

Theory panel

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UNIVERSITÀ
degli STUDI
di CATANIA



DIPARTIMENTO DI
FISICA E
ASTRONOMIA
"ETTORE MAJORANA"



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare

Thanks to:

V. Greco , M.L. Sambaturo,
V. Minissale, S. K. Das, Y. Sun

HQ link to Lattice QCD at finite T

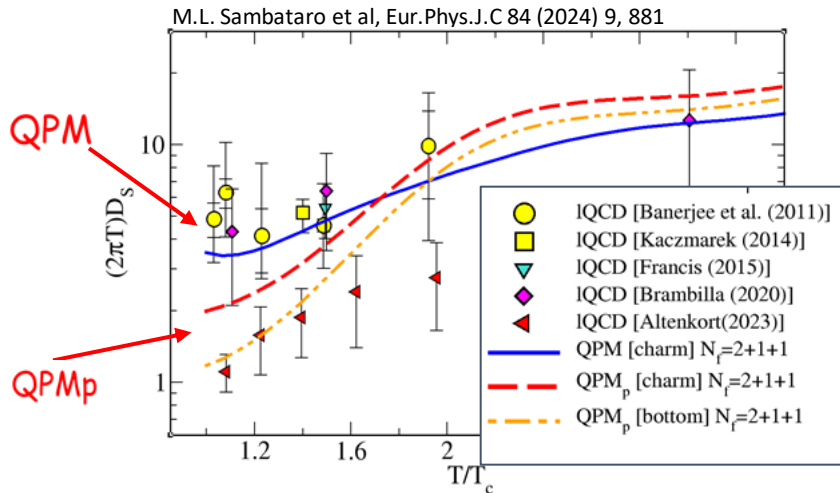
Ab-initio Diffusion Transport Coefficient

Spectral function ρ_E extracted from euclidean color-electric correlator $D_E(\tau) \rightarrow$

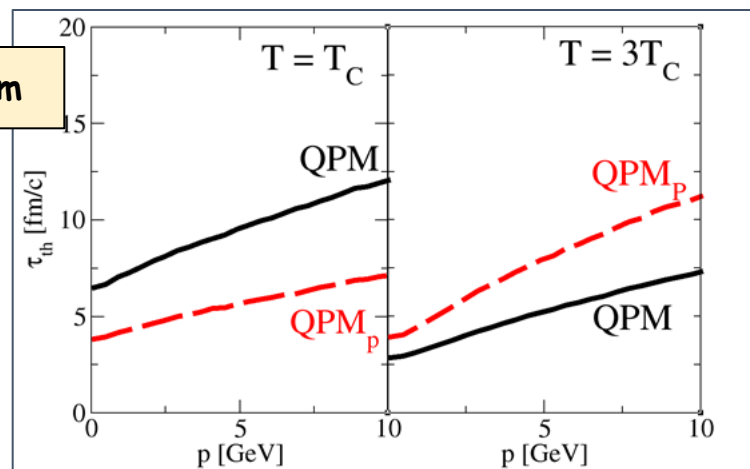
Kubo formula diffusion in the $p \rightarrow 0$ limit: $\frac{D_p}{T^3} = \lim_{\omega \rightarrow 0} \frac{T \rho_E(\omega)}{\omega}$

