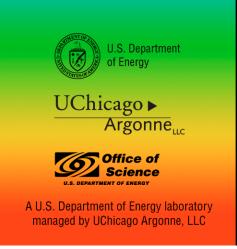


Analysis Performance and I/O Optimization



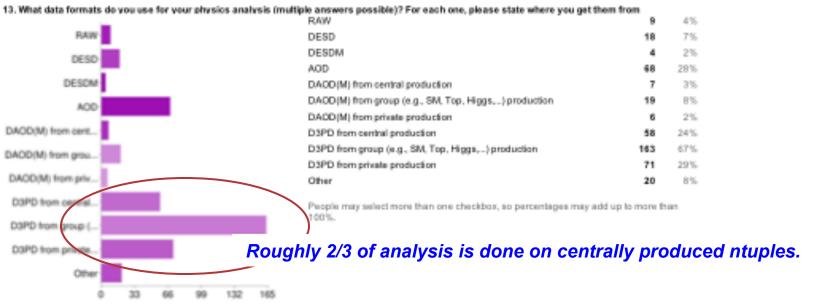




Data for Analysis (September 2011 Survey Results)

September PAT Workshop Agenda





POOL Optimizations

- Much of the non-D3PD analysis is done on POOL data products (DESD, AOD, DAOD, ...)
- Optimization of this area is already underway (Argonne, Orsay, ...).
- For Example:
 - By looking at the details of how data is retrieved and used, the splitting levels of the stored data were optimized to give significant performance increases.
 - The amount of resources used by each process was also reduced.
- Close collaboration with ROOT team for feedback and requests.

Results:		
	Read all events	Read 1% of events
AOD 1 split, 30MB TTree	55 ms/ev.	270 ms/ev.
AOD 2 un-split, flush 10 evt.	35 ms/ev.	60 ms/ev.
Difference	~30 % faster read	4 – 5 times faster read
Memory	Reduced by 50 – 100 MB	



Organizational Meeting

- Analysis Performance Priorities Meeting held at Argonne in mid September.
 - Rik Yoshida, Doug Benjamin, Nils Krumnack, Jack Cranshaw, Peter van Gemmeren, David Malon
- Broad Mandate: "Optimize the time from data taken to physics results presented."
- Specific Mandate: Address broad mandate by looking at improvements in I/O.
- Team Building
 - Build on expertise and previous efforts for POOL.
 - Leverage the resources available at Argonne (Tier3, local Tier2).
 - Leverage connections to other parts of the project.
 - David Malon: Event Store
 - Rik Yoshida: Analysis Support
 - Doug Benjamin: Tier 3 Technical Coordination
 - Peter van Gemmeren: ROOT Integration
 - Developers: Jack Cranshaw (coordinator), Nils Krumnack, Doug Benjamin, Peter van Gemmeren.

Current Work Plan: Status

- Establish connections to stakeholders
 - Physics Analysis Tools (workshop, week of 9/26)
 - ROOT team (met with Philippe, Fons, and Rene on 10/3).
- Survey of current usage patterns
 - Start collecting examples
 - Shuwei's Top TSelector example
 - •
 - Plan to make these into standard tests once instrumented.
- Instrument Code
 - Look at ROOT provided tools like TTreePerfStats.
 - Working on understanding what more is needed.
- Look at lessons from previous optimization
 - TTreeCache is currently <u>not</u> used much for analysis.
 - TTreeCache makes reading more efficient by learning which branches are used most frequently and caching them.

Current Work Plan: Next Steps



- Work with PAT to make sure documentation on <u>how</u> to write performant ntuple analyses is available and develop tools.
 - The D3PDReader project gives us a place to both implement improvements and install instrumentation.
- Using examples and relevant variables start compiling performance measurements.
- Start using TTreeCache in analysis examples.
 - Understand issues when used with PROOF.
 - Training of cache for random access mode of analysis may be different from that
 of read all mode seen in reconstruction. The learning mechanism may need to be
 customized.
 - Compare TTreeCache performance on LAN and WAN.
- Look at new ROOT features being prepared for release.
 - Pre-fetching in a background thread.
 - Disk resident TTreeCache.
- Provide Philippe/Rene with examples of D3PD and codes for comment.
- Begin looking at improving efficiency of disk/memory usage.
- Use locally available resources as sandbox, then expand into larger scale as the project matures.



Analysis Model Evolution 2012



- The LHC has passed into the phase of luminosity ramp up in its current configuration.
 - Initial threshold discovery opportunities have mostly finished.
 - Pileup in the detectors is already large and increasing, so event data is getting more complex.
- Data volumes are growing and are limited only by the acceptable trigger rate/Tier0 storage.
- Expected developments
 - Analysis will still be most efficient/fun when done 'interactively' on local resources.
 - These users will continue in this mode as long as they can, but will have to become more and more selective as data accumulates. (see DPD train discussion, PAT Wkshp).
 - As more advanced analysis techniques are developed, analyses done on D(3+)PD will naturally get more complex.



Summary

- An effort has been started to look at optimizing post-athena data access.
- This effort naturally focuses on D3PD access as most of the analysis user community uses this format.
- This effort builds on previous successful efforts with POOL data.
- We are working with the PAT team to develop tools.
- Other efforts in this area are being monitored and we will work with them when appropriate.
 - For example Sebastien's work with benchmarking in mana and SFrame.
- This effort is currently using ANL resources as a test bed, but eventually these developments will be deployed more broadly.
 - Any feedback from facilities on concerns or interesting measurements is welcome.