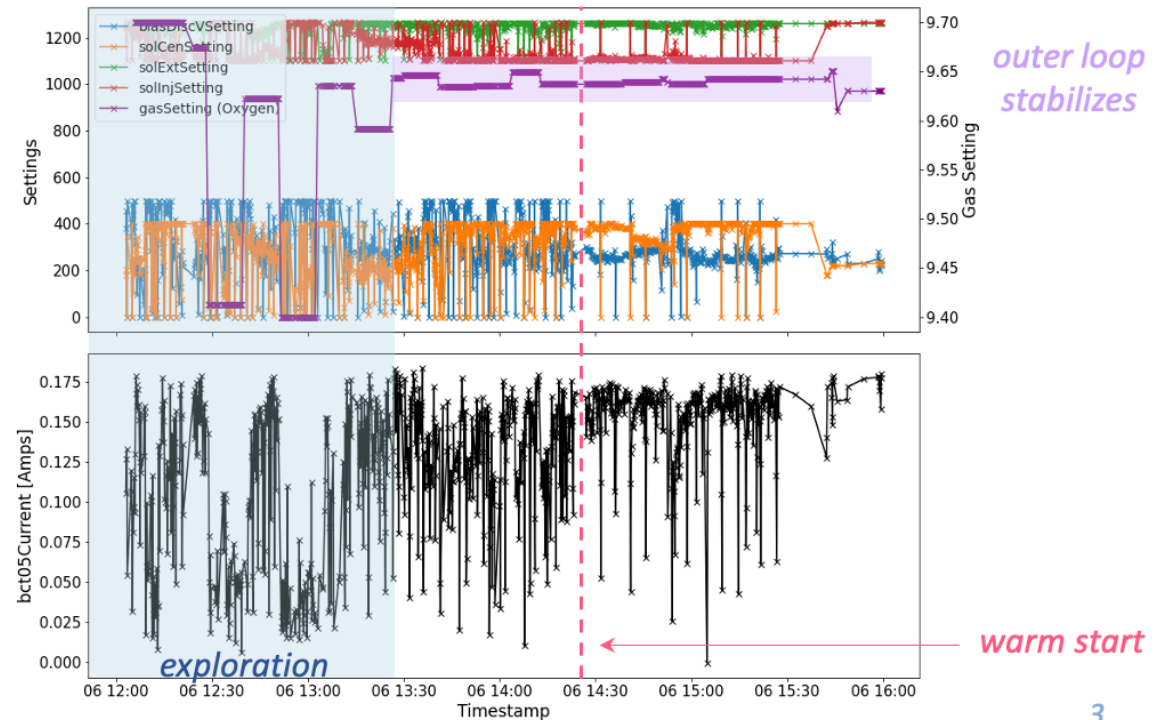
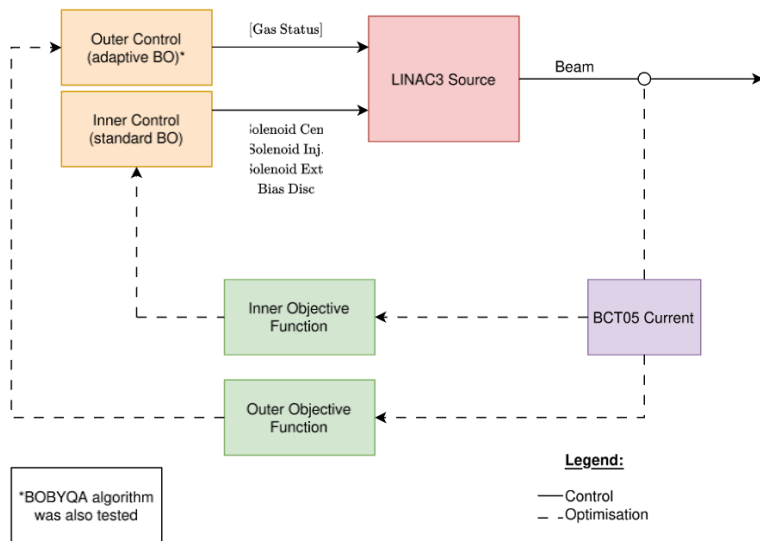
Results from tests in December '24