$$D_s = \frac{T^2}{D_p} = \frac{T}{M_{QV}} = \frac{T}{M_Q} \tau_{th}$$

M.L. Sambaturo et al, Eur.Phys.J.C 84 (2024) 9, 881



τ_{th} for charm



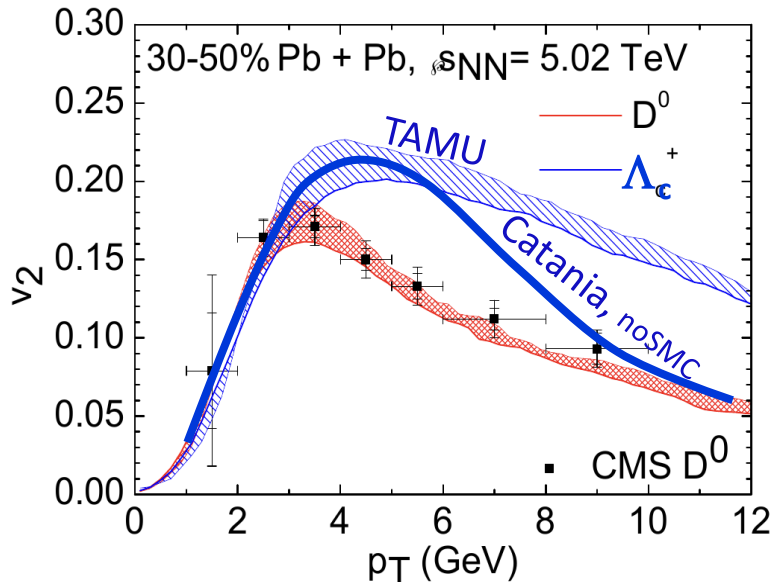
HQ allow for developing a NRQCD EFT at finite T
& many-body T-matrix from $V(r,T)$ by LQCD

Hadronization mechanism through elliptic flow

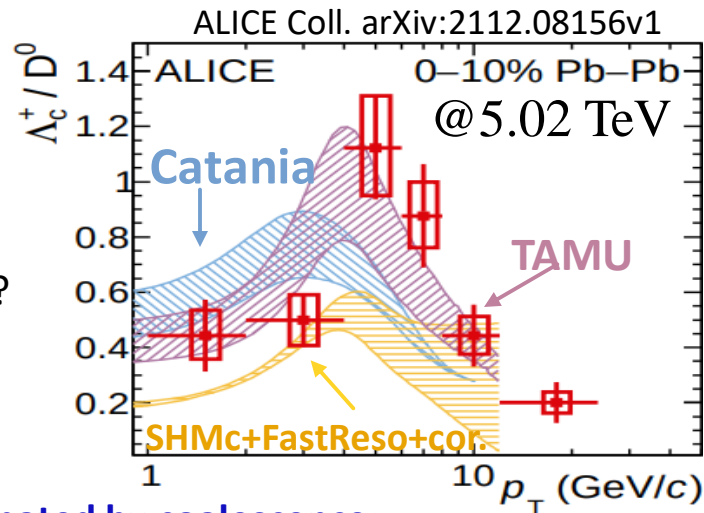
If Λ_c enhancement of the yield comes from quark coalescence it should be associated to

→ Large v_2 of $\Lambda_c \sim v_{2c} \left(\frac{m_c}{m_\Lambda} p_T \right) + 2 v_{2q} \left(\frac{m_q}{m_\Lambda} p_T \right)$

→ Effect to be measured in AA; will it be seen also in pp?



