

# Exploring the Role of Artificial Intelligence in Particle Therapy

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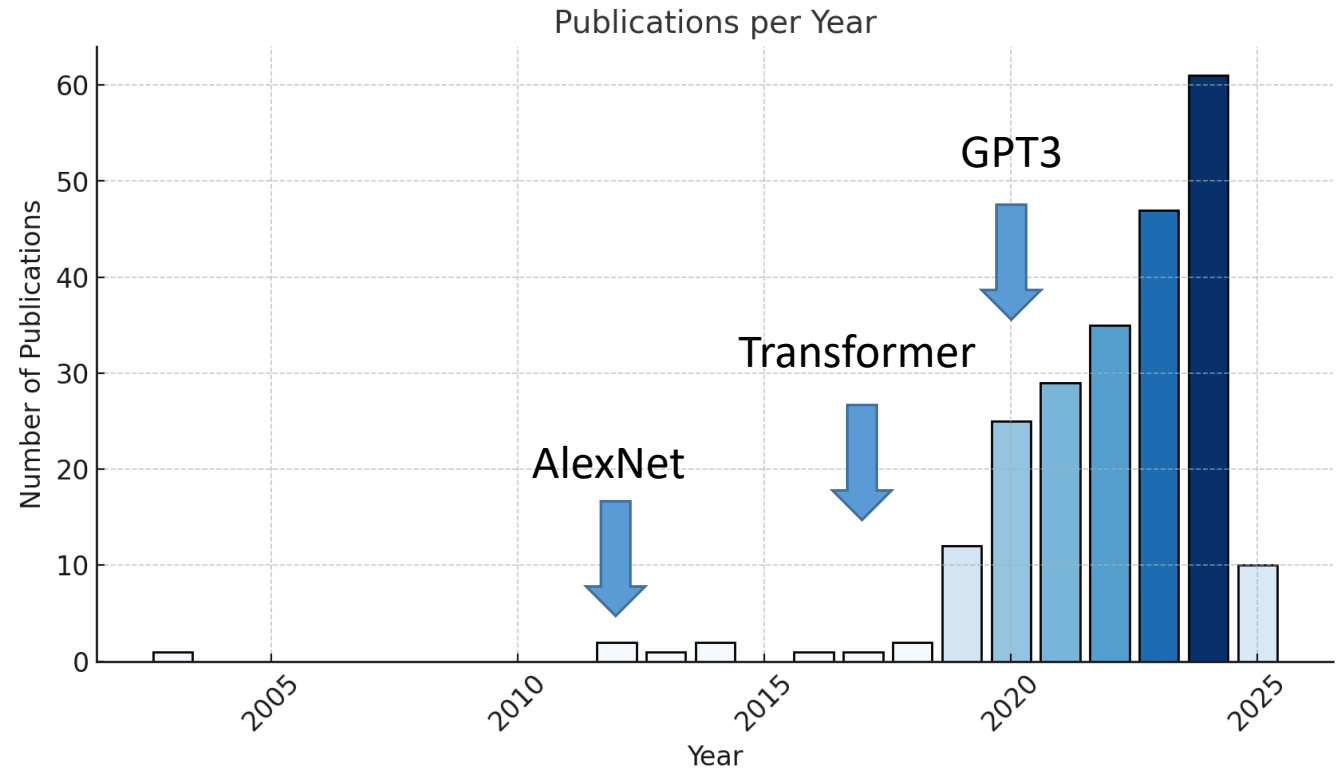


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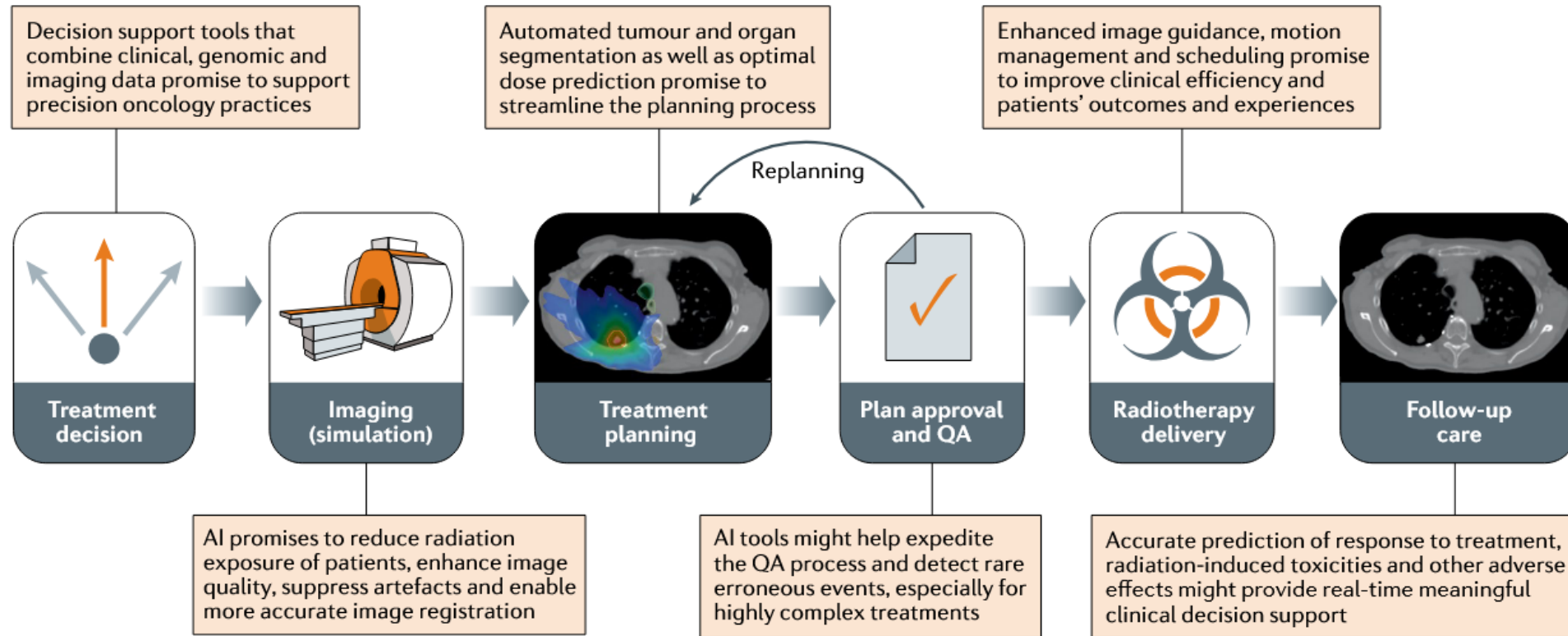


