



CernVM Co-Pilot: an Extensible Framework for Building Scalable Computing Infrastructures on the Cloud

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INTRODUCTION AND ARCHITECTURE

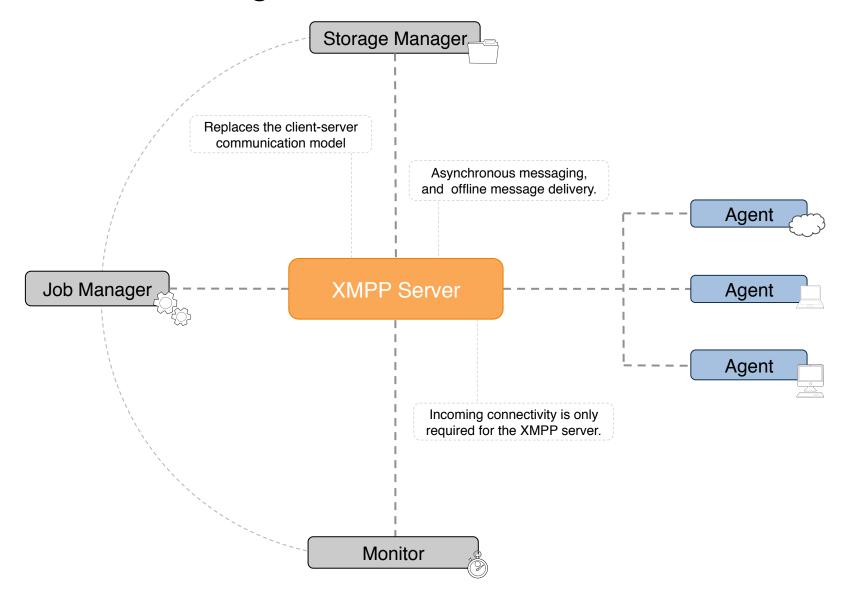


What is CernVM Co-Pilot?

- CernVM Co-Pilot is a framework for running jobs on both unmanaged resources (such as machines of volunteers), as well as on managed cloud resources (such as Amazon EC2).
- Can be used to instantiate a stand alone computing infrastructure.
- Can be used to integrate new resources into existing infrastructures (such as Grid or Batch).