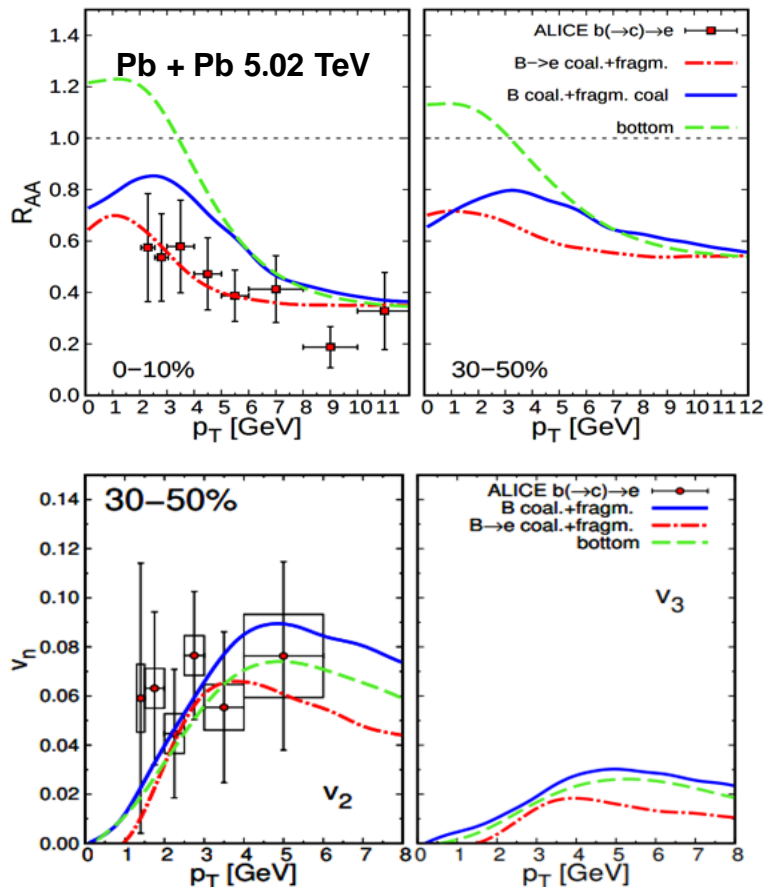
He and Rapp, PRL 2020



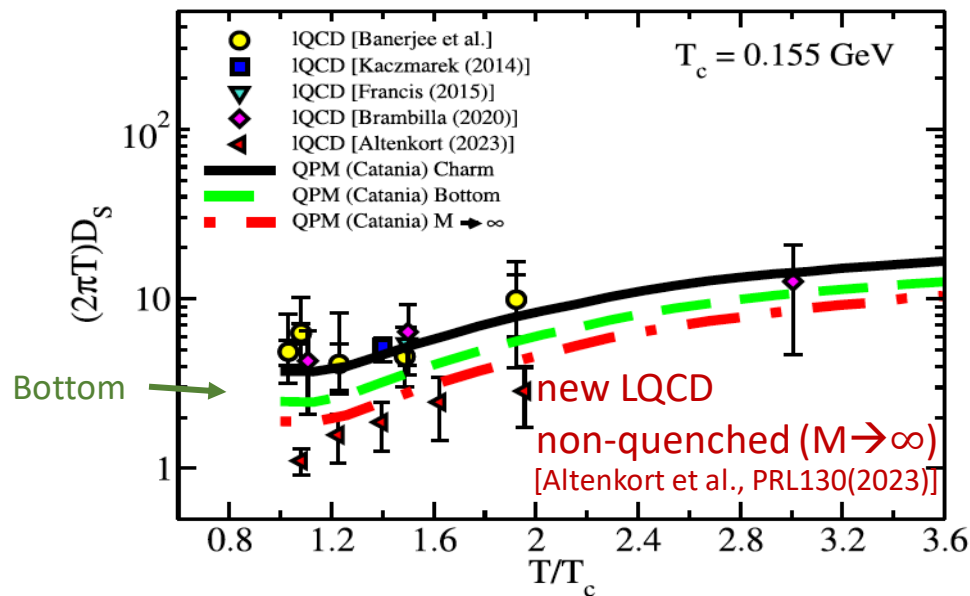
- ✓ Λ_c dominated by coalescence:
 p_T range? self-consistent with Λ_c/D ratio?
- Would PYHTIA-CR predict finite v_2 of D , Λ_c in pp?
by String shoving? Can it predict D , Λ_c systematic for v_2 ?

Methods/tools of AA allow better insight into hadronization in pp!?

Extension to bottom dynamics: R_{AA} V_2 , V_3



- Agreement within still large uncertainty
- QPM implies a mass dependence of $D_s(T)$, not seen in LQCD/NRQCD



