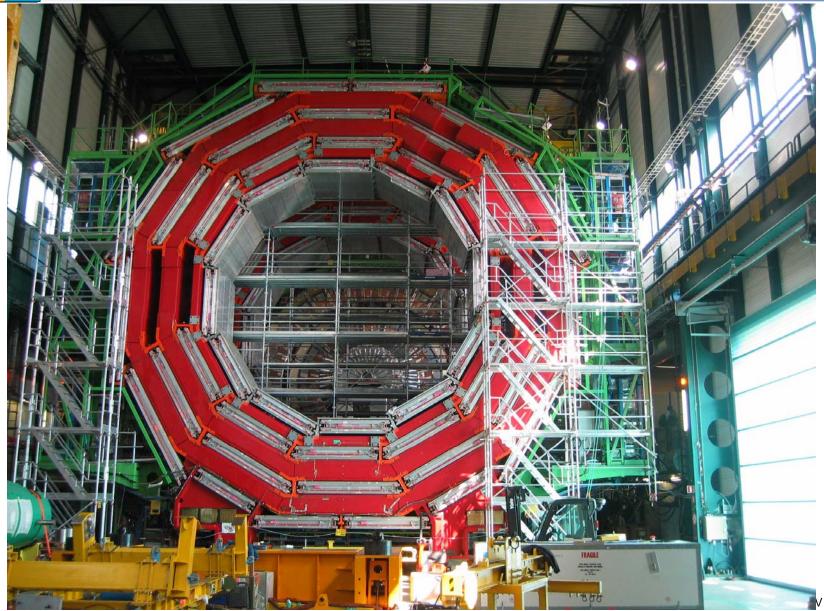


Introduction
Status of MoU Contribution
Commissioning and Exploitation Phase
Completion of Design Luminosity Detector

T. Virdee



Situation in the Surface Hall





Situation in the Underground Cavern



CMS

Installation of Off-detector Electronics: USC55



USC_S2 ECAL RCT



USC_S2 HCAL -HTR

ECAL HV

TKR: FED > 50% installed

ECAL: DCC 95% installed, HV installation started

HCAL: HTRs installed, HV Installation proceeding

HF+ being readout

RPC: HV installation started

CSC & Trigger: Installation well along

USC_DAQ: Installation finished

Connectivity tests almost completed for all

sub-detectors.



Commissioning

Two areas: hardware/online and offline

Plan to commission hardware at pit:

Off-detector electronics and connection to central trigger and DAQ done

Full chain Front-end to data logging: tested for HCAL, planned in the next month for detectors connected to USC :CSC and DT

LV1 trigger: all hardware components available at Pt. 5. Check of trigger functionality and connectivity ongoing and so far successful.

Schedule of Detector commissioning: start commissioning of slices of systems and debug functionality of all 'components' (front end firmware, datalinks, trigger links, online software database, DQM etc)

Plan of regular monthly global runs: First one end of May.

Each "run" period will test increasing functionality and complexity of the system



Preparation for Physics

"Papers CMS will write in 2008" using ∫ L.dt = 1 fb⁻¹

This is a comprehensive list of all the actual papers that we will actually publish with the 2008 data

Think what are the elements necessary for each one of them

"Analysis topics to be worked upon in 2007"

This is a subset of the topics in the "2008 papers"

Work on the preparation of all the tools, methods and organization (triggers, samples, people!) needed to carry out the 2008 program

"Write Papers in 2007"

This is a subset of the "2007 analyses"

For a FEW analyses, walk all the way to a "publication"



Overall CMS Schedule

1) Detector Installation, Commissioning & Operation

March

April

2) Preparation of Software, Computing and Physics Analysis

First Global Readout Test

June

May

HLT exercise complete

Barrel ECAL Inserted

July

Pre-CSA07 Computing Software Analysis Challenge

Tracker Inserted
Trigger/DAQ Ready for Commissioning

Sep.

Aug.

CSA07

CMS Ready to Close
All CMS Systems Ready

Oct.

for Global Data Taking

2007 Physics Analyses completed

Nov.



Korea in CMS

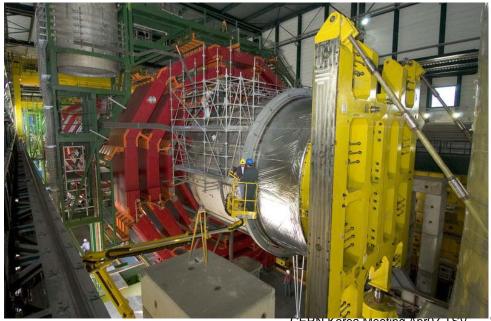
- Korean Contribution to CMS:
- Common Project (815 kCHF, manufacture of swiveling platform, etc.)
- Forward RPCs (500 kCHF, RPC gap manufacture)
- Online Data Acquisition hardware (500 kCHF, PCs and monitors, still to be realised)
- Historical Perspective
- CERN-Korea Cooperation Agreement was signed in Nov. 2006
- Original MoU (1998) foresaw Korea making the full Korea Forward RPC (RE) system
- Due to lack of Funding the RE system was descoped
- China and Pakistan joined in the construction of de-scoped RE system
- ☐ Korea has successfully manufactured all the gaps for the RE system. This contribution has been vital.
- Korea is just starting to contribute to the DAQ system.
- The full RE system has to be restored for design luminosity running in 2010-2011.