Complex setup with hierarchical controller → nested control loop

Adaptive Bayesian Optimisation as continuous control

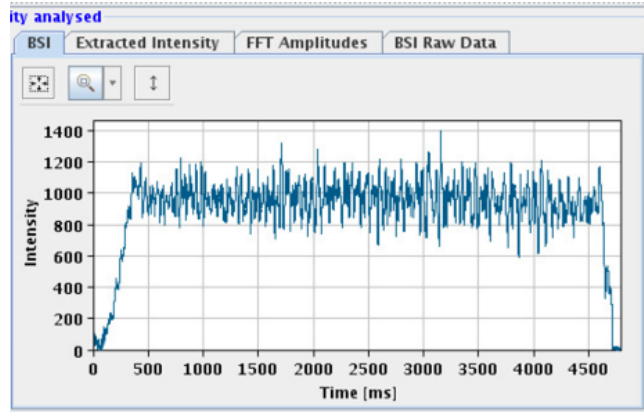


Outer loop with adaptive BO



Another example: SPS mains noise

50 Hz noise on slow extracted spill



Modulate voltage of main quadrupoles at $n \times 50$ Hz to compensate.

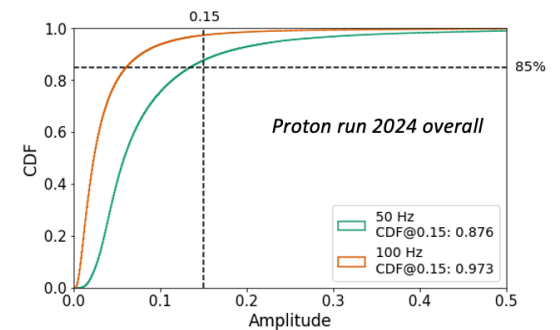
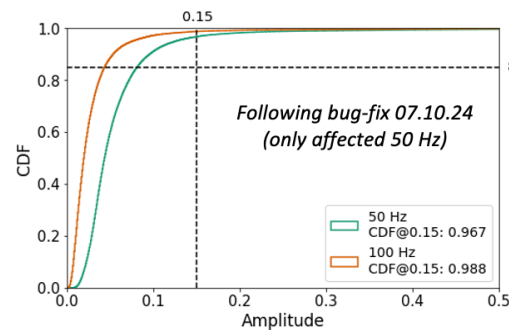
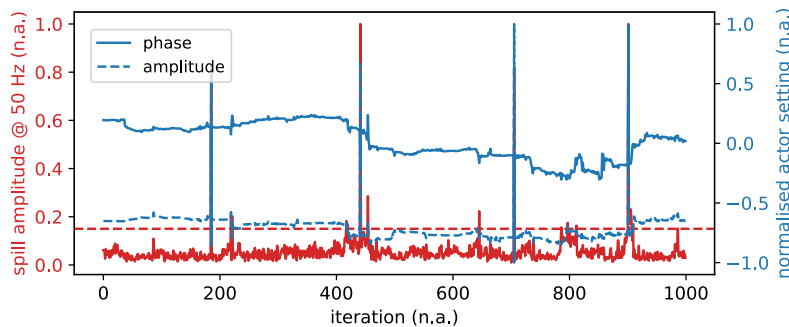
However, spill noise changes over time following the European grid.

→ adaptive continuous control, **Adaptive Bayesian Optimisation**

Model objective function f as $f(\mathbf{x}, t)$. Spectral mixture kernel S for t and Matern for control parameters