# Overview over AI in particle therapy

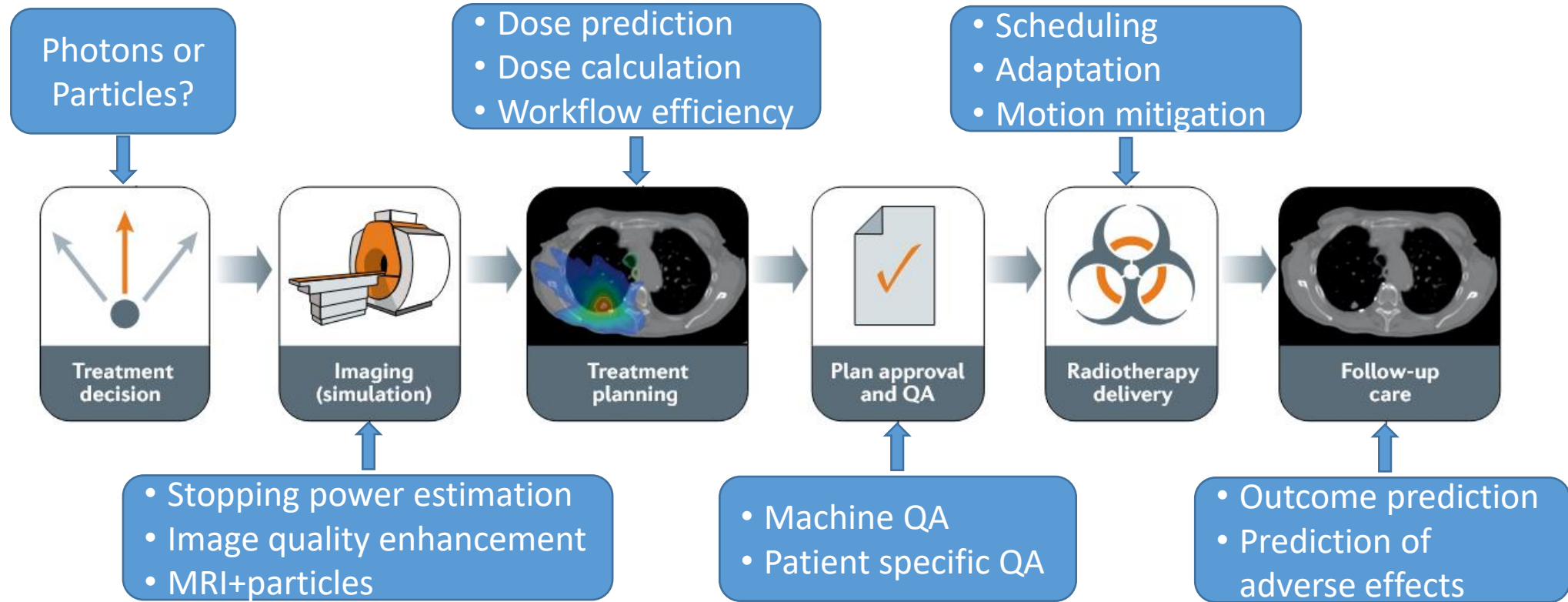
- Number of AI publications increases rapidly
- **2012:** AlexNet is published (Krizhevsky et al.)
- **2017:** “Attention is all you need” (Vaswani et al.)
- **2020:** GPT3 released by OpenAI
- **Current landscape:**
  - Many tools (ChatGPT-o1, github Copilot, NotebookLM, DeepSeek,... ) for efficient workflows
  - Strong libraries for developers (tensorflow, torch), supporting many architectures



# Where can AI help us?

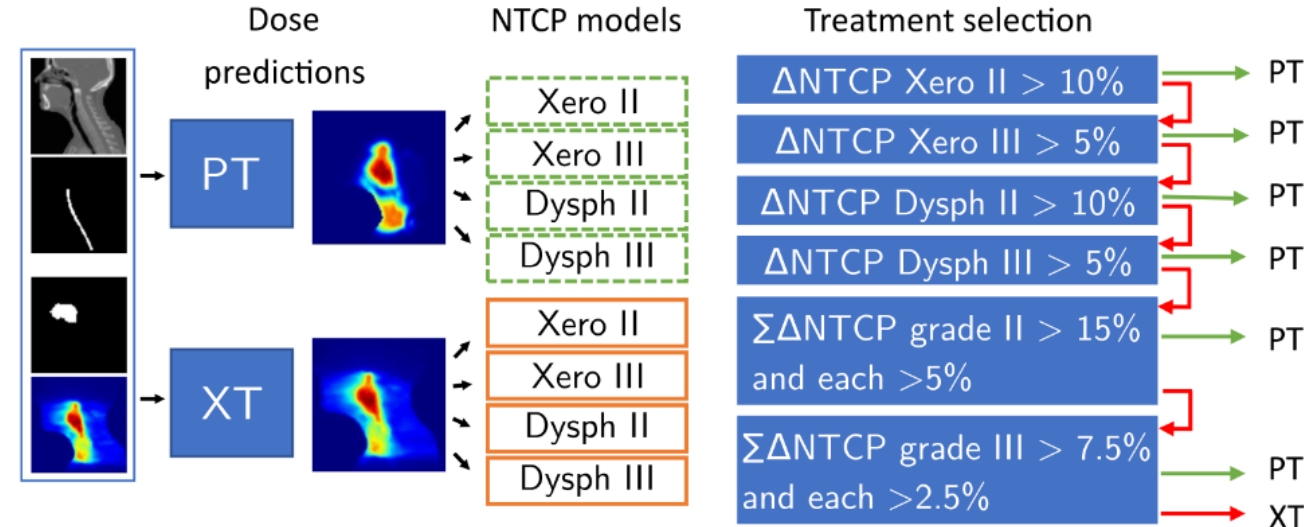
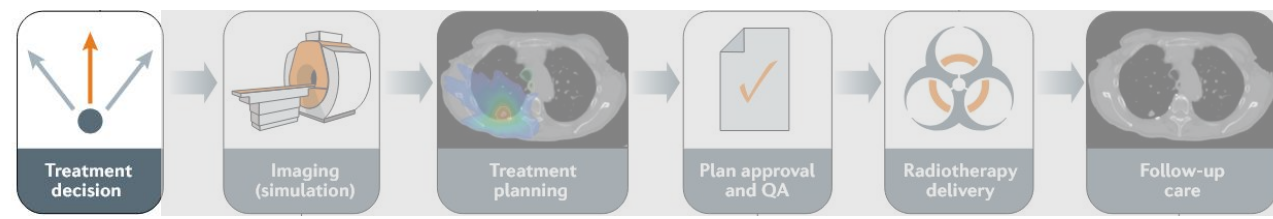