Swivelling Platform - Insertion of Coil

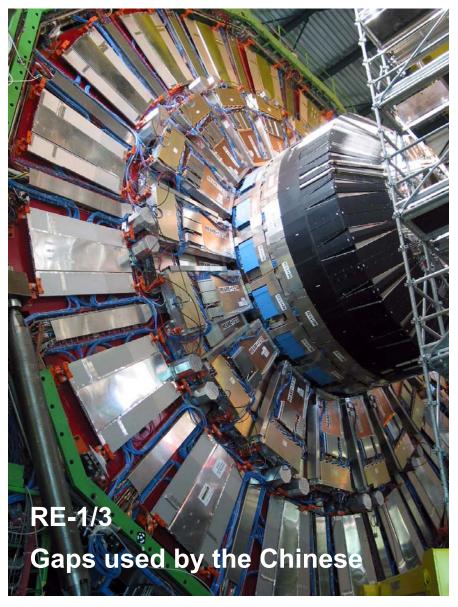








RPCs in the Endcap System







Exploitation of Physics

CERN-Korea Fund

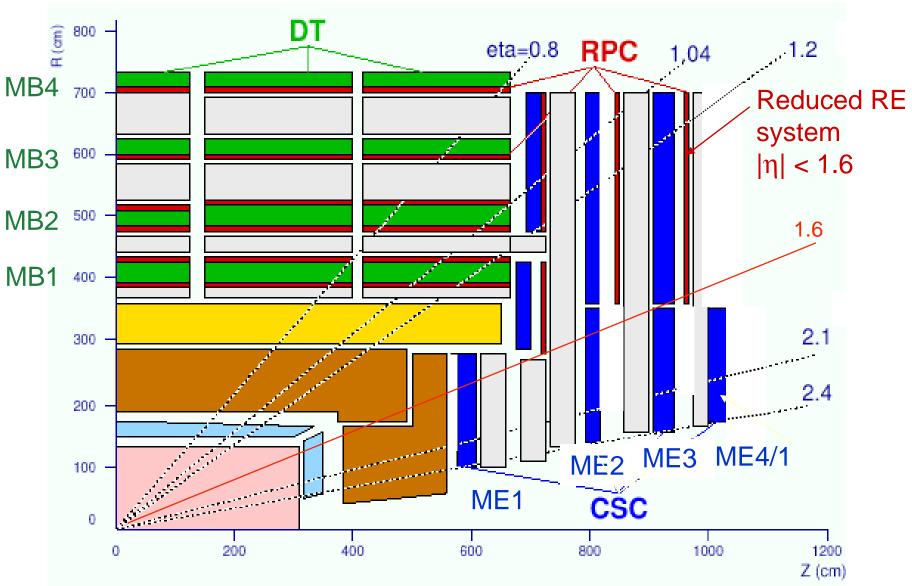
- CMS welcomes the creation of the CERN-Korea Fund (0.8 MCHF for CMS_Korea) to be used for:
 - 1. Travel expenses and subsistence payments for visits at CERN
 - 2. Expenditures associated with the "Construction" and "M&O" MoUs
 - 3. Expenditures at CERN for material and equipment at CERN
 - 4. Expenditures at CERN for material and equipment to be used in Korea

Remarks In CMS, and HEP, Institutes and Countries take the attitude: "You commission, maintain and operate what you have built". Furthermore physics exploitation is usually closely connected with the use of the hardware built. Natural for Korean groups to do the above for the RE and DAQ systems and follow through with work in HLT and physics using muons. CMS will do its best to help the Korean groups to integrate into,

and contribute to, physics analyses.



Muon System





Restoration of the RE System

CMS presented a Financial Plan to complete the construction of the Design Luminosity Detector. All Funding Agencies are requested to provide their share of the remaining funds for completion. Some countries were requested to provide in-kind contribution to restore the staged RE system.

CMS requests Korea to manufacture the needed gaps, and RE1,2,3/1 Chambers, and associated trigger electronics.

Money Matrix under discussion (kCHF)

Table 3 CERN-RRB	PhDs -2006-105	Additional RE gaps	RE4/2, RE4/3	RE2a	RE1/1, RE2/1, RE3/1	Trigger	Sum
Cost		1,000	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,000	5,900
China	13				to be decided	to be decided	to be decided
India	26			700		200	900
Iran	3			600		200	800
Korea	12	1,000			800	200	2,000
Pakistan	3		1,300			200	1,500
Funding	57	1,000	1,300	1,300	1,300	800	5,200



CMS Computing Software and Analysis Challenge: CSA07

A "50% of 2008" data challenge of the CMS data handling model.

- 1) Scaling:
 - Need to reach 100% of system scale and functionality by Spring 08
- 2) Transition to sustainable operations.

