

FCC-ee positron linac design

Y. Zhao, A. Latina, CERN

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Positron production

- Electrons

- $E = 2.86 \text{ GeV}$. $\sigma_E / E = 0.5\%^{\dagger}$. $\sigma_z = 1 \text{ mm}$
- $\sigma_{x,y} = 1 \text{ mm}$. $\epsilon_{n,x,y} = 4 \text{ mm}^* \text{mrad}^{\dagger}$. Emittance can be larger or smaller, but the impact on positron yield is negligible

- Target

- Conventional scheme (i.e. cylindrical shape, single amorphous tungsten)
- Radius: $R = 15 \text{ mm}$. Radius can be reduced to the minimum of 5 mm
- Thickness: $W = 15 \text{ mm}$

[†] Numbers suggested by S. Bettoni from e^- linac simulation

Capture section

- AMD

- HTS solenoid. 2D field. $B_0 \sim 14.94$ T
- Target exit position: 40 mm (w.r.t. HTS B_0)

- Matching solenoid

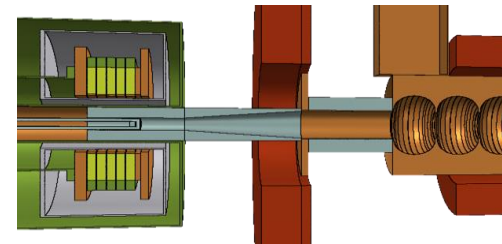
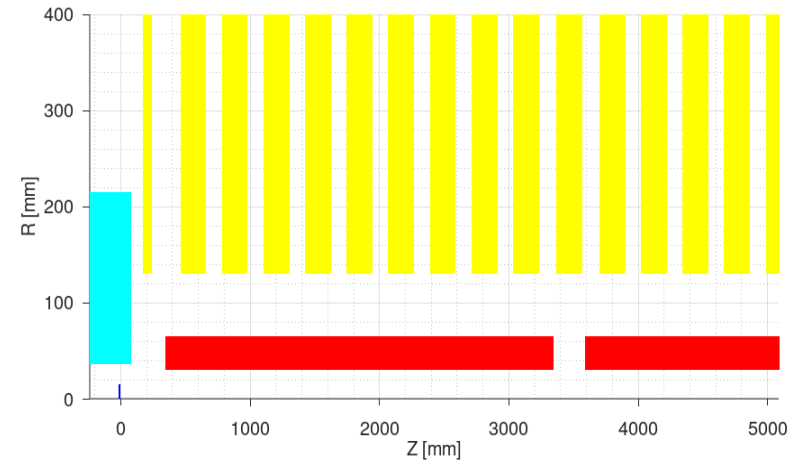
- $L = 72$ mm. 3D field (Maxwell3D)
- $B_0 \sim 0.245$ T
- Center position: 244 mm (w.r.t HTS B_0)

- Shielding

- Tapered aperture (optimized by WP3). Impact on yield is negligible

- Capture Linac (CL)

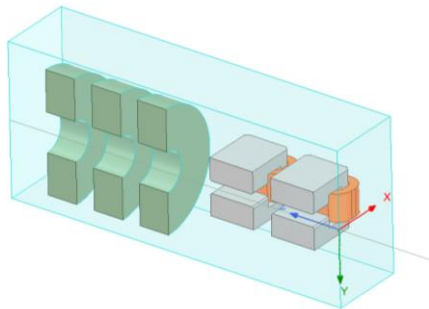
- RF structure length: 3 m. Iris radius: $a_0 = 30$ mm (constant)
- $N = 6$, $G = 13.3$ MV/m, $\phi = [235 \ 231 \ 233 \ 251 \ 286 \ 257]^\circ$ (reoptimized by WP3)
- Regular solenoids: $L = 200$ mm. 3D field (Maxwell3D). $B_0 \sim 0.31$ T. $N = 9$ (per structure)



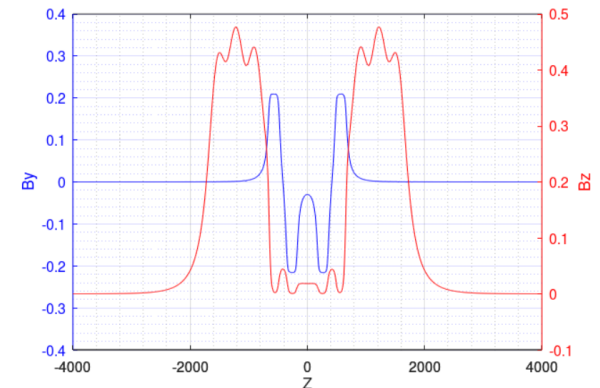
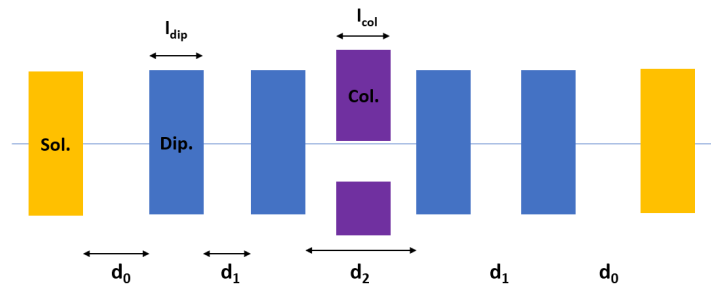
M. Daugaard