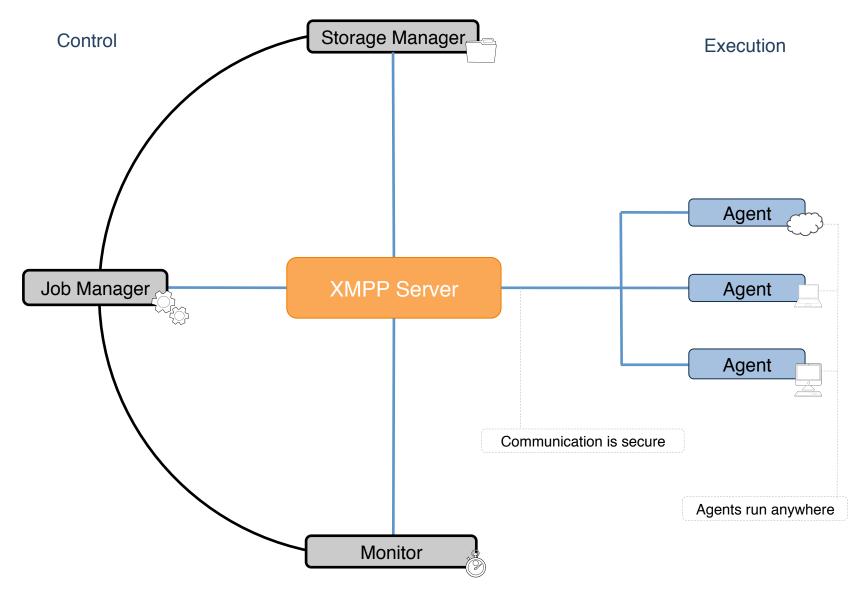


Braking traditional Client-Server model



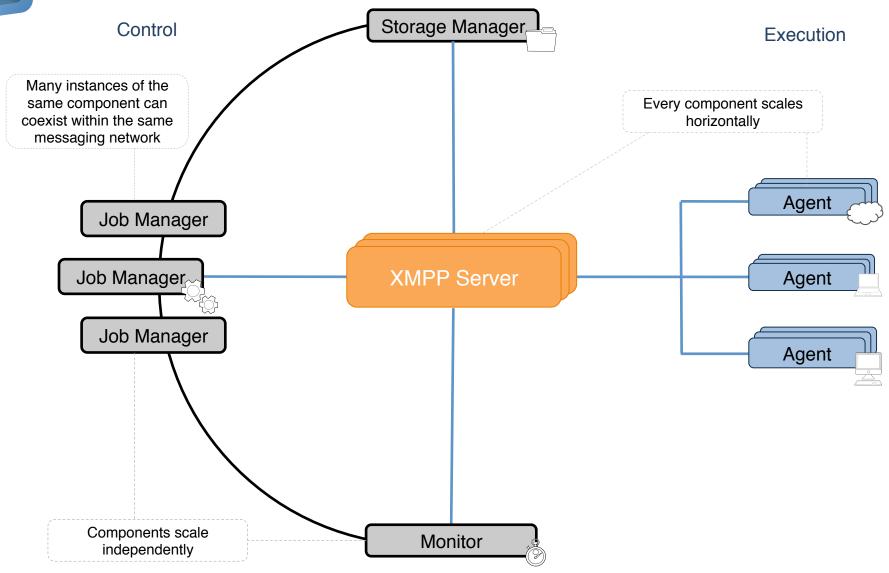


No 'site services' required



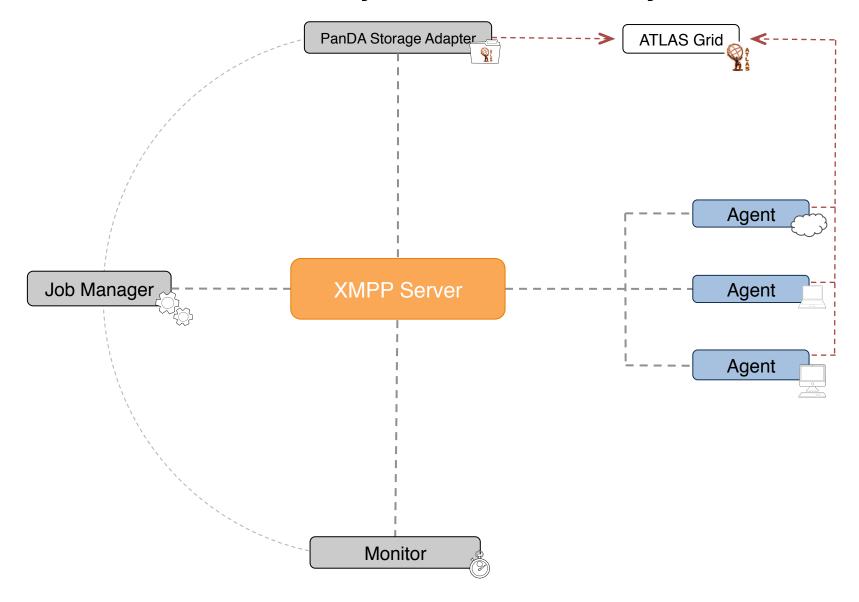


Scalability



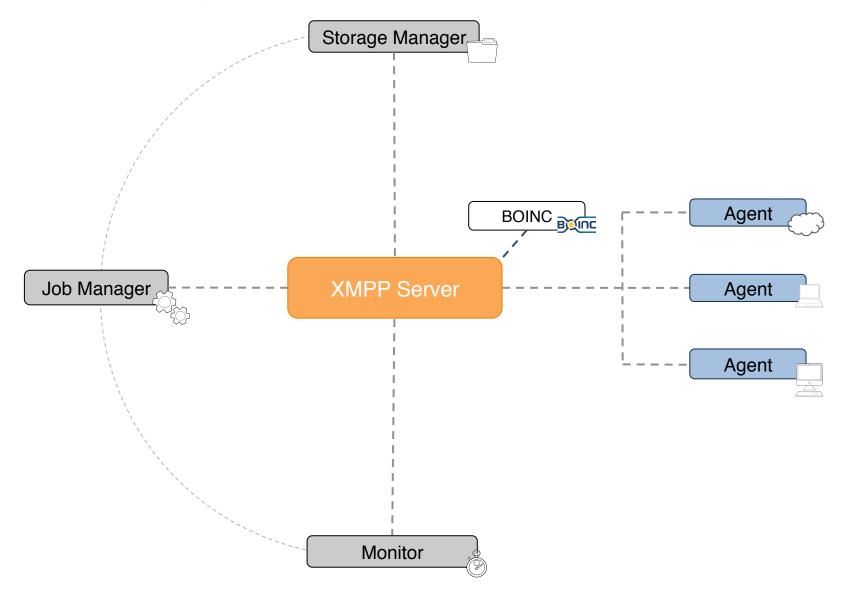


Flexibility and extensibility: ATLAS





Flexibility and extensibility: LHC@home 2.0





Simple and easily extensible protocol

- Components exchange XML formatted messages over Jabber/XMPP
- The protocol currently consists of 10 commands for job management, and 7 commands for monitoring and status queries*

New components can be implemented in virtually any programming language



CURRENT STATE



Off the shelf components

- Documentation
 - http://cernvm.cern.ch/portal/copilot/documentation
- Packages
 - Generic
 - copilot
 - copilot-jobmanager-generic
 - · copilot-dashboard
 - · copilot-monitor
 - copilot-heartbeat
 - copilot-agent
 - copilot-key-manager
