



IPP MD Days 2025

Dedicated MDs: COLDEX

EDMS: 3229887

V. Baglin

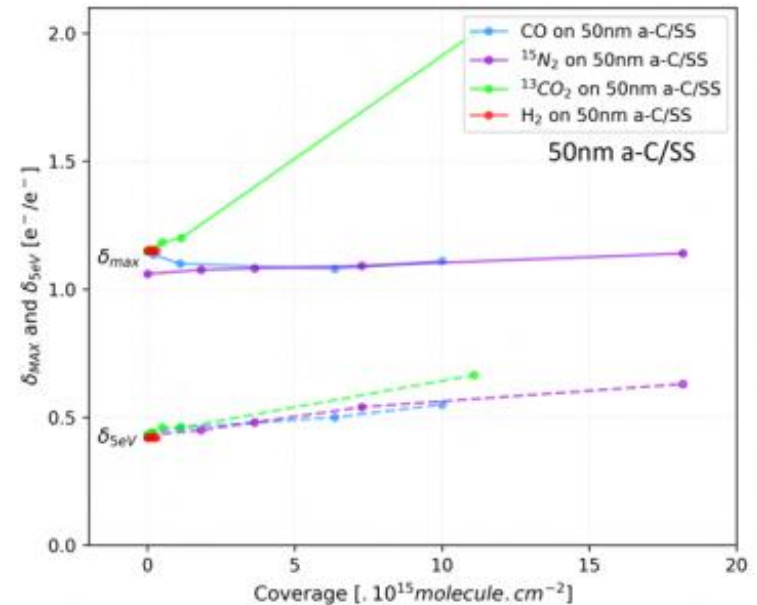


Injector Performance Panel MD Days, CERN, 3rd February 2025

<https://indico.cern.ch/event/1488714/timetable/#20250203.detailed>

2024 Conditions

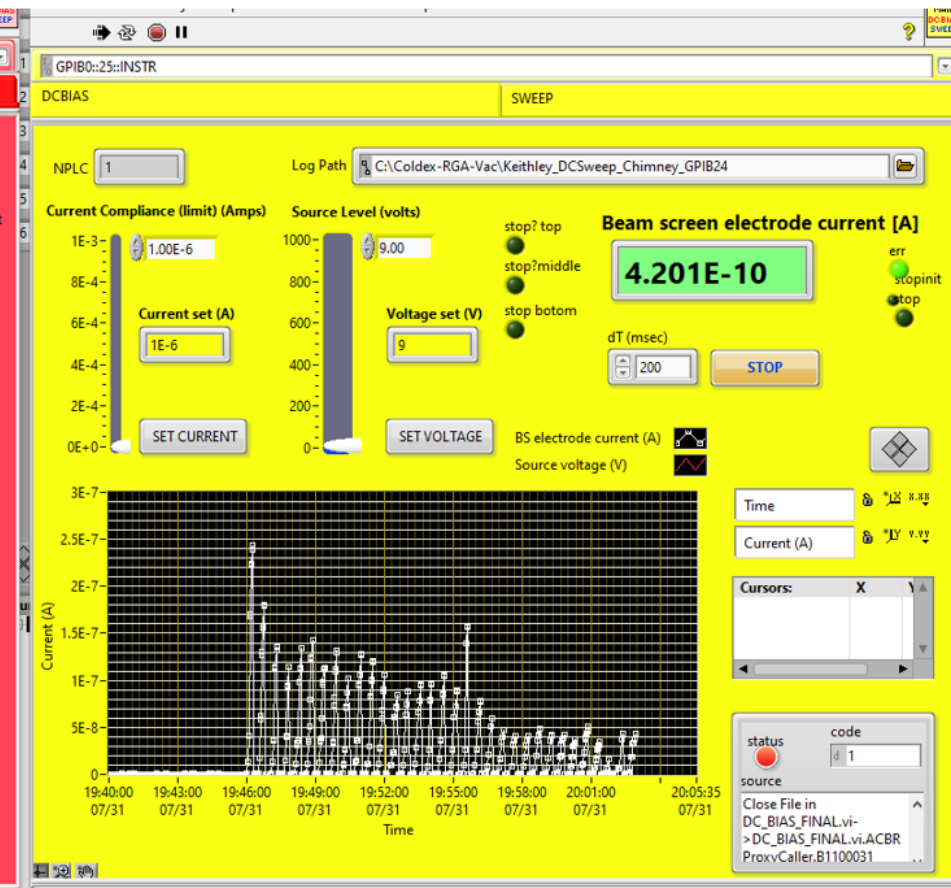
- Beam screen:
 - Since 2021 with “thin” a-C coating ~50 nm thick with 135 nm Ti underlayer
 - This is the HL-LHC base line for LSS1 and 5
- COLDEX:
 - Full remote control COLDEX IN/OUT without tunnel access.
- Beams:
 - 1- 4 trains of 72 b, 1.6E11 ppb, at 26 GeV, nominal emittances - scan batch spacing during run (200-2500 ns)
- CB at 250 K, BS at 10 K
- CO₂ pre- condensation:
 - MD#1 on 29/5/24 : No beams
 - MD#2 on 31/7/24
 - Part 1: 20 10¹⁵ CO₂/cm²
 - Part 2: 40 10¹⁵ CO₂/cm²
 - BS at 10 K and CB at 250 K during gas injection
- Expect SEY larger than 2, so large heat load