Chicane

- Chicane – “V2” (Collaboration with R. Zennaro)
 - Combined simulation of chicane (four dipoles) and 6 neighboring solenoids. Therefore, parameters (lengths, apertures, distances) are fixed by design
 - Dispersion closed by increasing 2% the current of middle dipoles
 - 3D field (Maxwell3D)
 - Dipole yoke length: $l_{\text{dip}} = 180 \text{ mm}$
 - Apertures of beam pipe: $\Delta x = 150 \text{ mm}$, $\Delta y = 50 \text{ mm}$ (yoke aperture is 70 mm)
 - Distances between dipole yokes: $d_1 = 125 \text{ mm}$, $d_2 = 350 \text{ mm}$
 - Distance between solenoid and dipole yoke: $d_0 = 125 \text{ m}$



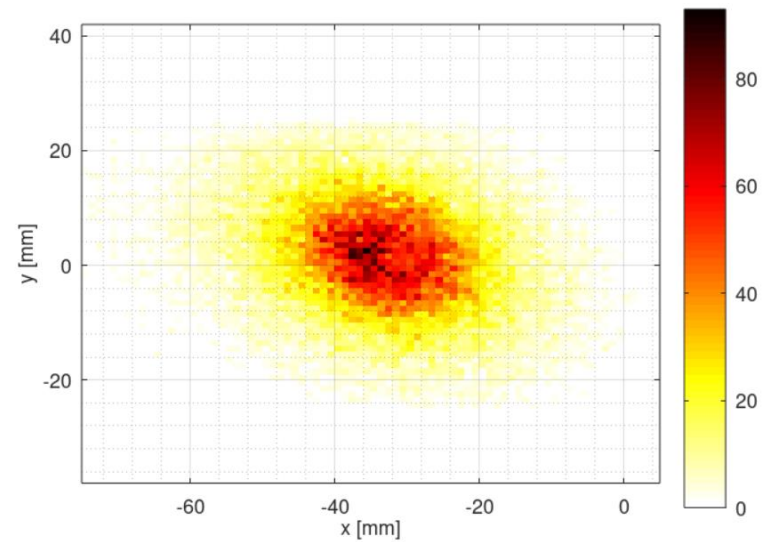
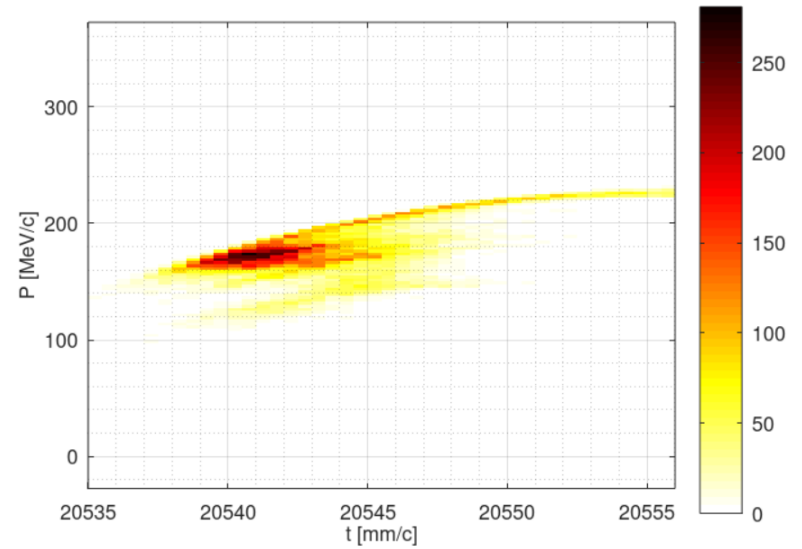
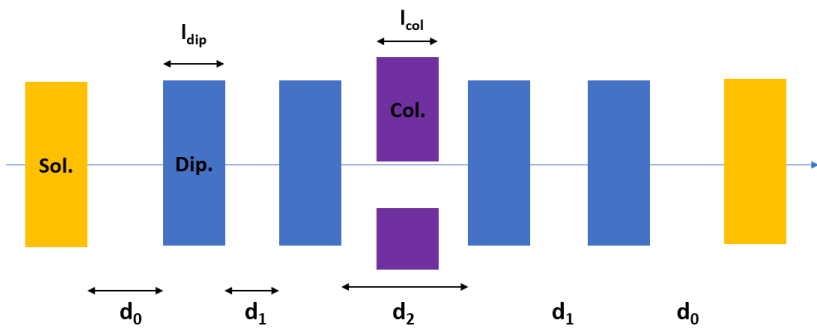
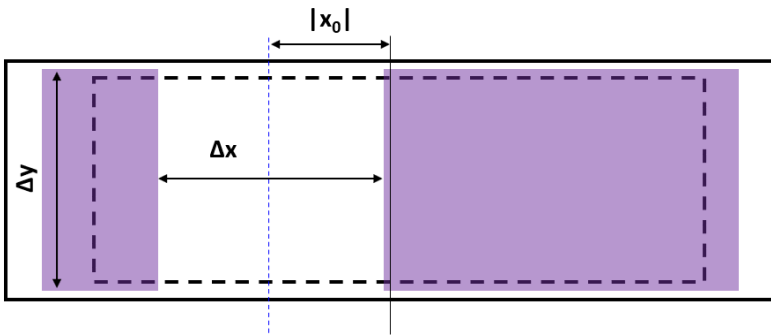
¼ view