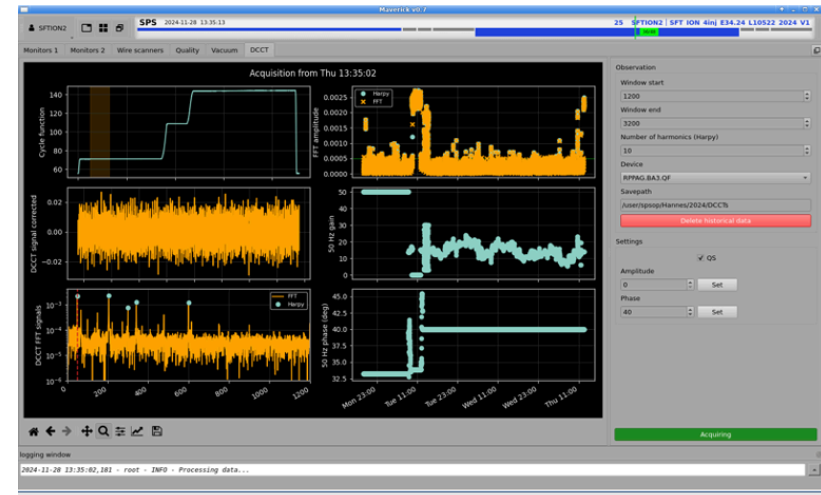
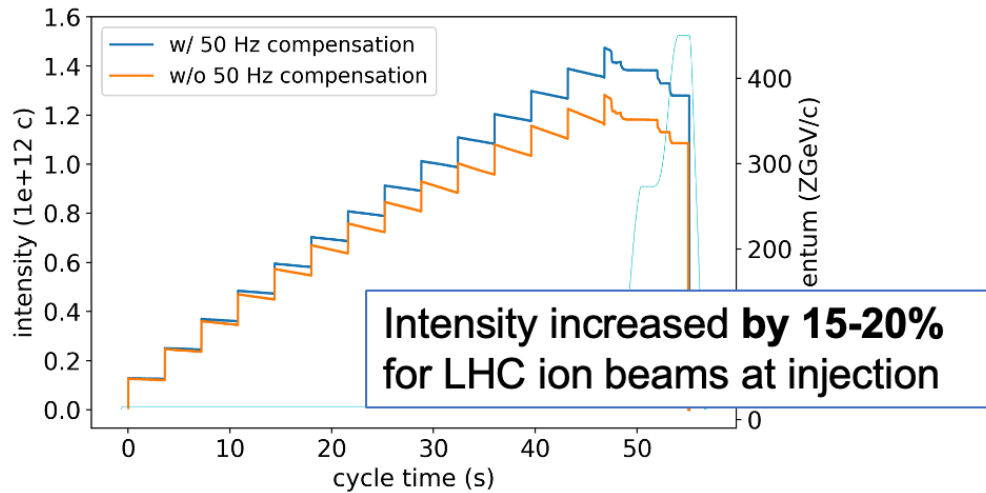
Running 24/7 on UCAP with GPU

$$\text{Kernel: } k([t_1, \mathbf{x}_1], [t_2, \mathbf{x}_2]) = \theta_k \times S(t_1, t_2) \times M(\mathbf{x}_1, \mathbf{x}_2)$$



Another example: SPS mains noise

During the ion run used 50 Hz correction on LHC beams in 2024.



Monitoring directly QF/QD DCCT ripple.

WP2 - Automated LHC filling

Key is automating LHC beam preparation

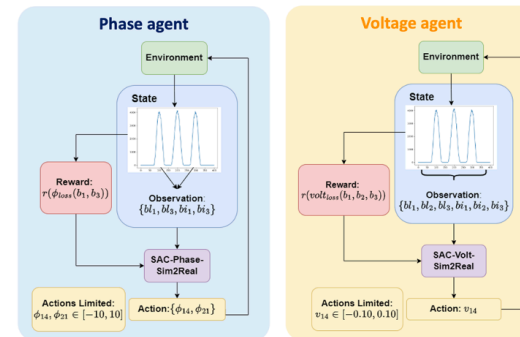
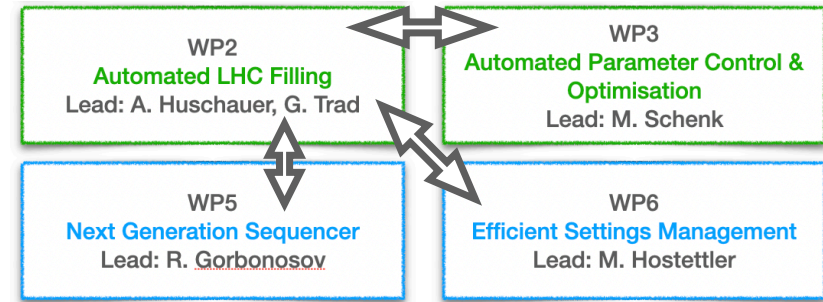
- requires next generation sequencer
- improved longitudinal beam observation
- various auto-pilots