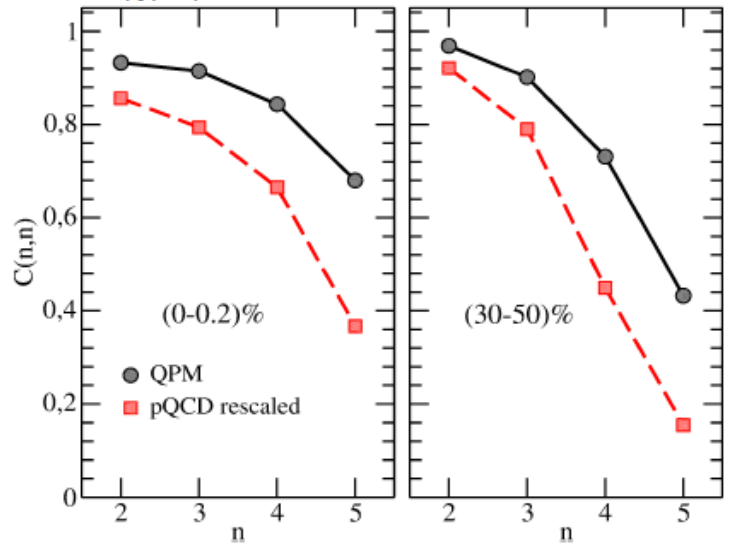
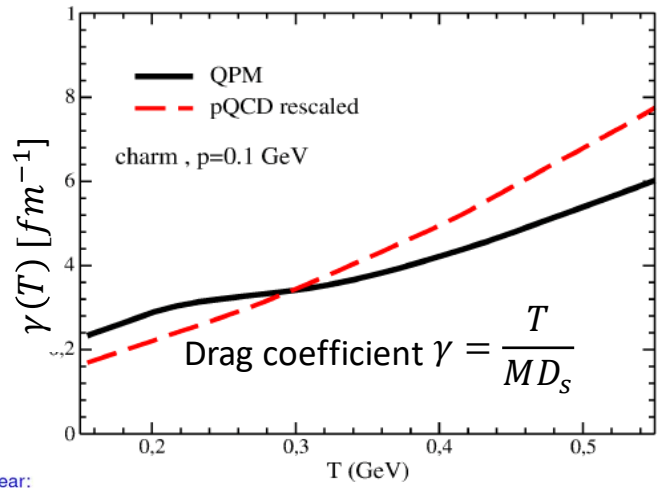
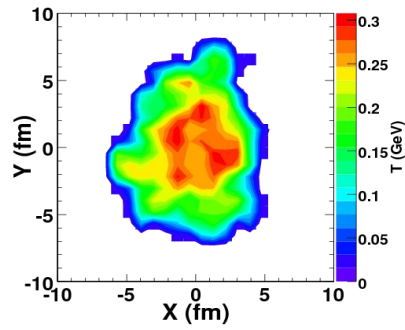
M.L. Sambaturo et al., *PLB* 849(2024)

HL-LHC allows to access v_n light-HQ correlation

Event-by-event coupling of the anisotropy of the bulk (light) and the charm (heavy) one
 → Much more precise determination of the strength interaction: drag $\gamma \sim 1/D_s$

$$C(v_n^{light}, v_m^{heavy}) = \left\langle \frac{(v_n^{light} - \langle v_n^{light} \rangle)(v_m^{heavy} - \langle v_m^{heavy} \rangle)}{\sigma_{v_n^{light}} \sigma_{v_m^{heavy}}} \right\rangle$$

Very large sensitivity to T dep. of D_s



When including fluctuations, all moments appear:

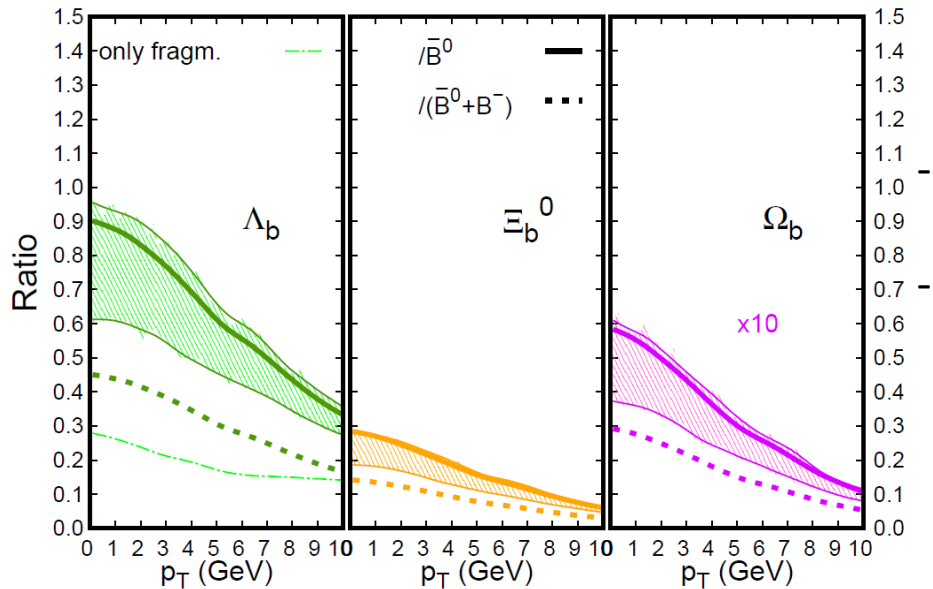


S. Plumari et al., Phys.Lett.B 805 (2020)

All at fixed $R_{AA}(p_T)$

Small systems: Coalescence in pp? (bottom hadrons)