Collimator

- Collimator

- Length: $l_{\text{col}} = 120$ mm
- Apertures: $\Delta x = 70$ mm, $\Delta y = 50$ mm
- X offset: $x_0 = -35$ mm



Positron linac design

- Section 1 (S1)
 - Same structure and solenoids as Capture Linac
 - $N = 20$, $G = 13.3 \text{ MV/m}$, $\phi = -10^\circ$ (optimized for max. yield)
 - Average energy (around bunch core) at exit: 931.7 MeV
- Section 2 (S2)
 - Same structure as Capture Linac
 - Periodic FODO cells. 2 structures per FODO cell. FODO phase advance: 76.345° (optimized for min. beta)
 - Quadrupole length: 0.4 m. Quadrupole-Structure distance: 0.15 m. Quadrupole spacing: 3.3 m
 - $N = 52$, $G = 12.756 \text{ MV/m}$, $\phi = 5^\circ$ (optimized for max. yield)
 - Average energy (around bunch core) at exit: 2.866 GeV

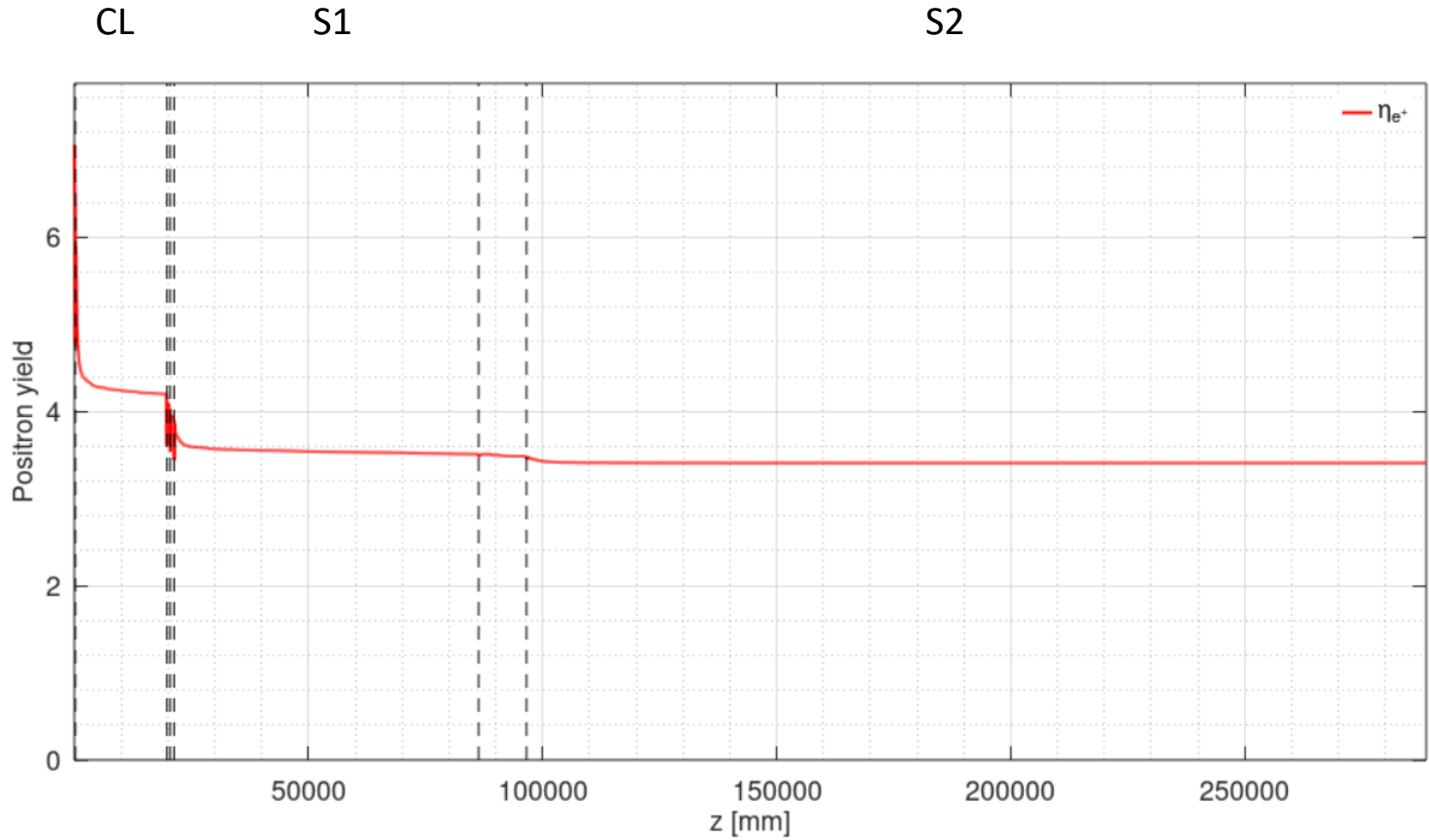
Parameter	Value
Collective effects considered	Space charge; Short-range wakefield
Primary electron bunch charge assumed for collective effects [nC]	5.0
Bunch length (around bunch core) at PL exit [mm]	3.0
Energy spread (around bunch core) at PL exit [%]	0.95
Total positron yield (all positrons) at PL exit	3.41
Expected DR accepted yield with $\pm 2\%$ energy acceptance at PL exit	3.01
Normalized X, Y emittances (accepted positrons) at PL exit [mm*rad]	13.1, 13.0
Geometric X, Y emittances at (accepted positrons) PL exit [mm*mrad]	2.34, 2.32

