3rd DRD3 week on Solid State Detectors R&D



Contribution ID: 14

Type: WG3 Radiation Damage - Extreme Fluence

Hunting the X-Defect

Tuesday 3 June 2025 14:00 (20 minutes)

This contribution presents new insights into the elusive "X-defect", observed in Thermally Stimulated Current (TSC) measurements as a low-temperature shoulder to the BiOi defect in irradiated silicon diodes. Despite repeated observations, this defect has so far eluded assignment to a specific chemical structure.

A low-resistivity ($10 \,\Omega$ cm) p-type epitaxial silicon diode, irradiated with 5.5 MeV electrons, was investigated. Simulations were employed to reproduce TSC spectra using defect parameters obtained from Deep-Level Transient Spectroscopy (DLTS), allowing comparison and validation across both methods.

Double-DLTS measurements revealed that the underlying field-enhanced emission mechanism of the X-defect is a phonon-assisted tunneling process. This identification supports the assignment of the X-defect to the divacancy in the donor charge state $V_2(0/+)$, providing a strong candidate for its chemical structure.

Type of presentation (in-person/online)

in-person presentation

Type of presentation (I. scientific results or II. project proposal)

I. Presentation on scientific results

Author: SORGENFREI, Niels (CERN / University of Freiburg (DE))

Co-authors: HIMMERLICH, Anja; PINTILIE, Ioana (National Inst. of Materials Physics (RO)); Dr SCHWANDT,

Joern (Hamburg University (DE)); MOLL, Michael (CERN); GURIMSKAYA, Yana

Presenter: SORGENFREI, Niels (CERN / University of Freiburg (DE))

Session Classification: WG3/WP3 - Extreme fluence and radiation damage characterization