V. Minissale et al, arXiv:2405.19244 [hep-ph]

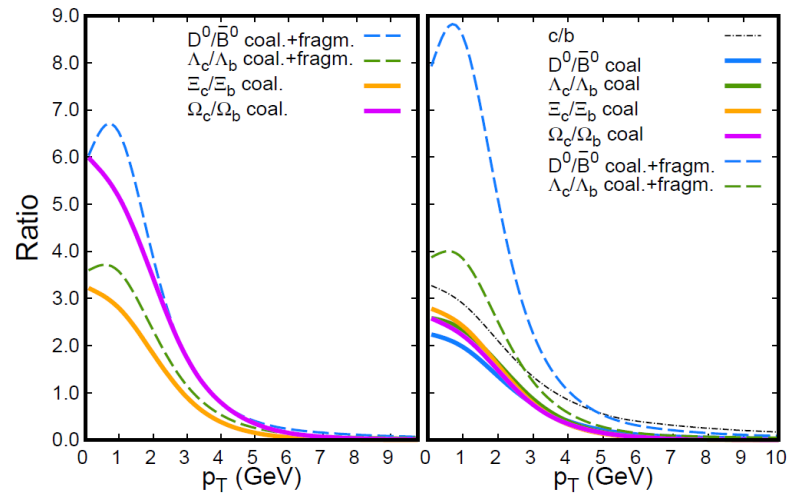


Coal gives enhancement of Baryon/meson ratio

Error band correspond to $\langle r^2 \rangle$ uncertainty in quark model

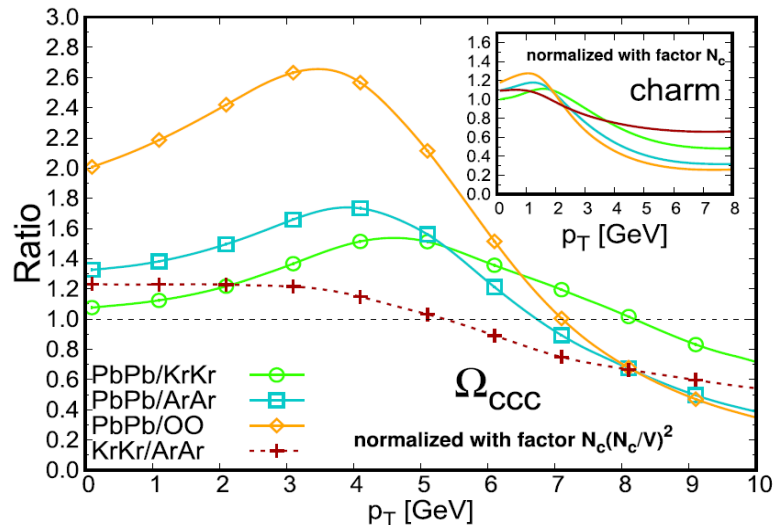
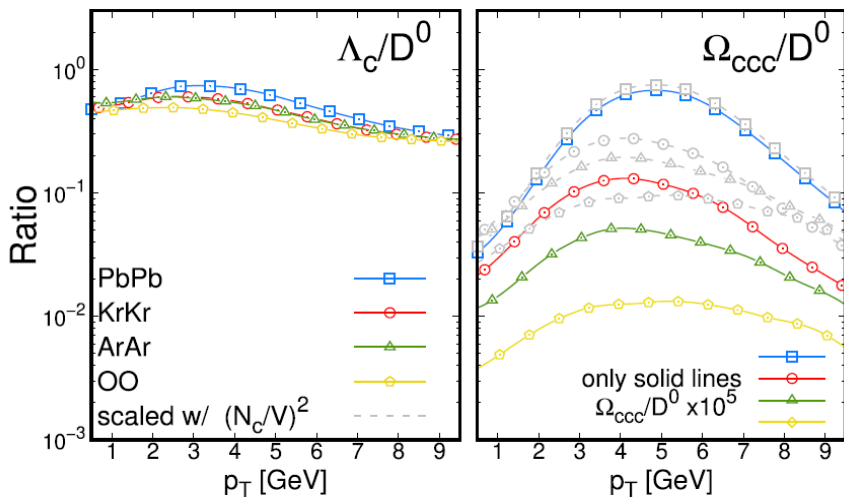
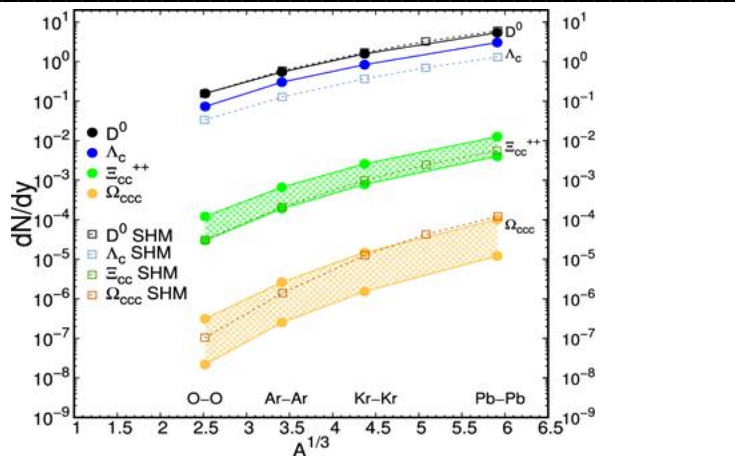
D/B , Λ_c/Λ_b , Ξ_c/Ξ_b , Ω_c/Ω_b provide information about hadronization and $f(c)/f(b)$

