

Elliptic flow of deuterons in heavy-ion collisions

Tomáš Poledníček^a, Boris Tomášik^{a,b}



^aFaculty of Nuclear Sciences and Physical Engineering, Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic

^bUniverzita Mateja Bela, Banská Bystrica, Slovakia



Key Insights and Results

- **Hybrid model:**
 - Trento3D - vHLLE - SMASH
 - Initial conditions \rightarrow QGP evolution \rightarrow Hadronic phase
- **Tuning of parameters (Trento3D, vHLLE)**
 - Spectra in p_t
 - $v_2(p_t)$ increases with p_t
 - Agreement observed $v_2(p_t)$ for kaons, pions, and protons
 - Centrality effects are captured well by the model
- **Prediction of direct deuterons production**
 - Intermediate p_t discrepancies noted for deuterons
 - First results for coalescence
- **Conclusion and outlook:**
 - The hybrid model demonstrates overall good agreement $v_2(p_t)$ with data, especially for kaons, protons, and pions
 - Outlook:
 - We aim to incorporate explicit coalescence models into the hybrid framework to compare predictions for deuterons