 - · copilot-util
 - PanDA specific
 - copilot-storagemanager-panda
- Source code
 - http://cernvm.cern.ch/portal/copilot/downloads



USE CASE: LHC@home 2.0

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The original LHC@home

- The original LHC@home started as an outreach project for CERN 50th Anniversary in 2004.
- Ran for several years and managed to accumulate about 75000 registered users (200 000 PCs).
- Used for calculating stability of proton orbits in the LHC.
- Unfortunately the project was somewhat stagnant during last several years.

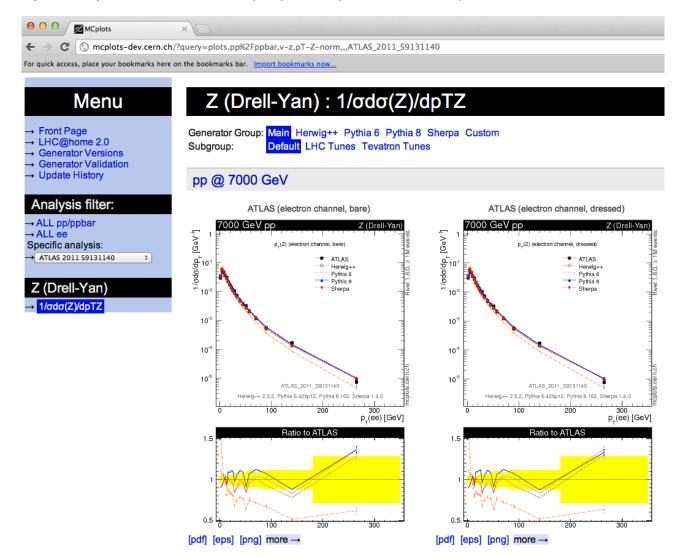


- CernVM Co-Pilot (along with other components developed within CernVM) made it possible to give new life to the LHC@home project.
- In November 2010 the resurrected project (called LHC@home 2.0) started in Alpha testing mode (private, invitation only).
- LHC@home 2.0 is now running a Monte-Carlo simulations for CERN Theory group.