M. Haubner, PhD thesis, May 2023

MD2 Results – Coldex

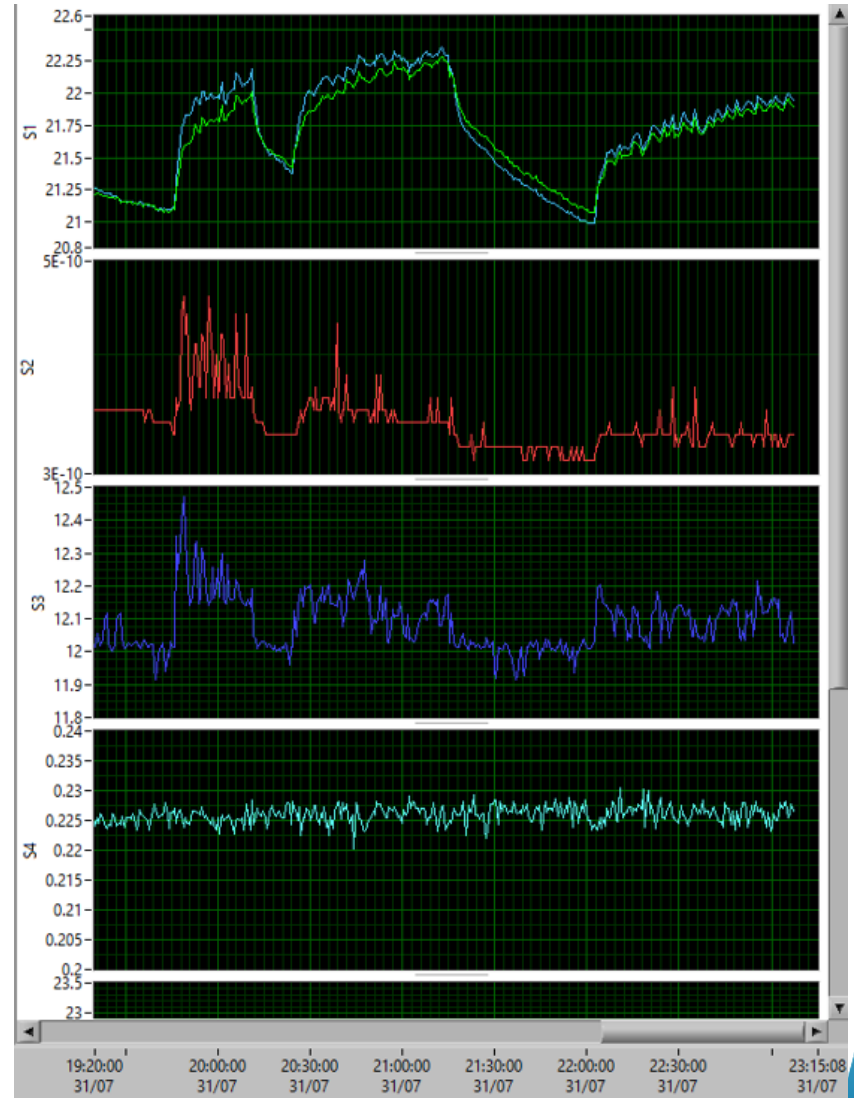
- 4 batches – 1.8×10^{11} ppb – 72 b/batches – spacing 250 ns
- Observation of electron current at Chimney and beam screen electrode
 - Electron cloud all along COLDEX for the first time with aC coating