# Where can AI help us **specifically** in particle therapy?



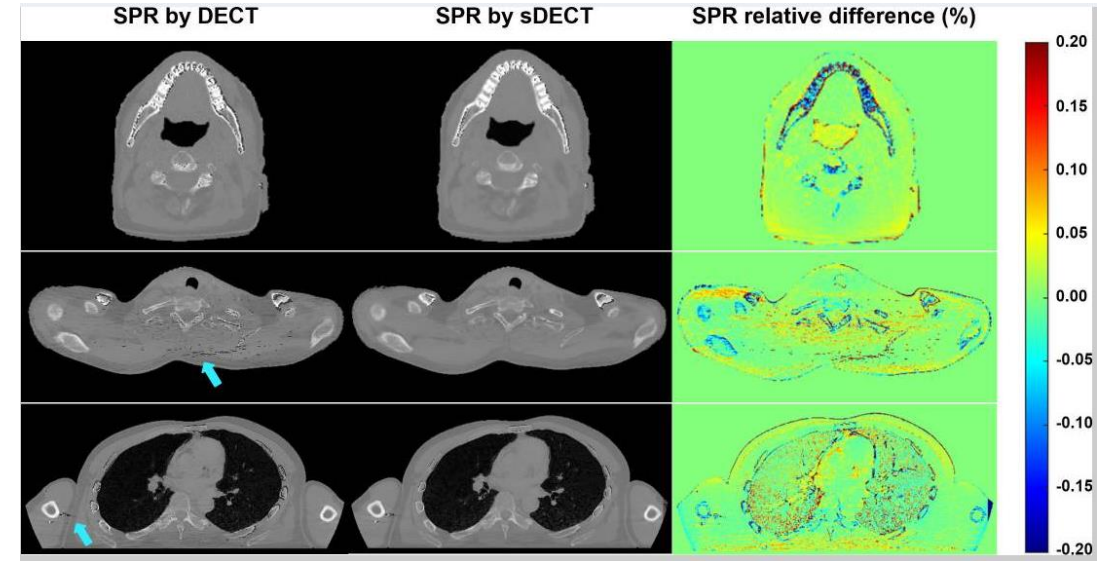
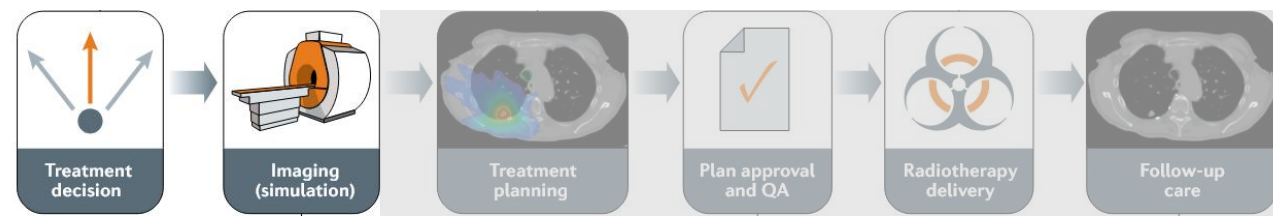
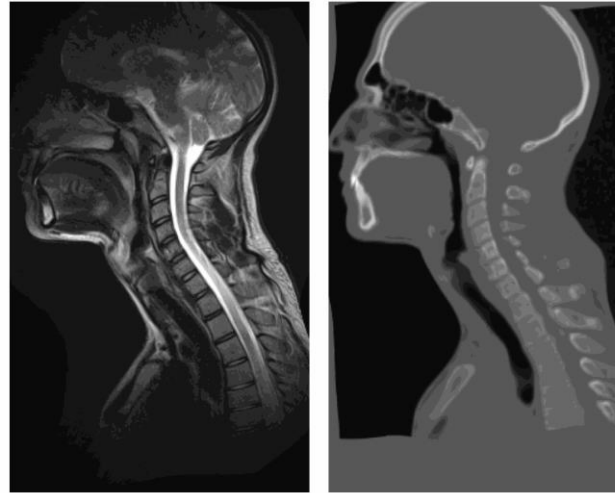
# Patient referral

- AI can help find the ideal modality for patients
- **Head&neck:** Gaussian Naïve Bayes classifier using automatic treatment plans (Krouwenberg et al. 2021)
- **Oropharyngeal cancer:** AI-PROTIPP (Huet et al. 2023)
  - 60 patients, HD-UNets for dose prediction
  - Referral accuracy 87% for Dutch model
- **Prostate-cancer:** 3D-Unet dose prediction + NTCP (Chen et al. 2024), NTCP prediction accuracy >90%



# Imaging

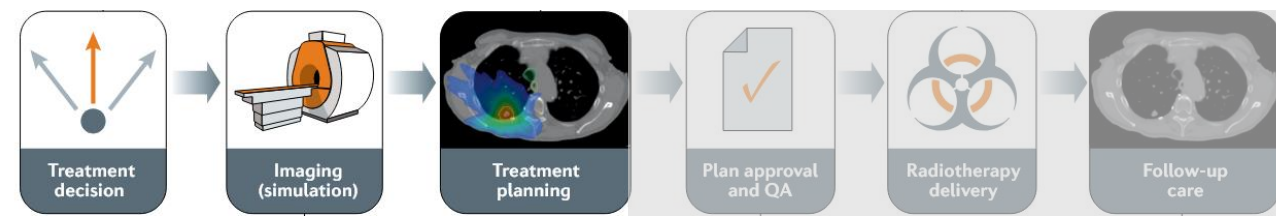
- Deformable image registration
- Stopping power prediction
- CBCT to sCT
- MRI to sCT
- Supine to upright
- ...



Courtesy Ye Zhang (PSI)  
[CPT-DIR](#)  
[xialipku.github.io](https://xialipku.github.io)

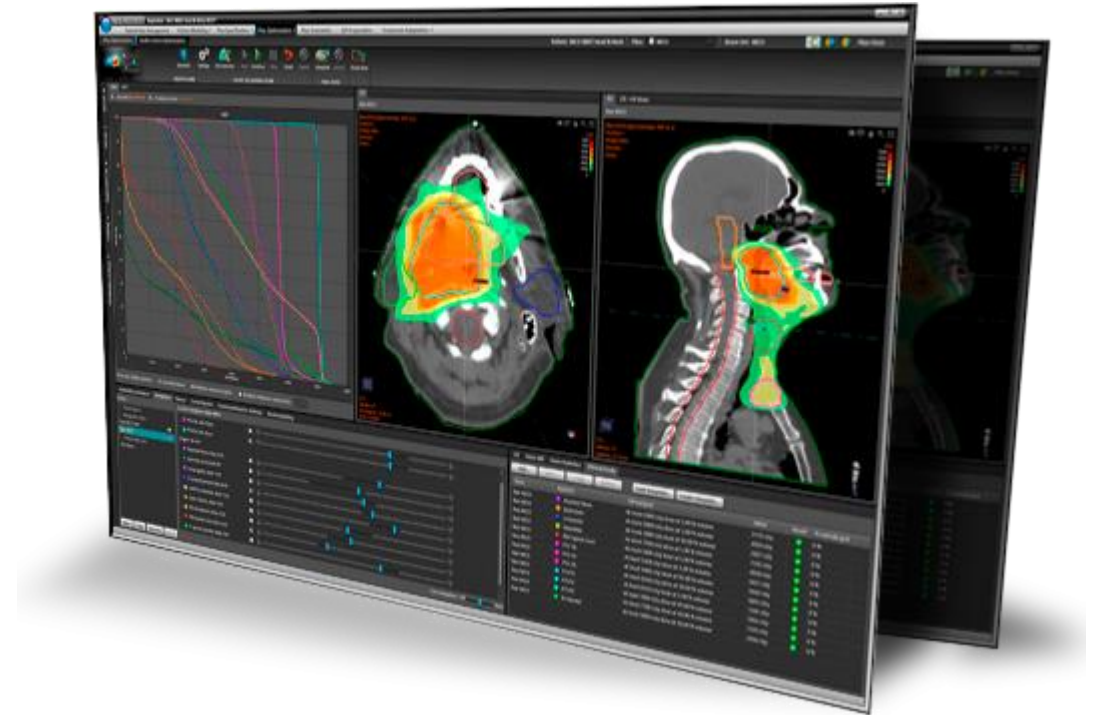


# Treatment planning



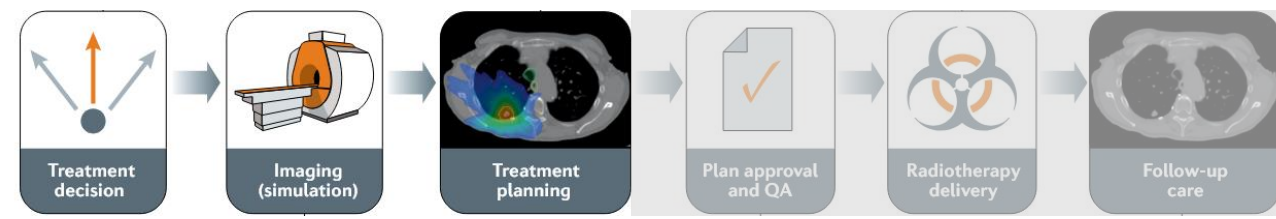
## AI can aid in:

- Beam angle selection
- Dose mimicking
- LETd prediction
- Dose calculation
- Robustness
- Fully automatic treatment planning
- ...
- Already some AI tools available in commercial platforms (e.g. RayStation)

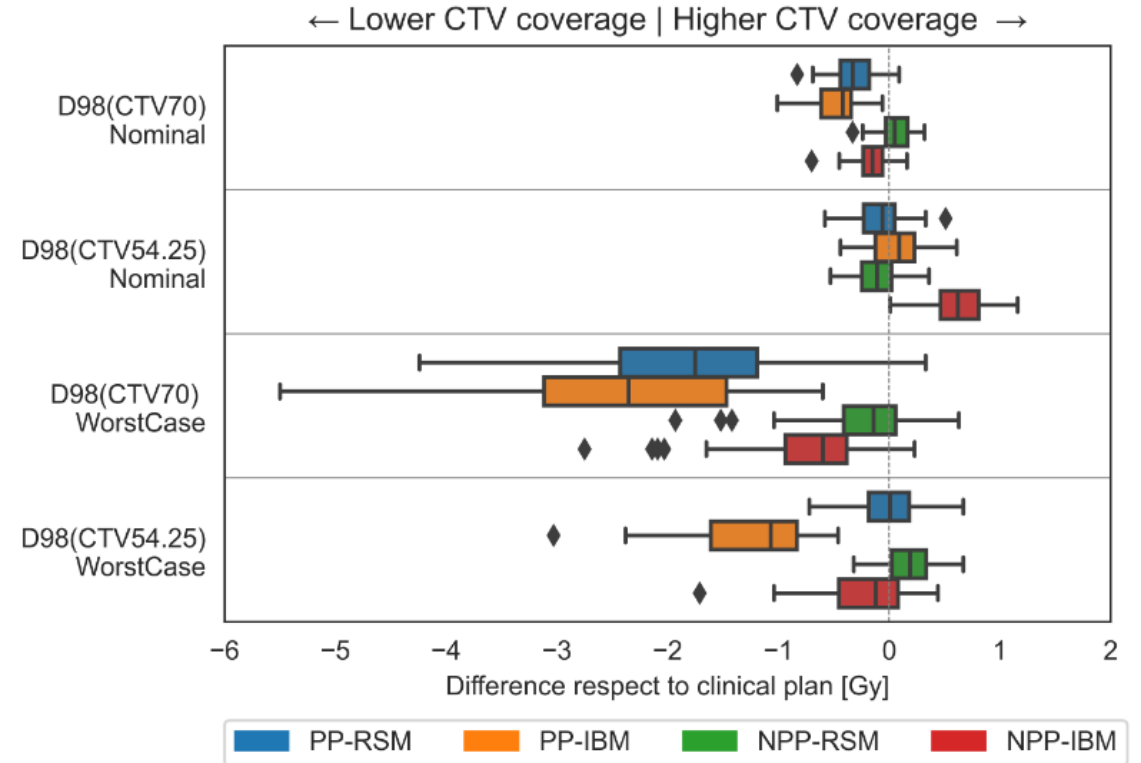
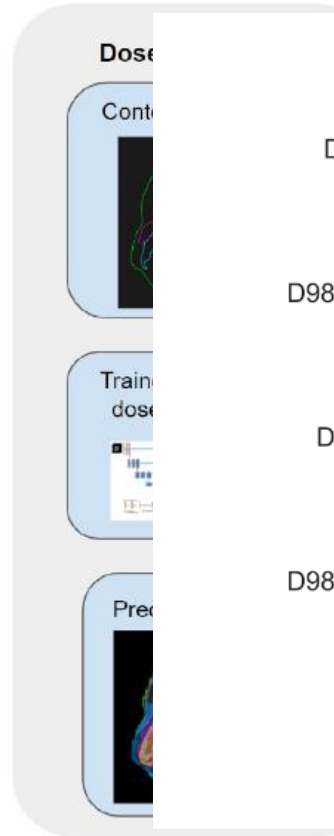


RaySearch Laboratories, RayStation

# TP: Dose prediction

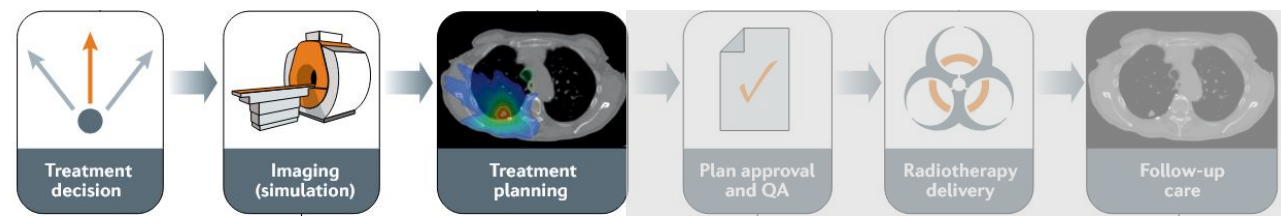


- Dose prediction and dose mimicking for more efficient workflows
- Borderias-Villaroel et al. (2023): Unet based dose prediction and dose mimicking
- Possibly more standardized plans, less subject to “planner skill”
- Future direction of individualized dose prediction based on population-based outcome models

