

Service to Encrypt Biological Data on Grid

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- French CNRS Institute, associated to Univ. Lyon 1
 - Life Science
 - About 160 people
 - http://www.ibcp.fr
 - Located in Lyon, France



- Study of proteins in their biological context
 - Approaches used include : integrative cellular (cell culture, various types of microscopies) and molecular techniques, both experimental (including biocrystallography, and nuclear magnetic resonance) and theoretical (structural bioinformatics)

• Three main departments, bringing together 13 groups

 Topics such as cancer, extracellular matrix, tissue engineering, membranes, cell transport and signalling, bioinformatics and structural biology



- Security Bioinformatics Requirements
 - Data confidentiality : patient, industrial
- Encrypted File Management System
 - Key sharing between several servers
 - Encryption / Decryption client
 - Transparent access to remote file : Perroquet

Bioinformatics requirements

- Certificate management
 - For all entities (like users, services, Web portals, ...
 - Renew and revoke mechanisms
- Fine grain access to data
 - Access Control Lists (ACL) support
 - The owner can do modifications
- Data encryption

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- Long-term storage of encrypted data
- Transparent (unencrypted) access for authorized users



DONE

According to EGEE requirement database,



- Encrypted File Management System on a Grid
 - Files are encrypted with AES algorithm and 256-bit keys
 - Fast encryption/decryption (~30 Mbits/s) and good security properties
 - Encrypted files are stored with the Grid Data Management
 - Authorizations are ensured by the grid mechanism (LFC)
 - Possible thanks to proxy delegation to key servers
 - Mutual authentication between clients and servers
 - Communications are secured thanks to OpenSSL
 - Secure and survivable cryptographic key storage
 - Several keys servers which can be on different sites
 - M-of-N technique : Shamir's Secret Sharing Algorithm
 - Keys are split into N shares
 - Key reconstruction needs M of these N shares
 - With less than M shares, no information can be deduced

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CGCC Perroquet : File Access Forwarder Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

- Based on Parrot Software
 - Collaboration with D. L. Thain, Univ. Notre Dame, USA
 - Permits to applications to transparently access to remote files
 - Supports several protocols : chirp, http, ftp, gsiftp, dcap, rfio, glite, nest
- Added functionalities
 - LFN namespace
 - Checks authorizations with LFC server
 - Resolve LFN into a Gsi-FTP url
 - Read, write, create are supported
 - No GFAL support, because of local-site-only limitations of RFIO
 - On-the-fly encryption and decryption
 - Integration of the EncFile client in Perroquet

EncFile: Decryption Scenario



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EncFile: Architecture



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EncFile: Performances

Enabling Grids for E-sciencE

Time to download a 205-MB gridified file



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- 500,000 protein sequences
- ~200 MB
- replicated to several SEs
- Experiment •
 - Copying this file locally on the used worker node

C. Blanchet, R. Mollon and G. Deleage: Building an Encrypted File System on the EGEE grid: Application to Protein Sequence Analysis. IEEE Proceedings of ARES 2006, Vienna, 20-22 April

Near-SE download time on different EGEE grid sites



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- Put a file on the Grid with encrypting it
 - perroquet -e cp /local/path/to/my/file lfn:/grid/path/to/my/file
- Get a encrypted file from the Grid with decrypting it
 - perroquet cp lfn:/grid/path/to/my/file /local/path/to/my/file
- Run a blast on swissprot
 - perroquet blastall -i my_sequence.fas -d
 lfn:/grid/biomed/db/swissprot/last/sprot.fas -o blast.out -p blastp



Conclusion

	EncFile
Availability	Compatible with the EGEE production platform since Aug 2005 (LCG2) Not specific to a given middleware: port to other grid
Integratio n	Transparent access for legacy applications (Perr oquet) C++ API, Comm and line interface (E ncFile client)
Autho riz atio n	Compatible with the used middleware: e.g. LFC ACL database
Encryption cipher	AES algorithm, 256-bit keys
Enc ryption	Explicit
Decryption	Implicit
Enc ryption/dec rypt. loca tio n	In local memory of the computing node
Key storage	M-of-N technique (Shamir et al.)
Enc ryption flag	Comptaible with the used middleware: <i>e.g.</i> stored in LFC metada ta
D epl oy m en t	Used in GPS@ Web Portal and its applications http://gpsa-pbil.ibcp.fr
Application Specificity	No

Perspectives



- Key redistribution
 - Counter a key server compromising
 - Redistribution protocol
 - Key reconstruction isn't needed
 - Decentralized protocol

• Verifiable secret sharing protocol

- Verify the correctness of (re)distribution
- Deal with fault server during (re)distribution

Interface to CHIRP storage component

- Integrate EncFile in Parrot system
- In Collaboration with D.L. Thain (Univ. Notre Dame)

Acknowledgement

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Science collaborators

- D.G. Thain (Univ. ND, US)
- Y. Denneulin (IMAG, Fr)
- Members of the EU-FP6 EGEE project

Team collaborators

- C. Blanchet
- R. Mollon (EGEE fellow)
- V. Daric (EMBRACE fellow)

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- C. Combet
- G. Deléage (Team Leader)

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