MD2 Results – Coldex

- 4 batches – 1.8×10^{11} ppb – 72 b/batches – spacing 250 ns
- Heat load on RT aC WAMPAC
 - 0.75 °C temperature increases
 - ~ 0.1 W/m
- Pressure increases in COLDEX
 - Below 10^{-10} mbar
- Heat load in COLDEX
- Decreases with time
 - 0.2 K is equivalent to 0.1 W/m

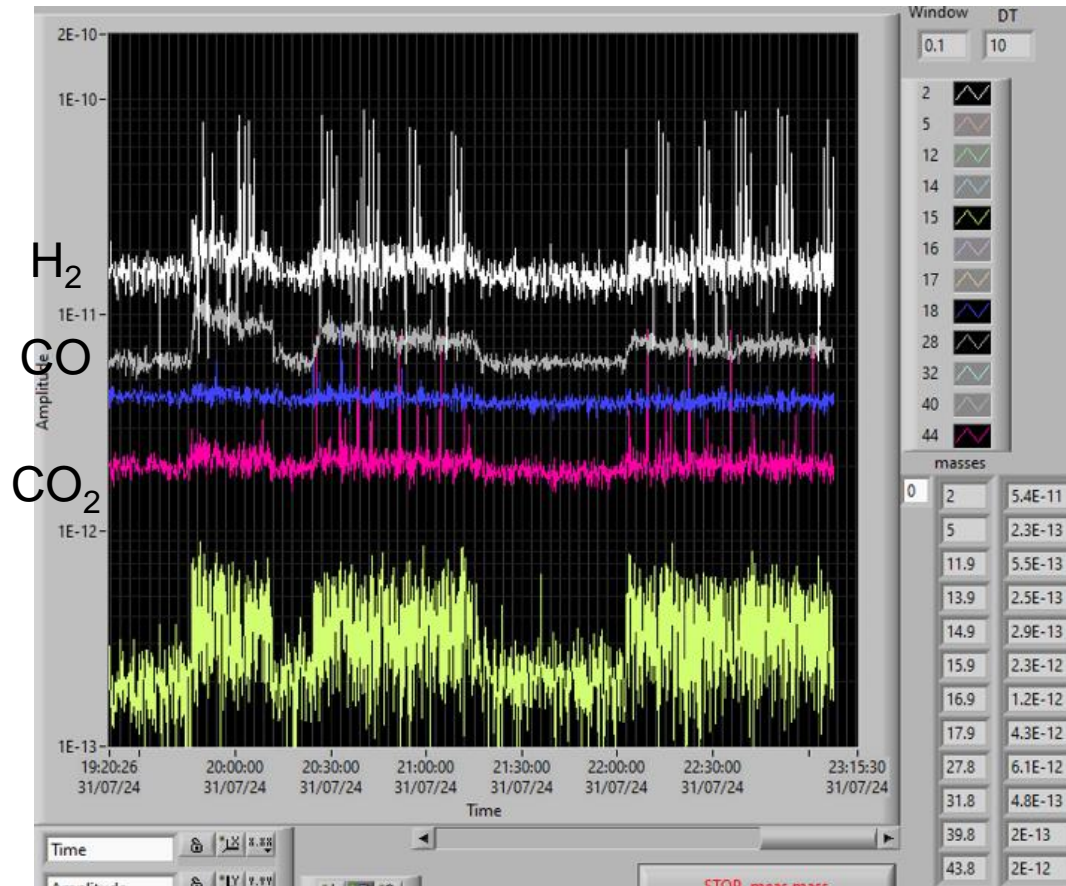
CO₂ adsorption promotes electron cloud but cleaning effect



MD2 Results – Coldex

- 4 batches – 1.8×10^{11} ppb – 72 b/batches – spacing 250 ns

- Observation of partial pressures
 - CO_2 is cracked into O_2 and CO
 - CO is the larger than CO_2