Positron linac power consumption

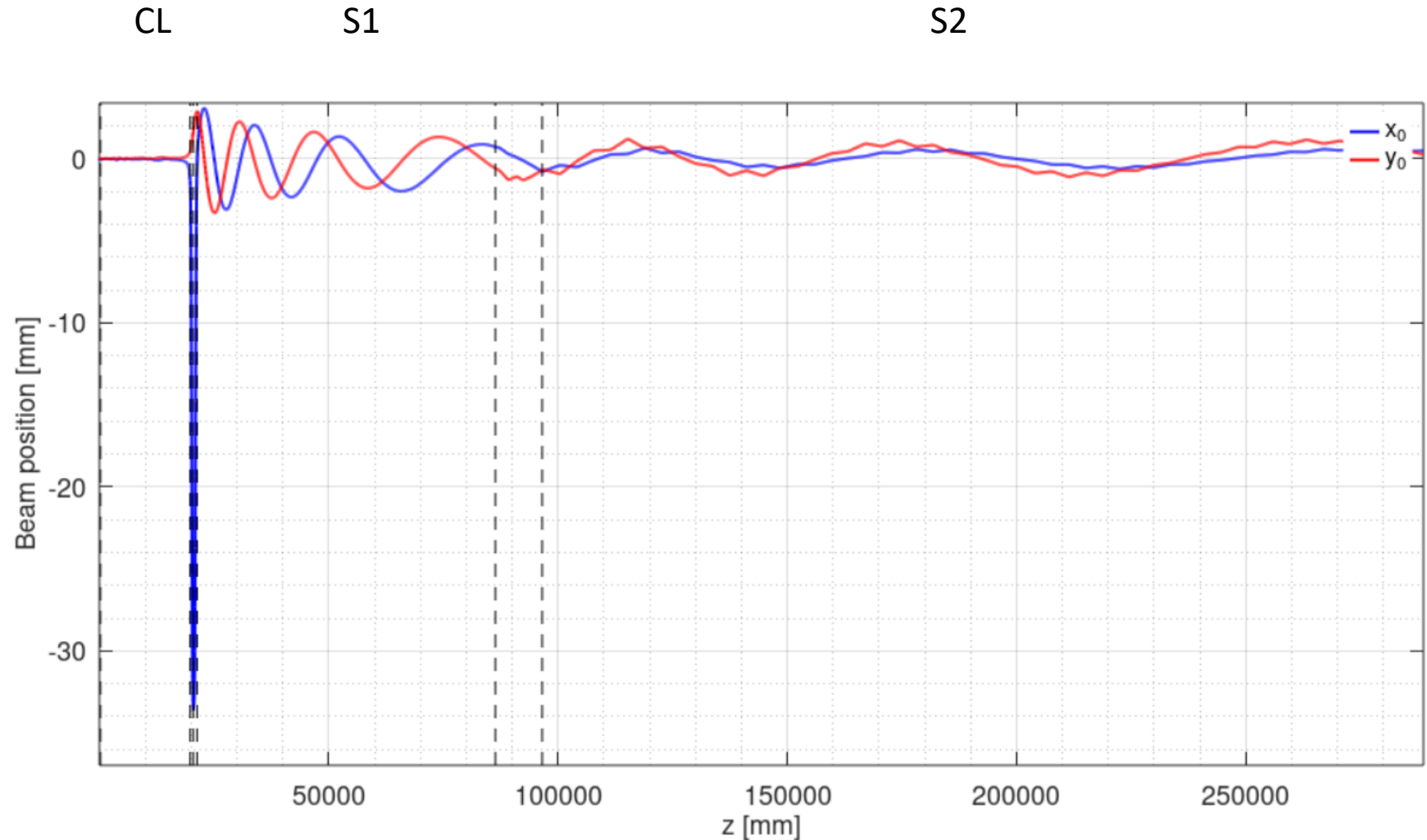
- **Power consumption in Positron Linac** (based on discussion with J. Raguin)

