# 2024 Status report of the GBAR experiment

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on behalf of the GBAR Collaboration



















# Report on 2024 activities: positrons









## G B A R

## Report on 2024 activities: positrons

Confinement of more than  $5.10^6$  oPs in a tubular target Out of  $7.10^7$  e<sup>+</sup> on target area.

Thanks to:

- Re-designed Ps cavity (2023) for higher positron acceptance and better e<sup>+</sup> to Ps conversion efficiency
- Transport optimisation on Ps signal













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Report on 2024 activities: antiprotons

Transmission of 1.10<sup>6</sup>  $\overline{p}$  through the Ps cavity target

Best value at 6 keV: 2.  $10^6 \bar{p}$ But less control over losses: not used.

Thanks to:

- Review of all possible charge-up (2023)
- Beam quality from the trap + new lens
- Automatic optimisation runs at night
- At 4 keV: ~5.10<sup>5</sup> p









## Report on 2024 activities: antihydrogen



## Report on 2024 activities: antihydrogen

Antihydrogen detection rate increased by ~30 At 6 keV: ~0.1 / shot

In summary:

- ELENA increased intensity!
- Trapping & bunching of  $\overline{p}$
- Transport optimisations
- Increased Ps density by the cavity Main gain



## Report on 2024 activities: antihydrogen

Ongoing analysis to provide cross section values for  $\bar{p} + Ps(1S) \rightarrow \bar{H} + e^-$ 

At 4 and 6 keV

Compared to 2022:

- Better mastery of systematics
   e.g. detector acceptance for neutrals investigated with H<sup>-</sup> beam
- Better statistics







Also: commissioning with H<sup>-</sup> beam + carbon foil



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## Report on 2024 activities: hydrogen anion

Cross section measurement for  $H + Ps \rightarrow H^- + e^+$ 

- Opto-mechanical design finisalised in 2024
- Parts already integrated to GBAR
- Short test beam with H<sup>-</sup> in December
   Confirmed changes required in p̄ beam:
   p̄ trap temporary replaced by transfer line

Many thanks to the ELENA team for the H<sup>-</sup> and to BASE for good compromise!





# Plans for 2025



## Plans for 2025: improvements

#### Linac

Sparks in klystron
 Limited operation at 150 Hz from November

Update: water leak found in the insulating oil tank. Repaired. Klystron stability to be monitored.

Modifications of the W target / moderator



## Plans for 2025: improvements

- Toward better  $e^+ \& \overline{p}$  beam quality
- 1. Positron transport efficiency between HFT and Ps target
- Main bottleneck Conversely: where factors can be gained for  $\overline{H}^+$

- Improve magnetic field transition Solution ready to be implemented
- Further work on plasma compression





## Plans for 2025: improvements

Toward better  $e^+$  &  $\overline{p}$  beam quality

1. Positron transport efficiency between HFT and Ps target

Main bottleneck Conversely: where factors can be gained for  $\overline{H}^+$ 

• Improve magnetic field transition Solution ready to be implemented

• Further work on plasma compression

2. Continue  $\overline{p}$  trap developments

Trap moved out of beamline for H<sup>-</sup> cross section experiment

• Electron plasma studies

Back in  $\overline{p}$  beamline in 2<sup>nd</sup> half of 2025

- Optimisation of potentials trapping and compression
- Optimise extraction improve time structure

## Plans for 2025: physics

March  $\rightarrow$  JuneJuly  $\rightarrow$  November $\overline{H}$  production:<br/>possibility for cross section<br/>measurements above 8 keVthen optimisation at 6 keV

1. Cross section for  $H + Ps \rightarrow H^- + e^+$ Objective: precision better than 50 %

- End of installation this month
- Commissioning & 1st data taking

Request:

• H<sup>-</sup> beam position (& intensity) stability

2. Lamb-shift experiment Objective: first Ly- $\alpha$  detection 20

- Csl coating renewal
- Further background reduction

With goal of first line profile in 2026

## Summary

### 2024 Highlights:

GBAR improved its H detection rate by ~30
Over 5. 10<sup>6</sup> oPs

- $10^6 \ \overline{p}$  through the Ps cavity
- Cross section measurement at 4 and 6 keV (analysis ongoing)

Record antiparticle accumulation
7.10<sup>9</sup> positrons in 30 minutes - World record
7.10<sup>7</sup> p̄ - « personal best »

#### Summed image mixing



Antihydrogen beam spot



and AD/ELENA team & F. Butin



#### G B R R

## Back-up: Activities outside CERN

- $\overline{H}^+$  sympathetic cooling
- Simulation of stripping in Be<sup>+</sup> Coulomb crystal No limitation
- Testbench for re-cooling of ions launched at different KE Using Be<sup>+</sup>/ Sr<sup>+</sup> as  $\overline{H}^+$ / Be<sup>+</sup> proxi

#### $\overline{H}^+/H^-$ photodetachment

- Toward a new calculation of photodetachment threshold Aiming at sub-µeV precision
- Project to measure the threshold at 1 µeV and provide the adapted laser for GBAR

Atomic processes in the GBAR Ps target and antihydrogen beam

• Cross sections calculations

![](_page_38_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Back-up: Previous achievements The GBAR collaboration, 1.6 9 MeV e Nucl. Instr. Meth. A 1040, 167263 (2022) 60 0 × 1.2 300 mA $N_2/CO_2$ « Surko » trap 200 Hz Positron number 9.0 9.0 9.0 Pulsed operation W target & moderator Transfer to HFT every 1 s $3.10^7$ slow $e^+$ /s 1.4 10<sup>9</sup> in 1100 s in 2021 0.2-The GBAR collaboration, Nucl. Instr. Meth. A 985, 164657 (2021) 0.0-500 1000 1500 2000 number of stacks 5 T Shield LINAC HFT RC BGT

![](_page_40_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_41_Figure_0.jpeg)

## Back-up: Decelerator

![](_page_42_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_42_Figure_2.jpeg)

100 % deceleration efficiency to 3-10 keV Example at 5 keV:

![](_page_42_Picture_4.jpeg)

Highly stable operation

![](_page_43_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_44_Picture_0.jpeg)