

Thermal Leptogenesis

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Zimányi School, 6th of December 2024.

Particle physics

- Quantum Field Theory (QFT)
- $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{SM}} = \mathrm{SU}(3)_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{SU}(2)_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{U}(1)_{\mathrm{Y}}$
- Particle content:
 - Quarks

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- Charged leptons
- Neutrinos
- Higgs boson
- Gauge bosons

<u>Cosmology</u>

- **ACDM**: FLRW + SM + BSM
- General relativity (background)
- QFT (particle processes)

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- **ACDM**: FLRW + SM + **BSM**
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- Energy content of Universe (Ω_i) :
 - Relativistic matter $(\gamma + \nu)$
 - Non-relativistic matter (Baryonic matter + DM)
 - Dark energy (vacuum, ???)

Particle physics

- Quantum Field Theory (QFT)
- $\mathbf{G}_{\mathbf{SM}} = \mathrm{SU}(3)_{\mathrm{c}} \times \mathrm{SU}(2)_{\mathrm{L}} \times \mathrm{U}(1)_{\mathrm{V}}$
- Particle content:
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- QFT (particle processes)
- Energy content of Universe (Ω_i) :
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- Why is this not . A Non-relativistic matter (Baryonic matter) DM)
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 - 3. DEVIATION FROM EQUILIBRIUM



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 - 1. BARYON NUMBER VIOLATION: sphaleron process
 - 2. C AND CP VIOLATION: CP violation in the CKM matrix
 - 3. DEVIATION FROM EQUILIBRIUM: Phase transitions

Electroweak baryogenesis possible?



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 - 1. BARYON NUMBER VIOLATION: sphaleron process
 - 2. C and CP violation: CP violation in the CKM matrix-
 - 3. Deviation from equilibrium: Phase transitions-





* (It can still be fixed with a bit of tinkering...)



Matter-antimatter asymmetry – Leptogenesis

• Idea: Generate ΔL instead of $\Delta B \rightarrow$ Use sphaleron processes to convert







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- Baryon asymmetry via leptogenesis
- SAKHAROV CONDITIONS:
 - 1. BARYON NUMBER VIOLATION \rightarrow sphaleron process
 - 2. C AND CP VIOLATION \rightarrow CP violation in HNL decays
 - 3. DEVIATION FROM EQUILIBRIUM \rightarrow HNL decays



This	is	OK
This	is	OK
This	is	OK











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CP violation proportional to the imaginary part of HNL decay diagrams:









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[K.Seller, Zs.Szép, Z.Trócsányi, 2024.]

$$\begin{split} &\int_{K_1} \Im \tilde{W}_{R;RR} \big(\{P_N, P_L\}, K_1 \big) = -2\pi^2 \int \frac{d^4 K_1}{(2\pi)^4} \Big\{ \\ & \operatorname{sgn}(k_1^0) \operatorname{sgn}(k_2^0) \mathcal{P} \frac{1}{K_3^2 - \overline{m}_{N_j}^2} \delta(K_1^2 - \overline{m}_L^2) \delta(K_2^2 - \overline{m}_{\phi}^2) \big[f_F(k_1^0) + f_B(k_2^0) \big] \quad (1) \\ & + \operatorname{sgn}(k_1^0) \operatorname{sgn}(k_3^0) \mathcal{P} \frac{1}{K_2^2 - \overline{m}_{\phi}^2} \delta(K_1^2 - \overline{m}_L^2) \delta(K_3^2 - \overline{m}_{N_j}^2) \big[f_F(k_1^0) - f_F(k_3^0) \big] \quad (2) \\ & + \operatorname{sgn}(k_2^0) \operatorname{sgn}(k_3^0) \mathcal{P} \frac{1}{K_1^2 - \overline{m}_L^2} \delta(K_2^2 - \overline{m}_{\phi}^2) \delta(K_3^2 - \overline{m}_{N_j}^2) \big[f_F(k_3^0) + f_B(k_2^0) \big] \Big\} \quad (3) \end{split}$$

Something like this...

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[K.Seller, Zs.Szép, Z.Trócsányi, 2024.]

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Matter-antimatter asymmetry – Thermal masses

- Universe filled with hot and rapidly interacting plasma
- Particles traversing the plasma get screened due to interactions
 - Particles gain an effective "thermal mass"
- Thermal mass proportional to coupling and temperature $M_{\rm T} \propto g T$
- Calculated from self energy diagrams in finite T field theory, e.g.:





Matter-antimatter asymmetry – Thermal masses

Thermal mass proportional to coupling and temperature $M_{\rm T} \propto gT$



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Matter-antimatter asymmetry – Boltzmann equations

Calculate the particle abundance in the expanding Universe in the presence of number changing particle interactions

- 1. HNLs out of equilibrium (Sakharov III.)
- 2. ΔL generated by out of equilibrium decays of HNLs
- 1. ∂_t (HNL abundance) = (HNL producing reactions)
- 2. $\partial_t (\Delta L \text{ abundance}) = \varepsilon (\text{HNL decay rate}) (\Delta L \text{ washout by scatterings})$

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$$sHz \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathcal{Y}_{\Delta \mathrm{L}}}{\mathrm{d}z} \simeq \gamma_{\mathrm{D}} \left[\mathcal{E} \left(\frac{\mathcal{Y}_{N}}{\mathcal{Y}_{N}^{\mathrm{eq}}} - 1 \right) - \frac{\mathcal{Y}_{\Delta \mathrm{L}}}{\mathcal{Y}_{\ell}^{\mathrm{eq}}} \right] - \frac{\mathcal{Y}_{\Delta \mathrm{L}}}{\mathcal{Y}_{\ell}^{\mathrm{eq}}} \left[2\gamma_{N,s}^{\mathrm{sub.}} + 4\gamma_{N,t} + \gamma_{\phi,s} \frac{\mathcal{Y}_{N}}{\mathcal{Y}_{N}^{\mathrm{eq}}} + 2\gamma_{\phi,t} \right]$$
$$sHz \frac{\mathrm{d}\mathcal{Y}_{N}}{\mathrm{d}z} \simeq \left(1 - \frac{\mathcal{Y}_{N}}{\mathcal{Y}_{N}^{\mathrm{eq}}} \right) \left(\gamma_{\chi} + \gamma_{\mathrm{D}} + 2\gamma_{\phi,s} + 4\gamma_{\phi,t} \right) \qquad \text{washout}$$



Summary

- Cosmology necessarily involves BSM physics
- Particle physics sees (almost?) nothing while cosmology needs vast quantities of unknown matter/energy
- Advancements in experimental techniques allow us to probe the Universe closer and closer to the very beginning
- Leptogenesis easily/naturally solvable by particle physics
 - Adding RHNs to SM can basically solve everything (neutrino mass/DM/B)



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