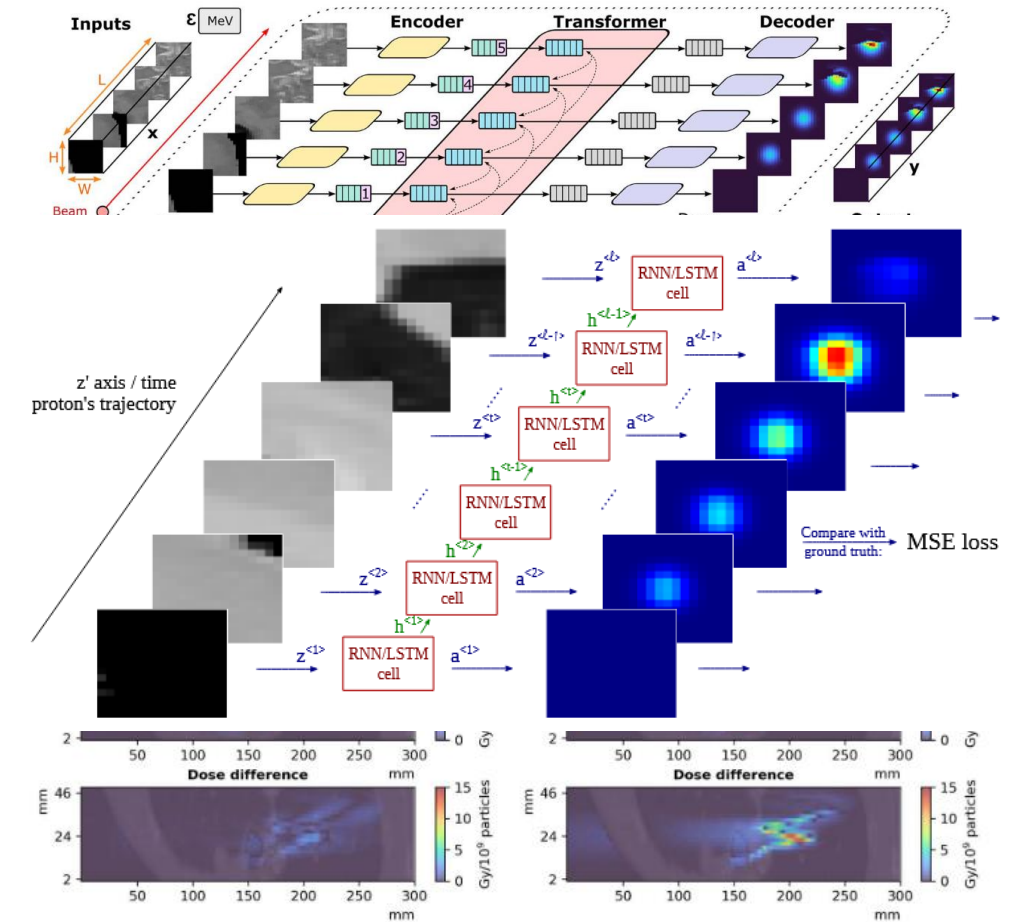
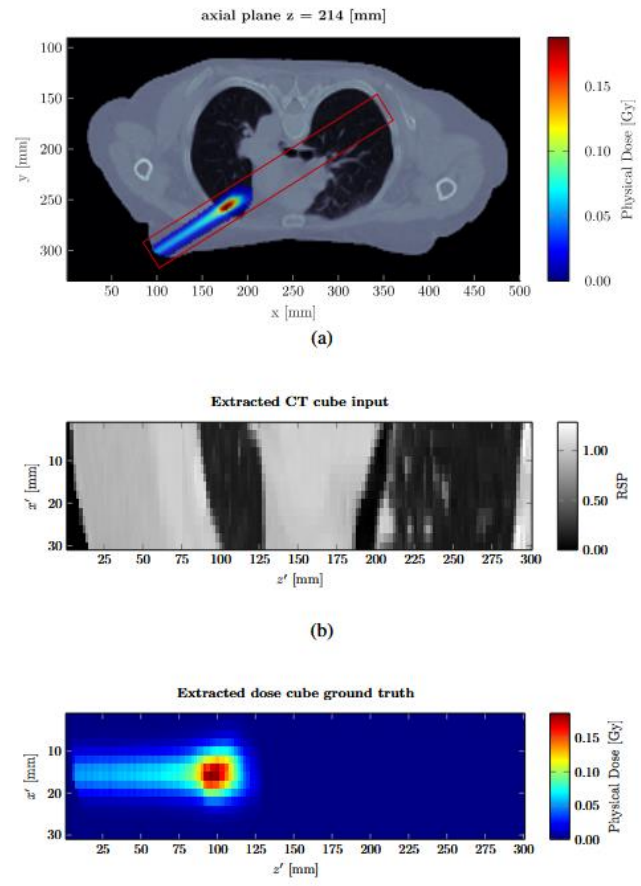




# TP: Dose calculation



- Several works on predicting MC dose from pencil beam algorithm dose
- **Neishabouri et al. (2021)** Med. Phys: The beam sees the patient in sequence, so lets treat it like a seq2seq model using an LSTM
- **Pastor-Serrano et al. (2022)** PMB: Use transformer for high accuracy



Neishabouri et al. (2021) Med. Phys.

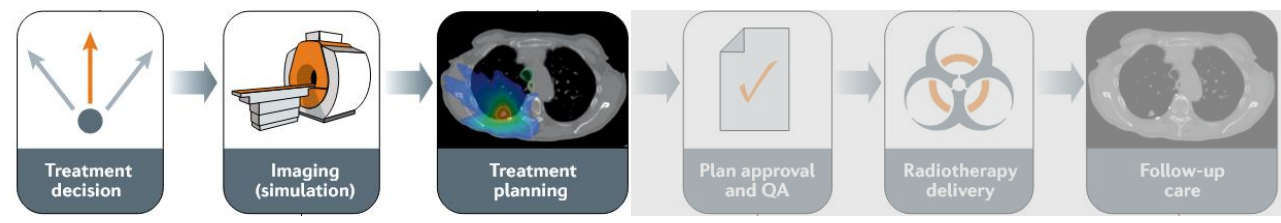


Pastor-Serrano and Perko (2022) PMB



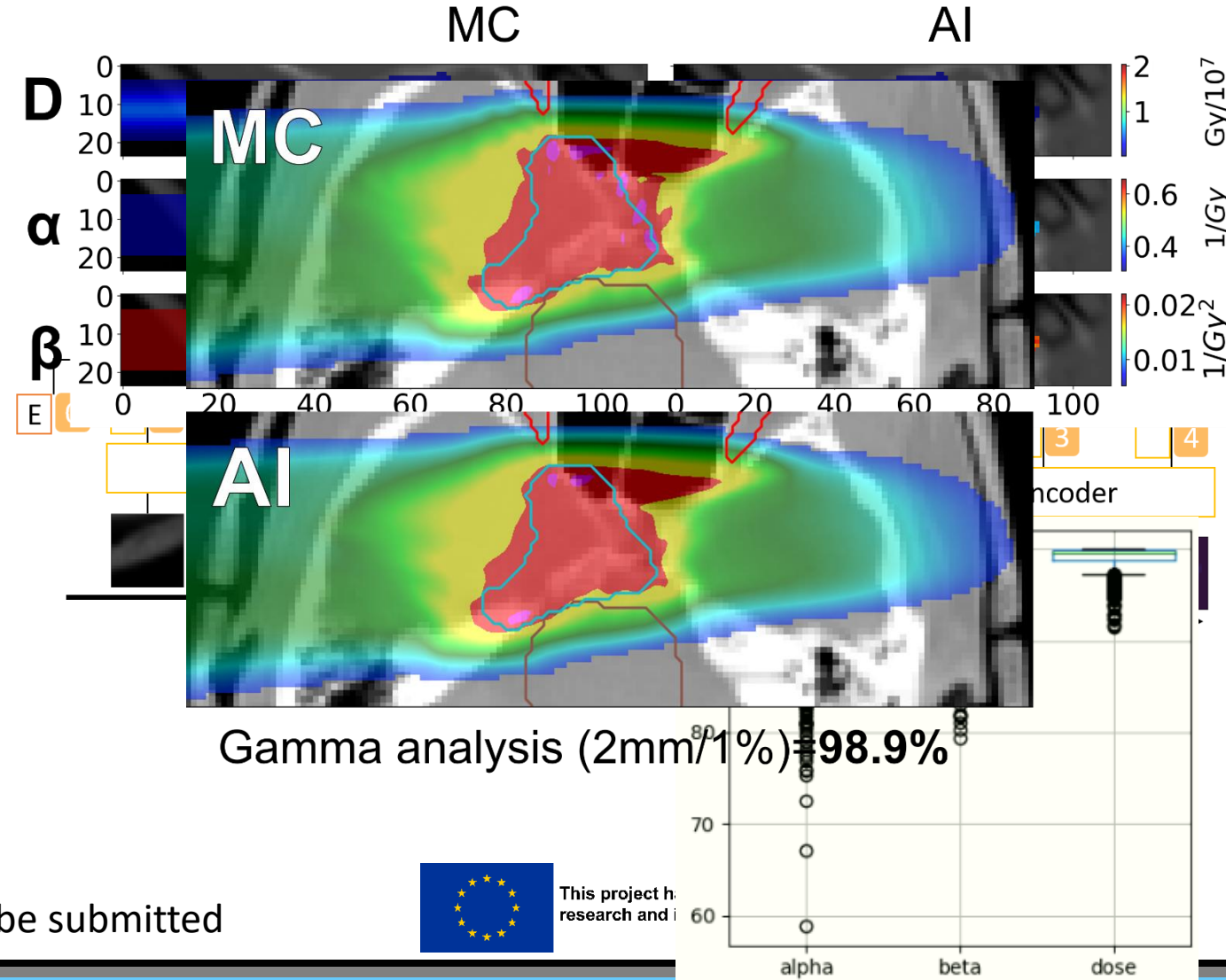
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# TP: Dose calculation