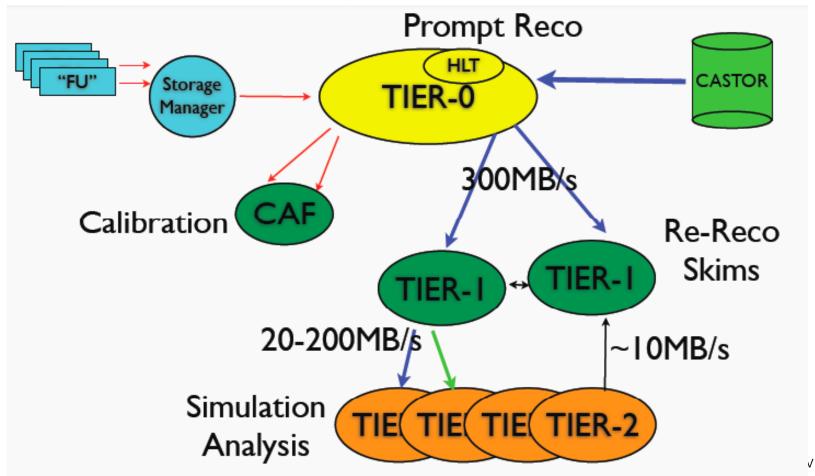


Table 2		MoU	CTC1	CTC2	Constr.	STEP 1	STEP 2	STEP 3	Total
	PhDs	Funding 2002	RRB15 Oct02	RRB20		Low Lumi (Constr.)	DAQ	Rest	Design
CERN-RRB-2006-105				Apr05		-	(PhD)	(PhD)	Lumi
Austria	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Austria	11 27	3,900 5,000	600 870	275 300	4,775 6,170	211 272	45 111	171 420	427 803
Belgium	9	5,000	670	300			37	140	177
Brazil	5	600	0	0	0 600	0 26	37 21	78	125
Bulgaria CERN	72	85,200	13,500	0 4,800	103,500	4,569	21 297	76 1,119	5,984
China	13	4,315	500	300	5,115	4,309	291		kind RPC
Crima Croatia	7	280	49	20	349	15	29	109	153
	3	600	49 106		706	31	29 12	47	90
Cyprus Estonia	3 2	90	106	0	112	5 i	8	31	44
Finland	12	5,000	870	6 300	6,170	272	49	187	508
France CEA	14	5,600	1,687	445	7,732	341	58	218	617
France CEA France IN2P3	38	19,700	2,000	2,000	23,700	341	2,000	0	2,000 Pled
	30 41	17,000	2,709	1,100	20,809	919	169	637	2,000 Piedį 1,725
Germany BMBF	5	17,000	2,709	1,100	20,809	919	2,000	037	2,000 New
Germany DESY Greece	17	5,000		0	5,000	221	2,000 70	264	555
	6	1,000	58	0 0	1,058	47	70 25	93	165
Hungary <i>India</i>	26	4,400	300	500	5,200	47	25		
Triuia Iran	3	4,400 510	700	0	1,210			in kind RPC in kind RPC	
	3 1	510	700	U		0	4		
Ireland		FF 000	0.027	4 000	0	2.000	4 746	16	20
Italy Karaa	181	55,000	8,927	4,000	67,927	2,998	746	2,813	6,557
Korea	12	1,315	500	147	1,962	0	21	78	kind RPC
Mexico New Zealand	5 3				0	0	21 12	76 47	98 59
	3	2.445	220	140	_	0	12		
<i>Pakistan</i> Poland	3 12	2,445 3,000	230	149	2,824 3,000	132	49	187	kind RPC 368
	5	2,000	300	140		108	21	78	206
Portugal RDMS	72	2,000 18,862	2,211	140 1 457	2,440 22,730		21 297	76 1,119	2,419
Serbia	3	10,002	450	1,657	450	1,003 20	12	47	2,419 79
Spain	34	6,000	1,350	0 450	7,800	344	140	528	1,013
Switzerland	30	86,500	1,330	200	86,700	0	124	466	590
			410						337
Taipei	11 18	2,330 1,000	410 58	0	2,740 1,058	121 47	45 74	171 280	401
Turkey UK	18 49	9,100	58 918	0 3,000	13,018	47 575	74 202	280 762	
USA	49 418	9,100 104,320	918 12,800	3,000 1,868	118,988		202 1,722	762 6,497	1,538 13,471
						5,252			
Sum	1,168	450,067	52,119	21,657	523,843	17,530	8,400	16,600	42,530
Requested			63,000	32,000					



Conclusions

- □ CMS is making very good progress towards completion of the Low Luminosity Detector.
- We are entering a pivotal period in HEP, and Science in general.
- Some of the most fundamental questions about Nature are most likely to be answered by CMS and LHC.
- Korea is a full partner in CMS
- CMS welcomes the setting of the CERN-Korea Fund and CERN-Korea Meetings.
- CMS recommends that, as with other countries, the Korean contribution be formalised in an Annex to the Protocol. This would include the use of the CERN-Korea Fund and upon agreement the Korean contribution to the completion of the Design Luminosity Detector.