Automation plans for 2025:

- Trajectory auto-pilots
- Automatic PS bunch splitting optimisator
- Semi-automated sequencing of tasks using existing tools

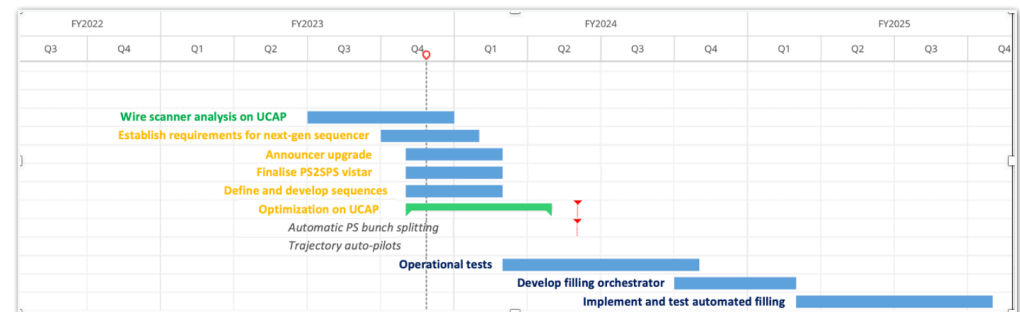
Semi-automated filling tests: **2025**

Fully automated filling tests: **2026**



→ 2024: existing PS tripple splitting RL agents to UCAP

→ 2024: new approach for PS double splitting





WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles


WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

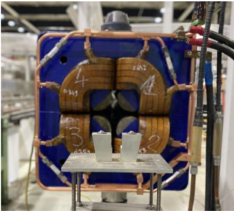
Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles

WP4: Achievements in 2024 - Hardware

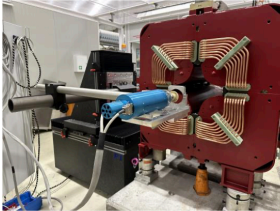
- ✓ **Instrumentation** upgrade to reach the required measurement precision in the **lab 867**:
 - MBA induction coil design completed (PCB: [Induction Coils for SPS Fluxmeter](#))
 - PCB boards for SPS quadrupole designed and produced to be inserted in the vacuum chamber.
 - Rotating Coil Scanner commissioned in 867 (~150 kCHF) for sextupole measurements.
 - NMR Caylar (~35 kCHF) standalone tested. Integration in the MM in 867 is ongoing.
 - Upgrade ADCs from 16-bit to 20-bit acquisition systems (~4 kCHF).
- ✓ Inference of the pulsed integral field from local sensors.