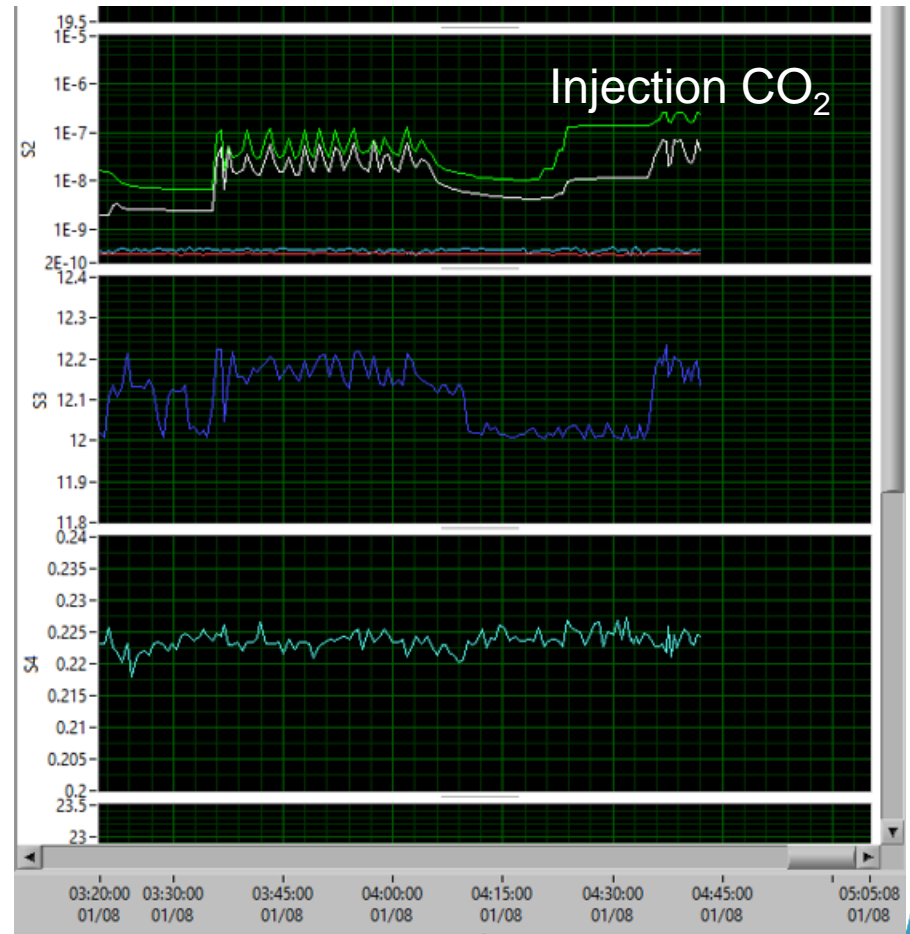
MD2 Results – Coldex

- 4 batches – 1.8×10^{11} ppb – 72 b/batches – spacing 250 ns
 - + CO₂ injection at 10^{-7} mbar

- Start injection at 4h20
- Beam ON at 4h35

- Similar heat load in COLDEX
- The gas injection does not seem to promote more electron cloud

High pressure operation in LHC will not trigger larger electron cloud



MD plans 2025

Objectives:

- Investigate effects due to CO and N₂ (mimic leaks) condensation
 - On Cu, measured SEY in the laboratory is
 - low for CO (less than 1.2) so low heat load
 - Large for N₂ (about 2)
 - but observation of large heat load in the past with COLDEX and CO
 - important to check in-situ

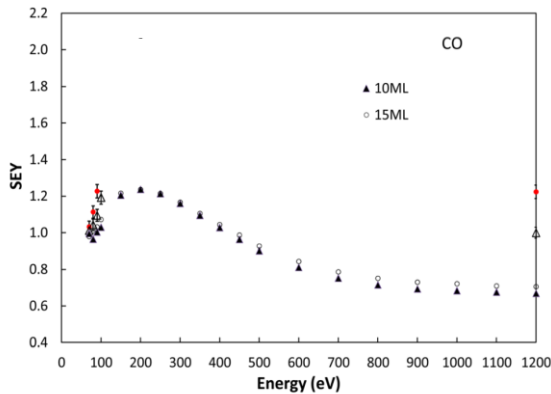


FIG. 4. (Color online) SEY of adsorbed CO on copper as a function of primary energy for different coverages.