Scaling if only coal. is assumed



Multi-charm in PbPb-KrKr-ArAr-OO

V. Minissale, et al., *Eur. Phys. J. C* 84, no.3, 228 (2024)



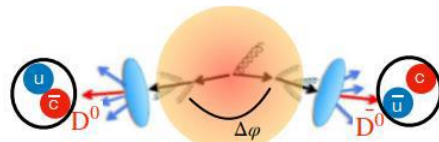
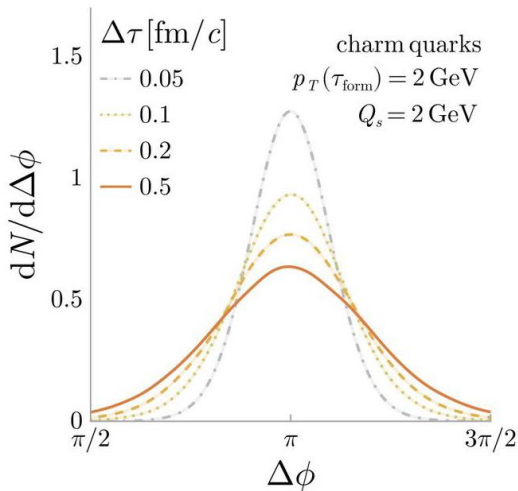
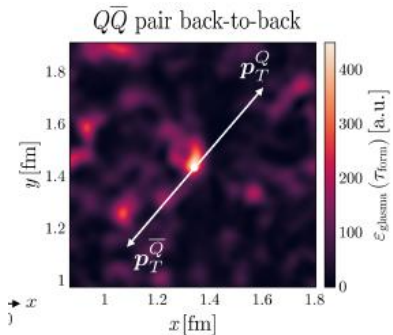
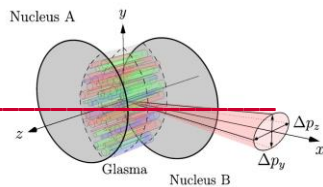
Expected scaling at full equilibrium with $N_c (N_c/V)^{c-1}$

- *It can be a meter of non-equilibrium.*
- *Translation of features of charm spectra at low p_T in to higher momentum region.*
- *Ω_{ccc}/D^0 more sensitive with respect to Λ_c/D^0*

Glasma impact on angular $Q\bar{Q}$

First study of azimuthal $Q\bar{Q}$ correlation: large decorrelation in only **0.2 fm/c**

Significant effect of glasma on HQ!



pA collision should keep memory of it especially correlating it to R_{AA} , v_n :

- identify Glasma phase
- solve the puzzle of $R_{pA} \sim 1$ and v_2 large

Nearly **identical for bottom** despite mass [smaller t_{form}]

Calculation in SU(3) +longitudinal expansion