SPS dipole



SPS quadrupole

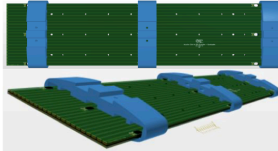


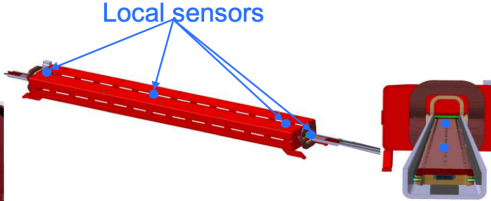
Rotating Coil Scanner



NMR Caylar

PCB for SPS quad fluxmeter





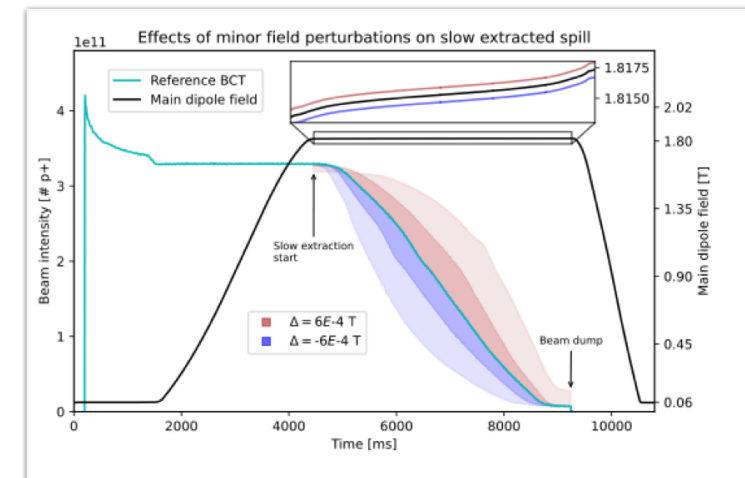
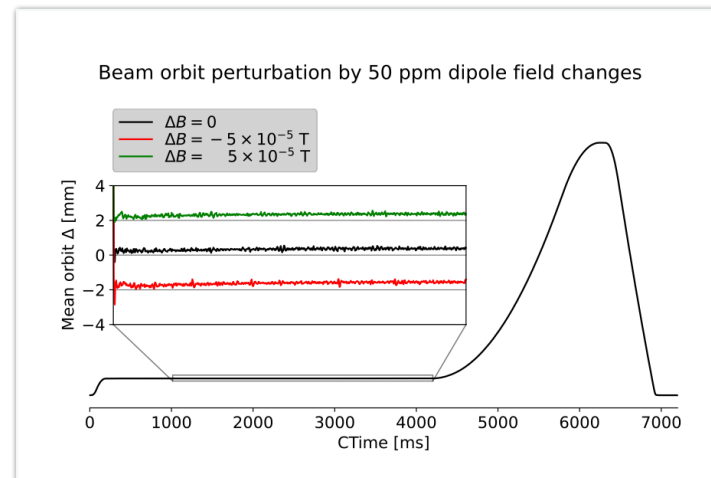
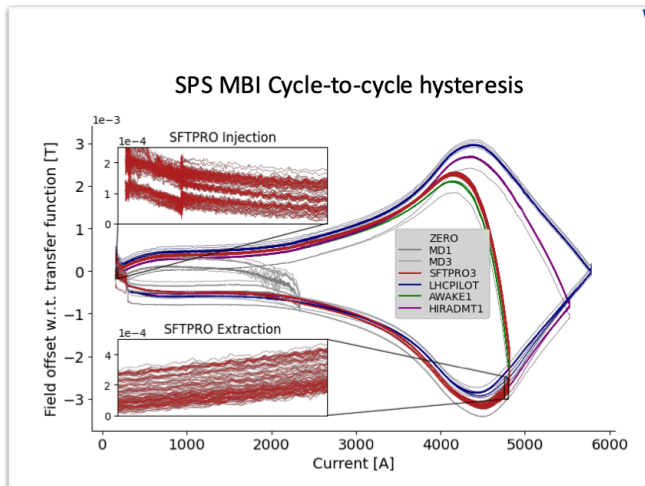
Carlo Petrone | EPA Mini-workshop 2024
21 November 2024
4

WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles

Significant progress in 2024 for the SPS main dipoles (BTRAIN): hysteresis effects ± 1 permil, cycle-by-cycle field changes ± 100 ppm max \rightarrow significant effect on beam



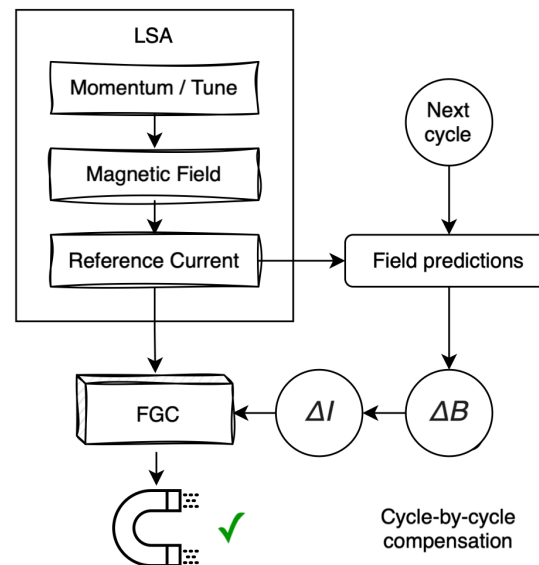
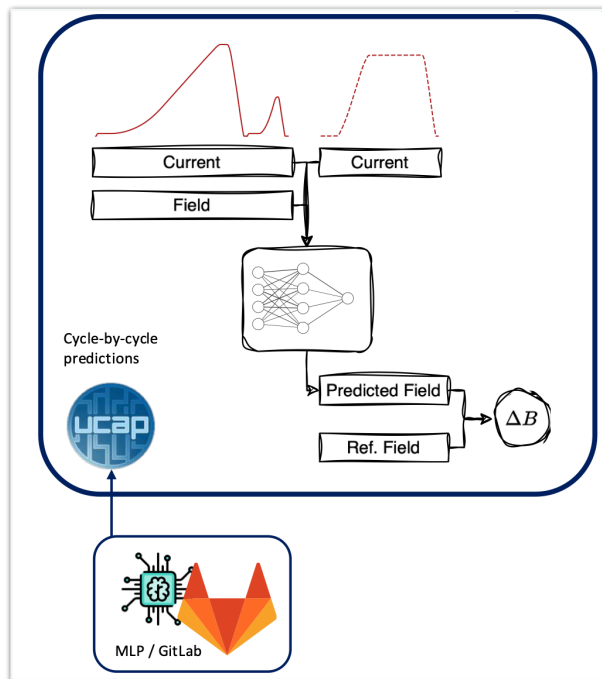
Courtesy Anton Lu

WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles

The solution: Temporal Fusion Transformers ANNs trained on measured field



Courtesy A. Lu, V. Di Capua, C. Petrone

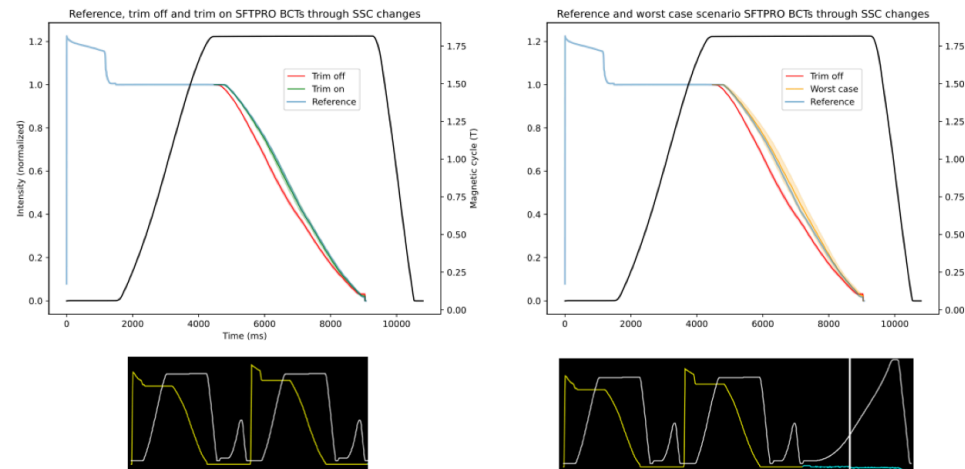
WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles

Promising results:

Slow extraction slope can be stabilised independent of supercycle ($2 - 3 \times 10^{-4}$ T changes)



(Field compensation OFF)
FT + LHC → 2x FT

Field compensation ON – worst case

Courtesy Anton Lu

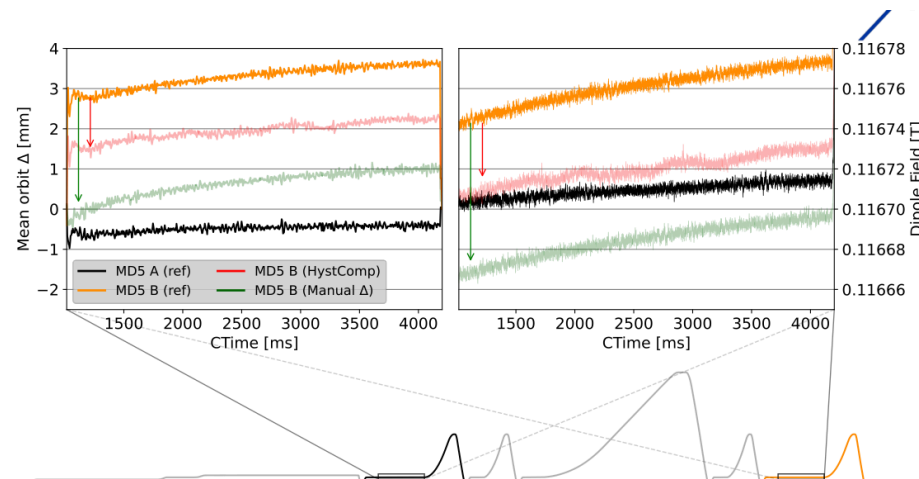
WP4 - Hysteresis Compensation

Goal: generic way of feedforward correction of field changes by predicting hysteresis and eddy current effects with AI