LHC@home 2.0: results of calculations

Results of calculations are used to populate the MCPlots web site - a browsable repository of Monte Carlo plots comparing High Energy Physics event generators to a wide variety of experimental data (http://mcplots.cern.ch)





CERN press release August 2011

http://press.web.cern.ch/press/pressreleases/Releases2011/PR13.11E.html



CERN twitter

http://twitter.com/#!/CERN/status/100594401251823617





The next day

http://lhcathome2.cern.ch/media



















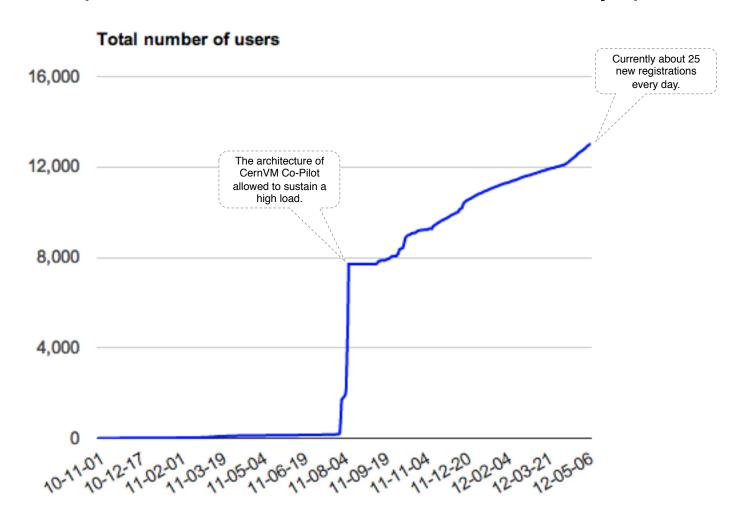








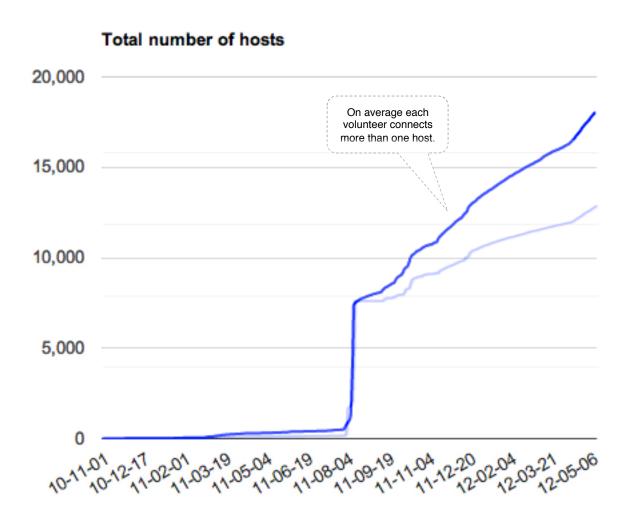
Observed an (unexpected) growth of number of users (from ~100 to ~8000 in 3-4 days)







Number of machines





Going Beta

Where CernVM was booted (before the press release)





Going Beta

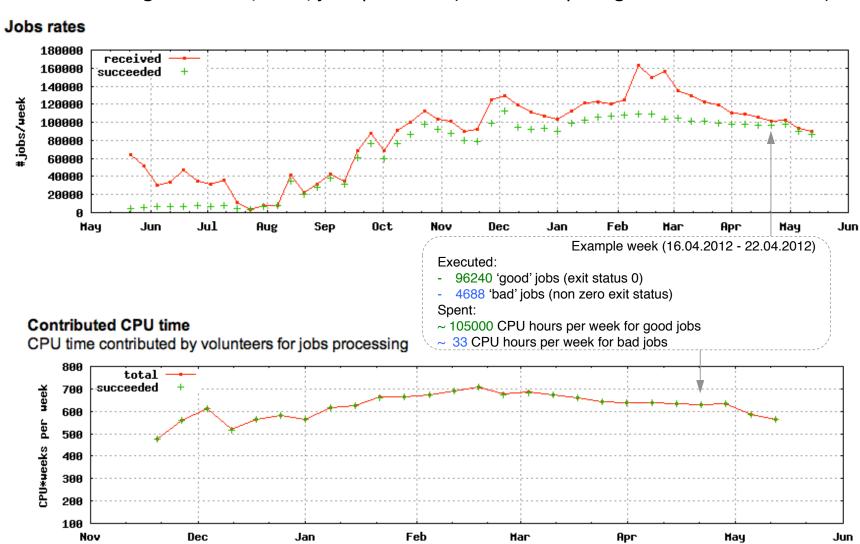
Where CernVM was booted (after the press release)