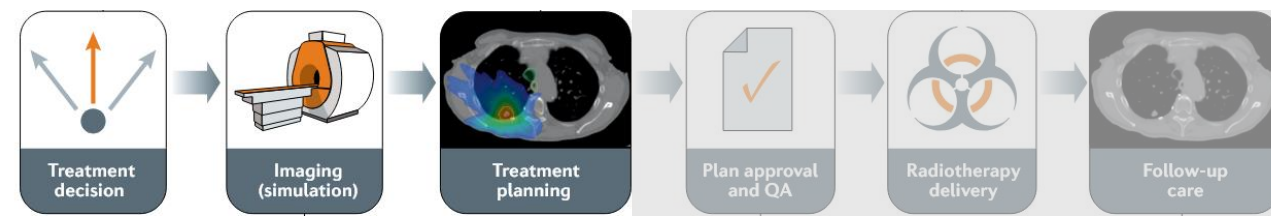


➤ Recent expansion of DoTA to biological dose calculation in carbon ion therapy (A. Quarz, PhD thesis @GSI)

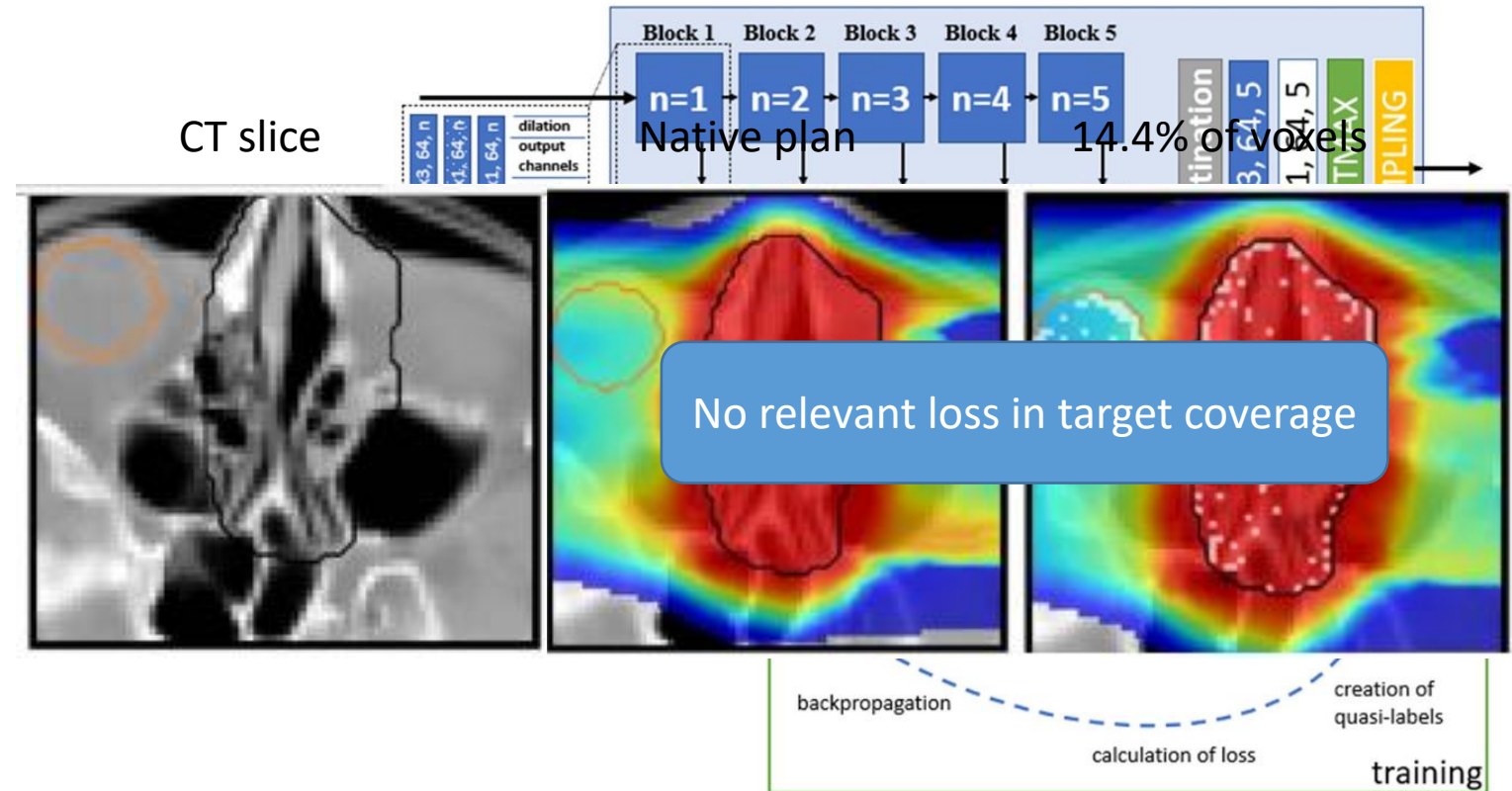
- Low-dose approximation of RBE needs alpha and beta parameters
- DoTa for dose + New two sequence transformer architecture for alpha and beta
- MC ground truth from FRED GPU, 20k pencil beams



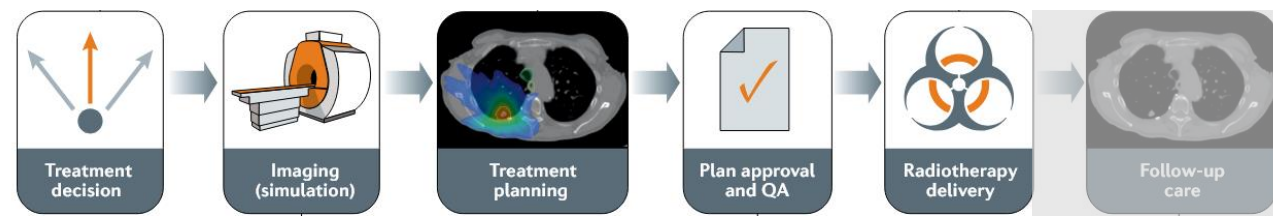
# TP: Efficiency



- How can we speed up optimization?
- Do we really need to optimize on all voxels to get a good plan?
- A. Quarz et al. (2024): DeepLearning voxel selection strategies for carbon ion therapy