Parameter	Value
Average gradients in S1, S2 [MV/m]	~13
Number of structures per RF module	4
Number of structures in S1, S2 (w/ spare module)	[20, 52+4]
Total number of RF modules (w/ spare module)	5+13+1 = 19
Total number of solenoids	20*10 = 200
Total number of quadrupoles	~52+4 = 56
RF power consumption [MW]	19*0.19 = 3.61
Solenoid power consumption [MW]	200*0.016 = 3.20
Quadrupole power consumption [MW]	Neglected
Total power consumption [MW]	6.81

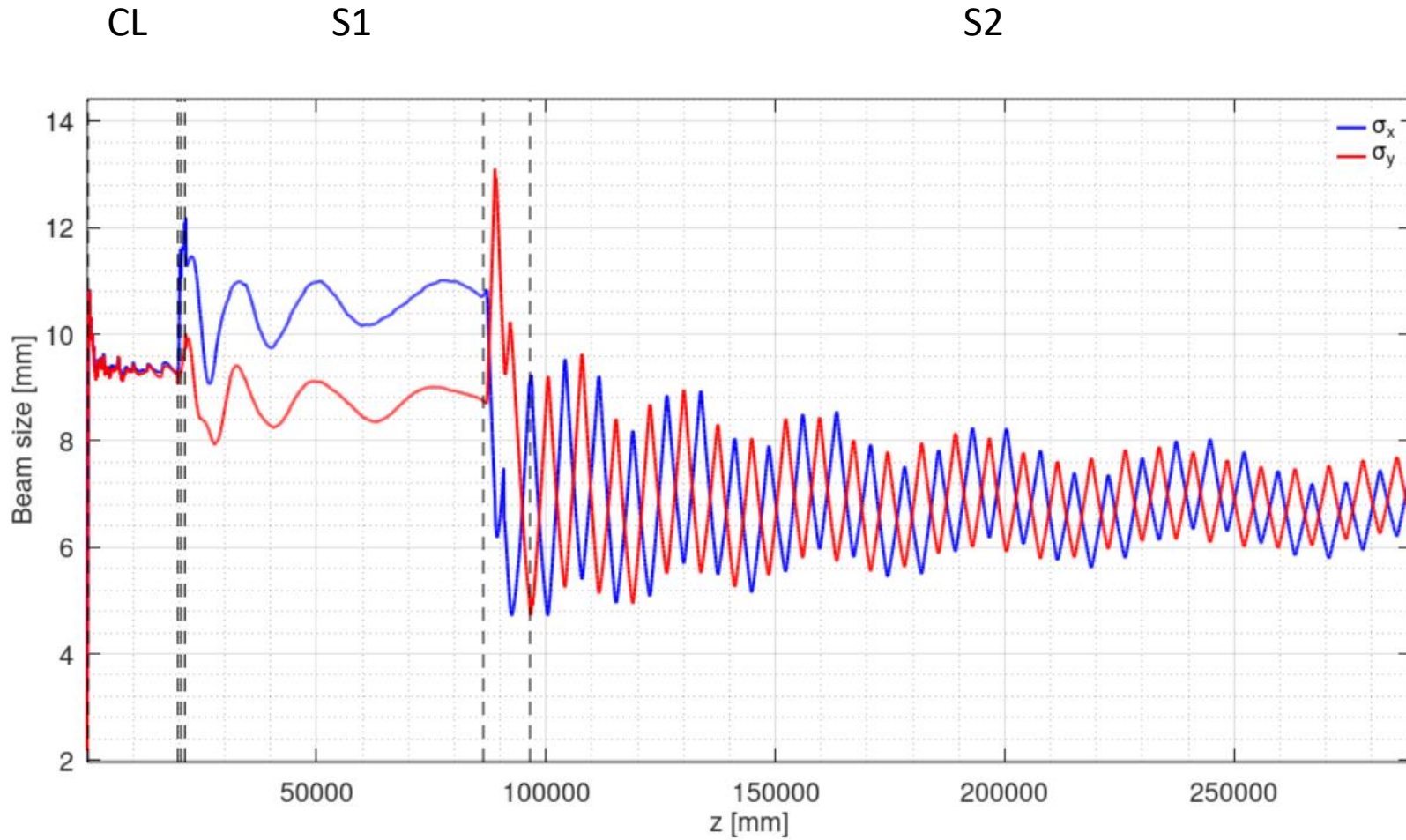
Yield evolution along z



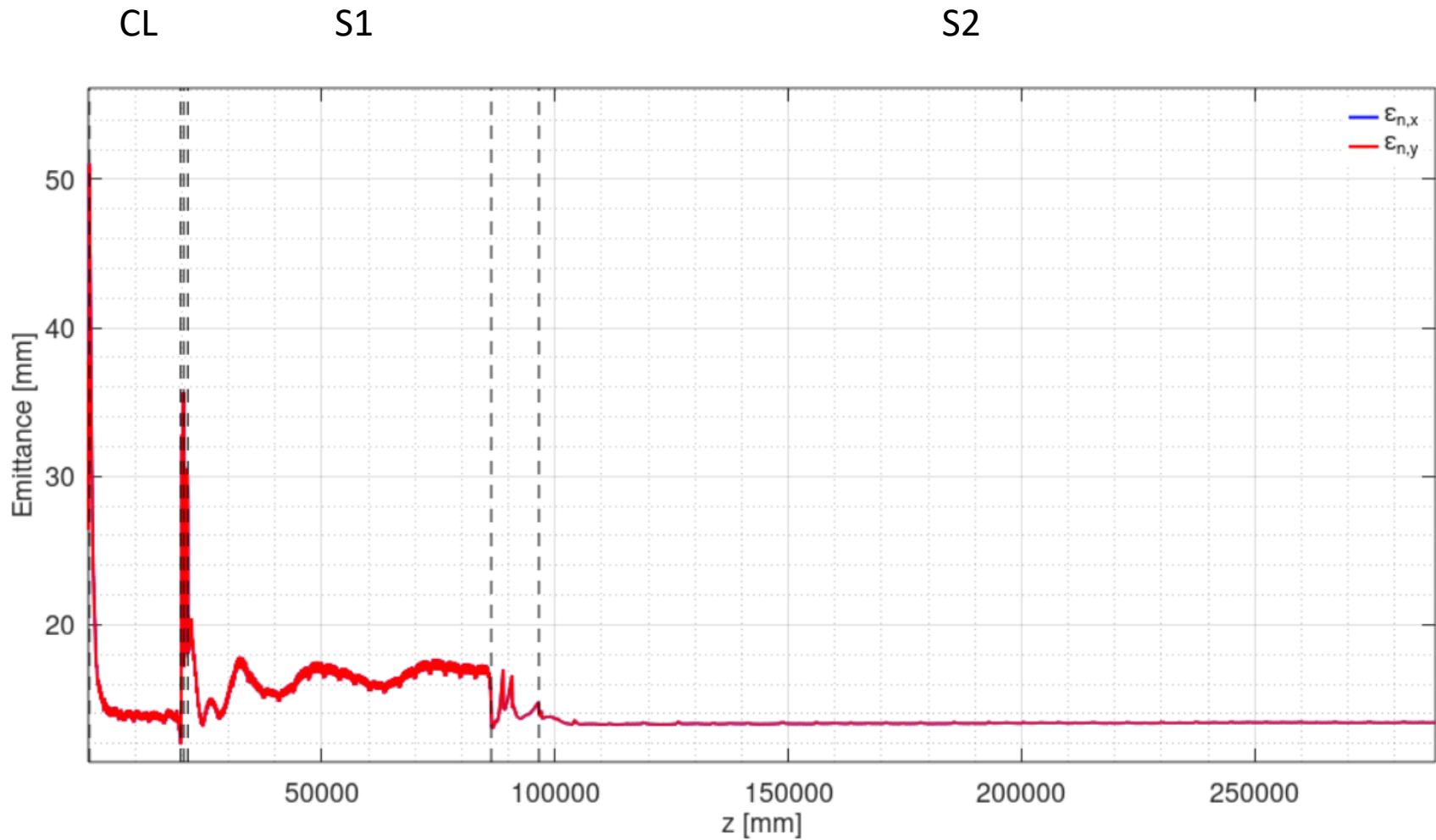
Beam position evolution along z



Beam spot size evolution along z

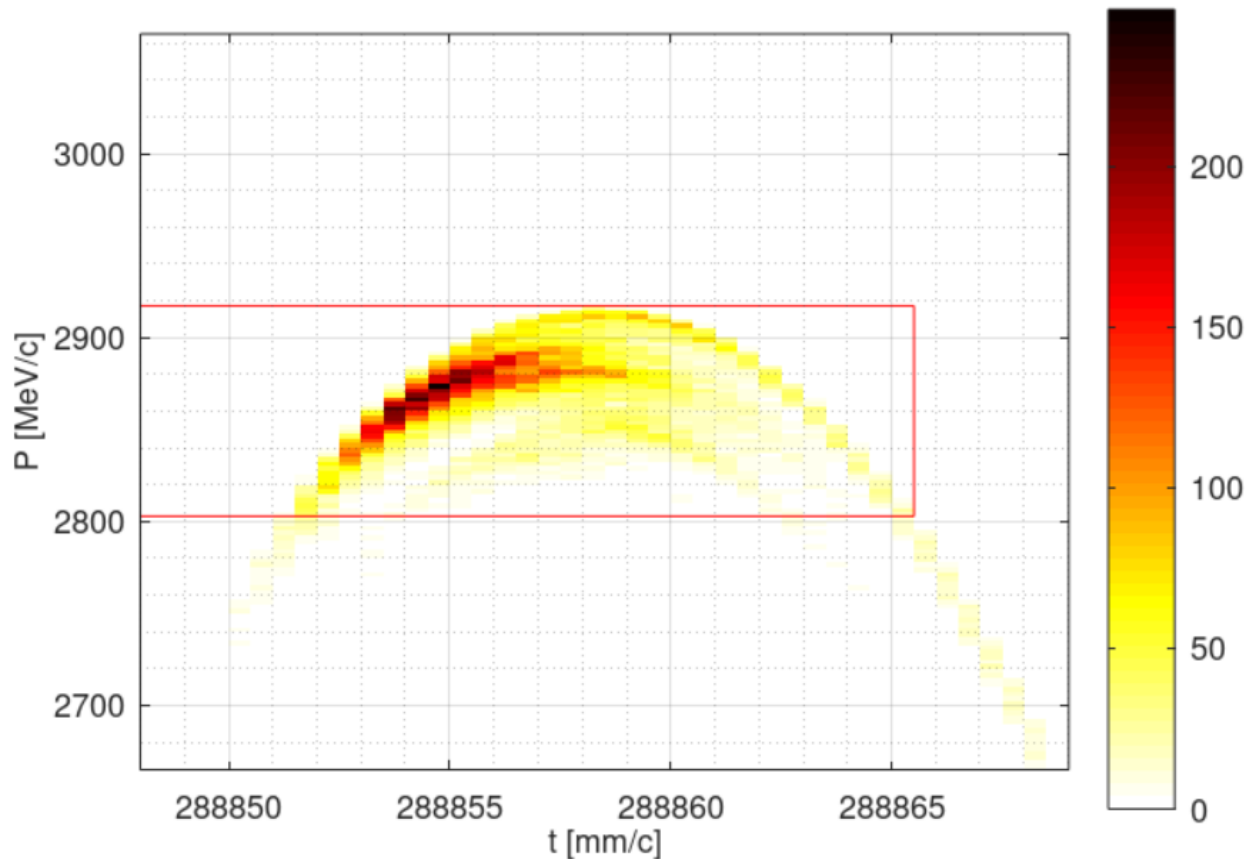


