

# Study of Upsilon-pion azimuthal correlations

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#### Upsilon meson

The Upsilon meson is classified as a bottomonium, a bound state composed of a bottom quark and its corresponding antiquark. The Upsilon was discovered in 1977 at Fermilab by a team led by Leon Lederman. The Upsilon meson exists in multiple energy states, including the ground state  $\Upsilon(1S)$  and excited states such as  $\Upsilon(2S)$  and  $\Upsilon(3S)$ . The production of Upsilon is described by models:

- Color octet model  $Q\bar{Q}$  are produced directly in a colour neutral state in association with a gluon
- Color singlet model  $Q\bar{Q}$  can be produced in any coloured or colour-neutral state

The goal is to investigate CS and CO Upsilon production mechanism by studying Upsilon-hadron azimuthal correlations.

### **Similar Measurements**

- Azimuthal correlation between  $D^{*\pm}$  and charged hadrons measured by the STAR experiment in p + p collisions at the centreof-mass energy  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV [4].
- Signal extraction formula:

$$C_{signal} = C(\Delta \varphi)_{RS} - \frac{BG_{RS}}{BG_{SB}}C(\Delta \varphi)_{SB},$$

where BG is background, RS are  $D^{*\pm}$  candidates and SB stands for side-band background.



### **Theoretical Predictions**

- Away-side double peak is predicted in p+p collisions of the photon (central) and pion (forward).
- The correlation function  $C(\Delta \varphi)$  for the DY pair  $(\gamma^* \rightarrow l\bar{l})$  and pion production in p + p collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV [1].
- The double peak structure of  $C(\Delta \varphi)$  arises only for pions at large forward rapidities.
- The double peak is expected also for  $\Upsilon$ -hadron azimuthal correlations.



#### Simulations

- $\Upsilon$ -hadron correlation from PYTHIA simulation [2].
- Only charged pions and directly produced  $\Upsilon(1S)$  without feeddown contribution via CS channel.



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- Upsilon-hadron correlation from experiment STAR using p + pcollisions at the center-of-mass energy  $\sqrt{s} = 200$  GeV from Run 9 and PYTHIA simulation [3].
- My aim is to study the Upsilon-pion azimuthal correlations in p+p $\sqrt{s} = 500$  GeV collisions. Upsilons will be identified in the e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>-</sup> channel at velocities |y| < 1 and pions at |y| < 1. I will compare the results with PYTHIA to see if we are sensitive to the production mechanism and feed-down.

#### Summary

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- The  $\Upsilon$ -hadron correlations are characterized by an away-side peak at  $\Delta \varphi = \pi$ .
- The double peak was not observed in the PYTHIA simulations contrary to the theoretical predictions.
- Analysis is a work in progress.
- The aim is to get the similar results like in [4], but for Upsilon.

#### References

- [1] E. Basso et al., PoS, EPS-HEP2015, 191 (2016)
- O. Mezhenska, SQM 2024







[4] L. Ma, Nucl. Part. Phys. Proc. 289–290 (2017) 329–332