Current stats (as of May 2012)

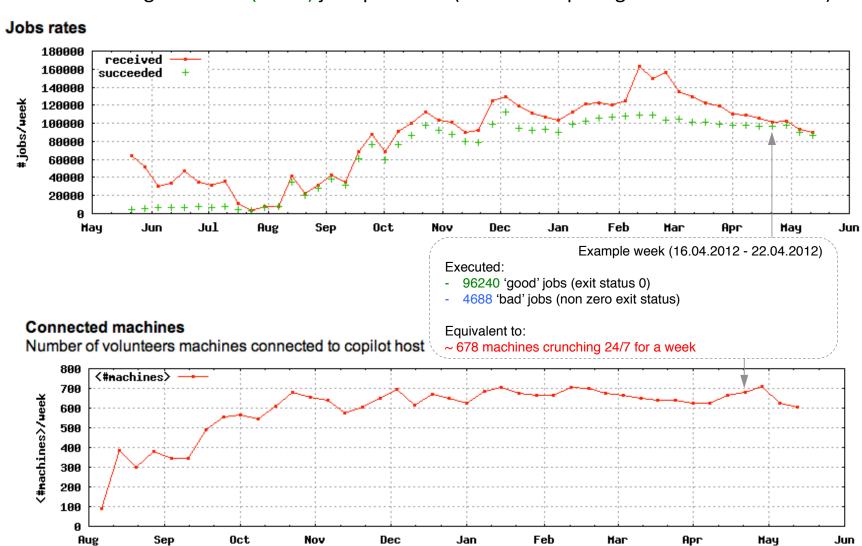
Processing $\sim 100000 \ (\pm 10\%)$ jobs per week (a main computing resource for MCPlots)





Current stats (as of May 2012)

Processing ~ 100000 (±10%) jobs per week (a main computing resource for MCPlots)



Resources

- Co-Pilot central services are hosted on 5 (small) virtual machines in CERN PH/SFT Group (about to be migrated to CERN IT).
- How much it would cost to rent 600 machines on Amazon EC2 (about 2.750.000 good CPU/hours) and execute the same workload?
 Lower limits**:

Instance type	Bootstrap price	Total price
On-demand Micro	-	55 kUSD
On-demand Small (default)	-	220 kUSD
On-demand Medium (High CPU)	-	450 / 2 = 225 kUSD
Reserved*** Small	117 kUSD	117 + 44 = 161 kUSD
Reserved*** Medium	237 kUSD	237 + 44 = 281 kUSD
Reserved*** Medium (High CPU)	300 kUSD	300 + 55 = 355 kUSD

^{*} http://aws.amazon.com/ec2/pricing/ (as of May 16th, 2012).

^{**} Only the CPU time is taken into account, the price for traffic and storage is neglected.

^{*** 1-}year reservation of 600 'Heavy Utilization Reserved Instances'.

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Summary

- Developed a generic framework for building an ad-hoc distributed computing infrastructure.
- Can be transparently integrated into existing computing infrastructures (e.g. ATLAS Grid)
- Individual components of the system can be scaled horizontally so the overall system can sustain a high load.
- Makes possible exploiting vast volunteer computing resources so far untapped by LHC experiments.
- Eliminated the need to modify the applications for running on unmanaged resources.
- It opens new possibilities for outreach, and promotes the image of CERN as an open institution.
- Allows public to be a part of 'something big', and engage into something that they hear about on the news.



- Do not forget to visit the CERN PH/SFT Group Booth in Kimmel Center (right in front of coffee table on 4th floor)
- To learn more about CernVM File System
 - 'Status and Future Perspectives of CernVM-FS' (by Jakob Blomer, 05.22.2012 at 14:20 – 14:45, Room 802, Kimmel Center)
- To learn more about the CERN Virtual Machine
 - Poster 134: Managing Virtual Machine Lifecycle in CernVM Project
 - Poster 135: Long-term preservation of analysis software environment
- To learn more about the volunteer computing service at CERN
 - Poster 281: BOINC service for volunteer cloud computing