# QA and treatment delivery



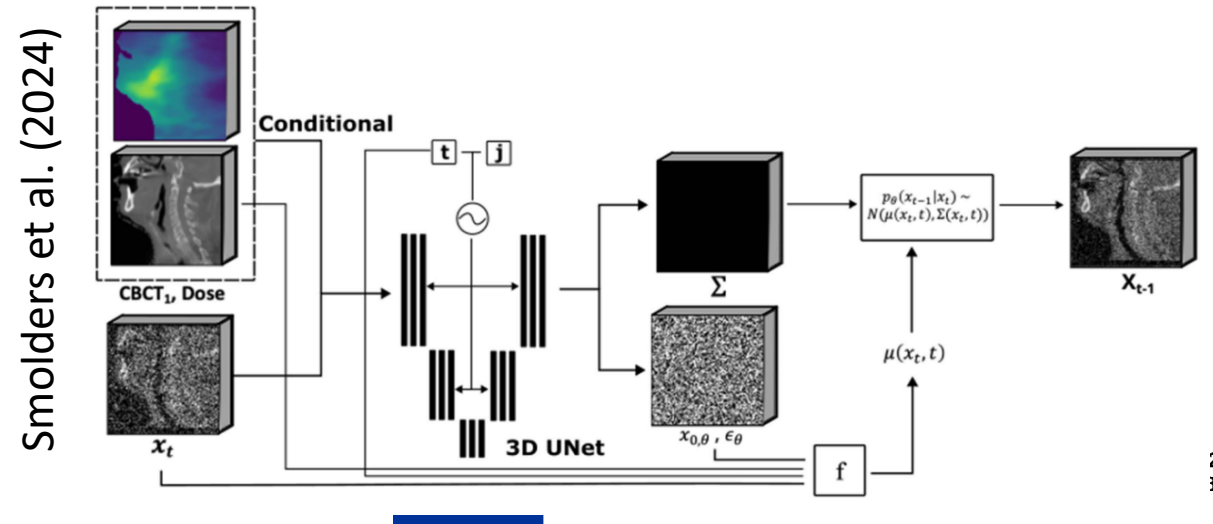
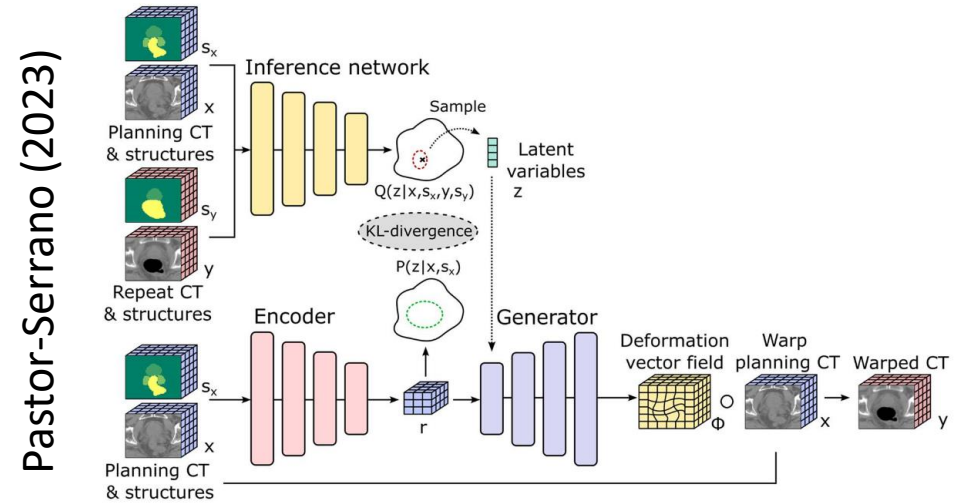
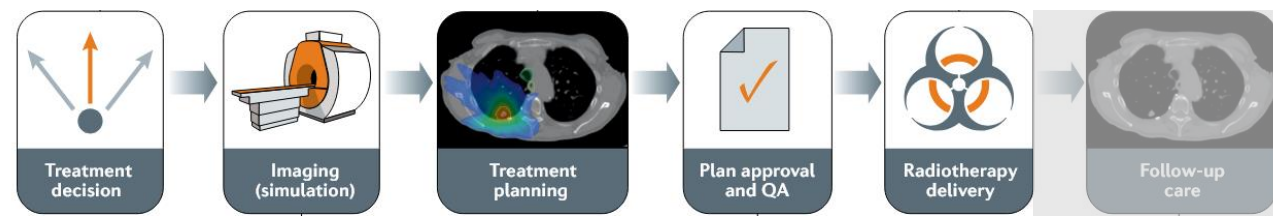
- Quality assurance:
  - Patient specific QA, e.g. range detection, deep-learning dose calculation for log-file based QA
  - Machine QA, e.g. predicting machine failures
- Delivery:
  - Patient positioning (image guidance)
  - Treatment monitoring
- AI can aid in:
  - More efficient workflows
  - Improved accuracy
  - Detecting issues and provide real-time actionable data



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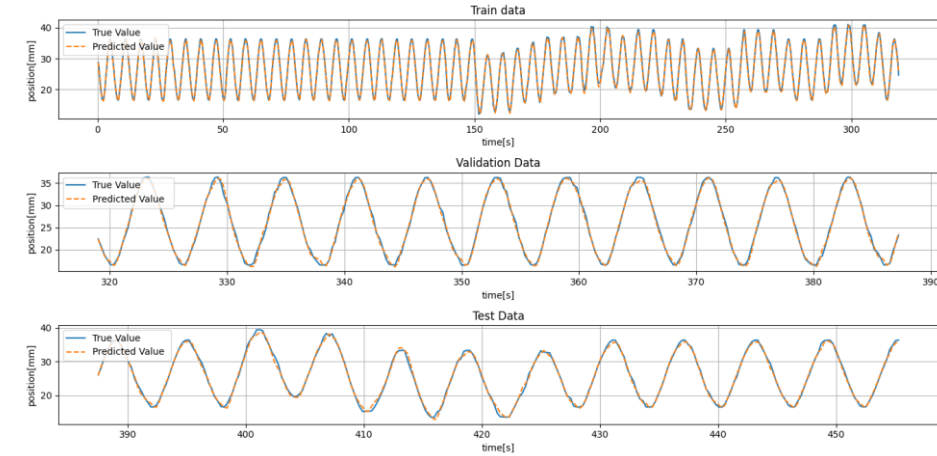
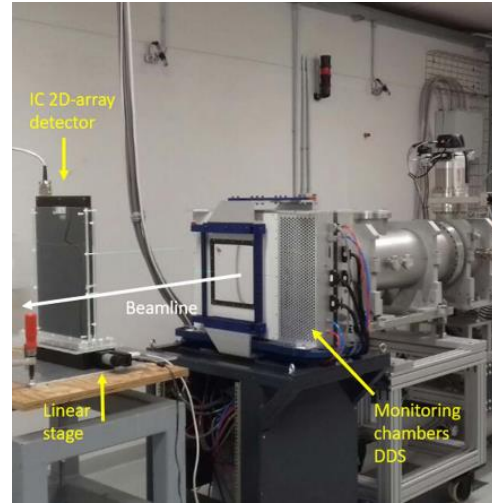
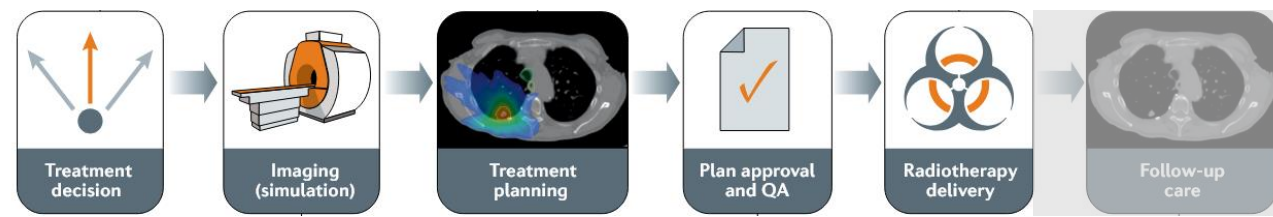
# Adaptation