Pilot during run 3 for SPS main dipoles and quadrupoles, sextupoles and octupoles

Status: field prediction satisfies the required accuracy of 10 ppm, but BTRAIN data does not include all dynamic effects. Needs to be learned based on beam data.

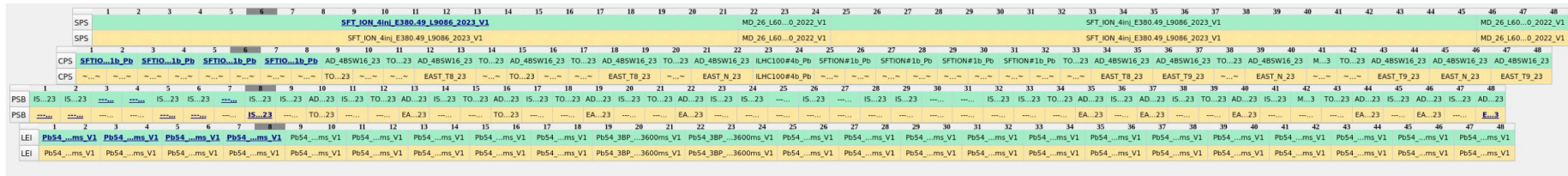
Next: full "eddy current compensation", quadrupoles, sextupoles, octupoles and other machines.



Courtesy Anton Lu

WP1 - Dynamic Beam Scheduling

Beam scheduling = constrained scheduling problem across injectors



IEF'21 workshop analysis → current **beam scheduling** has severe impact on resources needed to run accelerators and on efficiency

- * Statistics: 20-100 clicks to change supercycle = 2-25 min; 40-60 times/24 h

Status 2024

- Prepared new scheduler application with template supercycles across complex
 - * Allows to integrate different types of algorithms. I.e. OR tools constraint programming,...

