

# Constraining neutrinophilic mediators at Forward Physics Facilities

*Tuesday 2 September 2025 16:15 (25 minutes)*

High energy collider neutrinos have been observed for the first time by the FASER $\nu$  experiment. The detected spectrum of collider neutrinos scattering off nucleons can be used to probe neutrinophilic mediators with GeV-scale masses. We perform an analysis on the measured muon spectra at FASER $\nu$ , and find that the bounds on the vector mediator from the current FASER $\nu$  data are comparable to the existing bounds at  $m_{Z'} \approx 0.2$  GeV. We also study the sensitivities to a neutrinophilic mediator at future Forward Physics Facilities including FLArE and FASER $\nu 2$  by using both the missing transverse momentum and the charge identification information. We find that FLArE and FASER $\nu 2$  can impose stronger bounds on both the scalar and vector neutrinophilic mediators than the existing bounds. The constraints on the scalar mediator can reach 0.08 (0.1) for  $m_\phi$  lesssim 1 GeV with (without) muon charge identification at FASER $\nu 2$ .

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**Session Classification:** WG5

**Track Classification:** NuFACT 2025: WG5 - Neutrinos Beyond PMNS