- AI can predict anatomical deformations over the treatment course
  - Enables treatment planning that is robust with respect to these changes
- E.g. Encoder/Decoder architecture by Pastor-Serrano and Perko (2023) PMB for prostate or recently DiffuseRT by Smolders et al. (PMB)

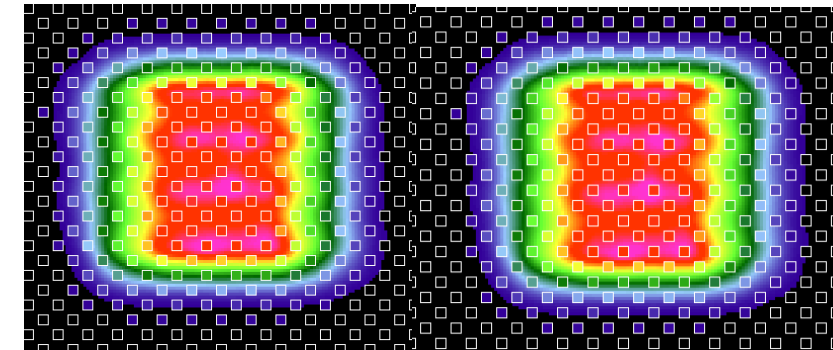


# Motion mitigation

- AI can help in real-time motion monitoring
  - Several projects on X-ray fluoroscopy guided carbon ion therapy (Mori et al.)
- Best motion mitigation strategy is patient specific
  - AI can help in deciding on 4D optimization strategies



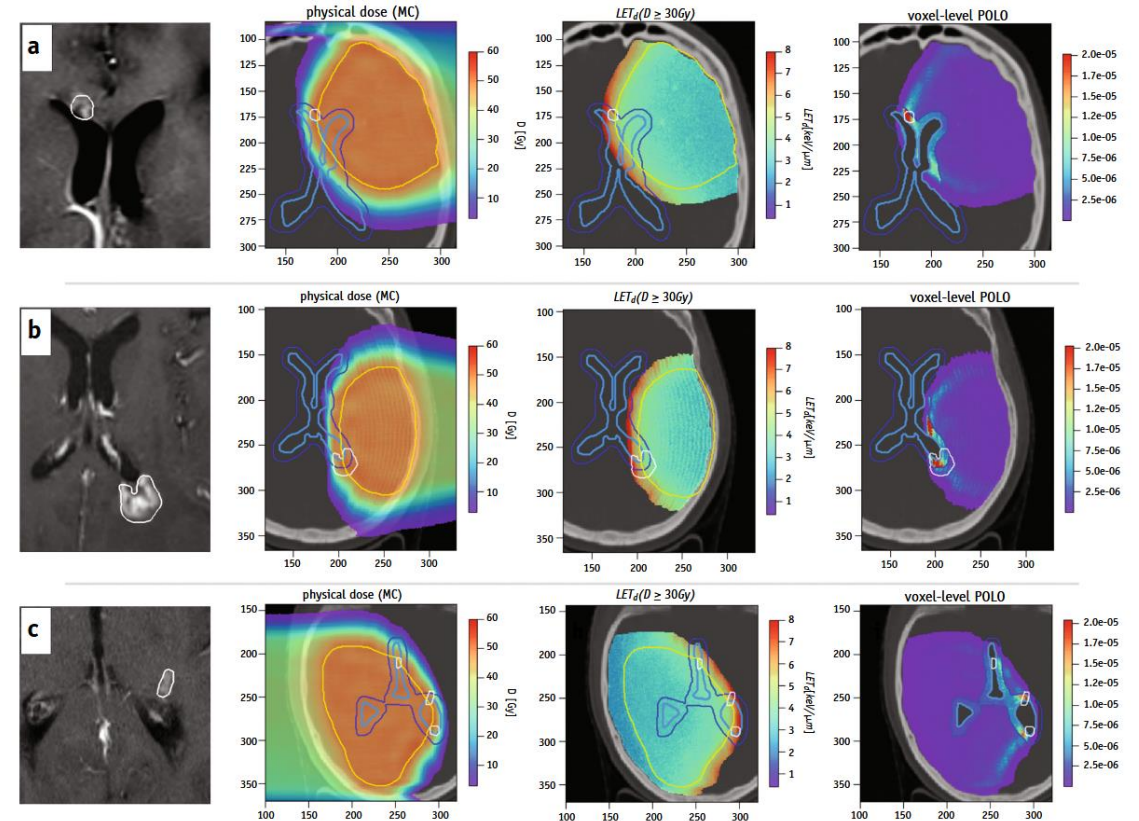
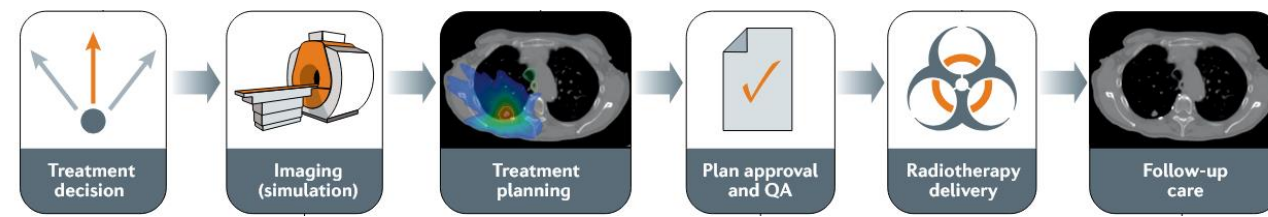
Real motion                      LSTM motion



4D-RIDOS real time dose reconstruction based on real and AI predicted motion compared to Octavius dose

# Follow up

- Prediction of toxicity or adverse events
  - E.g. LETd based prediction of brain toxicity
- Scheduling of follow-up appointments
- For re-irradiation: AI based dose accumulation, etc.

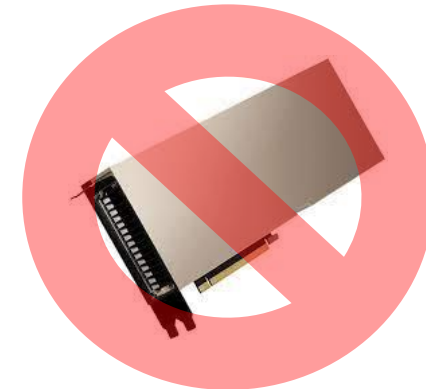


MRI contrast enhancement prediction based on LETd,  
Bahn et al. (2022) IJROBP



# Challenges

- **Data**
  - Clinics often do not want to or cannot share data
  - Online databases, e.g. cancerimagingarchive.net or Proton Collaborative Group
  - We need more joint efforts!
- **Computing power (especially for clinics)**
  - Cloud services may be better than buying GPUs
- Explainability/interpretability of models
- Uncertainty propagation to dose!
- Outlier detection/bias (e.g. ethnicity, gender etc., medical conditions...)





# Conclusions

- Artificial intelligence in PT is a rapidly increasing field
  - Auto-segmentation, DIR, dose prediction and dose calculation, auto-planning, adaptation...
- All aspects of the particle therapy workflow will benefit from AI
  - Lack of data, lack of model transparency, outlier detection remain challenges
- ❖ Join the PTCOG AI subcommittee, new special issue on “AI in particle therapy” in IJPT

## Will AI replace particle therapy medical physicists?

No, [medical physicists] that can use AI will replace those that don't  
- Curtis Langlotz as reply to Geoffrey Hinton