Normalized emittance evolution along z



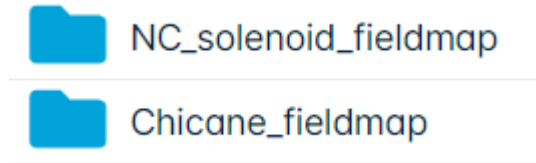
Longitudinal phase space

- At PL exit
 - Total yield: **3.41**
 - Yield with cuts ($2.86 \text{ GeV} \pm 2\%$ in energy, $\pm 10 \text{ mm/c}$ time): **3.01**

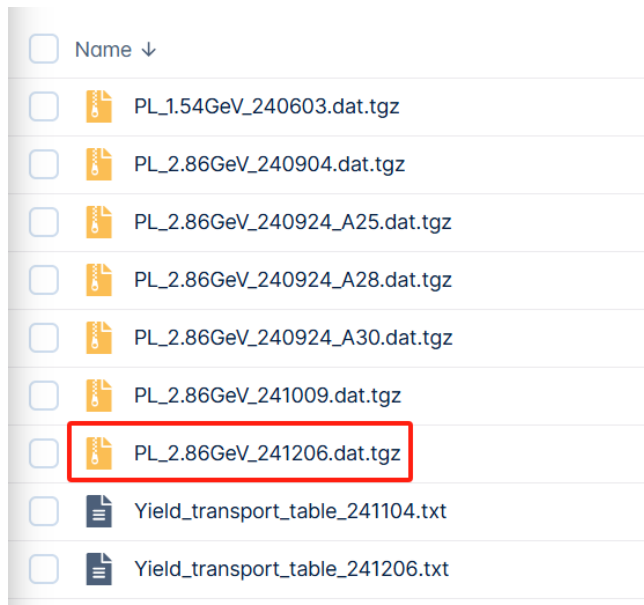


Data sharing

- Fieldmaps uploaded to FCC-ee [CERNBox / task 3.1](#)