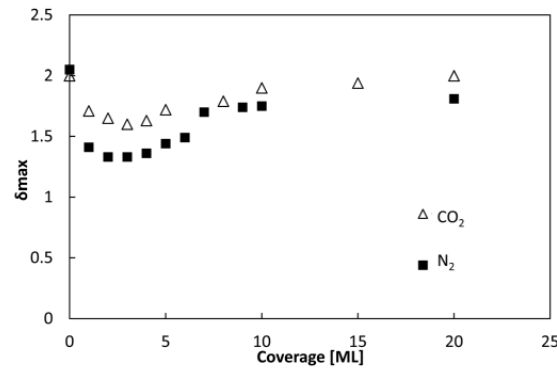


FIG. 9. Maximum yield δ_{\max} as a function of CO₂ and N₂ coverage on copper.

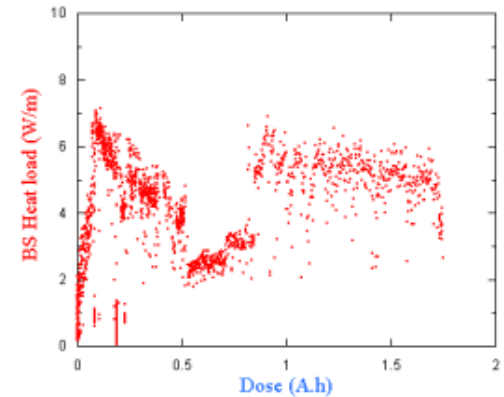


Figure 4: BS heat load when 1 to 4 batches circulated with $60 \cdot 10^{15} \text{ CO/cm}^2$ condensed onto the BS.

M. Taborelli et al, JVSTA 30051401 (2012)

COLDEX Cu beam screen – EPAC 2024

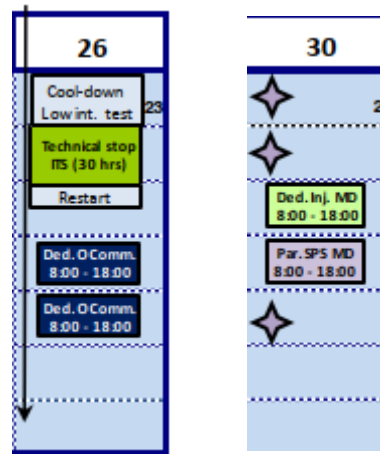
2025 Conditions

- HL-LHC type beams
 - Injection energy, long flat bottom (~ 20 s)
 - 25 ns bunch spacing
 - Require **stable beams** with 4-5 batches and as large as possible number of bunches (72 bunches/batch).
 - As close as possible to HL-LHC bunch intensities
 - Side by side and opposite batches filling scheme to disentangle impedance effects
 - Long period of stable beams with **sequences of beam ON/beam OFF/beam ON** is required to measure tiny signals (2-3 h are required to measure a point)
- CB temperature = 300 K
 - ➔ avoid condensation pumping on CB
- BS temperature at ~ 10 K
- With pre-condensed injected gas,:
 - MD1: CO injection while BS is at 10 K
 - MD2: N₂ injection while BS is at 10 K
 - ➔ **Will close the COLDEX aC experimental program**

2025 MD time proposal

- Two dedicated MDs
- Separated by more than 3 weeks to allow data analysis and surface preparation in between
- Tentative dates:

Monday 23 June



Wednesday 23 July

(Wednesdays 30 July & 13 August are alternative dates)

- Keeping the COLDEX studies during the first semester allow to maintain the cool down time to 6 months
- Possibility for the crab cavities to perform studies in parallel

Acknowledgements

A big thank you from the COLDEX team to everyone involved:

- HL-LHC project, TE and VSC management and IEFC for their long-standing strong support
- MD coordinators & BE-OP for their flexibility and beam quality
- TE-CRG, TE-VSC-ICM, IVO, BVO and SCC for permanent support & expertise

Thank you for your attention!
Questions?



Thank you for your attention