Plans 2025

- No supercycles programmed anymore, beams to be scheduled by scheduler

WP8 - Automate Equipment

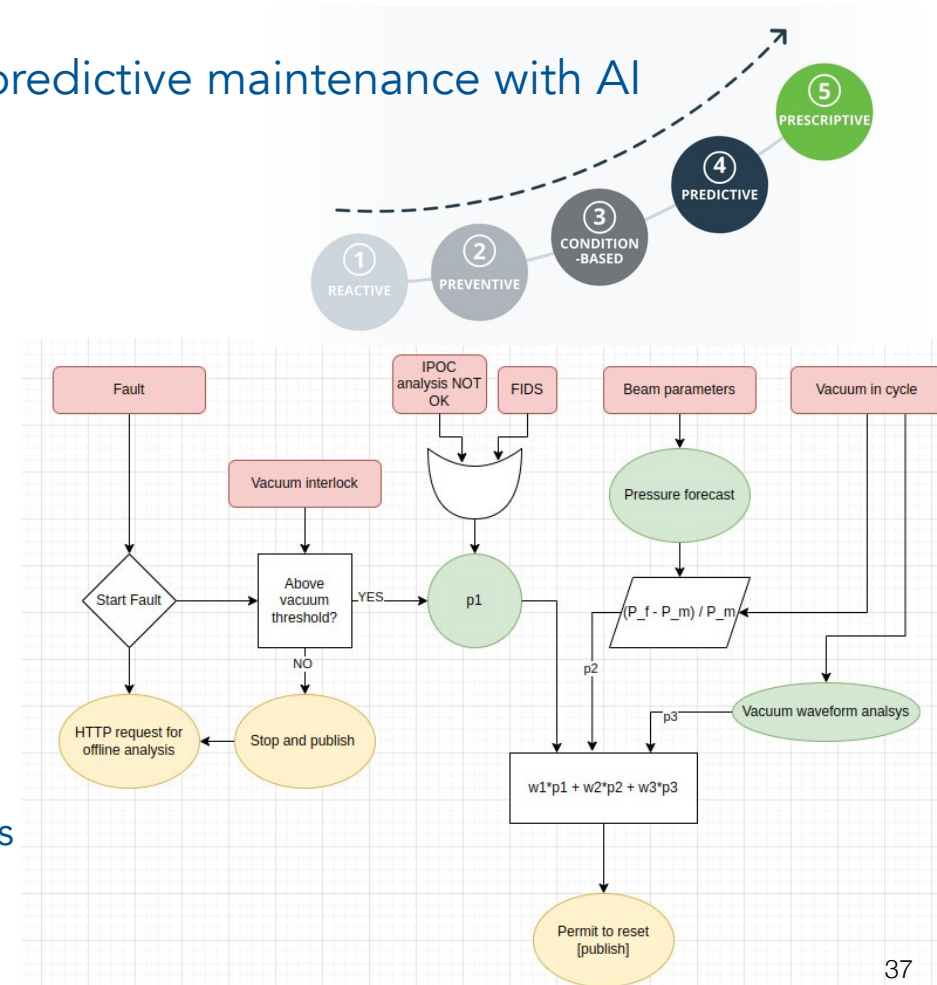


Goal during run 3: **define new paradigm** of *smart* and *agile* equipment integration and exploitation

- auto-configure, auto-analyse, auto-recover, → predictive maintenance with AI
- Driven by the equipment groups
- Main implementation during LS3

Expected **efficiency improvements during run 3:**

- Pilot implementations of parts of framework
- Examples:
 - * SY/RF & OP/PS: Controlled auto-resets of PS RF trips and improved fault tracking
 - * SY/ABT: Controlled SPS kicker vacuum interlock auto-resets during LHC high intensity tests

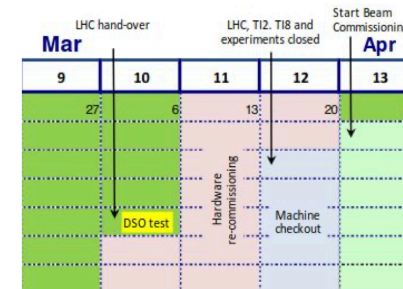


WP7 - Automatic Equipment Testing

From the project definition:

Context and goal

- HW commissioning and ISTs are crucial for smooth machine restart
- Any gain of time → potentially more physics !
- Repeatability and trust → process robustness and traceability
- Automated testing across the complex :
 - Less stress on the operations team
 - Execution and Analysis defined by system experts
 - Automatic reports and checklists



Start a Run with a fully automated HW commissioning campaign and ISTs for LHC and injectors

Goal for 2025: AccTesting for PS power converters and LHC collimators

- Integrate EPC Picasso (EPC Python platform for testing) in AccTesting

Expected status end of run 3

- Automated beam scheduling based on requests by users
- Automated LHC filling preparation and orchestration
- All standard physics tuning automated
 - * Solution for transient trims and BCD dependent trimming
- Hysteresis and other dynamic effects in the SPS compensated
 - * First results for modelling based on simulation
- First automated HWC tests in injectors and extended automated HWC in LHC
- Measurable availability improvement from automatic equipment resets and reconfiguration for pilot systems
- Framework for equipment automation partially available

In summary



The **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA)** project has been put in place



In summary

The **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA)** project has been put in place

to improve on various efficiency limiting aspects through **automation** and also **improved modelling** (e.g. hysteresis prediction).

- Including AI/ML techniques at scale



In summary

The **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA)** project has been put in place

to improve on various efficiency limiting aspects through **automation** and also **improved modelling** (e.g. hysteresis prediction).

- Including AI/ML techniques at scale

The project was given 5 years to be ready with improvements for the HL-LHC era

In summary

The **Efficient Particle Accelerators (EPA)** project has been put in place

to improve on various efficiency limiting aspects through **automation** and also **improved modelling** (e.g. hysteresis prediction).

- Including AI/ML techniques at scale

The project was given 5 years to be ready with improvements for the HL-LHC era

→ with EPA CERN is preparing a new accelerator exploitation paradigm

→ blazing the trail for the FCC