- Positron distribution at Positron Linac exit for WP4 uploaded to my personal [CERNBox / FCCee / PositronLinacOutput](#)

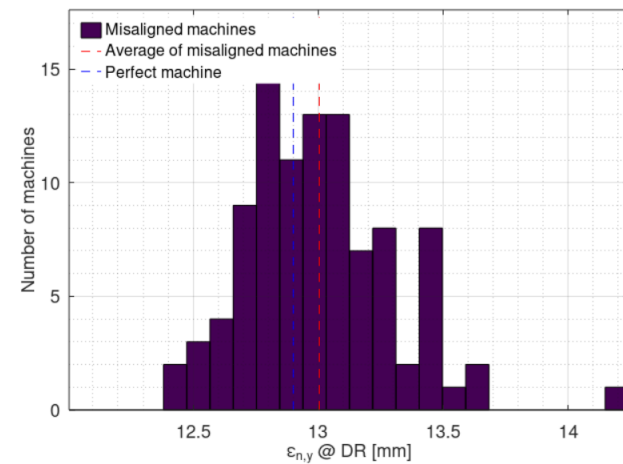
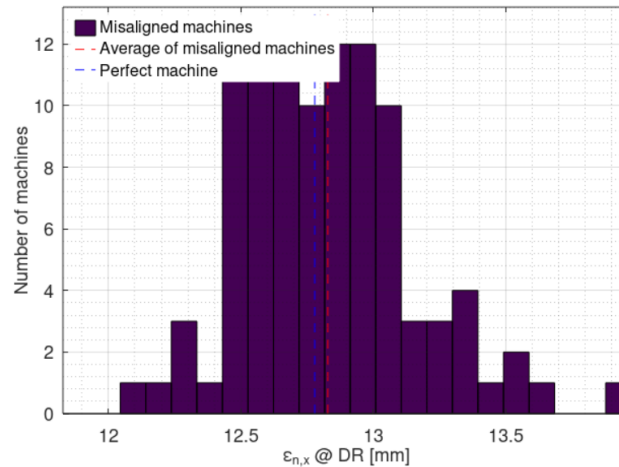
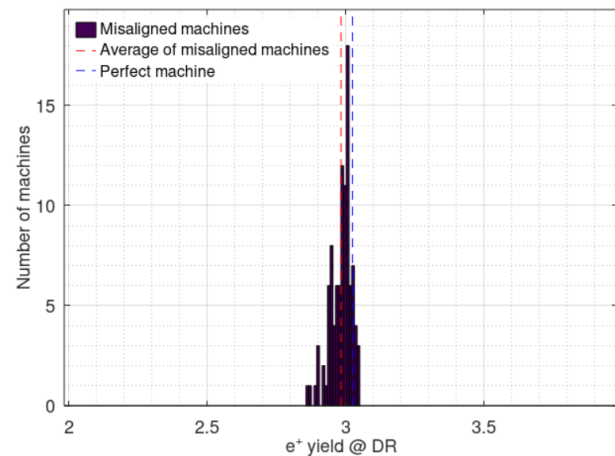


Imperfections

- Imperfections considered
 - **Position** error (x, y): $\sigma = 100 \text{ um}$ for all elements
 - **Angular** error (roll, pitch, yaw): $\sigma = 100 \text{ urad}$ for all elements, except that $\sigma = 200 \text{ urad}$ for all NC solenoids and dipoles
 - Magnetic **strength** error: $\sigma = 0.1\%$ for all magnets
 - RF **gradient** error: $\sigma = 1\%$ for all RF structures
 - RF **phase** error: $\sigma = 0.1^\circ$ for all RF structures
 - Beam **position jitter** (x, y): $\sigma = 100 \text{ um}$ for e^+ beam from target
 - Beam **angular jitter** (x', y'): $\sigma = 100 \text{ urad}$ for e^+ beam from target

Imperfections

- 100 random machines with imperfections
- Compared with perfect machine:
 - Average DR accepted e+ yield reduction: 1.3% (3.01 \rightarrow 2.97)
 - Average normalized X / Y emittance increase: 0.4% / 0.8% (13.1 / 13.0 mm \rightarrow 13.2 / 13.1 mm)
- Impact of considered imperfections is negligible



Backup